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(CANADIAN WAR) ORDERS AND REGULATIONS, 1943

Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13

CONSOLIDATED TABLE OF CONTENTS
CANCELLATIONS, AMENDMENTS, REFERENCES
REFERENCE INDEX
STATUTES AMENDED, SUSPENDED OR REFERRED TO BY ORDER IN COUNCIL

July 6, 1943 to Oct. 4, 1943

Published under authority of Order in Council
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1943

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The present volume contains the regular quarterly consolidated index, including a list of amendments, cancellations, etc., and a reference index, in respect of Orders in Council, orders, rules and regulations published in Canadian War Orders and Regulations from July 6, 1943 to October 4, 1943 (Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13) and a list of Orders in Council amending, suspending or referring to various Federal Statutes (July 6, 1943 to October 4, 1943).

J. F. MACNEILL,
Acting Director,
Statutory Orders and Regulations Division.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PRIVY COUNCIL,
October 30, 1943.

CONTENTS

Page

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part I—Orders in Council........ 7

Part II—Miscellaneous Administrative Orders........ 11

Part III—Wartime Prices and Trade Board........ 11

Part IV—Wartime Industries Control Board........ 16

Part V—Export Permit Branch........ 17

CANCELLATIONS, AMENDMENTS, REFERENCES........ 18

REFERENCE INDEX........ 28

FEDERAL STATUTES, AMENDED, SUSPENDED OR REFERRED TO BY ORDER IN COUNCIL........ 39

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Orders in Council

		Vol. III No.	Page
4660.	Wartime Industries Control Board—regulations amended (Munitions and Supply)	3	87
5011.	Despatch to Alaska of personnel called out for training under the National Resources Mobilization Act (Labour)	8	473
5226.	Dawson Creek, B.C.—water supply system (Pensions and National Health)	5	243
5248.	British Columbia Fruit Board, agreement *re* marketing of Okanagan Valley apples amended (Agriculture)	1	5
5265.	Wheat—increases in deliveries to mills for gristing (Trade and Commerce)	1	6
5283.	Ian M. MacLaren appointed an Associate Coal Controller (Munitions and Supply)	1	7
5305.	George B. Henwood, K.C. appointed Chairman of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board *vice* Honourable E. C. Manning, resigned (Labour)	1	7
5338.	Wood fuel—time extended *re* payment of subsidy (Munitions and Supply)	1	8
5357.	F. J. Kemlo appointed to the Shipping Priorities Committee (Trade and Commerce)	1	8
5361.	E. R. Complin appointed to National War Labour Committee *vice* G. Jackson, resigned (Labour)	1	9
5402.	J. McG. Stewart, appointment as Coal Controller revoked (Munitions and Supply)	2	45
5403.	E. J. Brunning appointed Coal Controller (Munitions and Supply)	2	45
5406.	J. L. Stewart, appointment as a Deputy Oil Controller revoked (Munitions and Supply)	2	46
5407.	A. E. Naylor, appointment as Controller of Reliance Aircraft and Tool Company, revoked (Munitions and Supply)	2	46
3/5410.	Berries for jam manufacture—amendments *re* payment of subsidies (Agriculture)	1	9
54/5410.	Cost of Living Bonus *re* certain classes of dependents, Members of the Armed Forces (National Defence)	1	10
81/5410.	Income Tax—female commissioned officers (National Revenue)	1	12
5436.	Vancouver Harbour, shipbuilding yard and ways, etc. (Public Works)	3	90
5452.	Interim or partial payments *re* Munition Contracts terminated prior to completion (Munitions and Supply)	2	47
5490.	A. E. McMaster appointed an associate Wood Fuel Controller (Munitions and Supply)	2	48
5492.	Wood Fuel Regulations amended—powers of an Associate Wood Fuel Controller (Munitions and Supply)	2	48
5494.	Certain boats B.C. Coast—exempt from obligation of carrying a certificated master (Transport)	2	49
5495.	Disposition of balances of wages due deceased seamen—amendment (Transport)	2	49
5518.	Repayment of Subsidy Order (Finance)	3	90
5526.	Quebec Shipyards Ltd.—Chantiers Maritimes de Quebec Ltee. (Munitions and Supply)	3	92
5550.	Prisoners of war employed on labour projects—wage scale (Labour).	5	245
5551.	Petroleum, imports exempt from War Exchange Tax (Finance)	3	94
1/5552.	Establishment of stocks of Western Feed Grains in Eastern Canada—Plans A and B (Agriculture)	2	50
5574.	J. H. Berry appointed member Canadian section of the Joint War Production Committee of Canada and U.S.A. (External Affairs)	3	95
18/5610.	Civil Servants with Armed Forces—leave of absence (Finance)	3	95
25/5610.	Salary increases *re* allowances under Civil Service Superannuation Act (Finance)	3	99
89/5610.	Wine spirits distilled prior to March 3, 1943—exempt from excise duty (National Revenue)	3	100
97/5610.	Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order 1942 amended (National Revenue)	3	100
5641.	Foreign Exchange Control Order amended, David Sim appointed a member (Finance)	3	100
5674.	Claims arising out of alleged negligence of members of the Armed Forces—regulations amended (National Defence)	3	101

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART I—Continued

Orders in Council—Continued

		Vol. III No.	Page
5676.	Brigadier General Alex Ross appointed Director of Civil Air Raid Precautions (Pensions and National Health)	3	102
5708.	Proclamation *re* men of 18 years and certain other classes called for Military training, etc. (Labour)	7	365
5787.	Fruits, tobacco, etc., export prohibited except under permit (Trade and Commerce)	4	163
5819.	National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended—flue cured tobacco (Labour)	6	305
5864.	Use of prisoners of war as resident labourers on farms, etc. (Labour)	4	164
5899.	Jute and jute products import prohibited except under permit (Finance)	4	164
5920.	J. H. Coffey appointed a Deputy Machine Tools Controller (Munitions and Supply)	8	424
5930.	Naval, Military and Air Force Estates—regulations amended *re* administration and distribution (National Defence)	5	245
5931.	Members of the Military Forces of Canada—use *re* farm work (National Defence)	4	165
5938.	Vegetable oils—use as an ingredient of linimentum camphorae (Pensions and National Health)	5	247
5990.	Grain, regulations amended *re* deliveries and sales (Trade and Commerce)	5	247
5991.	Wheat to mills for gristing—regulations amended *re* delivery (Trade and Commerce)	5	248
5998.	Pilotage rates for British Columbia Pilotage District (Transport)	5	249
6044.	Tariff Board Act amended—appointment of a temporary member (Finance)	5	249
6045.	W. J. Callaghan appointed temporary member, Tariff Board (Finance)	5	250
6068.	Civil Service Insurance—New war endorsement for changes in extra premiums for policies (Finance)	5	251
6072.	Mortgages on encumbrances on land, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta (Justice)	7	366
6077.	National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended—employment *re* coal mining (Labour)	5	254
6078.	Western wheat for feed purposes, payments authorized (Finance)	5	255
1/6080.	British Columbia Fruit Board—agreement (Agriculture)	5	255
2/6080.	British Columbia Fruit Board—regulations (Agriculture)	5	257
6083.	Oranges exempt from customs duty August 1, 1943 to December 31, 1943 (Finance)	5	259
6089.	Oats and Barley Regulations amended (Finance)	6	306
6090.	Wheat Regulations amended (Finance)	6	307
6091.	Flaxseed Regulations amended (Finance)	6	308
6092.	Original jurisdiction by District Courts of U.S.A. *re* prizes captured on the high seas (National Defence for Naval Services)	6	309
6098.	Ship repairs and shipbuilding designated "Services" essential to conduct of the war, etc. (Munitions and Supply)	6	311
6180.	Camps for the housing of persons producing wood fuel (Munitions and Supply)	6	312
56/6181.	War Savings stamps and certificates—provision re certain specified losses (Finance)	6	313
311/6181.	Civilian Government Employees (War) Compensation (Treasury Board)	6	314
6190.	Air Force Act Amendment Order No. 1 (National Defence for Air)	10	561
6214.	Trainees, St. Margaret's Sea Training School—sea time for mates' examination (Transport)	7	368
6223.	Orders in Council under War Measures Act—invalidation prohibited without prior notice to Attorneys General of Canada and Provinces concerned (Justice)	7	368
6266.	Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942, amended—forfeiture of explosives (Justice)	7	369
6268.	Timber regulations amended, K. M. Brown appointed Deputy Timber Controller (Munitions and Supply)	7	370
6289.	Salt Fish Export Regulations (Fisheries)	7	371
6295.	Enlistment of officers and men of Military Forces in Naval and Air Forces (National Defence)	7	374

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART I—Continued

Orders in Council—Continued

		Vol. III No.	Page
6296.	National Resources Mobilization Act—personnel called out for Military training, etc. despatched to various places (National Defence)	7	375
6331.	R. J. Davis appointed Registrar, Mobilization Division, Toronto (Labour)	7	376
6333.	W. J. Callaghan appointed temporary Vice-Chairman Tariff Board (Finance)	7	376
6336.	Rice—import permit (Finance)	7	377
6367.	Old Age Pensions—payment of supplement (Finance)	7	377
6370.	National War Finance Committee—Changes in organization (Finance)	7	379
6372.	Test period, respecting elimination of certain reduced railway fares, extended to Feb. 15, 1944 (Transport)	6	317
6373.	Coal Fuel, regulations respecting Conservation (Munitions and Supply)	7	380
6379.	Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. guarantee *re* loans, production of logs and lumber (Finance)	7	383
6384.	Cabbages, tomatoes and grapes, export permit (Trade and Commerce)	7	385
6387.	National Selective Service, plan for broadening and decentralizing (Labour)	7	386
59/6395.	National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order 1941 amended (National Defence)	7	389
80/6395.	Imported electricity subject to War Exchange Tax (National Revenue)	7	390
100/6395.	Compassionate allowances to widows of certain veterans—regulations revoked (Pensions and National Health)	7	391
6396.	Butter market—support (Agriculture)	7	391
6433.	National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended—transfer to more essential employment	7	392
6434.	Members of the Military Forces of Canada—employed on farms (Labour)	7	392
6439.	Canadian Mutual Aid Board Regulations (Munitions and Supply)	11	615
6440.	J. S. Louson, appointment as Deputy Steel Controller revoked (Munitions and Supply)	8	475
6549.	Harvesting equipment, Prairie Provinces—transportation costs (Labour)	8	475
1/6567.	Reserve stocks of feed grains in Eastern Canada (Agriculture)	7	396
6602.	Flour and other human foods—payments (Finance—Trade and Commerce)	8	476
6625.	National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended (Labour)	10	562
6632.	Coal delivery men to be retained in present employment (Labour)	11	618
6704.	Publication and circulation directed of P.C. 5011, June 18, 1943 (National Defence)	8	478
6778.	Guarantee of repayment of loans by chartered banks of Canada to Canadian Wheat Board (Finance)	9	503
6797.	Employment of soldiers on farms—P.C. 6434 amended (Labour)	12	643
6798.	P.C. 10156, January 7, 1942 revoked—insurance of certain classes of persons not ordinarily insured under the Unemployment Insurance Act (Labour)	9	505
6799.	Justice P. M. Anderson appointed a member and chairman, Mobilization Board, Division "M" (Labour)	10	563
6808.	Wartime Prices and Trade Board Regulations amended (Finance)	9	506
6812.	Home conversion plan extended in Ottawa; similar conversion of buildings, Hamilton, St. Catharines, Brantford, Montreal and Quebec (Finance)	9	508
6839.	Pacific Herring Production Regulations (Fisheries)	9	509
6868.	Paper in single sheets, tariff treatment (Finance)	10	564
6872.	Materials imported *re* synthetic rubber, tariff treatment (Finance)	10	564
6949.	Enoch Williams appointed a member, Alberta Regional War Labour Board (Labour)	10	565
6950.	P.C. 2555, 30th March, 1943, revoked (unemployment insurance benefits to persons resident in the U.S.) (Labour)	10	566
6990.	National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations amended (Labour)	10	566
	corrected version	11	619

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART I—Concluded

Orders in Council—Concluded

		Vol. III No.	Page
163/6991.	Crews of certain ships of Canadian registry, eligible for benefits under P.C. 12/4209, 12th June, 1941 (Pensions and National Health—Transport)	10	569
164/6991.	Free Medical treatment to certain merchant seamen (Pensions and National Health—Transport)	10	570
6992.	Water supply, Dawson Creek, B.C.—P.C. 5226, 29th July, 1943, cancelled (Pensions and National Health)	10	571
6993.	Dawson Creek, B.C.—assistance *re* water supply (Pensions and National Health)	10	572
7078.	Effective date of P.C. 4894, 15th June, 1943 changed (Finance)	11	622
7079.	Gasoline anti-oxidants, tariff treatment (Finance)	11	623
7080.	Apple, cherry and plum trees, tariff treatment (Finance)	11	623
7083.	Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order 1942, amended (National Revenue)	11	624
7116.	Pike, wood fuel and certain milk products, export permits (Trade and Commerce)	11	624
7142.	Subsidizing milk production—P.C. 2709, 2nd April, 1943, amended (Agriculture)	11	625
7143.	J. L. Cohen, K.C., appointment as member of the National War Labour Board revoked (Labour)	11	627
7164.	Thiamine Hydrochloride, import permit (Finance)	12	643
7165.	S. R. Frost appointed a member, Mobilization Board, Division "B" (Labour)	12	644
7167.	Radio-active substances, Yukon Territory, reserved to the Crown (Mines and Resources)	12	644
7168.	Radio-active substances, Northwest Territories, reserved to the Crown (Mines and Resources)	12	645
7202.	Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations amended (Munitions and Supply)	12	645
7220.	Emile Collette appointed member of the Regional War Labour Board, Quebec (Labour)	12	646
7249.	Citrus fruit rinds and certain pickled and preserved fruits deleted from Schedule One, War Exchange Conservation Act (Finance)	12	646
7254.	Levy of a surcharge authorized on flour and wheat products sold to ships clearing from Canadian ports (Trade and Commerce)	12	647
7255.	Amending P.C. 7142, September 9, 1943 (see under P.C. 7142) (Agriculture)	11	625
7257.	Vanilla beans, import permit (Finance)	12	648
7260.	National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended (Labour)	12	648
7261.	Coal delivery man—definition in P.C. 6632, September 7, 1943 amended (Labour)	12	649
41/7263.	Retail purchase tax-exemption *re* goods received as donations for sale (Finance)	12	650
102/7263.	Civilian claims against the Crown involving Members of the Armed Forces, P.C. 6879, November 28, 1940, amended (National Defence)	12	650
7264.	J. A. Bell appointed member, National War Labour Board (Labour)	12	651
7301.	Sunflower and rape seed, grades established (Trade and Commerce)	13	727
7318.	Impregnated hair pads, tariff treatment (Finance)	13	729
7323.	Payments to millers, etc., *re* western wheat used—amending P.C. 6602, August 19, 1943 (Finance)	13	730
7324.	Acquisitions of buildings in various cities for conversion into multiple housing units (Finance)	12	651
7325.	Flaxseed regulations established (Trade and Commerce)	13	730
7407.	War risk insurance, premium rates reduced (Finance)	13	733
7408.	War risk insurance on grain, premiums reduced (Finance)	13	733
7410.	Guarantee of repayment of loans made by banks—flaxseed regulations (Finance)	13	734
41/7430.	Insurance on vessels under construction (Munitions and Supply)	13	735
95/7430.	Teas supplied as ships' stores, etc.—payment of specific rate of drawback (National Revenue)	13	737
7436.	"Materials" defined in connection with classification of the Department of Pensions and National Health as a "war" department (Pensions and National Health)	13	738

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

Vol. III
No. Page

Agriculture—
Dairy Products Board—
Order No. 59. Ice cream mix and sherbet mix 6 318
Order No. 60. First grade creamery butter—quantity to be shipped 6 318

Feeds Administration—
Order No. 8. Freight assistance policies for Eastern Canada 9 513

Meat Board—
Order No. 1. Slaughter of hogs 3 103
Order No. 2. Beef—freezing and storing 13 739

Justice—
Defence of Canada Regulations—
Protected Area—Kamloops 2 52

Labour—
Compulsory Employment—
Order No. 4 1 14
Order No. 5 5 261
Order No. 6 8 480

National Selective Service—
Effective date *re* provisions Section 202A Civilian Regulations—P.C. 6625, Sept. 1, 1943 11 628
(Note: see C.W.O.R. Vol. III, No. 10, page 562.)
Order No. 6. Temporary employment of female persons *re* canning fruit and vegetables 1 15
Order No. 7. Control of Advertising 5 261
Order No. 8. Revoking Order of December 24, 1942, *re* employment of members of the Armed Forces on leave 9 513
Order No. 9. Employment of longshoremen, Saint John, N.B. 9 513
Order No. 10. Provisions of Section 202A, National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, do not apply to female persons 13 739
Order No. 11. Provisions of Section 202A, National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, do not apply to construction works 13 739
National Defence—
Detention of suspected persons 1 15
Routine Order 3400. Duty on parcels to Newfoundland 2 53
Routine Order 3467. Donations of vehicles to the Canadian Army 6 318

National Defence for Naval Services—
Naval Order 2922. Administration of clothing comforts 6 319
Merchant Seamen's Order—
Board of Inquiry—members 8 482
Board of Inquiry—members 9 514
Committee of Investigation—members 8 482
Committee of Investigation—members 13 740

National Revenue—
W.M. No. 1 (Second Revision) Supplement No. 19—French Somaliland no longer deemed proscribed territory 2 53
W.M. No. 13 (Revision) Supplement No. 27—Prohibited publications 3 107
W.M. No. 13 (Revision) Supplement No. 28—Importation of publication "Wage Worker" 9 514
W.M. No. 19 Supplement No. 41—List of specified persons 1 16
Supplement No. 42—List of specified persons 5 262
Supplement No. 43—List of specified persons 11 628
Supplement No. 44—List of specified persons 13 740
W.M. No. 35 (Revised) Supplement No. 8—Fruit rinds, fruits and nuts, pickled 13 741
W.M. No. 39 (Fifth Revision) Supplement No. 15—Wood, wood products and paper 1 16
Supplement No. 16—Non-resident tourist purchases 2 54

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART II—Concluded

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders—Concluded

Vol. III
No. Page

National Revenue—Continued

W. M. No. 39 (Fifth Revision) Supplement No. 17—Dried, salted or pickled salt-water fish 2 54
    Supplement No. 18—Government owned companies 2 55
    Supplement No. 19—Eggs for hatching .. 2 55
    Supplement No. 20—Dried, salted or pickled salt-water fish 4 167
    Supplement No. 21—Agricultural and vegetable products 5 262
    Supplement No. 22—Hardwoods, n.o.p. .. 5 263
    Supplement No. 23—Dried, salted or pickled salt-water fish 7 399
    Supplement No. 24—Wood, wood products and paper 8 483
W.M. No. 39 (Sixth Revision)—Export Permit Regulations 10 574
    No. 1—Commodities Listed 12 653
    No. 2—Regulations 12 654
W.M. No. 61 (Second Revision)—Iron and steel containers 12 654
W.M. No. 66 Supplement No. 3—Export of cattle 12 655
W.M. No. 82 ·Supplement No. 4—Thiamine Hydrochloride 13 741
W.M. No. 83 (Revision) Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order 1942 (amended) 12 655
W.M. No. 84 Supplement No. 1—Vanilla beans 13 742
W.M. No. 96 Customs duties and taxes *re* munitions and supplies of war 4 167
W.M. No. 97 Research Laboratory—aircraft, special reporting facilities 3 107
W.M. No. 98 Prohibited imports, tariff items listed. 5 263
W.M. No. 98 Supplement No. 1—Jute yarns 6 320
    Supplement No. 2—Brattice cloth 13 742
W.M. No. 99 Rice 8 483
Series D. No. 47 T.C. 126 (Revision)—Fresh fruit and vegetables 12 658
    T.C. 128—Ethyl benzine 2 56
    T.C. 129—Glue 2 56
    T.C. 130—Petroleum 4 176
    T.C. 131—Oranges 6 320
    T.C. 133—Paper 11 628
    T.C. 134—Materials used in the manufacture of synthetic rubber 11 629
    T.C. 135—Gasoline anti-oxidants 12 659
    T.C. 136—Apple, cherry and plum trees 12 659

Post Office—

Canadian Postal Corps—service to armed forces 8 484

Transport—
Transport Controller—

Order No. T.C. 07P—Elimination of certain excursion and tourist fares on Canadian Railways 1 17

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board (Finance)

Regulations—Office Consolidation of P.C. 8528 .... 9 515
Government Notice R.S.-1—
    Repayment of subsidies, Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. 12 661
Import Policy Statement 5 265
Import Policy statement amendments 8 485
Import Policy statement amendments 10 579
Notice—Rentals Administration, shared accommodation, Edmonton, Alberta. 13 743

Board Orders—

No. 288. Maximum manufacturers' prices of certain groceries 1 19
No. 289. Maximum manufacturers' prices of certain groceries 1 19

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART III—Continued

Wartime Prices and Trade Board (Finance)—Continued

Board Orders—Concluded

		Vol. III No.	Page
No. 290.	Ration coupons	2	57
No. 291.	Diamonds	4	177
No. 292.	Prices of footwear leather	4	177
No. 293.	Leather purchases by footwear manufacturers and selling prices of footwear	4	178
No. 294.	Maximum rentals and termination of leases for housing accommodation and shared accommodation	7	401
No. 295.	Publications other than newspapers, magazines and other periodicals	5	267
No. 296.	Slaughtering of live stock and stamping of carcasses	6	321
No. 297.	Sugar rationing	5	268
No. 298.	Veal	5	268
No. 299.	Maximum prices of eggs	5	269
No. 300.	Lamb	5	276
No. 301.	Sale and distribution of canned fruits and vegetables	5	277
No. 302.	Selling goods and services	7	424
No. 303.	Soft drinks	7	424
No. 304.	Respecting lamb	6	323
No. 305.	Maximum prices of sausages	8	487
No. 306.	Canned fruits and vegetables of 1942 pack	8	491
No. 307.	Respecting beef. *(See C.W.O.R., Vol. IV No. 5.)*		
No. 308.	Rationed Foods	12	663
No. 309.	Freezing sales of preserves to consumers	9	527
No. 310.	Bread	9	527
No. 311.	Freezing sales of preserves to consumers and temporary arrangements for stock replacement for supplies	10	581
No. 312.	Removing restrictions on sales of preserves that are rationed foods	11	631
No. 313.	Rationing of new farm machinery and equipment. *(See C.W.O.R., 1943, Vol. IV, No. 1.)*		
No. 314.	Maximum prices of potatoes	12	690
No. 315.	Maximum rentals for commercial accommodation. *(See C.W.O.R., 1943, Vol. IV, No. 1.)*		
No. 316.	Maximum rentals for hotel accommodation	13	745
No. 317.	Rationed Foods. *(See C.W.O.R., 1943, Vol. IV No. 3.)*		
No. 318.	Transportation of goods	12	690

Administrator's Orders

		Vol. III No.	Page
A-775	Manufacturers' and wholesalers' prices for certain lumber originating in the Southern interior region of British Columbia and in Southern Alberta	3	109
A-785	Maximum prices of non-ferrous metal ingots for castings	1	21
A-788	Manufacturers' and wholesalers' prices for spruce and lodgepole pine in various provinces	3	123
A-795	Agricultural hand tools	3	129
A-796	Nail, machinist and sundry handled hammers	1	22
A-797	Sundry forged tools	1	23
A-798	Leather soles for footwear	2	59
A-799	Cartons for packing beer bottles	1	24
A-800	Warm air furnaces	1	25
A-801	Cake cartons	1	26
A-802	Price of dehydrated alfalfa meal	1	27
A-803	Dogfish liver oil and mudshark liver oil	2	61
A-804	Manufacturers' and wholesalers' prices for certain lumber in P.E.I., N.S., and N.B	4	179
A-805	No. 1933-B gabardine cloth for army officers uniforms	2	61
A-806	Maximum prices of whey butter	2	62
A-807	Maximum prices canned Pacific Coast salmon	2	64
A-808	Electric fans	2	66
A-809	Men's, youths' and boys' woollen work and sports clothing	2	67
A-810	Farm machinery and equipment	4	182
A-811	Diamonds and diamond mounted jewellery	4	195

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART III—Continued

Wartime Prices and Trade Board (Finance)—Continued

Administrator's Orders—Continued		Vol. III No.	Page
A-812	Wool clips	3	131
A-813	Maximum taxicab fares in Lake St. John area, Quebec	3	132
A-814	Shotguns	3	132
A-815	Glass containers	6	325
A-816	Packaging of certain food products in glass containers	4	203
A-817	Bottling of alcoholic beverages	4	203
A-818	Price adjustment of food products in new size glass containers	4	204
A-819	Farm machinery and equipment and parts therefor	4	208
A-820	Maximum price of newsprint paper	5	283
A-821	Wholesale deliveries and the use of automotive vehicles	4	208
A-822	Rooming accommodation in Windsor, N.S	4	209
A-823	Farm machinery and equipment	6	326
A-824	Maximum consumers' prices for pulpwood in N.B	4	209
A-825	Maximum prices of shelled and unshelled peanuts	4	210
A-826	Restaurant or vitrified ware	4	212
A-827	Stoneware	4	216
A-828	Pottery ware	4	218
A-829	Semi-porcelain pottery ware	4	218
A-830	Sphagnum peat moss for poultry litter and horticultural purposes in B.C	5	283
A-831	Septic tanks	5	286
A-832	Electrical generators (small) motors and control equipment	5	286
A-833	Transformers	5	290
A-834	Generators, switchgear, circuit breakers, disconnecting switches and other devices	5	293
A-835	Book, writing and specialty papers	7	429
A-836	Fruit and vegetable packages	6	327
A-837	Manufacturers' and wholesalers' prices for certain lumber originating in the Northern interior region of B.C	6	331
A-838	Used electric motors and equipment	7	430
A-839	Maximum prices of Atlantic Coast canned salmon, sea trout and halibut	6	332
A-840	Incandescent lighting fixtures	6	334
A-841	Fluorescent lighting fixtures	6	336
A-842	New electric stoves and ranges	6	338
A-843	New construction machinery and equipment	12	691
A-844	Stove pipe, furnace smoke pipe, warm air pipe and furnace ducts	7	433
A-845	Used industrial and construction equipment	12	697
A-846	Restrictions in the manufacture and sale of cartons and other products made of solid fibreboard or corrugated paper	6	339
A-847	Maximum prices for ice in the Montreal District	6	341
A-848	Maximum prices of canned pineapple pulp	6	342
A-849	Maximum prices of certain fancy meats and meat by-products	7	435
A-850	Maximum prices of fresh peaches, pears and plums	7	440
A-851	Maximum prices of canned fruit and vegetables	7	446
A-852	Used domestic radios	8	493
A-853	Fruit and vegetable packages	7	454
A-854	Manufacture of book, writing and specialty papers	13	751
A-855	Base paper for conversion into waxed bread wrappers	7	454
A-856	Fertilizers—limitation on use of potash	10	583
A-857	Pyrethrum and rotenone	9	529
A-858	Used steel drums	7	454
A-859	Styling, sale and delivery of women's, misses' and juniors' coats, suits and sports jackets	8	493
A-860	Metal containers and closures	12	702
A-861	Rooming accommodation in Vancouver	10	584
A-862	Cartons for packing beer bottles	8	495
A-863	Bread and bakery products	9	531
A-864	Men's, youths' and boys' woollen work and sports clothing	8	496
A-865	Maximum prices for Eastern white beans (pea beans)	9	533
A-866	Salt containers	9	535
A-867	Maximum prices of Atlantic Coast canned chicken haddies, finnan haddies and mackerel	9	535
A-868	Prices of fertilizers in various provinces	9	537

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART III—Concluded

Wartime Prices and Trade Board (Finance)—Concluded

Administrator's Orders—Concluded

Vol. III No. Page
A-869 Cane molasses 9 538
A-870 Animal, fish or other organic products 10 586
A-871 Leather dress gloves and mitts 10 588
A-872 Leather and cotton fabric work gloves and mitts 10 590
A-873 Maximum prices of grapes 10 592
A-874 Maximum prices of fresh peaches, pears and plums 12 713
A-875 Housing accommodation in congested areas 10 597
A-876 Maximum prices of potatoes 10 597
A-877 Tung oil 10 603
A-878 Manufacture of paper 11 633
A-879 Bread and bakery products 12 717
A-880 Floor finishing and maintenance machines 11 634
A-881 Maximum consumers' prices for pulpwood cut from the stump in the Province of Quebec 11 634
A-882 Electrical generators (small), motors and control equipment 11 635
A-883 Conversion of certain real property in Toronto, Ont 12 717
A-884 Broom corn 12 718
A-885 Maximum prices for ice in the Ottawa-Hull district 12 719
A-886 Manufacture of Crown cork closures for soft drinks 12 720
A-887 Maximum prices for eggs 13 781
A-888 Conversion of real property known as 130 South Drive and 316 Bloor St. W., Toronto 12 720
A-889 Meal and animal products for feeding purposes 12 721
A-890 Maximum prices for wheat distillers' dried grains.
(See C.W.O.R., 1943, Vol. IV, No. 2.)
A-891 Real property, Victoria, B.C 13 788
A-892 Maximum prices of apples.
(See C.W.O.R., 1943, Vol. IV No. 3.)
A-893 Prices of dressed poultry and live poultry.
(See C.W.O.R., 1943, Vol. IV, No. 1.)
A-894 Men's, youths', boys' and ladies' outer wool clothing 13 788
A-895 Specifications for bed sheets and pillow cases.
(See C.W.O.R., 1943, Vol. IV, No. 1.)
A-896 Sale by manufacturers, wholesalers, jobbers, of parts or pieces of cloth for suit lengths 13 790
A-897 Unwashed wiping rags 13 790
A-898 Maximum prices of pilchards and of frozen salmon, soles, brills and witches caught in Pacific Coast waters 13 792
A-899 Respecting maximum Retailer's prices for lumber in the Province of Alberta and for millwork in the Province of Alberta excepting the cities of Calgary and Edmonton.
(See C.W.O.R., 1943, Vol. IV No. 3.)
A-900 Natural varnish resins 13 792

Errata—

*Consolidated Table of Contents, Vol. II, Nos. 1 to 13—
page 6 Administrators' Orders should read:*
A-736 Wire screen cloth 8 464
A-737 Floor finishing and maintenance machines. 8 465

Fuelwood Orders—

Order No. 72. Maximum prices of fuelwood in Districts of Algoma, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Parry Sound and Sudbury, all in the Province of Ontario 6 345
Order No. 73. Maximum prices of fuel wood in Cochrane area in the Province of Ontario 6 350
Order No. 74. Maximum prices for fuelwood in Kirkland Lake area in the Province of Ontario 6 354
Order No. 75. Maximum prices for fuelwood in the townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney in the District of Cochrane in the Province of Ontario 6 357
Order No. 76. Maximum prices for fuelwood in Eastern Ontario and a portion of Quebec 13 795

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Continued

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

Vol. III
No. Page

Controller of Chemicals—

Order No. C.C. 2B-1. Order No. C.C. 2-B amended (glycerine) 13 796
Order No. C.C. 9b. Coal tar 11 636
Order No. C.C. 27. Ester gum 2 73
Order No. C.C. 28. Vinyl polymers 2 74
Order No. C.C. 29. Dyestuffs and organic pigments 7 455
Order No. C.C. 30. Thermo plastics 7 457

Coal Controller—

Order No. Coal 5. Coal supply restriction, Ontario and Quebec 3 133
Order No. Coal 5A. Order No. Coal 5 amended 13 797
Order No. Coal 6. National Coal Conservation Committee 9 544
Order No. Coal 7. Imported bituminous coal distribution 9 545

Controller of Construction—

Order No. 10-A. Grain Warehouse Construction Control Advisory Committee 7 458

Machine Tools—

Order No. M.T.C. 4. Cutting tools 5 298

Metals Controller—

Order No. M.C. 4A. Tinplate 4 221
Order No. M.C. 13B. Copper wire bar, copper wire rod, copperweld wire rod and copper wire 10 605
Order No. M.C. 25A. Silver 3 135
Order No. M.C. 41A. Frozen, dormant and excess stocks of wrought copper 1 28
Order No. M.C. 44A. Aluminum 4 225

Motor Vehicle Controller—

Order No. M.V.C. 001A. Order No. M.V.C. 001 rescinded 11 637
Order No. M.V.C. 21B. Production and inventories of parts for motor vehicles 1 31
Order No. M.V.C. 26. Manufacturer of automotive parts containing copper 4 226

Oil Controller—

Order No. Oil 004C. Amending Order No. 004B 4 229
Order No. Oil 008B. Order No. Oil 008A amended 2 77
Order No. Oil 12-A. Order No. Oil 12 amended 2 79
Order No. Oil 12-B. Order No. Oil 12 amended 10 609
Order No. Oil 12-C. Order No. Oil 12 amended 10 610

Priorities Officer—

Order No. P.O. 2D. Production Requirements Plan rescinded 4 229
Order No. P.O. 4-A. Amending Order No. P.O. 4 .... 7 459
Order No. P.C. 5A. Amending Order No. P.O. 5 .... 5 299

Rubber Controller—

Order No. Rubber 2-A. Synthetic Rubber Technical Advisory Committee amended 7 459
Order No. Rubber 2-B. Synthetic Rubber Technical Advisory Committee amended 7 460
Order No. Rubber 3-A. Rubber Conservation and Technical Committee —membership 3 136
Order No. Rubber 4. Rubber tires and tubes 3 137
Order No. Rubber 4A. Maximum prices for new tires and tubes for use on trucks 7 460
Order No. Rubber 4B. Order No. Rubber 4 amended 13 798
Order No. Rubber 6B. Maximum prices for neoprene 1 38
Order No. Rubber 6C. Maximum prices for GR-S (Buna S) and GR-1 (Butyl) 8 497

TABLE OF CONTENTS—Concluded

PART IV—Concluded

Wartime Industries Control Board—Concluded

(Munitions and Supply)

Steel Controller—

		Vol. III No.	Page
Order No. S.C. 28.	Steel in mill form U.S. order approval system	4	230
Order No. S.C. 29.	New flat steel strapping	4	232
Order No. S.C. 30.	Sale of certain forms of steel by steel producers to persons outside Canada	4	233
Order No. S.C. 31.	Galvanized wire, annealed wire and rods	7	461
Order No. S.C. 32.	Steel wire rope	9	548

Controller of Supplies—

Order No. C.S. 2A.	Order No. C.S. 2 rescinded	13	799
Order No. C.S. 20A.	Order No. C.S. 20 rescinded	13	800

Timber Controller—

Order No. Timber 1-C.	Order No. T.C. 1-A amended	1	39
Order No. Timber 4-B.	Orders T.C. 4, T.C. 4A and part of T.C. 1 amended	2	155
Order No. Timber 20.	Pulpwood for export	4	234
Order No. Timber 20B.	Order No. Timber 20-A amended	5	300

Wood Fuel Controller—

Order No. Wood Fuel 2.	Charcoal production facilities	7	463

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Order No. 73.	Eggs for hatching	2	82
No. 74.	Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	4	236
No. 75.	Birch and maple logs, etc	7	464
No. 76.	Regulations—amendments and additions	7	464
No. 77.	Regulations—amendments	9	555
No. 78.	Regulations—amendments	11	638

Cancellations, Amendments and References

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1ST, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30TH, 1943

PART I—ORDERS IN COUNCIL

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
Berries for jam manufacture—Subsidies	1/4225 21st May, 1943	3/5410 7th July 1943 (a)
B.C. Fruit Board—Marketing of apples	4747 5th June, 1942	5248 5th July, 1943 (r)
		1/6080 29th July, 1943 (r)
Regulations	1/6080 29th July, 1943	2/6080 29th July, 1943 (r)
Butter—Support of market	2709 2nd April, 1942	6396 12th Aug., 1943 (a)
Civilian Government Employees (war) Compensation Order	196/4417 18th June, 1941	311/6181 4th Aug., 1943 (c)
Civil Servants—leave of absence *re* service with armed forces	2584 7th Sept., 1939	
	165/3029 6th Oct., 1939	
	77/3571 9th Nov., 1939	
	4/4274 28th Aug., 1940	
	2/4209 12th June, 1941	
	84/5484 23rd July, 1941	
	13/8600 5th Nov., 1941	
	107/9591 21st Oct., 1942	
	77/500 20th Jan., 1943	
	78/500 20th Jan., 1943	18/5610 15th July, 1943 (c)
Civil Service Superannuation Act—Restrictions *re* salary increases	9/628 26th Jan., 1942	25/5610 15th July, 1943 (r)
Claims against the Crown involving members of the armed forces	6879 28th Nov., 1940	102/7263 17th Sept., 1943 (a)
Claims arising out of alleged negligence of members of the forces	3168 19th April 1943	5674 16th July, 1943 (a)
Coal delivery men—amending definition	6632 7th Sept., 1943	7261 16th Sept., 1943 (a)
Coal Fuel—Conservation	1752 5th Mar., 1943	6373 11th Aug., 1943 (r)
Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd.—Production of logs or lumber	9242 9th Oct., 1942	6379 11th Aug., 1943 (r)
Dawson Creek, B.C.—Water supply	5226 29th July, 1943	6992 3rd Sept., 1943 (c)
	6695 19th Nov., 1940	6993 3rd Sept., 1943 (r)
Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942—Forfeiture of explosives	8862 13th Oct., 1942	6266 6th Aug., 1943 (a)
Electricity—Taxes, etc.	2845 25th Sept., 1939	80/6395 13th Aug., 1943 (r)
Estates—Naval, Military and Air Force	1065 19th Mar., 1940	
	7249 11th Dec., 1940	
	4738 10th June, 1943	5930 28th July, 1943 (a)
Explosives—Forfeiture in event of conviction	8862 13th Oct., 1942	6266 6th Aug., 1943 (a)
Export Permits—Agricultural and vegetable products	7674 4th Oct., 1941	5787 20th July, 1943 (a)
		6384 10th Aug., 1943 (a)
Farms—employment of soldiers	6434 13th Aug., 1943	6797 15th Sept., 1943 (a)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Continued

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART I—ORDERS IN COUNCIL—Continued

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
Feed grains—Reserve stock in Eastern Canada	7/4690 8th June, 1943	
	1/5552 12th July, 1943	1/6567 18th Aug., 1943 (c)
Flaxseed—Regulations	1800 9th Mar., 1942	
	2166 19th Mar., 1942	
	2447 27th Mar., 1942	6091 31st July, 1943 (a)
		7325 21st Sept., 1943 (r)
		7410 23rd Sept., 1943 (a)
Foreign Exchange Control Board	2716 15th Sept., 1939	5641 17th July, 1943 (a)
Fruit and vegetables, import—Effective date	4894 15th June, 1943	7078 9th Sept., 1943 (a)
Gagnon, Wilfrid—Appointment as Controller of Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Co. and George T. Davie & Sons	4893 15th June, 1943	5526 14th July, 1943 (c)
Grains—deliveries and sales	3135 16th April, 1943	5990 28th July, 1943 (a)
		5991 28th July, 1943 (a)
Reserve stocks in Eastern Canada	7/4690 8th June, 1943	
	1/5552 12th July, 1943	1/6567 18th Aug., 1943 (c)
Harvesting Equipment, Prairie Provinces—Cost of transporting	3620 4th May, 1943	6549 17th Aug., 1943 (r)
Housing shortage—conversion of buildings in additional cities	2641 1st April, 1943	
	4579 4th June, 1943	6812 30th Aug., 1943 (r)
Insurance, Civil Service—Extra premiums	3114 12th Oct., 1939	
	3350 14th May, 1941	6068 29th July, 1943 (a)
Insurance—Government property	2/8917 30th Sept., 1942	41/7430 22nd Sept., 1943 (r)
Logs or lumber—Loans *re* production	9242 9th Oct., 1942	6379 11th Aug., 1943 (r)
Members of the Armed Forces—		
Cost of Living Bonus	11690 29th Dec., 1942	54/5410 7th July, 1943 (r)
Farm employment	5931 24th July, 1943	6434 13th Aug., 1943 (r)
Milk production—Subsidies	2709 2nd April, 1943	7142 9th Sept., 1943 (a)
	7142 9th Sept., 1943	7255 16th Sept., 1943 (a)
Millers—Payments *re* Western wheat	6602 19th Aug., 1943	7323 20th Sept., 1943 (a)
Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order 1941—National Defence—Regulations	59/7305 17th Sept., 1941	59/6395 13th Aug., 1943 (a
Mortgages or encumbrances on land—Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta	3243 20th April, 1943	6072 6th Aug., 1943 (r)
National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order 1941—Regulations	59/7305 17th Sept., 1941	59/6395 13th Aug., 1943 (a)
N.R.M. Act—despatch of troops	5011 18th June, 1943	6704 23rd Aug., 1943 (r)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Continued

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART I—ORDERS IN COUNCIL—Continued

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
National Selective Service Civilian Regulations—		
Cutting of fuelwood	246 19th Jan., 1943	6077 29th July, 1943 (a)
Flue cured tobacco		5819 6th Aug., 1943 (a)
Transfer to more essential employment		6433 13th Aug., 1943 (a)
Labour priority ratings		6625 1st Sept., 1943 (a)
Order—Medical Examination		7260 16th Sept., 1943 (a)
National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations—Amendments—Order-Medical Examination	10924 1st Dec., 1942	6990 7th Sept., 1943 (a)
National War Finance Committee—Changes in Organization	45 7th Jan., 1942 176 9th Jan., 1942	6370 10th Aug., 1943 (a)
National War Labour Board—Appointment J. L. Cohen as member revoked	1141 11th Feb., 1943	7143 9th Sept., 1943 (c)
Oats and Barley Regulations	1801 9th Mar., 1942 7207 14th Aug., 1942	6089 31st July, 1943 (a)
Pilotage rates—B.C. District	9590 20th Oct., 1942	5998 28th July, 1943 (a)
Prairie Provinces—Mortgages or encumbrances on land	3243 20th April, 1943	6072 6th Aug., 1943 (r)
Prisoners of war—		
Farm labour	2326 10th May, 1943	5864 24th July, 1943 (r)
Wage scales *re* labour projects		5550 29th July, 1943 (r)
Railway fares—elimination of reductions	2557 30th Mar., 1943	6372 11th Aug., 1943 (a)
Rapeseed—Grades	2894 9th April, 1943	7301 20th Sept., 1943 (r)
Reliance Aircraft and Tool Company—appointment A. E. Naylor revoked	8840 13th Nov., 1941	5407 6th July, 1943 (c)
Seamen, deceased—disposition of wages	3296 22nd April, 1943	5495 9th July, 1943 (a)
Ships of Canadian registry—benefits to crews	12/4209 12th June, 1941 87/5204 16th July, 1941 104/3546 30th April, 1942	163/6991 4th Sept., 1943 (r)
Sunflower seed—grades	2894 9th April, 1943	7301 20th Sept., 1943 (r)
Timber Regulations—powers and duties of Deputy Timber Controller	2716 24th June, 1940	6268 6th Aug., 1943 (a)
Unemployment Insurance Act—		
Certain classes of persons not ordinarily insured	10156 7th Jan., 1942	6798 30th Aug., 1943 (c)
insurance benefits to persons resident in the U.S.	2555 30th Mar., 1943	6950 3rd Sept., 1943 (c)
War departments—Pensions and National Health	9214 14th Jan., 1943	7436 23rd Sept., 1943 (a)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Continued

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART I—ORDERS IN COUNCIL—Concluded

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
War risk insurance—		
reduction in premium rates	8344 4th Sept., 1942	
	11038 3rd Dec., 1942	7407 21st Sept., 1943 (a)
on grain—reduction in premium rates	10229 19th Nov., 1942	7408 21st Sept., 1943 (a)
War Savings Certificates—losses *re* distribution	11/7359 19th Aug., 1942	56/6181 4th Aug., 1943 (r)
Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order 1942	11374 16th Dec., 1942	97/5610 15th July, 1943 (a)
		7083 7th Sept., 1943 (a)
Wartime Industries Control Board—regulations amended	6835 19th Aug., 1941	4660 16th July, 1943 (a)
	4660 16th July, 1943	7202 15th Sept., 1943 (a)
Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations—amendment	8528 1st Nov., 1941	6808 30th Aug., 1943 (a)
Wartime Wages Control Order—appointment of Chairman, Alberta Regional War Labour Board	5963 10th July, 1942	5305 5th July, 1943 (r)
War Veterans' Allowances—compassionate allowances to widows	1/5208 21st June, 1943	100/6395 13th Aug., 1942 (c)
Wheat—		
deliveries *re* gristing	10000 6th Nov., 1942	5265 5th July, 1943 (r)
reserve stocks established in Eastern Canada	7/4690 8th June, 1943	1/5552 12th July, 1943 (c)
purchased for feed purposes	8175 11th Sept., 1942	6078 29th July, 1943 (a)
regulations	1803 9th Mar., 1942	
	4779 5th June, 1942	6090 31st July, 1943 (a)
gristing—payments *re* millers, etc.	9457 16th Oct., 1942	6602 19th Aug., 1943 (r)
guarantee of repayment of loans by chartered banks of Canada	1803 9th Mar., 1942	
	4779 5th June, 1942	6778 26th Aug., 1943 (r)
Western—payments to millers	6602 19th Aug., 1943	7323 20th Sept., 1943 (a)
Wood Fuel Regulations—amended	4362 28th May, 1943	5492 9th July, 1943 (a)
Wood fuel—		
eligible for subsidy	3465 29th April, 1943	5338 5th July, 1943 (a)
regulations	4362 28th May, 1943	6180 3rd Aug., 1943 (r)
		5492 9th July, 1943 (a)

PART II—MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

Agriculture—		
Feeds Administration—		
Freight assistance policies in Eastern Canada	Order No. 7, 23rd Dec., 1941	Order No. 8, 25th Aug., 1943 (a)
Meat Board—		
Hog slaughter	Bacon Board Order 4, 27th Feb., 1943 Bacon Board Order 5, 21st May, 1943	Meat Board Order No. 1, 8th July, 1943 (c)
Labour—		
National Selective Service—		
Temporary seasonal employment of female persons	Order No. 3, 27th Feb., 1943	Order No. 6, 30th June, 1943 (c)
National Revenue—		
Wartime Alcoholic Beverages—Order 1942	W.M. No. 83, 2nd Mar., 1943	W.M. No. 83 (Revised), 14th Sept., 1943 (a)
Series D. No. 47 T.C. 126	18th June, 1943	T.C. 126 (Revised), 14th Sept., 1943 (a)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Continued

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART III—WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD (FINANCE)

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
Import Policy—statement	11th Feb., 1943	21st July, 1943 (a) 17th Aug., 1943 (a) 30th Aug., 1943 (a)
BOARD ORDERS—		
Bread	Order No. 55, 5th Aug., 1941	
	Order No. 56, 8th Aug., 1941	Order No. 310, 21st Aug., 1943 (c)
Butter rationing	Order No. 244, 27th Feb., 1943	Order No. 308, 17th Aug., 1943 (c)
Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Sale and Distribution of	Order No. 301, 26th July, 1943	Order No. 312, 28th Aug., 1943 (r)
Canned Fruits and Vegetables	Order No. 148, 24th June, 1942	
	Order No. 186, 8th Sept., 1942	A-851, 12th Aug., 1943 (c) Order No. 306, 12th Aug., 1943 (c)
Coffee rationing	Order No. 243, 27th Feb., 1943	Order No. 308, 17th Aug., 1943 (c)
Diamonds	Order No. 81, 6th Jan., 1942	Order No. 291, 12 th July, 1943 (c)
Eggs, maximum prices	Order No. 212, 23rd Nov., 1942	
	Order No. 248, 16th Mar., 1943	Order No. 299, 21st July, 1943 (c)
	Order No. 299, 21st July, 1943	Order No. A-887, 17th Sept., 1943 (c)
Exemptions from Maximum Prices—		
grapes	Order No. 189, 22nd Sept., 1942	Order No. A-873, 31st Aug., 1943 (a)
potatoes	....	Order No. A-876, 31st Aug., 1943 (a)
Freezing sales of preserves to consumers	Order No. 309, 20th Aug., 1943	Order No. 311, 28th Aug., 1943 (c)
Honey, Industrial use of	Order No. 162, 14th July, 1942	Order No. 312, 28th Aug., 1943 (c)
Housing Accommodation in Congested Areas—Various Townships—Province of Ontario	Order No. 200, 20th Oct., 1942	Order No. A-875, 3rd Sept., 1943 (r)
Lamb	Order No. 196, 6th Oct., 1942	Order No. 304, 5th Aug., 1943 (a)
Leather purchases by Footwear Manufacturers and selling prices of footwear	Order No. 292, 15th July, 1943	Order No. 293, 15th July, 1943 (r)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Continued

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART III—WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD (FINANCE)—Continued

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
BOARD ORDERS—*Concluded*		
Livestock and stamping of carcasses	Order No. 261, 3rd April, 1943	Order No. 296, 20th July, 1943 (c)
Maple Products	Order No. 250, 16th Mar., 1943	Order No. 312, 28th Aug., 1943 (a)
Maximum Manufacturers' Prices of Certain Groceries	Order No. 116, 23rd Mar., 1942	Order No. 288, 22nd June, 1943 (a) Order No. 289, 25th June, 1943 (a)
Meat Rationing	Order No. 276, 17th May, 1943	Order No. 308, 17th Aug., 1943 (c)
Potatoes—		
Maximum prices	Order No. 236, 16th Feb., 1943	
	Order No. 282, 1st June, 1943	Order No. A-876, 31st Aug., 1943 (c) Order No. 314, 31st Aug., 1943 (c)
certified seed	Order No. 275, 11th May, 1943	Order No. 314, 31st Aug., 1943 (c)
Ration Coupons	Order No. 242 (Sec. 41), 27th Feb., 1943	
	Order No. 243 (Sec. 34), 27th Feb., 1943	
	Order No. 244 (Sec. 42), 27th Feb., 1943	
	Order No. 276 (Sec. 50), 17th May, 1943	Order No. 290, 6th July, 1943 (a)
Sugar rationing	Order No. 242, 27th Feb., 1943	Order No. 297, 20th July, 1943 (a) Order No. 308, 17th Aug., 1943 (c)
Tea and Coffee Rationing	Order No. 243, 27th Feb., 1943	Order No. 308, 17th Aug., 1943 (c)
Veal	Order No. 274, 6th May, 1943	Order No. 294, 20th July, 1943 (a)
ADMINISTRATORS' ORDERS—		
Atlantic Coast canned salmon, sea trout and halibut—maximum prices of	A-136, 1st May, 1942	A-839, 6th Aug., 1943 (c)
Automotive Vehicles, wholesale deliveries and use of	A-292, 14th July, 1942	A-821, 26th July, 1943 (a)
Base paper for conversion into waxed bread wrappers	A-523, 18th Dec., 1942	A-855, 14th Aug., 1943 (a)
Book, writing and specialty papers	A-179, 20th May, 1942	A-835, 14th Aug., 1943 (c)
	A-50, 15th April, 1942	
	A-238, 19th June, 1942	
	A-243, 18th June, 1942	
	A-275, 30th June, 1942	
	A-331, 12th Aug., 1942	A-854, 14th Aug., 1943 (c)
Bread and bakery products	A-59, 18th Mar., 1942	A-863, 21st Aug., 1943 (c)
	A-863, 21st Aug., 1943	A-879, 7th Sept., 1943 (a)
Cane molasses	A-55, 19th Mar., 1942	A-869, 30th Aug., 1943 (c)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Continued

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART III—WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD (FINANCE)—Continued

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
ADMINISTRATORS' ORDERS—*Con.*		
Canned fruits and vegetables, controlling sale and distribution of	A-498, 28th Nov., 1942	Board Order No. 301, 26th July, 1943 (c)
Canned Pacific Coast salmon, maximum prices of	A-723, 12th May, 1943	A-807, 12th July, 1943 (c)
Cartons for packing beer bottles	A-799, 2nd July, 1943	A-862, 21st Aug., 1943 (a)
Certain food products in glass containers, packaging of	A-815, 17th July, 1943	A-816, 17th July, 1943 (r)
Cloth—Sale by manufacturers, wholesalers, jobbers, of parts or pieces for suit lengths	A-316, 30th July, 1942	A-896, 25th Sept., 1943 (c)
Clothing—		
Women's 'misses' and Juniors' coats, suits and sport jackets	A-526, 18th Dec., 1942	A-859, 13th Aug., 1943 (c)
Men's, youths' and boys' woollen work and sports	A-809, 12th July, 1943	A-864, 21st Aug., 1943 (c)
	A-207, 6th June, 1942	A-864, 21st Aug., 1943 (revised).
Men's, youths', boys' and ladies' outer wool	A-207, 6th June, 1942	A-894, 25th Sept., 1943 (a)
Corn syrup, commercial use of	A-570, 23rd Jan., 1943	Board Order No. 312, 28th Aug., 1943 (c)
Dehydrated alfalfa meal, price of	A-221, 9th June, 1942	A-802, 6th July, 1943 (a)
Diamond and diamond mounted jewellery	A-210, 19th June, 1942	A-811, 12th July, 1943 (a)
Electrical Generators (Small)—Motors and Control Equipment	A-569, 23rd Jan., 1943	
	A-725, 13th May, 1943	A-832, 26th July, 1943 (c)
	A-832, 26th July, 1943	A-882, 14th Sept., 1943 (a)
Farm machinery and equipment	A-749, 31st May, 1943	A-823, 26th July, 1943 (a)
Farm Machinery and Equipment and Parts therefor	A-101, 16th April, 1942	A-819, 20th July, 1943 (a)
Floor Finishing and Maintenance Machines	A-737, 24th May, 1943	A-880, 10th Sept., 1943 (a)
Fluorescent Lighting Fixtures	A-401, 21st Sept., 1942	A-841, 5th Aug., 1943 (c)
Footwear	A-175, 21st May, 1942	Board Order No. 293 15th July, 1943 (r)
Fresh Peaches, Pears and Plums–Maximum prices	A-850, 12th Aug., 1943	A--874, 3rd Sept., 1943 (a)
Fruit and Vegetable Packages	A-29 25th Feb., 1942	
	A-95 22nd April, 1942	
	A-354 21st Aug., 1942	A-853, 3rd Aug., 1943 (c)
Generators, switchgear, circuit breakers, disconnecting switches and other devices	A-568, 22nd Jan., 1943	A-834, 26th July 1943 (c)
Glass containers	A-441 14th Oct., 1942	
	A-472, 7th Nov., 1942	
	A-567, 22nd Jan., 1943	A-815, 17th July, 1943 (c)
Ice—		
Maximum prices, Montreal district	A-400, 17th Sept., 1942	A-847, 9th Aug., 1943 (c)
Maximum prices, Ottawa-Hull district	A-793, 30th June, 1943	A-885, 16th Sept., 1943 (a)
Incandescent Lighting Fixtures	A-401, 21st Sept., 1942	
	A-423, 5th Oct., 1942	A-840, 5th Aug., 1943 (c)
Leather and Cotton Fabric Work Gloves and Mitts	A-557, 12th Jan., 1943	A-872, 3rd Sept., 1943 (r)
Leather Dress Gloves and Mitts	A-557, 12th Jan., 1943	A-871, 3rd Sept., 1943 (r)
Leather Soles for Footwear	A-497, 26th Nov., 1942	A-798, 30th June, 1943 (c)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Continued

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN
JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART III—WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD (FINANCE)—Continued

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
ADMINISTRATORS' ORDERS—*Conc.*		
Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for certain lumber originating in the Southern Interior Region of British Columbia and in Southern Alberta	A-412, 14th Sept., 1942	A-775, 21st June, 1943 (c)
Meal and Animal Products for Feeding Purposes	A-680, 30th Mar., 1943	A-889, 21st Sept., 1943 (a)
Men's, Youths', Boys' and Ladies' Outer Wool Clothing	A-207, 6th June, 1942	A-894, 26th Sept., 1943 (a)
Men's, Youths' and Boys' Woollen Work and Sports Clothing	A-809, 12th July, 1943	A-864, 21st Aug., 1943 (c)
Part I of Schedule "B"	A-207, 6th June, 1942	A-864, 21st Aug., 1943 (revised).
Metal Containers and Closures	A-425, 23rd Oct., 1942	
	A-473, 10th Nov., 1942	A-860, 23rd Aug., 1943 (c)
Natural Varnish Resins	A-332, 13th Aug., 1942	A-900, 28th Sept., 1943 (a)
New Electric Stoves and Ranges	A-701, 26th April, 1943	A-842, 6th Aug., 1943 (a)
Newsprint paper, Maximum Price of	A-628, 27th Feb., 1943	A-820, 21st July, 1943 (a)
Paper—		
Newsprint, maximum price	A-628, 27th Feb., 1943	A-820, 21st July, 1943 (a)
Book, writing and specialty papers	A-179, 20th May, 1942	A-835, 14th Aug., 1943 (c)
	A-50, 15th April, 1942	
	A-238, 19th June, 1942	
	A-243, 30th June, 1942	
	A-275, 30th June, 1942	
	A-331, 12th Aug., 1942	A-854, 14th Aug., 1943 (c)
Manufacture of	A-397, 12th Sept., 1943	A-878, 7th Sept., 1943 (c)
Pilchards, Frozen Salmon, Soles, Brills and Witches caught in Pacific Coast waters	A-381, 8th Sept., 1942	
	A-382, 8th Sept., 1942	A-898, 24th Sept., 1943 (a)
Pottery ware	A-521, 17th Dec., 1942	A-828, 26th July, 1943 (c)
Pulpwood cut from the stump in the Province of Quebec—Maximum Consumers' Prices	A-748, 28th May, 1943	A-881, 13th Sept., 1943 (a)
Pyrethrum and Rotenone	A-342, 17th Aug., 1942	A-857, 31st Aug., 1943 (c)
Resins, natural varnish	A-332, 13th Aug., 1942	A-900, 28th Sept., 1943 (a)
Rooming Accommodation, Windsor, N.S.	A-488, 22nd Nov., 1942	A-822, 26th July, 1943 (r)
Sale by Manufacturers, Wholesalers, Jobbers, of parts or pieces of cloth for suit lengths	A-316, 30th July, 1942	A-896, 25th Sept., 1943 (c)
Shot guns	A-603, 20th Feb., 1943	A-814, 17th July, 1943 (c)
Soft Drinks	A-531, 23rd Dec., 1942	Board Order No. 303 4th Aug., 1943 (c)
Sphagnum Peat Moss	A-418, 5th Oct., 1942	A-830, 26th July, 1943 (c)
Taxi-cab Fares in Lake St. John area, Quebec	A-591, 6th Feb., 1943	A-813, 15th July, 1943 (a)
Transformers	A-434, 13th Oct., 1942	
	A-577, 30th Jan., 1943	A-833, 26th July, 1943 (c)
Tung oil and Oiticia Oil	A-437, 13th Oct., 1942	A-877, 7th Sept., 1943 (c)
Used Domestic Radios	A-761, 9th June, 1943	A-852, 13th Aug., 1943 (a)
Used Industrial and Construction Equipment	A-246, 29th June, 1942	A-845, 7th Aug., 1943 (c)
Used Steel Drums	A-604, 23rd Feb., 1943	A-858, 16th Aug., 1943 (a)
Warm Air Furnaces	A-476, 11th Nov., 1942	A-800 2nd July, 1943 (a)
Women's, Misses' and Juniors' Coats, Suits and Sport Jackets—Styling, sale and delivery	A-526, 18th Dec., 1942	A-859, 13th Aug., 1943 (c)
Wool clips	A-118, 30th April, 1942	A-812, 15th July, 1943 (a)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Continued

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART III—WARTIME PRICE AND TRADE BOARD (FINANCE)—Concluded

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
FUELWOOD ORDERS—		
Algoma, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Parry Sound and Sudbury, all in the Province of Ontario	No. 64, 29th Jan., 1943	No. 72, 3rd Aug., 1943 (c)
Cochrane area in the Province of Ontario	No. 64, 29th Jan., 1943	No. 73, 3rd Aug., 1943 (c)
Kirkland Lake area in Province of Ontario	No. 64, 29th Jan., 1943	No. 74, 3rd Aug., 1943 (c)
Townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney	No. 64, 29th Jan., 1943	No. 75, 3rd Aug., 1943 (c)
Eastern part of Ontario and a portion of Quebec	No. 59, 29th Dec., 1942 No. 69, 19th April, 1943	No. 76, 23rd Sept., 1943 (a)

PART IV—WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD (Munitions and Supply)

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc.
Controller of Chemicals—		
Glycerine	No. C.C. 2-B, 16th Jan., 1942	No. C.C. 2-B-1, 31st Aug., 1943 (a)
Coal Tar	No. C.C. 9-A, 19th May, 1943	No. C.C. 9-B, 1st Sept., 1943 (c)
Coal Controller—		
Coal supply restrictions, Ontario and Quebec	No. Coal 5, 5th July, 1943	No. Coal 5A, 16th Sept., 1943 (a)
Controller of Construction	Order No. 10, 2nd April, 1942	Order No. 10-A, 4th Aug., 1943 (a)
Metals Controller—		
Tinplate	Order No. M.C. 4, 11th Sept., 1941	Order No. M.C. 4A, 12th July, 1943 (c)
Copper wire bar, copper wire rod, copperweld wire rod and copper wire	Order No. M.C. 13-A, 1st Sept., 1942	Order No. M.C. 13-B, 20th Aug., 1943 (c)
Aluminum	Order No. M.C. 44, 6th Mar., 1943	Order No. M.C. 44A, 9th July, 1943 (a)
Motor Vehicle Controller	Order No. M.V.C. 001, 21st Mar., 1941	Order No. M.V.C. 001A, 31st Mar., 1943 (c)
Production and inventories of parts for motor vehicles	Order No. M.V.C. 21A, 5th Sept., 1942 Order No. M.V.C. 21A-1, 19th Oct., 1942 Order No. M.V.C. 21A-2, 18th Feb., 1943	Order No. M.V.C. 21B, 31st May, 1943 (c)
Oil Controller	Order No. Oil 004B, 26th Jan., 1943	Order No. Oil 004C, 15th July, 1943 (a)
	Order No. Oil 008A, 1st June, 1943	Order No. Oil 008B, 29th June, 1943 (a)
	Order No. Oil 12, 19th Mar., 1943	Order No. Oil 12-A, 28th June, 1943 (a) Order No. Oil 12-B, 27th Aug., 1943 (a)

Cancellations, Amendments and References—Concluded

ORDERS IN COUNCIL, ORDERS AND REGULATIONS PASSED BETWEEN JULY 1st, 1943 AND SEPTEMBER 30th, 1943

PART IV—WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD—Concluded
(Munitions and Supply)

Subject	Original Order in Council, Order or Regulation	Cancelling, Amending or Referring Orders in Council, etc. (c=cancelling; a=amending; r=referring)
Priorities Officer—		
Production Requirements Plan	Order No. P.O. 2C, 1st Dec., 1942	Order No. P.O. 2D, 2nd July, 1943 (c)
Program Classification System	Order No. P.O. 4, 19th May, 1943	Order No. P.O. 4A, 26th July, 1943 (a)
Controlled Materials Plan	Order No. P.O. 5, 20th May, 1943	Order No. P.O. 5A, 26th July, 1943 (a)
Rubber Controller—		
Synthetic Rubber Technical Advisory Committee	Order No. Rubber 2, 2nd Dec., 1942	Order No. Rubber 2A, 31st July, 1943 (a)
Rubber Conservation and Technical Committee	Order No. Rubber 3, 17th Dec., 1942	Order No. Rubber 3-A, 9th July, 1943 (a)
Rubber Tires and Tubes	Order No. C.S. 4J, 15th May, 1942	
	Order No. Rubber 4J-2, 11th Nov., 1942	Order No. Rubber 4, 30th June, 1943 (c)
	Order No. Rubber 4, 30th June, 1943	Order No. Rubber 4-A, 6th Aug., 1943 (a) Order No. Rubber 4-B, 17th Sept., 1943 (a)
Maximum prices for neoprene	Order No. Rubber 6A, 1st April, 1943	Order No. Rubber 6-B, 14th June, 1943 (a) Order No. Rubber 6-C, 13th Aug., 1943 (a)
Steel Controller— Steel in mill forms— U.S. Order approval system	Order No. S.C. 11, 24th Mar., 1942	Order No. S.C. 28, 28th June, 1943 (c)
Controller of Supplies	Order No. C.S. 2, 2nd Sept., 1941	Order No. C.S. 2A, 1st April, 1943 (c)
	Order No. C.S. 20, 21st Oct., 1941	Order No. C.S. 20A, 1st April, 1943 (c)
Timber Controller	Order No. T.C. 1-A, 30th Sept., 1942	Order No. Timber 1-C, 30th Sept., 1943 (c)
	Order No. T.C. 4, 8th Sept., 1941 Order No. T.C. 4A, 30th Sept., 1942 Order No. T.C. 1 (Sec. 3 s.s.7) 19th June, 1941	Order No. Timber 4-B, 19th July, 1943 (c)
	Order No. Timber 20-A, 13th May, 1943	Order No. Timber 20-B, 2nd Aug., 1943 (c)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13

(NOTE:—Numerals in brackets indicate issue; other numerals indicate page.)

Agricultural Food Board—
  production program, butter, milk and cream 625 (11)
Agricultural hand tools—
  specifications 129 (3)
Air Force Act—
  Amendment Order No. 1, 561 (10)
Air raid precautions—
  Director appointed, civil air raid precautions 102 (3)
Aircraft—
  use of aluminum in production and repair 225 (4)
Aircraft, Research Laboratory—
  special reporting facilities 107 (3)
Alaska—
  despatch of troops 375 (7) 473 (8)
  publication, despatch of troops 478 (8)
Alaska Highway—
  designation substituted for Alcan and Prince Rupert Highways 299 (5), 459 (7)
Alberta—
  lumber prices 109, 123 (3)
  mortgages on land 366 (7)
Alcoholic beverages—
  bottling 203 (4)
  delivery, Canadian distillers 100 (3)
  regulations for the duration of the war 624 (11)
Aleutian Islands—
  despatch of troops 473, 478 (8)
Alfalfa meal—
  dehydrated, price 27 (1)
Alberta Regional War Labour Board—
  Chairman appointed 7 (1)
Aluminum—
  paint, paste and powder, use restricted 225 (4)
Anderson, P.M.—
  appointed Chairman, Mobilization Board Saskatchewan 563 (10)
Animal and fish products—
  use in the manufacture of fertilizers controlled by permit 586 (10)
Apples—
  Okanagan Valley, 1942 crop 5 (1) 1943 crop 255 (5)
Armed Forces—
  civilian claims against the crown 101 (3), 650 (12)
  dependents, cost of living bonus 10 (1)
  employment of members on leave 513 (9)
  leave of absence 95 (3)
  members engaged in farming operations 165 (4)
  naval, military and air force estates, distribution 245 (5)
Army—
  despatch to Newfoundland, Labrador, Bermuda, etc., of personnel for service with active units 375 (7)
  leave of absence for civil servants 95 (3)
  members enlisting in the R.C.A.F. or R.C.N. 374 (7)
  men rejected 568 (10)
  National Defence minor claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order, 1941 389 (7)
  parcels to members in Newfoundland 53 (2)
  regulations governing enlistment 374 (7)
Army equipment—
  donations from patriotic organizations 318 (6)
Army Routine Order—
  donations of vehicles to the Canadian Army from patriotic organizations 318 (6)
Automotive vehicles—
  parts containing copper 226 (4)
  wholesale deliveries and use 208 (4)

Bacon Board—
  orders replaced by Meat Board Order 103 (3)
Bahamas—
  active units of the Canadian Army 375 (7)
Banks—
  repayment of loans, Canadian Wheat Board 503 (9)
Barley—
  regulations amended 306 (5)
Beans—
  maximum prices, Eastern white variety 533 (9)
Beef—
  freezing and storage 739 (13)
Beekeepers—
  supply of sugar to feed bees 670 (12)
Beer—
  bottling 203 (4)
Bell, J. A.—
  appointed a member, pro tempore, National War Labour Board 651 (12)
Benzine—
  tax exemptions 56 (2)
Bermuda—
  active units of the Canadian Army 375 (7)
Berries—
  subsidy, jam manufacture 9 (1)
Berry, J. H.—
  appointed to the Canadian Section, Joint War Production Committee 95 (3)
Beveridge, H. C.—
  appointed boards of inquiry 514 (9)
Black plate—
  use in the manufacture of metal containers and closures 703 (12)
Boats—
  B.C. coast, certificated masters 49 (2)
Bonuses—
  cost of living, members of the Armed Forces 10 (1)
Bottles—
  alcoholic beverages 204 (4)
  beer, cartons for packing 24 (1), 495 (8)
  manufacture according to specifications 325 (6)
Brattice cloth—
  importation controlled by general permit 742 (13)
Bread and bakery products—
  control of manufacture 531 (9), 717 (12)
  sale 527 (9)
Bread wrappers—
  use of base paper for waxed type 454 (7)
British Admiralty Technical Mission—290, 297 (5)
British Air Commission—290, 297 (5)
British Columbia—
  coast boats, certificated masters 49 (2)
  lumber prices 109, 123 (3), 331 (6)
  Pacific herring regulations 509 (9)
  pilotage district 249 (5)
British Columbia Fruit Board—
  agreement, marketing of Okanagan apples 5 (1), 255 (5)
  regulations approved 257 (5)
British Guiana—
  active units of the Canadian Army 375 (7)
Broom corn—
  use in the manufacture of brooms and whisks 718 (12)
Brooms—
  manufacture 718 (12)
Brown, K. M.—
  appointed a Deputy Timber Controller 370 (7)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

Brunning, E. J.—
  appointed Coal Controller 45 (2)
  appointment to Canadian Section, Joint War Production Committee revoked 95 (3)
Buildings—
  conversion into multiple housing units:
    Brantford 508 (9)
    Calgary 651 (12)
    Edmonton 651 (12)
    Halifax 651 (12)
    Hamilton 508 (9)
    Moncton 651 (12)
    Montreal 508 (9)
    Ottawa 508 (9)
    Quebec 508 (9)
    St. Catharines 508 (9)
    Sarnia 651 (12)
    Windsor 651 (12)
Buna S and butyl—
  rubber substitutes 497 (8)
Butter—
  household use by primary producers 669 (12)
  maximum prices, various provinces 62 (2)
  rationing 663, 683 (12)
Butter market—
  support by Dairy Products Board 391 (7)
Butter, creamery—
  interprovincial shipment 318 (6)
  subsidy 625 (11)

Cabbages—
  exportation controlled by permit 385 (7)
Calgary, Alta.—
  lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 651 (12)
Callaghan, W. J.—
  appointed a temporary member the Tariff Board 250 (5)
  appointed temporary Vice-Chairman, the Tariff Board 376 (7)
Camphorated oil—
  use of vegetable oils in manufacture 247 (5)
Camps—
  established for prisoners of war re wood fuel operations 312 (6)
Canadian Mutual Aid Board—
  regulations established 615 (11)
Canadian Wheat Board—
  levy of a surcharge on flour and wheat products for ships' stores 647 (12)
  repayment of loans by chartered banks 503 (9)
Canadian Women's Army Corps—
  income tax, officers 12 (1)
Canners—
  prices of fruits and vegetables 446, 450 (7)
  quantities of fruits and vegetables to be held for essential purposes 278, 281 (5)
  seasonal employment of women in factories 15 (1)
  subsidies, 1943 pack 452 (7)
Cartons—
  beer bottles 24 (1), 495 (8)
  coke 26 (1)
  fibreboard or corrugated paper 339 (6)
  salt 535 (9)
Cattle—
  export permits for shipment not issued 655 (12)
Central victualling depots—
  Halifax and Esquimalt, clothing comforts 319 (6)
Charcoal production facilities—
  construction of kilns controlled by permit 463 (7)
Chemicals—
  tax exemption on imports for use in the manufacture of synthetic rubber 564 (10) 629 (11)
Chicken haddies—
  Atlantic coast, canned 535 (9)
Chocolate—
  subsidy repayment 661 (12)
Circuit breakers—
  manufacture restricted 293 (5)
Civil Air Raid Precautions—
  director appointed 102 (3)
Civil servants—
  leave of absence, service with the Armed Forces 95 (3)
  superannuation 97, 99 (2)
Civil Service insurance—
  war endorsement attached to policies 251 (5)
Civil Service Superannuation Act—
  salary increases not paid—allowances calculated 99 (3)
Civilian Government Employees (War) Compensation Order—
  Order established 314 (4)
Claims—
  civilian, against the Crown, involving the Armed Forces 650 (12)
  regulations *re* payment, negligence of members of the Armed Forces 101 (3)
Closures—
  crown cork, for soft drinks 720 (12)
Cloth—
  1933-B for army officers' uniforms 61 (2)
  suit lengths 790 (13)
Clothes pins—
  manufacturers' prices 19 (1)
Clothing—
  men's and boys' woolen, work and sports 67 (2), 496 (8)
  men's and ladies' outer wool 788 (13)
Cocoa—
  subsidy repayment 661 (12)
Coal—
  conservation, National Committee 544 (9)
  distribution of supplies Ontario and Quebec 133 (3), 545 (9)
  regulations respecting conservation 380 (7)
Coal Controller—
  appointment revoked 45 (2)
  Associate Controller appointed 7 (1)
  Controller appointed 45 (2)
Coal delivery men—
  definition of term 649 (12)
  retention in present employment 618 (11)
Coal Miners—
  Man-power shortage 254 (5)
Coal tar—
  disposal and use controlled by permit 636 (11)
Coffee—
  rationing 663, 683 (12)
Coffey, J. H.—
  appointed a Deputy Machine Tools Controller 474 (8)
Cohen, J. L.—
  appointment as a member, National War Labour Board revoked 627 (11)
Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd.—
  repayment of loans, producers of logs and lumber 383 (7)
  repayment of subsidies 661 (12)
Compassionate allowances—
  regulations revoked, widows of certain veterans 391 (7)
Compensation—
  war injuries, civilian government employees outside Canada 314 (6)
Complin, E. R.—
  appointed, National War Labour Committee 9 (1)
Compulsory Employment Orders—
  National Selective Service 14 (1), 261 (5), 480 (8)
Consolidated Revenue Fund—
  rentals from housing units 652 (12)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

- Construction equipment—
  - new, prohibitions on the manufacture, sale and delivery 691 (12)
  - used industrial 697 (12)
- Construction workers—
  - notice of separation from employment 740 (13)
- Containers—
  - glass 203, 204 (4), 325 (6)
  - iron 654 (12)
  - metal 702 (12), 327 (6)
  - salt 535 (9)
  - steel 454 (7), 654 (12)
  - vegetable and fruit 454 (7)
  - wooden 327 (6)
- Controlled materials plan—
  - steel in mill forms 230 (4)
- Control equipment—
  - restrictions on manufacture 286 (7)
- Copper—
  - frozen, dormant and excess stocks 28 (1)
  - use restricted in manufacturing automotive parts 226 (4)
- Copper wire—
  - list of authorized purchasers 607 (10)
  - supply and acquisition controlled by permit 605 (10)
- Cost of living bonus—
  - dependents, members of the Armed Forces 10 (1)
- Coupon banking system—
  - Wartime Prices and Trade Board 679 (12)
- Crews—
  - ships of Canadian registry 569 (10)
- Crowell, O. B.—
  - appointed Rubber Conservation and Technical Committee 136 (3)
- Customs duties—
  - oranges exempt 259 (5), 320 (6)
  - regulations, munitions and supplies of war 259 (5)
- Cutting tools—
  - inventories and disposition 298 (5)
- Dairy Products Board—
  - butter market 391 (7)
  - creamery butter 318 (6)
  - ice cream and sherbet mix 318 (6)
  - orders 318 (6)
- Davie, George T. & Sons, Ltd.—
  - expropriation of plant 92 (3)
- Davis, R. J.—
  - appointed Divisional Registrar, Mobilization Division, Toronto 376 (7)
- Dawson Creek, B.C.—
  - water supply system 243 (5), 571, 572 (9)
- Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942—
  - Province of Quebec, detention of suspected persons 15(1)
  - forfeiture of explosives to the Crown 369 (7)
  - Kamloops—protected area 52 (2)
- Diamonds—
  - prices 177, 195 (4)
- Distillers—
  - delivery of spirits 100 (3)
- Drawback claims—
  - tea 737 (13)
- Dyes and dyeing—
  - dyestuffs and organic pigments 454 (7)

- Edmonton, Alta.—
  - lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 651 (12)
  - shared accommodation 743 (13)
- Eggs—
  - exportation controlled by permit 55, 82 (2)
  - prices, certain cities and areas 269, 273 (5), 781, 785 (13)
- Electric fans—
  - manufacture restricted 66 (2)
- Electric generators—
  - manufacture restricted 286 (5), 635 (11)
- Electric lighting fixtures—
  - fluorescent 336 (6)
  - incandescent 334 (6)
- Electric motors—
  - restrictions on disposition 430 (7)
  - restrictions on manufacture 286 (5), 635 (11)
- Electric stoves—
  - restrictions on installation in Manitoba 338 (6)
- Electricity—
  - subject to War Exchange tax when imported 390 (7)
- Employment—
  - coal—delivery men 618 (11)
  - compulsory employment orders 14 (1), 261 (5), 480 (8)
  - men unfit for military training 648 (12)
  - notice of separation under N.S.S.C.R. 739, 740 (13)
  - transfer of employees to more essential employment 392 (7)
  - women canners 15 (1)
- Enlistment—
  - officers and men of the military forces in the naval and air forces 374 (7)
  - soldiers on farms 643 (12)
- Esquimalt, B.C.—
  - central victualling depot, seagoing personnel 319 (6)
- Equitable distribution—
  - canned fruits and vegetables 281 (5)
- Estates—
  - administration naval, military and air forces 245 (5)
- Ester gum—
  - sale controlled by permit 73 (2)
- Explosives—
  - forfeiture to the Crown in conviction under the Explosives Act 369 (7)
- Export Permit Branch—
  - orders 82 (2), 236 (4), 464 (7), 555 (9), 638 (11)
- Export Permit Regulations—
  - non-resident tourist purchases 54 (2)
  - purchases by American tourists 638 (11), 654 (12)
  - salt water fish 54 (2), 167 (4), 399 (7)
  - sixth revision 464 (7), 574 (10), 654 (12)
- Export permits—
  - agricultural and vegetable products 163, 236 (4), 262 (5)
  - animals and animal products 653 (12)
  - apples 262 (5), 386 (7), 483 (8)
  - butter milk 653 (12)
  - cabbages 385 (7), 483 (8)
  - cigars and cigarettes 236 (4), 262 (5)
  - cobalt 653 (12)
  - eggs 55, 82 (2)
  - fence posts 16 (1)
  - fruit 163 (4), 262 (5)
  - fuel oil 94 (3), 176 (4)
  - grapes 385 (7), 483 (8)
  - grindstones 653 (12)
  - hardwoods 16 (1), 263 (5)
  - logs, birch and maple 483 (8)
  - mica scrap and waste 653 (12)
  - milk products 624 (11)
  - munitions and supplies of war 167 (4)
  - non-metallic minerals and their products 555 (9)
  - pectin 464 (7)
  - petroleum 94 (3), 176 (4)
  - pike 624 (11), 653 (12)
  - pulpwood 234 (4)
  - railway ties 16 (1)
  - tobacco 163, 236 (4), 262 (5)
  - tomatoes 385 (7), 483 (8)
  - wood, wood products and paper 16 (1), 653 (12)
  - wood fuel 624 (11), 653 (12)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

False Creek, B.C.
  Vancouver harbour, shipbuilding yard and ways 90 (3)
Farm machinery and equipment—
  parts 208 (4)
  production and importation 182 (4), 326 (6)
Farm service—
  assignment of members of the armed forces 165 (4), 392 (7), 643 (12)
  prisoners of war 164 (4)
Faure, F.—
  resigned as member, Regional War Labour Board, Quebec 646 (12)
Feed grains—
  storage in Eastern Canada 50 (2)
Fertilizers and pesticides—
  limitations on use of potash 583 (10)
  metal content permitted in containers 711 (12)
  prices in various provinces 537 (9)
Finnan haddies—
  Atlantic coast, canned 535 (9)
Fish—
  chicken haddies, finnan haddies and mackerel 535 (9)
  halibut, Atlantic coast 332 (6)
  metal content in containers 223, 224 (4), 707 (12)
  pilchards, salmon, soles, brills and witches, Pacific coast waters 792 (13)
  salmon, Atlantic coast 332 (6)
  salt water, exportation 54 (2), 167 (4), 399 (7)
  sea trout 332 (6)
Flaxseed—
  expiration date of guarantees 308 (6)
  regulations established 730 (13)
  repayment of bank loans 734 (13)
Flour—
  levy of a surcharge authorized on sales for ships' stores 647 (12)
  re-sale by producers prohibited 6 (1)
Flour millers—
  subsidy, wheat products 476 (8)
Food products—
  packed in glass containers 203 (4)
  price adjustments in new size of glass containers 204 (4)
Footwear—
  leather, prices 177, 178 (4)
  leather soles 59 (2)
Forged tools—
  manufacture restricted 23 (1)
Foreign Exchange Control Board—
  member appointed 100 (3)
Freight—
  assistance policies for Eastern Canada 513 (9)
  French Somaliland, not proscribed 53(2)
Frost, S. R.—
  appointed a member, Mobilization Board 644 (12)
Fruit—
  canned, sale and distribution 277, 281 (5), 446 (7), 491 (8)
  canned, subsidy repayment 661 (12)
  dried, subsidy repayment 662 (12)
  exportation controlled by permit 163 (4)
  fresh, sales by growers and shippers 713 (12)
  held by canners for essential purposes 278 (5)
  metal content in containers 222 (4), 705 (12)
  packed for sale in wooden containers 327 (6)
  pickled and preserved 646 (12), 741 (13)
  tax exemptions on importations 622 (11)
Fruit juices—
  canned 277 (5), 631 (11)
Fruit rinds—
  citrus, deleted from War Exchange Conservation Act 646 (12), 741 (13)
Fruit trees—
  tariff treatment apple, cherry and plum trees 623 (11)
Fuel—
  coal, regulations respecting conservation 380 (7)
  domestic fuel oil 229 (4)
  motor, specifications 77 (2)
Fuelwood Orders—
  Ontario, various districts 345, 350, 354, 357 (6), 795 (13)
  Quebec 795 (13)
Furnaces—
  warm air 25 (1)

Gagnon, Wilfrid—
  appointment as Controller of Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Ltd. revoked 92 (3)
Gasoline—
  bulk station reports 609 (10)
  rationing, motor vehicles and non-commercial marine engines 609, 610 (10)
  subsidy repayment 661 (12)
  tariff treatment for anti-oxidants used in gasoline production 623 (11)
Generators—
  electric 286 (5), 635 (11)
  manufacture restricted 293 (5)
Glass containers—
  alcoholic beverages 204 (4)
  for packaging food products 203, 204 (4)
  manufacture according to specifications 325 (6)
  new sizes 204 (4)
Gloves and mitts—
  leather, dress type 588 (10)
  leather and cotton fabric, work type 590 (10)
  subsidy repayment 661 (12)
Glycerine—
  restrictions on consumption of and dealing in 796 (13)
Goods and services—
  conditions of selling 424 (7)
  regulations in wartime 516 (9)
Grain—
  reserve stock of feed grains established 396 (7)
  sales and deliveries 247 (5)
  western feed, Eastern Canada 50 (2)
  wheat, oats and barley eligible for freight assistance 513 (9)
Grain Warehouse Construction Control Advisory Committee—
  Chairman and members named 458 (7)
Grapes—
  domestic and imported 592 (10)
  exportation controlled by permit 385 (7)
Gray, Alexander—
  appointed Port Manager, National Harbour Board, Saint John, N.B. 514 (9)
Hair pads—
  use in the manufacture of upholstered furniture 729 (13)
Halibut—
  Atlantic coast, canned 332 (6)
Halifax, N.S.—
  central victualling depot, seagoing personnel 319 (6)
  support of the butter market 391 (7)
  lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 651 (12)
Hammers—
  grades and designs 22, 23 (1)
Harvesting equipment—
  cost of transporting 475 (8)
Henwood, George B.—
  appointed Chairman, Alberta Regional War Labour Board 7 (1)
Herring—
  control of fishing in B.C. 509 (9)
High seas—
  prizes captured, jurisdiction U.S. district courts 309 (6)
Home conversion plan 508 (9)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

Honey—
  Household use by primary producers 669 (12)
  rationing 685 (12)
Hotel accommodation—
  maximum rates 745 (13)
Housing accommodation—
  Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, Nova Scotia, Ontario and Quebec 417 (7)
  New Brunswick 418 (7)
  Ontario, certain townships 597 (10)
  Saskatchewan 419 (7)
Housing projects—
  conversion into multiple housing units:
    Brantford 508 (9)
    Calgary 651 (12)
    Edmonton 651 (12)
    Halifax 651 (12)
    Hamilton 508 (9)
    Moncton 651 (12)
    Montreal 508 (9)
    Ottawa 508 (9)
    Quebec 508 (9)
    St. Catharines 508 (9)
    Saint John 651 (12)
    Sarnia 651 (12)
    Toronto 717, 720 (12), 788 (13)
    Windsor, Ont. 651 (12)
Hull, Que.—
  prices for ice 719 (12)

Ice—
  maximum prices: Montreal district 341 (6)
  Ottawa—Hull district 719 (12)
Ice cream—
  manufacture 318 (6)
Import permits—
  good enumerated 263 (5)
  jute and jute products 164 (3), 263 (5), 320 (6)
  rice 377 (7), 483 (8)
  thiamine hydrochloride 643 (12), 741 (13)
  vanilla beans 648 (12), 742 (13)
Import policy—
  statements, Wartime Prices and Trade Board 265 (5), 485 (8), 579 (10)
Income tax—
  women officers of the defence services 12 (1)
Ingots—
  tin-containing non-ferrous metal, for castings 21 (1)
Inks—
  metal content permitted in containers 710 (12)
Insecticides—
  pyrethrum and rotenone 529 (9)
Insurance—
  grain, blanket scheme 733 (13)
  premium rates reduced 733 (13)
  vessels under construction 735 (13)
Insurance, Unemployment—
  persons resident in the U.S.A. 566 (10)
  provision for certain classes of persons 505 (9)
Iron containers—
  importations, conditions of entry 654 (12)

Jackson, G.—
  resigned, National War Labour Board Committee 9 (1)
Jamaica—
  active units of the Canadian Army 375 (7)
Jams—
  freezing sale to consumers 527 (9), 581 (10)
  manufacture, subsidies on berries 9 (1)
  rationing 685 (12)
  subsidies 453 (7), 661 (12)
Japanese—
  excluded from Kamloops, B.C. 52 (2)
Jellies—
  freezing sale to consumers 527 (9), 581 (10)
  rationing 685 (12)
  subsidy 661 (12)
Jewellery—
  diamond mounted 195 (4)
Joint Inspection Board—
  United Kingdom and Canada 290, 297 (5)
Joint War Production Committee—
  member appointed to Canadian section 95 (3)
Jute and jute products—
  importation controlled by permit 164 (4), 263 (5), 320 (6)

Kane, D. A.—
  appointed Chairman, Grain Warehouse Construction Control Advisory Committee 458 (7)
Kemlo, F. J.—
  appointed, Shipping Priorities Committee 8 (1)
Kilns—
  charcoal production facilities 463 (7)
Kingsland, N. W.—
  appointed Chairman, National Coal Conservation Committee 544 (9)

Labour Boards—
  See—National War Labour Board
    Regional War Labour Board
    Western Labour Board
Labour camps—
  prisoners of war 164 (4)
Labour projects—
  wage scale, prisoners of war 245 (5)
Lake St. John, Que.—
  taxi-cab fares 132 (3)
Lamb—
  prices 276 (5), 323 (6)
Leather—
  prices, manufacture of footwear 177, 178 (4)
Licences—
  slaughter of hogs 103 (3)
Liver oil—
  dogfish and mudshark 61 (2)
Livestock—
  household use of meat from livestock raised by persons other than farmers 669 (12)
  slaughter controlled by permit 321 (6)
Loans—
  repayment, producers of logs and lumber 383 (7)
Logs—
  repayment of loans to producers by Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation 383 (7)
Longshoremen—
  St. John, N.B. 514 (9)
Louson, J. S.—
  appointment as a Deputy Steel Controller revoked 475 (8)
Lumber—
  Alberta 109, 123 (3)
  British Columbia 109 (3), 331 (6)
  Manitoba 123 (3)
  Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick 179 (4)
  repayment of loans to producers by Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation 383 (7)

Machine Tools Controller—
  Deputy appointed 474 (8)
Machines—
  floor finishing and maintenance types 634 (11)
Mackerel—
  Atlantic coast canned 535 (9)
MacLaren, Ian M.—
  appointed an Associate Coal Controller 7 (1)
McMaster, A. E.—
  appointed an Associate Wood Fuel Controller 48 (2)

Manitoba—
  mortgages on land 366 (7)
Manning, E. C.—
  resigned as Chairman, Alberta Regional War Labour Board 7 (1)
Maple products—
  repayment of subsidy 662 (12)
Maple syrup—
  household use by primary producers 669 (12)
Marmalade—
  freezing sale to consumers 527 (9), 581 (10)
  manufacturers' prices 19 (1)
  rationing 685 (12)
  subsidy repayment 661 (12)
Masters and mates—
  mate's certificate of competency 368 (7)
  certificated masters B.C. Coast 49 (2)
Materials—
  term defined in relation to war services 738 (13)
Meal and animal products—
  feeding purposes 721 (12)
Meat—
  canned 222 (4)
  fancy, and meat by-products 435 (7)
  metal content in containers 707 (12)
  rationing 663, 683 (12)
Meat Board—
  freezing and storage of beef 739 (13)
  slaughter of hogs 103 (3)
Medical examination—
  men required to report under the Mobilization Regulations 365 (7), 567 (10), 619 (11)
Men's and boys' wear—
  woollen, work and sports clothing 496 (8)
Merchant seamen—
  free medical treatment 570 (10)
Merchant Seamen Order, 1941—
  appointments: boards of inquiry 482 (8) 514 (9)
    committees of investigation 482 (8), 740 (13)
Metal containers and closures—
  deliveries and specifications 702 (12)
  rules for manufacturers and packers 703 (12)
  use of tinplate 221 (4)
Metals—
  certain metals prohibited in the manufacture of construction equipment 692 (12)
  use in manufacturing septic tanks 286 (5)
  use in manufacturing stove and furnace pipes 433 (7)
Milk and cream—
  canned 708 (12)
  metal content in containers 225 (4), 708 (12)
  subsidy 625 (11)
Mobilization Board—
  Chairman appointed, Saskatchewan 563 (10)
  member appointed 644 (12)
Molasses—
  importation from Barbados 538 (9)
  subsidy repayment 662 (12)
Moncton, N.B.—
  lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 651 (12)
Montreal, Que.—
  lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 651 (12)
  prices for ice 341 (6)
  support of the butter market 391 (7)
Mortgages—
  regulations governing encumbrances on land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta 366 (7)
Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Company, Ltd.—
  expropriation of plant 92 (3)
Motor vehicles—
  production and inventory of parts 31 (1)
  wholesale deliveries and use 208 (4)
Munitions—
  regulations, customs' duties and taxes on war supplies 167 (4)
  Mutual Aid, United Nations 616 (11)
Munitions contracts—
  partial payments 47 (2)
Mutual Aid—
  Canadian Mutual Aid Board regulations 615 (11)
  munitions and supplies of war 616 (11)
  ship repairs and shipbuilding 311 (6)
  United Nations 311 (6)

National Coal Conservation Committee—
  committee established and personnel appointed 544 (9)
National Defence—
  See—Army
    Royal Canadian Air Force
    Royal Canadian Navy
National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order, 1941—legal steps to enforce payment 389 (7)
National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940—
  despatch of personnel to Newfoundland, Labrador, Bermuda, Bahamas, Jamaica. British Guiana, Alaska and the U.S.A. 375 (7)
National Selective Service—
  plan for decentralization 386 (7)
  appointments to Administration Board 387 (7)
National Selective Service Civilian Regulations—
  coal mining 254 (5)
  effective date 628 (11)
  employment of men unfit for military training 648 (12)
  flue cured tobacco regulations 305 (6)
  labour priority—designated establishment 562 (10)
  notice of separation from employment 739, 740 (13)
  transfer to more essential employment 392 (7)
National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations—
  medical examination, amendment 619 (11)
  proclamation calling men born in 1925 for service 365 (7)
  regulations amended 566 (10)
National Selective Service Orders—
  compulsory employment orders 14 (1), 261 (5), 480 (8)
  construction workers 740 (13)
  control of advertising 261 (5)
  employment of members of His Majesty's forces on leave 513 (9)
  longshoremen, Saint John, N.B. 514 (10)
  seasonal employment, women canners 15 (1)
  women—separation from employment 739 (13)
National War Finance Committee—
  changes in organization 379 (7)
National War Labour Board—
  appointment of member revoked 627 (11)
  member appointed 651 (12)
National War Labour Board Committee—
  member appointed 9 (1)
Naval, Military and Air Forces—
  administration of estates 245 (5)
  employment of members on leave 513 (9)
  men discharged from active service 568 (10)
Naval Orders—
  administration of clothing comforts 319 (6)
Naylor, A. E.—
  appointment as Controller of Reliance Aircraft and Tool Company revoked 46 (2)
Neoprene—
  prices 38 (1)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

Newfoundland—
  Canadian Army units 375 (7)
  parcels to Canadian Army units 53 (2)
Newsprint paper—
  maximum price 283 (5)
Northwest Territories—
  radio-active substances reserved to the Crown 645 (12)

Oats—
  regulations establishing control amended 306 (5)
Oil—
  coupons for graded gasoline 79 (2)
  domestic fuel 229 (4)
  fuel, subsidy repayment 661 (12)
  specifications for graded motor fuel 77 (2)
Oil Controller—
  Deputy appointed 46 (2)
Old age pensions—
  agreements with the provinces 377 (7)
Ontario—
  distribution of coal supplies 133 (3)
  housing accommodation 417 (7), 597 (10)
Oranges—
  customs duty exemption 259 (5)
  subsidy repayment 662 (12)
Orders in Council—
  War Measures Act, conditions of invalidation 368 (7)
Ottawa—
  lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 508 (9)
  prices for ice 719 (12)

Pacific Herring Production Regulations—
  regulations established 509 (9)
Packaging—
  fruit and vegetables in wood containers 327 (6), 454 (7)
  salt in cartons and bags 535 (9)
Packers—
  price adjustment 205 (4)
Paint—
  metal content in containers 710 (12)
Paper—
  book, writing and specialty 429 (7), 751 (13)
  conversion into waxed bread wrappers 454 (7)
  manufacture 633 (11)
  tariff, specially processed sheets, duplicating machines 564 (10)
Peaches—
  maximum prices, growers, shippers, etc. 440 (7), 713 (12)
Peanuts—
  prices 210 (4)
Pears—
  maximum prices, growers, shippers, etc. 440 (7), 713 (12)
Peat moss—
  use for poultry litter and horticultural purposes in B.C. 283 (5)
Permits—
  aluminum paint, paste and powder 225 (4)
  animal and fish products 586 (10)
  coal 547 (9)
  coal tar 636 (11)
  construction machinery and equipment 691 (12)
  copper, production of automotive parts 227 (4)
  cutting tools 298 (5)
  electric fans 66 (2)
  electric generators 286 (5)
  electric motors and equipment 286 (5), 430 (7)
  ester gum 73 (2)
  glycerine 796 (13)
  housing accommodation 410 (7)
  iron, wrought 233 (4)
Permits—*Concluded*
  kilns 463 (7)
  lighting fixtures 335, 336 (6)
  livestock, slaughtering 321 (6)
  molasses 543 (9)
  oil, domestic fuel 229 (4)
  peat moss 283 (5)
  print paper 267 (5)
  publications 268 (5)
  pyrethrum and rotenone 529 (9)
  rods, steel 463 (7)
  silver 135 (3)
  steel, carbon and alloy 233 (4)
  thermoplastics 457 (7)
  thiamine hydrochloride 643 (12)
  tires and tubes 139 (3)
  transformers 290 (5)
  tung oil 603 (10)
  varnish resins 792 (13)
  wire 462 (7), 605 (10)
  yarns, jute 164 (4), 320 (6)
Pesticides—
  See—fertilizers and pesticides
Petroleum—
  tax exemption on imports 94 (3)
Pigments—
  dyestuffs and organic pigments 455 (7)
Pike—
  exportation controlled by permit 624 (11)
Pilotage rates—
  B.C. district 249 (5)
Pine—
  prices, ponderosa 109 (3)
  lodgepole 123 (3)
Pineapple—
  canned, wholesale prices 342 (6)
Pipes—
  stove and furnace 433 (7)
Plastic materials—
  use controlled by permit 457 (7)
  See also—thermoplastics
Plums—
  maximum prices, growers, shippers, etc. 440 (7), 713 (12)
Postal corps—
  Canadian Army—duties 484 (8)
Potash—
  use as a fertilizer controlled by permit 583 (10)
Potatoes—
  maximum prices 597 (10), 690 (12)
Pottery ware—
  manufacture 218 (4)
  restaurant or vitrified ware 212 (4)
  semi-porcelain 218 (4)
Prairie provinces—
  harvesting equipment 475 (8)
Preserves—
  freezing sales to consumers 527 (9), 581 (10)
  rationing 631 (11), 663 (12), 685 (12)
Price adjustments—
  food products in glass containers 204 (4)
  packers 205 (4)
  retailers 207 (4)
  wholesalers 206 (4)
Priorities—
  Production Requirements Plan rescinded 229 (4)
Prisoners of war—
  camps established *re* wood fuel operations 312 (6)
  resident labourers on farms 164 (4)
  wage scale, labour projects 245 (5)
Production Requirements Plan—
  plan rescinded 229 (4)
Protected areas and places—
  Anticosti Island 15 (1)
  Kamloops, B.C. 52 (2)
Publications—
  use of print paper controlled by permit 267 (5)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

Publication—importation allowed—
  Wageworker 514 (9)
Publications—importation prohibited—
  El Espanol; El Noticiero; Heraldo de Aragon; Hoja del Lunes 107 (3)
Pulpwood—
  exportation controlled by permit 234 (4)
  New Brunswick 209 (4)
  order revoked 300 (5)
  Quebec 634 (11)
Pyrethrum—
  use of pesticide controlled by permit 529 (9)

Quebec—
  distribution of coal supplies 133 (3)
Quebec Shipyards Ltd.—
  authorized to operate the Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Co. and George T. Davie & Sons, Ltd. 92 (3)

Radio-active substances—
  Northwest Territories 645 (12)
  Yukon Territory 644 (12)
Radios—
  used domestic 493 (8)
Rags—
  unwashed wiping type 790 (13)
Railways—
  reduced fares for passengers suspended 17 (1)
  test period, extended, reduced fares 317 (6)
Ration Boards—
  local, functions 682 (12)
Ration coupons—
  expiration dates 688 (12)
  lawful use 57 (2)
  possession 664 (12)
  valid dates 686 (12)
Rationed foods—
  application of rationing system to all rationed foods 663 (12)
  serving by quota users 675 (12)
Rationing—
  butter 663 (12)
  coffee 663 (12)
  food for ships' stores 670 (12)
  gasoline 609, 610 (10)
  honey 685 (12)
  jams 685 (12)
  jellies 661 (12)
  marmalade 685 (12)
  meats 663, 668, 683 (12)
  preserves 631 (11) 663, 685 (12)
  sugar 268 (5), 663 (12)
  tea 663 (12)
  tires and tubes 139 (3)
Real property—
  conversion into living accommodation: Toronto 717, 720 (12), Victoria, 788 (13)
Regional War Labour Board—
  Chairman appointed for B.C. 7 (1)
  member appointed for Alberta 565 (10)
  member appointed for Quebec 646 (12)
Rent Control—
  Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, Nova Scotia, Ontario and Quebec 417 (7)
  Edmonton, Alta. 743 (13)
  New Brunswick 418 (7)
  Ontario, certain townships 597 (10)
  Saskatchewan 419 (7)
  Vancouver, B.C. 584 (10)
  Windsor, N.S. 209 (4)
  Windsor, Ont. 651 (12)
Repayment of Subsidy Order—
  order established 90 (3)
Retail purchase tax—
  exemption from payment 650 (12)
Rice—
  importation controlled by permit 377 (7), 483 (8)
  subsidy repayment 662 (12)
Rods—
  purchase and shipment of steel rods 462 (7)
Rooming accommodation—
  Edmonton, Alta. 743 (13)
  Vancouver, B.C. 584 (10)
  Windsor, Ont. 209 (4)
Ross, Alex.—
  appointed Director, Civil Air Raid Precautions 102 (3)
Rotenone—
  use of insecticide controlled by permit 529 (9)
Royal Canadian Air Force—
  leave of absence for civil servants 95 (3)
  National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order 1941, 389 (7)
Royal Canadian Air Force (Women's Division)—
  income tax, officers 12 (1)
Royal Canadian Navy—
  leave of absence for civil servants 95 (3)
  National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order 1941, 389 (7)
  regulations governing enslitment 374 (7)
Rubber and rubber substitutes—
  neoprene 38 (1)
  tax exemptions on chemicals used in the manufacture of synthetic rubber 564 (10) 629 (11)
Rubber Conservation and Technical Committee—
  member appointed 136 (3)
Rubber goods—
  subsidy repayment 662 (12)

Saint John, N.B.—
  lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 651 (12)
  support of the butter market 391 (7)
St. Margaret's Sea Training School—
  trainees' eligibility for mates' examination 368 (7)
Salmon—
  Atlantic coast, canned 332 (6)
  Pacific coast, canned 64 (2)
Salt—
  cartons and bags 535 (9)
  manufacturers' prices 19 (1)
Salt Fish Advisory Committee—
  committee established 273 (7)
Salt Fish Export Regulations—
  regulations established 371 (7)
Sargeant, C.C.—
  appointed boards of inquiry 514 (9)
Sarnia, Ont.—
  lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 651 (12)
Saskatchewan—
  mortgages on land 366 (7)
Scully, H.D.—
  resigned, Shipping Priorities Committee 8 (1)
Sea trout—
  Atlantic coast, canned 332 (6)
Seamen—
  wages due deceased 49 (2)
Seeds—
  sunflower and rape, grades established 727 (13)
Septic tanks—
  use of metal in manufacture 286 (5)
Shared accommodation—
  See—Rooming accommodation

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

- Ship repairs—
  - service essential to the conduct of the war 311 (6)
- Shipbuilding—
  - insurance policies 735 (13)
  - service essential to the conduct of the war 311 (6)
  - yard and ways, False Creek, B.C. 90 (3)
- Shipping Priorities Committee—
  - members appointed 8 (1)
- Ships—
  - Canadian registry, eligibility of crews 569 (10)
- Shot guns—
  - dealing in 132 (3)
- Silver—
  - purchase and sale 135 (3)
- Sim, David—
  - appointed a member, Foreign Exchange Control Board 100 (3)
- Soap—
  - subsidy repayment 662 (12)
- Soft drinks—
  - crown cork closures 720 (12)
  - maximum prices 424 (7)
- Soldiers—
  - detailed for farm service 643 (12)
- Soles—
  - leather footwear 59 (2)
- Soup—
  - canned, subsidy repayment 662 (12)
- Spices—
  - subsidy repayment 662 (12)
- Spirits—
  - delivery by Canadian distillers 100 (3)
  - wine, tax exemption 100 (3)
- Spruce—
  - prices 109, 123 (3)
- Statements of policy—
  - Wartime Prices and Trade Board 265, 281 (5), 485 (8), 579 (10)
- Steel—
  - carbon and alloy steel 233 (4)
  - mill forms—U.S. order approval system 230 (4)
  - new flat steel strapping 232 (4)
- Steel containers—
  - importation, conditions of entry 654 (12)
- Steel Controller—
  - appointment of a deputy revoked 475 (8)
- Stewart, James M.—
  - resigned as Coal Controller 45 (2)
- Stewart, John L.—
  - resigned as Deputy Oil Controller 46 (2)
- Stoneware—
  - manufacture, types and sizes 216 (4)
- Subsidies—
  - canned soup 662 (12)
  - canned vegetables 661 (12)
  - cheddar cheese 626 (12)
  - cocoa products 661 (12)
  - creamery butter 625 (11)
  - crude oil and petroleum products 661 (12)
  - dried fruits 662 (12)
  - jams, jellies and marmalade 661 (12)
  - leather gloves, mitts, garments 661 (12)
  - maple products 662 (12)
  - milk 625 (11)
  - molasses, oranges 662 (12)
  - repayment of Subsidy Order established 90 (3)
  - repayment on goods exported from Canada 91 (3)
  - rice; rubber goods; soap and shortening; spices 662 (12)
  - wood fuel 8 (1)
- Sugar—
  - rationing 268 (5), 663, 683 (12)
- Superannuation—
  - civil servants serving with the Armed Forces 97 (3)
  - method of calculating allowances where salary increases are not paid 99 (3)
- Switchgear—
  - manufacture restricted 293 (5)
- Synthetic Rubber Technical Advisory Committee—
  - membership amended 459, 460 (7)

- Tariff Board—
  - temporary member appointed 250 (5)
  - temporary Vice-Chairman appointed 376 (7)
- Tariff changes—
  - apple, cherry and plum trees 623 (11), 659 (12)
  - benzine 56 (2)
  - chemicals used in the manufacture of synthetic rubber 564 (10), 629 (11)
  - fruit 622 (11), 658 (12)
  - gasoline anti-oxidants 623 (11)
  - glue 56 (2)
  - oranges 259 (5), 320 (6)
  - paper 564 (10), 628 (11)
  - petroleum 94 (3)
  - vegetables 622 (11), 658 (12)
- Taxi-cabs—
  - passenger fares, Lake St. John area 132 (3)
- Tea—
  - drawback claims 737 (13)
  - rationing 663, 683 (12)
- Terneplate—
  - use in the manufacture of metal containers and closures 202 (4), 703 (12)
- Thermoplastics—
  - use controlled by permit 457 (7)
- Thiamine hydrochloride—
  - importation controlled by permit 643 (12), 741 (13)
- Timber Controller—
  - Deputy appointed and powers defined 370 (7)
- Tinplate—
  - use in the manufacture of metal containers and closures 221 (4), 703, 705 (12)
- Tire ration permit 138 (3)
- Tires and tubes, Rubber—
  - prohibitions, new, used and retreaded 137 (3), 460 (7)
- Tobacco—
  - exportation controlled by permit 163 (4), 236 (4), 262 (5)
- Tomatoes—
  - exportation controlled by permit 385 (7), 483 (8)
- Tools—
  - agricultural hand tools, specifications 129 (3)
  - forged tools, manufacture restricted 23 (1)
- Toronto—
  - conversion of buildings into multiple housing units 717, 720 (12)
- Trading with the enemy—
  - list of specified persons 16 (1), 53 (2), 262 (5), 628 (11), 740 (13)
- Traffic—
  - civilian passenger, reduced fares suspended 17 (1)
- Transformers—
  - manufacture restricted 290, 296 (5)
- Transportation—
  - goods 690 (12)
  - harvesting equipment, prairie provinces 475 (8)
- Tung oil—
  - use in the manufacture of paint and varnish 603 (10)

- Unemployment Insurance Act 505 (9)
- Uniforms, Military—
  - gabardine cloth for army officers 61 (2)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

- United Nations Mutual Aid—
  - munitions and supplies of war 616 (11)
  - ship repairs and shipbuilding 311 (6)
- United States—
  - additional personnel posted to active units of the Canadian army 375 (7)
  - exercise of jurisdiction by district courts, prizes captured on the high seas 309 (6)
  - leave of absence for civil servants enlisting in the armed forces 96 (3)
  - unemployment insurance benefits 566 (10)

- Vancouver—
  - rooming accommodation 584 (10)
  - shipbuilding yard and ways at False Creek 90 (3)
  - support of the butter market by Dairy Products Board 391 (7)
- Vanilla beans—
  - importation controlled by permit 648 (12)
- Varnish resins—
  - control of supply for producing war materials 792 (13)
- Veal—
  - conditions of sale 269 (5)
- Vegetable juices—
  - canned 277 (5), 451 (7)
  - subsidy repayment 452 (7), 661 (12)
- Vegetable oils—
  - use in the manufacture of camphorated oils 247 (5)
- Vegetables—
  - canned, sale and distribution 277, 281 (5), 446 (7)
  - held by canners for essential purposes 278 (5)
  - importations, tax exemptions 622 (11)
  - metal content in containers 224 (4) 705 (12)
  - 1942 vegetable pack 491 (8)
  - packed for sale in wooden containers 327 (6)
  - subsidy repayment 661 (12)
- Vehicles—
  - non-standard types donated to the army 319 (6)
- Vitrified ware—
  - manufacture restricted to certain types 212 (4)

- Wages—
  - due deceased seamen 49 (2)
  - prisoners of war, labour projects 245 (5)
- War department—
  - Pensions and National Health 738 (13)
- War Exchange Conservation Act—
  - deleted from schedules: citrus fruit rinds and certain pickled and preserved fruits 741 (13)
- War Labour Boards—
  - See—National War Labour Board
  - Regional War Labour Board
- War Risk Insurance Act—
  - grain—blanket insurance scheme 733 (13)
  - rates of premiums reduced 733 (13)
- War savings certificates—
  - reimbursement for certain losses connected with distribution 313 (6)
- Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942—
  - amendments 655 (12)
  - delivery of spirits, Canadian distillers 100 (3)
  - regulations for distillers and importers, duration of the war 624 (11)
- Wartime Industries Control Board—
  - aluminium 225 (4), automotive parts containing copper 226 (4), buna S and butyl 497 (8)
  - charcoal production facilities 463 (7)
  - coal—distribution of imported bituminous 545 (9)
  - Coal Controller, appointed 45 (2), appointment revoked 45 (2), associate appointed 7 (1), coal supply, Ontario and Quebec 133 (3), 797 (13); coal tar 636 (11).
- Wartime Industries Control Board—*Concluded*
  - Coffey, J. H. appointed a Deputy Machine Tools Controller 474 (8); Controlled Materials Plan 299 (5), 459 (7), copper 28 (1); copper wire 605 (10), cutting tools 298 (5)
  - domestic fuel oil 229 (4), dyestuffs and organic pigments 455 (7), ester gum 73 (2), gasoline 79 (2), glycerine 796 (13)
  - Grain Warehouse Construction Control Advisory Committee 458 (7)
  - Louson, J. S. appointment Deputy Steel Controller revoked 475 (8)
  - Machine Tools Controller, Deputy appointed 474 (8)
  - MacLaren, Ian, appointed an Associate Coal Controller 7 (1)
  - McMaster, A. E. appointed an Associate Wood Fuel Controller 48 (2), motor fuel 77 (2), motor vehicles 31 (1), 637 (11)
  - National Coal Conservation Committee 544 (9)
  - Production Requirements Plan 229 (4), pulpwood 234 (4), 300 (5)
  - regulations amended 87 (2), 645 (12), rubber 38 (1), 497 (7), Rubber Conservation and Technical Committee 136 (3), rubber tires and tubes 137 (3), 460 (7), 798 (13)
  - silver 135 (3), steel, sale by steel producers 233 (4), Steel Controller, Deputy appointed 475 (8), steel in mill forms 230 (4), steel strapping 232 (4), steel wire rope 548 (9), supplies 799, 780 (13), Synthetic Rubber Technical Advisory Committee 459, 460 (7)
  - thermoplastics 457 (7), timber 39 (1), 155 (3), tinplate 221 (4)
  - vinyl polymers 74 (2)
  - wire, galvanized and annealed 461 (7), Wood Fuel Controller, Associate appointed and powers defined 48 (2)
- Wartime Prices and Trade Board—
  - agricultural hand tools 129 (3), alfalfa meal, dehydrated 27 (1), animal and fish products 586 (10) army officers' uniforms 61 (2), automotive vehicles 208 (4)
  - base paper 454 (7), beer bottle cartons 24 (1), 495 (8); book, writing and specialty papers 429 (7), 751 (13); bottling of alcoholic beverages 203 (4); bread and bakery products, 527, 531 (9); 717 (12) bread wrappers 454 (7); broom corn 718 (12); butter rationing 683 (12).
  - cake cartons 26 (1); cane molasses 538 (9); canned chicken haddies, finnan haddies and mackerel 535 (9); canned fruits and vegetables 277 (5); 446 (7); 491 (8); cartons 339 (6); circuit breakers 293 (5); cloth for suit lengths 790 (13); coffee rationing 683 (12); construction machinery and equipment 691 (12); copper wire bar 605 (10) cork closures for soft drinks 720 (12)
  - diamonds and diamond mounted jewellery 177, 195 (4)
  - eggs 269 (5); 781 (13); electric fans 66 (2); electric generators, motors and control equipment 286 (5); 635 (11); electric motors and equipment 430 (7); electric stoves and ranges 338 (6); equitable distribution—statement of policy 281 (5)
  - farm machinery and equipment, 182, 208 (4); 326 (6); fertilizers 537 (9); 583 (10; floor finishing and maintenance machines 634 (11); food products in glass containers 203, 204 (4); footwear leather 177, 178 (4); forged tools 23 (1); fresh peaches, pears and plums 440 (7); fruit and vegetable packages 327 (6); 454 (7); fuelwood 345, 350, 354, 357 (6); 795 (13); furnaces, warm air 25 (1)

Reference Index Covering Contents of Volume III, Nos. 1 to 13—Con.

Wartime Prices and Trade Board—*Concluded*
  - generators 286, 293 (5); 635 (11); glass containers 325 (6); grapes 592 (10)
  - halibut 332 (6); hammers 22 (1); hotel accommodation 745 (13); housing accommodation congested areas 597 (10)
  - ice prices 341 (6); 719 (12); import policy 265 (5); 485 (8); 579 (10; industrial and construction equipment 697 (12); ingots, non-ferrous metal 21 (1)
  - lamb 276 (5), 323 (6), leather and cotton fabric work gloves and mitts 590 (10), leather dress gloves and mitts 588 (10), leather soles for footwear 59 (2), lighting fixtures 334, 336 (6), liver oil, dogfish and mudshark 61 (2), lumber, various provinces 109, 123 (3), 179 (4), 321 (6)
  - marmalade 19 (1), meal and animal products 721 (12), meat rationing 683 (12), meats 435 (7), men's and boys' work and sports clothing 67 (2), 496 (8), men's and ladies' outer wool clothing 788 (13), metal containers and closures 702 (12)
  - newsprint paper 283 (5)
  - office consolidation 515 (9), orange juice 579 (10)
  - paper 633 (11), pea beans 533 (9), peaches, pears and plums 713 (12), peanuts 210 (4), peat moss 283 (5), pineapple pulp, canned 342 (6), pipes, stove, furnace and warm air 433 (7), potash 583 (10), potatoes 690 (12), pottery ware 218 (4), poultry litter 283 (5), preserves 527 (9), 581 (10), 631 (11), 683 (12), preserves rationing 683 (12), publications, other than newspapers, magazines and other periodicals 267 (5), pulpwood 209 (4), 634 (11), pyrethrum and rotenone 529 (9)
  - ration coupons 57 (2), rationed foods 663 (12), real property conversion 717, 720 (12), 788 (13), regulations amended 506 (9), rentals for hotel accommodation 745 (13), repayment of subsidies 661 (12), restaurant or vitrified ware 212 (4), rooming accommodation 209 (4), 584 (10)
  - salmon 64 (2), 332 (6), 792 (13), salmon, pilchards, soles, brills and witches 792 (13), salt 19 (1), salt containers 535 (9), sausage prices 487 (8), sea trout 332 (6), semi-porcelain pottery ware 218 (4), septic tanks 286 (5), shot guns 132 (3), slaughtering of livestock 321 (6), spruce and lodgepole pine, various provinces 123 (3), steel drums 454 (7), stoneware 216 (4), sugar rationing 268 (5), 683 (12), switchgear 293 (5)
  - taxi-cab fares 132 (3), tea rationing 683 (12), transformers 290 (5), transportation of goods 690 (12), tung oil 603 (10)
  - unwashed wiping rags 790 (13), used domestic radios 493 (8)
  - varnish resins 792 (13), veal 268 (5)
  - whey butter 62 (2), women's and children's coats, suits and sport jackets 493 (8), wool clips 131 (3)

Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations—
  - office consolidation 515 (9), regulations amended 506 (9)

Water supply—
  - Dawson Creek, B.C. 243 (5), 571, 572 (9)

Welland Chemical Works, Ltd.—
  - added to list of government owned companies 55 (2)

West Coast Shipbuilders, Ltd. 90 (3)

Wheat—
  - deliveries to mills for gristing 6 (1), 248 (5)
  - 1942-43 regulations, expiration date 307 (6)
  - payments for feed purposes 255 (5)
  - payments to flour millers 476 (8), 730 (13)

Wheat products—
  - levy of a surcharge when sold for ships' stores 647 (12)

Whisks—
  - manufacture 718 (12)

Williams, Enoch—
  - appointed a member Alberta Regional War Labour Board 565 (10)

Windsor, N.S.—
  - rooming accommodation 209 (4)

Windsor, Ont.—
  - lease of buildings for conversion into multiple housing units 651 (12)

Wine—
  - bottling 203 (4)
  - conditions of tax exemption 100 (3)

Wire—
  - copper 605 (10)
  - galvanized and annealed 461 (7)

Wire rope—
  - restrictions on manufacture of steel type 548 (9)

Women—
  - notice of separation from employment 739 (13)

Women's, misses' and children's wear—
  - styling, sale and delivery 493 (8)

Women's Royal Canadian Naval Service—
  - income tax, officers 12 (1)

Wood fuel—
  - exportation controlled by permit 624 (11)
  - operations, establishment of camps 312 (6)
  - subsidy, time extension 8 (1)

Wood Fuel Controller—
  - Associate Controller appointed 48 (2)
  - powers of Associate and Deputy defined 48 (2)

Wood, wood products and paper—
  - exportation controlled by permit 625 (11)

Wool—
  - men's and ladies' outer clothing 788 (13)

Wool clips 131 (3)

Wrens—
  - See Women's Royal Canadian Naval Service

Yarns—
  - jute 320 (6)

Yukon Territory—
  - radio-active substances reserved to the Crown 644 (12)

Zones—
  - fancy meats and meat by-products 435 (7)
  - lamb 276 (5)
  - peaches, pears and plums 445 (7)
  - potatoes 598 (10)
  - sausages 490 (8)
  - slaughter of hogs 105 (3)

Various Statutes amended, suspended or referred to by Orders in Council passed under authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, R.S.C. 1927—July 6th, 1943 to October 4th, 1943.

Act	Order in Council		Vol. III	
			No.	Page
	P.C.			
Air Force Act	6190	Amendment Order No. 1, 26/8/43	10	561
Canada Shipping Act 1934	5998	Pilotage rates—B.C. District, 28/7/43	5	249
	6214	Sea time *re* mates' examination, 6/8/43	7	368
Civil Service Superannuation Act	25/5610	Restrictions *re* salary increases, 15/7/43	3	99
Customs Act, 1936, Chap. 37	89/5610	Wine spirits distilled prior to March 3, 1943 15/7/43	3	100
	80/6395	Imported electricity deemed to be goods, 13/8/43	7	390
Dominion Lands Act	7167	Reserving to the Crown radio-active substances, Yukon Territory, 15/9/43	12	644
	7168	Reserving to the Crown radio-active substances, N.W.T., 15/9/43	12	645
Dominion Trade and Industry Act 1935	6044	Temporary member, Tariff Board, 29/7/43	5	250
Explosives Act	6266	Forfeiture of explosives when convicted, 6/8/43	7	369
Income War Tax Act	81/5410	Income tax *re* commissioned female officers, 7/7/43	1	12
Militia Act	6295	Enlistment of officers and men, Military Forces of Canada in the Naval and Air Forces—11/8/43	7	374
National Resources Mobilization Act 1940	6632	Retention in present employment of coal delivery men, 7/9/43	11	618
	6990	Amending N.S.S. Mobilization Regulations, 7/9/43	11	619
Navigable Waters Protection Act	5436	Shipbuilding yard and ways, Vancouver, B.C., 8/7/43	3	90
Old Age Pensions Act	6367	Agreements with Provinces *re* supplementary payments, 10/8/43	7	377
Special War Revenue Act	80/6395	Imported electricity deemed goods, 13/8/43	7	390
Tariff Board Act	6044	Temporary member, 29/7/43	5	250
Unemployment Insurance Act	6798	Certain classes of persons not ordinarily insured, 30/8/43	9	505
	6950	Insurance benefits to persons resident in U.S.A. 3/9/43	10	566
United Nations Mutual Aid Act	6098	Ship repairs and shipbuilding designated "essential service" 3/8/43	6	311
	6439	Canadian Mutual Aid Board Regulations, 19/8/43	11	615
War Risk Insurance Act	7407	Reduction in premium rates, 21/9/43	13	733
	7408	Reduction in premium rates *re* grain, 21/9/43	13	733
Yukon Quartz Mining Act	7167	Reserving to the Crown, radio-active substances, Yukon Territory, 15/9/43	12	644

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Orders in Council

5248—British Columbia Fruit Board agreement *re* marketing of Okanagan Valley apples amended (Agriculture) 5
5265—Wheat—increases in deliveries to mills for gristing (Trade and Commerce) 6
5283—Ian M. MacLaren appointed an Associate Coal Controller (Munitions and Supply) 7
5305—George B. Henwood, K.C. appointed Chairman of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board *vice* Hon. E. C. Manning resigned (Labour) 7
5338—Wood fuel—time extended *re* payment of subsidy (Munitions and Supply) 8
5357—F. J. Kemlo appointed to the Shipping Priorities Committee (Trade and Commerce) 8
5361—E. R. Complin appointed to National War Labour Committee *vice* G. Jackson resigned (Labour) 9
3/5410—Berries for jam manufacture—amendments *re* payment of subsidies (Agriculture) .. 9
54/5410—Cost of Living Bonus *re* certain classes of dependents—Members of the Armed Forces (National Defence) 10
81/5410—Income tax—female Commissioned Officers (National Revenue) 12

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

Labour—

National Selective Service—

Order No. 4—Compulsory Employment 14
Order No. 6—Temporary seasonal employment of female persons *re* canning fruits and vegetables 15

National Defence—

Detention of suspected persons 15

National Revenue—

W.M. No. 19 supplement No 41—Trading with the enemy 16
W.M. No. 39 Fifth Revision Supplement No. 15—wood, wood products and paper 16

Transport—

Transport Controller—

Order No. T.C. 07P—Elimination of certain excursion and tourist fares on Canadian Railways 17

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Board Orders—

No. 288—Maximum Manufacturers' prices of certain groceries 19
No. 289—Maximum Manufacturers' prices of certain groceries 19

Administrators' Orders—

A-785—Maximum prices of non-ferrous Metal ingots for castings 21
A-796—Nail, machinist and sundry handled hammers 22
A-797—Sundry forged tools 23
A-799—Cartons for packing beer bottles 24
A-800—Warm air furnaces 25
A-801—Cake cartons 26
A-802—Price of dehydrated alfalfa meal 27

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

Metals Controller—
Order No. M.C.41A—Frozen, dormant and excess stocks of wrought copper............ 28

Motor Vehicle Controller—
Order No. M.V.C.21B—Production and inventories of parts for Motor Vehicles......... 31

Rubber Controller—
Order No. Rubber 6B—Maximum prices for Neoprene................................ 38

Timber Controller—
Order No. Timber 1-C—Order No. T.C. 1-A rescinded................................ 39

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council amending agreement with B. C. Fruit Board *re* marketing of Okanagan Valley apples, 1942 crop

P.C. 5248

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 5th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council dated the 5th day of June, 1942 (P.C. 4747), an agreement with the British Columbia Fruit Board respecting the marketing of apples grown in the Okanagan Valley of the Province of British Columbia in the year 1942 was approved;

And whereas thereunder the British Columbia Fruit Board agreed "to explore the possibilities of bulk shipping and marketing" of apples, but no specific basis was mentioned for subsidy of any such sales;

And whereas under Clause 3 thereof the Minister of Agriculture was empowered to assist the Board in obtaining for unwrapped apples an average f.o.b. price of $1.15 per box;

And whereas the Minister of Agriculture reports that $45 per ton or 90 cents per 40 pounds of apples was calculated to be the approximate equivalent of $1.15 per box of unwrapped apples less the saving in costs of boxes and packing.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize amendment of Clause 3 of the aforesaid agreement to read as follows, the added provision being indicated by the underlining:

3. The Minister agrees to assist in the marketing of a maximum quantity of 4,750,000 boxes of apples, less any quantity sold by the Board outside of Canada, by paying to the Board the sum or amount by which the f.o.b. value of all sales by the Board in Canada for fresh consumption at prices authorized by the Minister totals less than an average of $1.25 per box of wrapped pack, $1.15 per box of unwrapped pack *and $45 per ton or 90c. per box of bulk apples on the basis of 40 pounds being the average net weight of a box of unwrapped pack,* for a total quantity of 4,500,000 boxes less any quantity sold by the Board outside of Canada, and the sum or amount by which the f.o.b. value of any additional such sales not exceeding 250,000 boxes totals less than an average of $1 per box.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing increase in deliveries of wheat to mills for gristing

P.C. 5265

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 5th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas under the provisions of regulations made by Order in Council P.C. 10,000 of November 6th, 1942, actual producers of wheat in the area referred to in the said Order in Council were authorized, subject to the terms and provisions of the said regulations, to deliver wheat to mills for gristing purposes up to a total of forty (40) bushels each, during the crop year 1942-43;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that it is desirable and necessary that such deliveries of wheat be increased and that all producers be authorized to deliver wheat for gristing purposes, as aforesaid;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend the said regulations and they are hereby amended by deleting therefrom Section 32 and substituting therefor the following:—

32. (1) A producer shall be entitled to deliver wheat grown on the lands described in the permit book to a mill for gristing purposes up to a total of one hundred (100) bushels during the crop year 1942-43, without diminishing the total wheat delivery quota of 15 bushels on the authorized acreage of the said lands;

(2) Wheat grown on the lands described in the permit book prior to the present year may be gristed as aforesaid;

(3) The one hundred (100) bushel limit is the gross amount deliverable for the purposes aforesaid by any producer and if costs of gristing are paid in wheat, shall include all costs such as charges for gristing, bags and other items which should properly be so included;

(4) The flour from such gristed wheat shall be used only by the producer and his own household, and shall not be re-sold by the producer;

(5) All wheat delivered for such gristing shall be entered by the miller in the permit book at the time of delivery to the mill and marked "Family Gristing";

(6) Such wheat for gristing shall be received at the mill before flour is delivered in respect thereof and all exchanges of wheat for flour must be made at the mill;

(7) Mills accepting delivery of wheat under this order shall not establish depots or agencies for the purpose of exchanging flour for wheat on a grist basis and shall not transport flour to be exchanged for wheat with the producers on a grist basis;

(8) The Board may suspend, revoke, amend or substitute other provisions for any of those contained in the subsections (5), (6) and (7) immediately above.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing Ian M. MacLaren an Associate Coal Controller

P.C. 5283

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 2nd day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 15, 1943, Regulations Respecting Coal and Coke were established, and James McGregor Stewart, K.C., of Halifax, N.S., was appointed Coal Controller;

And whereas the said Regulations were amended by Order in Council P.C. 4361 of May 28, 1943;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that it is desirable to appoint an Associate Coal Controller and that Ian M. MacLaren of the city of Toronto, Ontario, is a fit and proper person to be so appointed.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Ian M. MacLaren, of the city of Toronto, Ontario, an Associate Coal Controller, effective June 8, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing George B. Henwood, K.C., Chairman of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board vice Honourable E. C. Manning, resigned

P.C. 5305

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 5th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that the Minister of Trade and Industry for the Province of Alberta, the Honourable E. C. Manning, advises that in view of his added responsibilities as Premier of the Province of Alberta, he is unable to continue as Chairman of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board; and

That it is therefore necessary to make provision for the appointment of a new Chairman for the said Board;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to accept and doth hereby accept the resignation of the Honourable E. C. Manning, Minister of Trade and Industry for the Province of Alberta, as Chairman of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board, effective the first day of July, 1943.

His Excellency in Council, under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, R.S.C. 1927, is further pleased, notwitstanding the provisions of Section 7 of the Wartime Wages Control Order (P.C. 5963, 10th July, 1942) to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. George B. Henwood, K.C., of Edmonton, Alberta, as Chairman of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board at a salary of $4,800 per annum, together with travelling and living expenses while absent from Edmonton on business of the said Board; such appointment to take effect on the first day of July, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council extending time during which wood fuel may be contracted for and cut to be eligible for subsidy

P.C. 5338

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 5th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 3465 of April 29, 1943, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 4363 of May 28, 1943, authorized the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to direct Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., to pay, on the certification of the Wood Fuel Controller, a subsidy or bonus of $1.00 per standard cord of 128 cubic feet on all commercial wood fuel contracted for and cut on or before June 30, 1943 and delivered to a dealer or held to his account, after March 5, 1943.

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply states that the Wood Fuel Controller reports that it is desirable to extend to December 31, 1943 the time within which wood fuel may be contracted for and cut in order that the dealer to whom it is delivered or on whose account it is held may be entitled to the subsidy.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, concurred in by the Minister of Finance, and pursuant to the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act and otherwise, is pleased to amend Paragraph (*a*) of Section 2 of Order in Council P.C. 3465 of April 29, 1943, and it is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the word and figures "June 30, 1943" and by substituting therefor the word and figures "December 31, 1943".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing F. J. Kemlo to Shipping Priorities Committee.

P.C. 5357

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 5th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas Mr. H. D. Scully was appointed a member of the Shipping Priorities Committee by Order in Council P.C. 8487 of October 31, 1941;

And whereas upon his appointment as Canadian Consul General to New York it has been necessary for Mr. Scully to resign membership in the said committee.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. F. J. Kemlo, of the Bulk Purchasing Division, Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited, a member of the Shipping Priorities Committee, vice H. D. Scully, resigned.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing E. R. Complin to National War Labour Committee, vice G. Jackson, resigned.

P.C. 5361

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 5th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased, hereby, to accept the resignation of Mr. G. Jackson, as a member of the National War Labour Committee, representing employers.

His Excellency, on the same recommendation, is further pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. E. R. Complin, of Montreal, a member of the National War Labour Committee, representing employers, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. G. Jackson.

A. D. P. HEENEY.
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* subsidies on berries for jam manufacture.

P.C. 3/5410

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 7th July, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Agriculture reporting:—

That according to further information submitted to the Agricultural Food Board it is desirable to amend Order in Council P.C. 1/4225 dated the 21st May, 1943, authorizing certain subsidies on berries for jam manufacture.

The undersigned therefore has the honour to recommend that, under authority of the War Measures Act, the aforesaid Order in Council P.C. 1/4225 be hereby amended as follows:—

1. By substituting the following as sub-clause (*a*) of Clause (1) thereof:

(*a*) to be payable and recoverable only by jam manufacturers holding a Manufacturer's Sales Tax Licence issued by the Excise Division of the Department of National Revenue and thereunder producing jams as herein mentioned for sale on a commercial basis and through normal commercial channels;

2. By substituting the following as sub-clause (*b*) of Clause (1) thereof:

(*b*) to be payable and recoverable by such manufacturers only on strawberries, raspberries, loganberries, gooseberries and currants used in the manufacture of "pectin" and "compound (blended" jams, and of "pectin" jellies, without quantitative limitation as to "pectin" jam or jelly but limited to the poundage of "compound (blended)" jam of each named fruit by each such manufacturer in the calendar year 1941; provided however that any manufacturer heretofore having packed "pure" jam in large proportion of total pack may, at discretion of the Agricultural Food Board, be authorized to exceed his 1941 poundage of "compound (blended)" jam;

3. By substituting the following as Clause (2) thereof:

(2) Subject to the foregoing, subsidies as follows shall be payable and recoverable by such manufacturers:

(a) *in British Columbia—*

- (i) strawberries, 6 cents per pound of No. 1 Jam grade and 4 cents per pound of No. 2 Jam grade, added to the net purchase cost which shall be not less than 6 cents per pound;
- (ii) raspberries, 3 cents per pound, added to the net purchase cost which shall be not less than 11 cents per pound;
- (iii) loganberries, 3 cents per pound, added to the net purchase cost which shall be not less than 7½ cents per pound;
- (iv) gooseberries, currants, 3 cents per pound, added to the net purchase cost which shall be not less than the manufacturer's purchase cost in 1942 of each such fruit for jam manufacture; provided however that any manufacturer not having purchased any such fruit in 1942 shall obtain approval of his 1943 purchase price from the Agricultural Food Board;

(b) *in Ontario and east thereof—*

- (i) strawberries, 3 cents per pound, added to the net purchase cost which shall be not less than 9 cents per pound or 11¼ cents per quart—purchases by the quart to be calculated as 20 ounces;
- (ii) raspberries, 3 cents per pound, added to the net purchase cost which shall be not less than 10 cents per pound or 11¼ cents per quart—purchases by the quart to be calculated as 18 ounces;
- (iii) loganberries, 3 cents per pound;
- (iv) gooseberries, currants, 3 cents per pound, added to the net purchase cost which shall be not less than the manufacturer's purchase cost in 1942 of each such fruit for jam manufacture; provided however that any manufacturer not having purchased any such fruit in 1942 shall obtain approval of his 1943 purchase price from the Agricultural Food Board.

4. By substituting the following as Clause (3) thereof:

(3) The expenditure of a sum not exceeding $450,000 from moneys to be allotted to the Department of Agriculture from the War Appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1943-44.

The Board, having approved the estimate of expenditure chargeable to the War Appropriation, 1943-44, concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* Cost of Living Bonus to certain classes of dependents of Members of the Armed Forces.

P.C. 54/5410

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 7th July, 1943.

The Board had under consideration the following memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of National Defence:—

1. The undersigned has the honour to state that the Chairman, Dependents' Allowance Board, reports that:—

2. (a) Order in Council P.C. 11690 dated 29th December, 1942, provides that a Cost of Living Bonus be added to the dependents' allowance awarded by the Dependents' Allowance Board in respect of the wives and children of members of the Military and Air Forces of Canada and to the Marriage Allowance payable in respect of the wives and children of members of the Naval Forces of Canada and that the amount of the said bonus be determined as set out therein.

(b) Article 117 of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Canadian Active Service Force (Canada) provides that the Dependents' Allowance Board may grant an allowance to a woman who, although not legally married to the officer or soldier concerned, has lived for at least two years prior to his enlistment in domestic relations with him, has been publicly represented as his wife, has been regularly supported by him on a bona fide domestic basis during that period and is not commonly regarded as a loose character. The same provision is made with respect to officers and other ranks of the Royal Canadian Air Force by Article 117 of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Air Force on Active Service.

(*c*) Article 101 of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Canadian Active Service Force (Canada) provides in part that dependents' allowance may be paid in cases where, in the opinion of the Board, the continued maintenance of a home for the dependent children of an officer or soldier is justified and there is no wife or the wife has abandoned her domestic responsibility or is confined to an institution by reason of mental or physical incapacity, to a daughter, step-daughter, mother, step-mother, mother-in-law, sister, step-sister, sister-in-law, aunt or female first cousin responsible for the care and management of the home for his dependent children. The same provision is made with respect to members of the Royal Canadian Air Force by Article 101 of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Air Force on Active Service.

(*d*) Article 367 of Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Navy 1942 provides in part that Marriage Allowance is payable in respect of the guardian of a child or children of an officer or rating of the Royal Canadian Navy who is a widower or is separated from his wife.

(*e*) It is considered that a Cost of Living Bonus, on the same scale as is provided for a wife by Order in Council P.C. 11690 dated 29th December, 1942, should be added to the dependents' allowance awarded by the Dependents' Allowance Board in respect of members of the Military or Air Forces of Canada to the classes of dependents mentioned in paragraphs (*b*) and (*c*) hereof and to the Marriage Allowance payable in respect of members of the Naval Forces of Canada to the class of dependents mentioned in paragraph (*d*) hereof.

(*f*) Article 113A of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Canadian Active Service Force (Canada), Article 113A of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Air Force on Active Service and Article 383 of Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Navy 1942 provide that when an officer or a sailor, soldier, or airman in respect of whom dependents' allowances are in issue dies or is officially reported missing, the Dependents' Allowance Board may make monthly payments to his dependent or dependents comprising the dependents' allowance in issue and certain supplements as set out therein for a period of six months following that in which the officer or sailor, soldier or airman dies or is reporting missing.

(*g*) It is considered that if, pursuant to the provisions of Order in Council P.C. 11690 dated 29th December, 1942, or the provisions of this Order, a Cost of Living Bonus has been added to the dependents' allowance awarded by the Dependents' Allowance Board to a dependent of a member of the Naval, Military or Air Forces who subsequently dies or is reported missing or who on the 1st day of January, 1943, would have been entitled to such Cost of Living Bonus if such member of the Forces had not died or had not been reported missing, such Cost of Living Bonus should continue to be payable during such period as such dependent is in receipt of monthly payments pursuant to the provisions of Article 113A, paragraphs (1) (2) and (3) of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Canadian Active Service Force (Canada), Article 113A, paragraphs (1) (2) and (3) of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Air Force on Active Service, or Article 383, paragraphs (1) (2) (3) and (4) of Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Navy 1942, providing that such monthly payments are based on the dependents' allowance formerly payable to such dependent together with such supplements as are provided by the said Articles and are not based on the maximum pension rate payable in respect to such member of the Forces.

3. The Deputy Minister of National Defence (Army) therefore recommends that the word "wife" as used in Order in Council P.C. 11690 dated 29th Decem-

ber 1942, shall mean and include as well as a legal wife, a person whose entitlement to dependents' allowance is based on the provisions of Articles 101 (*a*) or 117 of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Canadian Active Service Force (Canada) and Financial Regulations and Instructions for tthe Royal Canadian Air Force on Active Service, or on Section 3 (2) of Article 367 of Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Navy 1942, or on any provision that may subsequently be incorporated in Regulations and Instructions for the Royal Canadian Navy 1942, conforming in intent to the said Article 117 of Financial Regulations and Instructions for the Canadian Active Service Force (Canada) and Royal Canadian Air Force, provided that no more than one Cost of Living Bonus shall be paid to any individual.

The Deputy Minister also recommends that a Cost of Living Bonus on the same scale as is provided by Order in Council P.C. 11690 dated 29th December, 1942, should be added to the monthly payments awarded by the Dependents' Allowance Board to the dependents of members of the Naval, Military or Air Forces of Canada who have died or who are officially reported missing if such dependents would have been entitled to a Cost of Living Bonus in respect of dependents' allowance for which they would have been eligible but for such death or report, providing that the monthly payments awarded by the Dependents' Allowance Board are based on the dependents' allowance formerly payable to such dependents together with supplements and are not based on the maximum pension rate payable in respect of such members of the Naval, Military or Air Forces.

The estimated cost of the foregoing proposal for 12 months of 1943-44 amounts to $100,000 which is a recurring expenditure. The sum of $10,000 is to be paid by the Navy, $20,000 by the Royal Canadian Air Force. Funds are available for the Army in the amount of $70,000 in "Special Reserve—Releases" for transfer to the "Pay and Allowances" Allotment, and are also available for the Royal Canadian Navy and Royal Canadian Air Force in the amount stated for the respective services.

4. The Minister of National Defence for Air, the Minister of National Defence for Naval Services and the undersigned concur in the recommendation of the Deputy and the undersigned recommends the same for approval.

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* Income Tax, female commissioned officers

P.C. 81/5410

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 7th July, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourables the Minister of National Revenue, the Minister of Finance, the Minister of National Defence, the Minister of National Defence for Air, and the Minister of National Defence for Naval Services recommending that an Order in Council be passed to provide:—

Whereas Rule 2 of section 3 of Paragraph A of the First Schedule to the Income War Tax Act, Chapter 97, R.S.C. 1927, as enacted by section 1 of Chapter 28 of the Statutes of 1942-43 and made applicable to the 1942 taxation period by subsection 1 of section 33 of the said Chapter 28, provides as follows:—

> Rule 2. The taxes payable by any commissioned officer in the Canadian naval, military or air forces in accordance with the rules set out in sections one and two of Paragraph A of the First Schedule to this Act shall not in the aggregate exceed in any taxation year the amount by which the aggregate

of such officer's income and the amount refundable to him under section ninety-three of this Act exceeds

(*a*) in the case of any such officer in respect of whom no dependents' allowance is paid, sixteen hundred dollars; and

(*b*) in the case of any other such officer, the aggregate of sixteen hundred dollars and the dependents' allowances which would be payable to his dependents if he held the highest rank of warrant or non-commissioned officer in the service to which he belongs but not including any allowance for more than two children: Provided that the aforesaid amount of one thousand six hundred dollars shall not apply in respect of female commissioned officers, and that the Governor in Council may by order fix an amount to apply in respect of such female officers having regard to differences in pay between male and female warrant or non-commissioned officers.

Therefore, the figure to be used in the application of Rule 2 of section 3 of Paragraph A of the First Schedule to the Income War Tax Act in respect of the 1942 taxation period with respect to female commissioned officers of the Women's Royal Canadian Naval Services, Canadian Women's Army Corps and the Royal Canadian Air Force (Women's Division) shall be $1,022 in lieu of the figure of $1,600 mentioned in the said Rule 2, but the rate in respect of other female commissioned officers shall be $1600.

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

Pursuant to Section 210 of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, the following Order is hereby made:—

Compulsory Employment Order No. 4

No employer employing any person in any of the occupations specified below may retain in employment after July 24th, 1943, any male person who has attained his sixteenth birthday and who has not attained his nineteenth birthday, without obtaining a permit in prescribed form from a Selective Service Officer:

1. Any occupation in or associated with the following:
    (*a*) barber shops and beauty parlours.
    (*b*) distilling alcohol for beverage.
    (*c*) dyeing, cleaning and pressing, baths, guide service, shoe shining.
    (*d*) entertainment, including but not restricted to theatres, film agencies, motion picture companies, clubs, bowling alleys, pool rooms.
    (*e*) operation of ice cream parlours and soda fountains.
    (*f*) manufacture of feathers, plumes and artificial flowers, chewing gum, wine, lace goods, greeting cards, jewelry.
    (*g*) retail stores.
    (*h*) factory production of statuary and art goods.
    (*i*) retail and wholesale florists.
    (*j*) retail sale of confectionery, candy, tobacco, books, stationery, news.
    (*k*) retail sale of motor vehicles or accessories.
    (*l*) retail sale of sporting goods or musical instruments.
    (*m*) service stations (gasoline-filling stations).
    (*n*) taverns, liquor, wine and beer stores.

2. Bus boy; charman and cleaner; custom furrier; dancing teacher; dish washer; domestic servant; doorman and starter; elevator operator; greens keeper; grounds keeper; hotel bell boy; porter (other than in railway train service); private chauffeur; taxi driver; waiter.

Dated at Ottawa, this 10th day of July, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

(Sgd.) A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

(Sgd.) HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

ORDER

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 505 (g) of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19th, 1943, as amended, the Minister of Labour hereby makes the following Order:—

ORDER No. 6

Order No. 3 dated at Ottawa the 27th day of February, 1943, is hereby revoked.

The provisions of Sections 202-208 inclusive of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations being Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19th, 1943, as amended, shall not apply to the temporary seasonal employment of female persons in factories engaged in processing or canning perishable fruits and vegetables, if it is known that the employment will not exceed a period of ten weeks.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of June, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

(Sgd.) A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

(Sgd.) HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

THE DEFENCE OF CANADA REGULATIONS

Whereas by Regulation 5A of the Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidated 1942) as enacted by Order in Council P.C. 4179, dated the 25th day of May, 1943, authority has been created to detain for questioning any person acting in a suspicious manner or who may be deemed likely to act in a manner prejudicial to the safety of the State or the efficient prosecution of the war in any area which may by Order be designated:

And whereas I am empowered by the said Regulations to designate and define such areas;

Now therefore, in pursuance of the power granted as aforesaid, I do hereby order that the area situate in the province of Quebec, including the Island of Anticosti, described as hereunder, is hereby declared a designated area for the purpose of and subject to the said Regulation;—

> "All that part of the province of Quebec lying to the south of the St. Lawrence River and to the east of the line of railway running from Matapedia to Mont-Joli and the highway from Mont-Joli to Ste. Flavie and that part of the said province of Quebec which is bounded on the west by the Portneuf River, on the south by the St. Lawrence River, on the east by Labrador and on the north by a line running parallel to the St. Lawrence River at a distance of five miles inland therefrom, together with Magdalen Islands, Anticosti Island and that portion of the St. Lawrence River to the north-east of a straight line extending from Mont-Joli to the mouth of the Portneuf River."

And I do hereby direct that this Order be published in the *Canadian War Orders and Regulations* and in an issue of an English language newspaper and in an issue of a French language newspaper published in the City of Quebec.

Dated at the Department of National Defence in the City of Ottawa this twenty-second day of June, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Forty-Three.

J. L. RALSTON,
Minister of National Defence.

H.Q.S. 6265-30 F.D. 8A,
July 6th, 1943.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 19

Supplement No. 41

MEMORANDUM
(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 28th June, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Trading with the Enemy

List of Specified Persons, Revision No. 41

Herewith is furnished for your information and guidance a Proclamation, effective on the date of publication, amending, as stated therein, the List of Specified Persons published with Memorandum WM No. 19.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 39

Fifth Revision

Supplement No. 15

MEMORANDUM
(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 26th June, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

Effective on and after June 28 (P.C. 5100; 24/6/43), the following are added to the list of commodities requiring an export permit before being shipped from Canada to any destination:

Group 4 *Wood, Wood Products and Paper*
Hardwoods, n.o.p.: Logs, sawed or hewn timber, boards, planks and scantlings.
Fence posts.
Railway ties.
Box shooks.
Laths.

In connection with wood products generally, for purpose of export control, the British Timber Control is part of the Ministry of Supply for the United Kingdom; hence, under Export Permit Regulation 34, shipments ordered, diverted or exported by the British Timber Control do not require export permits. Exporters, however, should indicate clearly and conspicuously upon their shipping documents that the shipment is under order from the Ministry of Supply for the United Kingdom, Timber Control Division.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

OFFICE OF THE TRANSPORT CONTROLLER

Montreal, P.Q.

Order No. T.C. 07P., dated June 25th, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4487 of June 9, 1942 and by Order in Council P.C. 2557, dated the thirtieth of March, nineteen hundred and forty-three, and regulations made therein, and, in order to conserve equipment, motive power and fuel and to assure maximum use of railway facilities for the transport of the Armed Forces, munitions and supplies and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic essential to the prosecution of the war, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. For the purpose of this Order,
   (*a*) "Person" includes company, corporation, partnership and/or any other aggregation of persons.
   (*b*) "Railway facilities" means any railway, including electric railways (excepting street railways or tramways) and including all branches, extensions, sidings, stations, depots, wharves, rolling stock, equipment, stores, bridges, tunnels or other structures, and any property, real or personal, and/or works connected therewith.

2. The special bases of reduced fares or rates for the transportation of persons by means of railway facilities, as set out in the schedule attached hereto, shall be suspended as, of, from and after midnight of July 5, 1943.

3. No person shall sell, offer for sale, supply or charge for the transportation of persons by means of railway facilities otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

T. C. LOCKWOOD,
Transport Controller.

Montreal, Que., June 25th, 1943.

Concurred:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

Category of Fare—Round Trip	*Action Taken*
Home visitors' fares—Western to Eastern Canada	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Home visitors' fares—Western Canada to United States destinations	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from Winnipeg and west to Minaki, Ont.	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Sixteen-day limit summer tourist fares from Winnipeg to Minaki, Ont.	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from Winnipeg to Sioux Lookout, Ont. and intermediate points	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Season and sixteen-day limit summer tourist fares from Winnipeg and Prairies to stations Rennie, Man. to Kenora, Ont. inclusive	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from British Columbia, Oregon and Washington to Alberta and British Columbia	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from stations on the DW & P Ry. and stations in Ontario west of Port Arthur to Jasper, Mount Robson, Banff, etc.	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.

Category of Fare—Round Trip	*Action Taken*
Summer tourist fares from stations in British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, and Western Ontario to destinations in Eastern Canada and Newfoundland	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from Duluth, Minn. to destinations in Ontario and Minnesota	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Twenty-one-day limit summer tourist fares from British Columbia, Oregon and Washington to Canadian Rocky Mountain resorts	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from Alberta and Saskatchewan to Prince Rupert	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from Alberta and Saskatchewan to Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Twenty-one-day limit summer tourist fares from stations in Ontario, Port Arthur, Armstrong and west, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to Canadian Rocky Mountain resorts	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from stations in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to Canadian Rocky Mountain resorts.	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from stations in Ontario, Port Arthur, Armstrong and west to Canadian Rocky Mountain resorts	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares from stations in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces to Winnipeg and Western Canada	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Season limit and twenty-one-day limit summer tourist fares from stations in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces to Canadian Rocky Mountain resorts	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer tourist fares applying locally in Eastern Canada, Port Arthur, Armstrong and east	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Season limit and twenty-one-day limit summer tourist fares from stations in Ontario, Port Arthur, Armstrong and east and Quebec to distinations in Maine and New Hampshire	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Twenty-one-day limit summer tourist fares from Ontario and Quebec to destinations east of Levis in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces	Suspended effective midnight July 5. 1943.
Twenty-one-day limit summer tourist fares from Montreal to destinations on the Rutland and Central Vermont Railways	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Sunday excursion fares (in effect summer only) Montreal to Calumet Beach	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.
Summer resort and sea-bathing fares from Montreal, Quebec, Levis, etc., to seashore resorts in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces	Suspended effective midnight July 5, 1943.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board
(Finance)

Board Orders

THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 288

Respecting Maximum Manufacturers' Prices of Certain Groceries

made pursuant to authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated the first day of November, 1941.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Schedule to Order No. 116 of the Board.

Therefore, the Board hereby orders as follows:

1. The Schedule to Order No. 116 of the Board as previously amended by certain Orders of the Board is hereby further amended by deleting therefrom the following item of specified groceries:

"Table Salt"

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 28th day of June, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, this 22nd day of June, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ORDER No. 289

Respecting Maximum Manufacturers' Prices of Certain Groceries

made pursuant to authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941.

The Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. The Schedule to Order No. 116 of the Board is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the words "jam, jelly and marmalade" and substituting therefor the word "marmalade".

2. The said Schedule is hereby further amended by deleting therefrom the words "clothes pins".

3. This Order shall be effective on and after June 28th, 1943.

Made at Ottawa this 25th day of June, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-785

Respecting Maximum Prices of Non-Ferrous Metal Ingots for Castings

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby Ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order
(*a*) "ingot" means a copper base alloy of known analysis in a commercial form or shape as manufactured by a licensed smelter for sale and subsequent remelting for the production of castings;
(*b*) "base shipping point" means any city named in the Schedule hereto, and any place not more than ten miles from the nearest boundary of that city wherein is located a licensed smelter;
(*c*) "licensed smelter" means a person who holds a licence from the Metals Controller to do, as specified in the licence, any one or more of the following:
    (i) to smelt or refine scrap as specified in such licence;
    (ii) to consume non-ferrous metals in the manufacture of non-ferrous ingots (or other similar forms) for sale;
(*d*) "Metals Controller" means the person appointed as such by the Governor in Council.

2. The maximum price per pound at which a person may sell or offer to sell, or buy or offer to buy, any of the kinds of ingots described in the Schedule hereto as ordered by the buyer and approved for release by the Metals Controller, and according to the base shipping point named in the said Schedule, shall be the price set forth in the said Schedule opposite that kind of ingot and subject to the quantity differentials in prices, if any, all as shown in the said Schedule.

3. The price at which ingot is sold or offered for sale shall be
(*a*) in cents per pound;
(*b*) f.o.b. the buyer's premises, in the case of a sale by a licensed smelter or other person to a buyer whose warehouse or plant is located in the same base shipping point;
(*c*) f.o.b. trucks at the seller's yard, if shipment is by truck, or f.o.b. railway cars if shipment is by rail, or f.a.s., if shipment is by boat, in or at the base shipping point where the seller's plant is located, in the case of a sale by a licensed smelter or other person to a buyer whose plant is located outside the seller's base shipping point.

4. (1) No person who buys ingot shall give or cause or permit to be given to any person a gift, premium, token or other consideration as a means or for the purpose of inducing a person who owns ingot to sell the same to him if the cost of the gift, premium, token or other consideration together with the cost of the ingot to the buyer exceeds the lawful maximum price that the buyer may pay for the ingot.

(2) No person who sells ingot shall demand or receive or cause or permit any person to demand or receive from a buyer of ingot, a gift, premium, token or other consideration as a condition of the sale of ingot to the buyer if the price paid or consideration given by or on behalf of the buyer for the gift, premium, token or other consideration together with the price received by the seller for the ingot exceeds the seller's lawful maximum price of the ingot.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 28th day of June, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 25th day of June, 1943.

G. C. BATEMAN,
Administrator of Non-Ferrous Metals (Primary).

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S No. A-785

TABLE OF MAXIMUM PRICES

(in cents per pound)

Kind of Ingot	Base Shipping Points		
	Vancouver	Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton, Montreal	Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton, Montreal
		10,000 lbs. and over	Less than 10,000 lbs.
	Cents	Cents	Cents
1. "A" Ingot as specified by Metals Controller's Order No. MC 28 (as amended).	17·00	16·00	16·25
2. "B" Ingot as specified by Metals Controller's Order No. MC 28 (as amended).	15·00	14·50	14·75
3. "C" Ingot as specified by Metals Controller's Order No. MC 28 (as amended).	13·25	12·50	12·75
4. "D" Ingot as specified by Metals Controller's Order No. MC 28 (as amended).	15·00	14·50	14·75
5. "E" Ingot as specified by Metals Controller's Order No. MC 28 (as amended).	11·75	11·50	11·75
6. "F" Ingot as specified by Metals Controller's Order No. MC 28 (as amended).	11·00	10·00	10·25
7. Naval Yellow Brass (60 parts, copper; 39 parts, zinc; ¾ of 1 part, tin; ¼ of 1 part, lead.	11·25	10·25	10·50
8. Manganese, 65,000 lbs. per sq. inch	15·00	13·25	13·50
9. Manganese, 75,000 lbs. per sq. inch	16·00	14·75	15·00
10. Manganese, 90,000 lbs. per sq. inch	18·00	14·75	15·00
11. Manganese, 100,000 lbs. per sq. inch and over	18·50	16·00	16·25
12. PMG (Silicon Bronze)	19·25	17·25	17·25
13. Tombasil (Silicon Bronze)	19·00	17·00	17·00
14. Cansiloy (Silicon Bronze)	17·75	15·50	15·75
15. Everdur (Silicon Bronze)	17·75	15·50	15·75
16. Other Silicon Bronzes	17·75	15·50	15·75
17. Aluminum Bronze	18·75	16·50	16·75
18. Brazing Alloy (85 parts, copper; 15 parts, zinc)	13·00	12·00	12·25

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-796

Respecting Nail, Machinist and Sundry Handled Hammers

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. No person shall manufacture a nail hammer, machinist hammer or sundry handled hammer unless it is of a kind set out in the Schedule hereto and is of a type, weight and finish set out in the said Schedule for each kind of hammer.

2. No person shall manufacture any type of hammer listed in the Schedule hereto in a greater number of grades or designs than is set out in the said Schedule for such type of hammer.

3. Every person who manufactures hammers of any kind or type set out in the Schedule hereto shall within thirty days from the effective date of the Order file with the Administrator of Fabricated Steel and Non-Ferrous Metals a written list in duplicate showing according to such person's catalogue the catalogue numbers and kinds, types, grades, weights, finishes and sizes which he proposes to continue to manufacture.

4. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 5th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 30th day of June, 1943.

H. H. FOREMAN,
Administrator of Fabricated Steel and Non-Ferrous Metals.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-796

NAIL HAMMERS—Adze Eye		Grades	Finish
Plain or Bell face—	24 oz.	1 grade only	semi-finished
Plain or Bell face—	20 oz.	1 〃 〃	〃 〃
Bell face only—	16 oz.	4 grades only	not restricted
Bell face only—	7 or 8 oz.	1 grade only	〃 〃
Ripping Hammers—	16 oz.	1 〃 〃	〃 〃
MACHINISTS BALL PEIN HAMMERS—			
4, 8, 12, 16, 24, 32, 40 oz.		1 grade only	semi-finished

SUNDRY HANDLED HAMMERS—		Designs
Farriers—	9 oz.	1
Brick—	1½ lbs.	1
Tinners—	12, 16 oz.	1
Riveting—	4, 7, or 8, 15 oz.	1
Prospectors Picks—	1½ lbs.	1
Kit Ball Pein Hammers—	10 oz.	1
Blacksmiths Hammers—	2½, 3 lbs.	1

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-797

Respecting Sundry Forged Tools

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. No person shall manufacture a hatchet, maul, blacksmith's chisel, wedge or heavy hammer unless it is of kind listed in the Schedule hereto and is of a weight or size set out in such Schedule for each kind.

2. No person shall manufacture a hatchet, maul, blacksmith's chisel, wedge or heavy hammer in a greater number of types than is set out in the said Schedule for each kind of tool.

3. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Fabricated Steel and Non-Ferrous Metals, upon application to him, may grant in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

4. This Order shall be effective on and after the 5th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 30th day of June, 1943.

H. H. FOREMAN,
Administrator of Fabricated Steel and Non-Ferrous Metals.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-797

HATCHETS—		
Lathing—	One Size each	Two types
Barrelling—	One Size each	Two types
Shingling—	One size	One type
Claw—	One size	One type
MAULS—		
Axe Eye—	6, 7, 8 lbs.	One type
Ship—	6 lbs.	One type
Railroad Spike—	6, 8 lbs.	One type
BLACKSMITHS' CHISELS—		
Cold—	1⅛, 1¼, 1½ ins.	One type
Hot—	1⅛, 1¼, 1½ ins.	One type
WEDGES—		
Saw—	½, ¾, 1, 1½ lbs.	One type
Truckee Pattern—	3, 5, 6, 8 lbs.	One type
HEAVY HAMMERS—		
Striking-Long—	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 16 lbs.	One type
Striking-Short—	6, 8, 10 lbs.	" "
Hand Drilling—	4 lbs.	" "
Blacksmiths' Straight-pein Sledges—	4, 7, 8, 10 lbs.	" "
Blacksmiths Cross-pein Sledges—	4, 6, 8, 10, 12 lbs.	" "
Blacksmiths Double-face Sledges—	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14 lbs.	" "
Masons Hammers—	6, 8, 10 lbs.	" "
Masons Hammers—	8, 10, 12, 14 lbs.	" "
Stone Hammers—	10, 12 lbs.	" "
Scaling Hammers—	1¼ lbs.	" "

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-799

Respecting Cartons for Packing Beer Bottles

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. For the purposes of this Order the words "beer" and "brewer" shall have the same meaning, respectively, as set forth in Section 4 of the Excise Act.

2. No brewer shall package bottles containing beer in a solid fibreboard carton or a corrugated fibreboard carton for storage or shipment

(*a*) unless the dimensions of the carton are as set out in the Schedule hereto, provided that such dimensions may be varied by a manufacturing tolerance of not more than one-eighth of an inch;

(*b*) unless the carton is manufactured in accordance with the specifications set out in the said Schedule;

(*c*) unless the number of bottles packed in the carton, the size and type of bottles, and the method of packing are as indicated in the said Schedule for the size of carton used.

3. No brewer shall order, acquire or accept delivery of any quantity of solid fibreboard cartons or corrugated fibreboard cartons for packaging beer bottles if such brewers inventory of cartons, together with the quantity of cartons ordered by him from other suppliers, is or will by the delivery of such quantity of cartons become in excess of his normal requirements for 60 days.

4. Nothing in this order shall prohibit the use by a brewer of cartons which he has on hand at the effective date hereof, or which were at that date manufactured or in process of manufacture to his order.

5. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Alcoholic Beverages, upon application to him, may grant in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

6. This Order shall be effective on and after the 5th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 2nd day of July, 1943.

D. SIM,
Administrator of Alcoholic Beverages.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-799

1. Dimensions (in inches) of cartons	Method of packing	Size of bottle	No. of bottles per carton
8½ x 5½ x 9¼	Upright	Small	6
11 x 6½ x 4½	Flat	Small	6
10⅛ x 6¾ x 10½	Upright	Large	6
14 x 7½ x 5½	Flat	Large	6
11¼ x 8⅜ x 9¼	Upright	Small	12
12¾ x 10½ x 4¼	Flat	Small	12
16¾ x 11⅛ x 9¼	Upright	Small	24
16¾ x 10⅞ x 6¾	Flat	Small	24
13⅜ x 10 x 10½	Upright	Large	12
14⅜ x 9⅝ x 7⅞	Flat	Large	12
8⅞ x 5¾ x 7	Upright	Steinie	6
11 9/16 x 9⅛ x 7	Upright	Steinie	12
17¾ x 11¾ x 7	Upright	Steinie	24

Partitions may be used in cartons where bottles are packed upright.

2. Specifications for corrugated fibreboard cartons,

(*a*) Maximum thickness of outer liner, corrugation and inner liner
  (i) of the carton, ·016″, ·009″ and ·016″, respectively;
  (ii) of the partition, ·009″ each.

(*b*) Minimum bursting strength per square inch
  (i) of the carton, 200 pounds;
  (ii) of the partition, no restriction.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-800

Respecting Warm Air Furnaces

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Section 3 of Administrator's Order A-476 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"3. No person shall in 1943 or in any succeeding calendar year use in the manufacture of furnaces any greater weight of iron and steel than such percentage of the total weight of iron and steel used by him in the manufacture of furnaces during the calendar year 1941 as may be fixed from time to time by the Administrator."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 5th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of July, 1943.

E. J. LAIDLAW,
Administrator of Heating, Plumbing and
Ventilating Equipment and Supplies.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-801

Respecting Cake Cartons

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. No person shall manufacture cake cartons
(*a*) in more than sixteen sizes;
(*b*) in any sizes other than those set out in the Schedule hereto, provided that a variation from the said sizes of not more than one half inch shall not be deemed to contravene the provisions of this clause;
(*c*) having any style of lock other than the styles indicated for the sizes of cartons set out in the said Schedule.

2. Nothing in this Order shall prohibit the manufacture of cake cartons in sizes or having specifications differing from those set out in the Schedule hereto to fill written orders of purchasers who acquire such cartons for their own use or purpose and not for resale, or of wholesalers who certify that such cartons are for resale to one subsequent purchaser for his own use, provided that this Section shall not apply to any order for less than 25,000 cartons of one size, style and grade of box board.

3. This Order shall be effective on and after the 6th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 3rd day of July, 1943.

C. V. HODDER,
Administrator of Packages and
Converted Paper Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-801

PART I—(Sizes in inches)—

Double Lock— 7½ x 7½ x 3¾
8 x 8 x 2½
8 x 8 x 3½
8½ x 5½ x 2½
9 x 6 x 2½
9 x 9 x 2½
9 x 9 x 4
10 x 7 x 3½

PART II—(Sizes in inches)

Double Lock or
Single Lock— 5½ x 2¾ x 1 11/16
6 x 5 x 2⅝
6 x 6 x 2½
6 x 6 x 3½
6½ x 4 x 3½
7½ x 4½ x 3½
7½ x 7½ x 3
8 x 5 x 3½

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-802

Respecting the Price of Dehydrated Alfalfa Meal

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Section 2 of Administrator's Order No. A-221 is amended by striking out the words and figures "from the 1942 crop" where they appear in that Section.

2. Section 5 of said Administrator's Order No. A-221 is revoked.

3. This Order shall be effective on and after the 9th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of July, 1943.

F. W. PRESANT,
Feeds Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY
METALS CONTROLLER
Order No. M.C. 41A
(Frozen, Dormant and Excess Stocks of Wrought Copper)
Dated June 30, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225, dated June 19th, 1942, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order unless the context otherwise requires:

(*a*) "person" shall include firm, partnership, corporation, company, any governmental body or department and/or any aggregation of persons;

(*b*) "wrought copper" shall mean copper and copper base alloys (generally referred to as Brass, Bronze and Nickel Silver) in the form of rod, bar, sheet, strip, rolls, tube, pipe, extruded shapes, welding rod and copper base alloy re-drawing rod and wire, but shall not include copper bars for rolling into wire rod, copper wire rod or copper wire nor Copper Alloys containing precious metals in such quantity that the value of the precious metals exceeds that of the base metals;

(*c*) "Frozen stock" shall mean any stock of wrought copper held on July 1st, 1943, which cannot be sold to a consumer or which cannot be consumed on account of compliance by any person with any order, instruction, regulation, restriction, limitation, licence, permit, prohibition, requirement, direction or quota, made, issued, established or given by the Wartime Industries Control Board, or any Controller who is a member thereof, or by the Priorities Officer, or by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board or any Administrator thereof.

(*d*) "Dormant stock" shall mean any stock of wrought copper which on July 1st, 1943, had been owned or controlled by a person for a period of six months or longer and for which such person has no order on hand which requires delivery or consumption of such stock or any part thereof within a period of six months from the date of this Order, and dormant stock shall also include any stock of wrought copper purchased for a purpose or demand which no longer exists.

(*e*) "Excess stock" shall mean any stock or wrought copper owned or controlled by a person which stock was on July 1st, 1943, in excess of 50 per cent of the quantity of wrought copper sold and/or consumed by such person during the period from July 1st, 1942, to June 30th, 1943, and for which such person has no order on hand which requires delivery or consumption of such stock within six months from the date of this Order.

2. *Reports of Frozen, Dormant and Excess Stock Required*

(1) Except as provided in subsection 2 of this Section 2, on or before July 15th, 1943, each person owning or having control of any frozen, dormant, or excess

stock of wrought copper in excess of a total weight of fifty (50) pounds shall complete and file in duplicate with the Metals Controller, Department of Munitions and Supply, Ottawa, a report in the form MC-FC 2 set out in Schedule A to this Order.

(2) No report is required under this Order from any person whose stock position is unchanged from that reported on form MC-FC 1 as of February 5th, 1943, under the Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 41 dated February 3rd, 1943.

(3) For the purpose of subsection (1) of this Section, each branch, plant, department or other division of a corporation or business which operates as a separate entity and maintains a separate inventory shall be deemed a separate person.

F. M. CONNELL,
Deputy Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

TO BE RETURNED IN DUPLICATE

To: Metals Controller,
Department of Munitions & Supply.
Ottawa, Ontario.

SCHEDULE A TO ORDER NO. M.C. 41-A

Frozen-Dormant-Excess Stock Report as of July 1, 1943, as defined in Order No. M.C. 41-A

Wrought Copper and Copper Alloys

Date:..

Co.:..

Address:..

Form	Pieces	Weight	Width	Length	Gauge	Temper	Material or Description	Cost per lb.	Price at which Willing To Sell	Date of Purchase
Sheets, Strips or plates.										
Tube and Pipe.			Outside							
			Diameter							
Rods.			Shape		Size					
Other Forms.										

(b) "Wrought Copper" shall mean copper and copper base alloys (generally referred to as Brass, Bronze and Nickel Silver) in the form of rod, bar, sheet, strip, rolls, tube, pipe, extruded shapes, welding rod and copper base alloy re-drawing rod and wire, but shall not include copper bars for rolling into wire rod, copper wire rod or copper wire, nor Copper Alloys containing precious metals in such quantity that the value of the precious metals exceeds that of the base metals.

Certified by signing Officer:—
Name..

Title or Position..

MC—FC 2.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 21B

(Production and Inventories of Parts for Motor Vehicles)

Dated May 31st, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121 of February 13, 1941, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

It is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:—

(*a*) "Controller" or "Motor Vehicle Controller" shall mean the person appointed Motor Vehicle Controller by the Governor General in Council and for the time being in office;

(*b*) "consumer" shall mean a person acquiring a replacement part for use and not for resale or gift or other transfer to another person;

(*c*) "distributor" shall mean any person (other than a producer) whose business consists in whole or in part of the sale of replacement parts from stock or inventory, including wholesalers, jobbers, dealers, retailers, and other businesses performing a similar function;

(*d*) "inventory" shall mean a stock of replacement parts on hand, on consignment, or held for the account of the owner thereof in any other name, manner or place;

(*e*) "light motor truck" means a motor vehicle which is a complete motor truck or truck tractor with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 9,000 pounds (as authorized by the manufacturer thereof), or the chassis therefor;

(*f*) "medium and/or heavy motor truck" means a motor vehicle which is a complete truck or truck tractor with a maximum gross vehicle weight rating of 9,000 pounds or more (as authorized by the manufacturer thereof), or the chassis therefor;

(*g*) "motor vehicle" or "motor vehicles" shall mean any vehicle or vehicles, the motive power for which is furnished by any type of internal combustion engine and any parts thereof, and shall include trailers and other accessories for, storage batteries usable with, and materials intended to go into the making of, such vehicles and/or trailers, but shall not include any self-tracklaying vehicle, tractor or railway rolling stock, or any implement or machine designed for sowing or cultivating agricultural land or harvesting crops grown thereon;

(*h*) "motorized fire equipment" means the chassis of a passenger automobile, light, medium or heavy motor truck, truck tractor or trailer used for the transportation of fire fighting personnel or equipment.

(*i*) "off-the-highway motor vehicle" means a motor truck, truck tractor and/or trailer, operating off the public highway, normally on rubber tires and specially designed to transport materials, property or equipment on mining, construction, logging or petroleum development or similar projects;

(*j*) "passenger carrier" means a complete motor vehicle for passenger transportation, having a seating capacity of not less than 11 people.

(*k*) "passenger motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle suitable for carrying passengers, with seating capacity of ten people or less;

(*l*) "producer" shall mean any individual, firm, company, corporation, partnership, and/or any aggregation of persons engaged in the manufacture of replacement parts as defined in paragraph (*o*) of this Section 1;

(*m*) "three month period" means respectively that period beginning with May, 1943, and including June and July, 1943, and also means each consecutive three-month period prior or subsequent thereto;

(*n*) "truck trailer" means a complete semi-trailer or full trailer (for motor vehicles) having a load-carrying capacity of 10,000 pounds or more (as authorized by the manufacturer thereof), and designed for transportation of property and/or people, or the chassis therefor, but does not include the attachment to a motor vehicle of a third axle whether dead or power driven;

(*o*) "replacement parts" for light motor trucks, medium and heavy motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, passenger motor vehicles, off-the-highway motor vehicles and motorized fire equipment means only the following enumerated parts (including components entering into such parts) used for the repair or maintenance of such vehicles:

(i) For all such vehicles:—

(1) engines (component parts only)
(2) fan belts
(3) clutches
(4) transmissions
(5) propeller shafts
(6) universal joints
(7) axles
(8) braking systems
(9) wheels, including tire chains
(10) tire valve assemblies
(11) starting apparatus
(12) frame and spring suspension assemblies
(13) shock absorbers
(14) speedometers
(15) driving mirrors
(16) windshield wiper assemblies
(17) steering apparatus
(18) exhaust systems
(19) cooling systems, including radiator shells supporting radiator cores
(20) radiator connection hose.
(21) fuel systems
(22) lubricating systems
(23) electrical systems, including generators, motors, lights, reflectors, signal horns and bulk or spool primary wire, spark plug wires, battery cables and magnet wire
(24) spark plugs
(25) storage batteries
(26) safety glass and channels
(27) defrosters and heaters
(28) gauges
(29) control mechanisms
(30) bulk tubing for fuel, oil, brake and door actuating lines

(ii) In addition, for medium and heavy motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles and motorized fire equipment:

(31) power dividers and take offs
(32) mechanical and hydraulic hoists for bodies (component parts only)
(33) governors
(34) transfer cases
(35) directional signals
(36) fuses and flares
(37) coupling devices
(38) jackwheels (trailer landing gears) and fifth wheel

(39) front fenders (only that type which supports built-in lighting)
(40) truck refrigeration units
(41) doors and door hardware
(42) body structural repair parts
(43) cabs and seats

(iii) In addition, for passenger carriers and motorized fire equipment:

(44) sash
(45) destination signs
(46) fare boxes
(47) guards and grab rails
(48) door operating mechanism
(49) heating and ventilating equipment
(50) signalling devices

2. *Order M.V.C. 21A Rescinded*

The Order of the Motor Vehicle Controller No. M.V.C. 21A dated September 5th, 1942, as amended by Order No. M.V.C. 21A-1 dated October 19th, 1942, and Order No. M.V.C. 21A-2 dated February 18th, 1943, is hereby rescinded.

3. *Prohibition on Production*

On and after the effective date of this Order, no producer shall manufacture any part or accessory for any passenger motor vehicle, light motor truck, medium or heavy motor truck, truck trailer, passenger carrier, off-the-highway motor vehicle or motorized fire equipment, except the replacement parts enumerated for such vehicle in paragraph (*o*) of Section 1 of this Order.

4. *Restrictions on Production of Replacement Parts for Use Only in Passenger Motor vehicles and Light Motor Trucks*

(1) Except as provided in Section 7 of this Order, no producer of replacement parts, numbered (1) to (30) inclusive, in paragraph (*o*) of Section 1 of this Order, for use only in passenger motor vehicles or light motor trucks shall, during the three-month period of May, June and July, 1943, or during any consecutive three-month period thereafter, manufacture such replacement parts except in accordance with one of the following alternative schedules:

(*a*) Such producer may manufacture such replacement parts at his dollar cost value not to exceed seventy per cent (70%) of the total dollar cost value of such replacement parts of his own manufacture sold by him during the corresponding three-month period of 1941; provided that such production does not result in the producer's total inventory of such finished parts (either produced by him or purchased by him from others) exceeding at any time during the third month in the three-month period, in dollar cost value, four times the producer's average monthly sales of such parts valued at cost during the preceding three-month period.

(For example, the inventory at any time during July, 1943, must not exceed, in dollar cost value, four times the average monthly sales at cost during February, March and April, 1943.

This example is applicable also to Section 5 (*a*) and Section 6 (*a*).)

Or

(*b*) Such producer may manufacture such replacement parts at his dollar cost value not to exceed fifty per cent (50%) of the total dollar cost value of such replacement parts of his own manufacture sold by him during the corresponding three-month period of 1941; provided such production does not increase his inventory of such finished parts in total dollar cost value (either produced by him or purchased by him from others) at the end of the three-month period, above his inventory of such finished parts in total dollar cost value at the beginning of the three-month period.

5. *Restrictions on Production of Replacement Parts for Use Only in Medium and/or Heavy Motor Trucks, Truck Trailers, Passenger Carriers, Off-the-Highway Motor Vehicles and Motorized Fire Equipment*

Except as provided in Section 7 of this Order no producer of replacement parts numbered (1) to (50) inclusive in paragraph (*o*) of Section 1 of this Order, for use only in medium and/or heavy motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles or motorized fire equipment shall, during the three-month period of May, June and July, 1943, or during any consecutive three-month period thereafter, manufacture such replacement parts, except in accordance with one of the following alternative schedules:

(*a*) Such producer may manufacture such replacement parts at his dollar cost value not to exceed one hundred and twenty-five per cent (125%) of the total dollar cost value of such replacement parts of his own manufacture sold by him during the corresponding three-month period of 1941; provided that such production does not result in the producer's total inventory of such finished parts (either produced by him or purchased by him from others), exceeding at any time during the third month in the three-month period, in dollar cost value, four times the producer's average monthly sales of such parts valued at cost during the preceding three-month period.

(See the explanatory note to Section 4 (*a*).)

Or

(*b*) Such producer may manufacture such replacement parts at his dollar cost value not to exceed seventy-five per cent (75%) of the total dollar cost value of such replacement parts of his own manufacture sold by him during the corresponding three-month period of 1941; provided such production does not increase his inventory of such finished parts in total dollar cost value (either produced by him or purchased by him from others), at the end of the three-month period above his inventory of such finished parts in total dollar cost value at the beginning of the three-month period.

6. *Restrictions on Production of Replacement Parts Interchangeable Between any Type of Motor Vehicle Referred to in Section 4 and any Type Referred to in Section 5*

Except as provided in Section 7 of this Order no producer of the replacement parts numbered (1) to (30) inclusive in paragraph (*o*) of Section 1 of this Order shall, during the three-month period of May, June and July, 1943, or during any consecutive three-month period thereafter, manufacture any such parts for passenger vehicles, light motor trucks, medium or heavy motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles, or motorized fire equipment where such parts are interchangeable between any type of motor vehicle referred to in Section 4 and any type of motor vehicle referred to in Section 5 hereof, except in accordance with one of the following alternative schedules:

(*a*) Such producer may manufacture such replacement parts at his dollar cost value not to exceed ninety per cent (90%) of the total dollar cost value of such replacement parts of his own manufacture sold by him during the corresponding three month period of 1941; provided that such production does not result in the producer's total inventory of such finished parts (either produced by him or purchased by him from others) exceeding at any time during the third month in the three-month period, in dollar cost value, four times the producer's average monthly sales of such parts valued at cost during the preceding three-month period. (See the explanatory note to Section 4(*a*)). Or

(*b*) Such producer may manufacture such replacement parts at his dollar cost value not to exceed sixty per cent (60%) of the total dollar cost value of such replacement parts of his own manufacture sold by him during the corresponding three-month period of 1941; provided such production does not increase his inventory of such finished parts in total dollar cost value (either produced by him or purchased by him from others) at the end of the three-month period above his inventory of such finished parts in total dollar cost value at the beginning of the three-month period.

7. *Production of Certain Replacement Parts*

Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 4, 5 and 6, a producer may manufacture and/or purchase replacement parts numbered (2) Fan Belts, (10) Tire Valve Assemblies, (20) Radiator Connection Hose, (24) Spark Plugs and (25) Storage Batteries at such a rate that his inventory of such parts at a specified time during each consecutive six-month period beginning June 1, 1943, will not be higher than his inventory of such parts on May 1, 1943; provided that such specified time in each six-month period shall be selected by each producer and notice thereof shall be filed with the Motor Vehicle Controller not later than July 15, 1943, and further provided that the times selected shall be six months apart.

8. *Orders from Department of Munitions and Supply and Department of National Defence Excepted*

Nothing in this Order shall apply to or affect any production in fulfilment of any purchase order from the Department of Munitions and Supply or the Department of National Defence.

9. *Returns of Replacement Parts*

Replacement parts returned to a producer by a distributor are not to be included in the producer's inventory during the three-month period in which the parts are received, but shall be included in the producer's inventory in the succeeding three-month period.

10. *Restrictions on Sales by Distributors*

(1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) next succeeding, no distributor shall sell or deliver any replacement part (excepting cab assemblies and parts such as fuses, flares and brake linings which are consumed in use), to a consumer unless such consumer delivers to such distributor concurrently with the purchase a used part of similar kind and size for each new replacement part delivered to a consumer. No new replacement part shall be sold or delivered to a consumer to replace a part which can be reconditioned by use of available reconditioning facilities.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) next preceding, a producer or distributor may sell and deliver any replacement part without receiving a used part in exchange therefor, provided that

(*a*) the producer or distributor does not install such part in the consumer's vehicle; and

(*b*) the consumer signs and delivers to the producer or distributor concurrently with each purchase order (or on the written confirmation thereof if such order is placed by telephone or telegram) a certificate in the following form:

Consumer's Certificate

I hereby certify that:

(*a*) The replacement parts specified on this order are essential for repair of vehicle(s) which I now own or operate;

(*b*) These parts will be used only for replacement of parts that, to the best of my knowledge, cannot be reconditioned by use of available facilities; and

(*c*) I will, within thirty days after receiving the new part(s) dispose (through scrap channels) of a used part(s) of similar kind and size for each new replacement part delivered to me, or

(*d*) The replacement part(s) specified on this order will be used by me to replace part(s) which have been lost or stolen under the following circumstances, ...

(Note: Strike out either paragraph (*c*) or (*d*) whichever does not apply.)

....
Motor Vehicle Owner or Operator.

....
Address.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section, a producer or distributor may sell and deliver tire chains without requiring the surrender of a like number of used tire chains provided the consumer signs and delivers to the producer or distributor concurrently with his purchase order (or on the written confirmation thereof if such order is placed by telephone or telegram) a duly signed certificate in the following form:

Consumer's Certificate re Tire Chains

I hereby certify:

(*a*) That the tire chains specified on this purchase order are necessary for the operation of vehicle(s) which I now own or operate.

(*b*) That I have not in my possession or under my control any tire chains for the vehicle for which this purchase is being made other than the following .... chains.

Signed ....

Vehicle Owner or Operator

Address ....

(4) The certificates referred to in subsections (2) and (3) of this Section must be retained as part of his records by the distributor who makes the sale to the consumer.

11. *Restrictions on Distributors' Inventories*

(1) No distributor, whose principal place of business is located in Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick or Prince Edward Island, shall order at any one time more than a thirty-day supply of replacement parts and no such distributor shall accept delivery of replacement parts which, in combination with his existing inventory of replacement parts measured in total dollar cost value, shall exceed a sixty-day supply. Thirty-day supply means a supply in dollar cost value at distributor's cost equal to one-third of the distributor's total sales, at his cost of such parts, sold by him during the three calendar months immediately preceding the date of such order.

(For example, in the case of an order placed in June, 1943, calculate dollar cost value of sales in the months of March, April and May of 1943. This example is also applicable to subsection (2) next following.)

(2) No distributor, whose principal place of business is located in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta or British Columbia shall order at any one time more than a forty-five day supply of replacement parts and no such distributor shall accept delivery of replacement parts, which in combination with his existing inventory of replacement parts, measured in total dollar cost value, shall exceed a ninety-day supply. Ninety-day supply means a supply in dollar cost value at distributor's cost equal to the distributor's total sales, at his cost of such parts, sold by him during the three calendar months immediately preceding the date of such order.

(See the explanatory note to subsection (1) of this Section above.)

(3) Notwithstanding of the restrictions in subsections (1) and (2) next preceding, a distributor may accept delivery of specific items of replacement parts when his stock of all items in the aggregate exceeds, or will by virtue of such acceptance exceed, his maximum permissible inventory as specified in said subsections (1) and (2), but only to the extent necessary to bring such distributor's inventory of those specified items up to a total dollar value equal to the sales of such items shipped from such inventory during the preceding month, or the last thirty day period in which a sale was made.

12. *Scrap Material to be Disposed of*

No distributor may keep in his inventory, in his possession, or under his control, for a period of more than thirty days, any used, traded-in, imperfect or condemned replacement parts which cannot be reconditioned, but must dispose of the same through the customary scrap channels.

13. *Priority of Essential Emergency Orders*

(1) To obtain a replacement part required for the emergency repair of an essential motor vehicle which cannot be operated without such part, a distributor must file with such Emergency Order a certificate signed by such distributor or by some person on his behalf having a knowledge of the facts in the following form:

EMERGENCY ORDER CERTIFICATE

I, ...

Owner, Officer or Authorized Agent

of the undermentioned distributor, having a personal knowledge of the facts, do hereby certify:

(i) That the replacement parts specified on the attached purchase order are essential for the repair of the following vehicle which cannot now be operated without such parts.

(ii) That I am unable to furnish such parts from inventory owned or controlled by me.

(iii) That the above described vehicle is an eligible vehicle in the First Class or Second Class under Section 3 of Order No. A-621 of the Administrator of Motor Vehicles, used as follows:..

....

(iv) That the motor vehicle for which such parts are required is make............
Serial No..............................

....

Owner's Name and Address

....
Signature

....
Position

....
Date

....
Name of Distributor

(NOTE:—If no form of such Emergency Order Certificate is available, the Emergency Order Certificate may be made by a certificate on or attached to the Emergency Order and containing the whole of the above Emergency Order Certificate.)

(2) Any producer receiving a duly completed Emergency Order Certificate for a replacement part for an essential motor vehicle shall give priority to such order in supply and delivery over any order for another motor vehicle which is not of an emergency nature. The original of such Emergency Order Certificate shall be retained on file by such producer and a copy shall be retained on file by the distributor who filed it and such distributor shall concurrently file a copy of such Emergency Order Certificate and a copy of such Emergency Order with the Motor Vehicle Controller.

(3) An essential motor vehicle entitled to priority in supply and delivery under the provisions of subsection (2) next preceding, must be an eligible vehicle in the first class or the second class as set out in Section 3 of Order No. A-621 of the Administrator of Motor Vehicles.

14. *Certificate by Distributor Required*

(1) Each distributor who places an order for replacement parts shall place such order in writing (or if such order is placed by telephone or telegram, forward a written confirmation within three days) and file with such order or confirmation thereof a certificate signed by such distributor or by some person on his behalf having a knowledge of the facts in the following form:

Certificate of Compliance With Order M.V.C. 21B

I, ...

Owner, Officer or Authorized Agent

of the undermentioned distributor, having a personal knowledge of the facts, do hereby certify: That the quantity of replacement parts specified on the attached purchase order does not exceed the quantity which the undermentioned distributor is entitled to purchase under the provisions of Order of the Motor Vehicle Controller, No. M.V.C. 21B with the terms of which I am familiar.

Signature ....
Position ....
Date ....
Name of Distributor ....
Address ....

(2) No producer or distributor shall fill any written order for replacement parts which is not accompanied by the certificate required by subsection (1) of this Section, and no producer or distributor shall fill any subsequent order for replacement parts from any distributor who fails to file a written confirmation of any order placed by telephone or telegraph together with the certificate required by said subsection (1).

15. *Records and Reports*

Every producer of replacement parts shall keep and preserve for a period of not less than two years accurate and complete records of his inventories, production and sales, including any certificates or statements received by him, and make such reports as may be required from time to time by the Motor Vehicle Controller.

16. *Permits*

The provisions of this Order shall be subject to any permit or Order issued by the Motor Vehicle Controller.

17. *Effective Date of Order*

This Order shall be effective on and after June 15, 1943.

J. H. BERRY,
Motor Vehicle Controller.

Approved:

C. D. HOWE,
Minister of Munitions and Supply

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 6-B

(Order No. Rubber 6-A Amended—Maximum Prices for Neoprene)

Dated June 14th, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9995 dated November 3, 1942, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board and the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board,

It is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *The Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 6-A dated April 1, 1943, is amended*

(*a*) By rescinding subsection (1) of Section 4 of the said Order and substituting therefor the following:

"(1) Any authorized dealer may sell rubber in the grades and classifications mentioned in Schedule "A" to this Order, and may demand and/or accept from purchasers for each such grade or classification, in addition to the price fixed by Schedule "A" to this Order, the mark-up or increase fixed by Schedule "B" to this Order for each such grade or classification"; and

(*b*) By adding to Schedule "A" to the said Order at the end thereof the following:

"Neoprene GRM	$00·5645
Neoprene E	·8087
Neoprene C.G.	·8697
Neoprene F.R.	·9308
Neoprene I.L.S.	·8697
Neoprene K.N.R.	·9308
Neoprene—Latex Type 571 (Wet Weight)	·3203
Neoprene—Latex Type 60 (Wet Weight)	·4546" and

(*c*) By adding to Schedule "B" to the said Order at the end thereof the following:

"Neoprene (All Types)

On orders for 150 lbs. (1 package) or more	$00·0100	per lb.
On orders for 25 lbs. to 149 lbs	·0400	" "
On orders for less than 25 pounds	·1100	" "

Neoprene Latex (Wet Weight)

On orders for 500 lbs. (1 drum) or more	$00·0100	per lb.
On orders for 25 lbs. to 149 lbs	·0400	" "
On orders for less than 25 pounds	·1100	" "

J. A. MARTIN,
Deputy Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

Concurred in by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TIMBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Timber 1-C

Dated July 5, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 2716 of June 24th, 1940, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board and the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board;

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:—

1. Order No. T.C. 1-A Rescinded

Timber Controller's Order No. T.C. 1-A dated September 30, 1942, is hereby rescinded.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

CONCURRED IN:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

41

VOLUME III—No. 2

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PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

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1943

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Orders in Council

PAGE
5402—J. McG. Stewart, appointment as Coal Controller revoked (Munitions and Supply)... 45
5403—E. J. Brunning appointed Coal Controller (Munitions and Supply)... 45
5406—J. L. Stewart, appointment as a Deputy Oil Controller revoked (Munitions and Supply)... 46
5407—A. E. Naylor, appointment as Controller of Reliance Aircraft and Tool Company revoked (Munitions and Supply)... 46
5452—Interim or partial payments *re* Munition Contracts terminated prior to completion (Munitions and Supply)... 47
5490—A. E. McMaster appointed an Associate Wood Fuel Controller (Munitions and Supply) 48
5492—Wood Fuel regulations amended—powers of an Associate Wood Fuel Controller (Munitions and Supply)... 48
5494—Certain boats, B. C. Coast—exempt from obligation of carrying a certificated Master (Transport)... 49
5495—Disposition of balances of wages due deceased seamen—amendment (Transport)... 49
1/5552—The establishment of stocks of Western Feed grains in Eastern Canada—Plans A and B (Agriculture)... 50

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

Justice—
Defence of Canada Regulations—

Protected area—Kamloops... 52

National Defence—

Routine Order 3400—Duty on parcels to Newfoundland... 53

National Revenue—

W.M. No. 1 Second Revision Supplement No. 19—French Somaliland no longer deemed proscribed territory... 53
W.M. No. 39 Fifth Revision Supplement No. 16—Non-resident tourist purchases... 54
  Supplement No. 17—dried, salted or pickled salt water fish 54
  Supplement No. 18—government owned companies... 55
  Supplement No. 19—eggs for hatching... 55

Series D No. 47 T.C. 128—ethyl benzine... 56
  T.C. 129—glue... 56

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Board Order—

No. 290—Ration Coupons... 57

Administrators' Orders—

A-798 Leather soles for footwear... 59
A-803—Dogfish liver oil and Mudshark liver oil... 61
A-805 No. 1933—B gabardine cloth for Army Officers uniforms... 61
A-806—Maximum prices of whey butter... 62
A-807—Maximum prices canned Pacific Coast salmon... 64
A-808—Electric fans... 66
A-809—Men's, youths' and boys' woollen work and sports clothing... 67

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

Controller of Chemicals—

Order C.C. 27 Ester gum.......... 73
Order C.C. 28 Vinyl Polymers.......... 74

Oil Controller—

Order No. Oil 008 B—Order No Oil 008 A amended.......... 77
Order No. Oil 12-A—Order No. Oil 12 amended.......... 79

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Order No. 73—eggs for hatching.......... 82

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council rescinding appointment as Coal Controller of J. McG. Stewart

P.C. 5402

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 6th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, Regulations Respecting Coal and Coke were established and James McGregor Stewart, K.C., of Halifax, N.S., was appointed Coal Controller;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that the said James McGregor Stewart has requested that he be relieved of his said appointment and that it is deemed desirable to accede to his request;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, is pleased to rescind the appointment of James McGregor Stewart, K.C., of Halifax, N.S., as Coal Controller, and it is hereby rescinded, effective the fifth day of July, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing E. J. Brunning as Coal Controller

P.C. 5403

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 6th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, Regulations Respecting Coal and Coke were established and James McGregor Stewart, K.C., of Halifax, N.S., was appointed Coal Controller;

And whereas the appointment of the said James McGregor Stewart as Coal Controller has been rescinded and it is desirable to appoint a Coal Controller in his place;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Ernest John Brunning, Esquire, of the City of Westmount, Quebec, Coal Controller, effective July 5, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking appointment of J. L. Stewart as a Deputy Oil Controller

P.C. 5406

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY the 6th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke Order in Council of 12th March, 1941 (P.C. 1740), appointing John Leslie Stewart, a Deputy Oil Controller, Mr. Stewart having resigned the said appointment.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking appointment of A. E. Naylor as Controller of Reliance Aircraft and Tool Company

P.C. 5407

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 6th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 8840 dated the 13th day of November, 1941, Albert Enos Naylor, of Toronto, Ontario, was appointed Controller of the business, undertaking, affairs and operations of Reliance Aircraft and Tool Company Limited, including the plants of the said Company at the cities of Belleville and Toronto;

And whereas the said Controller has recommended that his appointment as such be revoked, in which recommendation the Minister of Munitions and Supply concurs;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, is pleased to revoke the appointment by Order in Council P.C. 8840 of November 13, 1941, of Albert Enos Naylor as Controller of the business, undertaking, affairs and operations of Reliance Aircraft and Tool Company Limited, including the aforesaid plants of the said Company, and the powers, authorities, rights and duties conferred or charged upon the said Controller by the said Order in Council, and it is hereby revoked effective on and from July 10, 1943; such revocation to be without prejudice to any acts done by the said Controller, prior to such revocation becoming effective, in the course of or as incidental to the exercise or discharge of any of his powers, authorities, rights and duties as such Controller or to any rights, privileges or immunities in respect thereof possessed by or vested in such Controller under or by virtue of said Order in Council P.C. 8840.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing interim or partial payments pending final settlement of amounts payable under Munitions Contracts terminated prior to completion

P.C. 5452

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 9th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that contracts negotiated or entered into by the Minister of Munitions and Supply on behalf of His Majesty usually provide in effect that in the event of termination of the contract prior to completion the contractor shall be entitled to payment for work done under the contract to the date of termination, including reimbursement of the proper costs and commitments incurred or made for the purposes of the contract up to the termination date;

That the amount to which a contractor is entitled on termination of a contract prior to completion is based upon an audit of the contractor's costs and commitments to the termination date and investigations regarding the extent to which the contract has been carried out, and considerable time is required for the making of such audits and investigations; and

That in many cases it will be desirable and in the public interest to make partial payments to such contractors, on account of and in advance of final settlement under contracts which are so terminated, for the purpose, *inter alia,* of providing them with funds necessary to enable them to meet their obligations incurred under such contracts and outstanding at the termination date.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by The Department of Munitions and Supply Act and by the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

(1) In the event of and upon the termination or cancellation, prior to completion, of a munitions contract (as defined in section 13 of the Department of Munitions and Supply Act) negotiated or entered into by the Minister of Munitions and Supply, authority is hereby granted to make interim or partial payments to the contractor under such contract in such amounts as may be authorized or approved by the Minister of Munitions and Supply on account of and in advance of final settlement of the amounts payable to such contractor by or on behalf of His Majesty under or pursuant to such contract.

(2) Such interim or partial payments may be made upon submission by the contractor of such statements, invoices or other documents as the Minister of Munitions and Supply may require or approve.

(3) All payments so made upon the termination of any such contract shall be deemed to be accountable advances and shall be taken into account upon final settlement of the amounts payable to the contractor under the said contract.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing A. E. McMaster an Associate Wood Fuel Controller

P.C. 5490

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 9th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 4362 of May 28, 1943 Regulations Respecting Wood Fuel were established and James S. Whalley of Winnipeg, Man., was appointed Wood Fuel Controller;

And whereas the Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that it is desirable to appoint an Associate Wood Fuel Controller and that Alfred Erwin McMaster, of the city of Ottawa, Ont., is a fit and proper person to be so appointed;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Alfred Erwin McMaster, Esquire, of the city of Ottawa, Ont., an Associate Wood Fuel Controller.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Regulations *re* Wood Fuel (powers of an Associate Wood Fuel Controller)

P.C. 5492

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 9th day of July, 1943

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 4362 of May 28, 1943, Regulations Respecting Wood Fuel were established and James S. Whalley was appointed Wood Fuel Controller;

And whereas the Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply represents that it is desirable to amend the said Regulations to provide for the powers of an Associate Wood Fuel Controller.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to amend the Regulations Respecting Wood Fuel established by Order in Council P.C. 4362 of May 28, 1942, and they are hereby amended by revoking Section 8 thereof and substituting therefor the following:—

8. *Powers of Associate and Deputy Controllers*

(1) An Associate Wood Fuel Controller shall have and exercise any and all powers conferred on the Wood Fuel Controller, subject to any restriction thereof which the Controller may from time to time impose and subject in all cases to review by the Controller; provided that any order of an Associate Wood Fuel Controller shall be final and binding unless and until it has been varied or vacated by the Controller.

(2) A Deputy Wood Fuel Controller shall have and exercise any and all powers conferred on the Wood Fuel Controller, subject to any restriction thereof which the

Controller or an Associate Wood Fuel Controller may from time to time impose and subject in all cases to review by the Controller or an Associate Wood Fuel Controller; provided that any order of a Deputy Wood Fuel Controller shall be final and binding unless and until it has been varied or vacated by the Controller or an Associate Wood Fuel Controller.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council exempting certain boats on the British Columbia Coast from the obligation to carry a certificated master

P.C. 5494

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 9th day of July, 1943

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Transport represents that on account of the reported increased scarcity of persons holding certificates as Master, and the need for the efficient operation of the fishing industry on the British Columbia coast, it is deemed necessary to grant relief to the owners of gill net collecting boats during the war period from the obligation under the Canada Shipping Act, 1934, to carry a properly certificated Master;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, and notwithstanding anything contained in the Canada Shipping Act, 1934, and amendments thereto, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

Gill net collecting boats of over ten tons gross tonnage operating in the vicinity of canneries on the British Columbia coast are hereby exempted, during the present war, from the obligation to carry a certificated Master as required by the said Act. This exemption shall apply to cases only where a properly certificated Master is not available for employment, and the obligation shall be upon the operators of such boats to see that a competent person is employed as Master.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending P.C. 3296, 22nd April, 1943—disposition, balances of wages due deceased seamen

P.C. 5495

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 9th day of July, 1943

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council, P.C. 3296 of April 22, 1943, general authority was given, under the War Measures Act and notwithstanding the provisions of Section 222 of the Canada Shipping Act, 1934, for disposing of the balances of wages of deceased seamen by making payment thereof to the persons named by the seamen in the Articles of Agreement with the crew as their next of kin, such authority to apply to any case where the balance of wages constitutes the only assets of the estate of the deceased seaman, where it is not intended to take out Letters of Administration, as verified by the Deputy Minister of Transport, and where the amount involved does not exceed $100.00;

And whereas the Minister of Transport reports that the said general authority has enabled the Department to make quick disposal of the balances of wages of deceased seamen in the cases above referred to, and to avoid the deduction from the moneys payable of legal expenses which are looked upon as a hardship by the widows, mothers and fathers entitled to receive the moneys; and

That it is therefore considered desirable that the general authority given by said Order in Council should be extended to cover any case in which the amount involved does not exceed $500.00.

(In this connection, it may be observed that, under Section 176 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, the British Ministry of War Transport distributes balances of wages due deceased seamen up to an amount of £100 without the production of Letters of Administration.)

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport, is pleased to amend Order in Council, P.C. 3296, of April 22, 1943, and it is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the words "one hundred dollars" (the last three words thereof) and substituting therefor the words "five hundred dollars".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council to encourage the establishment of stocks of Western feed grains in Eastern Canada—Plans A and B

P.C. 1/5552

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 12th July, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Agriculture reporting that:—

"Whereas the production of live stock and live stock products for food is looked upon as a major contribution by agriculture to the war effort and as a consequence every effort is being made to stimulate such production toward attaining to increased goals, and

Whereas the demand for and consumption of Western grown feed grains in Eastern Canada has increased greatly and will continue to increase, and

Whereas the transportation of such grains into Eastern Canada must mainly be carried out by rail movement due to lack of available shipping on the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Waterways, and

Whereas the volume of grains required from July 1943 forward, due in part to extremely unfavourable weather conditions prevailing in some Eastern provinces at time of seeding and the subsequent reduced crop prospect is likely to be greatly in excess of that required for the corresponding months of the past season, and

Whereas during the winter months of 1943 the movement of grain by rail into Eastern Canada when severe winter conditions prevailed, proved entirely inadequate to maintain a sufficient volume of supplies, and

Whereas it is accordingly desirable and expedient that a plan be instituted to enable the building up of a reservoir of feed grain in Eastern Canadian provinces, as well as a reserve to be drawn upon as needed during the winter of 1944 when rail shipments undoubtedly will again prove inadequate to meet the anticipated demand for feed and that such plan should be made effective without delay while transportation is available, and

Whereas by Order in Council dated the 8th day of June, 1943, P.C. 7/4690, provision was made for a plan to establish reserve stocks of feed grains in Eastern Canada, and

Whereas it has been found advisable to modify the plan authorized under the said Order in Council, and to include a further plan to encourage the early purchase of grain to be stored in Eastern Canada.

The undersigned, therefore, recommends that Your Excellency in Council, under the authority of the War Measures Act, do approve the two plans herein set out and do authorize the Feeds Administrator, under the supervision of the Agricultural Supplies Board and governed by such regulations as may be deemed necessary in the administration of the plans, to make expenditures as herein authorized, for which purpose the sum of $1,000,000 for Plan A, and the sum of $1,000,000 for Plan B be provided, chargeable to monies to be allotted to the Department of Agriculture from the War Appropriation for the use of the Agricultural Supplies Board.

PLAN A—

To pay the difference which might occur through any loss occasioned through price fluctuations or due to the cost of hedging operations, provided that any profit similarly which might accrue shall revert to the Government to offset the cost of carrying such feed grain, and further to pay the difference, represented by legitimate charges, between the cost of oats, wheat or barley released from the reserve stock, and the cost which would be incurred if oats, wheat or barley of comparable grades were purchased currently from in-store stocks basis Fort William-Port Arthur at the time of the release, provided that such charges be made up of one or more of the following:

(i) Carrying Charges at points East of Fort William or Port Arthur (elevator storage, interest on investment in cost of grain and prepaid rail freight charges at 3½ per cent compounded monthly plus any additional insurance charges);

(ii) Difference in transportation occasioned by any excess charges above the all rail rates in moving grain into reserve stocks and to extra charges because of the out of line position of reserve stocks;

(iii) Local switching charges which may apply within the harbour area where reserve stocks have been stored;

(iv) Unloading and loading out charges assessed by the terminal elevators.

PLAN B—

To pay a definite amount as hereinafter stated upon all oats, wheat or barley upon which Freight Assistance claims may be satisfactorily established when brought into Eastern Canada for use as feed for livestock or poultry, commencing with purchases made basis in-store Fort William or Port Arthur from July 1st, 1943, to December 31st, 1943 inclusive, provided that stocks of eligible oats, wheat or barley already in store in Eastern Canada at points east of Fort William, Port Arthur or Armstrong, Ontario, and in excess of 1,500 bushels of any one kind of grain may also be included when satisfactory evidence of the eligibility of such stocks is submitted to the Feeds Administrator provided that the following schedule shall govern all payments for the respective month in which the purchase is made:

July	3 c per bushel
August	2½c per bushel
September	2 c per bushel
October	1½c per bushel
November	1 c per bushel
December	½c per bushel

It is further provided that when such payment is made to a dealer and that dealer resells the grain to a farmer or feeder that the price at which the sale is made shall have been reduced by the amount of Government payment allowable for the corresponding month in which delivery of the purchase to the farmer or feeder is made so that the farmer or feeder may be given all possible encouragement to purchase and store for his own use his winter grain requirements.

The undersigned further recommends that Order in Council dated the 8th day of June, 1943, P.C. 7/4690 be revoked."

The Board, having approved the estimate of expenditure chargeable to the War Appropriation, 1943-44, concur in the above report and recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

The Defence of Canada Regulations

Whereas by an Order made by the Minister of National Defence dated the 25th day of May, 1943, a certain area therein described, situate at Kamloops, in the Province of British Columbia, was declared a protected area pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Defence of Canada Regulations;

And whereas, by section 4 (2) of the said Regulations, I am empowered to make an Order with respect thereto;

Now therefore, I do hereby order as follows:—

1. No person shall, without permission, enter the said protected area or bring into, leave in or use in the said protected area any vehicle or aicraft.

2. No person shall, within the said protected area, without permission—

(*a*) cause or attempt to cause the assembly of a meeting of any number of persons or address any such persons when assembled or engage in any procession;

(*b*) light any open fire or do anything causing or likely to cause a fire;

(*c*) distribute or offer for sale or be in any way concerned with the dissemination or sale of any literature, handbills or printed, written or pictorial matter of any description;

(*d*) be in possession of or make use of or make—

(i) any explosive or dangerous substance or ammunition;

(ii) any firearms, weapon or other dangerous missile;

(iii) any radio or telephone apparatus or any contrivance for signalling or transmission of messages;

(iv) any camera or device for making photographs, plans or sketches;

(v) any photograph, plan or sketch.

3. Every person of the Japanese race shall leave the said protected area forthwith.

4. Every peace officer and every officer of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police shall, at all times within the protected area, have power to search without warrant the premises or any place occupied or believed to be occupied by any person reasonably suspected of having in his possession or upon his premises any forbidden article and to search such person and to seize and retain such article.

5. In this Order "person of the Japanese race" means, as well as any person wholly of the Japanese race, a person not wholly of the Japanese race, if his father or mother is of the Japanese race and if the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, by notice in writing, has required or requires him to register pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 9760 of December 16, 1941.

6. In this Order "permission" means the permission granted by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or such other officer as the Commissioner may, for that purpose, appoint, and the said Commissioner or such other officer is hereby authorized to grant permission in all matters relating to this Order and to cancel such permission, and any such permission shall be written or printed and shall be signed by the said Commissioner or such other officer as he may designate, and any person claiming to be the holder of such permission shall, on demand, made on that behalf by any constable or by any person acting on behalf of His Majesty or of the authority granting the permission, produce the said permission to the person making the demand.

7. This Order shall not apply to any act done in the course of his duty by any member of His Majesty's Forces, peace officer or by any person acting on behalf of the person in charge of the said protected area.

8. It is ordered that a copy of this Order be published in the *Canadian War Orders and Regulations* and that a copy also be published in one issue of a newspaper published at Kamloops, British Columbia.

Dated at Ottawa this third day of July, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Forty-Three.

LOUIS ST. LAURENT,
Minister of Justice.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

Routine Order 3400—Duty—Parcels to Newfoundland

It has been arranged with the Government of Newfoundland that private parcels for members of the Canadian Army will be admitted to Newfoundland free of duty if:—

(*a*) They are addressed to a member of the Canadian Army.

(*b*) The contents are for personal use of the member of the Canadian Army or his wife or family.

(*c*) The parcel bears on the outside thereof a declaration of the sender listing the contents.

2. New household furniture will not be admitted under this concession.

3. Officers Commanding Units in Newfoundland will be responsible for instructing their personnel that the contents of parcels admitted into the country under the duty-free privilege are for the personal use and consumption of the soldier, his wife or family, and that infraction of this regulation may result in withdrawal of the duty-free privilege.

4. On first arrival in Newfoundland members of the Canadian Army may import into Newfoundland free of duty, as settlers effects, the household effects which he or she had in use elsewhere prior to entering Newfoundland.

(H.Q. 88-1-42)
"H. F. G. LETSON"
Major-General,
Adjutant-General.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 1
Second Revision
Supplement No. 19

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 2nd July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Trading with the Enemy

Effective on and after the 10th March, 1943, the territory of French Somaliland is no longer deemed to be proscribed territory under the provisions of the Consolidated Regulations respecting Trading With the Enemy.

Supplement No. 10 of Memorandum WM No. 1 Second Revision, in so far as it relates to French Somaliland, is superseded.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 39

Fifth Revision

Supplement No. 16

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 29th June, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permit Regulations—Non-Resident Tourist Purchases

Some Collectors have made inquiry as to what goods are under ration control in the United States, to assist them in connection with the exportation of non-resident tourist purchases under export permit regulations. A list of rationed goods, supplied by the Canadian Legation in Washington, is submitted hereunder for the information and guidance of Collectors concerned.

Tires—Rubber
Passenger automobiles
Sugar
Typewriters
Gasoline
Rubber boots and shoes
Rubber boots and work shoes
Bicycles
Heating stoves
Fuel oil
Coffee
Processed Foods
    (*a*) Fruits
    (*b*) Fruit juices
    (*c*) Vegetables
    (*d*) Vegetable juices
    (*e*) Soups
    (*f*) Baby foods
    (*g*) Fruits, Berries and Juices
Firewood
Meats, fats, fish, cheeses.
Shoes, boots—leather

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 39

Fifth Revision

Supplement No. 17

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 29th June, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permit Regulations—Dried, Salted, or Pickled Salt Water Fish

The Export Permit Branch has issued blanket permits, identified by the letters FS, to a number of selected Canadian exporters for the exportation of an unlimited amount of dried, salted or pickled salt water fish destined to points within the British Empire or the United States (including Puerto Rico).

In order to exercise the desired control the licensees are being requested to furnish one extra copy of each export entry form B.13B with the "FS" blanket permit number marked clearly thereon in order that after export entry has been completed at the port of exit this extra copy may be forwarded to the Export Permit Branch by the Collector. This procedure has been approved and collectors and officers concerned will be governed accordingly.

Should shipments of this class of commodity reach a frontier port of exit without the extra copy collectors should communicate with the exporter direct and ask him to supply the necessary extra copy in order that it may be stamped, certified and forwarded to the Export Permit Branch.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 39

Fifth Revision

Supplement No. 18

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 5th July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

Government-owned Companies

Add to the list of Government-owned companies in Section 34 of the Export Permit Regulations (top of page 8) the following company:

Welland Chemical Works Limited.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 39

Fifth Revision

Supplement No. 19

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 9th July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 73, effective on and after July 12, 1943, Section 2 of Export Permit Branch Order No. 67, exempting hatching eggs from requiring an export permit when shipped to the British Empire or the United States, is rescinded.

Eggs for hatching will now require an export permit when shipped from Canada to any destination.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Series D No. 47

T.C. 128

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 3rd July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

Effective 15th June, 1943, it is ordered that imports of ethyl benzine be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated and be exempt from the war exchange tax:—

Ethyl benzine for use in Canadian manufacturers	
British Preferential Tariff	Free
Intermediate Tariff	Free
General Tariff	Free

(To be designated as Tariff Item 850.)

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

(P.C. 5261; 29/7/43—Authority, War Measures Act.)

Series D No. 47

T.C. 129

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 3rd July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

Effective 1st July, 1943, it is ordered that imports of glue, n.o.p., (ex tariff item 232) be exempt from Customs duty when originating in and imported from countries the products of which are entitled to British Preferential Tariff treatment and be exempt from Customs duty and the war exchange tax when originating in and imported from countries the products of which are subject to Intermediate Tariff treatment.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

(P.C. 5198; 29/7/43—Authority, War Measures Act.)

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 290

Respecting Ration Coupons

Under the authority of Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, this Board orders as follows:—

1. Section 41 of Order No. 242 of the Board, Section 34 of Order No. 243 of the Board, Section 42 of Order No. 244 of the Board, and Section 50 of Order No. 276 of the Board are hereby amended by adding at the end of clause (*c*) thereof the following words:—

> "or, without establishing his lawful authority, obtain, transfer, use, retain or have in his possession or control any document that is not attached to a ration book or card and that resembles a coupon that is attached to a ration book or card".

2. This Order shall be effective on and after July 10, 1943.

Made at Ottawa this 6th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-798

Respecting Leather Soles for Footwear

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

Administrator's Order No. A-497 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor.

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "bend" means the back of a side of a hide, with shoulder and butt trimmed up, specially tanned or processed for sole leather purposes;

(*b*) "footwear" means footwear made of leather, cloth, imitation of leather or other materials with leather outsole;

(*c*) "gauge or iron" means a measure of thickness of one-forty-eighth (1/48) of an inch;

(*d*) "shoulder" means the forepart of a side of a hide above the foreshank and between the bend and the head, specially tanned or processed for sole leather purposes.

2. (1) Nothing in this Order contained shall in any way apply to or affect footwear manufactured to the order of the Department of Munitions and Supply or any agency thereof, any of the Departments of National Defence or the Department of Pensions and National Health or to sole leather or leather soles of any kind or specifications for such footwear.

(2) Except as provided in Section 7, nothing in this Order contained shall be deemed to authorize or in any way permit processing or use of sole leather or leather soles contrary to the provisions of Administrator's Order No. A-478.

3. (1) No person shall except as provided in subsection (1) of Section 2 hereof process or use in the manufacture of footwear

(*a*) a leather outsole, cut from a bend, of over 8½ gauge, or iron for men's footwear or of over 8 gauge or iron for women's footwear; or

(*b*) a leather inner sole or leather middle sole, cut from a shoulder of 5 to 8 gauge or iron.

(2) No person who is a tanner or sole cutter shall supply or deliver to any other person sole leather of the specifications mentioned in subsection (1) of this section for processing or use in the manufacture of footwear unless the vendor obtains from the purchaser at or prior to the time of delivery a statement in writing to the effect that such sole leather will be used only in the manufacture of footwear to the order of a department named in subsection (1) of Section 2.

4. (1) Where a manufacturer of footwear is unable to procure sufficient leather outsoles cut from shoulders to meet his requirements in the manufacture of footwear and establishes proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Administrator of Footwear the said Administrator may by permit in writing

(*a*) authorize such manufacturer to manufacture footwear with leather outsoles cut from bends of the specifications mentioned in clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of Section 3 in such quantity and during such period as the permit specifies provided that every such leather outsole shall be stamped with a stamp designed by the Administrator;

(*b*) authorize a tanner or sole cutter to supply and deliver to the manufacturer named in the permit bend sole leather of the specifications mentioned in the said clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of Section 3.

(2) Where a manufacturer of footwear has obtained a permit as provided in subsection (1) of this Section, the highest lawful price at which he may sell or offer to sell footwear with leather outsoles cut from bends of the specifications mentioned in clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of Section 3 and stamped as prescribed in this Section shall be the maximum price at which he sold such footwear during the period from March 1, 1941, to May 31, 1941, both dates inclusive, provided, that where the manufacturer did not sell such footwear during the said period the said Administrator may by permit in writing authorize the manufacturer to sell such footwear at a price not exceeding the maximum price at which during the said period he sold footwear with leather outsoles cut from shoulders together with an amount per pair not exceeding the amounts respectively set forth in the following table according to the kind and style of footwear and the price as so increased shall thereupon be the lawful maximum price at which that manufacturer may sell or offer to sell such footwear.

TABLE

Style of Shoes	Sizes	Maximum Increase in Cents per pair.
(*a*) Men's Work	all	12
(*b*) Men's Dress	"	10
(*c*) Boy's Work	"	9
(*d*) Boy's Dress	"	7
(*e*) Youth's Work	"	6
(*f*) Youth's Dress	"	5
(*g*) Women's Dress	"	6
(*h*) Women's Work	"	7
(*i*) Misses' Dress	11-2	5
(*j*) Misses' Work	11-2	6
(*k*) Child's Dress	8-10½	4
(*l*) Infant's	4-7½	3

5. A person who sells at wholesale or at retail footwear of any kind or style, with bend outsoles, manufactured under the authority of a permit issued as provided in Section 4 and stamped as therein prescribed, may increase the lawful maximum price at which he may sell or offer to sell the same at wholesale or at retail, as the case may be, by an amount per pair not exceeding the amount, if any, by which the manufacturer of such footwear actually increased his selling price per pair as provided by Section 4, and the price as so increased shall be the lawful maximum price at which that person may sell or offer to sell such kind and style of footwear at wholesale or at retail; provided that he shall not add to or include in his selling price any markup on the said increase.

6. The lawful maximum price at which a manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer may sell or offer to sell footwear manufactured with a leather outsole, cut from bends, under the authority of a permit issued under Section 4, as fixed by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations or by an Order heretofore made by or on behalf of the Board, shall be deemed to be varied in accordance with this Order.

7. The stamping of a bend outsole pursuant to Section 4 shall not constitute or be deemed to be a contravention of clause (*d*) of Section 4 of Administrator's Order No. A-478.

8. This Order shall be effective on and after the 5th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of June, 1943.

L. DAOUST,
Administrator of Footwear.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-803

Respecting Dogfish Liver Oil and Mudshark Liver Oil

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "dogfish liver oil" means oil obtained from the liver of the species Squalidae;

(*b*) "mudshark liver oil" means oil obtained from the liver of the species Galeidae but excluding oil obtained from the liver of the soup-fin shark.

2. The maximum price at which a processor of dogfish liver oil or mudshark liver oil may sell or offer to sell the same to any buyer for domestic consumption shall be the highest lawful price at which he sold the same during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, but in no case shall it exceed the price set out hereunder according to the Vitamin A potency range of the oil:

Vitamin A potency range up to 9,999—8 cents per million U.S.P. Units.
Vitamin A potency range 10,000 to 18,749—8·8 cents per million U.S.P. Units.
Vitamin A potency range 18,750 to 31,249—9·6 cents per million U.S.P. Units.
Vitamin A potency range 31,250 to 50,000—10·4 cents per million U.S.P. Units.

3. This Order shall be effective on and after the 12th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 9th day of July, 1943.

PHYLLIS G. TURNER,
Oils and Fats Administrator.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-805

Respecting No. 1933-B Gabardine Cloth for Army Officers' Uniforms

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "No. 1933-B gabardine cloth" means a special cloth sold under the said number by Melbourne Merchandising Limited, a sample thereof duly identified by the secretary of the said company being on file in the office of the Administrator of Fine Clothing;

(*b*) "Officer" means and includes only a commissioned officer or a warrant officer of His Majesty's Canadian Army.

2. (1) No person shall use No. 1933-B gabardine cloth in the manufacture of an article other than a uniform for an officer.

(2) No person shall sell, offer to sell or supply a uniform made of No. 1933-B gabardine cloth,

(*a*) to a person who buys the same for resale, unless the buyer first signs and files with him an undertaking that the buyer will not sell the said uniform, except to or for the use of an officer;

(*b*) to a person who buys the same for use and not for resale unless the buyer is an officer.

3. (1) The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell a uniform made of No. 1933-B gabardine cloth to a person who buys the same for resale, shall not exceed by more than three dollars ($3) the lawful maximum price at which he may sell or offer to sell a uniform of the same type and kind, made of material commonly known as tropical worsted, to the same buyer or class of buyer.

(2) The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell a uniform made of No. 1933-B gabardine cloth to a person who buys the same for use and not for resale shall not exceed by more than five dollars ($5) the lawful maximum price at which he may sell or offer to sell a uniform of the same type and kind, made of material commonly known as tropical worsted, to a person who buys the same for use and not for resale.

4. This Order shall be effective on and after the 13th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 9th day of July, 1943.

H. R. COHEN,
Administrator of Fine Clothing.
(Woollens)

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-806

Respecting the Maximum Prices of Whey Butter

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "consumer" means any person who buys or uses butter for personal or household consumption;
(*b*) "manufacturer" means any person in Canada making whey butter for sale;
(*c*) "prints" or "rolls" mean packages of whey butter of the net weight of one-quarter (¼) pound, one-half (½) pound, one (1) pound or multiples of one (1) pound;
(*d*) "retailer" means any person, other than a manufacturer, who sells whey butter to consumers;
(*e*) "solid" or "solids" mean whey butter solidly packed in boxes containing a net weight of approximately 56 pounds;
(*f*) "whey butter" means butter which is manufactured from whey and "whey" means the product remaining after the removal of the greater part of fat and casein from milk in the process of cheese making;
(*g*) "wholesale distributor" means any person, other than a manufacturer, who sells whey butter otherwise than at retail.

Part I—Sales by Manufacturers

2. The maximum price per pound at which a manufacturer may sell or offer to sell whey butter in solids to a buyer in any province shall be the price set forth for that province and class of buyer, as follows:

	Alberta Manitoba Saskatchewan	Ontario Quebec British Columbia	Pr. Ed. Island New Brunswick Nova Scotia
(*a*) On sales to wholesale distributors.	32c.	34c.	35c.
(*b*) On sales to retailers,	34c.	36c.	37c.
(*c*) On sales to consumers,	37c.	39c.	40c.

Part II—Sales by Wholesale Distributors

3. The maximum price per pound at which a wholesale distributor may sell or offer to sell, otherwise than at retail, whey butter in solids in any province shall be the price set forth for that province, as follows:

Alberta	Ontario	Pr. Ed. Island
Manitoba	Quebec	New Brunswick
Saskatchewan	British Columbia	Nova Scotia
34c.	36c.	37c.

Part III—Sales by Retailers

4. The maximum price per pound at which a retailer may sell or offer to sell whey butter in solids to a consumer in any province shall be the price set forth for that province, as follows:

Alberta	Ontario	Pr. Ed. Island
Manitoba	Quebec	New Brunswick
Saskatchewan	British Columbia	Nova Scotia
37c.	39c	40c.

Part IV—General Provisions

5. The maximum price per pound at which a manufacturer, wholesale distributor or retailer may sell or offer to sell whey butter in prints or rolls to any class of buyer in any province shall be an amount equal to the applicable maximum price set forth in Section 2, 3, or 4 plus one cent per pound of whey butter.

6. Each maximum price fixed by this Order for sales of whey butter by a manufacturer or a wholesale distributor shall be the maximum price for the product f.o.b. the buyer's receiving point according to established custom between the seller and the buyer; and, in the case of sales to a buyer to whom the seller has not previously sold, the maximum price shall be f.o.b. that buyer's place of business or, if delivery is by railway, f.o.b. the railway station nearest to the buyer's place of business.

7. Any commission, charge, fee, reward, bonus, premium, concession or other payment or consideration whatsoever in money or money's worth claimed, stipulated for, taken, received, exacted, promised, offered, given or paid directly or indirectly, by or to any person in connection with or arising out of a sale, purchase or transaction in whey butter shall be and form part of the price at which the product is sold or bought.

8. Where the maximum price as fixed by this Order on a sale at retail of whey butter includes a fraction of a cent in addition to a whole number of cents, such maximum price shall be reduced to the nearest cent if the fraction is less than one-half cent, and if the fraction be one-half cent or more the maximum price may be increased to the next highest cent.

Part V—Records of Sales and Purchases

9. Every wholesale distributor and retailer shall immediately upon receipt by him of any whey butter, prepare and keep a written record in which there shall be separately detailed for each wholesale and each retail place of business operated by him, the name and complete address of his supplier, the date of purchase, the quantity purchased, the price paid for the product and whether it is in solids or in prints or rolls.

10. (1) Every manufacturer and every wholesale distributor shall on every sale and concurrently with delivery to the buyer furnish him with an invoice showing the date of sale, the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, the price and quantity of the product purchased by the buyer and whether it is in solids or in prints or rolls.

(2) Every manufacturer and every wholesale distributor shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him pursuant to subsection (1) of this Section.

11. (1) The retention by any person of an invoice furnished by his supplier pursuant to Section 10, available for inspection as in subsection (2) of this Section provided, shall in respect of the particulars actually set forth in the invoice be a sufficient compliance to that extent with the provisions of Section 9.

(2) Every record and invoice required by this Order to be prepared, kept, furnished, or retained shall be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at all times for twelve months from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

12. Every person who sells whey butter to a consumer shall upon request of the buyer, furnish him with an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, and the quantity and price of the product purchased by the buyer.

13. This Order shall be effective on and after the 14th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 10th day of July, 1943.

K. H. OLIVE,
Administrator of Dairy Products.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-807

Respecting Maximum Prices of Canned Pacific Coast Salmon

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Whereas it is expedient to amplify the provisions of Administrator's Order A-723 and to consolidate such Order as amplified;

Therefore said Administrator's Order No. A-723 is hereby revoked and the following is substituted therefor:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "canned salmon" means salmon processed and packed in an hermetically sealed container;

(*b*) "canner" means a person who processes and packs canned salmon for sale;

(*c*) "salmon" means a salmon (Oncorhynchus) or steelhead trout (Salmo gairdneri) of a variety named in Schedule "A" hereto;

(*d*) "wholesale distributor" means a person other than a canner, who sells canned salmon at wholesale;

(*e*) the words or vernacular expressions "grade A", "grade B", "certified", "tips and tails", "minced or flaked", "standard" and "sub-standard" in relation to canned salmon shall, respectively, have meanings corresponding to those given or ascribed to them by or as they are used and understood for the purposes of the Regulations under the Meat and Canned Foods Act.

2. (1) The maximum price per case at which a canner may sell, or offer to sell canned salmon, shall be the price therefor set forth in Schedule "A" hereto according to the variety, grade, weight and type of can and number of cans per case of the canned salmon as the same are specified in Schedule "A".

(2) The maximum price fixed by subsection (1) of this Section shall be f.o.b. the following railroad terminal points, namely: Vancouver, North Vancouver, Victoria, New Westminster, Steveston, Prince Rupert or Skeena River, and shall include all transportation charges to such points; provided that where such canned salmon,

(*a*) is sold f.o.b. any other point, the canner may add the cost of transportation from his nearest above mentioned railhead terminal point to such other point;

(*b*) is sold f.o.b. any such railhead terminal point for delivery to a buyer at any point in British Columbia the canner may add the cost of transportation from such railhead terminal point to the buyer's place of business.

(3) The maximum price fixed by subsection (1) of this Section shall be for canned salmon in unlabelled tins having enamelled ends or plain ends packed in a wooden or fibre case, and where the canner affixes the labels or supplies and affixes the labels to the cans, he may add to his maximum selling price the following charge:

(*a*) where the labels are supplied by the buyer and affixed by the canner, the sum of five (5) cents per case of 48 tall cans or eight (8) cents per case of 96 flat cans; or

(*b*) where the labels are supplied and affixed by the canner the sum of fifteen (15) cents per case of 48 tall cans or twenty (20) cents per case of 96 flat cans.

3. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell or offer to sell to any class of customer any canned salmon listed in Schedule "A" hereto shall be the sum of the following:—

(*a*) the actual price paid for such canned salmon by such wholesale distributor, but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by the canner, plus transportation charges and sales tax where and to the extent they are not included in such actual price; and

(*b*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15, 1941, to October 11, 1941, both dates inclusive, on sales of such canned salmon or a substantially similar kind and quality of salmon, to the same class of customer, but not in any event exceeding ten per centum (10%) of such wholesale distributor's selling price.

(2) In the case of a sale of canned salmon by a wholesale distributor to another wholesale distributor, or in the case of a sequence of sales between wholesale distributors, the markup referred to in subsection (1) of this Section shall constitute their total combined markup; and every wholesale distributor on a sale to another wholesale distributor shall deliver to the buyer before or concurrently with delivery of such canned salmon, an invoice stating the total combined markup, and such buyer's share thereof.

4. The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell at retail any canned salmon listed in Schedule "A" hereto shall be the sum of the following:—

(*a*) the actual price paid for such canned salmon by such retailer, but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by his supplier, plus transportation charges and sales tax where and to the extent they are not included in such actual price; and

(*b*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales at retail of such canned salmon or a substantially similar kind and quality of salmon, but not in any event exceeding twenty-five per centum (25%) of such retail selling price.

5. The provisions of Administrator's Order No. A-136 shall not apply to canned Pacific Coast salmon.

6. This Order shall be effective on and after the 15th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 12th day of July, 1943.

A. N. McLEAN,
Administrator of Fish and Fish Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-807

Maximum Prices per Case for Sales by Canners of the Following Grades and Varieties of Canned Salmon

Grades	Varieties	Maximum Prices per Case		
		48 cans of 1-lb. talls	96 cans of ½-lb. flats	96 cans of ¼-lb. flats
		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Grade A or Certified	Sockeye	16 25	17 50	10 50
	Cohoe, Red Spring, Blueback and Steelhead	11 50	12 75	8 12½
	Pink, Chum and White Spring	6 25	7 50	5 00
Grade B	Sockeye	12 75	14 00	8 75
	Cohoe, Red Spring, Blueback and Steelhead	10 00	11 25	7 37½
	Pink, Chum and White Spring	5 50	6 75	4 62½
Tips and Tails, minced or flaked salmon (Standard).	Sockeye	12 75	14 00	8 75
	Cohoe, Red Spring, Blueback and Steelhead	10 00	11 25	7 37½
	Pink, Chum and White Spring	5 50	6 75	4 62½
Tips and Tails, minced or flaked salmon (Substandard).	Sockeye	9 25	10 50	7 00
	Cohoe, Red Spring, Blueback and Steelhead	8 50	9 75	6 62½
	Pink, Chum and White Spring	4 75	6 00	4 25

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-808

Respecting Electric Fans

Whereas pursuant to regulations established by Order in Council P.C. 6391, dated August 19, 1941, as amended, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, the Controller of Supplies made Orders numbers CS 32A and CS 32A1 to curtail the use of metal in production of certain electrical appliances, including electric fans, and to regulate the sale thereof;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 504, dated January 23, 1943, it was provided that the jurisdiction of the Controller of Supplies with respect to the goods referred to therein, including the electric fans referred to in this Order, be terminated and that the said Orders of the Controller of Supplies be deemed to be Orders made by this Board;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941, this Board, with respect to the said goods, including the said electric fans, has jurisdiction as to their production and otherwise, and has deemed it expedient to consolidate and amplify the provisions of the said Orders, and for that purpose has revoked the said Orders and directed that this Order be substituted therefor;

Therefore pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order "electric fan" means a propeller type fan whether portable, or mounted on a wall, ceiling, floor or stand, and which is powered by an electric motor, ordinarily used for air movement in a dwelling, office or other building, but does not include an industrial fan, blower, attic fan or a fan which is a functional part of any equipment having a primary use other than ventilation.

2. No person shall manufacture an electric fan in completed or knock down form unless he has received the written permission of the Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and Machinery and Electrical Instruments. This permission will be granted

only for the manufacture of fans for the use of the armed forces or for use in hospitals, industrial establishments or on cargo vessels.

3. The restrictions of this Order shall not apply to the manufacture of repair or replacement parts, nor to the manufacture of electric fans for use on naval vessels and ordered by the Department of Munitions and Supply or the Department of National Defence (Naval Services).

4. This Order shall be effective on and after the 15th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 10th day of July, 1943.

M. C. LOWE,
Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and Machinery and Electrical Instruments.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-809

Respecting Men's, Youths' and Boys' Woollen Work and Sports Clothing

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order "manufacturer" means a person who makes, cuts or processes any kind of garment referred to in this Order or in the Schedule hereto.

2. No manufacturer shall manufacture for sale a garment of a kind referred to in the Schedule hereto and made either wholly or partly of wool.

(*a*) otherwise than in accordance with the restrictions set out in the said Schedule for such kind of garment; or

(*b*) having any feature or being any kind of garment set out in the Schedule under the caption "eliminations" for such kind of garment.

3. (1) Every manufacturer shall within 30 days from the effective date hereof file with the Administrator of Fine Clothing a written list in such form as the said Administrator may direct showing with respect to each kind of garment the kinds made by such manufacturer and the measurements for each size;

(2) The said Administrator may approve the sizes and measurements contained in such list with or without variation and thereafter the manufacturer who filed the list shall not manufacture a garment having a measurement which exceeds that set out in such list as approved for such size and kind of garment;

(3) Where in this Order or in the Schedule hereto the expression "manufacturer's approved grading to prevail" occurs with reference to any kind of garment such expression shall be deemed to refer to the sizes and measurements approved by the Administrator under subsection (2) of this Section for the manufacture of such kind of garment.

(4) This Section shall not apply to manufacturers with respect to garments which they manufacture on special order for sale by them at retail.

4. Nothing in this Order contained shall be deemed to prohibit the completion of any garment from materials which had, at the effective date of this Order, been cut or processed in any manner so as to render it unsuitable for use in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 hereof.

5. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Fine Clothing, upon application to him, may grant in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

6. Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended by deleting therefrom Part I of Schedule B to the said Order No. A-207.

7. This Order shall be effective on and after the 16th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 12th day of July, 1943.

H. R. COHEN,
Administrator of Fine Clothing (Woollens)

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-809

(1) *Men's, Youths' and Boys' Bush Coats*

Restrictions

(*a*) *Men's* maximum back length 29″ for size 38; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*b*) Not more than 4 pockets;
(*c*) Maximum bottom turn-up 1″ finished;
(*d*) *Boys'* bush coats: lapel facings permitted;
(*e*) *Men's* bush coats: facing not to be more than 6″ in length from top where zipper is used.

Eliminations

(*a*) Pleats, bi-swings or knife pleats; piece backs permitted provided yardage used is not in excess of yardage used in one piece back;
(*b*) Double yokes or backs;
(*c*) Detachable linings;
(*d*) Epaulets or shoulder straps;
(*e*) Wool linings;
(*f*) Facings except as permitted under restrictions.

(2) *Men's Work and Sport Breeches*

Restrictions

(*a*) Double knees not to be more than 7½″ in length;
(*b*) Not more than 4 pockets;
(*c*) Not more than 14 eyelets per leg.

Eliminations

(*a*) Double seats;
(*b*) Top pockets of any description;
(*c*) Tunnel loops;
(*d*) Zippers;
(*e*) Flaps or tabs on pockets;
(*f*) Back and side straps and buckles;
(*g*) Extreme pegs as Mounted Police type;
(*h*) Side facing or inside patch;
(*i*) English backs;
(*j*) Double fold over pockets;
(*k*) Extension waistbands;
(*l*) French fly.

(3) *Boys' Odd Breeches*

Restrictions

(*a*) Not more than 6 eyelets or 6 buttons and 6 button-holes per leg up to size 28;
(*b*) Not more than 8 eyelets or 8 buttons and 8 button-holes per leg on sizes 29 to 34;
(*c*) Double knee patch not to be more than 6″ in length;
(*d*) Not more than 3 pockets (2 side—one hip).

Eliminations

(*a*) Double seats on wool cloths of 22 ounces and over;
(*b*) Zippers;
(*c*) Tunnel loops;
(*d*) Cloth belts or half belts where elastic backs used;
(*e*) Pleats;
(*f*) Double crotch patches;
(*g*) Top pockets;
(*h*) Flaps or tabs on pockets;
(*i*) Extreme pegs as Mounted Police type;
(*j*) Knife or slash pockets.

(4) *Boys' Bloomers or Golfers*

Eliminations

Boys' bloomers or golfers.

(5) *Men's, Youths' and Boys' Cruiser Coats*

Restrictions

(*a*) Not more than 4 pockets;
(*b*) Back length not to exceed 29″ for size 38; manufacturers approved grading to prevail;
(*c*) Maximum turn-up 1″;
(*d*) Double backs of cotton on wool permitted.

Eliminations

(*a*) Wool cloth on wool cloth;
(*b*) Pleats, bi-swings and knife pleats; piece backs permitted provided yardage used is not in excess of yardage used in one piece back;
(*c*) Collar tabs;
(*d*) Zipper pockets;
(*e*) Double yokes or backs of double wool.

(6) *Men's and Boys' Mackinaw Coats*

Restrictions

(*a*) Men's mackinaw coats: back length not to exceed 34″; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*b*) Boys' mackinaw coats: back length not to exceed 30″ for size 36; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*c*) Men's and Boys' mackinaw coats; not more than 2 pockets.

Eliminations

(*a*) Norfolk styles;
(*b*) Double yokes or backs.

(7) *Men's Utility Coats or Jackets*

(made of polo cloth or tweed)

Restrictions

(*a*) Not more than 3 pockets; (1 breast—2 lower);
(*b*) Back length not to exceed 29½″ for size 38; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*c*) Maximum turn-up 1″.

Eliminations

(*a*) Pleats, bi-swings and knife pleats; piece backs permitted provided yardage used is not in excess of yardage used in one piece back;
(*b*) Shirred back;
(*c*) Tabs on sleeves;
(*d*) Buttons on sleeves;
(*e*) Double-breasted styles;
(*f*) Back or side vents;
(*g*) Detachable linings;
(*h*) Bellows or military pockets.

(8) *Men's and Boys' Parkas*

(lined and unlined)

Restrictions

(*a*) Not more than 1 zipper on front;
(*b*) Not more than 1 pocket zipper;
(*c*) Not more than 4 pockets (flaps permitted);
(*d*) Patch pockets permitted.

Eliminations

(*a*) Zippers on hoods;
(*b*) Detachable zipper hoods;
(*c*) Bellows or military patch pockets;
(*d*) Detachable lining.

(9) *Men's and Boys' Windbreakers*

Restrictions

(*a*) Men's windbreakers: not more than 2 pockets, flap or insert;
(*b*) Flaps on pockets and patch pockets permitted;
(*c*) Boys' windbreakers: not more than 2 pockets.

Eliminations

(*a*) Linings in windbreakers over 22 ounces;
(*b*) Raglan style windbreakers;
(*c*) Double-breasted styles;
(*d*) Pleats, bi-swings and knife pleats; piece backs permitted provided yardage used is not in excess of yardage used in one piece back;
(*e*) Collar and sleeve tabs;
(*f*) Zippers on pockets;

Eliminations

(*g*) Facings where zippers used;
(*h*) Double yokes or backs;
(*i*) Detachable linings;
(*j*) Reversibles;
(*k*) Pleated, bellows or military pockets;
(*l*) Pipings;
(*m*) Inside gusset or storm cuffs.

(10) *Men's, Youths' and Boys' Jodhpurs*

Eliminations

Men's, youths' and boys' jodhpurs.

(11) *Men's Odd Fine or Dress Pants, Sports Pants and Slacks and Work Pants*

Restrictions

(*a*) Length of inside leg not to exceed 35″ unfinished;
(*b*) Width of knee not to exceed 22½″ for size 32 waist; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*c*) Width of bottom not to exceed 19½″ for size 32 waist; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*d*) Rise not to exceed 12″ to top of waistband for size 32 waist; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*e*) Width of waistband not to exceed 2″;
(*f*) Maximum turn-up 2″;
(*g*) Not more than 4 pockets on man's work pants.

Eliminations

(*a*) Cuffs;
(*b*) Pleats;
(*c*) Extension waistbands;
(*d*) Cloth belts or half belts;
(*e*) Full top pockets;
(*f*) Flaps on back pockets;
(*g*) Tunnel loops;
(*h*) Back or side straps;
(*i*) French fly;
(*j*) English back;
(*k*) Open lap seams;
(*l*) Raised seams;
(*m*) Outlet on the outseam or below the knee on the inseam;
(*n*) Zippers on men's work pants;
(*o*) White or cream flannel trousers.

(12) *Youths' Sport Pants or Slacks*
(Ages 14 to 19 years)

Restrictions

(*a*) Cuffs permitted;
(*b*) Length of inside leg not to exceed 35 inches unfinished;
(*c*) Width of knee shall not exceed 21 inches for size 32 waist; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*d*) Width of bottom shall not exceed 19 inches size 32 waist; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*e*) Width of waistband shall not exceed 2 inches;
(*f*) Rise not to exceed 12 inches to top of waistband for size 32 waist; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail.

Eliminations

(*a*) Pleats;
(*b*) Extension waistbands;
(*c*) Cloth belts or half belts;
(*d*) Full top pockets;
(*e*) Flaps on back pockets;
(*f*) Tunnel loops;
(*g*) Back or side straps;
(*h*) French fly;
(*i*) English back;
(*j*) Open lap seams;
(*k*) Raised seams;
(*l*) Outlet on the outseam or below the knee on the inseam;
(*m*) White or cream flannel trousers.

(13) *Boys' Odd Pants and Slacks*

Restrictions

(*a*) Length of inside leg not to exceed 33 inches unfinished;
(*b*) Maximum turn-up 1½ inches;
(*c*) Width of knee not to exceed 20 inches for size 28 waist; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*d*) Width of bottom not to exceed 17 inches for size 28 waist; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*e*) Width of waistband not to exceed 1½ inches;
(*f*) Not more than 3 pockets (2 side—1 back);
(*g*) Double seats permitted.

Eliminations

(*a*) Pleats;
(*b*) Extension waistbands;
(*c*) Belts of any description;
(*d*) Flaps or tabs on pockets;
(*e*) Tunnel loops;
(*f*) Back or side straps;
(*g*) French fly;
(*h*) English backs;
(*i*) Open lap seams;
(*j*) Raised seams;
(*k*) Zippers;
(*l*) Elastic waistbands;
(*m*) Top pockets;
(*n*) Double cuffs.

(14) *Men's and Boys' Ski Slacks*

Restrictions

(*a*) Not more than 3 pockets;
(*b*) Width of waistband not to exceed 2 inches.

Eliminations

(*a*) Pleats;
(*b*) Extension waistband;
(*c*) Tunnel loops;
(*d*) Side straps;
(*e*) English backs;
(*f*) Zippers on pockets.

(15) *Youths' and Boys' Shorts and Odd Shorts*

Restrictions

(*a*) Boys' shorts to be made in sizes 24 to 30 inclusive;
(*b*) Youths' shorts to be made in sizes 31 to 34 inclusive;
(*c*) Inseam not to exceed 7 inches for size 28; manufacturer's approved grading to prevail;
(*d*) Maximum turn-up 1½ inches;
(*e*) Not more than 3 pockets.

Eliminations

(*a*) Pleats;
(*b*) Slash pockets;
(*c*) Cloth belts or half belts where elastic used;
(*d*) Top pockets;
(*e*) Flaps or tabs on pockets.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Ciba Building, 1235 McGill College Ave., Montreal.

ORDER No. C.C. 27

(Ester Gum)

Dated June 29, 1943.

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

It is Hereby Ordered as Follows:

1. Interpretation

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

(*a*) "Ester Gum" means hard synthetic resin of the general type produced by esterification of rosin with glycerine;

(*b*) "Controller" or "Controller of Chemicals" means the person from time to time appointed Controller of Chemicals by the Governor General in Council and for the time being in office as such;.

2. Prohibition

Except with a permit in writing from the Controller no person shall sell, supply, purchase or acquire any ester gum.

3. Application to be Attached to Purchase Orders

Every person who desires to purchase or acquire any ester gum shall place a purchase order with his supplier, attaching to such purchase order a completed application in duplicate substantially in the form set out in Schedule "A" to this Order, or as may be prescribed by the Controller.

4. Suppliers to Forward Application to Controller

Any supplier who receives a purchase order for ester gum with the application referred to in Section 3 of this Order shall forward such application in duplicate to the Controller, who will then, if it is approved by him, forward to the supplier a permit authorizing the sale, purchase and use of ester gum as stated in the permit.

5. Use Only as Stated in Permit

No person shall use any ester gum released under the terms of a permit issued pursuant to this Order for any purpose other than that mentioned in such permit.

6. Effective Date

This Order shall be effective on and after its date.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals

Approved:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

This is Schedule "A" to Order No. C.C. 27 of The Controller of Chemicals.

Application for release of Ester Gum.

This form is to be completed and submitted in duplicate by Applicant with his purchase order to his supplier. The supplier will forward both copies to the Controller of Chemicals.

Controller of Chemicals,
Department of Munitions and Supply,
1235 McGill College Avenue,
Montreal, Quebec.

Dear Sir:

For your approval, we submit particulars of order for Ester Gum.

Ordered by:

Applicant's order No.:

Supplier's name:

Quantity requested:

Proposed delivery date:

Inventory of Applicant as of lbs.

Goods for which Ester Gum is required:

Type of Goods produced	Quantity of Goods produced	Quantity of Ester Gum required	Specific End use

We certify that the above information is correct and that the quantity for which release is requested is not greater than is required for the uses shown.

Yours very truly,

Signature:

Title:

NOTE: This form may be reproduced.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

Controller of Chemicals

Ciba Building, 1235 McGill College Avenue,
Montreal.

Order No. C.C. 28
(Vinyl Polymers)

Dated June 29, 1943.

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996, dated July 10, 1941, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. INTERPRETATION

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

(*a*) "Vinyl Polymers" means plasticized or unplasticized polymers and co-polymers of vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride and polyvinyl alcohol and includes their condensation products. Such term also includes, but is not limited to, vinyl chloride-acetate copolymers, polyvinyl butyral, polyvinyl formal and polyvinyl acetal and the materials known by the trade names of Koroseal, Vinylite V, Saran, Butvar, Butacite, Heydenite, Saflex, Vinylite X, Vinylite A, PVA and Gelva. Such term also includes vinyl polymer scrap regardless of the source from which derived.

(*b*) "Controller" means the Controller of Chemicals.

2. PROHIBITION

Except with a permit in writing from the Controller no person shall sell, supply, purchase or acquire any vinyl polymers.

3. APPLICATION FOR PERMIT

Every person who desires to purchase or acquire any vinyl polymers shall complete and file with the Controller on or before the seventeenth day of the month in which delivery is required an application in triplicate substantially in the form set out in Schedule "A" to this Order or as may be prescribed by the Controller.

4. PERMIT ISSUED IF APPLICATION APPROVED

If the application referred to in Section 3 of this Order is approved by the Controller, he will issue a permit authorizing the sale, purchase and use of vinyl polymers as set out in the permit.

5. USE ONLY AS STATED IN PERMIT

No person shall use any vinyl polymers released under the terms of a permit issued pursuant to this Order for any purpose except that mentioned in such permit.

6. PRODUCERS TO REPORT MONTHLY

Every producer of vinyl polymers shall, on or before the tenth day of each month, file with the Controller a report in writing signed by him and stating the quantity of each grade of vinyl polymers produced by him during the previous month and the quantity of each grade on hand at the end of that month.

7. EFFECTIVE DATE

This Order shall be effective on and after its date.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:
HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

To Order No. C.C. 28

Date..........................

VINYL POLYMER REQUIREMENTS (Report for next month) (specify)..................

INSTRUCTIONS: Return in triplicate by date indicated in accompanying letter. Group as one item small amounts of the same article totalling less than 300 pounds.

Name of Vinyl Polymer (use separate sheet for each type material.)

To: Controller of Chemicals,
1235 McGill College Avenue,
Montreal, P.Q.

Name of your firm..........................
Address ....
(Street, city and province)
Name of supplier............................

	Pounds		Pounds
Stock on hand first previous month		Authorized for use current month	
Authorized for use previous month		Requested for delivery next month	
Consumed during previous month		Requested for use next month	
Stock on hand first current month		Authorization to receive delivery (Leave blank)	

Article & End Use	Govt. Spec. No.	Number and Kind of Unit	Customer to whom shipment will be made	Total lbs. Raw Material	Authorization to use. (Leave blank)
WAR ORDERS (as hereinafter defined)					
OTHER ORDERS					

AUTHORIZATION—To the above named applicant. You are hereby authorized to use for the purposes specified and to accept delivery of the quantities of material allocated above.

....
Date

Show requirements only for items for which you are prime fabricator; not for items which you purchase already fabricated by others.

WAR ORDERS

Any article manufactured for the Department of Munitions and Supply or the Department of National Defence or to be incorporated in any article being or to be manufactured for either of the said Departments.

Other Orders: All those not covered in above definition.

Remarks:

Certification—The undersigned certifies that the information contained in this report is correct and complete to the best of his knowledge and belief and that he will use the material received hereunder only for the uses and in the quantities herein referred to and then only to the extent authorized by the Controller of Chemicals.

....	....
Name of Company	Signature of Authorized Official
....	....
Date	Title

Note: Warning: Under Section 15 of the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations, it is an offence punishable by fine up to Five Thousand Dollars or to imprisonment up to five years or to both fine and imprisonment for any person to fail to observe any Order of a Controller or to make any false statement or representation to or for the use or information of a Controller.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE OIL CONTROLLER, 15 King Street West, Toronto

Order No. Oil 008B

(Order numbered 008A amended)

Dated June 29th, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941 as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Schedule "A" to Order 008A amended*

Effective as of June 1, 1943, Schedule "A" to the Oil Controller's Order No. 008A dated September 26, 1941 is amended to read as follows:

SCHEDULE A TO THE ORDER OF THE OIL CONTROLLER NUMBERED 008A

SPECIFICATIONS FOR GRADED MOTOR FUEL

GRADE I

Distillation: (Evaporated)	May 15-Sept. 15 (Summer) Degrees, Fah.	Sept. 16-May 14 (Winter) Degrees, Fah.
Not less than 10 per cent at..............	155	140
Not less than 50 per cent at..............	275	275
Not less than 90 per cent at..............	370	370

(A.S.T.M. Method D 86-40.)

Octane No. :75 to 78. (A.S.T.M. Method D 357-40.)

GRADE II

Distillation: (Evaporated)	May 15-Sept. 15 (Summer) Degrees, Fah.	Sept. 16-May 14 (Winter) Degrees, Fah.
Not less than 10 per cent at..............	155	140
Not less than 50 per cent at..............	275	275
Not less than 90 per cent at..............	370	370

(A.S.T.M. Method D 86-40.)

Octane No. :66 to 70. (A.S.T.M. Method D 357-40.)

SPECIFICATIONS COMMON TO GRADE I AND GRADE II

Water: None present.

Sediment: None present.

Sulphur: Not more than 0.15 per cent.
(A.S.T.M. Method D 90-34T.)

Corrosion: Graded motor fuel shall pass the test for corrosion specified by A.S.T.M. Method D 130-30.

Freezing point: Sept. 16-May 14 (Winter). Not higher than minus 60 degrees, Fahrenheit.

Vapour pressure: May 15-Sept. 15 (Summer). Not higher than 10 pounds per square inch.

Sept. 16-May 14 (Winter). Not higher than 13 pounds per square inch.

Exception: A vapour pressure of one pound greater shall be permissible at a refinery or at delivery from railway tank cars.
(A.S.T.M. Method D 323-40T.)

Gum: The gum content shall not exceed 10 mg. per 100 c.c. The determination shall be made by A.S.T.M. Method D 381-36 unless top cylinder lubricant is stated to be present, in which case C.G.P.S.C. Procedure 3-GP-9 shall be followed.

The methods of test in all cases shall be those specified in the foregoing clauses or such methods as may from time to time be specified by the Oil Controller. A.S.T.M. means herein "American Society for Testing Materials".

2. *Schedule "B" to Order 008A amended*

Effective as of June 1, 1943, Schedule "B" to the Oil Controller's Order numbered 008A dated September 26, 1941 is amended to read as follows:

SCHEDULE B TO THE ORDER OF THE OIL CONTROLLER NUMBERED 008A

SPECIFICATIONS FOR GRADED MOTOR FUEL

GRADE I

Distillation: (Evaporated)	Apr. 1-Sept. 30 (Summer) Degrees, Fah.	Oct. 1-Mar. 31 (Winter). Degrees, Fah.
Not more than 10 per cent at..............	145	
Not less than 10 per cent at..............	165	140
Not less than 50 per cent at..............	280	257
Not less than 90 per cent at..............	380	370

(A.S.T.M. Method D 86-40.)

Octane No. 75 to 78. (A.S.T.M. Method D 357-40).

GRADE II

Distillation: (Evaporated)	Apr. 1-Sept. 30 (Summer) Degrees, Fah.	Oct. 1-Mar. 31 (Winter) Degrees, Fah.
Not more than 10 per cent at..............	145	
Not less than 10 per cent at..............	165	140
Not less than 50 per cent at..............	280	257
Not less than 90 per cent at..............	380	370

(A.S.T.M. Method D 86-40.)

Octane No. 66 to 70. (A.S.T.M. Method D 357-40).

SPECIFICATIONS COMMON TO GRADE I AND GRADE II

Water: None present.

Sediment: None present.

Sulphur: Not more than 0.25 per cent.
(A.S.T.M. Method D 90-34T).

Corrosion: Graded motor fuel shall pass the test for corrosion specified by A.S.T.M. Method D 130-30.

Freezing point: October 1 to March 31, inclusive. (Winter). Not higher than minus 30 degrees, Fahrenheit.

Vapour pressure: Apr. 1-Sept. 30 (Summer). Not higher than 10 pounds per square inch.

Oct. 1-March 31 (Winter). Not higher than 13 pounds per square inch.

Exception: A vapour pressure of one pound greater shall be permissible at a refinery or at delivery from railway tank cars. (A.S.T.M. Method D 323-40T).

Gum: The gum content shall not exceed 15 mg. per 100 c.c. The determination shall be made by A.S.T.M. Method D 381-36 unless top cylinder lubricant is stated to be present, in which case C.G.P.S.C. Procedure 3-GP-9 shall be followed.

The methods of test in all cases shall be those specified in the foregoing clauses or such methods as may form time to time be specified by the Oil Controller. A.S.T.M. means herein "American Society for Testing Materials".

GEORGE COULTON,
Deputy Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 12-A

(Order No. Oil 12 amended)

Dated June 28, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, as amended and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Section 8A added to Order No. Oil 12*

The Oil Controller's Order No. Oil 12 dated March 19, 1943 is amended by inserting immediately following Section 8 thereof the following Section:

"8A Cancelling Coupons

(1) Each operator of a dealer outlet shall, forthwith upon this Order No. Oil 12A becoming effective, cancel each coupon and each fractional coupon, which has been surrendered to him in exchange for graded gasoline and is in his possession, and each Inventory Coupon in his possession, by stamping thereon in indelible ink in such manner as to be clearly legible the number of the license issued to him as such operator by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

(2) On and after August 2, 1943 each operator of a dealer outlet shall, forthwith after the surrender to him of any coupon or fractional coupon in exchange for graded gasoline, and forthwith after the delivery to him of any Inventory Coupon, cancel such coupon by stamping thereon in indelible ink in such manner as to be clearly legible the number of the license issued to him as such operator by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

(3) A coupon which has been cancelled as provided in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall not be a valid coupon except for exchange in accordance with the provisions of this Order by the operator whose license number it bears for graded gasoline delivered to him by his supplier, and no coupon, except a coupon which has been cancelled as provided in the said subsections (1) and (2) shall be a valid coupon for such exchange.

(4) Any person to whom a Gasoline License and Ration Coupons Book containing commercial type coupons has been issued may cancel any such coupon while it is attached to the Gasoline License and Ration Coupon Book by stamping or printing thereon in indelible ink in such manner as to be clearly legible the name under which he carries on business and its address.

(5) Each consumer, who operates a pump or pumps for dispensing gasoline into motor vehicles shall, forthwith upon this Order No. Oil 12A becoming effective, cancel each coupon and each fractional coupon, which has been detached by him from a Gasoline License and Ration Coupon Book and is in his possession, by stamping thereon in indelible ink the name and address under which the business in which such pump or pumps are used is carried on.

(6) On and after August 2, 1943 each consumer who operates a pump or pumps for dispensing gasoline into motor vehicles shall, forthwith after detaching any coupon or fractional coupon from a Gasoline License and Ration Coupon Book, cancel any such coupon which has not already been cancelled pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, by stamping thereon in indelible ink the name and address under which the business in which such pump or pumps are used is carried on.

(7) A coupon which has been cancelled by stamping as provided in any of subsections (4), (5) and (6) of this section shall not be a valid coupon except for exchange by the person whose trade name it bears for graded gasoline delivered to him and for further exchange in accordance with subsection (3) of this Section by the operator of a dealer outlet after being stamped by him in accordance with subsection (2) of this Section.

(8) The stamping of a coupon or fractional coupon in the manner provided by this Section 8A shall not be deemed an alteration, defacement, obliteration or mutilation thereof within the meaning of subsection (1) of Section 16 of this Order.

2. *Schedule "F" to Order No. Oil 12 amended*

Schedule "F" to the said Order No. Oil 12 is amended by adding at the end thereof immediately after the words "included herein" the following:

"and that all such coupons have been cancelled".

3. *Effective date*

This Order shall be effective on and from August 2, 1943.

GEORGE CAULTON,
Deputy Oil Controller

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Branch Order No. 73

Dated July 6, 1943.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 4, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 5084 of July 8, 1941, the undersigned hereby orders that, on and after July 12, 1943, Section 2 of Export Permit Branch Order No. 67 of March 19, 1943, be rescinded, so that eggs for hatching will require an export permit when shipped from Canada to any destination.

JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

VOLUME III—No. 3 July 26, 1943

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS

1943

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793
of 26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Orders in Council

4660—Wartime Industries Control Board—regulations amended (Munitions and Supply) .. 87
5436—Vancouver Harbour, shipbuilding yard and ways, etc. (Public Works) 90
5518—Repayment of subsidy Order (Finance) 90
5526—Quebec Shipyards Ltd.—Chantiers Maritimes de Quebec Ltée (Munitions and Supply) 92
5551—Petroleum, imports exempt from War Exchange Tax (Finance) 94
5574—J. H. Berry, member, Canadian Section of the Joint War Production Committee of Canada and U.S.A. (External Affairs) 95
18/5610—Civil servants with Armed Forces—leave of absence (Finance) 95
25/5610—Salary increases *re* allowances under Civil Service Superannuation Act (Finance) 99
89/5610—Wine spirits distilled prior to March 3, 1943—exempt from excise duty (National Revenue) 100
97/5610—Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order 1942 amended (National Revenue) 100
5641—Foreign Exchange Control Order amended; David Sim appointed a member (Finance) 100
5674—Claims arising out of alleged negligence of members of the armed Forces—regulations amended (National Defence) 101
5676—Brigadier General Alex Ross appointed Director of Civil Air Raid Precautions (Pensions and National Health) 102

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

Agriculture—
Meat Board—

Order No. 1—Slaughter of hogs 103

National Revenue—

W.M. No. 13 Revision Supplement No. 27—Prohibited publications 107
W.M. No. 97—Research Laboratory aircraft—Special reporting facilities 107

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Administrators' Orders—

A-775—Manufacturers' and wholesalers' prices for certain lumber originating in the southern interior region of British Columbia and in Southern Alberta 109
A-788—Manufacturers' and wholesalers' prices for spruce and lodgepole pine in various provinces 123
A-795—Agricultural hand tools 129
A-812—Woll clips 131
A-813—Maixmum taxicab fares in Lake St. John Area, Que 132
A-814—Shotguns 132

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

Coal Controller—

Order No. Coal 5—Coal supply restriction, Ontario and Quebec 133

Metals Controller—

Order No. M.C. 25A—Silver 135

Rubber Controller—

Order No. Rubber 3-A—Rubber Conservation and Technical Committee—membership amended 136
Order No. Rubber 4—Rubber tires and tubes 137

Timber Controller—

Order No. Timber 4-B—Orders T.C. 4, T.C.4A and part of T.C.1 rescinded 155

67

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council amending Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations

P.C. 4660

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

· Friday the 16th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations were made and established by Order in Council P.C. 6835 of August 29, 1941;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply represents that Section 15 of the said Regulations provides penalties for breaches of Controller's Orders and other offences with respect to Controllers; and should be made applicable to any Order in Council conferring any power or authority upon a Controller as well as to Controller's Orders; and

That for the simplification of enforcement and for the benefit of the Courts, enforcement officers and the defence counsel, offences and the law relating thereto, and the rules governing documentary and other evidence in the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations should be substantially identical with those established by the Governor in Council in the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations, and that the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations should be amended accordingly.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to amend the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations made and established by Order in Council P.C. 6835 of August 29, 1941, as amended and they are hereby further amended as follows:—

1. Paragraph (*f*) of Section 1 of the said Regulations is amended to read as follows:—

(*f*) "order" (except when used in Section 13 of these regulations) includes any regulation, licence, permit, prohibition, requirement, direction, restriction, limitation, instruction, made, given, issued or established by or under the authority of the Minister, any Controller, the Priorities Officer, or the Board pursuant to any power conferred by or under these Regulations, or any other Regulation, Order in Council or Statute relating to a Controller, the Priorities Officer of the Board.

2. Section 14 of the said Regulations is rescinded and the following is substituted therefor:—

"14. (1) In any proceedings in any court

(*a*) any document certified by the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Board to be a true copy of an Order shall be received as conclusive evidence that such order was made and issued and that such document is a true copy thereof;

(*b*) any document purporting to be signed or countersigned by the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Board shall be received in evidence without proof of the signature or official character of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Secretary or Assistant Secretary, as the case may be;

(*c*) evidence of any order or other document may be given by the production of a copy thereof purporting to be printed by the King's Printer for Canada, but nothing herein contained shall require proof thereof by such mode;

(*d*) the affidavit of a Controller, an Associate Controller, a Deputy Controller, the Priorities Officer or a Deputy Priorities Officer that he has knowledge of the facts, and that an annexed document is a true copy of an order, form or other document shall be received as *prima facie* evidence that such order, form or other document was made, issued or prescribed and that such document is a true copy thereof.

(2) Where, by any Order in Council or order, provision is made for any person to file, forward or deliver any document with or to the Board; a Controller or the Priorities Officer, or any agent or representative of any of them, an affidavit of any officer or employee of the Department of Munitions and Supply of the Government of Canada or any representative of any such officer, sworn before any Commissioner or other person authorized to administer oaths, that he has charge of the appropriate records and that after careful examination and search of such records he has been unable to find in any given case that any such document has been filed with or received by him, shall be received as *prima facie* evidence that no such document was so filed, forwarded or delivered;

(3) In any Court, the affidavit of any officer or employee of the Department of Munitions and Supply of the Government of Canada, or any representative of any such officer, sworn before any commissioner or other person authorized to administer oaths, that he has charge of the appropriate records and that an annexed document is a document filed with or received by the Board, a Controller or the Priorities Officer, or by any office, officer or representative of any of them shall be received as *prima facie* evidence that such document has been so filed or received;

(4) Where evidence is offered by affidavit pursuant to paragraph (*d*) of subsection (1) or subsections (2) or (3) of this section it shall not be necessary to prove the official character of the person making the affidavit if that information is set forth in the affidavit, nor shall it be necessary to prove the signature or official character of the person before whom such affidavit was sworn.

(5) In any proceedings for an offence against these Regulations

(*a*) the original or a copy of any sales slip, charge slip, invoice, voucher, book of account, bill, monthly statement, or other document whatsoever, which is proved on behalf of the prosecution to have been found in or produced from the possession of the accused or his agent or to have been issued by him or his agent and which records or purports to record the price, date, subject matter or other particulars of a sale or purchase shall be *prima facie* evidence that a sale or purchase as indicated therein was made by or on behalf of the accused;

(*b*) the original or a copy of any catalogue, price list, handbill, circular letter, pamphlet, card, poster, price-tag or price-marking, letter of quotation, tender, advertisement or other document whatsoever, which is proved on behalf of the prosecution to have been found in or produced from the possession of the accused or his agent or to have been issued or published by or on behalf of the accused, and which records or purports to record the price, date, subject-matter, or other particulars of an offer to sell, shall be *prima facie* evidence that an offer to sell as indicated therein was made by or on behalf of the accused;

(*c*) proof of an invitation for offers to buy shall be proof of an offer to sell.

(6) Where any person is charged with an offence against these Regulations, it shall not be necessary for the prosecuting authority to establish that the person so charged did not possess or had not been granted a licence, or had not been exempted from the relative provisions of any relevant Order or Regulations, or had not received any permission required by any relevant Order or Regulations for any act or omission, and if the person so charged pleads or alleges that he had or had been granted such a licence, or had been so exempted or had received such permission, the burden of proof thereof shall be on the person so charged."

3. Section 15 of the said Regulations is amended by deleting therefrom the words: "Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any order of any Controller, Deputy Controller, the Priorities Officer, the Deputy Priorities Officer, or the Board, or who in any manner hinders or obstructs any Controller, Deputy Controller, the Priorities Officer, the Deputy Priorities Officer, or the Board, or any person acting under the authority of any of them, or who makes any false statement or representation to, or for the use or information of, or pursuant to any order of, any Controller, Deputy Controller, the Priorities Officer, the Deputy Priorities Officer, or the Board, or any person acting under the authority of any of them shall be guilty of an offence."

and by substituting therefor the words:

"Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any Order, or these Regulations, or any Order in Council conferring any power or authority upon any Controller or the Priorities Officer, or who in any manner hinders or obstructs the Board, any Controller or the Priorities Officer, or any person acting on behalf of or under the authority of any of them, or who makes any false statement or representation to, or for the use or information of, or pursuant to any Order made by or under the authority of, the Board, any Controller or the Priorities Officer, or to, or for the use or information of, any person acting on behalf of or under the authority of any of them, shall be guilty of an offence against these Regulations."

4. The following sections are added to the said Regulations:

"22. A prosecution under Part XV of the Criminal Code for any offence against these Regulations may be commenced at any time within twelve months from the time of its commission.

23. In any proceedings upon summary conviction, any charge may include several offences against these Regulations committed by the same person and any number of charges against such person may be included in one and the same information; and all such charges may be tried concurrently and one conviction for any or all of such offences may be made, which conviction may but need not provide a separate penalty for each such offence.

24. For the purposes of the prosecution of a person for an offence against these Regulations the offence shall be deemed to have been committed either at the place where it was actually committed or at any place in Canada in which the offender resides or carries on business or is found or apprehended or in custody.

25. No person shall attempt to commit, or aid or abet, or counsel or procure, the commission of any offence against these Regulations, or conspire with any person by any means whatsoever to commit such an offence, or enter into any transaction or arrangement designed for the purpose of having the effect of evading any order or these Regulations, or any Order in Council conferring any power or authority upon a Controller or the Priorities Officer.

26. No person shall, with intent to evade the provisions of any order or these Regulations, or any Order in Council conferring any power or authority upon a Controller or the Priorities Officer, destroy, mutilate, deface, alter, secrete or remove any books, records or property of any kind."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re ship building yard and ways, etc., proposed to be built on the south shore of False Creek, Vancouver Harbour, B.C.

P.C. 5436

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 8th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Transport and the Minister of Public Works report that West Coast Shipbuilders Limited have applied under Section 7, Chapter 140, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927—the Navigable Waters Protection Act—for the approval of the annexed plan of shipbuilding yard and ways, etc., and of the site thereof, according to the description attached, proposed to be built on Lots 51, 51A, 52 and 52A, District Lot 2064, Group One, New Westminster District, on the south shore of False Creek, Vancouver Harbour, B.C.;

That the Chief Engineer of the Department of Public Works, on the favourable report of the District Engineer, has recommended the approval of the application from the standpoint of navigation, under the Navigable Waters Protection Act, of that part of the works within the harbour headline which was established by Order in Council (P.C. 948) of February 7, 1942, and under the War Measures Act of that part of the work beyond the harbour headline, and in this recommendation the Deputy Minister of Public Works has concurred;

That the Company has filed proof of its interest in the site of the proposed works;

That the Department of Justice has reported that all the requirements of Section 7 of the Navigable Waters Protection Act have been complied with, and that this application may now properly be submitted to the Governor in Council for approval of that part of the works which lie within the harbour headline, and that approval be granted under the War Measures Act of that part beyond the harbour headline;

That the works in question also fall under the provisions of Section 38, Chapter 42, I EDWARD VIII—the National Harbours Board Act, 1936; and

That the Chairman of the National Harbours Board has advised that there is no objection to this application being approved under the War Measures Act.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport and the Minister of Public Works, pursuant to the provisions of the Navigable Waters Protection Act, Chapter 140 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and the National Harbours Board Act, Chapter 42 of the Statutes of 1936, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927 (the latter Act to apply to that part of the works which will be outside the existing harbour headline) is pleased to approve and doth hereby approve the annexed plan of shipbuilding yard and ways, etc., and of the site thereof, according to the description attached, proposed to be built by West Coast Shipbuilders Limited, on Lots 51, 51A, 52 and 52A, District Lot 2064, Group One, New Westminster District, on the south shore of False Creek, Vancouver, B.C.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

The Repayment of Subsidy Order

P.C. 5518

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 16th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. was formed to assist in stabilizing the wartime prices of goods to be consumed in Canada; and for such purpose, as an agency of the Government of Canada, pays subsidies, subventions and bonuses and buys and sells goods;

That it has been found impracticable to restrict the benefits of the corporation's activities to the selling price of goods which are ultimately consumed in Canada, with the result that goods on which subsidies, subventions or bonuses have been or may be paid or which have been sold by the corporation at prices below cost and goods, the cost of production of which is or has been reduced by the payment of subsidies, subventions or bonuses in respect of other goods or by sales by the corporation of other goods at prices below cost, are, from time to time, exported or sold as ships' stores for ships clearing for an ocean voyage to a foreign port or for the high seas;

That neither goods sold for export nor transportation on such ships are subject to the maximum prices prescribed by the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations; and

That it is deemed necessary or advisable for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada that the financial assistance so extended by the Government should, when goods are sold for export or as stores for such ships, be repaid.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to make and doth hereby make the following Order:—

ORDER

1. This order may be cited as "The Repayment of Subsidy Order."

2. In this order, unless the context otherwise requires,

(a) "corporation" means the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Ltd., incorporated pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 9870 of the 17th day of December, 1941;

(b) "subsidy" means a subsidy, subvention, bonus or other sum granted by the corporation either by payment in cash or by sales by the corporation at prices below cost; and

(c) "subsidized goods" means goods of a class or kind designated by the corporation under Section 3 of this order as a class or kind of goods

  (i) in respect of which a subsidy is or has been granted; or

  (ii) the cost of production of which is or has been reduced by a subsidy granted in respect of some other class or kind of goods.

3. The corporation may from time to time, by notice published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations,* designate a class or kind of goods as subsidized goods for the purposes of this order and may by a similar notice cancel or vary any such designation; and any goods of a class or kind so designated shall be conclusively presumed to be subsidized goods for the purposes of this order until the designation of such class or kind has been cancelled pursuant to this section.

4. (1) Every person shall, before he exports any subsidized goods from Canada, repay the subsidy involved in such goods by paying to the corporation an amount which is determined by the corporation to be equal thereto; and no person shall export any subsidized goods from Canada until such amount has been paid to the corporation.

(2) Every person who sells any subsidized goods to be used as ships' stores for a ship clearing from Canada either for an ocean voyage to a foreign port or for the high seas shall, within thirty days from the sale, repay the subsidy involved in such goods by paying to the corporation an amount which is determined by the corporation to be equal thereto.

(3) Every person shall, before he takes any subsidized goods out of Canada as ships' stores for a ship clearing from Canada either for an ocean voyage to a foreign port or for the high seas, if the subsidy involved in such goods is not repayable under subsection (2) of this section, repay the subsidy involved in such goods by paying to the corporation an amount which is determined by the corporation to be equal thereto.

(4) Every amount payable under this section shall be determined by the corporation, either by specific determination or by specifying the method of calculation, and every such determination shall be conclusive for all the purposes of this order.

(5) Notice of any determination under this section published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations* shall be evidence of such determination.

5. No permit, licence or inspection certificate required by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of the 8th day of April, 1941, or by any other statute or law before any subsidized goods may be exported or taken out of Canada shall be issued until the payments required by this order have been made.

6. Any amount payable to the corporation under section 4 of this order may be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction by the Attorney General of Canada as a debt due to His Majesty.

7. No person shall institute or continue any action or other proceeding to recover any sum of money paid, before this order came into force, to the corporation or to any person on behalf of His Majesty or of the corporation as a repayment of subsidy involved in goods which were to be or had been exported, or sold or taken out of Canada as ships' stores.

8. (1) Every person who contravenes any of the provisions of this order is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

(2) Every person is a party to and guilty of an offence under this order who

(*a*) actually commits it;

(*b*) does or omits an act for aiding any person to commit the offence;

(*c*) abets any person in the commission of the offence; or

(*d*) counsels or procures any person to commit the offence.

(3) If a corporation is guilty of an offence under these regulations, any officer or director of the corporation who assented to or acquiesced in the commission of the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing expropriation of plants of Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Co., and George T. Davie & Sons; their operation by Quebec Shipyards Ltd., and cancelling appointment of Wilfred Gagnon, Controller

P.C. 5526

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports:—

That Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Company Limited and George T. Davie & Sons Limited have been engaged in the construction of naval vessels for His Majesty in shipbuilding plants operated by the said Companies at the City of Quebec and at Lauzon, in the Province of Quebec, respectively;

That the said plants are owned in part by the respective Companies and in part by His Majesty who has provided substantial additional shipbuilding facilities to each of the said Companies and has retained title to the additional facilities so provided; and

That by Order in Council P.C. 4893 of June 15, 1943 a Controller of the business, undertaking, affairs and operations of each of the aforesaid plants was appointed and since the date of the said Order the said plants have been operated by such Controller on behalf of the said Companies respectively.

And whereas the Minister is of the opinion that to ensure the desired co-ordination of the operations carried on in each of the said plants and the most complete and economical utilization of critical materials, it is desirable that the said plants be operated on behalf of His Majesty under one management;

And whereas the Minister, therefore, considers that it is advisable for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada and the efficient proscution of the war, that His Majesty should acquire and take over the operation of the said plants as hereinafter provided and should cause the said plants to be operated on behalf of His Majesty by a Government-owned company, "Quebec Shipyards Limited—Chantiers Maritimes de Quebec Limitee" the incorporation of which has been procured by the Minister pursuant to section 6 (3) of The Department of Munitions and Supply Act;

And whereas the course herein proposed is deemed to be in the public interest.

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act and The Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:

1. The expropriation, pursuant to the provisions of the Expropriation Act, until the cessation of hostilities in the present war and for the period of one year thereafter, of the shipbuilding plant formerly operated by Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Company Limited at the City of Quebec and of the shipbuilding plant formerly operated by George T. Davie & Sons Limited at Lauzon, Quebec, (including lands and/or interests in land, buildings, fixed machinery and equipment and other fixed assets but excluding such portions of the said plants as are now owned by His Majesty) is hereby approved and authorized.

2. All other property, assets and rights owned by the said Companies, respectively, and which are used for or in connection with the operations carried on in the respective plants aforesaid, including machinery, equipment, tools, materials, parts, work-in-process, facilities and services situated in or about the said plants respectively or which relate to or are connected with the operation thereof, are hereby appropriated to and vested in His Majesty (free and clear of any right, title, interest or claim of the said Companies respectively, or any other person, therein or thereto except as hereinafter provided) as of midnight on the day on which the relevant plans and descriptions are deposited under the provisions of the Expropriation Act pursuant to the authorization contained in the last preceding paragraph hereof.

3. The compensation to be paid to the said Companies respectively for the property, assets and rights acquired hereunder or as provided herein shall be such as may be determined by agreement between the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the respective Companies with the approval of the Governor in Council or, in default of agreement, shall be fixed or determined in accordance with the procedure provided by the relevant statutes in that behalf.

4. Notwithstanding anything herein contained, the Governor in Council at any time prior to payment in full of the compensation agreed upon or determined to be payable for the property, assets and rights aforesaid, may determine it to be in the public interest that His Majesty should acquire a greater or lesser interest in such property, assets and rights, or any part thereof, than is provided for herein and may amend this Order accordingly as of the date hereof;

5. The Minister of Munitions and Supply is hereby authorized to enter into a contract with "Quebec Shipyards Limited—Chantiers Maritimes de Quebec Limitee" for the operation of the plants aforesaid by the said Company on behalf of His Majesty, and to make such payments as may from time to time be required for the purposes of such operations, and also to make such payments as the said Minister may deem proper in respect of the current liabilities of Morton Engineering and Dry Dock Company Limited and George T. Davie & Sons Limited incurred in respect of their operation of the said plants respectively, such last mentioned payments to be by way of accountable advances in respect of the compensation payable by His Majesty for the property, assets and rights acquired hereunder or pursuant hereto.

6. The Minister of Munitions and Supply is further authorized to do such further or other acts and things as in his opinion may be necessary or expedient for the carrying out of the foregoing provisions of this Order;

7. The appointment by Order in Council P.C. 4893 of June 15, 1943, of Wilfred Gagnon as Controller of the business, undertaking, affairs and operations of each of the shipbuilding plants aforesaid is hereby revoked, effective on and from the date on which the expropriation and appropriation herein provided for become effective, such revocation to be without prejudice to any acts done by the said Controller prior to such revocation becoming effective in the course of or as incidental to the exercise or discharge of any of his powers, authorities, rights and duties as such Controller or to any rights, privileges or immunities in respect thereof possessed by or vested in such Controller under or by virtue of said Order in Council P.C. 4893.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council exempting certain imports of petroleum from War Exchange Tax.

P.C. 5551

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 13th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports,—

That British Columbia oil refiners import large quantities of petroleum and its products from California;

That the United States authorities substantially increased the price of California crude oil and heavy fuel oil, effective April 1, 1943, and that these price increases seriously affect British Columbia oil refiners;

That imports of crude oil and fuel oil from the United States or any other non-British Empire country are subject to the war exchange tax of 10 per cent ad valorem;

That the Wartime Prices and Trade Board recommends that imports of crude petroleum as described in Tariff Item 267c and imports of products of petroleum, n.o.p. covered by Tariff Item 269, ·934 specific gravity (20 A.P.I.) or heavier at 60 degrees Fahrenheit when imported into British Columbia in bulk by tank vessels be exempt from the war exchange tax of 10 per cent ad valorem in order to enable these products to be sold in that province under existing ceiling prices.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and doth hereby order that imports of crude petroleum and heavy fuel oil as described hereunder be exempt from the war exchange tax of 10 per cent ad valorem, when imported into British Columbia ports in bulk by tank vessels, effective July 1, 1943;

(*a*) Crude petroleum not subjected to any other process than natural weathering and removal of foreign matter and water, when imported by oil refiners to be refined in their own factories. (Item 267c as established by Order in Council P.C. 2597 passed on April 1, 1942.)

(*b*) Products of petroleum, n.o.p., ·934 specific gravity (20 A.P.I.) or heavier at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. (ex Item 269.)

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing J. H. Berry to the Canadian Section, Joint War Production Committee

P.C. 5574

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 13th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Secretary of State for External Affairs reports that E. J. Brunning Esquire, Director General, Ammunition and Gun Production Branch, Department of Munitions and Supply, has been appointed Coal Controller and that it is therefore necessary for him to relinquish his duties as a member of the Canadian Section of the Joint War Production Committee of Canada and the United States established by Order in Council P.C. 8441 of 31st October, 1941, as amended.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Secretary of State for External Affairs, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased, hereby, to revoke the appointment of the said E. J. Brunning as a member of the Canadian Section of the said Committee and to appoint in his stead, as a member of the said Canadian Section, J. H. Berry, Esquire, Director General, Automotive and Tank Production Branch, Department of Munitions and Supply, said revocation and appointment to be effective on and from July 10, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re leave of absence to civil servants for service with the Armed Forces. (Consolidation of P.C. 2584, September 7, 1939 and amendments.)

P.C. 18/5610

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 15th July, 1943.

The Board have had under consideration the following report and recommendation from the Honourable the Minister of Finance:—

"The undersigned has the honour to report:

That Your Excellency in Council has from time to time deemed it advisable, by reason of the state of war now existing, to provide that employees in the Public Service of Canada who have been called out or placed on or who have enlisted or enrolled for active or full-time service in His Majesty's naval, military and air forces and certain other forces, the duties of which are similar in character, be protected in respect of their civil positions;

That, in the opinion of the undersigned, it is desirable to consolidate and revise the Orders of Your Excellency in Council relating thereto;

Now, therefore, the undersigned has the honour to recommend that, under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and notwithstanding the provisions of the Civil Service Act, Civil Service Superannuation Act or any other Act, Your Excellency in Council be pleased to order:

1. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,

(*a*) 'Civil Service' comprises all positions in the Public Service appointment to which is made by the Commission under the provisions of the Civil Service Act;

(*b*) 'Commission' means the Civil Service Commission;

(*c*) 'department', with reference to any branch or portion of the Public Service which does not form part of a department, means such branch or portion;

(*d*) 'employee in respect of whom this Order applies' means any person employed in the Public Service on September 1st, 1939, or employed in the Public Service since that date otherwise than as a temporary replacement for an employee who is absent on leave, in a position the duties of which are certified

(i) by the Commission, in the case of a position in the Civil Service, and

(ii) by the Treasury Board of Canada, in the case of any other position in the Public Service,

to be duties not arising out of war activities;

(*e*) 'Forces' means the following Forces:—

(i) the Royal Canadian Navy,

(ii) the Canadian Army,

(iii) the Royal Canadian Air Force,

(iv) any other of His Majesty's naval, military or air forces,

(v) the Royal Canadian Mounted Police,

(vi) the Corps of (Cilivian) Canadian Fire Fighters for Service in the United Kingdom,

(vii) the Armed Forces of the United States of America,

(viii) the Fighting French Force;

(*f*) 'head of the department' means the ministerial head of the department;

(*g*) 'permanent employee' means an employee who has been permanently appointed to a permanent position;

(*h*) 'permanently appointed' means

(i) with reference to a position in the Civil Service, appointed during pleasure under the authority of a certificate of permanent appointment issued by the Commission and

(ii) with reference to any other position in the Public Service, appointed during pleasure by competent authority in the manner which in accordance with the usual practice relating to appointments to such position, is permanent.

(*i*) 'permanent position' means a position approved by competent authority as a position on the permanent organization or establishment of a department or a position, although not so approved, the duties of which are certified

(i) by the Commission, in the case of a position in the Civil Service, or

(ii) by the Treasury Board of Canada, in the case of any other position in the Public Service,

to be of continuing indeterminate duration.

(*j*) 'Public Service' comprises all positions in the Public Service of Canada the remuneration for which is paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund;

(*k*) 'service' with reference to the Forces, means active or full time service and 'serve' has a corresponding meaning;

(*l*) 'temporary position' means any position in the Public Service other than a permanent position.

Permanent Employees

2. Where a permanent employee in respect of whom this Order applies is, with the approval of the head of the department in which he is employed, absent from his position on service in the Forces, he is deemed to have been granted and is on leave of absence without pay from his position for the period he is on service in the Forces and six months after his discharge therefrom.

Temporary Employees

3. Where a temporary employee in respect of whom this Order applies who is employed in

(i) a permanent position in the Civil Service under the authority of a certificate issued by the Commission either after selection from an eligible list established under the Civil Service Act or, if his appointment was specifically excluded from the provisions of the said Act under section 59 thereof, in accordance with the regulations made thereunder in respect of his appointment, or

(ii) a permanent position in the Public Service appointment to which is not made by the Commission under the Civil Service Act

is, with the approval of the head of the department in which he is employed, absent from his position on service in the Forces, he is deemed to have been granted and is on leave of absence without pay from his position for the period he is on service in the Forces and six months after his discharge therefrom.

4. Where a temporary employee in respect of whom this Order applies who was employed under the authority of a certificate issued by the Commission

(i) in a temporary position in the Civil Service, or

(ii) in a permanent position in the Civil Service but who was not assigned thereto from an eligible list established by the Commission under the Civil Service Act and whose appointment was not specifically excluded from the provisions of the said Act under section 59 thereof,

has, with the approval of the head of the department in which he was employed, left his position to serve in the Forces, he is eligible and shall be given preference, if he makes application therefor within six months after his discharge from the Forces, for temporary appointment to a position in the Civil Service which in the opinion of the Commission is equivalent to that in which he was employed at the time he left to serve in the Forces and is eligible for permanent appointment thereto if he was qualified therefor at such time, or if he was not so qualified at such time, on qualification in such examination as the Commission deems necessary; provided that where any such person is assigned to a position in any department the deputy head thereof may at any time before the expiration of six months from the date of assignment reject such person or may extend such period of probation within which such person may be rejected for another six months.

5. Where a temporary employee in respect of whom this Order applies who was employed in a temporary position otherwise than under the authority of a certificate of the Commission has, with the approval of the head of the department in which he was employed, left his position to serve in the Forces, he is, if he makes application therefor within six months after his discharge from the Forces, eligible on qualification in an oral examination conducted by the Commission to be placed on an eligible list established by the Commission for appointment to a position or class of positions in the Civil Service which in the opinion of the Commission is equivalent to that in which he was employed at the time he left to serve in the Forces or for which he was qualified at such time.

Superannuation

6. Where a contributor under the Civil Service Superannuation Act is absent on leave under this Order, the period of such leave of absence shall be counted as service of the contributor for the purposes of the said Act, and he shall not be bound to make contributions under the said Act in respect of such period or to make payment of any arrears of contributions which would be payable by him during such period but the period of such leave of absence shall not be counted as service to reduce the period of service of thirty-five years specified in section four of the said Act.

7. Where a contributor under the Civil Service Superannuation Act dies or suffers permanent disablement while he is absent on leave under this Order, the Governor in Council may grant to the contributor or to his dependents the same allowances, gratuities or other benefits as might be granted under the said Act if his death or disablement had occurred while he was performing the duties of his civil position and

while in receipt of the rate of compensation payable to him in respect thereof at the time of such death or disablement, and the recommendation for the payment of any such allowance or gratuity shall be made in the same manner and shall be supported by the same material as if such death or disablement had so occurred.

General

8. An employee absent on leave under this Order shall retain his seniority.

9. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Civil Service Act or Regulations, the deputy head of the department in which an employee absent on leave under this Order is employed may, if he is of opinion that the conduct and services of the employee prior to his absence were of a character which would have rendered him eligible therefor, increase the rate of compensation payable to the employee to the same extent and amount as if the employee were not absent.

10. Where a temporary employee absent on leave under this Order is eligible for permanent appointment at the time he goes on service, or where, if he is not so eligible at such time, he becomes so eligible during his absence, he may in the discretion of the Commission or of the authority by whom such appointment may be made and of the Treasury Board, be permanently appointed to such position notwithstanding his absence on leave.

11. No person shall be permanently appointed to any position to which an employee absent on leave under this Order may return.

12. No position to which an employee absent on leave under this Order may return shall be abolished until the Minister of Pensions and National Health, on a report from the Commission, certifies that all reasonable safeguards have been taken to protect the civil interests of the employee.

13. Where any leave of absence with pay is granted to an employee in respect of whom this Order applies, at the commencement of his service in the Forces, the leave of absence, if any, of the employee under this Order shall be deemed to commence at the termination of such leave of absence with pay.

14. Where an employee who is on leave of absence under this Order fails to return to his position before the expiration of such leave of absence, he may, in the discretion of the Commission, if the position is in the Civil Service, or of the Treasury Board of Canada if the position is one to which appointment is not made by the Commission, be declared to have abandoned his position at the termination of such leave of absence.

15. Where an employee who is eligible under this Order for appointment to a position in the Civil Service or to be placed on an eligible list therefor, fails to make application to the Commission for appointment or to be placed on an eligible list within six months after his discharge from the Forces, he ceases to be eligible therefor.

16. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order no employee who is on leave of absence or who is eligible for any appointment or to be placed on any eligible list under this Order may return to his position or be appointed to any position or be placed on any eligible list unless he furnishes, if he is on leave of absence, to the head of the department in which he is employed, or, in any other case, to the Civil Service Commission, a certificate of honourable discharge from the Forces.

17. The approval of the head of a department required under any section of this Order may be given before or after the employee is absent from or leaves his position to serve in the Forces.

18. Where the approval required by Order in Council P.C. 2584 dated September 7, 1939, has been given in respect of any employee in respect of whom this Order applies who is on service in the Forces, or where leave of absence without pay has been granted to any employee in respect of whom this Order applies to permit him to serve in the Forces, such approval shall be deemed to have been given and such leave of absence shall be deemed to have been granted under this Order.

19. The following Orders in Council are revoked:—

P.C. 2584	September 7, 1939
P.C. 165/3029	October 6, 1939
P.C. 77/3571	November 9, 1939
P.C. 4/4274	August 28, 1940
P.C. 2/4209	June 12, 1941
P.C. 84/5484	July 23, 1941
P.C. 13/8600	November 5, 1941
P.C. 107/9591	October 21, 1942
P.C. 77/500	January 20, 1943
P.C. 78/500	January 20, 1943

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council directing that salary increases not paid on account of the restrictions imposed by P.C. 9/628, 26th January, 1942, be deemed salary for purposes of calculating allowances under Civil Service Superannuation Act.

P.C. 25/5610

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 15th July, 1943.

The Board had under consideration the following report and recommendation from the Honourable the Minister of Finance:—

"1. That by Order in Council P.C. 9/628 of January 26th, 1942, annual increases in compensation referred to in Section 14 of the Civil Service Act and similar increases to employees not subject to that statute were restricted to employees with total compensation of less than $3,000 per annum, with effect from and including January 1st, 1942;

2. That discontinuance of such annual increases has the effect of reducing the superannuation benefits of the employees of the Civil Service who might retire within a period of ten years from the last time when the said Order in Council was in effect, and that it is deemed expedient and in the interests of maintaining the efficiency of the said employees to have the said annual increases deemed salary for purposes of calculating the average salary received by any contributor during the last ten years of his service.

The undersigned accordingly has the honour to recommend that under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada 1927, Your Excellency in Council be pleased to order:—

1. That notwithstanding the provisions of the Civil Service Superannuation Act, Chapter 24 of the Revised Statutes of Canada 1927, annual increases which are authorized under established regulations but which, by reason of Order in Council P.C. 9/628 are not paid to employees of the Civil Service, be deemed salary for the purposes of calculating the amount of allowance payable under Section 6 of the said Act to any employee who retires within ten years of the last time when the said Order in Council was in effect;

2. That no contributions be made by contributors under the said Act in respect of annual increases which are so authorized but not paid;

3. That Departments shall notify the Department of Finance of every employee affected by this Order. Such notice shall contain the name of the employee, the amount of such statutory increase, and the effective date of same;

4. That this order shall be effective as from January 1st, 1942."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council exempting wine spirits distilled prior to 3rd March, 1943, from Excise Duty.

P.C. 89/5610

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 15th July, 1943.

The Board recommend that under the provisions of the War Measures Act, the repeal by Section 42, Chapter 9, of the Statutes of 1943, of Section 1 of Chapter 37 of the Statutes of 1936 be disregarded in so far as it affects spirits distilled, prior to March 3, 1943, from wine produced at a registered winery from native fruits for use exclusively by registered wine manufacturers for the fortification of native wines under departmental regulations.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942.

P.C. 97/5610

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 15th July, 1943.

The Board recommend, under the provisions of the War Measures Act, that clause 3 of P.C. 11374 of December 16, 1942, be rescinded and superseded by the following:—

"3. No person lawfully engaged in the purchase and resale of spirits in Canada shall accept delivery from Canadian distillers during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three, of spirits in excess of seventy per centum of the quantity in proof gallons of which such person took delivery from such distillers during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two, but nothing herein contained shall restrict any such person to accepting delivery from any one distiller of a quantity in proof gallons equal to seventy per centum of the quantity of which such person accepted delivery from such distiller during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing David Sim a member of the Foreign Exchange Control Board.

P.C. 5641

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

SATURDAY, the 17th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by the Foreign Exchange Control Order, as amended, there was established a Board under the name of the Foreign Exchange Control Board consisting of six members holding office during the pleasure of the Minister of Finance, with the right of the Minister to replace any member and fill any vacancy that might arise;

And whereas one of the members, Hugh Day Scully, formerly Commissioner of Customs, Department of National Revenue, has been stationed in the City of New York, U.S.A., as Consul General for Canada;

And whereas, in the opinion of the Minister of Finance, it is desirable and expedient to retain Mr. Scully on the Foreign Exchange Control Board and at the same time to appoint as a member of the said Board Mr. David Sim, Commissioner of Excise, and Acting Commissioner of Customs, Department of National Revenue.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend the Foreign Exchange Control Order and it is hereby amended by striking out subsections (1) and (2) of Section 3 thereof and substituting therefor the following:—

> "(1) The Foreign Exchange Control Board established by Order in Council P.C. 2716 of September 15, 1939, as amended, shall be continued and shall consist of seven members holding office during pleasure of the Minister. Each member may at any time and from time to time appoint an alternate to act in his place and stead. The Minister may replace any member and fill any vacancy that may arise.
>
> (2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (1), the members of the Board shall be, Graham Ford Towers, Governor of the Bank of Canada, William Clifford Clark, Deputy Minister of Finance, Hugh Day Scully, Consul General for Canada, New York, U.S.A., Oliver Master, Acting Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, Norman Alexander Robertson, Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs, Henri Fortier, Chief Inspector, Post Office Department, and David Sim, Commissioner of Excise and Acting Commissioner of Customs, Department of National Revenue."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending regulations re payment of claims arising out of alleged negligence of members of the forces

P.C. 5674

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 16th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 3168, dated April 19, 1943, regulations were made authorizing payment of claims arising out of the alleged negligence of a member of His Majesty's Canadian naval, military or air forces if is is, prior to the thirtieth day of June, nineteen hundred and forty-three, found that His Majesty would be liable if the member of the said forces out of whose alleged negligence the claim arises had been an officer or servant of the Crown within the meaning of section nineteen (*c*) of the Exchequer Court Act;

And whereas there is under consideration a proposal to amend the Exchequer Court Act with reference to such claims;

And whereas the Minister of National Defence reports that it is expedient for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada and for the conduct of the naval, military or air operations in and beyond Canada to make provision for payment of such claims for a further period, namely, until the end of the present session of Parliament;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence, is pleased to amend the said regulations and they are hereby amended by revoking paragraph 1 thereof and substituting therefor the following,—

> "1. Where, under the authority of any order or regulation made by the Governor in Council, claims arising out of the alleged negligence of a member of His Majesty's Canadian Naval, Military or Air forces may be paid if it is found that His Majesty is legally liable in respect of such claim, such claim may be paid if it is, before the end of the present session of Parliament, found by the appropriate authority that His Majesty would be liable if the member of the said forces out of whose alleged negligence the claim arises had been an officer or servant of the Crown within the meaning of Section nineteen (*c*) of the Exchequer Court Act."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing Brigadier General Alex Ross as Director of Civil Air Raid Precautions.

P.C. 5676

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

SATURDAY, the 17th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas under Part III of Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942 wide powers and duties having to do with the public safety and order of Canada are vested in and placed upon the Minister of Pensions and National Health;

And whereas under and by virtue of the authority contained in Order in Council dated the 31st day of December, 1941 (P.C. 10196) there was created in the Department of Pensions and National Health the office of Director of Civil Air Raid Precautions, and the Honourable Robert James Manion was appointed the Director thereof for the purpose of exercising such powers and performing such duties under Part III of the said Regulations as might be delegated or assigned to him by the Minister of Pensions and National Health;

And whereas it is necessary, owing to the death on the second day of July, 1943, of the Honourable Robert James Manion, to appoint an officer to continue to perform the duties of the said Director.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Pensions and National Health, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and doth hereby order:—

(*a*) That Brigadier General Alex Ross, C.M.G., D.S.O., District Court Judge of the Province of Saskatchewan, be and he is hereby appointed Director of Civil Air Raid Precautions at the annual salary of $8,000;

(*b*) That the said Director shall exercise such powers and perform such duties under Part III of the Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942 as may be delegated or assigned to him by the Minister of Pensions and National Health, and shall report thereon direct to the Minister of Pensions and National Health;

(*c*) That for the purpose of this Order the said Director shall be vested with the rank and powers of a deputy head of a department;

(*d*) That all sums required for this purpose be paid from the funds allotted to the Department of Pensions and National Health from the War Appropriation for Air Raid Precautions purposes.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

MEAT BOARD ORDER No. 1

Order in Council P.C. 4076 dated December 13, 1939, established the Bacon Board. By Order in Council P.C. 4187 dated June 3, 1943, the Bacon Board was constituted as the Meat Board.

PURPOSE OF ORDER

Order in Council P.C. 2978 dated May 5, 1941, authorized the Bacon Board to regulate the quantity of pork that may be slaughtered for distribution in the domestic market of Canada by any packer or other person when that action is necessary to secure the quantities of bacon and other pork products that are required for export to the United Kingdom.

Under that Order in Council the Bacon Board issued Bacon Board Orders Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 to control the slaughtering of hogs and the distribution of pork by issuing licenses and establishing quotas.

It is necessary to make certain changes in those Orders and it is now possible to consolidate them into one Order.

Therefore the Meat Board, with the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, hereby orders as follows:

1. Bacon Board Orders Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 are hereby revoked and replaced by this Order. All licenses and requirements issued by the Bacon Board except insofar as they are changed by the Order shall have the same effect as if they had been issued by the Meat Board and shall remain in force until they have lapsed or been suspended or cancelled by the Meat Board.

2. *Meaning of "Quota of Hogs"*—"quota of hogs" means the total number of hogs that a person may slaughter and have slaughtered for him in any calendar week under this Order (section 5); provided that where the number of hogs that a person may slaughter or have slaughtered for him in any calendar week has been specifically stated in any notice or letter signed by the Secretary Manager of the Meat Board, "quota of hogs" shall mean that number of hogs.

3. *Zones.*—In this Order, the zones referred to by number mean the zones, similarly numbered, described in Schedule "A" hereto.

4. *When Licenses are required.*—

(1) unless a person first obtains a license from the Meat Board or is a holder of license previously issued by the Bacon Board he must not slaughter hogs or process pork for distribution in the domestic market of Canada; however

(2) this Section does not require a farmer who slaughters hogs produced on his own farm or a retail meat dealer who operates only one retail outlet to obtain a license.

5. *General Restrictions on the Slaughtering of Hogs.*—

(1) unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Meat Board, a person who holds a license from the Meat Board or the Bacon Board must not in any calendar week slaughter or have slaughtered for him for distribution, for sale or further processing in the domestic market in Canada more than fifty per cent (50%) of the average weekly number of hogs so slaughtered by or for him during the year 1940; however

(2) where such person slaughters hogs or has hogs slaughtered for him in an "establishment" as defined in the Regulations issued under the Meat and Canned Foods Act, not more than seventy per cent (70%) of the total number of hogs that he may slaughter or have slaughtered for him in any calendar

week shall be hogs other than sows. In this subsection a "sow" means a female pig as defined in the Regulations with respect to the Grading of Hog Carcasses issued under the Livestock and Livestock Products Act 1939.

(3) Unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Meat Board, a person who does not hold a license issued by the Bacon Board or by the Meat Board but who holds a slaughtering permit to slaughter livestock under any order of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(*a*) and who is situated

(i) in any part of Zones 5, 6, and in any part of Zone 14 except in the cities of Prince Rupert and Nelson; or

(ii) in any designated city or town in Zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, and 12
must not slaughter and have slaughtered for him in any calendar week for distribution, for sale or for processing in the domestic market of Canada, more than fifty per cent (50%) of the average weekly number of hogs slaughtered by and for him during the year 1941; or

(*b*) who is situated in any part of Zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11 and 12 not included in any designated city or town in such zones must not slaughter and have slaughtered for him in any calendar week for distribution for sale or for further processing in any designated city or town more than fifty per cent (50%) of the average weekly number of hogs so slaughtered by or for him during the year 1941; however

(*c*) if the total number of hogs that a person to whom this subsection applies slaughtered or had slaughtered for him in 1941 was less than 250 hogs he may slaughter and have slaughtered for him in any calendar week seventy-five per cent (75%) of the average weekly number of hogs slaughtered by and for him during the year 1941

(4) For the purposes of this Order "designated city or town" means,

(*a*) any city or town having 5,000 inhabitants listed in the table of such cities and towns in the Canada Year Book 1942 published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics; and

(*b*) any other city or town heretofore designated by the Bacon Board or hereafter designated by the Meat Board by notice published in *Canadian War Orders and Regulations.*

6. *When a quota of hogs has been fixed.* Notwithstanding anything contained in Section 5 of this Order, a person must not in any calendar week slaughter or have hogs slaughtered for him in excess of his quota of hogs.

7. *When a person did not slaughter hogs in 1940 or 1941.*

(1) A person who holds a Meat Board or a Bacon Board license and who did not slaughter hogs or have hogs slaughtered for him during the year 1940 must not slaughter hogs or have hogs slaughtered for him unless he has a quota of hogs specifically fixed for him by a letter or notice signed by the Secretary-Manager of the Meat Board.

(2) A person who does not hold a license issued by the Bacon Board or by the Meat Board but who holds a slaughtering permit to slaughter livestock under any Order of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board and is situated

(*a*) in any part of Zones 5, 6, and in any part of Zone 14 except in the cities of Prince Rupert and Nelson; or

(*b*) in any designated city or town in Zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11 and 12.

(*c*) in any part of Zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11 and 12 not included in any designated city or town in such zones
who did not slaughter hogs or have hogs slaughtered for him in 1941 must not slaughter hogs or have hogs slaughtered for him unless a quota of hogs has been specifically fixed for him by a letter or notice signed by the Secretary-Manager of the Meat Board.

8. *Exemptions.* Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order any person who holds a slaughtering permit under any Order of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board whether or not he holds a license from the Bacon or Meat Board and who is situated in any part of the areas described hereunder, is hereby exempted from the restrictions placed by this Order on the slaughtering of hogs for distribution, for sale and further processing on the domestic market in Canada;

In the province of Ontario: The Districts of Nipissing, Muskoka, and Parry Sound, and the County of Haliburton, and the County of Renfrew from Chalk River North and West.

In the province of New Brunswick: The Counties of Albert, Charlotte, Gloucester, Kent, Madawaska, Northumberland, Queens, Restigouche, St. John, Sunbury, Victoria. In the County of Carleton, all except the area lying ten miles on each side of St. John River from Florenceville to the southern county boundary. In the County of Kings, all except the townships of Cardwell, Havelock, Kars, Norton, Springfield, Studholm and Sussex.

In the province of Nova Scotia: The Counties of Cape Breton, Digby, Guysborough, Halifax, Inverness, Yarmouth, Queens, Lunenburg, Richmond, Shelburne, and Victoria.

9. This Order shall be effective on July 12, 1943.

Made at Ottawa this 8th day of July, 1943.

J. G. TAGGART,
Chairman of Meat Board.

CONCURRED IN:

DONALD GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board

SCHEDULE "A"
to
MEAT BOARD ORDER No. 1

Zone 1: composed of

(*a*) those parts of the provinces of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, not included in Zone 2.

(*b*) that part of the province of Quebec lying to the south of the St. Lawrence River and east of, and including all stations on, the Temiscouata Railway from Rivière du Loup to the boundary between the provinces of Quebec and New Brunswick; and

(*c*) that part of the province of Quebec included with the Counties of Lac St. Jean and Chicoutimi.

Zone 2: composed of

the cities of Charlottetown, Halifax, Sydney, Moncton and Saint John and all points lying within a radius of twenty miles of the city hall in each of said cities;

Zone 3: composed of

that part of the province of Quebec, not included in Zones 1, 4 and 5 lying to the west of a line drawn from the mouth of the Saguenay River to the eastern boundary of Chicoutimi County and lying to the south of the Counties of Lac St. Jean, Chicoutimi, Temiskamingue and Abitibi;

Zone 4: composed of

(*a*) the cities of Montreal and Quebec and all points lying within a radius of twenty-five miles of the city hall in the city of Montreal and of twenty miles of the city hall in the city of Quebec; and

(*b*) the Island of Orleans;

Zone 5: composed of

(*a*) the city of Hull and all points lying within a radius of twenty miles of the city hall in that city; and (*b*) that part of the province of Ontario lying to the south and east of the French River and Lake Nipissing and to the south of, and including all stations from North Bay to Mattawa inclusive on the Canadian Pacific Railway;

Zone 6: composed of
all that part of Southern Ontario not included in Zone 5;

Zone 7: composed of
(*a*) that part of the province of Ontario not included in zone 8 and lying to the south of, and including all railway stations from Goodwin to Weatherbe inclusive on the most northerly transcontinental line of the Canadian National Railway, and, north and west of the Canadian Pacific Railway line from Mattawa to North Bay, Lake Nipissing and the French River and east of the Nipigon River and Lake Nipigon, and including the District of Manitoulin; and
(*b*) that part of the province of Quebec included within the Counties of Temiskamingue and Abitibi;

Zone 8: composed of
the cities of Timmins, Sudbury, Sault Ste. Marie, Noranda and Rouyn and all points lying within a radius of twenty miles of the city hall in each of the said cities;

Zone 9: composed of
that part of the province of Ontario lying to the south of, and including all railway stations from Ferland to White, inclusive, on the most northerly transcontinental line of the Canadian National Railways, and lying to the west of the Nipigon River and Lake Nipigon;

Zone 10: composed of
that part of the province of Manitoba lying to the south of the 53rd parallel of latitude;

Zone 11: composed of
that part of the province of Saskatchewan lying to the south of the 54th parallel of latitude;

Zone 12: composed of
(*a*) that part of the province of Alberta not included in Zone 13 and lying to the south of the 55th parallel of latitude;
(*b*) that part of the province of British Columbia lying to the east of the line formed by the Elk River from its source to its confluence with the Kootenay River and thence from such confluence along the Kootenay River to the southern boundary of the said province; and
(*c*) the city of Fernie;

Zone 13: composed of
(*a*) in the province of Alberta, Edson and Lovett, and all railway stations on the Canadian National Railway west of Edson and Lovett and on the Canadian Pacific Railway west of Lake Louise; and
(*b*) that part of the province of British Columbia not included in Zones 12 and 14 and lying to the south of the 56th parallel of latitude excluding Vancouver Island, the Queen Charlotte Islands and all other Islands lying off the coast of the said province and excluding all that part of the mainland coast of the said province lying to the north of the 50th parallel of latitude;

Zone 14: composed of
the cities of Prince Rupert, Nelson, Vancouver, and New Westminster, and all points lying within a radius of twenty miles of the city hall in the city of Vancouver.

Zone 15: composed of
all stations on any railroad on Vancouver Island, together with all that part of Vancouver Island lying to the south of a line from Port Alberni to Parksville.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 13 (Revised)

Supplement No. 27

MEMORANDUM

Customs Division

Ottawa, 16th July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise:

Prohibited Publications

Under Regulation 39A of the Defence of Canada Regulations, 1939, the following publications may not be allowed entry into Canada, viz:—

El Espanol	A newspaper in the Spanish language, published weekly in Madrid, Spain.
Heraldo de Aragon	A newspaper in the Spanish language, published daily in Zaragoza, Spain.
El Noticiero	A newspaper in the Spanish language, published daily in Zaragoza, Spain.
Hoja del Lunes	A newspaper in the Spanish language, published weekly in Zaragoza, Spain.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 97

MEMORANDUM

Customs Division

Ottawa, 12th July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, at all Ontario Ports and Outports:

Research Laboratory Aircraft—Special Reporting Facilities

The National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics at its Aircraft Engine Research Laboratory at Cleveland, Ohio, conducts flight research at high altitudes with a view to improving the performance of aircraft engines and all accessories under the extreme conditions of temperature and density existing at high altitudes, including research on icing problems. This is experimental work involving a high element of danger and the risk of forced landings.

Because of the possibility of such forced landings being inadvertently made in Canada, due to the proximity of the airport from which the experiments are conducted, a slight variation from ordinary procedure has been arranged with a view to assisting these pilots in the event of forced landings in this country.

All these pilots will be instructed that should an emergency or forced landing in Canada occur, the pilot, or a member of the crew on his behalf, should endeavour promptly to locate the nearest Collector of Customs and Excise or a Royal Canadian Mounted Police officer, to either of whom he will make an appropriate report inwards at Customs.

These officers will be available to assist the pilot or the crew in their emergency, and will on their behalf notify the Controller of Civil Aviation by wire of the landing, and will report the facts of the forced landing to the nearest immigration inspector in Charge.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-775

Respecting Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for certain lumber originating in the Southern Interior Region of British Columbia and in Southern Alberta

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Interpretation

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "manufacturer" shall mean any person who owns or operates a sawmill or machine wherein or whereby felled trees or logs are converted or processed into lumber;

(*b*) "Southern Interior Region" of the Province of British Columbia shall mean the forest districts of Nelson and Kamloops which districts are shown on the map indicating Forest District Boundaries in British Columbia and issued by the Department of Lands of the Government of British Columbia on March 31, 1937 (reprint April, 1942);

(*c*) "point of shipment" means the point at which the lumber is loaded by the manufacturer on railway freight cars for shipment to the wholesaler, retailer or consumer;

(*d*) "wholesaler" shall mean any person who sells or distributes lumber otherwise than at retail.

Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices Fixed

2. The maximum price at which any manufacturer whose point of shipment is located in the Southern Interior Region of the Province of British Columbia or on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Lake Louise and Medicine Hat or on any railway line to the South thereof in the Province of Alberta and at which any wholesaler may sell or offer for sale at wholesale or any person may purchase at wholesale any lumber described in the schedules to this Order for delivery to wholesalers, retailers and consumers in the Provinces of British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and that part of the Province of Ontario west of and including Port Arthur, shall be that price per thousand feet board measure set out in Schedules A, B, C, and D of this Order, which price shall include the cost of delivery f.o.b. car the retailers' or consumers' point of destination.

Grading

3. The grading of lumber produced from Fir, Larch, Hemlock, Spruce and Ponderosa Pine shall be governed by the grading rules of the Western Pine Association, Portland, Oregon, and the grading of lumber produced from Red Cedar shall be governed by the grading rules of the British Columbia Lumber and Shingle Manufacturing Association, Vancouver, British Columbia.

Special Sizes of Lumber

4. When any lumber produced from Fir, Larch, Hemlock, Spruce, Cedar or Ponderosa Pine is sawn to rough sizes or dressed to finished sizes other than those sizes designated in Schedules A, B, C and D, to this Order such lumber shall not be sold until the price has been fixed upon application made to the Timber Administrator.

Invoices to Show Particulars of Lumber Sold

5. Every manufacturer and wholesaler who sells lumber at wholesale for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer in the Provinces of British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, and that part of the Province of Ontario west of and including Port Arthur, shall keep on file for the inspection of the Timber Administrator or his representatives a copy of the invoice covering each such sale, and shall state in the invoice the point of shipment, full particulars of the species and grades of lumber sold and the price or prices charged therefor.

Previous Administrator's Order Revoked

6. Administrator's Order No. A-412 dated the fourteenth day of September, 1942, is hereby revoked.

Effective Date

7. This Order shall be effective on and after the 25th day of June, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 21st day of June, 1943.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

NOTE.—Subsection 4 of Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations reads as follows:—

> Wherever a maximum price has been fixed for any goods or services every seller shall continue to allow any difference in price which he has during the basic period or customarily allowed to different classes of buyers or for different quantities or under different conditions of sale, and which result in a lower net price per unit of goods or services.

[Fir, Larch and Hemlock]

SCHEDULE A

To Administrator's Order No. A-775

Lumber Produced from Fir, Larch and Hemlock

I. The maximum prices set out below in this Schedule A relate to the amount of freight charged per hundred pounds. In cases where the freight rate charged per hundred pounds is more or less than any of the freight rate figures stated, the maximum price may be increased from the price given below under the freight rate nearest to and lower than the freight rate charged by an amount not exceeding twenty-five cents (25c) per M.F.B.M. for each one cent (01c.) (and any half cent or fraction over one-half cent) per hundred pounds increase in freight rate but not to exceed the price given below under the freight rate nearest to and higher than the freight rate charged. For example, if the freight rate charged for No. 1 Common 2 x 2—R/L S2SIE Fir, Larch or Hemlock lumber, is 28½c per 100 pounds, then 75c may be added to the price of $37.25, making $38.00 the maximum price per thousand feet board measure.

II. In addition to the prices set out below in this Schedule A a charge for the following services may be made:

	per M.F.B.M.
Resawing, per cut	$2.00
Ripping, per cut	1.00
Bundling	1.00
Machining window or door jamb, casing, base or sill	5.00

III. *(a)* For any lumber of a thickness and length described in this Schedule A but of a width of three inches and less and not provided for in the said Schedule an amount of $2.50 per M.F.B.M. may be added to the prices given below for lumber of four inch width.

(b) For any lumber of a thickness and length described in this Schedule A but of a width of over twelve inches, an amount of $2.00 per M.F.B.M. may be added to the prices given below for lumber of twelve inches width for each inch in width by which such lumber exceeds such width.

SCHEDULE A

To Administrator's Order No. A-775 (Cont'd)

[Fir, Larch and Hemlock]

Maximum prices per M.F.B.M. when the freight rate per 100 lbs. amounts to:

—	21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
DIMENSIONS OF LUMBER							
No. 1 Common—							
2 x 2—R/L S2SIE	$36.00	$37.25	$39.00	$40.00	$40.50	$42.00	$43.00
S4S							
2 x 4, 2 x 6 & 2 x 8, 8′ to 14′	31.00	32.25	34.00	35.00	35.50	37.00	38.00
2 x 4, 2 x 6 & 2 x 8 16′	33.00	34.25	36.00	37.00	37.50	39.00	40.00
2 x 4, 2 x 6 & 2 x 8, 18′ & 20′	34.00	35.25	37.00	38.00	38.50	40.00	41.00
2 x 10, 8′ to 14′	32.25	33.50	35.25	36.25	36.75	38.25	39.25
2 x 10, 16′	34.25	35.50	37.25	38.25	38.75	40.25	41.25
2 x 10, 18′ & 20′	35.25	36.50	38.25	39.25	39.75	41.25	42.25
2 x 12, 8′ to 14′	33.75	35.00	36.75	37.75	38.25	39.75	40.75
2 x 12, 16′	35.75	37.00	38.75	39.75	40.25	41.75	42.75
2 x 12, 18′ & 20′	36.75	38.00	39.75	40.75	41.25	42.75	43.75
For No. 2 Common Dimension Deduct $5 per M.F.B.M. from Price of No. 1 Common							
For Selected No. 1 Common Dimension, Add $3 per M.F.B.M. to Price of No. 1 Common							
For the above rough, add	$1.50	$1.75	$2.00	$2.25	$2.50	$2.75	$3.00

For 22′ and 24′, ADD $2 per M.F.B.M. to the price for 18′ and 20′.
For 26′ and 28′, ADD $4 per M.F.B.M. to the price for 18′ and 20′.
For 2″ x 14″, ADD $4 per M.F.B.M. to the price for 2 x 12.
For T & G dimension, ADD $2 per M.F.B.M.
For Tank Stock grade, ADD $10 per M.F.B.M. to price of No. 1 Common.

No. 1 Common Plank and Timbers S4S or SISIE	21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
3″ & 4″ x 4″ to 10″ 8/16	$33.50	$34.75	$36.50	$37.50	$38.00	$39.50	$40.50
3″ & 4″ x 4″ to 12″ 8/16	34.50	35.75	37.50	38.50	39.00	40.50	41.50
6″ x 6″	34.00	35.25	37.00	38.00	38.50	40.00	41.00
For the above Rough, add	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.25	1.25
6 x 8 to 12 x 12, Rough, 8/16′	35.00	36.25	38.00	39.00	39.50	41.25	42.25

For 18′ and 20′, ADD $1 per M.F.B.M. to the price for 8/16′.
For 22′ and 24′, ADD $3 per M.F.B.M. to the price for 8/16′.
For No. 2 Common Plank and Timbers. S4S or SISIE, DEDUCT $3 per M.F.B.M.

SCHEDULE A

To Administrator's Order No. A-775 (Concluded)

[Fir, Larch and Hemlock]

Maximum prices per M.F.B.M. when the freight rate per 100 lbs. amounts to:

—	21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
No. 1 Common Boards, S2S, S4S, or Shiplap—							
1 x 4—R/L—6/20′	$27.50	$28.75	$30.50	$31.25	$31.75	$33.00	$34.00
1 x 6—R/L—6/20′	29.00	30.25	32.00	32.75	33.25	34.50	35.50
1 x 8—R/L—6/20′	30.00	31.25	33.00	33.75	34.25	35.50	36.50
1 x 10—R/L—6/20′	30 00	31.25	33.00	33.75	34.25	35.50	36.50
1 x 12—R/L—6/20′	31.00	32.25	34.00	34.75	35.25	36.50	37.50
For 1¼″ and 1½″ thickness, Add $4 per M.F.B.M. to the above price.							
For the above Rough, Add	$1.50	$1.75	$2.00	$2.25	$2.50	$2.75	$3.00
For specified lengths, ordered by buyer, Add $2 per M.F.B.M.							
For No. 2 Common, Deduct $3 per M.F.B.M.							
For "grain tight" shiplap, Add $2 per M.F.B.M.							
For select common, Add $2. per M.F.B.M.							
For machining to standard patterns, Add $2 per M.F.B.M., or alternatively at manufacturers' option include up to 15 per cent machine degrades developing in such machining.							
"D" Select and Better, S2S or S4S							
1 x 4 R/L—6/20′	$38.00	$39.25	$41.00	$41.75	$42.25	$43.50	$44.50
1 x 6 & 8″ R/L—6/20′	41.00	42.25	44.00	44.75	45.25	46.50	47.50
1 x 5 & 10″ R/L—6/20′	48.00	49.25	51.00	51.75	52.25	53.50	54.50
1 x 12 R/L—6/20′	53.00	54.25	56.00	56.75	57.25	58.50	59.50
For Rough Add $3.00 per M.F.B.M.							
Standard Patterns of flooring, ceiling and siding, same price as S2S and S4S.							
For 5/4, 6/4 & 8/4 add $4.00 per M.F.B.M.							
For Specified lengths ordered by buyer, add $2.50 per M.F.B.M.							
For "C" select and better, add $2.00 per M.F.B.M.							
For "D" select only, deduct $2.00 per M.F.B.M.							
Special Patterns "D" Select and Better							
⅝ x 4 R/L V-joint ceiling	$32.00	$32.50	$33.25	$33.75	$34.00	$34.75	$35.00
1¼ x 4—10′ 12′ & 14′ flooring	49.00	50.25	52.00	52.75	53.25	54.50	55.50
1½ x 6 R/L rab, door jamb	52.00	53.25	55.00	55.75	56.25	57.50	58.50
1 x 2—R/L—S4S	41.50	42.75	44.50	45.25	45.75	47.00	48 00
2 x 2—R/L—S4S	46.50	47.75	49.50	50.25	50.75	52.00	53.00

If specified lengths are ordered by the buyer and shipped in place of random lengths (R/L) given above $2.50 per M.F.B.M. may be added to the above prices.

SCHEDULE B

[Spruce]

To Administrator's Order No. A-775

Lumber Produced from Spruce

I. The maximum prices set out below in this Schedule B relate to the amount of freight charged per hundred pounds. In cases where the freight rate charged per hundred pounds is more or less than any of the freight rate figures stated, the maximum price may be increased from the price given below under the freight rate nearest to and lower than the freight rate charged by an amount not exceeding twenty-five cents (25c) per M.F.B.M. for each one cent (01c) (and any half cent or fraction over one half cent) per hundred pounds increase in freight rate, but not to exceed the price given below under the freight rate nearest to and higher than the freight rate charged. For example, if the freight rate charged for No. 4 Common 1 x 4 R/L–6/20 Spruce lumber is 44½c per 100 lbs., then $1.25 may be added to the price of $32.75 making $34.00 the maximum price per thousand feet board measure.

II. In addition to the prices set out below in this Schedule B a charge for the following services may be made:—

	per M.F.B.M.
Resawing, per cut	$2.00
Ripping, per cut	1.00
Bundling	1.00
Machining window or door jamb, casing, base, or sill	5.00

III. *(a)* For any lumber of a thickness and length described in this Schedule B but of a width of three inches and less and not provided for in the said Schedule an amount of two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50) per M.F.B.M. may be added to the prices given below for lumber of four inch width.

(b) For any lumber of a thickness and length described in this Schedule B but of a width of over twelve inches an amount of two dollars ($2.00) per M.F.B.M. may be added to the prices given below for lumber of twelve inches width for each inch in width by which such lumber exceeds such width.

SCHEDULE B

To Administrator's Order No. A-775 (Cont'd)

[Spruce]

	Maximum prices per M.F.B.M. when the freight rate per 100 lbs. amounts to:						
—	21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
DIMENSIONS OF LUMBER							
No. 1 Common S4S—							
2 x 4, 2 x 6 & 2 x 8, 12′ & 14′	$31.00	$32.25	$34.00	$35.00	$35.50	$37.00	$38.00
2 x 4, 2 x 6 & 2 x 8 8′ & 16′	33.00	34.25	36.00	37.00	37.50	39.00	40.00
2 x 4, 2 x6 & 2 x 8, 10′, 18′ & 20′	34.00	35.25	37.00	38.00	38.50	40.00	41.00
2 x 10, 12′ & 14′	33.50	34.75	36.50	37.50	38.00	39.50	40.50
2 x 10, 8′ & 16′	35.50	36.75	38.50	39.50	40.00	41.50	42.50
2 x 10, 10′, 18′ & 20′	36.50	37.75	39.50	40.50	41.00	42.50	43.50
2 x 12, 12 ′ & 14′	35.50	36.75	38.50	39.50	40.00	41.50	42.50
2 x 12, 8′ & 16′	37.50	38.75	40.50	41.50	42.00	43.50	44.50
2 x 12, 10′, 18′ & 20′	38.50	39.75	41.50	42.50	43.00	44.50	45.50

For No. 2 Dimension—Deduct $2 per M.F.B.M.
For select common and/or tank stock, add $10 per M.F.B.M. to No. 1 dimension price.
For dimension S2S & C.M. add $3 per M.F.B.M.
For log cabin siding, add $5 per M.F.B.M.
For rough dimension, add $3 per M.F.B.M.

No. 1 Common Plank and Timbers S4S or SISIE							
3 x 4 to 4 x 8—8/16	$36.50	$37.75	$39.50	$40.50	$41.00	$42.50	$43.50
3 x 10 to 4 x 10—8/16	37.50	38.75	40.50	41.50	42.00	43.50	44.50
3 x 12 to 4 x 12—8/16	38.50	39.75	41.50	42.50	43.00	44.50	45.50
6 x 6 to 8 x 8—8/16	37.50	38.75	40.50	41.50	42.00	43.50	44.50
For Rough add:	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
10 x 10 & 12 x 12 Rough	38.50	39.75	41.50	42.50	43.00	44.50	45.50
Boards, S2S, S4S or Shiplap							
"D" Select and Better							
1 x 4 R/L—6/20′	$50.50	$51.75	$53.50	$54.25	$54.75	$56.00	$57.00
1 x 6 & 8 R/L—6/20′	53.50	54.75	56.50	57.25	57.75	59.00	60.00
1 x 5 & 10 R/L—6/20′	61.50	62,75	64.50	65.25	65.75	67.00	68.00
1 x 12 R/L—6/20′	71.50	72.75	74.50	75.25	75.75	77.00	78.00

For Rough "D" and better, add $3.00 per M.F.B.M. to the above prices for S2S, S4S or shiplap.
For specified lengths ordered by the buyer "D" and better, add $5.00 per M.F.B.M.

SCHEDULE B

To Administrator's Order No. A-775 (Concluded)

[Spruce]

Maximum prices per M.F.B.M. when the freight rate per 100 lbs. amounts to:

—		21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
DIMENSIONS OF LUMBER								
No. 2 Common								
1 x 4	R/L—6/20'	$38.50	$39.75	$41.50	$42.25	$42.75	$44.00	$45.00
1 x 5	R/L—6/20'	42.50	43.75	45.50	46.25	46.75	48.00	49.00
1 x 6 & 8	R/L—6/20'	39.50	40.75	42.50	43.25	43.75	45.00	46.00
1 x 10	R/L—6/20'	41.50	42.75	44.50	45.25	45.75	47.00	48.00
1 x 12	R/L—6/20'	50.50	51.75	53.50	54.25	54.75	56.00	57.00
No. 3 Common								
1 x 4	R/L—6/20'	$30.50	$31.75	$33.50	$34.25	$34.75	$36.00	$37.00
1 x 5	R/L—6/20'	34.00	35.25	37.00	37.75	38.25	39.50	40.50
1 x 6	R/L—6/20'	32.00	33.25	35.00	35.75	36.25	37.50	38.50
1 x 8 & 10	R/L—6/20'	33.00	34.25	36.00	36.75	37.25	38.50	39.50
1 x 12	R/L—6/20'	34.00	35.25	37.00	37.75	38.25	39.50	40.50
No. 4 Common								
1 x 4	R/L—6/20'	$28.50	$29.75	$31.50	$32.25	$32.75	$34.00	$35.00
1 x 6	R/L—6/20'	30.50	31.75	33.50	34.25	34.75	36.00	37.00
1 x 8 & 10	R/L—6/20'	31.00	32.25	34.00	34.75	35.25	36.50	37.50
1 x 12	R/L—6/20'	31.50	32.75	34.50	35.25	35.75	37.00	38.00
Random widths and lengths		30.50	31.75	33.50	34.25	34.75	36.00	37.00
For rough—all commons—add		$1.50	$1.75	$2.00	$2.25	$2.50	$2.75	$3.00

For specified lengths ordered by the buyer—Commons, add $2.00 per M.F.B.M.
For machining to STANDARD PATTERNS—add $2.50 per M.F.B.M. to above prices for boards.
For "Graintight" shiplap, add $2.50 per M.F.B.M.
For 5/4 and 6/4 in all grades of commons, add $4.00 per M.F.B.M. to price of same grade in 4/4.

—		21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
Well Curbing								
5/4 & 6/4	R/L—6/20'	$38.50	$39.75	$41.50	$42.25	$42.75	$44.00	$45.00
8/4	R/L—6/20'	35.50	36.75	38.50	39.25	39.75	41.00	42.00

[Cedar]

SCHEDULE C

To Administrator's Order No. A-775

Lumber Produced from Cedar

I. The maximum prices set out below in this Schedule C relate to the amount of freight charged per hundred pounds. In cases where the freight rate charged per hundred pounds is more or less than any of the freight rate figures stated, the maximum price may be increased from the price given below under the freight rate nearest to and lower than the freight rate charged by an amount not exceeding twenty-five cents (25c) per M.F.B.M. for each two cents (02c) and fraction thereof per hundred pounds increase in freight rate. For example, if the freight rate charged for No. 3 Clear and Better 1 x 4 R/L–6/20′ Cedar lumber is 31 cents per 100 lbs., then 75c may be added to the price of $45.00 making $45.75 the maximum price per thousand feet board measure.

II. In addition to the prices set out below in this Schedule C a charge for the following services may be made:—

	per M.F.B.M.
Resawing, per cut	$2.00
Ripping, per cut	1.00
Bundling	1.00
Machining window or door jamb, casing, base, or sill	5.00

III. *(a)* For any lumber of a thickness and length described in this Schedule C but of a width of three inches and less and not provided for in the said Schedule an amount of two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50) per M.F.B.M. may be added to the prices given below for lumber of four inch width.

(b) For any lumber of a thickness and length described in this Schedule C but of a width of over twelve inches an amount of two ($2.00) per M.F.B.M. may be added to the prices given below for lumber of twelve inches width for each inch in width by which such lumber exceeds such width.

SCHEDULE C

To Administrator's Order No. A-775 (Cont'd)

[Cedar]

Maximum prices per M.F.B.M. (except where indicated) when the freight rate per 100 lbs. amounts to:

—		21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
DIMENSIONS OF LUMBER								
Boards S2S, S4S, Rough or Shiplap								
No. 3 Clear and Better—								
1 x 4	R/L—6/20′	$44.25	$45.00	$46.25	$47.00	$47.25	$48.25	$48.75
1 x 6 & 8	R/L—6/20′	59.25	60.00	61.25	62.00	62.25	63.25	63.75
1 x 10	R/L—6/20′	69.25	70.00	71.25	72.00	72.25	73.25	73.75
1 x 12	R/L—6/20′	79.25	80.00	81.25	82.00	82.25	83.25	83.75

For specified lengths ordered by the buyer, No. 3 Clear and Better, Add $5.00 per M.F.B.M.
For 5/4, 6/4 and 8/4 S4S, Add $5.00 per M.F.B.M.
For 5/4, 6/4 and 8/4 rough, Add $2.00 per M.F.B.M.

—		21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
No. 1 Common—								
1 x 4	R/L—6/20′	$26.00	$26.75	$28.00	$28.75	$29.00	$30.00	$30.50
1 x 6	R/L—6/20′	29.00	29.75	31.00	31.75	32.00	33.00	33.50
1 x 8 & 10	R/L—6/20′	30.00	30.75	32.00	32.75	33.00	34.00	34.50
1 x 12	R/L—6/20′	31.50	32.25	33.50	34.25	34.50	35.50	36.00
No. 2 Common—								
1 x 4	R/L—6/20′	$22.00	$22.75	$24.00	$24.75	$25.00	$26.00	$26.50
1 x 6	R/L—6/20′	25.00	25.75	27.00	27.75	28.00	29.00	29.50
1 x 8 & 10	R/L—6/20′	26.00	26.75	28.00	28.75	29.00	30.00	30.50
1 x 12	R/L—6/20′	27.50	28.25	29.50	30.25	30.50	31.50	32.00

For rough—Commons, Add $2.00 per M.F.B.M.
For specified lengths ordered by the buyer, Commons, Add $2.00 per M.F.B.M.
For "Grain Tight" shiplap, Add $2.50 per M.F.B.M.
For select Common, Add $2.50 per M.F.B.M.
For machining to Standard Patterns Add $2.00 per M.F.B.M. or alternatively at manufacturer's option include up to 15 per cent machine degrades developing in such machining.
For 5/4 and 6/4 Commons Add $4.00 per M.F.B.M.

SCHEDULE C

To Administrator's Order No. A-775 (Concluded)

[Cedar]

Maximum prices per M.F.B.M. (except where indicated) when the freight rate per 100 lbs. amounts to:

—	21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
Dimensions of Lumber							
No. 1 Dimension S4S							
2 x 4 R/L	$27.75	$28.75	$30.25	$31.25	$31.50	$33.00	$33.75
2 x 6 R/L	30.75	31.75	33.25	34.25	34.50	36.00	36.75
2 x 8 R/L	31.75	32.75	34.25	35.25	35.50	37.00	37.75
2 x 10 R/L	31.75	32.75	34.25	35.25	35.50	37.00	37.75
2 x 12 R/L	33.25	34.25	35.75	36.75	37.00	38.50	39.25

No. 2 Dimension—$4.00 less than No. 1 Dimension.
For specified lengths ordered by the buyer Add $2.00 per M.F.B.M.
For select common, Add $2.50 per M.F.B.M.

For rough, Add	$1.25	$1.25	$1.50	$1.50	$1.75	$2.25	$2.25

For machining to Standard Patterns, Add $2.50 per M.F.B.M. or alternatively at manufacturer's option include up to 15 per cent machine degrades developing in such machining.

Per Thousand Pieces

Lath							
4′ No. 1 cedar	$7.50	$7.75	$8.00	$8.15	$8.25	$8.50	$8.65
4′ No. 2 cedar	5.75	6.00	6.25	6.40	6.50	6.75	6.90
4′ No. 1 spruce and pine	7.00	7.25	7.50	7.65	7.75	8.00	8.15
4′ No. 2 spruce and pine	5.75	6.00	6.25	6.40	6.60	6.75	6.90
4′ No. 1 fir and larch	5.50	5.75	6.00	6.15	6.25	6.50	6.65
4′ No. 2 fir and larch	4.50	4.75	5.00	5.15	5.25	5.50	5.65

SCHEDULE D

To Administrator's Order No. A-775

Lumber Produced from Ponderosa Pine

I. The maximum prices set out below in this Schedule D relate to the amount of freight charged per hundred pounds. In cases where the freight rate charged per hundred pounds is more or less than any of the freight rate figures stated, the maximum price may be increased from the price given below under the freight rate nearest to and lower than the freight rate charged by an amount not exceeding twenty-five cents (25c) per M.F.B.M. for each one cent (01c) (and any half cent or fraction over one-half cent) per hundred pounds increase in freight rate, but not to exceed the price given below under the freight rate nearest to and higher than the freight rate charged. For example, if the freight rate charged for 1 x 4 R/L–6/20′ "D" Select and Better S2S, S4S or shiplap Ponderosa Pine lumber is 44½c per 100 lbs., then only $1.25 may be added to the price of $57.25 making $58.50 the maximum price per thousand feet board measure.

II. In addition to the prices set out below in this Schedule D a charge for the following services may be made:

	per M.F.B.M.
Resawing, per cut	$2.00
Ripping, per cut	1.00
Bundling	1.00
Machining window or door jamb, casing, base or sill	5.00

III. *(a)* For any lumber of a thickness and length described in this Schedule D but of a width of three inches and less and not provided for in the said Schedule an amount of two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50) per M.F.B.M. may be added to the prices given below for lumber of four inch width.

(b) For any lumber of a thickness and length described in this Schedule D but of a width of over twelve inches an amount of two dollars ($2.00) per M.F.B.M. may be added to the prices given below for lumber of twelve inches width for each inch in width by which said lumber exceeds such width.

SCHEDULE D

To Administrator's Order No. A-775 (Cont'd)

[Ponderosa Pine]

Maximum prices per M.F.B.M. when the freight rate per 100 lbs. amounts to:

—	21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
DIMENSIONS OF LUMBER							
"D" Select and Better, S2S, S4S, or Shiplap							
1 x 4 R/L—6/20'	$53.00	$54.25	$56.00	$56.75	$57.25	$58.50	$59.50
1 x 6 & 8 R/L—6/20'	56.00	57.25	59.00	59.75	60.25	61.50	62.50
1 x 5 & 10 R/L—6/20'	64.00	65.25	67.00	67.75	68.25	69.50	70.50
1 x 12 R/L—6/20'	74.00	75.25	77.00	77.75	78.25	79.50	80.50
For "B" Select and Better, add $8.00 per M.F.B.M. For "C" Select and Better, add $4.00 per M.F.B.M. For "D" Select only, deduct $4.00 per M.F.B.M. For 5/4, 6/4 and 8/4, add $10.00 per M.F.B.M. For specified lengths ordered by the buyer—"D" and Better, add $5.00 per M.F.B.M.							
No. 2 Common, S2S, S4S, or Shiplap							
1 x 4 R/L—6/20'	$38.00	$39.25	$41.00	$41.75	$42.25	$43.50	$44.50
1 x 6 & 8 R/L—6/20'	37.00	38.25	40.00	40.75	41.25	42.50	43.50
1 x 5 & 10 R/L—6/20'	40.00	41.25	43.00	43.75	44.25	45.50	46.50
1 x 12 R/L—6/20'	47.00	48.25	50.00	50.75	51.25	52.50	53.50
No. 3 Common, S2S, S4S or Shiplap							
1 x 4 R/L—6/20'	$28.50	$29.75	$31.50	$32.25	$32.75	$34.00	$35.00
1 x 5 R/L—6/20'	32.00	33.25	35.00	33.75	36.25	37.50	38.50
1 x 6 R/L—6/20'	30.00	31.25	33.00	33.75	34.25	35.50	36.50
1 x 8 & 10 R/L—6/20'	31.00	32.25	34.00	34.75	35.25	36.50	37.50
1 x 12 R/L—6/20'	32.00	33.25	35.00	35.75	36.25	37.50	38.50
No. 4 Common, S2S, S4S or Shiplap							
1 x 4 R/L—6/20'	$24.50	$25.75	$27.50	$28.25	$28.75	$30.00	$31.00
1 x 6 R/L—6/20'	26.00	27.25	29.00	29.75	30.25	31.50	32.50
1 x 8 & 10 R/L—6/20'	27.00	28.25	30.00	30.75	31.25	32.50	33.50
1 x 12 R/L—6/20'	28.00	29.25	31.00	31.75	32.25	33.50	34.50
Random widths and lengths	26.00	27.25	29.00	29.75	30.25	31.50	32.50

For Rough—To D Select and Better and all Common grades described above—Add $3.00 per M.F.B.M.
For specified lengths, ordered by the buyer—Commons—Add $2.00 per M.F.B.M.
For "Grain Tight" Shiplap, Add $2.50 per M.F.B.M.
For machining to standard patterns, add $2.00 per M.F.B.M. or alternately at manufacturer's option include up to 15 per cent machine degrades developing in such machining.
For 5/4 and 6/4 All Common Grades, Add $4.00 per M.F.B.M.

SCHEDULE D

To Administrator's Order No. A-775 (Concluded)

[Ponderosa Pine]

Maximum prices per M.F.B.M. when the freight rate per 100 lbs. amounts to:

—	21c. or under	26c.	33c.	37c.	39c.	45c.	48½c.
Dimensions of Lumber							
Shop—Pile Run Grades—Rough—and/or D2S							
5/4 and 6/4 Thickness R/L—6/20′							
Factory Selects	$64.25	$65.50	$67.25	$68.25	$69.00	$70.50	$71.50
No. 1 Shop	51.25	52.50	54.25	55.25	56.00	57.50	58.50
No. 2 Shop	43.25	44.50	46.25	47.25	48.00	49.50	50.50
No. 3 Shop	36.25	37.50	39.25	40.25	41.00	42.50	43.50
For 8/4 add $5.00 per M.F.B.M. to 5/4 and 6/4 prices.							
For 4/4 Shop Common—rough	$40.25	$41.50	$43.25	$44.25	$45.00	$46.00	$47.50
For 4/4 Factory Selects—rough	51.00	51.75	52.75	53.75	54.50	55.50	57.00
No. 1 Common Dimension							
2 x 2—R/L S2S1E	$36.00	$37.25	$39.00	$40.00	$40.50	$42.00	$43.00
No. 1 Common Dimension S4S							
2 x 4, 2 x 6 & 2 x 8, 8′ to 14′	$31.00	$32.25	$34.00	$35.00	$35.50	$37.00	$38.00
2 x 4, 2 x 6 & 2 x 8, 16′	33.00	34.25	36.00	37.00	37.50	39.00	40.00
2 x 4, 2 x 6 & 2 x 8, 18′ & 20′	34.00	35.25	37.00	38.00	38.50	40.00	41.00
2 x 10 8′ to 14′	32.25	33.50	35.25	36.25	36.75	38.25	39.25
2 x 10 16′	34.25	35.50	37.25	38.25	38.75	40.25	41.25
2 x 10 18′ & 20′	35.25	36.50	38.25	39.25	39.75	41.25	42.25
2 x 12 8′ to 14′	33.75	35.00	36.75	37.75	38.25	39.75	40.75
2 x 12 16′	35.75	37.00	38.75	39.75	40.25	41.75	42.75
2 x 12 18′ & 20′	36.75	38.00	39.75	40.75	41.25	42.75	43.75
For the above rough Add	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.50	2.75	3.00

For 22′ and 24′, Add $2.00 per M.F.B.M. to the price for 18′ and 20′.
For 26′ and 28′, Add $4.00 per M.F.B.M. to the price for 18′ and 20′.
For 2″ x 14″, Add $4.00 per M.F.B.M. to the price for 2 x 12.
For No. 2 Dimension deduct $5.00 per M.F.B.M. from the price of No. 1.
For selected No. 1 Dimension, Add $3.00 per M.F.B.M. to the price of No. 1.
For T & G Dimension, Add $2.00 per M.F.B.M.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-788

Respecting Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for Spruce and Lodgepole Pine originating in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Northern Alberta, and the Northern Interior Region of British Columbia

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Interpretation

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "manufacturer" shall mean any person who owns or operates a sawmill or machine wherein or whereby felled trees or logs are converted or processed into lumber;

(*b*) "Northern Interior Region" of the province of British Columbia shall mean (1) the forest district of Fort George and (2) that part of the forest district of Prince Rupert from which shipment of lumber is made by means of the line of the Canadian National Railways between Prince George and Prince Rupert, which districts are shown on the map indicating Forest District Boundaries in British Columbia and issued by the Department of Lands of the Government of British Columbia on March 31, 1937 (Reprint April, 1942);

(*c*) "point of shipment" shall mean the point at which the lumber is loaded by the manufacturer on railway freight cars for shipment to the wholesaler, retailer or consumer;

(*d*) "wholesaler" shall mean any person who sells or distributes lumber otherwise than at retail.

Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices Fixed

2. (1) The maximum price at which any manufacturer whose point of shipment is located in the province of Manitoba or Saskatchewan or the Northern Interior Region of the province of British Columbia and at which any wholesaler purchasing lumber produced from Spruce or Lodgepole Pine from such manufacturer may sell or offer for sale at wholesale, or any person may purchase at wholesale, any such lumber for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer;

(*a*) in the province of Alberta shall be that price set forth in Schedule A to this Order which price shall include the cost of delivery f.o.b. car the retailers' or consumers' point of destination;

(*b*) in the province of Manitoba or Saskatchewan shall be that price set forth in Schedule B to this Order, which price shall include the cost of delivery f.o.b. car the retailers' or consumers' point of destination.

(2) The maximum price at which any manufacturer whose point of shipment is located on any railway line north of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Lake Louise and Medicine Hat in the province of Alberta, and at which any wholesaler purchasing lumber produced from Spruce or Lodgepole Pine from such manufacturer may sell or offer for sale at wholesale, or any person may purchase at wholesale, any such lumber for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer;

(*a*) in the province of Alberta shall be that price set forth in Schedule B to this Order, which price shall include the cost of delivery f.o.b. car the retailers' or consumers' point of destination;

(*b*) in the province of Manitoba or Saskatchewan shall be that price set forth in Schedule C to this Order, which price shall include cost of delivery f.o.b. car the retailers' or consumers' point of destination.

(3) (i) The maximum price at which any manufacturer whose point of shipment is located in the province of Manitoba or Saskatchewan or the Northern Interior Region of the province of British Columbia and at which any wholesaler purchasing lumber produced from Spruce or Lodgepole Pine from such manufacturer may sell or offer for sale at wholesale, or any person may purchase at wholesale, any such lumber for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer in that part of the province

of Ontario west of and including Port Arthur shall be that price set forth in Schedule C to this Order which price shall include the cost of delivery f.o.b. car the retailers' or consumers' point of destination.

(ii) The maximum price at which any manufacturer whose point of shipment is located on any railway line north of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway between Lake Louise and Medicine Hat in the province of Alberta, and at which any wholesaler purchasing lumber produced from Spruce or Lodgepole Pine from such manufacturer may sell or offer for sale at wholesale, or any person may purchase at wholesale, any such lumber for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer in that part of the province of Ontario west of and including Port Arthur shall be that price set forth in Schedule D to this Order which price shall include the cost of delivery f.o.b. car the retailers' or consumers' point of destination.

Grading

3. The grading of lumber produced from Spruce and Lodgepole Pine shall be governed by the grading rules of the Western Pine Association, Portland, Oregon.

Special Sizes of Lumber

4. When any lumber produced from Spruce or Lodgepole Pine is sawn to rough sizes or dressed to finished sizes other than those sizes designated in Schedules A, B, C and D to this Order such lumber shall not be sold until the price has been fixed upon application made to the Timber Administrator.

Invoices to Show Particulars of Lumber Sold

5. Every manufacturer and wholesaler who sells Spruce or Lodgepole Pine at wholesale for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer in the province of Alberta, Saskatchewan or Manitoba or that part of the province of Ontario west of and including Port Arthur shall keep on file for the inspection of the Timber Administrator or his representative a copy of the invoice covering each such sale, and shall state in the invoice the point of shipment, full particulars of the species and grades of lumber sold and the price or prices charged therefor.

Effective Date

6. This Order shall be effective on and after the 5th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of June, 1943.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Administrator.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

Note.—Subsection 4 of Section 7 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations reads as follows:

> "Wherever a maximum price has been fixed for any goods or services every seller shall continue to allow any difference in price which he has during the basic period or customarily allowed to different classes of buyers or for different quantities or under different conditions of sale, and which result in a lower net price per unit of goods or services."

SCHEDULE "A" to ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-788

SPRUCE AND LODGEPOLE PINE SHIPPED FROM MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN AND NORTHERN INTERIOR REGION OF BRITISH COLUMBIA FOR SALE IN ALBERTA

Except where indicated all prices set out below refer to One Thousand Feet Board Measure.

—	LENGTHS								—
	8′	10′	12′	14′	16′	18′	20′	R/L	
No. 1 Common Dimension Standard Sizes	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	
2 x 2″ S2S1E								38 00	For every two feet in length in excess of 20 feet an additional $2.00 may be charged.
2 x 4″, 2 x 6″, and 2 x 8″ S4S	37 00	38 00	35 00	35 00	37 00	38 00	38 00		
2 x 10″ S4S	39 50	40 50	37 50	37 50	39 50	40 50	40 50		
2 x 12″ S4S	41 50	42 50	39 50	39 50	41 50	42 50	42 50		

No. 2 Common Dimension....... Deduct from the above prices $ 2 00
Dimension S2S and C.M....... Add to the above prices $ 3 00
Dimension—Worked to Log Cabin Siding....... Add to the above prices $ 5 00
Select Tank Stock....... Add to the above prices $10 00
Rough....... Add to the above prices $ 3 00

No. 1 Plank and Timbers S4S Standard Sizes	8′	10′	12′	14′	16′	18′	20′	R/L	
3 x 4″ to 4 x 8″		39 50	39 50	39 50	39 50	41 50	41 50		For every two feet in length in excess of 20 feet an additional $2.00 may be charged.
3 x 10″ and 4 x 10″		40 50	40 50	40 50	40 50	42 50	42 50		
3 x 12″ and 4 x 12″		41 50	41 50	41 50	41 50	43 50	43 50		
6 x 6″ to 8 x 8″		40 50	40 50	40 50	40 50	42 50	42 50		

For each additional 2″ in width and/or thickness over 8 x 8″ an additional 50 cents may be charged.

For Rough....... Add to the above prices $ 3 00

SCHEDULE "A" to ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-788 (*Cont'd.*)

—	Widths		
	4"	6"	8"
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Drop Siding, Ceiling, Flooring, D & M, S2S, or C.M.—			
No. 2 Common (Specified Lengths ordered by the buyer)	48 50	48 50	48 00
No. 3 Common (Specified Lengths ordered by the buyer)	39 50	41 00	43 00
No. 4 Common (Specified Lengths ordered by the buyer)	37 50	38 50	40 00
For Random Lengths deduct $2.00 from above prices			

Bevel and Dolly Varden Siding (Bundled) R/L—Bevel Siding—				
½ x 4" No. 2—R/L	$ 51·50	per M.F.B.M.	$ 25·75	per M.F.S.M.
½ x 4" No. 3— "	42·50	"	21·25	"
½ x 6" No. 2— "	51·50	"	25·75	"
½ x 6" No. 3— "	44·00	"	22·00	"
Dolly Varden Siding—				
6" Resawn 5/4"—No. 2 R/L	55·50	"	34·75	"
6" " 5/4"—No. 3 "	48·00	"	30·00	"
6" " 6/4"—No. 2 "	55·50	"	41·50	"
6" " 6/4"—No. 3 "	48·00	"	36·00	"
8" " 5/4"—No. 2 "	55·00	"	34·50	"
8" " 5/4"—No. 3 "	50·00	"	31·25	"
8" " 6/4"—No. 2 "	55·00	"	41·25	"
8" " 6/4"—No. 3 "	50·00	"	37·50	"

—	Widths					
	4"	5"	6"	8"	10"	12"
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
D. and Better Finish—						
4/4" S2S or S4S R/L	55 00	66 00	58 00	58 00	66 00	76 00
5/4" and 6/4" R/L	65 00	76 00	68 00	68 00	76 00	86 00
8/4" R/L	70 00	81 00	73 00	73 00	81 00	91 00

For Specified Lengths ordered by the buyer	Add to the above prices	$5·00
For Rough	Add to the above prices	3·00

SCHEDULE "A" to ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-788 (*Concluded*)

—	GRADES			
	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Common Boards S2S, or S4S and Shiplap—				
1 x 4" Specified Lengths	45 00	37 00	35 00	33 00
1 x 5" " "	49 00	40 50	38 50	36 00
1 x 6" " "	46 00	38 50	37 00	35 00
1 x 8" " "	46 00	39 50	37 50	35 00
1 x 10" " "	48 00	39 50	37 50	35 00
1 x 12" " "	57 00	40 50	38 00	35 00
1 x 4/12"	....	....	37 00	34 00
1 x 2"—S2SIE R/L Bundled)	....	37 00	....	....
1 x 3" " " (Not Bundled)	....	37 50	....	....

For Random Lengths............Deduct from the above prices $ 2 00
For 5/4" & 6/4" All Grades Common............Add to the above prices $ 4 00
For Rough............Add to the above prices $ 3 00
For Resawn Shiplap S1S 3/8"............Add to the above prices $ 6 00
For S1S 11/16" Full............Deduct from the above prices $ 2 50
For S1S 5/8" Full............Deduct from the above prices $ 3 50
For S1S 1/2" Full............Deduct from the above prices $ 4 00

Lath—
No. 1–4'............$8·00 per Thousand Pieces
No. 2–4'............ 7·00 " "

Well Curbing—
5/4" & 6/4" R/L............$ 43·00
8/4" R/L............ 40·00

SCHEDULE "B" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-788

Spruce and Lodgepole Pine Shipped from:

(1) Manitoba, Saskatchewan or the Northern Interior Region of Britissh Columbia for sale in Manitoba or Saskatchewan.

(2) Northern Alberta for sale in Alberta.

The Maximum Prices Set Out in Schedule A for Lumber Produced from Spruce and Lodgepole Pine Described Therein Increased by $2.00 Per Thousand Feet Board Measure in All Cases Except the Following:

Bevel & Dolly Varden Siding (Bundled) R/L

Bevel Siding—

½ x 4″ No. 2 R/L	$26·75	per M.F.S.M.
½ x 4″ No. 3 R/L	22·25	“
½ x 6″ No. 2 R/L	26·75	“
½ x 6″ No. 3 R/L	23·00	“

Dolly Varden Siding—

6″ Resawn 5/4″ No. 2–R/L	36·00	“
6″ “ 5/4″ No. 3–R/L	31·25	“
6″ “ 6/4″ No. 2–R/L	43·00	“
6″ “ 6/4″ No. 3–R/L	37·50	“
8″ “ 5/4″ No. 2–R/L	35·50	“
8″ “ 5/4″ No. 3–R/L	32·50	“
8″ “ 6/4″ No. 2–R/L	42·75	“
8″ “ 6/4″ No. 3–R/L	39·00	“

Lath—

No. 1–4′	$8·00	per Thousand Pieces
No. 2–4′	7·00	“ “

SCHEDULE "C" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-788

Spruce and Lodgepole Pine Shipped from:

(1) Northern Alberta for sale in Manitoba or Saskatchewan.

(2) Manitoba, Saskatchewan or the Northern Interior Region of British Columbia for sale in Ontario west of Port Arthur.

The Maximum Prices Set Out in Schedule A for Lumber Produced from Spruce and Lodge pole Pine Described Therein Increased by $4.00 per Thousand Feet Board Measure in All Cases Except the Following:

Bevel & Dolly Varden Siding (Bundled) R/L—

Bevel Siding—

½ x 4″ No. 2, R/L	$27.75	per M.F.S.M.
½ x 4″ No. 3, R/L	23.25	“
½ x 6″ No. 2, R/L	27·75	“
½ x 6″ No. 3, R/L	24·00	“

Dolly Varden Siding—

6″ Resawn 5/4″ No. 2 R/L	37·75	“
6″ “ 5/4″ No. 3 R/L	32·50	“
6″ “ 6/4″ No. 2 R/L	44·75	“
6″ “ 6/4″ No. 3 R/L	39·00	“
8″ “ 5/4″ No. 2 R/L	37·25	“
8″ “ 5/4″ No. 3 R/L	34·00	“
8″ “ 6/4″ No. 2 R/L	44·25	“
8″ “ 6/4″ No. 3 R/L	40·50	“

Lath—

No. 1–4′	$8·00	per Thousand Pieces
No. 2–4′	7·00	“ “

SCHEDULE "D" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-788

SPRUCE AND LODGEPOLE PINE SHIPPED FROM:

Northern Alberta for sale in Ontario west of Port Arthur.

THE MAXIMUM PRICES SET OUT IN SCHEDULE A FOR LUMBER PRODUCED FROM SPRUCE AND LODGEPOLE PINE DESCRIBED THEREIN INCREASED BY $6.00 PER THOUSAND FEET BOARD MEASURE IN ALL CASES EXCEPT THE FOLLOWING:

BEVEL & DOLLY VARDEN SIDING (BUNDLED) R/L—

Bevel Siding—

½ x 4″ No. 2 R/L	$28·75	per M.F.S.M.
½ x 4″ No. 3 R/L	24·25	"
½ x 6″ No. 2 R/L	28·75	"
½ x 6″ No. 3 R/L	25·00	"

Dolly Varden Siding—

6″ Resawn 5/4″ No. 2 R/L	38·50	"
6″ " 5/4″ No. 3 R/L	33·75	"
6″ " 6/4″ No. 2 R/L	46·00	"
6″ " 6/4″ No. 3 R/L	40·50	"
8″ " 5/4″ No. 2 R/L	38·50	"
8″ " 5/4″ No. 3 R/L	35·25	"
8″ " 6/4″ No. 2 R/L	45·75	"
8″ " 6/4″ No. 3 R/L	42·00	"

Lath—

No. 1–4′	$8·00	per Thousand Pieces
No. 2–4′	7·00	" "

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-795

Respecting Agricultural Hand Tools

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. No person shall manufacture a hand fork, hand hook, hand rake, hand hoe or hand cultivator, unless it is of a kind and grade, and is made in accordance with the specifications set out in the Schedule hereto for such kind and grade.

2. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Fabricated Steel and Non-Ferrous Metals, upon application to him, may grant in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

3. This Order shall be effective on and after the 5th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 30th day of June, 1943.

H. H. FOREMAN,
Administrator of Fabricated Steel and Non-Ferrous Metals.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-795

PART I—HAND FORKS

Kind	Grades	Number of Tines	Length of Tines	Ferrules	Handles	Maximum Weight (Lbs.) per Dozen
			Inches			
Feeder Forks	A, B	3	12	T or S	....	30
Hay Forks	A	2	12	P	....	26
	A, B	3	12	T, P or S	....	30
Straw or Heder Forks	A	3	14	T, P or S	....	36
	A, B	4	16	T or S	....	44
Bean Forks	A	4	14	T or S	....	42
Barley Forks	A, B	4	18	T or S	D Handle permitted	47
	A	4	18 guarded	T or S	"	47
Manure Forks	A, B	4	13 wide or narrow	T, P or S	"	42
		5	12, 13	T, P or S	"	47
		6	13	T, P or S	"	50
Barn Forks	A, B	5	16	T, P or S	"	50
Spading Forks	A	4	11	T, P or S	"	51
	B	4	10	S	"	40
Potato Forks	A	4	9	P or S	"	40
Ensilage Fork	A	8	17	T or S	D Handle only	67
Beet Scoop Fork	A	7	16½	T or S	"	75
Vegetable Scoop Forks	A	10	16	T or S	"	70
Fish Forks	A	1	6	P	....	22
	A	2	8	P	....	24
Coke Forks	A	10, 12, 14	17	T rivetted	D Handle only	110
Coal Forks	A	12, 14	16	T rivetted	"	120
Stone or Ballast Forks	A	8, 10	13½, 14	T rivetted	"	86

PART II—HAND HOOKS

Kind	Grades	Number of Tines	Length of Tines	Ferrules	Handles	Maximum Weight (Lbs.) per Dozen
Potato Hooks	A	4	Round	P	....	30
	A	5	"	P	....	32
	A	4	Flat	P	....	30
	A	4	Diamond Back	P	....	30
Manure Hook	A	5	Oval	P	....	43

PART III—HAND RAKES

Kind	Grades	Number of Teeth	Number of Type	Maximum Weight (lbs.) per Dozen
Level Head Rakes	A, B	12, 14	Straight	32
Braced Head Rakes	A	12, 14	Curved	37
Steel Weldless Rake	A	12, 14	Straight	34
	B	12, 14	Curved	33
Road Rake	A, B	14	Heavy straight	51
Asphalt Rake	A, B	14	Straight—18″ steel shank.	60

PART IV—HAND HOES

Kind	Grades	Width of Blade	Pattern	Maximum Weight (lbs.) per Dozen
		Inches		
Field and Garden Hoes	A	6, 7, 8	Shank or Socket	30
Electric Welded Field Hoe	A, B	8	Shank	28
Beet Hoe	A	7	Shank or Socket	27
Turnip Hoe	A	8, 9	Shank	27
Corn Hoe	A	8	Heavy Socket	22
Dutch Hoe	A	4, 7	Oshawa—Shank	29
	A	7	Welland—Shank	28
Mortar Hoes	A	10	Plain or Two Holes	46
			P or S Ferrule	
Railroad Scuffle Hoe	A	8	Braced Shank	42

PART V—HAND CULTIVATORS

Kind	Grades	Number of Teeth	Maximum Weight (lbs.) per Dozen
Adjustable	A	3	25
	A	5	41
Sharp Pointed	A	4	22

T—Tubular Ferrule. S—Strap Ferrule. P—Plain Ferrule.

Grades A and B designate qualities of complete tools: A designates the best quality; B designates the second quality.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-812

Respecting Wool Clips

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-118 is hereby amended by deleting therefrom Sections 5 and 6.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 17th day of July, 1943.

DATED AT OTTAWA, this 15th day of July, 1943.

D. C. DICK,
Administrator of Wool and Wool Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-813

Respecting Maximum Taxi-cab Fares in Lake St. John Area, Quebec

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Section 2 of Administrator's Order No. A-591 is hereby amended by revoking the table therein set forth and substituting the following table therefor:—

"TABLE OF MAXIMUM TAXI-CAB PRICES OF FARES

Lake St. John Area, Quebec

Fixed by Administrator's Order No. A-813, amending Administrator's Order No. A-591, under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations.

Route	Maximum Prices or Fares per Trip For 1, 2, 3 or 4 Passengers	For more than 4 Passengers
1. Between Chicoutimi and Arvida	$1.50	$1.50 plus .25 for each passenger over 4
2. Between Chicoutimi and Jonquiere	$3.00	$3.00 plus .25 for each passenger over 4
3. Between Chicoutimi and Kenogami	$3.00	$3.00 plus .25 for each passenger over 4
4. Between Chicoutimi and Bagotville	$3.00	$3.00 plus .25 for each passenger over 4
5. Between Chicoutimi and Port Alfred	$3.00	$3.00 plus .25 for each passenger over 4
6. Between Chicoutimi and Grande-Baie	$3.50	$3.50 plus .25 for each passenger over 4
7. Between Jonquiere and Arvida	$1.50	$1.50 plus .25 for each passenger over 4
8. Between Bagotville and the Airport	$1.50	$1.50 plus .25 for each passenger over 4"

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 19th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 15th day of July, 1943.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Administrator of Services.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-814

Respecting Shot Guns

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-603 is hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 20th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 17th day of July, 1943.

G. P. SABISTON,
Administrator of Sundry Items N.O.P.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

COAL CONTROLLER

Order No. Coal 5

(Coal Supply Restriction, Ontario and Quebec)

Dated July 5, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *Purpose of Order*

The purpose of this Order is to facilitate the even distribution of coal supplies as they become available. The co-operation of the public in carrying out its terms and in providing accurate information is necessary for the equitable distribution of available supplies during the 1943-44 fuel burning season.

2. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Controller" means the Coal Controller;

(*b*) "High volatile bituminous coal" means bituminous coal stated in the analysis thereof filed with a Statistical Bureau of the National Bituminous Coal Commission of the United States of America to contain more than 24 per cent of volatile matter, and any coal produced in the provinces of New Brunswick or Nova Scotia;

(*c*) "Low Volatile bituminous coal" means any bituminous coal which is not high volatile, and includes Pocahontas and any similar type of coal;

(*d*) "Class A fuel" means anthracite (hard) coal (larger than buckwheat), low volatile bituminous coal (excluding mine run and screenings), briquettes and coke.

3. *Permits*

Any provision of this Order may be suspended or relaxed in any particular case by permit issued by the Controller.

4. *Area Affected, Effective Date and Expiration*

This Order shall apply only to all premises situated in the Provinces of Ontario or Quebec, and shall be effective on and from July 15, 1943, and shall continue in full force and effect until otherwise ordered.

5. *Information to be Supplied by Buyers of Class A Fuel*

(1) Every person who wants to get delivery of any Class A fuel for any premises must file with a coal dealer for the use of the Controller a statement in the form prescribed by the Controller for the purpose of this Order, and sign the certificate set out in the said form.

(2) This form will be available at any coal dealer's or at any local office of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board and, after being filled in and signed, must be left with the coal dealer

(3) Every person who wants to get delivery of any Class A fuel for more than one premises must complete and file a separate form for each premises.

(4) If the premises for which the Class A fuel is to be delivered were not supplied with Class A fuel during the year ending June 1, 1943, or if the person purchasing the Class A fuel has no knowledge of the quantity of such fuel consumed in the premises during the year ending June 1, 1943, he must, instead of answering question 4 of the prescribed form, indicate thereon such information as his coal dealer may require to enable the coal dealer to estimate the quantity of Class A fuel which would have been sufficient for the premises during the year ending June 1, 1943.

6. *Restrictions on Deliveries of Class A Fuel*

(1) No coal dealer shall deliver and no person shall take delivery of, any Class A fuel for any premises for which the prescribed form has not been duly completed, signed and filed with the coal dealer as required by this Order, even if the fuel has been previously ordered or has been paid for in whole or in part.

(2) No coal dealer shall deliver, and no person shall take delivery of any class A fuel for any premises for which the quantity of Class A fuel on hand equals or exceeds one half of the total quantity of Class A fuel consumed in, or estimated as sufficient for, the premises during the year ending June 1, 1943; but if the quantity on hand is less than one half, any coal dealer may deliver, and any person may take delivery of, Class A fuel for the premises in quantities not exceeding the following:

(*a*) two tons; or

(*b*) the quantity which, when added to the quantity on hand, will provide the premises with the said one half, subject to increase or reduction by half a ton if that is necessary to deliver a full load;

Provided that if the buyer agrees in writing on the prescribed form to take 25 per cent of his coal fuel requirements for the premises for the year ending June 1, 1944 in high volatile bituminous coal, Class A fuel may be delivered for the remainder of such requirements.

7. *Duplication of Orders for Class A Fuel*

(1) No person, who has placed, or who places, an order for Class A fuel with any coal dealer for any premises, shall place an order for Class A fuel for the same premises with any other coal dealer unless

(*a*) the coal dealer with whom his order is placed is unable to deliver the quantities of Class A fuel authorized for delivery by this Order when required; and

(*b*) the previous order is cancelled

(2) No coal dealer shall accept any order for Class A fuel, or deliver any Class A fuel, for any premises, for which there is an uncancelled order for Class A fuel with another coal dealer.

8. *Exemptions*

This Order does not apply

(*a*) to anthracite coal in the sizes known to the coal trade as "buckwheat" or smaller, or to low volatile bituminous coal mine run and screenings; or

(*b*) to the purchase or the taking of delivery of Class A fuel by any person engaged in the business of baking food products for sale, for his own use in such baking; or

(*c*) to the sale of delivery of Class A fuel by any coal dealer, which to the knowledge of the dealer is to be delivered to a person engaged in the business of baking food products for sale; or

(*d*) to the sale or delivery of any Class A fuel pursuant to any authorization for such sale or delivery heretofore or hereafter issued by or under the authority of the Coal Controller.

9. *Duties of Coal Dealers with Respect to Forms*

(1) Every coal dealer shall keep on file all completed forms prescribed by the Controller for the purposes of this Order until the quantity of Class A fuel authorized for delivery for the premises has been delivered.

(2) Every coal dealer shall, as soon as he has delivered for any premises the quantities of Class A fuel authorized for delivery by this Order, complete and sign the certificate as to the quantity delivered on the prescribed form respecting the premises.

(3) Every coal dealer shall, not later than the 5th day of each month, forward to the nearest local office of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, all forms on his files respecting any premises, for which he has completed the delivery of the quantities of Class A fuel authorized for delivery by this Order.

(4) Every coal dealer who estimates the quantity of coal fuel which would have been sufficient for use in any premises during the year ending June 1, 1943 shall note the quantity so estimated in the margin of the prescribed form respecting such premises.

E. J. BRUNNING,
Coal Controller.

APPROVED:

C. D. HOWE,
Minister of Munitions and Supply

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

NOTE:—Under Section 15 of the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations it is an offence punishable by fine and/or imprisonment to contravene or fail to observe any Order of a Controller, or to hinder or obstruct a Controller, or to make a false statement to, or for the use or information of, a Controller.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

Order No. M.C. 25A.

(Silver)

Dated June 29, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225 dated June 19, 1942, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

"person" shall include firm, partnership, corporation, company, any governmental body or department, and/or any aggregation of persons.

2. *Purchases, Acquisition, Sales and Supply of Silver and Alloys Containing Silver*

(1) Except as provide in subsections (2) and (3) next succeeding, unless with the written permission of the Metals Controller, during the month of July, 1943, or during any succeeding calendar month, no person shall

(*a*) purchase or acquire, or

(*b*) sell or supply to any one person,

more than 500 troy ounces of fine silver or alternatively more than 500 troy ounces of silver contained in an alloy of silver, whether in the form of bar, bullion, grain, powder, sheet or wire.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) next preceding shall not apply to the acquisition, purchase, sale or supply of brazing and/or soldering alloys of silver containing not more than 50 per cent silver (by weight).

(3) The provisions of subsection (1) hereof shall not apply to or affect the return of scrap silver by the owner thereof to a silver refinery or mill for reprocessing or to the receipt by such owner in exchange for such scrap silver of an equivalent weight of silver.

3. *Permits*

The provisions of this Order shall be subject to any permit or order of the Metals Controller.

4. *Order No. M.C. 25*

The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 25 dated September 29, 1942, is hereby rescinded.

5. *Effective Date*

This Order shall be effective on and after July 15, 1943.

F. W. CONNELL,
Deputy Metals Controller.

Approved:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

Warning.—Under Section 15 of The Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations, it is an offence punishable by fine up to Five Thousand Dollars or to imprisonment for five years or to both fine and imprisonment for any person to fail to observe any order of a Controller or to make any false statement or representation to or for the use or information of a Controller.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 3-A

(Rubber Conservation and Technical Committee Membership Amended)

Dated July 9, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6835, dated August 29, 1941, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Order No. Rubber 3 Amended*

Section 3 and Section 5 of the Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 3, dated December 17, 1942, are hereby amended by deleting therefrom the initials and name "J. A. Wilson" and by substituting therefor the initials and name "O. B. Crowell".

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Rubber Controller.

Approved:

HENRY BORDEN
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 4

(Rubber Tires and Tubes)

Dated June 30th, 1943.

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9995, dated November 3rd, 1942, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board and the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order except where the context otherwise requires:—

(*a*) "authorized dealer" shall mean a person, including a manufacturer, a wholesaler, a distributor and a retailer who, in the ordinary course of business, sells tires or tubes or retreading services, and shall not include a scrap dealer;

(*b*) "camelback" shall mean the uncured rubber compound applied to the worn tire to make the new tread in the process of retreading;

(*c*) "consumer" shall mean a person purchasing or dealing in any way with any tire or tube or retreading services, excepting an authorized dealer;

(*d*) "Controller" or "Rubber Controller" shall mean the person appointed Rubber Controller by the Governor in Council;

(*e*) "eligible class" shall mean Class A or Class B or Class C under either Section 5 or Section 6 or Section 7 of this Order;

(*f*) "higher eligible class", with reference to Class B, shall mean Class A, and with reference to Class C, shall mean Class A or Class B, Class A being the highest eligible class, and Class C being the lowest eligible class, and "lower eligible class" shall have a corresponding meaning;

(*g*) "manufacture" shall include make, assemble, process, produce and construct and "manufacturer" and "manufactured" shall have corresponding meanings;

(*h*) "new" as applied to a tire or tube shall include a tire or tube which has been used for less than 1,000 miles;

(*i*) "person" shall include partnership, corporation, company, and any governmental body or department or other aggregation of persons;

(*j*) "repair" shall not include retread;

(*k*) "Replenishment Permit" shall mean a permit in writing signed by a Tire Rationing Officer or the Rubber Controller authorizing the sale to an authorized dealer of a tire or a tube or camelback or retreading services;

(*m*) "retreaded tire" shall mean a tire which has been retreaded for sale as a complete tire and shall include any such tire which has been used for less than 1,000 miles since retreading;

(*n*) "retreader" shall mean any person who possesses retreading equipment and who engages in retreading;

(*o*) "retreading" shall mean the process of reconditioning a tire by buffing off the top surface of the tire (whether or not the rubber is removed from any part of the side wall) and applying camelback to the tread surface and/or to any other surface of the tire and shall include recapping;

(*p*) "retreading services" shall mean the retreading for another person of a tire supplied by such other person for retreading;

(*q*) "rubber" shall include crude natural rubber, reclaimed and scrap rubber, synthetic rubber and rubber substitutes in any form;

(*r*) "sale" shall include sale, barter, exchange, mortgage, encumbrance, lease, trade, delivery, loan and gift and any transfer to another person, or mounting on a running wheel or the spare rim of any vehicle or equipment owned by or under the control of another person, and "sell", "seller", "selling", "purchase", "purchaser" and "purchasing" shall have similarly extended meanings;

(*s*) "scrap dealer" shall mean a person who carries on the business of buying and selling scrap rubber or scrap materials including scrap rubber and shall include an auto wrecker;

(*t*) "tire" shall mean a pneumatic rubber tire or casing capable of being used on any motor vehicle or horse-drawn vehicle, including a truck, bus, motor cycle, tractor, farm implement, trailer, snowmobile or industrial, mining or construction equipment;

(*u*) "Tire Ration Permit" shall mean permission in writing to purchase a tire or tube or retreading services specified therein, issued by the Rubber Controller or his duly authorized Tire Rationing Officer;

(*v*) "Tire Rationing Officer" shall mean a person duly authorized by the Rubber Controller to receive applications for and to issue Tire Ration Permits;

(*w*) "truck" shall mean any vehicle designed by the manufacturer for use on the highways to carry freight, including raw materials, semi-finished goods and finished products, farm products and foods, or designed by the manufacturer for use for road grading, earth-moving or other similar off-the-road purposes, and shall also include any vehicle adapted for such use and licensed as such by one of the provinces of Canada on or before December 31st, 1941;

(*x*) "tube" shall mean a rubber tube, capable of being used in a tire;

(*y*) "used" as applied to a tire or tube, shall mean a tire or tube which has been used for 1,000 or more miles, after being made, or, if a retreaded tire, after retreading.

2. *Rescinding Previous Orders*

Order No. C.S.4J, dated May 15, 1942, issued by the Controller of Supplies, and made an Order of the Rubber Controller by Order in Council P.C. 9995, dated November 3, 1942; and Order No. Rubber 4J-2, dated November 11, 1942, are hereby rescinded.

3. *Prohibitions Respecting Sales and Purchases of New, Used and Retreaded Tires and Tubes and Retreading Services*

(1) No person other than an authorized dealer shall sell any new, used or retreaded tire or any new or used tube or any retreading services to a consumer, and

(NOTE.—In reading this Section 3 particularly, see the extended meanings given to "sale", "sell" and "purchase" under Section 1, paragraph (*r*). The above paragraph (1) prohibits even the gift or loan of a tire or tube, whether new, used or retreaded, by any person other than an authorized dealer, to any person other than an authorized dealer, and the consumer owner of a tire or tube must not transfer it to another consumer or mount it on the running wheel or spare rim of a vehicle owned by another person, but he can transfer it to an authorized dealer. Two tire owners cannot combine their tires to operate one vehicle.)

(2) No consumer shall purchase any new, used or retreaded tire or any new or used tube or any retreading services from any person other than an authorized dealer, and

(3) No person shall sell any new, used or retreaded tire or any new or used tube or any retreading services to a consumer unless such person sold tires or tubes or retreading services in the ordinary course of business during the year ending October 31, 1941, and unless the aggregate purchase price of the tires and tubes and retreading services bought and used by such person during the year ending October 31, 1941, on vehicles owned by him (or by any firm or corporation in which he had a controlling interest or by which he was controlled, or any subsidiary thereof) was less than 25 per cent of the aggregate purchase price of all the tires and tubes and retreading services bought by such person during the said year. In any prosecution under this sub-section the burden of establishing his qualification to sell to a consumer under the foregoing conditions shall be on the person charged, and

(4) No authorized dealer shall sell to a consumer, and no consumer shall purchase, any new tire or new tube unless such consumer is the owner of a Class A vehicle eligible for new tires or new tubes under Section 5 of this Order, and unless such authorized dealer has received a Tire Ration Permit authorizing such consumer to purchase such new tire or new tube, and

(5) No authorized dealer shall sell to a consumer, and no consumer shall purchase, any retreaded tire unless such consumer is the owner of a Class A vehicle or a Class B vehicle eligible for retreaded tires under Section 5 or Section 6 of this Order and unless such authorized dealer has received a Tire Ration Permit authorizing such consumer to purchase such retreaded tire, and

(6) No authorized dealer shall sell to a consumer, and no consumer shall purchase, any used tire or used tube or any retreading services, unless such consumer is the owner of a Class A vehicle or a Class B vehicle or a Class C vehicle eligible for used tires or used tubes or retreading services under Section 5 or Section 6 or Section 7 of this Order, and unless such authorized dealer has received a Tire Ration Permit authorizing such consumer to purchase such used tire or used tube or retreading services, and

(7) No consumer shall purchase any new, used or retreaded tire, or any retreading services or any new or used tube for any vehicle (referred to in this paragraph (7) as such vehicle),

(*a*) unless such vehicle cannot be replaced by any other vehicle owned or controlled by such consumer which other vehicle is not within the same eligible class as the vehicle in respect of which the purchase is being applied for or made, or within a higher eligible class, and

(NOTE.—If the consumer owns or controls another vehicle, equipped with serviceable tires and tubes, which is capable of being, but is not fully employed, for purposes which are specified in the same or a higher eligible class under which the permit to purchase tires or tubes is requested, then the need for the tires and tubes is not established and permit cannot be granted. A purchase of a retreaded tire cannot be made for a vehicle in Class B if the purchaser can replace that vehicle with a vehicle in use in Class C or a vehicle which is not in an eligible class, but it is immaterial that he has vehicles in Class A, which is a higher class. So also the purchase of a new tire or a new tube cannot be made for a vehicle in Class A if the purchaser can replace that vehicle with a vehicle in use in Class B, or Class C, or outside the eligible classes.)

(*b*) unless, including any tire or tube purchased, all the tires and tubes of the same rim diameter and of the same cross section (or of a single or combination size cross section shown as interchangeable in the retail price list published by the manufacturer) owned by or under the control of such purchaser anywhere, whether unmounted or mounted on a vehicle, will not be more than sufficient to equip the running wheels and one spare rim of each vehicle owned by or under the control of such consumer which is within the same eligible class as the vehicle in respect of which the purchase is being applied for or made, or within a higher eligible class, and

(NOTE.—For example, a purchase of a retreaded tire for a vehicle in Class B cannot be made if the purchaser will have more than sufficient serviceable tires to equip his Class B and Class A vehicles. The tires from Class C vehicles or vehicles not in an eligible class must first be used, leaving any Class C vehicle to obtain used tires or retreading services. As an alternative, the Class B vehicle might be supplied with used tires or retreading services but it cannot be supplied with a retreaded tire while its owner has serviceable tires in operation in the lower Class C or outside the eligible classes. So also the purchase of a new tire or tube for a vehicle in Class A cannot be made while its owner has tires suitable for that vehicle but in use in a lower class or outside the eligible classes.)

(*c*) unless any such tire or tube being purchased is required and will be used by such consumer at once to replace on the running wheel or the spare rim of such vehicle a tire or tube of the same rim diameter and of the same cross section (or of a single or combination size cross section shown as interchangeable in the retail price list published by the manufacturer) which is no longer serviceable and cannot be repaired for safe use at the speeds at which such vehicle may reasonably be expected to be operated, and

(*d*) unless any retreading services purchased are required by such consumer to retread a tire which if operated further could not be retreaded, and which has been removed from the running wheel or the spare rim of such vehicle, and

(8) No authorized dealer shall sell to a consumer and no consumer shall purchase any new, used or retreaded tire or new or used tube unless

(*a*) the tires and tubes to be replaced are removed from the rims of the wheel for the purposes of inspection; and

(*b*) the certificate of inspection on the Tire Ration Permit is completed by an authorized dealer; and

(*c*) the tire or tube purchased is of the same rim diameter and of the same cross section (or of a single or combination size cross section shown as interchangeable in the retail price list published by the manufacturer) as the tire or tube inspected and delivered up; and

(*d*) the consumer delivers to the selling authorized dealer at the time of the purchase the tire or tube so inspected;

provided that the delivery of a tire or tube in exchange is not required

(i) when a new vehicle has been purchased without a spare and is in an eligible class and the purchase of a tire or tube is authorized for such new vehicle by a Tire Ration Permit in accordance with the conditions and limitations affecting its eligible class, or

(ii) when the purchaser delivers to such authorized dealer a Tire Ration Permit signed by the Controller or a Tire Rationing Officer authorising the sale of a tire or tube without the exchange of a tire or tube, by reason of the theft of a tire or tube or for any other reason, such Tire Ration Permit to be completed and returned or filed as provided in Section 4 hereof, and

(9) No authorized dealer shall give or make any allowance for any tire or tube delivered in exchange as required by paragraph (*d*) of Subsection 8 of Section 3 of this order, and every authorized dealer shall retain in his possession for a period of 30 days from the date of its delivery every tire and tube so delivered in exchange, and

(10) No authorized dealer shall sell to any other authorized dealer except a manufacturer or a wholesaler and no authorized dealer except a manufacturer or a wholesaler shall purchase any new tire or new tube or retreaded tire or retreading services or camelback unless such purchasing authorized dealer has delivered and such selling authorized dealer has received at or prior to the time of such sale a Replenishment Permit authorizing such replacement or sale, and

(11) No authorized dealer, except a manufacturer or wholesaler, shall purchase any new tire or any new tube or any camelback unless his inventory of the size and type of such tire or tube or camelback is not more than his normal requirements for thirty days supply, or, in the case of an authorized dealer located in Port Arthur or further west, forty-five days supply, and

(12) Any manufacturer who performs the functions of a wholesaler or retailer, and any wholesaler who performs the functions of a retailer with respect to the same tire, tube, camelback or retreading services, shall comply with subsections (10) and (11) of this Section as if such tire, tube, camelback or retreading services were being purchased from another authorized dealer, and

(13) Any such Replenishment Permit authorizing the sale of a retreaded tire shall also authorize in the alternative a sale of retreading services, or the sale of camelback and any such Replenishment Permit authorizing the sale of retreading services, shall authorize in the alternative, the sale of camelback, such sales of camelback to be made in accordance with the following table:—

TABLE FOR PURCHASE OF CAMELBACK ON REPLENISHMENT PERMIT

Size or Type of Tire Specified on Permit	Number of Pounds of Camelback Which May Be Purchased
Passenger Car type tire	8½
30 x 5 to and including 7.00 x 20/32 x 6	12
7.50 x 18 and including 8.25 x 24	16
9.00 x 20 to and including 11.00 x 24	22
12.00 x 20 and up	32

(14) No authorized dealer shall put into use on any vehicle, owned by him or under his control, any new, used or retreaded tire or any new or used tube, which has not already been in use on the running wheel or the spare rim of a vehicle owned by him or under his control, unless he possesses any Tire Ration Permit which would be required, and unless he has otherwise complied with any provisions of this Order which would be applicable, if he were purchasing such tire or tube from another authorized dealer.

4 *Application for Tire Ration Permit to Purchase a New or Used Tire, or Tube, a Retreaded Tire or Retreading Services*

(1) Any person being the owner of a Class A or Class B or Class C vehicle and wishing to obtain a Tire Ration Permit to purchase for such vehicle a tire or tube or retreading services in accordance with its eligible class, shall make application in writing to a Tire Rationing Officer on such form as the Controller shall prescribe and each such applicant shall furnish such further information as the Controller or Tire Rationing Officer may prescribe.

(2) Each applicant for a Tire Ration Permit for new tires or new tubes or retreaded tires or retreading services, whose application is granted, shall receive two copies of a Tire Ration Permit signed by the Controller or a Tire Rationing Officer specifying the number and kind or kinds of new or retreaded tires or new tubes or retreading services authorized, together with one copy of a Replenishment Permit. Each such applicant shall deliver to an authorized dealer within 30 days from the date thereof, such Replenishment Permit and both copies of such Tire Ration Permit.

(3) Each applicant for a Tire Ration Permit for used tires or used tubes, whose application is granted, shall receive two copies of a Tire Ration Permit signed by the Controller or a Tire Rationing Officer specifying the number and kind or kinds of used tires or used tubes authorized. Each such applicant shall deliver to an authorized dealer within 30 days from the date thereof, both copies of such Tire Ration Permit.

(4) Any authorized dealer from whom a purchase is made, and any purchaser making such purchase, pursuant to a Tire Ration Permit shall complete and sign the certificate on each copy of such Tire Ration Permit, and such authorized dealer shall return one completed copy of such Tire Ration Permit, within 5 days after completion of such purchase, to the Tire Rationing Office from which it was issued and shall keep on file the other completed copy of the Tire Ration Permit for inspection from time to time.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 3, 5, 6 and 7 of this Order a Tire Rationing Officer or the Controller may in his absolute discretion refuse to issue or may suspend or cancel any Tire Ration Permit or Replenishment Permit or may specify or permit in any Tire Ration Permit the sale of a tire or tube or retreading services available to a vehicle in a lower eligible class.

5. *Class A—Vehicles and Equipment Eligible for New, Retreaded or Used Tires or New or Used Tubes or Retreading Services.*

Each vehicle and each item of equipment following is a Class A vehicle for the purposes of this Order, eligible (subject to the conditions and limitations in Sections 3 and 4 of this Order) for new, retreaded or used tires or new or used tubes or retreading services:—

(*a*) A vehicle operated by a physician, surgeon, visiting nurse or veterinarian, and which is used principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) for the making of professional calls;

(*b*) A vehicle operated by any regularly practising Minister, Priest or Rabbi, of any religious faith, regularly serving two or more congregations, more than three miles apart, or any sparsely settled area where, in either case, other transportation facilities are not available, and subject in each case to certification of these facts by the head of his organization;

(*c*) An ambulance; or a hearse or any vehicle used exclusively for funeral purposes;

(*d*) A vehicle, whether public or private, used exclusively for one or more of the following:

(i) Fire fighting services;
(ii) Necessary public police services;
(iii) Public garbage disposal and other public sanitation services;
(iv) Railway express and freight services and Mail Services;
(v) Transportation of currency, bullion and securities if such vehicle is armoured;
(vi) Delivery of newspapers provided that out of the number of newspapers delivered at least 85 per cent are for wholesale delivery; subject to written certification of these facts by a senior official of such newspaper;
(vii) Prospecting for base metals or oil subject to written certification by a senior official of the interested department, company or organization.

(*e*) A vehicle operated by an employee of fire protection, fire fighting or police services, and necessary for and used principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) in such services, subject in each case to certification of these facts by the head of the organization;

(*f*) A vehicle operated by an employee of an organization engaged in supplying electric power, gas, water, or any other public utility (including a municipal transportation system, a railway, express or telephone company), which vehicle is used principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) in services essential to its construction and maintenance, and subject to the written certification of these facts by a senior official of the public utility;

(*g*) A vehicle licensed by a provincial or municipal authority or the Transit Controller as a public vehicle or as part of the recognized passenger facilities of a mass transportation utility operated exclusively for one or more of the following purposes, and subject to filing with the Tire Rationing Officer by the purchaser of a certificate of the Transit Controller that the service in which the vehicle is used is essential;

(i) Transportation of passengers as part of the services rendered to the public by a regular transportation system;
(ii) Transportation of students and teachers to and from school;
(NOTE:—This sub-paragraph only covers transportation by a public vehicle which has been registered with the Transit Controller.)
(iii) Transportation of employees to and from any industrial or mining establishment or construction project;
(iv) Transportation of members of the armed forces on authorized movements which cannot be adequately performed by other existing transportation facilities;

(*h*) A trailer using truck type tires size 30 x 5 or 6.00 x 20 or larger, or a truck using any size of tire, in either case operated exclusively for one or more of the purposes stated in the preceding paragraphs of this Section and/or for any one or more of the following purposes;

(i) Transportation of ice and fuel;
(ii) Transportation of householder's furniture and effects, when such householder is changing his place of residence;
(iii) Transportation of materials and equipment for mechanical, structural, or highway maintenance or repair, and for the construction of factories, houses, buildings, roads, highways, dams and other essential facilities, or for mechanical or structural maintenance and repair, including electrical,

plumbing or heating repairs to the structure of such buildings or facilities, or maintenance and repairs of machines in them, excepting repairs to electrical and other household appliances;

(iv) Transportation of waste and scrap materials;

(v) Transportation of raw materials, semi-manufactured goods, and finished products, including farm products and foods but not including transportation of commodities covered by this sub-paragraph (v) to the ultimate consumer for personal, family or household use unless such transportation to the ultimate consumer is an incidental service;

(NOTE:—When, in the opinion of the Controller or any Tire Rationing Officer, the operation of any truck for any of the above purposes may be unnecessary because of duplication of transportation facilities or because of the lack of return loads or for any other reason and other methods of operation appear more efficient, the application for a Tire Ration Permit will be submitted to the Administrator of Services of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board or his representative for his advice as to the essentiality of the services operated by the applicant.)

(*j*) Farm tractors and harvester combines, other than automobiles or trucks, for the operation of which tires or tubes are essential;

(*k*) Industrial, mining and construction equipment, other than automobiles or trucks, for the operation of which tires or tubes are essential. (Used or retreaded tires and used tubes shall be used if adequate.)

6. *Class B—Vehicles eligible for retreaded tires or retreading services or used tires or used tubes*

Each of the vehicles following is a Class B vehicle for the purposes of this Order, eligible (subject to the conditions and limitations in Sections 3, 4 and 8 of this Order) for retreaded tires or retreading services or used tires or used tubes:

(*a*) A vehicle used principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) to transport five or more employees, or members of the armed forces, including the driver, to and from work in a plant engaged in the manufacture of munitions or on war contracts, or to and from work in other essential industries, or to or from a post of duty, where other transportation facilities are not available, subject in each case to written certification of these facts by an official of such plant or industry or the Commanding Officer;

(*b*) A vehicle registered with the Transit Controller under the Wartime Industrial Transit Plan provided that, if any tire or tube has been purchased for any such vehicle pursuant to a Tire Ration Permit and the vehicle is removed from such registration at any time, the owner of the vehicle shall so inform the Rubber Controller in writing;

(*c*) A vehicle, whether public or private, used principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) in the transportation of persons engaged in the inspection or manufacture of munitions, and the construction and maintenance of airports, ships, and other facilities of the armed forces, or in the transportation of engineers, technicians and other employees between or within plants or other essential industrial facilities where other transportation facilities are not available, subject in each case to the written certification of these facts by a senior official of the plant or facilities;

(*d*) A vehicle used principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) to carry mail, subject in each case to the written certification of these facts by the District Director of Postal Services;

(*e*) A vehicle necessary for and used principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) in the course of official duties or business by:

(i) Any of the following Dominion or Provincial Government officers; judges; magistrates; crown attorneys; sheriffs, bailiffs; highway engineers; construction superintendents; fire and accident, grain elevator or boiler inspectors, subject to the written certification of these facts by such judge or magistrate and by the Department Head in the case of such other officers, or

(ii) Any Dominion or Provincial Government officer or employee or member of the armed forces for transporting equipment too heavy for transportation otherwise, or in services essential to health or sanitation or essential to work connected with the war effort, subject in each case to written certification of these facts by the Department Head or Commanding Officer, or

(iii) A full-time employee acting as an officer, a field secretary or a nurse of the Canadian Red Cross Society or the Canadian Red Cross Transport Service, subject in each case to written certification of these facts by an officer of such organization, or

(iv) A full-time welfare worker employed by a Child Welfare Agency for placing children in rural areas including any Childrens' Aid Society operating under the authority of a Provincial Government; or by a Family Welfare Bureau or Society carrying out investigations for the Dependents' Allowance Board or the Dependents' Board of Trustees, subject in each case to written certification of these facts by a senior officer of such organization, or

(v) A full-time employee (whether paid or voluntary) of the National War Finance Committee subject in each case to written certification of these facts by a member of the Committee, or

(vi) Inspectors employed by the Inspection Board of the United Kingdom and Canada, and subject in each case to written certification of these facts by a member of the Board, or

(vii) A full-time employee of the British Admiralty Technical Mission, the United Kingdom or any other Air Force Mission, or Empire Liaison Mission subject to written certification of these facts by an official of the central office of such Mission, or

(viii) A full-time employee of the Dominion or Provincial Departments of Agriculture and an employee of a Breed Association, engaged in field work as follows: (1) control or direction of production or of marketing of food and farm products, (2) pest and disease control, and (3) other projects and services essential to the production or marketing of food and other farm products, subject to written certification of these facts by a senior official of the Department, or

(ix) A full-time employee of processors, canners and preservers of essential foods, and chick hatcheries, including buyers of livestock and perishable food commodities, subject to certification of these facts by a senior official of such organization, or

(x) Superintendents and timber scalers engaged in the production of new lumber and subject to written certification of a senior official, or

(xi) Dentists and optometrists who attend the armed forces or who operate branches, or

(xii) Press reporters and photographers subject to approval by the Controller, or

(xiii) Regional directors of salvage collection; employees of the Director of Soldier Settlement and Veterans' Land Act; Regional Supervisors of the Aircraft Detection Corps, of a Military Reserve Unit or of an Air Raid Precaution Unit; buyers of essential scrap; exterminators; school inspectors; rural school teachers; and credit reporters if employed on government investigation;

(*f*) A vehicle owned and operated by a company operating a flying school under the Air Training Organization;

(*g*) A vehicle operated by a Minister of a foreign country, a High Commissioner (including the Accredited Representative of South Africa) and a Director or Acting Director of the International Labour Office;

(*h*) A vehicle operated exclusively as a taxicab or a U-Drive or a Drive-UR-Self vehicle, and not prohibited from such operation;

(*i*) A passenger vehicle and/or trailer used principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) for the transportation of produce and supplies to or from his farm or place of occupation by a person whose principal occupation is farming, fishing, or maintaining or repairing buildings and essential commercial machines or equipment and who has no truck;

(*j*) A trailer using truck type tires, size 30 x 5 of 6.00 x 20 or larger, or a truck using any size of tire in either case used in any service not included hereinbefore except trailers or trucks used for personal services or for carrying passengers.

7. *Class C—Vehicles eligible for used tires or used tubes or retreading services*

Each vehicle and each item of equipment following is a Class C vehicle for the purposes of this Order eligible (subject to the conditions and limitations in Sections 3, 4 and 8 of this Order) for used tires or used tubes, or retreading services:

(*a*) A horse-drawn vehicle or a farm implement for the operation of which tires or tubes are essential;

(*b*) A passenger vehicle not licensed for operation by any of the Provinces of Canada and which has been in Canada for more than one week as evidenced by date of entry permit, and then only if a tire or tube is essential to its continued operation;

(*c*) A passenger vehicle operated by a farmer who also owns a truck;

(*d*) A vehicle operated principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) by a hotel for the transportation of guests and supplies where other transportation facilities are not available;

(*e*) A vehicle necessary for and operated principally (75 per cent or more in mileage) in the course of his profession, duties or business, where other transportation facilities are not available and subject wherever possible to certification by a senior official by:

(1) Members of the Diplomatic Corps eligible for inclusion in the Diplomatic List published by the Department of External Affairs;
(2) Members of High Commissioners' Offices (including Office of Accredited Representative of South Africa) eligible for inclusion in the "list of British Commonwealth Representatives in Canada" published by the Department of External Affairs;
(3) Consuls General of Career, Consuls of Career and Vice Consuls of Career;
(4) Trade Commissioners and Assistant Trade Commissioners;
(5) Members of the international staff of the International Labour Office;
(6) A rural auctioneer;
(7) A chain-store supervisor;
(8) An insurance adjuster;
(9) A finance company collector;
(10) A commercial traveller employed in an essential, but not in any luxury industry;
(11) Any regularly practising Minister, Priest or Rabbi of any religious faith;
(12) A Christian Science practitioner;
(13) A drugless healer;
(14) A bond or life insurance salesman;
(15) An incapacitated individual subject to a written certificate as to the necessity by a physician;
(16) A rural undertaker;
(17) A land surveyor.

8. *Priorities in Sales to Consumers*

Whether or not he shall have previously entered into any contract or made any commitment with respect thereto, every authorized dealer shall give priority in the sale, supply or delivery of any retreaded or used tire or used tube or any retreading services or any repair services for any tire or tube to the order of a consumer purchasing in respect of a vehicle in a higher eligible class over the order of a consumer purchasing in respect of a vehicle in a lower eligible class.

9. *When Spares Not Permissible*

No person shall purchase or sell any tire whether new, retreaded or used or any new or used tube for use as a spare for a vehicle which was not designed to, or ordinarily does not, carry a spare.

10. *Guarantees*

(1) Any mileage or time guarantee heretofore or hereafter given with respect to any tire or tube shall be deemed to be a guarantee for not more than ninety (90) days and shall be limited to any defect in materials and/or workmanship, and notwithstanding any guarantee which may have been given heretofore on any tire or tube, no tire or tube shall be replaced under such guarantee unless:

(*a*) The fault or defect therein has been brought to the attention of the guarantor within ninety (90) days after the date of delivery of the tire or tube, and

(*b*) Its condition is such that it cannot be repaired or reconditioned for safe use at the speeds at which the vehicle may reasonably be expected to be operated, and

(*c*) The defective tire is returned to such guarantor, and

(*d*) The guarantor has received a permit from a Tire Rationing Officer or the Controller for replacement of such tire or tube.

(2) No person shall hereafter, when selling or supplying any new, used, retreaded or repaired tire or tube or any retreading services, give any mileage guarantee or guarantee such tire or tube for a greater period of time than ninety (90) days after delivery or give any such guarantee in respect of any matter or thing other than any defect in materials and/or workmanship, and no tire or tube shall be replaced under any guarantee unless its condition is such that it cannot be repaired and unless the defective tire or tube is returned to the guarantor.

11. *Tires and Tubes Not to be Used on New or Converted Vehicles or Equipment*

No person shall, without a permit in writing from the Controller, mount or put into use any new, retreaded or used tire or any new or used tube, on any new vehicle or new equipment or on any vehicle or equipment converted after December 31st, 1941, or hereafter converted so as to require a tire or tube.

12. *No Application to Sales of Vehicles or Equipment*

Nothing in this Order shall extend to or affect the sale of any tire or tube sold along with and on a running wheel or the spare rim forming part of a vehicle or equipment, which is to be continued in the services for which such vehicle or equipment was built.

13. *Unsafe Tires Must Not Be Sold For Use*

No person who has repaired a tire or tube or retreaded any tire shall sell or offer to sell any such tire or tube to an authorized dealer if he has reason to believe that such tire or tube would be unsafe for operation on a vehicle, and no person shall sell or offer to sell to a consumer except a scrap dealer, an organized salvage corps or Fairmont Company Limited, any tire or tube which has any broken, cut or repaired bead or any unrepaired carcass break, ply or tread separation, or any tire or tube which he has reason to believe would be unsafe for operation on a vehicle.

14. *Use and Sale of Camelback*

(1) No person shall use any camelback designated by the manufacturer thereof as suitable for retreading a tire intended for use on a truck for the purpose of retreading a tire intended for use on a passenger vehicle, except a passenger vehicle which is registered with the Transit Controller.

(2) No person shall sell camelback to any person other than a retreader, a manufacturer or a wholesaler.

15. *Destruction of Rubber Products Forbidden and Sale of Scrap Rubber Restricted*

(1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (3) of this Section, no person shall, except under permit in writing from the Controller or from Fairmont Company Limited, burn, destroy or cut up any tire or tube or any aeroplane or bicycle tire or tube or any other rubber products or scrap rubber including rubber boots, hose, scrap from retreading or from making repair materials, buffing scrap from retreading operations, retread scrap, fan belts, radiator hose, or other used or discarded rubber products or scrap rubber.

(2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (3) of this Section, no person shall sell any scrap rubber (including any tire or tube which is not, and cannot be made,

safe for operation on a vehicle) except to a scrap dealer or to an organized salvage corps or to Fairmont Company Limited unless under a permit in writing issued by the Controller or by Fairmont Company Limited.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this Section:

(*a*) An authorized dealer shall (subject to the conditions and limitations in Sections 3 and 8 of this Order) re-sell, repair and re-sell, or sell for repair and re-sale by another authorized dealer, any used tire or used tube received by him if it will be safe or can be made safe for operation on a vehicle, and shall after a period of 30 days, sell promptly any tire or tube which cannot be sold or repaired for sale for safe operation on a vehicle to a scrap dealer or any organized salvage corps or Fairmont Company Limited, and

(*b*) A scrap dealer may purchase any used tire or tube which cannot be repaired or sold for safe operation on a vehicle and may (subject to any Order heretofore made by the Used Goods Administrator of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board) cut up and use such tire or tube to make repair materials for another tire of tube but tread peel obtained from a used tire shall not be applied by a scrap dealer or any other person to another carcass, and every scrap dealer shall sell promptly all scrap rubber (including any tread peel, resulting from the operation of making repair materials, and any scrap tire or tube not used to make repair materials) to another scrap dealer or to Fairmont Company Limited and to no other person. Any scrap dealer who receives any tire or tube which can be repaired or sold for safe operation on a vehicle shall promptly sell such tire or tube to an authorized dealer, and

(*c*) A rubber manufacturer may sell scrap rubber resulting directly from manufacturing processes to another rubber manufacturer or to a scrap dealer or to Fairmont Company Limited, but to no other person except under a permit in writing from the Controller or Fairmont Company Limited, and a scrap dealer may re-sell any such scrap rubber resulting directly from manufacturing processes to a rubber manufacturer or to Fairmont Company Limited but to no other person, except under permit from the Controller or from Fairmont Company Limited, and

(*d*) A reclaim or rubber manufacturer may purchase scrap rubber from Fairmont Company Limited, but such scrap rubber and scrap rubber purchased from another rubber manufacturer, may only be used for the purpose of making reclaim, crumb or springs and for no other purpose.

16. *Records, Reports and Presumptions*

(1) Each authorized dealer shall keep on file one copy of each Tire Ration Permit filed with him, and each Replenishment Permit received by him and not delivered to a supplier, and shall keep a record showing the size of each tire and each tube received by him and of each tire and tube disposed of by him (whether as scrap or otherwise) together with the dates of each such receipt and disposition, the price paid or charged therefor, and the name of the person from whom each tire and each tube was received and to whom they were disposed of, and each authorized dealer shall produce and show the Controller or his representative on request all such documents and such record.

(2) On or before August 16th, 1943, each authorized dealer shall file with the nearest Tire Rationing Officer in the Province in which the tires and tubes hereinafter mentioned in this section are located, a statement in writing signed by him and giving, for the information of the Controller, the following particulars of his stock on hand (including any such stock which is on consignment) at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the effective date of this Order:—

(*a*) the number of new tires by size, ply and type (namely whether passenger or truck); and
(*b*) the number of new tubes by size and type; and
(*c*) the number of retreaded tires by size and type; and
(*d*) the total number of used tires, showing separately those which are repairable for safe operation and those which are not so repairable; and
(*e*) the total number of used tubes, showing separately those which are repairable for safe operation and those which are not so repairable; and

(*f*) the total number of pounds of unused camelback.

Each authorized dealer shall keep on file a copy of the said statement.

(3) If at any time after the effective date of this Order

(*a*) the number of new tires in the possession of an authorized dealer (other than a manufacturer or wholesaler) together with

(*b*) the number of new tires disposed of by him on and after the effective date of this Order as evidenced by the record referred to in sub-section (1) of this Section,

is less than

(*c*) the number of new tires shown on the statement filed by him in accordance with subsection (2) of this Section together with

(*d*) the number of new tires received by him on and after the effective date of this Order as shown by such record,

the shortage shall be prima facie evidence that he has, in breach of this Order sold new tires to consumers without the receipt of Tire Ration Permits or to authorized dealers (other than manufacturers or wholesalers) without the receipt of Replenishment Permits.

(4) Every authorized dealer shall deliver to the Rubber Controller, Department of Munitions and Supply, Ottawa, immediately after any theft or other unauthorized removal of any tire or tube which was in the possession or under the control of such authorized dealer, a statement in writing signed by him giving as fully as possible the facts and circumstances relating to such theft or other unauthorized removal and stating whether or not a report of such theft or unauthorized removal has been made to a police official.

(5) Where in any proceedings for a violation or controvention of subsection (1) of Section 3 of this Order it is proved on behalf of the prosecution that the accused has not on file available for examination records of sales and purchases of tires and tubes and copies of completed Tire Ration Permits or Replenishment Permits signed by the Controller or a Tire Rationing Officer, such evidence shall be prima facie evidence that the accused is not an authorized dealer.

(6) Where in any proceeding for a violation or contravention of this Order it is proved on behalf of the prosecution that the accused has on file available for examination any records of sales and purchases of tires and tubes and any copies of completed Tire Ration Permits or Replenishment Permits signed by the Controller or a Tire Rationing Officer, such evidence shall be prima facie evidence that the accused is an authorized dealer.

17. *Maximum Prices for Used Tires and Tubes and Retreaded Tires and Repairing and Retreading Services*

Notwithstanding the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations, without a permit in writing issued by the Controller,

(*a*) no person shall sell or offer for sale to a consumer and no consumer shall purchase or offer to purchase any used tire or used tube at a price higher than the price shown in Table I and II respectively of Schedule "A" hereto which price shall include all repairs, and

(*b*) no person shall sell or offer for sale to a consumer and no consumer shall purchase or offer to purchase any retreaded tire or retreading services at a price higher than the price shown in Table III of Schedule "A" hereto, and

(*c*) no person shall charge and no person shall pay a price for making a vulcanized standard section repair or a vulcanized spot repair higher than the price shown in Table IV of Schedule "A" hereto.

18. *Purchases of Bicycle Tires and Tubes*

On and after the effective date of this Order, except with a permit in writing from the Controller, no person shall sell to a consumer and no consumer shall purchase any bicycle tire or tube,

(i) unless any such bicycle tire or tube is required and will be used by such consumer at once to replace on the running wheel of such bicycle a tire or tube which is no longer serviceable, and

(ii) unless, including such purchase, such consumer will not have more than two tires and two tubes for such bicycle and such consumer so states to such person.

19. *Permits*

The provisions of this Order shall be subject to any Permit or Order issued by the Controller to meet exceptional circumstances.

20. *Purchases by Department of Munitions and Supply*

Nothing in this Order shall apply to or affect any sale or delivery of a tire, tube or retreading services by a tire or tube manufacturer or retreader on any Purchase Order from the Department of Munitions and Supply.

21. *Authorized Dealers Must Have Order Available*

Every authorized dealer shall have and keep and make available for inspection by any person, a copy of this Order including the Schedule hereto.

22. *Effective Date of Order*

This Order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN
Chairman, The Wartime Industries Control Board.

Concurred in by The Wartime Prices and Trade Board:
D. GORDON,
Chairman.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ORDER No. RUBBER 4

NOTE: As set forth in the Order, it must be understood that,

(1) Unsafe tires must not be sold for operation on a vehicle (see Section 13 of the Order);

(2) All prices listed in Tables I and II below include all repairs and no extra charge may be made for any repairs on the sale of a used tire or tube.

TABLE I.—MAXIMUM CONSUMER PRICES FOR USED TIRES

ALL PRICES IN THIS TABLE ARE BASED ON THE PERCENTAGE OF TREAD DESIGN THICKNESS WHICH REMAINS ON THE USED TIRE

4 and 6 Ply Passenger Car Sizes

Group and Cross Section	50% or Over of Tread Design Thickness Remaining	Less Than 50% of Tread Design Thickness Remaining but not Smooth	Smooth or Regrooved
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
30 x 3½	5.00	3.35	2.00
400/18–19	6.00	4.00	2.40
440–450/21	6.95	4.65	2.80
450/16–17–18	6.25	4.15	2.50
475/16–17–18	6.75	4.50	2.70
475–500/19	7.35	4.90	2.95
450–475–500/20	7.60	5.10	3.05
500/16	7.30	4.90	2.90
525/16	8.45	5.65	3.40
525–550/17–18–19–20–21	9.65	6.45	3.85
550–575/16	9.55	6.35	3.80
600/16	10.80	7.20	4.30
600–650/17–18–19–20–21	11.00	7.35	4.40
625/16 (Single Size)	12.10	8.05	4.80
625–650/16	12.50	8.50	5.00
650/15–16 (Single Sizes)	13.10	8.75	5.25
700/15–16–17–18–19–20	14.20	9.50	5.75
750/16–17	23.45	15.65	9.40

Bus and Truck Sizes

—	50% or Over of Tread Design Thickness Remaining	Less Than 50% of Tread Design Thickness Remaining but not Smooth	Smooth or Regrooved
Single Sizes			
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
600/16-17—6-ply	14.20	9.45	5.65
600/20—6-ply	14.65	9.75	5.85
650/16-17—6-ply	17.50	11.65	7.00
650/20—6-ply	18.95	12.60	7.60
700/15-16-17—6-ply	19.50	13.00	7.80
700/17—8-ply	22.35	14.90	8.95
700/20—8-ply	24.50	16.35	9.80
750/16—6-ply	24.00	16.00	9.60
750/16-17-18-20—8-ply	27.50	18.35	11.00
750/24—8-ply	31.90	21.25	12.75
825/18-20-22—10-ply	39.95	26.60	16.00
825/20—12-ply	43.55	29.05	17.45
900/18-20-22-24—10-ply	52.00	34.65	20.80
975-1000/18-20-22—12-ply	64.60	43.05	25.85
1050-1100/20-22-24—12-ply	78.50	52.30	31.40
1200/18-20-22-24—14-ply	107.65	71.75	43.05
14·00—16-ply	173.05	115.35	69.20
14·00—20-ply	209.45	139.65	83.80
Combination Sizes and Single Sizes			
600-20/30 x 5—8-ply. 30 x 5—8-ply	17.55	11.70	7.00
650-20/32 x 6—8-ply. 32 x 6—8-ply	22.75	15.15	9.10
700-20/32 x 6—10-ply	27.45	18.30	11.00
32 x 6—12-ply	30.20	20.15	12.10
700-24/36 x 6—10-ply	31.25	20.85	12.50
750-18/32 x 7—10-ply	32.80	21.85	13.10
750-20/34 x 7—10-ply	34.00	22.65	13.60
34 x 7—12-ply	37.40	24.95	14.95
750-24/38 x 7—10-ply	38.25	25.50	15.30
900-20/36 x 8—12-ply	58.85	39.25	23.55
36 x 8—14-ply	64.75	43.15	25.90
900-24/40 x 8—12-ply	66.35	44.25	26.55
900-24—10-ply	59.75	39.85	23.90
1000-20/38 x 9—14-ply	70.25	46.80	28.10
1200-24—8-ply	61.65	41.10	24.65
1300-24—8-ply	77.10	51.40	30.85
SS Sizes			
SSA 10— 6-ply	14.85	9.90	5.95
SS 11— 6-ply	12.60	8.40	5.00
SSA 13— 6-ply	17.10	11.40	6.80
SS 17— 8-ply	20.00	13.35	8.00
SS 19— 8-ply	26.35	17.60	10.55
SS 22—10-ply	34.75	23.20	13.90
SS 28—10-ply	43.25	28.85	17.30
SS 30—10-ply	55.25	36.85	22.10
SS 34—10-ply	56.15	37.45	22.45
SS 40—12-ply	73.50	49.00	29.40
SS 42—12-ply	77.40	51.60	31.00

In the case of a size of tire not included in this table (No. I) the maximum consumer price shall be 50% of the price of such a tire when new as shown in the retail price list published by the manufacturer and in effect during the basic period (15 September-11 October 1941) and shall include the cost of all repairs.

TABLE II—Maximum Consumer Prices for Used Tubes

Passenger Car Sizes

Group and Cross Section	Used Tube	Group and Cross Section	Used Tube
	$ cts.		$ cts.
30 x 3½	0.60	C–17 (5·25, 5·50, 6·00–17 6·50–17)	1.45
A–16 (4·50–16 4·75–16)	0.95	C–18–19 (5·50, 6·00, 6·50–18 5·25, 5·50, 6·00–19 6·50–19)	1.55
A–17 (4·50–17 4·75–17)	0.95	C–20–21 (5·25, 5·50, 6·00–20 6·50–20 6·00, 6·50–21)	1.80
A–20–21 (4·50, 4·75, 5·00–20 4·40, 4·50, 4·75–21)	1.10	D–15 (6·50–15 7·00–15)	1.75
B–16 (5·00–16 5·25–16)	1.15	D–16 (6·50–16 7·00–16)	1.80
B–17–18 (5·00–17 4·75, 5·25–18)	1.25	D–17—7·00–17	1.85
B–19 (4·75–19 5·00–19)	1.30	D–18—7·00–18	2.00
B–21–22 (5·00–21 5·00–22 5·25–21)	1.45	D–19—7·00–19	2.00
C–16 (5·50–16 5·75–16)	1.35	D–20–21 (7·00–20 7·00–21)	2.15
CD–16 (6·00–16 6·25–16)	1.45	7·50–16	2.55
		7·50–17	2.60

Bus and Truck Sizes

Size or Group	
	$ cts.
6·00–16	1.55
6·00–17	1.65
6·50–16	1.90
6·50–17	1.65
6·50–20	2.35
7·00–15	1.85
7·00–16	1.90
7·50–16	2.75
8·25–18	4.15
8·25–20	4.25
8·25–22	4.50
9·00–18	4.80
9·00–22	5.10
9·00–24	5.35
BT–20 (7·00–20, 7·00–20/32 x 6, SD–19)	2.65
CT–20 (6·00–20, 6·00–20/30 x 5)	1.95
DT–17 (7·00–17, 7·50–17)	2.00
ET–18 (7·50–18)	3.50
ET–20 (7·50–20, 7·50–20/34 x 7, SD–22)	3.70
ET–24 (7·50–24, 7·50–24/38 x 7)	4.00
KT–20 (9·00–20, 9·00–20/36 x 8, SD–34)	4.85
KT–24 or FT–24 (9·00–24, 9·00–24/40 x 8)	5.35
LT–18 (9·75/10·00–18)	5.15
LT–20 (9·75/10·00–20, 10·00–20/38 x 9, SD–40)	5.30
LT–22 (9·75/10·00–22, SD–42)	5.40
MT–20 (10·50/11·00–20)	6.00
MT–22 (10·50/11·00–22)	6.70
MT–24 (10·50/11·00–24/44 x 10)	7.45
OT–18 (11·25/12·00–18)	7.90
OT–20 (11·25/12·00–20)	8.35
OT–22 (11·25/12·00–22)	8.80
OT–24 (11·25/12·00–24)	9.30
ST–24 (13·50/14·00–24)	14.65

In the case of a size of tube not included in this table (No. II) or in the case of a special purpose type tube of stronger construction including the following makes, Dominion Royal Master, Firestone Life Protector, Goodrich Sealomatic and Goodyear Life Guard, the maximum price shall be fifty per cent (50%) of the price of such a tube when new as shown in the retail price list published by the manufacturer and in effect during the basic period (15th September-11th October, 1941) and shall include the cost of all necessary repairs.

TABLE III—Maximum Consumer Prices for Retreading Services and Retreaded Tires

RETREADING SERVICES

1. Where the worn tire is supplied by the consumer, the maximum consumer prices for retreading services shall be the following prices unless any repairs are necessary to such tire. If any repairs are necessary, half the price for one repair of such tire, as shown on Table IV of this Schedule, may be added to the maximum price, but such addition shall cover the cost of all further repairs.

RETREADED TIRES

2. Where the worn tire is supplied by the retreader or authorized dealer, the maximum consumer prices shall be the following prices plus in each case the maximum price as shown in Column 3 of Table I of this Schedule for a smooth or regrooved tire of the same size and shall include the cost of all repairs and also federal excise and sales taxes.

Size	Retreading Services	Size	Retreading Services
PASSENGER TIRES			$ cts.
4·50/20–21 4·75/19–20 5·00/19–20	$ cts. 6.45	36 x 6	20.75
5·25 x 17 5·25/18–19 5·50/16–17–18	8.15	7·00–20 7·00–20/32 x 6 H.D.	18.00
5·25/20–21 5·50/19–20 6·00 x 16	9.00	7·50–20. 7·50–20/34 x 7	23.25
6·00 x 17 6·25 x 16 6·50/16–17	10.15	9·00–20 9·00–20/36 x 8	37.00
6·00/18–19 6·50/18–19 6·00/20–21 6·50 x 20	10.85	9·75–20 10·00–20/38 x 9	50.00
7·00/15–16–17–18–19–20	11.85	40 x 8	47.00
7·50 x 15	13.95	TRUCK AND BUS BALLOON	
7·50/16–17–18–19	17.00	6·00–16 6·00–17	10.25
TRUCK AND BUS COMBINATION TIRES		6·50–16	12.50
6·00–20 6·00–20/30 x 5.	11.50	7·00–15 7·00–16 7·00–17	14.25
6·50–20 6·50–20/32 x 6 T.T.	14.75	7·50–16–17–18	18.50
		8·25–18–20–22	28.25
		9·00–18	34.50
		9·00–22	39.50
		9·75–22	48.75
		10·00–22	51.50
		10·50–20–22; 11·00–20	57.00

Size	Retreading Services	Size	Retreading Services
EARTH MOVER SIZES		FARM TRACTOR SIZES	
	$ cts.		$ cts.
1125/20—1200/20	69.00	500/15	6.65
1300/20—1275/20	75.00	550/16	8.15
1350/20—1400/20	83.00	600/16	10.25
1350/24	105.00	600/20	11.50
1500/20—1600/20	173.00	600/22	13.00
1800/24	234.00	750/10	18.00
2100/24	330.00	750/16	19.25
		750/18	20.50
		750/20	23.25
		700/24—8 x 24	25.00
ROAD BUILDER AND GRADER SIZES		750/24—8 x 32	28.00
		900/24—9 x 24	39.50
600/20	14.00	900/36	44.00
700/20	22.00	900/40	53.00
700/24	26.00	1000/36	55.00
825/20	33.00	1000/40	66.00
900/24—40 x 8	49.00	1125/24—10 x 28	45.50
1050/20—1100/20	61.00	1125/28—11 x 28	59.50
1050/24—1100/24	67.00	1125/36	71.00
1125/20—1200/20	69.00	1125/40	77.00
1125/24—1200/24	75.00	1275/24	55.00
1275/24—1300/24	81.00	1275/28	61.00
		1275/32	70.00
		1350/24	65.00
		1350/28	68.35
		1350/32	75.00

The maximum price which an authorized dealer shall pay to a retreader for retreading services shall be the maximum consumer price set out above less 20 per cent discount.

Table IV—Maximum Consumer Prices for Repairs to Tires

The maximum consumer prices for one standard section repair built in and vulcanized and for any vulcanized spot repair to the sizes of tires set out below shall be as follows:—

Tire Sizes	Vulcanized Standard Section Repair		Vulcanized Spot Repair
	4-ply	6-ply	
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Passenger Car—			
440/19-20-21	2.50	3.00	1.00
450/20-21	2.50	3.00	1.00
475/19-20-21	2.50	3.00	1.00
500/19-20-21	3.00	3.50	1.25
525/17-18-19-20-21	3.00	3.50	1.25
550/17-18-19-20	3.00	3.50	1.25
600/16-17-18-20-21	4.00	4.50	1.50
650/16-17-18-19-20	4.00	4.50	1.50
700/16-17-18-19-20	5.00	5.50	1.50
750/16-17	5.50	6.50	1.50
Truck Type Balloon—			
600/16-17		6.00	2.00
650/16-17		6.50	2.00
700/15-16-17		7.50	2.00
750/16		8.00	2.00
750/17		9.00	2.50
600/20—30 x 5 650/20—32 x 6 TT		6.50	2.00
700/20—32 x 6 HD		8.50	2.50
750/20—34 x 7		10.50	3.00
825/20		12.00	4.00
900/20		14.00	4.00
975-1000		17.50	5.00
1050-1100		20.00	5.00
High Pressure Truck—			
5"		6.50	2.50
6"		8.50	3.00
7"		10.50	3.75
8"		14.00	4.00

Where more than one repair is made to the same tire the maximum consumer price for such further repair shall not exceed one-half of the price set out above for each such additional repair made.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TIMBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Timber 4-B

(Orders T.C. 4, T.C. 4A and part of T.C. 1 rescinded)

Dated July 19, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 2716 of June 24, 1940, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board and the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board:

It Is Hereby Ordered as Follows:

1. *Orders Nos. T.C. 4 and T.C. 4-A and Section 3(7) of Order No. T.C. 1 Rescinded.*

The Timber Controller's Orders No. T.C. 4, dated September 8, 1941, and No. T.C. 4-A dated September 30, 1942, and subsection (7) of Section 3 of the Timber Controller's Order No. T.C. 1, dated June 19, 1941, are hereby rescinded.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Controller.

Approved:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

Concurred in:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

159

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

PAGE

5787—Fruits, tobacco, etc., export prohibited except under permit (Trade and Commerce).... 163
5864—Use of prisoners of war as resident labourers on farms, etc. (Labour)..................... 164
5899—Jute and jute products, import prohibited except under permit (Finance)............ 164
5931—Members of the Military Forces of Canada—use re farm work (National Defence).... 165

PART II

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

National Revenue—

W.M. No. 39—Fifth Revision Supplement No. 20—Dried, salted or pickled salt water fish 167
W.M. No. 96—Customs duties and taxes re munitions and supplies of war................. 167
Series D No. 47 T.C. 130—Petroleum.. 176

PART III

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

(Finance)

Board Orders—

No. 291—Diamonds.. 177
No. 292—Prices of footwear leather.. 177
No. 293—Leather purchases by footwear manufacturers and selling prices of footwear... 178

Administrators' Orders

A-804—Manufacturers' and wholesalers' prices for certain lumber in P.E.I., N.S. and N.B. 179
A-810—Farm machinery and equipment.. 182
A-811—Diamonds and diamond mounted jewellery.................................... 195
A-816—Packing of certain food products in glass containers...................... 203
A-817—Bottling of alcoholic beverages... 203
A-818—Price adjustment of food products in new size glass containers............ 204
A-819—Farm machinery and equipment and parts therefor........................... 208
A-821—Wholesale deliveries and the use of automotive vehicles................... 208
A-822—Rooming accommodation in Windsor, N.S...................................... 209
A-824—Maximum consumers' prices for pulpwood in N.B.............................. 209
A-825—Maximum prices of shelled and unshelled peanuts............................ 210
A-826—Restaurant or vitrified ware.. 212
A-827—Stoneware.. 216
A-828—Pottery ware... 218
A-829—Semi-porcelain pottery ware.. 218

PART IV

WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD

(Munitions and Supply)

Metals Controller—

Order No. M.C. 4A—Tinplate... 221
Order No. M.C. 44A—Aluminum.. 225

Motor Vehicle Controller—

Order No. M.V.C. 26—Manufacturer of automotive parts containing copper............ 226

Oil Controller—

Order No. 004C—amending Order No. 004B... 229

Priorities Officer—

Order No. P.O. 2D—Production Requirements Plan rescinded......................... 229

Steel Controller——

Order No. S.C. 28—Steel in mill form U.S. order approval system.................. 230
Order No. S.C. 29—New flat steel strapping....................................... 232
Order No. S.C. 30—Sale of certain forms of steel by steel producers to persons outside Canada.. 233

Timber Controller—

Order No. Timber 20—Pulpwood for export.. 234

PART V

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH

(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Order No. 74—Tobacco and tobacco manufactures........................ 236

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council prohibiting exportation of fruits, tobacco, etc., except under permit

P.C. 5787

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 20th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas, by Order in Council of October 4, 1941, P.C. 7674, the exportation from Canada of certain articles is prohibited, except under permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce;

And whereas the Wartime Prices and Trade Board has advised that, because of short fruit and tobacco crops in Canada this year, it is desirable, in order to conserve supplies necessary for Canadian requirements, that the exportation of tree fruits and tobacco be similarly prohibited, except under permit;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the power conferred by Section 290 of the Customs Act (Section 10, Chapter 24 of the Statutes of 1937) and by the War Measures Act (Chapter 206 Revised Statutes of Canada 1927) is pleased to order as follows:—

1. The exportation of the following commodities is hereby prohibited, except under permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce:

Group 1—Agricultural and Vegetable Products

Apples, peaches, pears and plums, fresh.
Tree fruits, n.o.p., fresh.
Tobacco, leaf.
Tobacco, cut.
Cigars, cigarettes, snuff, and manufactured tobacco, n.o.p.

2. Schedule one of the said Order in Council (P.C. 7674 of October 4, 1941) is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the above commodities.

3. This Order shall come into force and have effect on and after the 26th day of July, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing use of prisoners of war as resident labourers on farms, etc.

P.C. 5864

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

SATURDAY, the 24th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 2326 of May 10, 1943, provides that prisoners of war may be assigned to essential employment in Canada upon transfer to labour camps for such purpose;

And whereas the Director of Labour Projects (Prisoners of War), now reports that there is a substantial demand for prisoner of war labour, and in particular by farmers who desire that such prisoners of war should reside on the premises of the employer rather than in a labour camp or hostel, on account of the expense, inconvenience and working time lost in the process of taking prisoners of war from such labour camps to the place of employment and return daily;

And whereas such arrangement appears advisable in order to provide necessary labour and to obtain an efficient use of the same;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour (concurred in by the Secretary of State for External Affairs and the Minister of National Defence), is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize the Minister of Labour and the Minister of National Defence, respectively, as may be appropriate (notwithstanding the provisions of said P.C. 2326) to make necessary arrangements for the use of prisoners of war in farm work or other suitable employment without transfer to labour camps and to place prisoners of war either singly or in groups with and to reside upon the premises provided by the persons employing the services of such prisoners of war.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council prohibiting import of jute and jute products except under permit.

P.C. 5899

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 23rd day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that there has been violent fluctuations in Calcutta jute prices as a result of uncoordinated buying by private interests;

That this uncoordinated buying has served to complicate shipping space allocations;

That the United States and United Kingdom jute controls have requested the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. to participate with them in Governmental purchasing of jute and jute products; and

That the Wartime Prices and Trade Board advises that it will be necessary in connection with bulk purchasing of jute and jute products to place the importation into Canada of these goods under permit;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order that the importation of goods into Canada enumerated in the following Tariff Items be and it is hereby prohibited except under a permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of National Revenue:

Tariff Item	*Description*
537c	Rovings, yarns and warps wholly of vegetable fibres other than cotton, not to include materials for sewing, stitching or packaging purposes, imported by manufacturers for use exclusively in their own factories for insulating wire or for weaving or braiding.
537d	Rovings, yarns and warps wholly of jute, not more advanced than singles, n.op., not to contain silk, artificial silk nor wool.
537e	Rovings, yarns and warps wholly of jute, including yarn twist, cords and twines generally used for packaging and other purposes, n.o.p.
541	Woven fabrics, wholly of jute, not bleached nor coloured, n.o.p.
541a	Woven fabrics, wholly of jute, n.o.p.
541b	Woven or braided fabrics, wholly of jute, not exceeding twelve inches in width.
541c	Woven fabrics of vegetable fibres, coated or impregnated, imported for use exclusively as "brattice cloth" in underground mining operations.
ex 547	Bags of jute, except used or second-hand jute bags.

Provided however, that an import permit shall not be required in connection with importations of the aforementioned goods by the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. or any other Canadian Government Department, Agency, or Corporation, or any Agent acting for such Department, Agency or Corporation.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing use of members of the Military Forces of Canada in farming operations

P.C. 5931

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

SATURDAY, the 24th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of National Defence reports that it is desirable to have authority for the adoption of additional measures which may be useful in making available such members of the Military Forces of Canada as might be spared from their Military duties for limited periods to assist in farming operations in cases where exigencies of the service permit;

That work of this character which is required to be performed by members of the Military Forces of Canada should be deemed to be military service or duty for the purposes of the Regulations made pursuant to The National Resources Mobilization Act 1940 and the War Measures Act;

That the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada render it expedient that members of the Military Forces of Canada who are ordered to perform work of this character should, if they disobey an order of their superior officer to perform such work, be guilty of an offence under Section 9 of the Army Act and punishable accordingly;

That in the event that any member of the Military Forces of Canada is killed or injured while engaged in such work, the provisions of the Pension Act, Chapter 157, R.S.C. 1927 as amended, should apply in respect of him and his dependents in like manner and to the same extent as if the death or injury arose out of or was directly connected with military service as that expression is defined in said Act; and

That the Minister of National Defence and the Minister of Labour should be authorized to make the necessary financial arrangements in connection with such employment of the Military Forces;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence, and pursuant to the provisions of The National Resources Mobilization Act 1940, and the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:

1. All members of the Active Units and Formations of the Military Forces of Canada including persons who pursuant to the provisions of The National Resources Mobilization Act are attached thereto or are serving therewith may, on the order of the appropriate military authorities, be required to perform services and duties relating or in any way pertaining to the development, operation and maintenance of ranches, farms and gardens and the stock, buildings and equipment thereof.

2. All orders given or issued by the appropriate military authorities pursuant to the provisions of this Order shall be deemed to be lawful orders given by a superior officer, disobedience of which shall constitute an offence under Section 9 of the Army Act and said Section shall, as a part of the law of Canada, be construed accordingly.

3. All members of the Military Forces of Canada performing services or duties relating or in any way pertaining to the development, operation or maintenance of ranches, farms or gardens and the stock and equipment thereof, pursuant to the provisions of this Order shall for the purposes of the Pension Act, The National Resources Mobilization Act, the Militia Act, the War Measures Act and all Regulations and Orders made thereunder, be deemed to be performing military training, service and duty as prescribed therein.

4. The Minister of National Defence and the Minister of Labour are hereby authorized and directed to make all necessary financial arrangements relating to the employment of members of the Military Forces of Canada on ranches, farms or in gardens pursuant to the provisions of this Order including the charges to be made therefor and the disposal of the funds realized thereby. Each member of the Military Forces of Canada, while performing such services or duties as are mentioned in this Order, shall continue to receive his military pay and allowances, including Dependents' Allowance. Upon the termination of such services or duties, if the amount of the charges so arranged by the Ministers of National Defence and Labour as being payable in respect of his performing such services or duties exceeds the amount of the aforesaid military pay and allowances, the amount of such excess shall be payable to such member.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 39

Fifth Revision

Supplement No. 20

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 21st July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permit Regulations— Dried, Salted, or Pickled Salt Water Fish

Referring again to Supplement No. 17 in connection with blanket permits identified by the letters "FS" issued to a number of selected Canadian exporters for dried, salted or pickled salt water fish to destinations indicated therein, in view of the more strict controls which are being imposed under the International Convention with regard to salt water fish, it becomes necessary that shipments made under export permits be matched against the import permits issued by the country of destination to cover each importation.

It will therefore be necessary for holders of blanket permits, identified by the letters "FS", to endorse on their export entry form B13-B the number of the United States import permit held by the American buyer or agent importing the fish, as well as the shipper's export permit number. This requirement will cover all fish passing to the Continental United States whether for United States consumption or in bond.

Since pickled fish in barrels is not under International Control, but only under Canadian allocation, it is unnecessary for a United States import permit number to appear on the export entry form B-13 covering pickled mackerel, pickled herring, pickled alewives and smoked herring.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 96

MEMORANDUM

(Customs and Excise Divisions)

Ottawa, June 14, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Herein are printed Order in Council (P.C. 1/3233), dated April 19, 1943, as amended by Order in Council (P.C. 4616), dated June 7, 1943, passed under authority of the War Measures Act, and the regulations prescribed thereunder by the Minister of National Revenue and the Minister of Munitions and Supply, respecting munitions and supplies of war, and articles and materials and permanent and non-permanent plant equipment for the manufacture thereof.

The said Orders in Council are effective on and after April 1, 1943.

It will be noted that Order in Council (P.C. 1/3233) rescinds Orders in Council (P.C. 79/2980), (P.C. 85/2105) and (P.C. 1/8255), which had provided for duty free entry and exemption from taxes of the goods mentioned above under certain conditions, and that the said Order provides that all such goods, previously exempted under the said three Orders in Council, shall on and after April 1, 1943, be subject to any duty or tax ordinarily payable thereon under the Customs Tariff and the Special War Revenue Act.

D. SIM,
Commissioner of Excise.
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Order in Council (P.C. 1/3233), dated April 19, 1943, as amended by Order in Council (P.C. 4616), dated June 7, 1943.

National Revenue

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of National Revenue reporting that:

"Whereas, the Canadian Government is acquiring from the United Kingdom Government ownership of its capital investments in Canada (plant and equipment) for the production of munitions and supplies of war; and

Whereas, the said plant and equipment, and materials therefor, have been imported, or purchased in Canada, free of Customs duties and exempt from taxes, under Tariff Item 708, or under Orders in Council (P.C. 79/2980), (P.C. 1/8255), (P.C. 53/8097), (P.C. 85/2105), or other Orders in Council which have been cancelled and superseded; and

Whereas, goods imported, or purchased in Canada, for Canadian Government account are subject to full duties and taxes as provided for in the Customs Tariff and the Special War Revenue Act; and

Whereas, under the Mutual Aid proposal of the Canadian Government, munitions and supplies of war will in some cases be supplied and in other cases sold to the United Kingdom Government and Governments of Allied Nations;

Now Therefore, the undersigned, the Minister of National Revenue, with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance and the Minister of Munitions and Supply, has the honour to recommend that, under authority of Section 3 of the *War Measures Act,* it be ordered as follows:

(1) That Order in Council (P.C. 79/2980) be rescinded as at midnight of March 31, 1943, without prejudice to the right of contractors or the United Kingdom Government to obtain, under the provisions thereof, refunds of duties and/or taxes paid, prior to April 1, 1943, on goods imported, or on deliveries made by Canadian suppliers before that date;

(2) That Order in Council (P.C. 85/2105) be rescinded as at midnight of March 31, 1943, without prejudice to the right of importers or Canadian suppliers or the Inspection Board of United Kingdom and Canada to obtain, under the provisions thereof, refunds of duties and/or taxes paid, prior to April 1, 1943, on goods imported, or on deliveries made by Canadian suppliers before that date;

(3) That Order in Council (P.C. 1/8255) be rescinded as at midnight of March 31, 1943, without prejudice to the right of contractors, sub-contractors, suppliers or Governments concerned to obtain, under the provisions thereof, refunds or drawbacks of duties and/or taxes paid, prior to April 1, 1943, on goods imported, or on deliveries made by Canadian suppliers before that date;

(4) That Customs duties and/or taxes shall not be collected on inventories of muntions and supplies of war, materials and component parts including 'work in process', non-permanent plant equipment, repair or maintenance parts for plant equipment, articles and materials actually consumed in the process of manufacture, and factory expense items, which were imported and

entered at Customs for home consumption, or purchased in Canada and delivery thereof taken, prior to April 1, 1943, by 'agents' of the Minister of Munitions and Supply duly appointed as such under Order in Council (P.C. 1/8255); provided, however, that a former 'agent' may at any time elect to bring his inventories to a duty and tax included basis subject to the approval of the Minister of National Revenue and the Minister of Munitions and Supply;

(5) That capital items of machinery and other plant equipment which are transferred to Canadian Government ownership and in respect of which Customs duties and/or taxes have not been paid, or if paid have been refunded prior to April 1, 1943, whether by virtue of Tariff Item 708, Order in Council (P.C. 1/8255), or any other Order of the Governor in Council, by reason of the said capital items having been purchased for the account of the United Kingdom Government or for the joint account of the United Kingdom and Canadian Governments, shall become subject, as of April 1, 1943, to duties and/or taxes provided in the Customs Tariff and the *Special War Revenue Act,* on values as appraised by the appropriate officers of Customs and Excise, but such appraisal and payment of the Customs duties and/or taxes by the Canadian Government shall be deferred until such time as payment is ordered by Treasury Board, and it is hereby ordered that until such order is given by Treasury Board and payment of the outstanding duties and/or taxes made to the Customs and Excise Divisions of the Department of National Revenue the ownership plaques on the said capital items of equipment, as at March 31, 1943, are not to be removed or disturbed;

(6) That munitions and supplies of war, materials and component parts, permanent and non-permanent plant equipment, repair or maintenance parts for plant equipment, articles and materials actually consumed in the process of manufacture, and factory expense items, for use in the production or manufacture of munitions and supplies of war, entered at Customs for consumption or delivered by Canadian suppliers on and after April 1, 1943, shall be subject to the usual provisions of the Customs Tariff and the Special War Revenue Act as to Customs duties and/or taxes, and the rates therein provided shall be levied and collected thereon;

(7) That inasmuch as all contracts placed by the Minister of Munitions and Supply on behalf of the United Kingdom Government and other Allied Governments will be taken over by the Minister of Munitions and Supply on behalf of the Canadian Government as of April 1, 1943, and all contractors will be required to pay Customs duties and/or taxes on goods entered at Customs for consumption or delivered by Canadian suppliers on and after April 1, 1943, for the completion of such contracts, the Minister of Munitions and Supply may adjust the said contracts, which had been negotiated on the basis of duty free entry and exemption from taxes, by increasing the contract prices to the extent of the duties and/or taxes paid by the contractor and for which he shall submit a claim in a form acceptable to the Minister of Munitions and Supply, who may, if he deems it advisable, request the Department of National Revenue to furnish to the Department of Munitions and Supply certificates as to the amounts of Customs duties and/or taxes properly payable to the contractor, after verification of his claim;

(8) That the Department of Munitions and Supply shall ensure that increases in contract prices are not paid to the contractor in respect of munitions or supplies of war manufactured or supplied from inventories on hand on or prior to April 1, 1943, on which Customs duties and/or taxes were not paid, and which remain on a duty free and tax exempt basis as in this Order provided;

(9) That in cases where munitions or supplies of war, delivered by contractors to the Canadian Government on and after April 1, 1943, are sold by the Canadian Government to the United Kingdom Government or to the United States Government or to the Government of any other Allied Nation, the Department of National Revenue shall pay to the Department of Munitions and Supply a drawback of the Customs duties and/or taxes paid by the contractor on materials and parts which entered into the manufacture of the munitions or supplies of war for which he has been paid by the Department of Munitions and Supply a price inclusive of such duties and/or taxes, and

the Minister of National Revenue is hereby granted authority to pay such drawback either by the standard method of procedure or by payment of a specific amount per unit or a percentage of the contract unit price, whichever he may deem expedient, to be determined by a study of the duty and tax elements in such munitions or supplies by categories, the purpose being to minimize the clerical and investigational work involved. for both contracting companies and Government officials, in connection with the preparation of drawback claims;

(10) That the Minister of National Revenue and the Minister of Munitions and Supply may prescribe such regulations as they may deem necessary for carrying out the provisions relating to their respective departments of any Order in Council based on this recommendation;

(11) That any Order in Council based on this recommendation shall be effective on and after April 1, 1943."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Orders in Council (P.C. 79/2980), (P.C. 85/2105) and (P.C. 1/8255) having been rescinded and superseded by P.C. 1/3233, as amended by P.C. 4616, effective April 1, 1943, the following regulations have been approved by the Minister of National Revenue and the Minister of Munitions and Supply:

General Regulations

RE: Imported Goods and Goods of Canadian Production.

(1) Refund or drawback under authority of Order in Council (P.C. 1/8255) may be paid by the Minister of National Revenue only on goods delivered to the Minister of Munitions and Supply or his former "agents" up to and including March 31, 1943.

(2) Claims for Customs duties and/or taxes may be paid by the Minister of Munitions and Supply or his former "agents" in respect of goods delivered on and after April 1, 1943, to him or them.

(3) Claims for refund of Customs duties and/or taxes in respect of goods delivered to the Minister of Munitions and Supply or his former "agents" prior to April 1, 1943, under contracts placed prior to that date on a Customs duty and/or tax excluded basis, will be made on Customs refund claim form K. 14, and submitted to the Collector of Customs and Excise at the Port of entry of the goods.

(i) The refund claim shall be accompanied by a certificate showing the contract number, and the total number of units delivered prior to April 1, 1943.

(4) Claims for Customs duties and/or taxes in respect of goods delivered to the Minister of Munitions and Supply on and after April 1, 1943, in the same condition as imported, under contracts placed prior to that date on a Customs duty and/or tax excluded basis, will be submitted on the contractor's invoice form (eight copies) to the Department of Munitions and Supply.

(i) Such invoices must contain complete information as to the contract number, the number of units covered thereby, the total number of units delivered on and after April 1, 1943, the number of units on which the claim is based, the description of the goods claimed on, the Port of entry, the Customs entry numbers and dates thereof, the amount of duty and taxes paid on the goods claimed on and any other pertinent information to establish the *bona fides* of the claim. The amount claimed must be broken down to show Customs duties and taxes as separate items.

(ii) The following certificate, signed by the claimant or an employee duly authorized by him, shall be given on the face of the invoice:

"Having full knowledge of the facts, I certify that no part of this claim has been included in any other claim previously made, and that the contract prices of the goods herein described and supplied under contract number ...... do not include any element of duties and taxes, in so far as it is practicable to ascertain."

....
Signature

....
Place and date Title or official designation

(5) Claims for drawback of Customs duties and/or taxes in respect of goods delivered to the Minister of Munitions and Supply or his former "agents" prior to April 1, 1943, under contracts placed prior to that date on a Customs duty and/or tax excluded basis, will be made on Customs drawback form K.38, and submitted to the Collector of Customs and Excise at the nearest Customs Port.

(6) Claims (which will constitute the basis on which settlement will be arrived at) for Customs duties and/or taxes in respect of articles or materials which are incorporated into, or form a constituent or component part of, goods delivered to the Minister of Munitions and Supply on and after April 1, 1943, under contracts placed prior to that date on a Customs duty and/or tax excluded basis, will be made on the form prescribed in Appendix "A" hereto, and submitted to the Department of Munitions and Supply.

(i) Such claims must contain complete information as to the period of manufacture, the contract number, the description of the goods covered by the contract, the number of units covered thereby, the total number of units manufactured during the period covered by the claim, the total amount of duties and taxes paid and claimed, and any other pertinent information to establish the *bona fides* of the claim. The amount claimed must be broken down to show Customs duties and taxes as separate items. Such claims will be in lieu of any other claims, and will be filed in quintuplicate with the Department of Munitions and Supply without supporting documents.

(ii) The following certificate as printed on the claim form shall be signed by the claimant or an employee duly authorized by him:

"Having full knowledge of the facts I certify that the amount of $.......... claimed herein represents only such portion of the duties and/or taxes paid on importations of goods, or purchases thereof from Canadian suppliers, actually and directly used or consumed in the process of manufacture of goods for the Minister of Munitions and Supply as covered by this claim, under contract number ....; that no part of this claim has been included in any other claim previously made; and that the contract prices of the goods supplied under the said contract do not include any element of duties and taxes, insofar as it is practicable to ascertain."

....
Signature

....
Place and date Title or official designation

(iii) Contractors must maintain and produce to Customs Drawback Investigators at their respective places of business such records as are ordinarily maintained and produced to such Investigators in connection with normal investigation of drawback claims, such as a list of import entry numbers, dates and ports of entry, a list of refund claim numbers and dates thereof, drawback form K.32A, specifications of manufacture, and inventories, in order that satisfactory evidence of manufacture of the goods in respect of which claim is made is available.

(iv) (*a*) All payments made on claims will be made to the manufacturer, producer or supplier (prime contractor) who has contracted for the goods with the Minister of Munitions and Supply;

(*b*) Claims will be filed with the Department of Munitions and Supply and if deemed advisable by the Minister of Munitions and Supply may be submitted to the Department of National Revenue for investigation and certification.

(7) Delivery means the date of delivery from the contractor's plant, as determined by the bill of lading, or other acceptable document, and not by the date of the invoice.

(8) No claim will be paid in respect of imported goods unless the Customs duties and/or taxes involved have been paid within three years of the date of certification as shown in the certificate of the claimant. In respect of goods produced in Canada no refund of taxes shall be paid unless the claim is submitted in writing, within two years from the date on which the refund first became payable.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

Customs Division—Re: Imported Goods

It is pointed out that Order in Council (P.C. 1/3233), as amended by Order in Council (P.C. 4616), does not rescind Orders in Council (P.C. 53/8097) and (P.C. 87/10460), which remain in full force and effect. Hence, as examples certain importations may still be entered at Customs as follows:

(*a*) Goods which at time of importation are, or are to become, the property of the United States Government or of the Government of any other Allied Nation and to so remain.. ....Under Order in Council (P.C. 53/8097).

(*b*) Goods the property of the United States Government, or the Government of any other Allied Nation, supplied to munitions manufacturers in Canada as a "free issue" for the purpose of incorporation in munitions or supplies of war for such Governments.................................Under Order in Council (P.C. 53/8097).

(*c*) Goods supplied by the United States Government to the United Kingdom or other Allied Government under Lease-Lend arrangements, either in the form of basic or fundamental Lease-Lend or against "CANSHIP" requisitions of the Department of Munitions and Supply.......................... Under Order in Council (P.C. 53/8097).

(*d*) Goods which at time of importation are, or are to become, the property of the United Kingdom Government, and to so remain, whether used in Canada or subsequently exported therefrom or supplied to munitions manufacturers in Canada as a "free issue" for the purpose of incorporation in munitions or supplies of war for the United Kingdom Government................... Under Order in Council (P.C. 53/8097).

(*e*) Materials or parts imported by or on behalf of Canadian manufacturers to be incorporated in goods manufactured in Canada for the United States Government or for the Government of any other Allied Nation except Canada, or for units of their armed forces, for war purposes, under contracts direct with such Governments, payment being made by the aforementioned Governments for the goods so manufactured and the goods to remain the property of such Governments..........................Subject to drawback of one hundred per cent of the duties and/or taxes paid upon the imported materials or parts so used, under Order in Council (P.C. 87/10460).

Excise Division—Re: Goods of Canadian Production

Manufacturers who were formerly "agents" under the provisions of Order in Council (P.C. 1/8255) will now quote their sales tax licence numbers and the usual certificate as in the case of other manufacturers when purchasing from Canadian suppliers or when importing goods which are to be incorporated into and form a constituent or component part of the taxable goods they are manufacturing, and materials consumed in the actual manufacturing operations. All other purchases are subject to sales tax and licence and certificate must not be used when purchasing or importing goods, including, but not limited to:

(*a*) Permanent or non-permanent plant equipment;

(*b*) Abrasives, lubricating oils and fuel oils;

(*c*) Plant maintenance and factory expense items;

(*d*) Equipment and all supplies for restaurants, cafeterias, hospitals, first aid stations, washrooms and restrooms, etc.;

(*e*) All articles of clothing and personal equipment for personnel employed at the plants of former "agents", including, but not limited to, gloves, overalls, coveralls, aprons, shoes and goggles.

(*f*) All articles of equipment for personnel employed at the plants of former "agents", which are sold or issued on repayment to such personnel, including, but not limited to, small hand tools, gauges, micrometers and slide rules;
(*g*) Foodstuffs and other consumable or expendable supplies for restaurant or cafeteria;
(*h*) Canteen supplies,— cigarettes and tobacco, chocolate bars, soft drinks and other taxable articles.

The provisions of the Special War Revenue Act require the payment of the sales tax on all sales of fully manufactured goods or of partially manufactured goods where these are sold to non-licensees.

Where sales of taxable goods are made to the Department of Munitions and Supply, whether on their own account or on account of the Department of National Defence, for delivery in Canada or for export, the sales tax is to be charged in all cases except where the Production and Stores Accounting Division licence number and certificate are given. This licence is to be used for purchase or importation of components and materials which will be supplied and charged to licensed manufacturers for use in the production of taxable goods, on which sales tax will apply on the selling price.

On sales to or importations by the Department of Munitions and Supply (including those goods to be supplied as "free issue") sales tax is to be applied, except in the cases of purchases or importations made free of sales tax through operation of wholesale licence number and relative certificate.

On sales to or importations by the Department of Munitions and Supply, whether on their own account or on account of the Department of National Defence, of goods on which an excise tax is imposed by the *Special War Revenue Act,* such tax applies. Also, excise tax, where applicable, is to apply on purchases or importations of goods by former "agents".

Manufacturers of taxable goods are required to operate under a manufacturer's sales tax licence, and any former "agents" who have not already obtained a licence should do so without delay. Application for the licence should be made to the Collector of Customs and Excise under the survey of whose Port the business is operated.

Sales tax returns must be filed monthly with the Collector with effect on and from April 1, 1943, that is, the first return, covering the month of April, 1943, should be filed not later than May 31, 1943, and all sales tax due on taxable sales made during the month must be paid to the Collector by not later than the last day of the first month succeeding that in which the sales were made.

Manufacturers of goods which are subject to excise tax as imposed by the *Special War Revenue Act* are required to operate under a manufacturer's excise tax licence in addition to the manufacturer's sales tax licence. The excise tax returns must be filed and the tax paid monthly. The procedure with respect to the filing of excise tax returns and making payment of the tax is similar to that in effect in the case of sales tax returns and payment of the tax.

D. SIM,
Commissioner of Excise.
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

APPENDIX A

Claim form referred to in paragraph (6) of General Regulations

EXTRACTS FROM GENERAL REGULATIONS ESTABLISHED UNDER AUTHORITY OF ORDER IN COUNCIL (P.C. 1/3233) OF APRIL 19, 1943, AS AMENDED BY ORDER IN COUNCIL

(P.C. 4616) OF JUNE 7, 1943.

(2) Claims for Customs duties and/or taxes may be paid by the Minister of Munitions and Supply or his former "agents" in respect of goods delivered on and after April 1, 1943 to him or them.

(6) Claims (which will constitute the basis on which settlement will be arrived at) for Customs duties and/or taxes in respect of articles or materials which are incorporated into, or form a constituent or component part of, goods delivered to the Minister of Munitions and Supply on and after April 1, 1943, under contracts placed prior to that date on a Customs duty and/or tax excluded basis, will be made on the form prescribed in Appendix "A" hereto, and submitted to the Department of Munitions and Supply.

(i) Such claims must contain complete information as to the period of manufacture, the contract number, the description of the goods covered by the contract, the number of units covered thereby, the total number of units manufactured during the period covered by the claim, the total amount of the duties and taxes paid and claimed, and any other pertinent information to establish the *bona fides* of the claim. The amount claimed must be broken down to show Customs duties and taxes as separate items. Such claims will be in lieu of any other claims, and will be filed in quintuplicate with the Department of Munitions and Supply without supporting documents.

(iii) Contractors must maintain and produce to Customs Drawback Investigators at their respective places of business such records as are ordinarily maintained and produced to such Investigators in connection with normal investigation of drawback claims, such as a list of import entry numbers, dates and ports of entry, a list of refund claim numbers and dates thereof, drawback form K.32A, specifications of manufacture, and inventories, in order that satisfactory evidence of manufacture of the goods in respect of which claim is made, is available.

(iv) (*a*) All payments made on claims will be made to the manufacturer, producer or supplier (prime contractor) who has contracted for the goods with the Minister of Munitions and Supply.

(*b*) Claims will be filed with the Department of Munitions and Supply and if deemed advisable by the Minister of Munitions and Supply may be submitted to the Department of National Revenue for investigation and certification.

(7) Delivery means the date of delivery from the contractor's plant, as determined by the bill of lading, or other acceptable document, and not by the date of the invoice.

(8) No claim will be paid in respect of imported goods unless the Customs duties and/or taxes involved have been paid within three years of the date of the certification as shown in the certificate of the claimant. In respect of goods produced in Canada no refund of taxes shall be paid unless the claim is submitted in writing within two years from the date on which the refund first became payable.

INSTRUCTION

1. Claim forms may be obtained in quantity required by application to the Department of Munitions and Supply, Ottawa, or its local offices in Toronto and Montreal.

2. Claims may cover any recent period of production but must not be for any period of less than three months.

3. Please note paragraph (8) of the regulations as to the limitation for filing of claims.

4. Detailed information as to the preparation and submission of claims may be obtained upon application to the Department of Munitions and Supply, Ottawa.

Claim No.................

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

Statement of Claim of...of..
(Firm or Corporate Name) (Place)

Which will constitute the basis on which settlement will be arrived at for Customs duties and/or taxes in respect of articles or materials which are incorporated into, or form a constituent or component part of, goods delivered to the Minister of Munitions and Supply on and after April 1, 1943, under contracts placed prior to that date on a Customs duty and/or tax excluded basis, in accordance with P.C. 1/3233, as amended by P.C. 4616.

Period of Manufacture Covered by This Claim	Contract No.	Description of Goods Covered by the Contract	The Number of Units Covered by such Contract	The Number of Units Manufactured During the Period Covered by This Claim	Total Amount of Duty Paid	Total Amount of Taxes Paid

Total Duty $........................

Total Taxes $........................

Grand Total Amount $........................

Date..........................19....

Signature of Claimant.................................

CERTIFICATE OF CLAIMANT

Having full knowledge of the facts I certify that the amount of $............... claimed herein represents only such portion of the duties and/or taxes paid on importations of goods, or purchases thereof from Canadian suppliers, actually and directly used or consumed in the process of manufacture of goods for the Minister of Munitions and Supply as covered by this claim, under contract number ....; that no part of this claim has been included in any other claim previously made; and that the contract prices of the goods supplied under the said contract do not include any element of duties and taxes, insofar as it is practicable to ascertain.

....
Signature

.... Place and date
....
Title or official designation

CERTIFICATE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

In accordance with the report of the Investigator of Drawback Claims, who has made an investigation of this claim No.................. of......................
of.....................

I hereby certify that the sum of $............... net may be considered as representing 100% of the duties and/or taxes paid on importations of goods, or purchases thereof from Canadian suppliers, used in the manufacture of the goods, as specified in the claim.

Ottawa, Ont.

Chief—Drawbacks Branch.
Date.................................... Dept. of National Revenue.

Series D No. 47 T. C. 130

MEMORANDUM

Ottawa, 16th July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise in the Province of British Columbia, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

Effective July 1, 1943, it is ordered that crude petroleum and heavy fuel oil as described hereunder be exempt from the War Exchange Tax when imported into British Columbia Ports in bulk by tank vessels:

(*a*) Crude petroleum not subjected to any other process than natural weathering and removal of foreign matter and water, when imported by oil refiners to be refined in their own factories. (Item 267c as established by Order in Council P.C. 2597 passed on April 1, 1942.)

(*b*) Products of petroleum, n.o.p., ·934 specific gravity (20 A.P.I.) or heavier at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. (ex Item 269.)

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

(P.C. 5551, 13/7/43; Authority, War Measures Act.)

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 291

Respecting Diamonds

made pursuant to authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941.

The Board hereby orders as follows:

1. Order No. 81 of the Board is hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 2nd day of August, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, this 12th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 292

On the Prices of Footwear Leather

Under powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941,

THIS BOARD ORDERS as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on July 16, 1943, and governs all sales and deliveries to which it applies made on and after that date.

2. The maximum price at which any tanner, jobber or leather dealer may sell any leather for use in making footwear to any manufacturer of footwear shall be his highest lawful maximum selling price on July 15, 1943, for the same kind and quality of leather less 4 per cent of such price.

3. The maximum price at which any tanner, jobber or leather dealer may sell any leather for use in the manufacture of footwear to any jobber or dealer in leather shall be his highest lawful maximum selling price on July 15, 1943, for the same kind and quality of leather, provided however that if the jobber or dealer certifies at the time of purchase or subsequently, that the leather is to be or has been used in making domestic civilian footwear, he shall be entitled to a discount of 4 per cent or to a repayment of 4 per cent of the purchase price of such leather.

4. For the purposes of this Order delivery of any leather for use in making footwear on and after July 16, 1943, under any contract made before that date shall be treated as a sale to which this Order applies.

5. Every tanner, jobber or leather dealer who sells leather to which this Order applies shall issue a sales invoice to the buyer on every shipment he makes and on the invoice shall show the price reduction which this Order requires him to make as a discount so that the amount of the discount is definitely stated.

6. This Order shall not apply

(*a*) to a sale of leather for use in the making of footwear parts;

(*b*) to a sale of parts of footwear containing leather;

(*c*) to a sale of leather for use in the making of footwear the selling price of which is not subject to a maximum selling price fixed by or under the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations; and

(*d*) to a sale of leather for use in the repair of footwear.

7. At the time of any purchase of leather for use in the making of footwear, the buyer shall make a statement in writing specifying the use that is to be made of such leather, and the seller may rely upon such statement for the purpose of determining the application of this order to such sale. In the event that leather purchased at a discount is subsequently used or sold for any of the purposes set out in Section 6 of this Order, the buyer shall forthwith pay to the seller the full amount of any discount received on the purchase of the leather so used.

Made at Ottawa this 15th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 293

On Leather Purchases by Footwear Manufacturers and on their Selling Prices of Footwear.

Under powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, this Board orders as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on July 16, 1943 and applies to all sales and deliveries of leather for making footwear to manufacturers of footwear made on and after that date and to their sales and deliveries of footwear made on and after that date.

2. The maximum price at which a manufacturer of footwear may sell or offer to sell any kind of footwear to which Administrator's Order No. A-175 applies, may be increased by 1 per cent of his maximum price as fixed by the said Order.

3. Where any manufacturer of footwear purchases leather for use in making footwear at a price fixed by Board Order No. 292, it shall be a term and condition of the sale to and purchase by him that the manufacturer establish in his books of account a special ledger account in which shall be entered the amount of the discount set forth on the invoice to be received by him under the provisions of Section 5 of Order No. 292, and he shall not pay for any leather bought by him unless he receives such invoice.

4. The amounts so entered in the special ledger account required by Section 3 of this Order shall be dealt with by the manufacturer of footwear only in such manner as may be agreed upon between the manufacturer and Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Ltd.

5. Establishment of the special ledger account required by Section 3 of this Order and dealing with the amounts entered in such account as required by Section 4 of this Order shall be conditions of the licence issued by the Board to each manufacturer of footwear under Board Order No. 202 or any other Board or Administrator's Order.

6. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize any increase in the retail selling price of leather footwear.

Made at Ottawa, this 15th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-804

Respecting Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for certain Lumber in the Provinces of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Interpretation

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "manufacturer" shall mean any person who owns or operates a sawmill or machine wherein or whereby felled trees or logs are converted or processed into lumber;

(*b*) "point of shipment" shall mean the point at which the lumber is loaded by the manufacturer on railway freight cars for shipment to the wholesaler, retailer or consumer;

(*c*) "wholesaler" shall mean any person who sells or distributes lumber otherwise than at retail.

Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices Fixed

2. The maximum price at which any manufacturer whose point of shipment is located in the province of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick or Quebec, or that part of the province of Ontario east of Port Arthur and at which any wholesaler purchasing lumber produced from Spruce, Jack or Princess Pine or Hemlock from such manufacturer may sell or offer for sale at wholesale or any person may purchase at wholesale any such lumber for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer in the province of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, shall be that price set forth in the Schedule to this Order, which price shall include the cost of delivery f.o.b. car, the retailers' or consumers' point of destination.

Special Sizes of Lumber

3. (1) When any Spruce or Jack or Princess Pine or Hemlock lumber, described in the Schedule to this Order, is dressed to standard sizes, the dressing charges in effect during the basic period (September 15th to October 11th, 1941) may be added to the prices for rough lumber set forth in the said Schedule;

(2) When any Spruce or Jack or Princess Pine or Hemlock lumber is sawn to rough sizes, other than those sizes designated and provided for in the Schedule or dressed to sizes other than standard sizes, such lumber shall not be sold until the price has been fixed upon application made to the Timber Administrator.

Invoices to Show Particulars of Lumber Sold

4. Every manufacturer and wholesaler who sells lumber at wholesale for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer in the province of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, shall keep on file for the inspection of the Timber Administrator or his representatives, a copy of the invoice covering each such sale, and shall state in the invoice the point of shipment, full particulars of the species and grades of lumber sold and the price or prices charged therefor.

Effective Date

5. This Order shall be effective on or after the 19th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 9th day of July, 1943.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Administrator.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

Note: Subsection (4) of Section 7 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations reads as follows:

> "Wherever a maximum price has been fixed for any goods or services every seller shall continue to allow any difference in price which he has during the basic period or customarily allowed to different classes of buyers or for different quantities or under different conditions of sale, and which result in a lower net price per unit of goods or services."

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER A-804

Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for Lumber

Spruce, Princess or Jack Pine Rough Merchantable

Thickness	Width									Length
	3″	4″	5″	6″	7″	8″	9″	10″	12″	
	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	
Full 1″	$38.50	$38.50	$39.50	$40.50	$40.50	$42.50	$43.50	$45.50	$48.50	R/L 6/16′
Full 1¼″ and 1½″	38.50	39.50	40.50	42.50	42.50	44.50	46.50	47.50	49.50	R/L 6/16′
Full 2″, 2½″ and 3″	38.50	38.50	39.50	41.50	42.50	43.50	45.50	47.50	50.50	R/L 6/16′
Scant 1″	36.50	36.50	37.50	38.50	38.50	39.50	41.50	43.50	46.50	R/L 6/16′
Scant 2″	35.50	35.50	36.50	37.50	37.50	38.50	40.50	42.50	45.50	R/L 6/16′

For Random Even Lengths—Add to the above prices	$1.00 per M.F.B.M.
For specified Odd and Even Lengths, except 13′ ordered by the buyer—Add to the above prices	1.00 per M.F.B.M.
For Specified Even Lengths and 13′ ordered by the buyer—Add to the above prices	2.00 per M.F.B.M.
For 18′ Lengths (2″ Scant and Thicker)—Add to the above prices	3.00 per M.F.B.M.
For 20′ Lengths (2″ Scant and Thicker)—Add to the above prices	4.00 per M.F.B.M.
For N.B. 4th (Quebec 5th Quality)—Deduct from the above prices	3.00 per M.F.B.M.
For N.B. 5th (Quebec 6th Quality)—Deduct from the above prices	5.00 per M.F.B.M.

Thickness	Width				Length
		3″	4″	5″ & Wider	
		per M.F.S.M.	per M.F.S.M.	per M.F.S.M.	
⅝″ Merchantable		$30.00	$31.00	$31.00	R/L 6/18′
⅝″ N.B. 4th Quality and Better	(Quebec 5th Quality and better)	29.00	30.00	30.00	R/L 6/18′
⅝″ N.B. 5th Quality and Better	(Quebec 6th Quality and better)	27.00	28.00	28.00	R/L 6/18′
⅝″ N.B. 5th Quality	(Quebec 6th Quality)	25.00	26.00	26.00	R/L 6/18′

For Bundling—Add to the above prices	$1.00 per M.F.S.M.
For Specified Lengths ordered by the buyer—Add to the above prices	2.00 per M.F.S.M.
For D1S only—Add to the above prices	1.50 per M.F.S.M.
For D1S1E D1S2E D4S or D & M—Add to the above prices	3.00 per M.F.S.M.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER A-804—*Concluded*

Timbers

Spruce, Princess or Jack Pine

Thickness	Width									Length
	4″	5″	6″	7″	8″	9″	10″	11″	12″	
	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	per M.F.B.M.	
4″	$39.50	$40.50	$42.50	$43.50	$44.50	$46.50	$48.50	$50.00	$51.50	R/L 6/16′
5″	....	41.50	43.50	44.50	45.50	47.50	49.50	51.00	52.50	R/L 6/16′
6″	....	....	44.50	45.50	46.50	48.50	50.50	52.00	53.50	R/L 6/16′

For Stock longer than 16′—Add to the above prices for the following lengths:—

17′ to 20′	$2.00 per M.F.B.M.
21′ to 24′	4.00 per M.F.B.M.
25′ to 28′	6.00 per M.F.B.M.
29′ to 32′	8.00 per M.F.B.M.
For Specified Lengths ordered by the buyer—Add to the above prices	2.00 per M.F.B.M.

In any one order given by the buyer when 25% or more of that order is for a single length of timber, ADD to the above prices for that length of timber, $2.50 per M.F.B.M.

Spruce Lath

No. 1 Spruce Lath—48″ x 1½ x ⅜	$6.25 per 1,000 pieces
No. 2 Spruce Lath—48″ x 1½ x ⅜	4.75 per 1,000 pieces

Hemlock Rough

FOR HEMLOCK ROUGH THE MAXIMUM PRICES SHALL BE THE PRICES SET OUT ABOVE FOR SPRUCE ROUGH DECREASED BY AN AMOUNT OF $3.00 PER M.F.B.M. IN EACH CASE.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-810

Respecting Farm Machinery and Equipment

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Administrator" means the Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment from time to time appointed by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board with the approval of the Governor in Council;

(*b*) "Farm Machinery and Equipment" means agricultural machinery, mechanical equipment and implements used on a farm for the production or care of crops, livestock, poultry or other produce but excluding attachments and repair parts for farm machinery and equipment and also excluding:—

Tracklaying type tractors;
Irrigation and drainage equipment;
Hand tools, such as hand gardening tools, other than those listed in Schedule "A" hereto;
Wheelbarrows;
Poultry netting and wire;
Gates and wire fencing;
Bale ties and straps;
Well casing and water pipe;
Nails and sundry hardware except as included in Schedule "A" hereto;
Milk cooler refrigeration units.

(*c*) "Repair parts" means and includes all types of spare parts and parts customarily used for the repair of farm machinery and equipment;

(*d*) "Attachment" means any supplementary part, group of parts, assembly or appliance which may be added to an otherwise complete machine to extend the utility of such machine;

(*e*) "Eastern Canada" shall mean and include all that portion of Canada east of the Western boundary of the Province of Ontario;

(*f*) "Western Canada" shall mean and include the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta;

(*g*) "Producer" means any person engaged in the manufacture of farm machinery and equipment, attachments or repair parts for farm machinery and equipment in Canada;

(*h*) "Importer" means any person engaged in the importation into Canada of farm machinery and equipment, attachments or repair parts for farm machinery and equipment.

(*i*) "1940 period" shall mean the Calendar year 1940.

(*j*) "1941 period" shall mean the Calendar year 1941.

(*k*) "1944 period" shall mean the period July 1, 1943 to June 30, 1944, both dates inclusive.

Canadian Requirements, Excessive Production and Importation Prohibited—Farm Machinery and Equipment.

2. No producer or importer shall manufacture or import for sale in Canada during the 1944 period any farm machinery and equipment unless the same are of a class, type and size of the farm machinery and equipment listed in Schedule "A" hereto.

3. (*a*) No producer shall manufacture for sale

(i) in Western Canada during the 1944 period farm machinery and equipment of any kind listed in Part I of said Schedule "A" in excess of that percentage of one-half of the producer's total sales by units in Western Canada in the

1940 and 1941 periods of such kind of farm machinery and equipment produced in Canada set opposite such kind of farm machinery and equipment in said Part I.

(ii) In Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia during the 1944 period farm machinery and equipment of any kind listed in Part II of said Schedule "A" in excess of that percentage of one-half of the producer's total sales by units in Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia in the 1940 and 1941 periods of such kind of farm machinery and equipment produced in Canada set opposite such kind of farm machinery and equipment in said Part II.

(*b*) No importer shall import for sale

(i) in Western Canada during the 1944 period farm machinery and equipment of any kind listed in Part I of said Schedule "A" in excess of that percentage of one-half of the importer's total imports by units of such kind of farm machinery and equipment for sale in Western Canada in the 1940 and 1941 periods set opposite such kind of farm machinery and equipment in said Part I.

(ii) in Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia during the 1944 period farm machinery and equipment of any kind listed in Part II of said Schedule "A" in excess of that percentage of one-half of the importer's total imports by units of such kind of farm machinery and equipment for sale in Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia in 1940 and 1941 periods set opposite such kind of farm machinery and equipment in said Part II;

provided, that wherever in Part I or Part II of said Schedule "A" a quantity of units is indicated in lieu of a perecntage, such quantity shall be the total number of such units to be manufactured or imported by all producers and importers for that part of Canada named in such part of said Schedule "A". The number of such allotted units which may be manufactured or imported by any manufacturer or importer shall be determined by the Administrator.

4. No producer or importer shall sell or offer for sale

(*a*) in Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia farm machinery and equipment or attachments manufactured or imported for sale in Western Canada;

(*b*) in Western Canada farm machinery and equipment or attachments manufactured or imported for sale in Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia.

5. Notwithstanding Sections 3 and 4 of this Order where farm machinery and equipment or attachments of types and kinds commonly used in Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia are specifically required for use in irrigated districts of Western Canada the same may be produced or imported and sold in such districts in accordance with the provisions of this Order and in such case the producer or importer shall include his sales or imports of such farm machinery and equipment and attachments in such irrigated districts for the 1940 and 1941 periods, in his sales or imports for the same periods in Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia for the purpose of establishing the quantities of each which he may produce or import for sale in (*a*) Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia and (*b*) Western Canada.

6. Producers and importers shall distribute all items of farm machinery and equipment for which quotas have been established pursuant to the provisions of this Order to specific areas of (i) Western Canada (ii) Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia in accordance with instructions issued from time to time by the Administrator.

7. No producer shall manufacture and no importer shall import for sale in Canada during the 1944 period, any farm machinery and equipment requiring rubber tires except upon specific authorization in writing from the Admnistrator.

8. (1) Any producers may up to but not after October 31, 1943, manufacture for sale in Canada in addition to the manufacture otherwise permitted by this Order, all items of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts which are necessary to complete his quotas established pursuant to Administrator's Order A-749 including all amendments thereto and appeals granted thereunder.

(2) Any importer may up to but not after October 31, 1943, import for sale in Canada in addition to the imports otherwise permitted by this Order, all items of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts which are necessary to complete his quotas established pursuant to Administrator's Order A-749 including all amendments thereto and appeals granted thereunder.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this Section, a producer or importer who has not completed his quotas as allowed pursuant to Adminsitrator's Order A-749 including all amendments thereto and appeals granted thereunder, may apply to the Administrator for permission to complete such manufacturing or import quotas. The Adminstrator may, at his discretion, grant such permission provided satisfactory evidence is submitted to show that the producer or supplier of such quotas had ordered the materials required in their production prior to the date of this Order but was, through no fault of his own, unable to produce or ship such quotas prior to October 31st, 1943.

9. Any items of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts which have been manufactured or imported or sold in Canada by any producer or importer prior to November 1st, 1943, and which are in excess of such producer's or importer's authorized quota under the terms and provisions of Administrator's Order A-749 including all amendments thereto and appeals granted thereunder, shall be deducted from such quotas as may be authorized for such producer or importer by the provisions of this Order, provided that no such deduction shall constitute a waiver of any penalty to which such producer or importer may be liable.

10. Any producer who is unable to manufacture and any importer who is unable to import any portion of his quota of farm machinery and equipment as established in accordance with the provisions of this Order, at any time after July 1st, 1943, shall immediately notify the Administrator so that appropriate action may be taken to transfer such portion of his quota.

11. The restrictions of this Order shall not apply to the manufacture or importation for sale in Canada by any person of any of the following items of farm machinery and equipment,

Bee Hives
Grit Boxes
Hog Troughs
Laying Nests
Live-stock feeders
Milk Stools
Poultry Feeders
Poultry Waterers

provided, however, that such items are made entirely (except for nails and essential strappings and fastenings) from any one or more of the following materials:—

Glass or other ceramic products
Plain Concrete
Fibre Board
Wood Fibre Products
Softwood Lumber

Attachments and Repair Parts

12. (1) The maximum total weight of material which a producer may use during the 1944 period in manufacturing attachments for sale in (1) Western Canada or (2) Eastern Canada and British Columbia and intended for use with any item of farm machinery and equipment shall be a percentage of one-half of the total weight of material used by him in manufacturing attachments for the same item of farm machinery and equipment and sold by him in the same area during the 1940 period and 1941 period combined. The percentage shall be the same as that shown in Part I or Part II of Schedule "A" for the item of farm machinery and equipment for which such attachments are intended.

(2) The maximum total weight of attachments which an importer may import during the 1944 period for sale in (1) Western Canada or (2) Eastern Canada and British Columbia and intended for use with any item of farm machinery and equipment shall be a percentage of one-half of the total weight of attachments for the same item of farm machinery and equipment imported by him during the 1940 period and 1941 period combined and sold by him in the same area. The percentage shall be the same as that shown in Part I and Part II of Schedule "A" for the item of farm machinery and equipment for which such attachments are intended.

(3) Any producer, instead of conforming to his quota percentages for the items of attachments as shown in Schedule "A" hereto, may at his option manufacture not more than an aggregate of 75% of one-half of the total weight of attachments sold by him during the 1940 and 1941 periods in (i) Western Canada and (ii) Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia respectively, and the total permissible weight thus determined may be distributed among all or any one or more of such items of attachments at his election: Provided, that once such option is made it shall apply to all attachments to be produced for sale in (i) Western Canada and (ii)Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia, respectively.

(4) Any importer, instead of conforming to his quota percentages for the items of attachments as shown in Schedule "A" hereto, may at his option import not more than an aggregate of 75% of one-half of the total weight of attachments imported by him during the 1940 and 1941 periods for sale in (1) Western Canada and (2) Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia, respectively, from each supplier and the total permissible weight thus determined may be distributed among all or any one or more of such items of attachments imported from that supplier for sale in (1) Western Canada and (2) Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia respectively, provided that once such option is made it shall apply to all attachments to be imported from each supplier.

(5) No producer shall use during the 1944 period a greater quantity of material by weight in producing repair parts for sale in Canada than 156 percent of one-half of the material used by him to produce repair parts sold by him in the 1940 and 1941 periods.

(6) No importer shall import during the 1944 period repair parts for sale in Canada containing by weight more than 156 per cent of one-half of the quantity of material contained in repair parts imported by him in the 1940 and 1941 periods.

(7) In subsections (1), (3) and (5) of this section the quantity of material shall be determined by the net weight of such material physically incorporated in the final product plus a reasonable allowance for loss in manufacturing processes.

13. Any producer or importer of any of the following items listed in Schedule "A" hereto:

Litter Carriers,
Hay carriers,
Track for Litter Carriers,
Track for Hay Carriers,
Stable Stalls and Fittings,
Stable Stanchions and Fittings,

may consider not more than 30% of half of the total weight of each such item sold or imported by him in the 1940 and 1941 periods as "repair parts" rather than "farm machinery and equipment" in lieu of repair parts quota established pursuant to Section 12, Subsections (5) and (6) hereof and shall be so reported on such forms as are filed under Section 21 hereof. His production or import quota for the remaining 70% shall be determined by multiplying his applicable Schedule "A" quota percentage for the particular item by 70% of one-half of the total weight of each such item sold or imported by him in the 1940 and 1941 periods.

Restriction of Production for Export

14. The total tonnage of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts, manufactured in Canada during the 1944 period for shipment to any of the

countries named in Schedules "C", "D" and "E" hereto shall not exceed the quota percentage of each schedule multiplied by one-half of the total tonnage shipped from Canada to such countries in the years 1940 and 1941. Each producer's portion of such tonnage shall be allocated by the Administrator as orders for equipment, attachments and repair parts are received from the countries named in said Schedules "C", "D" and "E".

15. No Canadian producer shall, during the 1944 period, manufacture for shipment to the United States of America

(*a*) a quantity in units of any item of farm machinery and equipment referred to in Schedule "B" hereto in excess of that quantity obtained by multiplying the quota percentage designated in said Schedule for such item by the total quantity thereof shipped by him to the United States of America during the 1940 period or the 1941 period whichever was the greater;

(*b*) a quantity by weight of attachments in excess of either

(i) that quantity obtained by multiplying the applicable quota percentage designated in the said Schedule "B" by the total net shipping weight of the total quantity of such attachments shipped by him to the United States of America in the 1940 period or the 1941 period whichever was the greater; or,

(ii) 75 per cent of the total net weight of attachments shipped by him to the United States of America in the 1940 period or the 1941 period whichever was the greater, distributing such weight among all or any one or more of such items of attachments at his election;

provided that the manufacturer's option between paragraph (i) and (ii) of this clause shall apply to all attachments produced by him for shipment to the United States of America in the 1944 period;

(*c*) a quantity by weight of repair parts in excess of that quantity obtained by multiplying the applicable quota percentage designated in Schedule "B" hereto by the total net shipping weight of repair parts shipped by him to the United States of America in the 1940 period or the 1941 period whichever was the greater.

16. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 14 and 15 of this Order the Administrator may, with the concurrence of the Department of Trade and Commerce, authorize the diversion of tonnages of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts, designated for shipment to one of the countries listed in Schedules "C", "D" and "E" hereto to another of said countries, provided, however, that this shall not be construed as authority for increasing the overall tonnage for export as fixed by Section 14 hereof.

17. Nothing in the preceding Sections shall be construed as authorizing any exportation.

18. The Administration may by direction in writing authorize the manufacture of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts for shipment to any country or territory not referred to in any of the Schedules hereto and may determine the quantities and kinds of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts which shall be so manufactured and may allocate among producers the kinds and quantities to be manufactured.

19. During the 1944 period any producer may manufacture for export, in addition to the manufacture otherwise permitted for export by this Order, all tonnages of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts which are necessary to complete his quotas as established pursuant to Administrator's Order A-749 including all amendments thereto and appeals granted thereunder provided he has received an Export Permit covering shipment of such manufacture prior to the date of this Order and provided that such manufacture shall be completed by October 31, 1943.

20. Each producer affected by Sections 14, 15 and 19 of this Order shall file with the Administrator by the 10th day of each month a report showing

(*a*) total net shipping weight and dollar value of all items of farm machinery and equipment, shipped to each country during the preceding month (starting July 1943) for which export permits were not obtained;

(*b*) total net shipping weight and dollar value of all attachments and repair parts shipped to each country during the preceding month (starting July 1943) for which export permits were not obtained.

Records, Audit and Inspection

21. Every person affected by this Order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records of his inventories, stocks, purchases, production and sales of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts, and all such records shall, upon request, be submitted for inspection and audit to the Wartime Prices and Trade Board or its duly authorized representatives.

Reports

22. Every producer and importer shall file with the Administrator not later than the 31st day of December 1944, a sworn statement of his production and imports for the 1944 period, which statement shall show,

(*a*) farm machinery and equipment, by units, produced and imported for sale in (1) Western Canada and (2) Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia;

(*b*) attachments and repair parts, by weight and dollar value, produced and imported for sale in (1) Western Canada and (2) Eastern Canada and the Province of British Columbia.

Terms of Sale of Repair Parts to Dealers

23. All repair parts shall be furnished by producers and importers to their dealers on a "sold outright" basis.

Exemptions

24. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

25. In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Order and those of Administrator's Order A-749 the provisions of this Order except as specifically provided herein shall prevail.

26. This Order shall be effective on and after the 15th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 12th day of July, 1943.

H. H. BLOOM,
Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, The Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

NOTE (1): Nothing contained in this Order will be taken as indicating that any materials will be available for use by any manufacturer.

NOTE (2): Section 9 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations reads as follows:—

> "9. Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any regulation or order shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction under Part XV of the Criminal Code, or if the Attorney General of Canada or of any Province so directs, upon indictment, to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and such imprisonment; and any director or officer of any company or corporation who assents to or acquiesces in any such offence by such company or corporation shall be guilty of such offence personally and cumulatively with the said company or corporation."

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-810

Quotas for production and importation of farm machinery and equipment into Canada during the 1944 period (July 1, 1943 to June 30, 1944).

Quotas are expressed as percentages of one-half of each Canadian manufacturer's sales or each importers imports for the 1940 and 1941 periods in Western Canada (Part I) and Eastern Canada and British Columbia (Part II) except where the phrase "units to be allotted" occurs when the Administrator shall allot the number of units that may be manufactured or imported by each manufacturer or importer.

PART I

WESTERN CANADA

Group I—Planting, Seeding and Fertilizing Machinery

	Quota Per cent
Grain Drill—20 and 28 Run Single and/or Double Disc or Shoe......	70
Grain Drill (Press)—1 size—approx. 10 ft., Single and/or Double Disc	32
Beet Drill, 1 type, 1 size—4 Row	69
Corn Planter—1 size—2 Row Horse Drawn and 2 sizes (2 and 4 Row) Tractor Drawn	81
Potato Planter—2 sizes, 1 and 2 Row	124
Manure Spreader—2 Capacities, 1 Model in each size..................	81
Hand Garden Seeder and Planter	100
Seed Boxes for One Way Disc or Tiller—4 sizes......................	92

Group II—Plows

Walking Plows, 1 Furrow,—5 Types Including Hillside, 1 size in each type	73
Tractor Plow, 1 type—2 and 3 Furrow 14", 1 type—3 and 4 Furrow 14"	46
Integral Tractor Plow—1 Model for each Tractor Model...........	26
Riding Gang Plow—2 Furrow; 1 type, 1 size—14".................	27
One Way Disc, Tiller or Harrow Plow—1 size disc each size machine—4 sizes approx. widths 4', 6', 8', 10'	73

Group III—Tillage Implements and Cultivators

Diamond Harrow Section, 1 Weight, approx. 20 tooth.............	63
Flexible Harrow—Section, 1 size, 1 size tooth	63
Spring Tooth Harrow Section—1 base type of 2 sections, 1 type centre section	25
Tandem Tractor Disc Harrow—2 sizes, 1 type in each size— 16" Disc..	45
Inthrow Horse Disc Harrow—1 type, 1 size, 16" Discs	30
Out-throw Horse Disc Harrow—1 type, 1 size, 16" Discs...............	30
Single Wide Disc Harrow—1 size approx. width 14' with 7' Extension	55
Horse Hoe—2 Horse only, Disc and/or Mouldboard.................	42
Field Cultivator, Stiff and Spring Tooth—3 sizes (7' to 8½') (10') (12' to 14')	70
Riding Corn Cultivator—1 Model, 2 Horse type	92
Integral or Tractor Mounted Corn Cultivator—1 type and 1 size for each Tractor Model	77
Beet Cultivator—1 type, 4 row, horse drawn........................	80
Integral or Tractor Mounted Beet Cultivator—1 Model, 1 size for each tractor model	77
Rod or Wire Weeder—1 type, 1 size	25
Blade Weeder—2 sizes approx. 8' and 10'	158
Scuffler (horse drawn) 2 stiff tooth sizes, 1 type each size, 1 spring tooth type, 1 size	42
Hand Cultivator and Weeder	100
Trailer Packer for Harrow Plow, Plow and Drill	71

Group IV—Haying Machinery

	Quota Per cent
Two Horse Drawn Mower—1 type, 2 widths of cut (cast wheels)	97
Power Mower—2 types, 2 widths of cut in each type	97
Dump Rake—2 sizes approx. 8′ and 10′	94
Hay Loader—2 types—1 size in each type	106
Side Rake—1 type—1 size	116
Pick-Up Baler— 1 type, 1 size	20 units to be allotted
Sweep rake (Wood Type)	77
Hay Stacker (Wood Type)	100
Hay Fork and Carrier, Pulley and Track	103

Group V—Harvesting Machinery

Horse Grain Binder—1 type	51
Tractor Grain Binder—1 size, 10′ cut	63
Corn Binder—1 type horse drawn—1 type, tractor drawn	38
Combine, Reaper Thresher—4 sizes, 1 type in each size	110
Pick-Up for Combine	135
Swather or Windrower—2 sizes, 1 model in each size	111
Thresher, 2 sizes, 1 type in each size	24
Corn Picker—2 types, 1 row and 2 row	115
Corn Sheller—1 type, 1 size hand sheller; 2 sizes power sheller, 1 type in each size	20
Potato Digger—1 and 2 row horse drawn or power driven	105
Beet Lifter—1 type, 1 row horse or tractor drawn; 1 type, 2 row tractor drawn or tractor mounted	97
Ensilage Harvester	10 units to be allotted

Group VI—Sundry Machines for Preparing Crops for Market or Use

Grain Grinder—1 size(approx. 10″ with coarse plates	197
Ensilage Cutter—2 sizes	89
Hammer or Roughage Mill—2 sizes, 1 type in each size	59
Fanning mill and grain cleaner—2 sizes, 1 type in each size	97
Grain Loader or Elevator—1 type, 2 leg lengths	51
Feed Mixer—1 type, 1 size	138
Feed Cutter	82

Group VII—Farm Power—Tractor and Stationary

Standard and/or Row Crop Tractor	75
Garden Tractor including Motor Tiller	25 units to be allotted
Stationary Gas Engine—3 sizes (1 H.P. and under) (2 to 3 H.P.) (3 to 5 H.P.)	186

Group VIII—Farm Wagons, Trucks and Sleighs

Wagon or Truck Gear (2 horse) 1 type, 1 size with 1 size steel wheel	97
Wagon or Truck Gear (2 horse) 2 sizes, 1 type in each size, with 1 size wood wheel & 1 width & thickness of tire on each size	97
Wagon Box—1 type, 1 size—approx. 28″	141
Sleigh—2 sizes, 1 type in each size with cast and/or steel shoes	104

Group IX—Dairy Machines and Equipment

Milking Machine (including Power Plant) 1 type, 1 size, single unit model; 1 type, 1 size double unit model	185

	Quota Per cent
Cream Separator—1 table model; 3 stand models, 1 size in each model or 1 model in 3 sizes	185
Churn—2 sizes	80
Aerated or Surface Type Milk Cooler	100

Group X—Spraying Equipment and Dusters

Power Potato Sprayer or Duster	92
Traction Potato Sprayer or Duster	92
Fruit or Orchard Sprayer; 2 types, 1 size in each type	50 units to be allotted
Hand Sprayer, compressed air—1 qt. to 6 gal. cap'y	89
Knapsack Sprayer—1 qt. to 6 gal. cap'y	
Hand Sprayer—Trombone Pump Type—1 qt. to 6 gal. cap'y	
Hand Sprayer—Bucket Pump type single or double (1 qt. to 6 gal. cap'y) cylinder	
Hand Sprayer—Atomizing, single action type, 1 qt. to 6 gal. cap'y	
Hand Sprayer—Atomizing continuous type, 1 qt. to 6 gal. cap'y	
Hand Barrel Sprayer	89
Wheelbarrow Type Sprayer	89
Sprayer Pump (for replacements only)	50

Group XI—Domestic Water Systems and Pumps

Well Pump, metal	189
Cistern Pump or Pitcher Pump	83
Wood type Pump with Wood Barrel	161
Pump Jack	175
Windmill Head and Wheel	74
Windmill Tower	33
Pressure Water System and Power Pumps	65

Group XII—Barn and Barnyard Equipment

Tank Heater	274
Litter Carrier and Track	25
Stable Stall (of re-rolled rail steel only plus essential hardware and strapping)	75
Stanchion (of re-rolled rail steel only plus essential hardware and strapping)	75
Watering Equipment—Cups and Bowls	130

Group XIII—Miscellaneous Equipment

Incubator	105
Brooder (Floor Type) Coal, Wood and Electric	200
Bee Keeper's Supplies (Metal Items)	100
Hog Waterer	50
Hog Trough	50
Circular Wood Sawing Machine, 1 size, 1 type	88
Knife Grinder—1 size, 1 type	71
Grain Treater—1 size, 1 type	75
Power Sheep Shearing Machines and Animal Clippers	2000 units to be allotted
Windcharger	25
Electric Fence Controller	200
Harness Hardware (by number of pounds)	156
Egg Cleaners and Brushes	150

Attachments for machines listed in this Schedule have same quota percentage as machines to which they are applied. See Section 12 (1).

PART II

EASTERN CANADA AND BRITISH COLUMBIA (AND IRRIGATED DISTRICTS IN WESTERN CANADA).

Group I—Planting, Seeding and Fertilizing Machinery

	Quota Per cent
Grain Drill (Plain) 11 and 13 Run, Single Disc	93
Drill (Grain and Fertilizer) 11 and 13 Run, Single Disc	93
Beet Drill, 1 type, 1 size, 4 row	71
Corn Planter, 1 size—2 row horse drawn; 2 sizes (2 and 4 row) tractor drawn	81
Potato Planter—2 sizes, 1 and 2 row	125
Transplanter—1 size, 1 type	77
Manure Spreader—2 capacities, 1 model in each size	83
Lime and Fertilizer Sower—1 size, 1 type	70
Hand Garden Seeder and Planter	100
Seed Boxes for One Way Disc or Tiller—4 sizes	90

Group II—Plows

Walking Plows—(1 furrow) 5 types, including hillside, 1 size in each type	49
Walking Plows—(2 furrow)—1 type, 1 size	45
Tractor Plows—1 type, 2 and 3 furrow, 10″, 12″ and 14″ bottoms	73
Integral Tractor Plows—1 model for each tractor model	64
One Way Disc, Tiller or Harrow Plow—1 size disc each size machine, 4 sizes, approx. widths 4′, 6′, 8′, 10′	55

Group III—Tillage Implements and Cultivators

Diamond Harrow Section, 1 weight, approx. 20 tooth	63
Spring Tooth Harrow, Leverless section, 1 size, 1 size tooth	75
Lever Spring Tooth Harrow Section—1 base type of 2 sections, 1 type centre section	75
Tandem Tractor Disc Harrow—2 sizes, 1 type in each size, 16″ discs	61
Inthrow horse disc Harrow—1 type, 1 size—16″ discs	76
Out-throw horse disc Harrow—1 type, 1 size—16″ discs	76
Horse Hoe—2 horse only, disc and/or mouldboard	68
Grape and Berry Hoe—1 type, 1 size	68
Field Cultivator, Stiff and Spring Tooth, 3 sizes (7′ to 8½′), (10′), (12′ to 14′)	48
Riding Corn Cultivator—1 model, 2 horse type	96
Integral or Tractor Mounted Corn Cultivator, 1 type, 1 size for each tractor model	86
Beet Cultivator—1 type, 4-row horse drawn	74
Integral or Tractor-mounted Beet Cultivator—1 model, 1 size for each tractor model	86
Tobacco Cultivator—1 type, 1 size	50
Scuffler (horse drawn)—2 stiff tooth sizes, 1 type each size, 1 spring tooth type, 1 size	68
Hand Cultivator and Weeder	100

Group IV—Haying Machinery

Two horse drawn Mower—1 type, 2 widths or cut (cast wheels)	69
Power Mower—2 types, 2 widths of cut in each type	69
Dump Rake—2 sizes, approx. 8 ft. and 10 ft.	93
Hayloader—2 types—1 size in each type	109
Side Rake—1 type, 1 size	70
Pick-up Baler—1 type, 1 size	30 units to be allotted
Sweep Rake—(Wood type)	75
Hay Stacker—(Wood type)	100
Hay Fork and Carrier, pulley and track	103

Group V—Harvesting Machinery

	Quota Per cent
Horse Grain Binder—1 type	85
Tractor Grain Binder—1 size, 10 ft. cut	75
Corn Binder—1 type horse drawn, 1 type tractor drawn	78
Combine, Reaper Thresher—4 sizes, 1 type in each size	109
Pick-Up for Combine	70
Thresher—2 sizes, 1 type in each size	43
Corn Picker—2 types, 1 row and 2 row	140
Corn Sheller—1 type, 1 size hand sheller; 2 sizes power sheller, 1 type in each size	37
Potato Digger—1 and 2 row horse drawn or power driven	105
Beet Lifter—1 type, 1 row horse or tractor drawn; 1 type, 2 row tractor drawn or tractor mounted	97
Ensilage Harvester	30 units to be allotted

Group VI—Sundry Machines for Preparing Crops for Market or Use

Grain Grinder—1 size, approx. 10″ with coarse plates	99
Plate Grinder—1 type, 1 size—electrically driven	190
Oat Roller—1 type, 1 size	60
Ensilage Cutter—2 sizes	89
Hammer or Roughage Mill—1 type, 1 size	79
Fanning Mill and Grain Cleaner—2 sizes, 1 type in each size	97
Grain Loader or Elevator—1 type, 2 leg lengths	33
Potato, Vegetable or Fruit Grader	85
Feed Mixer—1 type, 1 size	98
Feed Cutter	109
Pulper—1 type, 1 size	98

Group VI—Farm Power—Tractor and Stationary

Standard and/or Row Crop Tractor	75
Garden Tractor including Motor Tillers	175 units to be allotted
Stationary Gas Engine—3 sizes (1 H.P. and under), (2 to 3 H.P.), (3 to 5 H.P.)	93

Group VIII—Farm Wagons, Trucks and Sleighs

Wagon or Truck Gear (2 horse), 1 type, 1 size with 1 size steel wheel	97
Wagon or Truck Gear (2 horse), 2 sizes, one type in each size with 1 size wood wheels and 1 thickness and width of tire on each size	97
Wagon Gear (1 horse)—1 type with 1 size wood wheels and 1 thickness and width of tire	94
Sleigh—2 sizes, 1 type in each size with cast and/or steel shoes	83

Group IX—Dairy Machines and Equipment

Milking Machine (including power plant) 1 type, 1 size single unit model; 1 type, 1 size double unit model	185
Cream Separator—1 table model; 3 stand models; 1 size in each model or 1 model in 3 sizes	187
Churn—2 sizes	80
Aerated or Surface Type Milk Cooler	100

Group X—Spraying Equipment and Dusters

	Quota Per cent
Power Potato Sprayer or Duster	95
Traction Potato Sprayer or Duster	95
Fruit or Orchard Sprayer or Duster—2 types, 1 size in each	82
Hand Sprayer, Compressed Air—1 qt. to 6 gal. capacity	83
Knapsack Spray—1 qt. to 6 gal. capacity	
Hand Sprayer—Trombone pump type, 1 qt. to 6 gal. capacity	
Hand Sprayer—Bucket pump type, single or double cylinder, 1 qt. to 6 gal. capacity	
Hand Sprayer—Atomizing Single action type, 1 qt. to 6 gal. capacity	
Hand Barrel Sprayer	83
Sprayer Pump (for replacements only)	100

Group XI—Domestic Water Systems and Pumps

Well Pump (metal)	142
Cistern or Pitcher Pump	87
Wood type Pump with Wood Barrel	161
Pump Jack	135
Windmill Head and Wheel	98
Windmill Tower	40
Pressure Water Systems and Power Pumps	85

Group XII—Barn and Barnyard Equipment

Litter Carrier and Track	90
Stable Stall (of rerolled rail steel only plus essential hardware and strapping)	75
Stable Stanchion (of rerolled rail steel only, plus essential hardware and strapping)	75
Watering Equipment—Cups and Bowls	131

Group XIII—Miscellaneous Equipment

Incubator	105
Brooder—(Floor Type)—Coal, Wood and Electric	150
Bee Keeper's Supplies (Metal Items)	100
Hog Waterer	50
Hog Trough	50
Circular Wood Sawing Machine—1 size, 1 type	89
Knife Grinder—1 size, 1 type	71
Grain Treater—1 size, 1 type	75
Maple Syrup Evaporator (replacements only)	
Power Sheep Shearing Machines and Animal Clippers	2000 units to be allotted
Windcharger	25
Electric Fence Controller	200
Harness Hardware (by Number of Pounds)	156
Egg Cleaners and Brushes	150

Attachments for Machines listed in this Schedule have same quota percentage as Machines to which they are applied. See Section 12 (1).

SCHEDULE "B" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-810

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Quotas of new farm machinery and equipment which may be produced for export to the United States shall be determined by multiplying the applicable percentages shown in Schedule "A" attached to United States Order L-257 (and any amendments thereto), by the net shipping weight of each item shipped by the producer to the United States in the 1940 or 1941 period, whichever was the greater. Production of bracketed items in Schedule "A" of United States Order L-257 may be distributed among all or any one or more of the items included in the particular bracket as long as the total weight does not exceed that determined by applying the various quota percentages to the items in the particular bracket.

Repair Parts Quota—156%.

SCHEDULE "C" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-810

QUOTA PERCENTAGE 45 PER CENT

Quotas to the group of countries named in this Schedule are determined by applying the applicable percentage to one-half of the net shipping weight of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts shipped during the 1940 and 1941 periods to all of the countries named.

Argentina
Bolivia
Brazil
Chile
Columbia
Costa Rica
Cuba
Dominican Republic
Ecuador
El Salvador
Guatemala
Haiti
Honduras
Mexico
Nicaragua
Panama
Paraguay
Peru
Uruguay
Venezuela

SCHEDULE "D" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-810

GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND

Quota Percentage—69 per cent.

Quotas to the group of countries named in this Schedule are determined by multiplying the applicable percentage by one-half of the net shipping weight of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts shipped in the 1940 and 1941 periods to all of the countries named:—

England
Scotland
Northern Ireland
Wales

SCHEDULE "E" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-810

OTHER BRITISH DOMINIONS, INDIA, CROWN COLONIES AND PROTECTORATES

QUOTA PERCENTAGE—100 PER CENT

Quotas for the countries included in the Schedule shall be one-half of the net shipping weight of farm machinery and equipment, attachments and repair parts shipped to each country in the 1940 period and 1941 period combined.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-811

Respecting Diamonds and Diamond Mounted Jewellery

Whereas by virtue of certain directions in writing issued pursuant to section 35 of Order 214 of the Board, the provisions of the said Order insofar as the same relate to diamonds and diamond mounted jewellery no longer apply, and to effectually regulate and control the sale thereof, it is deemed expedient to amplify those provisions relating to diamonds as set forth in Administrator's Order No. A-210;

Therefore pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Sections 9 to 14, both inclusive, of Administrator's Order No. A-210 and Schedules B and C to the said Order are hereby revoked.

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "importer" means a person who imports into Canada any polished diamonds for the purpose of resale;

(*b*) "jewellery manufacturer" means a person who makes, processes, assembles or otherwise manufactures jewellery and includes a person who mounts diamonds or causes diamonds to be mounted in any article of jewellery;

(*c*) "retailer" means a person who in the ordinary course of business sells goods at retail;

(*d*) "wholesaler" means a person who in the ordinary course of business sells goods at wholesale, and includes a jobber.

General

2. (1) Every person who deals in polished diamonds shall keep on his file an accurate record of every diamond he has on hand, or purchases or sells, showing with respect to each such diamond its colour, size and quality according to the classification set forth in PART I of the Schedule hereto.

(2) No person shall grade with his regular stock of diamonds any melees of very thick diamonds known as "old miners" or diamonds of irregular cutting.

Diamonds in Canada Before August 1st 1943

3. (1) The maximum price per carat, inclusive of sales tax, at which an importer or a wholesaler may sell or offer to sell an unset brilliant cut diamond which is in Canada on or before August 1st, 1943, if the said diamond is

(*a*) white in colour and clean in quality, shall be the price stated in Column 1 of paragraph 1 of Part II of the said Schedule opposite the size of the diamond;

(*b*) white in colour, and 1st pique, 2nd pique, spotted or heavily spotted in quality, shall be the maximum price of a white, clean diamond of the same size, as stated in said Column 1, less the percentage stated under its named quality in Column 2, 3, 4 or 5 of said paragraph 1;

(*c*) top silver cape (or top light brown), silver cape (or light brown), cape (or brown) or second cape (or second brown) in colour, and clean, 1st pique, 2nd pique, spoted or heavily spotted in quality, shall be the maximum price of a white, clean diamond of the same size, as stated in Column 1 of said paragraph 1, less the percentage stated after its colour and under its named quality in Columns 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 of paragraph 2 of said Part II.

(2) The maximum price per carat, inclusive of sales tax, at which an importer or a wholesaler may sell or offer to sell an unset single cut (8/8) diamond which is in Canada on or before August 1st, 1943 if the said diamond is

(*a*) white in colour and clean in quality, shall be the price stated in Column 1 of paragraph I of Part III of the said Schedule opposite the size of the diamond;

(*b*) white in colour, and 1st pique, 2nd pique, spotted or heavily spotted in quality shall be the maximum price of a white, clean diamond of the same size, as stated in said Column 1, less the percentage stated under its named quality in Column 2, 3, 4 or 5 of said paragraph 1;

(*c*) top silver cape (or top light brown), silver cape (or light brown), cape (or brown) or second cape (or second brown) in colour, and clean, 1st pique, 2nd pique, spotted or heavily spotted in quality, shall be the maximum price of a white, clean diamond of the same size, as stated in Column 1 of said paragraph 1, less the percentage stated after its colour and under its named quality in Columns 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 of paragraph 2 of said Part III.

(3) The maximum price, inclusive of sales tax, at which a person who deals in diamonds, may sell or offer to sell an unset diamond commonly called "old miner" which is in Canada on or before August 1st, 1943, if the diamond is

(*a*) of a size up to and including ¼ carat, shall be the lesser of the following:

(i) the highest lawful price at which he sold or offered for sale a diamond of the said kind and size during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941; or

(ii) one hundred and twenty-five dollars ($125.00) per carat if the said diamond is clean, 1st pique or 2nd pique in quality, or seventy-five dollars ($75.00) per carat if the said diamond is spotted or heavily spotted in quality;

(*b*) of a size exceeding ¼ carat, shall be the lesser of the following:—

(i) the highest lawful price at which he sold or offered for sale a diamond of the said kind and size during the said basic period; or

(ii) the lawful maximum price fixed by subsection 1 or 2 of this section for a diamond of the same cut and most similar in size, colour and quality to the said diamond when recut. The loss anticipated in recutting the said diamond shall be estimated on a percentage basis and shown on the seller's invoice.

(4) The maximum price, inclusive of sales tax, at which a person may sell or offer to sell an unset diamond of irregular cut shall be the maximum price of a diamond of regular cut and of the same size and colour but of a quality next lower to the quality of the irregularly cut diamond.

(5) The maximum price, inclusive of sales tax, at which a person may sell or offer to sell any size, colour and quality of an unset fancy cut diamond or an unset polished diamond over two carats in weight shall be the highest price, inclusive of sales tax, at which he sold a diamond of the same size, colour and quality or weight during the said basic period.

4. (1) A person who buys any used diamond jewellery for the purpose of selling the diamonds therefrom shall not sell or offer to sell any one of such diamonds at a price that is higher than the maximum price fixed by section 3 for a diamond of the same colour, size and quality.

(2) A person who sells a diamond which he has removed from used jewellery, shall within ten days after sale file with the Administrator of Jewellery a statement in writing showing the colour, size and quality of the diamond, the price he received for it and the name and address of the purchaser.

Diamonds Imported Into Canada After August 1st, 1943

5. (1) No importer shall sell or offer to sell a parcel of polished diamonds which he imports into Canada after August 1st, 1943, unless he first

(*a*) files with the said Administrator the invoice received by him for the parcel of diamonds; and

(*b*) obtains from the said Administrator a registration number for the parcel of diamonds; and

(*c*) files with the said Administrator, after obtaining such registration number, a statement in writing showing the colour, size and quality of the diamonds contained in the parcel.

(2) Every person who sells an unset diamond imported into Canada after August 1st, 1943 shall forthwith after each sale file with the said Administrator a duplicate copy of the invoice showing the sale.

6. The maximum price per carat at which an importer or a wholesaler may sell or offer to sell an unset single cut (8/8) diamond, an unset swiss cut diamond up to and including ·07 carats, or an unset full cut diamond, imported into Canada after August 1st, 1943 shall be the maximum price fixed by section 3, for a diamond of the same cut, colour, size and quality, plus

(*a*) twenty-five per centum (25%) for a diamond up to and including ·05 carats in size;

(*b*) twenty per centum (20%) for a diamond larger than ·05 carats and smaller than ·50 carats in size; and

(*c*) fifteen per centum (15%) for a diamond ·50 carats or larger in size.

Miscellaneous Provisions Applicable to All Diamonds

7. (1) Every person dealing in diamonds, who has in his possession or acquires any diamonds of a quality inferior to heavily spotted shall classify the same on his records, invoices and the packages containing such diamonds as "rejections" and the classification may be designated by the letter "R".

(2) The maximum price at which any such person may sell or offer to sell a diamond properly clasified as "R" shall bear the same relationship to the maximum price at which he, in pursuance of the provisions of this Order, may sell or offer to sell a diamond of a superior quality, as his highest lawful selling price of a diamond classified as "R" bore to his highest lawful selling price of a diamond of the same superior quality during the said basic period.

8. No person dealing in diamonds shall sell or offer to sell a swiss cut diamond of a size exceeding ·07 carats, until his lawful maximum price therefor is fixed by the said Administrator.

9. No person who sells unset diamonds shall

(*a*) include in a parcel thereof any polished diamonds which are in Canada on or before August 1st, 1943 with diamonds imported into Canada after the said date;

(*b*) sell or offer to sell a parcel of polished diamonds if the diamonds contained therein are not of one grade as to size, colour and quality, unless the maximum price of each diamond contained therein does not exceed the lawful maximum price of the lowest grade of diamond in the parcel;

(*c*) have in his possession any parcel of polished diamonds which does not have endorsed thereon the size, colour and quality of the diamonds therein contained as specified in Part I of the said Schedule.

10. No importer, jewellery manufacturer or wholesaler shall sell, offer to sell or deliver on aproval an unset polished diamond, unless he supplies the buyer or person who receives on approval with an invoice showing

(*a*) the name and address of the seller, or person who delivers on approval and of the buyer, or person who receives on approval;

(*b*) the colour, size and quality of the diamond;

(*c*) his selling price of the diamond; and

(*d*) the registration number of the parcel from which the diamond is taken, if the diamond is imported after August 1st, 1943.

Diamond Mounted Jewellery

11. (1) This section applies to diamond mounted jewellery manufactured by a jewellery manufacturer who is not himself a retailer but who on or before the date of this Order maintained the practice of attaching to the jewellery a label, tag or other device showing the maximum price at which a retailer may sell or offer to sell the same.

(2) Every such jewellery manufacturer shall continue such practice and use the same kind of label, tag or other device unless the said Administrator otherwise directs.

(3) In this and subsequent sections of this Order,

(*a*) "established cost" relates to the diamond only which is mounted in the jewellery and means the amount customarily included before the date of this Order by the jewellery manufacturer in his manufactured cost of the diamond mounted jewellery for a diamond of the same cut, colour, size and quality;

(*b*) "manufactured cost" relates to diamond mounted jewellery and means and includes only those items of cost which the jewellery manufacturer customarily included to establish his manufactured cost of the same kind and quality of jewellery during the said basic period.

(4) No such jewellery manufacturer shall include in his manufactured cost of diamond mounted jewellery any factor or item of cost which he did not customarily include therein during the said basic period.

(5) In calculating the manufactured cost of diamond mounted jewellery the amount included therein for a diamond mounted in the jewellery shall be, if the diamond

(*a*) was in Canada and owned by the jewellery manufacturer on or before August 1st, 1943, the maximum price fixed for it by section 3 or his established cost, whichever is the less;

(*b*) was in Canada on or before August 1st, 1943, and is purchased by manufacturer after the said date, the maximum price fixed for it by section 3;

(*c*) is imported into Canada after August 1st, 1943, the maximum price fixed for it by section 6.

(6) In establishing his maximum selling price of diamond mounted jewellery he shall not include a markup (percentage on cost) that is greater than the markup (percentage on cost) customarily used by him in pricing the same kind and quality of jewellery during the said basic period.

(7) The markup (percentage on cost) which he includes in the retail selling price of the jewellery shall not be greater than the markup (percentage on cost) which he used in pricing the same kind and quality of jewellery for sale by retailers before the date of this Order, the jewellery manufacturer must set one selling price of the jewellery for sale by all retailers.

12. (1) This section applies to diamond mounted jewellery manufactured by a jewellery manufacturer who is not himself a retailer and who did not on or before the date of this Order attach to diamond mounted jewellery a label, tag or other device showing the maximum price at which a retailer might sell or offer to sell the jewellery.

(2) Such jewellery manufacturer shall not sell diamond mounted jewellery unless

(*a*) the said Administrator fixes the maximum prices at which the jewellery may be sold or offered for sale by him and by a retailer;

(*b*) he attaches to the jewellery a tag, label or other device in the form approved by the said Administrator showing the maximum price at which a retailer may sell or offer to sell the same.

(3) He must not sell the jewellery at a price that is higher than the price fixed by the said Administrator for the sale of the same by him. And he must not show on the said label, tag or other device a retail selling price of the jewellery that is higher than that fixed for the jewellery by the said Administrator.

13. (1) This section applies to diamond mounted jewellery manufactured by a jewellery manufacturer who is himself a retailer.

(2) Diamond mounted jewellery shall not be sold or offered for sale at retail by such manufacturer unless he attaches to it a label, tag or other device showing his maximum retail selling price of the same.

(3) No such jewellery manufacturer shall include in his manufactured cost of diamond mounted jewellery any factor or item of cost which he did not customarily include therein during the said basic period.

(4) In calculating the manufactured cost of diamond mounted jewellery the amount for a diamond mounted in the jewellery shall be, if the diamond

(*a*) was in Canada and owned by the jewellery manufacturer on or before August 1st, 1943, the maximum price fixed for it by section 3, or his established cost, whichever is the less;

(*b*) was in Canada on or before August 1st, 1943, and is purchased by the jewellery manufacturer after the said date, the maximum price fixed for it by section 3;

(*c*) is imported into Canada after August 1st, 1943, the maximum price fixed for it by section 6.

(5) In establishing his maximum selling price at retail such jewellery manufacturer shall not include a markup (percentage on cost) that is greater than the markup (percentage on cost) customarily used by him in pricing the same kind and quality of jewellery during the said basic period.

14. Every jewellery manufacturer shall keep a complete record of every diamond he mounts in jewellery. The record shall show the colour, size and quality of and the price he paid for the diamond. If the diamond is imported into Canada after August 1st, 1943, he shall also show the registration number assigned by the said Administrator to the parcel in which it was imported.

15. No retailer shall sell or offer to sell diamond mounted jewellery at a price that is higher than the price shown on the label, tag or other device attached to the jewellery as required by this Order. The price shown on the label, tag or other device must not exceed the highest price at which the jewellery may be sold at retail.

16. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Order fixing the maximum selling price of or the maximum markup on any diamond mounted jewellery, the said Administrator may at any time reduce the maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell such jewellery or reduce the maximum markup which may be included by any person in the selling price of such jewellery.

General

17. No person shall

(*a*) alter, deface, mutilate, obliterate or destroy any document relating to the purchase or sale of any diamond or diamond mounted jewellery, or any label, tag or other device attached to diamond mounted jewellery;

(*b*) remove any tag or label or other device affixed to diamond mounted jewellery by a jewellery manufacturer unless and until the said jewellery is sold to a person who buys the same for use and not for resale.

18. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the Administrator may grant upon application to him in any individual case of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

19. This Order shall be effective on and after the 2nd day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 12th day of July, 1943.

HERMAN H. LEVY,
Administrator of Jewellery.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-811

Part I

Classification of Diamonds

1. As to colour
    - (*a*) white,
    - (*b*) top silver cape,
    - (*c*) silver cape,
    - (*d*) cape,
    - (*e*) 2nd cape.

2. As to quality
    - (1) clean,
    - (2) 1st pique,
    - (3) 2nd pique,
    - (4) spotted,
    - (5) heavily spotted.

3. In a clean white diamond 20 per centum V.V.S. is permitted if the same is less than ½ carat in size. A clean white diamond ½ carat or larger in size shall be loupe clean.

4. As to cut

(*a*) a single cut diamond shall be indicated by the symbol 8/8;
(*b*) a swiss cut diamond shall be called brilliant cut;
(*c*) a full cut diamond shall be called brilliant cut.

PART II

Maximum prices per carat of swiss cut Diamonds up to and including 0·07 carats, and full cut Diamonds up to and including 2 carats

—	Column 1 Clean	Column 2 1st pique	Column 3 2nd pique	Column 4 Spotted	Column 5 Heavily Spotted
1. *(a)* White size of diamond in carats					
2	$550 00	12½ per centum less than the maximum price of a diamond of clean quality of the same size	20 per centum less than the maximum price of a diamond of clean quality of the same size	32 per centum less than the maximum price of a diamond of clean quality of the same size	40 per centum less than the maximum price of a diamond of clean quality of the same size
1·75	500 00				
1·50	450 00				
1	400 00				
0·90	375 00				
0·80	305 00				
0·75	300 00				
0·60	275 00				
0·50	260 00				
0·40	240 00				
0·33	240 00				
0·25	235 00				
0·20	235 00				
0·18	235 00				
0·16	235 00				
0·14	235 00				
0·12	235 00				
0·10	235 00				
0·08	235 00				
0·06	240 00				
0·04	240 00				
0·03	275 00				
0·02½	275 00				
0·02	275 00				

2. For a diamond properly classified in the colour stated in this paragraph, the maximum price fixed in paragraph 1 of this Part for a white, clean diamond of the same size, less the percentage stated opposite the colour and under the quality of the diamond, as follows:

—	Column 1 Clean	Column 2 1st pique	Column 3 2nd pique	Column 4 Spotted	Column 5 Heavily Spotted
(b) Top silver cape (or top light brown).	5%	17½%	25%	37%	45%
(c) Silver cape (or light brown)......	15%	27½%	35%	47%	55%
(d) Cape (or brown)......	25%	37½%	45%	57%	65%
(e) 2nd Cape (or 2nd brown)..	35%	47½%	55%	67%	75%

Part III

Maximum Prices per Carat of single cut (8/8) Diamonds.

—	Column 1 Clean	Column 2 1st pique	Column 3 2nd pique	Column 4 Spotted	Column 5 Heavily Spotted
1. *(a)* White number of diamonds per carat					
250	$500 00	7 per centum less than the maximum price of a diamond of clean quality of the same size	15 per centum less than the maximum price of a diamond of clean quality of the same size	27 per centum less than the maximum price of a diamond of clean quality of the same size	35 per centum less than the maximum price of a diamond of clean quality of the same size
200	450 00				
175	400 00				
150	375 00				
125	375 00				
100	350 00				
90	350 00				
80	300 00				
70	275 00				
60	275 00				
50	250 00				
40	225 00				
30	225 00				
25	200 00				
20	190 00				

2. For a diamond properly classified in the colour stated in this paragraph, the maximum price fixed in paragraph 1 of this Part for a white clean diamond of the same size, less the percentage stated opposite the colour and under the quality of the diamond as follows:—

—	Column 1 Clean	Column 2 1st pique	Column 3 2nd pique	Column 4 Spotted	Column 5 Heavily Spotted
(b) Top silver cape (or top light brown).	5%	12%	20%	32%	40%
(c) Silver cape (or light brown)......	15%	22%	30%	42%	50%
(d) Cape (or brown)......	25%	32%	40%	52%	60%
(e) 2nd Cape (or 2nd brown)..	35%	42%	50%	62%	70%

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-816

Respecting the Packaging of Certain Food Products in Glass Containers

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. No person shall use a new glass container for packing for sale any food product listed in the Schedule hereto unless such container is of a design and finish designated in the Schedule hereto by a number set opposite the name of such food product, which number shall refer and correspond to the figure number set out in the Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-815.

2. A person engaged in packing a food product named in the Schedule hereto who has on hand at the effective date hereof new glass containers in designs or finishes not permitted by the terms of this Order to be used for the packing of any food product produced or packed by him may notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1 of this Order use such glass containers for the packing of any food product.

3. Nothing in this Order shall prohibit the packing of any food product in a glass container which had prior to such use been used for packing any commodity.

4. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Co-Ordinator of Foods Administration may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 22nd day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 17th day of July, 1943.

K. W. TAYLOR,
Co-Ordinator of Foods Administration.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-816

Glass Containers for	*Number of Design and Finish of Glass Containers*
1. Jam, Jelly, Marmalade and Honey	4, 6, 8.
2. Prepared Mustard	1, 5, 7, 9.
3. Peanut Butter	3, 5, 6.
4. Mayonnaise Sandwich Spread and Mayonnaise	2, 5, 7, 9.
5. Pickles and Relish	3, 5, 6, 9.
Dill Pickles only	7.
6. Maraschino Cherries	1, 5, 7, 9.
7. Olives	1, 3, 5, 9.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-817

Respecting the Bottling of Alcoholic Beverages

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "alcoholic beverages" means beer, spirituous beverages and wine as herein defined;

(*b*) "beer" shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Excise Act 1934;

(*c*) "spirituous beverages" means and includes all beverages containing potable alcohol obtained by distillation made palatable by the addition of water and other substance in solution and commonly known as whisky, brandy, rum, gin, cocktails or liqueurs;

(*d*) "wine" means any alcoholic beverage, the product of the natural or induced fermentation of fruits, agricultural products or any saccharine material fermented alone or in any combination without any process of distillation.

2. No person shall use a glass container for bottling any alcoholic beverage unless it is of a design and finish designated in the Schedule hereto by a number set opposite the name of such alcoholic beverage, which number shall refer and correspond to the figure number set out in the Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-815.

3. Nothing in this Order shall prohibit

(*a*) the re-use by any person who bottles alcoholic beverages of glass containers previously used for bottling alcoholic beverages;

(*b*) the use by any person who bottles alcoholic beverages of new containers not conforming to the specifications of this Order which he had on hand at the effective date of this Order and which he acquired for the purpose of bottling alcoholic beverages.

4. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Alcoholic Beverages may grant upon application to him,

(*a*) to permit the bottling of alcoholic beverages for export from Canada in glass containers other than those listed in the Schedule hereto;

(*b*) in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 22nd day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 17th day of July, 1943.

D. SIM,
Administrator of Alcoholic Beverages.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-817.

Glass Containers for	*Number of Design and Finish of Glass Containers*
Beer	17, 18, 19, 20, 27.
Spirituous Beverages	10, 11, 12, 16.
Wine	13, 14, 15, 16, 25, 26.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-818

Concerning Price Adjustment of Food Products in New Size Glass Containers

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

INTRODUCTION

When Order goes into force.

1. This Order goes into force on July 22, 1943, and on and after that date governs as to all matters covered by this Order.

Reasons for this Order.

2. Some food products will in future be packed for sale in new sizes of glass containers which differ from the old sizes. In most cases the difference will not be more than 25 per cent.

What this Order covers.

3. This Order sets forth the rules to be followed by packers, wholesalers and retailers, etc., in adjusting selling prices of food products packed in new size glass containers which differ from the old size by not more than 25 per cent. The object of this Order is to stipulate that the highest lawful selling price of food products will remain the same as prevailed at the date of this Order.

What this Order does not cover.

4. This Order does not cover the case where the new size glass container differs from the old size by more than 25 per cent. In that case Order No. 214 must be followed.

Nor does this Order deal with the case where the only change in the glass container is one of style which does not affect the quantity of food product packed. In that case no need for price adjustment arises.

Food Product.

5. (*a*) *Food product*—This expression includes every edible food product and every ingredient intended for mixing with food. The expression does not however cover fluid milk or cream or other fluid beverage.

(*b*) *Old size*—This expression refers to a size of glass container in use prior to the date of this Order but the future use of which is to be discontinued.

Commercial Fill.

(*c*) *Commercial fill*—This expression means that the glass container is as full of food product as will permit of proper processing with the least addition of syrup, vinegar, brine or water.

Offences and penalties.

6. It is an offence for any person to sell or offer to sell a food product packed for sale in a new size glass container to which this Order applies at a price higher than is fixed by this Order. It is also an offence for any person to contravene or fail to observe and comply with any rule or provision of this Order.

Prosecution for an offence will be under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations which for each offence provides a penalty up to $5,000 or imprisonment for a term up to two years, or both fine and imprisonment.

PRICE ADJUSTMENT BY PACKERS

Who is a packer.

7. (1) Packer—This word means and includes a person who packs a food product for sale in a glass container, whether or not he actually manufactured or processed that food product.

How a packer adjusts his price for new size glass container.

(2) When a packer commences packing a food product for sale in a new size glass container covered by this Order in the place of his old size glass container, he must, before selling,

(*a*) measure to the nearest half-ounce the actual quantity of food product (up to commercial fill level) ordinarily sold by him in his old size glass container nearest to the new size.

(*b*) from that measurement calculate his highest lawful selling price per fluid ounce of the food product packed in the old size.

(*c*) apply the price per fluid ounce so calculated to the number of fluid ounces of food product (up to commercial fill level) which will ordinarily be packed in the new size, governing himself by the number of ounces blown into the glass.

Where two old sizes are equal, price to be averaged.

(3) Where it so happens that two of his old size glass containers vary from the new size by the same percentage, the packer in that case must in his calculations use the average price per ounce of food product contained in the two old sizes.

Highest selling price for a packer.

(4) The highest lawful price per fluid ounce at which a packer may sell or offer to sell a food product packed in a new size glass container covered by this Order shall be as ascertained and fixed according to this Section.

PRICES AND SIZE NOTICES BY PACKERS

Statement by packers to Foods Administration.

8. (1) As soon as a packer commences to pack a food product in a new size glass container and has adjusted his selling price for same as stipulated in Section 7 he must forward to the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration a signed statement giving the following information:—

(*a*) his name and business address in full.

(*b*) adequate description of the food product.

(*c*) adequate descriptions of the styles and sizes (up to commercial fill level) of his new size and old size glass containers.

(*d*) his highest lawful selling price per fluid ounce of the food product.

(*e*) the price at which he has been selling the food product in the old size.

(*f*) the price at which he proposes to sell the food product in the new size.

Packer to retain samples of old sizes.

(2) Every packer who commences to pack a food product in a new size glass container shall retain at least three of his old size glass containers and have them available for inspection by any Board officer or authorized representative at any time within one year after he forwards the statement above referred to.

Statement by packers on first sale of new size.

9. On the first sale which a packer makes to any person of a food product packed in a new size glass container covered by this Order, he shall endorse on his sale invoice or send by separate statement to the buyer the following information:

(*a*) an adequate description of the food product;

(*b*) adequate descriptions of the styles and sizes (up to commercial fill level) of the new size and old size glass containers;

(*c*) the actual percentage of difference (greater or less) between the old size and the new size.

(*d*) his highest lawful price for the food product in the old size container;

(*e*) his highest lawful price for the food product in the new size container.

A form is attached hereto as a Schedule to this Order for the information of the packer in preparing and sending out the above mentioned statement.

Statement packers of previous changes of size and price.

10. Every packer who before the date of this Order changed the size of any glass container in which he sold a food product and varied the selling price thereof with the authority of an Administrator or other person acting for or on behalf of the Board must within 15 days from the date of this Order forward to the Co-Ordinator, Foods Administration a signed statement giving the same information as is called for in the statement referred to in Section 8.

PRICE ADJUSTMENT BY WHOLESALERS, ETC.

Who is a Wholesaler.

11. (1) *Wholesaler*—This word includes any person, except a retailer, who in his ordinary course of business sells food products packed for sale in glass containers just as they were when he bought them. The word includes a jobber or distributor.

Wholesaler not to sell until he receives statement.

(2) When a wholesaler buys a food product packed for sale in a new size glass container covered by this Order he must not sell the same until his supplier furnishes him with the information to be forwarded by the packer as stipulated in Section 9.

Wholesaler's highest selling price.

(3) The highest lawful price per fluid ounce at which a wholesaler may sell or offer to sell a food product packed for sale in a new size of glass container covered by this Order shall be adjusted to the highest lawful price at which he could sell the same food product in an old size glass container by the same percentage of difference (greater or less) in price as the new size glass container differs from the old size as shown on the information furnished to the wholesaler as stipulated in Section 9.

Statement by wholesaler on first sale of new size.

(4) On the first sale which a wholesaler makes to any person of a food product packed in a new size glass container covered by this Order he shall endorse on his sale invoice or send by separate statement to the buyer the same information as is given on the invoice or statement he received, except that he shall give his own selling price in place of the packer's.

PRICE ADJUSTMENT BY RETAILERS

Who is a retailer.

12. (1) *Retailer*—This word includes a person who in his ordinary course of business sells goods to persons who buy for their household or personal use or consumption and not for resale.

Retailer not to sell until he receives statement.

(2) When a retailer buys a food product packed for sale in a new size glass container covered by this Order he must not sell the same until his supplier furnishes him with the information to be forwarded by the packer as stipulated by Section 9 or by the wholesaler as stipulated by Section 11, accordingly as he may buy direct from the packer or through a wholesaler.

Retailers highest selling price.

(3) The highest lawful price per fluid ounce at which a retailer may sell or offer to sell a food product packed for sale in a new size glass container covered by this Order shall be adjusted to the highest lawful price at which he could sell the same food product in an old size container by the same percentage of difference (greater or less) in price as the new size container differs from the old size as shown on the statement to be furnished to the retailer as stipulated in subsection 2.

Avoiding fractions in prices.

(4) Where the highest lawful selling price per container for a retailer works out to include a fraction of a cent, he must go to the nearest whole cent and if the fraction be exactly a half-cent he may go to the next higher whole cent.

Dated at Ottawa, this 19th day of July, 1943.

K. W. TAYLOR,
Co-ordinator, Foods Administration.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-818

Form referred to in Section 9 of Administrator's Order No. A-818

RE .... PACKED ....
Brand and Product Size

This product is replacing the product formerly packed and offered for sale in a .... ounce glass container.

Our selling price has been	Our highest lawful price for the above product in the old size of container is ....
☐ Reduced	Our highest lawful price for the above product
☐ Increased by ....%	in the new size of container is ....

(Mark X in whichever is aplicable)

Your ceiling price in accordance with the provisions of Order No. A-818 must be adjusted as follows:—

(*a*) If the product is packed in a larger container than formerly your maximum selling price must not be increased by an amount in excess of the percentage named herein:

(*b*) If the product is packed in a smaller container than formerly, your maximum selling price must be reduced by an amount no less than the percentage named herein:

In the event, however, that you have no lawfully established maximum selling price on the former pack, you are to follow the procedure as outlined in Order No. 214.

....
Name of Vendor

....
Address

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-819

Respecting Farm Machinery and Equipment and Parts Therefor

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-101 as amended by Administrator's Order No. A-386 is hereby further amended by renumbering Section 2 thereof as subsection (1) of Section 2 and by inserting the following as subsection (2) of Section 2:

"(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section, a manufacturer may use black iron in the production of the following items:

(*a*) hopper sides for seeding or sowing attachments on one way discs, harrow plows, tiller combines and similar types;

(*b*) hopper sides for eastern plain drills;

(*c*) feed hoppers for grain grinders having grinding plates of 8″ diameter or over."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 23rd day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 20th day of July, 1943.

H. H. BLOOM,
Administrator of Farm and Construction
Machinery and Municipal Service
Equipment.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-821

Respecting Wholesale Deliveries and the Use of Automotive Vehicles

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Section 7 of Administrator's Order No. A-292 is hereby amended by revoking clause (*e*) thereof and substituting the following therefor:

"(*e*) to or for the Departments of National Defence including naval, military or air force camps or barracks or to or for the Department of Munitions and

Supply or any agency thereof or to or for the Department of Transport or any agency thereof or to or for the National Research Council or any agency thereof; or"

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 27th day of July, 1943

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

M. W. McCUTCHEON,
Administrator of Services.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-822

Respecting Rooming Accommodation in the Town of Windsor, in the Province of Nova Scotia

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board and by Administrator's Order No. A-488, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. The Town of Windsor, in the Province of Nova Scotia, is hereby designated as an area to which the provisions of Administrator's Order No. A-488 shall, on and after July 28, 1943, apply.

2. In accordance with the provisions of Section 16 of Administrator's Order No. A-488, forms R.C. 34, R.C. 35, R.C. 30-A and R.C. 30-B provided by the Board, are hereby prescribed

3. This Order shall be effective on and after the 28th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

OWEN LOBLEY,
A Rentals Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-824

Respecting Maximum Consumers' Prices for Pulpwood Cut from the Stump in the Province of New Brunswick

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "consumer" means any manufacturer of pulp and paper or other wood products purchasing pulpwood for use in Canada;

(*b*) "cord" means an amount of pulpwood which, when properly stacked, occupies a space containing 128 cubic feet;

(*c*) "hemlock pulpwood", "poplar pulpwood", "jack pine pulpwood" and "princess pine pulpwood" mean round and sound bolts of hemlock, poplar, jack pine and princess pine respectively;

(*d*) "spruce pulpwood" means round and sound bolts of spruce or round and sound bolts of spruce mixed with round and sound bolts of balsam and/or fir.

2. *Balsam and Fir Content of Spruce Restricted*

No person shall sell or offer for sale to a consumer and no consumer shall purchase any spruce pulpwood with a balsam and/or fir content exceeding that established by custom in the local area of the Province of New Brunswick in which such pulpwood was cut from the stump.

3. *Maximum Consumers' Prices for Pulpwood*

(1) No person shall sell or offer for sale to a consumer and no consumer shall purchase any spruce, hemlock, poplar, jack pine or princess pine pulpwood cut from the stump in the Province of New Brunswick, at a price in excess of the price set out hereunder, which price shall include all brokers' and dealers' fees and other charges and shall also include the cost of delivery at the consumer's mill unless the pulpwood is delivered by railroad when the price shall be f.o.b. car at loading point or by ship when the price shall be f.a.s. vessel or delivered at an established piling ground in close proximity to the dock or wharf at which the vessel will be loaded.

Kind of Pulpwood	*Rough* (per cord)	*Peeled* (per cord)
Hemlock Pulpwood	$8.75	$11.70
Spruce Pulpwood	9.85	12.80
Poplar Pulpwood	7.45	9.60
Jack Pine Pulpwood	8.75	11.70
Princess Pine Pulpwood	8.75	11.70

(2) For pulpwood delivered by a seller by truck to a consumer's mill, the consumer may pay and the seller may accept, in addition to the price set out above in subsection (1), a delivery charge of $1.00 per cord when rough and 75 cents per cord when peeled.

4. *Effective Date*

This Order shall be effective on and after the 2nd day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-825

Respecting Maximum Prices of Shelled and Unshelled Peanuts

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered, on behalf of such Board, as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Operator of central distributing warehouse" means any person who operates a warehouse servicing his own retail outlets;

(*b*) "manufacturer" means a person who buys peanuts to use to manufacture or otherwise process goods for sale;

(*c*) "wholesale distributor" means a person who buys peanuts from an importer and sells them (otherwise than at retail) either in the form in which they were purchased by him or after he roasts them or has them roasted for him, and includes a jobber.

Sales by Importers

2. The maximum price, f.o.b. his place of business or ex dock or ex railway car, as the case may be, at which a person who imports shelled or unshelled green peanuts may sell or offer to sell such peanuts either in the condition in which he imported them or after he roasts them or has them roasted for him shall be the sum of the following:—

(*a*) the actual laid down cost for such peanuts on track or dock at the point where such peanuts cleared through customs in Canada, but not in any event exceeding—

13½ cents per pound for green unshelled peanuts, including sales tax,
19½ cents per pound for green shelled peanuts, excluding sales tax,

(*b*) in the case only where such peanuts are transported to such person's place of business, the actual transportation charges or cartage charges on such peanuts from track or dock to such person's place of business; and

(*c*) an amount, in the case where such person roasts or has such peanuts roasted for him only, equal to the actual cost of roasting plus the actual loss in green weight incurred by him through shrinkage in roasting, but not in any event exceeding three-quarter cents (¾c.) per pound to cover roasting cost and 15 per cent of his laid down cost of roasted peanuts to cover shrinkage;

(*d*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, on sales of such peanuts, and not in any event exceeding

(i) 5 per cent of his selling price on sales to a wholesale distributor, manufacturer or operator of a central distributing warehouse;
(ii) 15 per cent of his selling price on sales to any other class of customer.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors who do not Import

3. The maximum price, f.o.b. his place of business at which a wholesale distributor who is not an importer of peanuts may sell or offer to sell green shelled or green or roasted unshelled peanuts shall be the sum of the following,

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for such peanuts, but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by his supplier, plus such transportation charges and sales tax as are to be borne by him and are not included in such actual price;

(*b*) an amount, in the case only where he buys green unshelled peanuts and roasts them or has them roasted for him, if the roasting and shrinkage charges are not included in the actual price paid for the peanuts, equal to the actual cost of roasting plus the actual loss in green weight incurred by him through shrinkage in roasting, but not in any event exceeding three-quarter cents (¾c.) per pound to cover roasting cost and 15 per cent of his laid down cost of roasted peanuts to cover shrinkage;

(*c*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, on sales of such peanuts, and not in any event exceeding ten percent (10%) of his selling price.

Sales at Retail

4. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of this Section, the maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell or supply at retail any unshelled roasted peanuts shall be the sum of the following:—

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for such peanuts, but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by his supplier, plus such transportation charges and sales tax as are to be borne by him and are not included in such actual price;

(*b*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales of such peanuts and not in any event exceeding 25 per cent of his selling price.

(2) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any person selling unshelled roasted peanuts at retail at places of amusement and such person may continue to sell peanuts at his highest lawful selling price established by him during the said basic period.

Records of Sales and Purchases

5. (*a*) Every person selling peanuts as an importer or at wholesale shall furnish every buyer of peanuts concurrently with delivery of the peanuts with an invoice showing accurately the date of delivery, the name and complete address of the seller and the consignee, and the actual selling price per pound for such peanuts;

(*b*) Every person importing peanuts and every person selling peanuts at wholesale or at retail shall, before selling or offering to sell any peanuts, make or cause to be made, an accurate record separately detailed for each place of business operated by him, showing in respect of each importation or purchase of peanuts by him the date of importation or purchase, as the case may be, the name and complete address of his supplier, the price per pound paid for such peanuts in the case of a purchase and the laid down cost of such peanuts in the case of an importation;

(*c*) Every person to whom an invoice is furnished, pursuant to subsection (*a*) of this Section, and every person required to keep a record, pursuant to subsection (*b*) of this Section, shall retain such record and invoice available for inspection by any representative of the Board for a period of one year from the date of the transaction to which it relates;

(*d*) The retention by any person of an invoice available for inspection by any representative of the Board shall, in respect to the particulars mentioned in such invoice, be a sufficient compliance by that person with the provisions of subsection (*b*) of this Section.

6. This Order shall be effective on and after the 30th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

A. S. MAY,
Administrator, Imported Grocery Items.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-826

Respecting Restaurant or Vitrified Ware

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board, as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order, "restaurant or vitrified ware" means clay base pottery ware known to the trade as such and commonly sold for use in the preparation and serving of foods in hotels, restaurants, catering establishments, hospitals, institutions and other similar places.

2. (1) No person shall manufacture an article of restaurant or vitrified ware,

(*a*) of a kind or type other than those specified in the Schedule hereto;

(*b*) in more than one design of each kind or type so specified;

(*c*) in a size or of a capacity for each kind or type so specified other than as stated opposite that kind or type in the said Schedule or where no size or capacity is so stated than as set forth in the statement required to be filed pursuant to Section 3;

(*d*) which to the trade is commonly known as "decorated" restaurant or vitrified ware except by methods and processes limited to the complete artificial pigmentation or colouring of the clay base or complete applied glaze if the same can be accomplished by use of existing or readily available supplies and without use of additional labour or firing;

(*e*) bearing the emboss, stamp or imprint of the name, crest, trade-mark, back-stamp or other identifying mark of any person other than the manufacturer.

(2) Notwithstanding that the sizes and capacities of any kind or type of restaurant or vitrified ware stated in the said Schedule are specific, a person who manufactures the same is allowed a tolerance of 10 per cent from such sizes and capacities without thereby being deemed to have contravened the provisions of clause (*c*) of subsection 1 of this Section.

(3) No person who manufactures any of the said wares shall acquire or use in his manufacture a mould design not in his possession on the effective date of this Order.

3. (1) Every person who manufactures restaurant or vitrified ware shall, on or before the 14th day of August, 1943, file with the said Administrator a list (in tabular form) of the kinds, types, sizes and capacities specified in the said Schedule which he proposes to manufacture and where no sizes or capacities are so specified, in which sizes and capacities he proposes to manufacture.

(2) The said Administrator may, with or without variation, approve in writing the list of kinds, types, sizes and capacities so proposed to be manufactured by such person, and thereafter, that person shall not, except with the written permission of the said Administrator, manufacture restaurant or vitrified ware of a kind, type, size or capacity other than those so approved.

4. (1) The said Administrator may by written permission authorize a person to manufacture restaurant or vitrified ware of a type or size not specified in the said Schedule

(*a*) to complete articles if on the date of this order they were in course of manufacture;

(*b*) if his plant facilities are not suited or readily adaptable to the manufacture of articles specified in the said Schedule; and

(*c*) if the unspecified articles can be manufactured at the same time as specified articles without use of additional labour or firing;

(2) A manufacturer who seeks written permission under subsection 1 shall apply in writing for same to the said Administrator and furnish detailed particulars of his proposals.

(3) No article of restaurant or vitrified pottery ware not specified in the said Schedule shall be manufactured under the terms of a written permission issued under this Section unless and until the price at which the same may be sold has been fixed in accordance with Order No. 214 of the Board.

5. The maximum price including sales tax, at which a person who is a manufacturer of restaurant or vitrified ware may sell or offer to sell a kind or type thereof specified in the said Schedule and in a size or of a capacity which he may lawfully manufacture shall be,

(*a*) to a person other than a wholesaler, jobber or retailer, the price set forth opposite the same in the said Schedule;

(*b*) to a wholesaler, jobber or retailer, the price set forth opposite the same in the said Schedule less a discount therefrom of thirty-three and one-third per cent (33⅓%).

6. The maximum price at which a wholesaler, jobber or retailer may sell or offer to sell restaurant or vitrified ware of a kind or type thereof specified in the said Schedule and in a size or of a capacity which may lawfully be manufactured shall be the sum of,

(*a*) the actual price paid by him therefor, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price at which the manufacturer may sell the same to him;

(*b*) the transportation charges thereon from the factory, warehouse or other place of business of the manufacturer to his own warehouse, if or to the extent the charges are not included in the said price and are paid by him; and

(*c*) a percentage markup not greater than that normally used by him in pricing the same article of restaurant or vitrified ware during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, computed on the sum of the two items mentioned in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of this Section, or if such article was not sold by him during the said basic period not greater than the percentage markup normally used by him in pricing a similar product during the said basic period, computed on the sum of the said two items; but in no case shall the markup of one or the combined markups of two or more wholesalers, jobbers and retailers exceed fifty per centum (50%) of the sum of the said two items.

7. Nothing in this Order contained shall be deemed to prohibit the manufacture of sanitary ware, unglazed flower pots and electrical goods and devices which are made of vitrified ware.

8. The provisions of Section 2 of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the said Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

9. This Order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943.

DATED AT OTTAWA, this 26th day of July, 1943.

G. P. SABISTON,
Administrator of Sundry Items, N.O.P.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-826

RESPECTING RESTAURANT OR VITRIFIED WARE

The prices hereunder set forth are F.O.B. factory or warehouse of the manufacturer and inclusive of sales tax

No.	Approximate Capacity—and/or Size (overall)	Description of Kind and Type	Price
		RESTAURANT OR VITRIFIED WARE	$ cts.
1		Cups—1. Ovide	0 19
2		2. Karmes or Saxon	0 23
3		3. ½ Pt. Mug	0 28
4		4. Dom. (Army)	0 19
5		5. Worcester or Safety	0 19
6		6. Worcester (without handle)	0 14
7	6″	Saucer	0 11
8	5½″	Fruit Nappie	0 11
9	6″	Plate	0 15
10	7″	Plate	0 17
11	8″	Plate	0 21
12	9″	Plate	0 26
13	10″	Plate	0 30
14	9″	Soup Plate	0 26
15	5½″–9 oz	Soup Bowl	0 30
16	6½″	Rim Oatmeal Round	0 19
17		Egg Cup, Single	0 15
18	8⅜″	Platter, Small	0 35
19	10⅜″	Platter, Large	0 52
20	12″	Meat Dish	0 60
21	17″	Meat Dish	1 00
22	9″	Vegetable Dish	0 35
23	3 oz	Sauce Boat	0 45
24	6½ oz	Muffin Cover	0 53
25	12″, 64–80 oz	Mixing Bowl	0 66
26	1½ oz	Cream, Individual (no handles)	0 17
27	3½ oz	Cream, Individual (no handles)	0 25
28	1 pt., 16–20 oz	Ball Jug for Water	0 60
29	32–40 oz	Ball Jug for Water	1 00
30	4–12 oz	Milk Pitcher	0 32
31	14–26 oz	Milk Pitcher	0 53
32	30–40 oz	Milk Pitcher	0 83
33	60–80 oz	Milk Pitcher	1 25
34	128–160 oz	Milk Pitcher	2 00
35	2 oz	Mustard Pot (Covered)	0 30
36	1–2 cup	Coffee Pot	0 60
37	1–2 cup	Tea Pot	0 60
38	60–80 oz	Tea Pot	1 25
39		Sugar Bowl (with cover)	0 32
40	4–6 oz	Custard cup	0 15
41	10″	Celery Tray—Fish Casserole	0 90
42	6½″ x 3½″	Ice Bowl (butter service)	0 56
43	6″	Casserole (with cover)	0 85
44	9″	Casserole (with cover)	2 25
45	14–26 oz	Marmit, Small	0 60
46	64–80 oz	Marmit, Large	1 00
47	8–10 oz	Shirred Egg with Lug	0 42
48	5¼″, 8–12 oz	Oval Baker	0 35
49	3½ oz	Ramekin Dish	0 20
50		Inhaler	0 60
51	8–10 oz	Acid Jug	0 70
51a	1 gal	Filling Pan	2 05
51b		Sick Feeder	0 50

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-827

Respecting Stoneware

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order, "stoneware" means clay base articles known to the trade as crockery, ironstone or stoneware, commonly used for the preparation and storage of foods.

2. (1) No person shall manufacture an article of stoneware

(*a*) of a kind or type other than those specified in the Schedule hereto;
(*b*) in more than one design of each kind or type so specified;
(*c*) in a size or of a capacity for each kind or type so specified other than as stated opposite that kind or type in the said Schedule or where no size or capacity is so stated than as set forth in the statement required to be filed pursuant to Section 3;
(*d*) which to the trade is commonly known as "decorated" stoneware except by methods and processes limited to the complete artificial pigmentation or colouring of the clay base or complete applied glaze if the same can be accomplished by use of existing or readily available supplies and without use of additional labour or firing;
(*e*) bearing the emboss, stamp or imprint of the name, crest, trade-mark, back-stamp or other identifying mark of any person other than the manufacturer.

(2) Notwithstanding that the sizes and capacities of any kind or type of stoneware stated in the said Schedule are specific, a person who manufactures the same is allowed a tolerance of ten per cent (10%) from such sizes and capacities without thereby being deemed to have contravened the provisions of clause (*c*), subsection 1 of this Section.

(3) No person who manufactures any of the said wares shall acquire or use in his manufacture a mould design not in his possession on the effective date of this Order.

3. (1) Every person who manufactures stoneware shall, on or before the 14th day of August, 1943, file with the said Administrator a list (in tabular form) of the kinds, types, sizes and capacities specified in the said Schedule which he proposes to manufacture and where no sizes or capacities are so specified, in which sizes and capacities he proposes to manufacture.

(2) The said Administrator may, with or without variation, approve in writing the list of kinds, types, sizes and capacities so proposed to be manufactured by such person, and thereafter, that person shall not, except with the written permission of the said Administrator, manufacture stoneware of a kind, type, size or capacity other than those so approved.

4. (1) The said Administrator may by written permission authorize a person to manufacture stoneware of a type or size not specified in the said Schedule

(*a*) to complete articles if on the date of this Order they were in course of manufacture;
(*b*) if his plant facilities are not suited or readily adaptable to the manufacture of articles specified in the said Schedule; and
(*c*) if the unspecified articles can be manufactured at the same time as specified articles without use of additional labour or firing.

(2) A manufacturer who seeks written permission under subsection 1 shall apply in writing for same to the said Administrator and furnish detailed particulars of his proposals.

(3) No article of stoneware not specified in the said Schedule shall be manufactured under the terms of a written permission issued under this Section unless and until the price at which the same may be sold has been fixed in accordance with Order No. 214 of the Board.

5. Nothing in this Order contained shall be deemed to prohibit the manufacture of sanitary ware, unglazed flower pots and electrical goods and devices which are made of stoneware.

6. The provisions of Section 2 of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the said Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

7. This Order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

G. P. SABISTON,
Administrator of Sundry Items, N.O.P.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON.
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-827

RESPECTING STONEWARE

No.	Approximate Capacity of Size	Description of Kind or Type
84	6″	Mixing Bowl.
85	8″	Mixing Bowl.
86	10″	Mixing Bowl.
87	4″	Pudding Bowl.
88	5″	Pudding Bowl.
89	6″	Pudding Bowl.
90	7″	Pudding Bowl.
91	9″	Pie Plate.
92	32–40 oz	Ball Jug for Water.
93	4–10 oz	Milk Pitcher.
94	16–20 oz	Milk Pitcher.
95	30–40 oz	Milk Pitcher.
96	1–2 cup	Coffee Pot (Brown).
97	1–2 cup	Tea Pot (Brown)
98	4–6 cup	Tea Pot (Brown).
99	10 cup	Tea Pot (Brown).
100	3 lb	Butter Crock, No cover.
101	½ gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
102	1 gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
103	3 gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
104	5 gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
105	10 gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
106	15 gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
107	20 gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
108	30 gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
109	50 gal	Butter Crock, with Cover.
110	½ gal	Crock Cover.
111	1 gal	Crock Cover.
112	3 gal	Crock Cover.
113	5 gal	Crock Cover.
114	10 gal	Crock Cover.
115	15 gal	Crock Cover.
116	20 gal	Crock Cover.
117	30 gal	Crock Cover.
118	50 gal	Crock Cover.
119	5 gal	Churns and Dashers.
120	1 qt	Bean Pot and Cover.
121	2 qt	Bean Pot and Cover.
122	4 qt	Bean Pot and Cover.
123	6 qt	Bean Pot and Cover.
124	1 gal	Jug—Narrow Mouth.
125	5 gal	Jug—Narrow Mouth.
126	1 gal	Jug—Wide Mouth.
127	5 gal	Jug—Wide Mouth.
128	5 gal	Ice Water Keg. (W.O. Tap) with Cover.
129	1 gal	Pickle Jar.
130	5 gal	Pickle Jar.
131	3 gal	Commode—with Cover.
132		Chamber—with Cover.
133	1 gal	Acid Pitcher.
134		Footwarmer.
135	½–1 gal	Chicken Fountain.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-828

Respecting Pottery Ware

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-521 respecting Pottery Ware is hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

G. P. SABISTON,
Administrator of Sundry Items, N.O.P.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-829

Respecting Semi-Porcelain Pottery Ware

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board, as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order, "semi-porcelain pottery ware" means clay base articles known to the trade as such and commonly sold for household use.

2. (1) No person shall manufacture an article of semi-porcelain pottery ware

(*a*) of a kind or type other than those specified in the Schedule hereto;

(*b*) in more than one design of each kind or type so specified;

(*c*) in a size or of a capacity for each kind or type so specified other than as stated opposite that kind or type in the said Schedule or where no size or capacity is so stated than as set forth in the statement required to be filed pursuant to Section 3;

(*d*) which to the trade is commonly known as "decorated" semi-porcelain pottery ware except by methods and processes limited to the complete artificial pigmentation or colouring of the clay base or complete applied glaze if the same can be accomplished by use of existing or readily available supplies and without use of additional labour or firing;

(*e*) bearing the emboss, stamp or imprint of the name, crest, trade-mark, back-stamp or other identifying mark of any person other than the manufacturer.

(2) Notwithstanding that the sizes and capacities of any kind or type of semi-porcelain pottery ware stated in the said Schedule are specific, a person who manufactures the same is allowed a tolerance of ten per cent (10%) from such sizes and capacities without thereby being deemed to have contravened the provisions of clause (*c*) of subsection 1 of this Section.

(3) No person who manufactures any of the said wares shall acquire or use in his manufacture a mould design not in his possession on the effective date of this Order.

3. (1) Every person who manufactures semi-porcelain pottery ware shall, on or before the 14th day of August 1943, file with the said Administrator a list (in tabular form) of the kinds, types, sizes and capacities specified in the said Schedule which he proposes to manufacture and where no sizes or capacities are so specified, in which sizes and capacities he proposes to manufacture.

(2) The said Administrator may, with or without variation, approve in writing the list of kinds, types, sizes and capacities so proposed to be manufactured by such person, and thereafter, that person shall not, except with the written permission of the said Administrator, manufacture semi-porcelain pottery ware of a kind, type, size or capacity other than those so approved.

4. (1) The said Administrator may by written permission authorize a person to manufacture semi-porcelain pottery ware of a type or size not specified in the said Schedule

(*a*) to complete articles if on the date of this Order they were in course of manufacture;

(*b*) if his plant facilities are not suited or readily adaptable to the manufacture of articles specified in the said Schedule; and

(*c*) if the unspecified articles can be manufactured at the same time as specified articles without use of additional labour or firing.

(2) A manufacturer who seeks written permission under subsection 1 shall apply in writing for same to the said Administrator and furnish detailed particulars of his proposals.

(3) No article of semi-porcelain pottery ware not specified in the said Schedule shall be manufactured under the terms of a written permission issued under this Section unless and until the price at which the same may be sold has been fixed in accordance with Order No. 214 of the Board.

5. The maximum price including sales tax, at which a person who is a manufacturer of semi-porcelain pottery ware may sell or offer to sell a kind or type thereof specified in the said Schedule and in a size or of a capacity which he may lawfully manufacture shall be,

(*a*) to a person other than a wholesaler or jobber, the price set forth opposite the same in the said Schedule;

(*b*) to a wholesaler or jobber, the price set forth opposite the same in the said Schedule less a discount therefrom of twenty-five per cent (25%).

6. The maximum price f.o.b. seller's warehouse or place of business, at which a wholesaler or jobber may sell or offer to sell to a retailer semi-porcelain pottery ware of a kind or type thereof specified in the said Schedule and in a size or of a capacity which may lawfully be manufactured shall be the sum of

(*a*) the actual price paid by him therefor, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price at which the manufacturer may sell the same to him;

(*b*) the transportation charges thereon from the factory, warehouse or other place of business of the manufacturer to his own warehouse or place of business, if or to the extent the charges are not included in the said price and are paid by him; and

(*c*) a percentage markup not greater than that normally used by him in pricing the same article of semi-porcelain pottery ware during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, computed on the sum of the two items mentioned in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of this Section, or if the article was not sold by him during the said basic period not greater than the percentage markup normally used by him in pricing a similar product during the said basic period, computed on the sum of the said two items; but in no case shall the markup of one or the combined markups of two or more wholesalers and jobbers exceed thirty-three and one-third per centum (33⅓%) of the sum of the said two items.

7. The maximum price at which a person other than a manufacturer may sell or offer to sell at retail semi-porcelain pottery ware of a kind or type specified in the said Schedule and in a size or of a capacity which may lawfully be manufactured shall be the sum of

(*a*) the actual price paid by him therefor, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price at which his supplier may sell the same to him;

(*b*) the transportation charges thereon from the factory, warehouse or other place of business of his supplier to his own warehouse or place of business, if or to the extent the charges are not included in the said price and are paid by him; and (*c*) a percentage markup not greater than that normally used by him in pricing the same article of semi-porcelain pottery ware during the said basic period computed on the sum of the two items mentioned in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of this Section, or if the article was not sold by him during the said basic period, not greater than the percentage normally used by him in pricing a similar product during the said basic period computed on the sum of the said two items; but in no case shall the markup exceed fifty per cent (50%) of the sum of the said items.

8. Nothing in this Order contained shall be deemed to prohibit the manufacture of sanitary ware, unglazed flower pots and electrical goods and devices which are made of semi-porcelain pottery ware.

9. The provisions of Section 2 of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the said Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

10. This order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

G. P. SABISTON,
Administrator of Sundry Items, N.O.P.

Approved:

P. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-829

RESPECTING SEMI-PORCELAIN POTTERY WARE

The prices hereinafter set forth are F.O.B. factory or warehouse of the manufacturer and inclusive of sales tax

No.	Approximate Capacity or Size	Description of Kind or Type	Price	
			$	cts.
52		Cup (with handle)	0	11⅓
52 A	8 oz	Cup (without handle)	0	08
53	6″	Saucer	0	05
54	7″	Tea Plate	0	10
55	9″–10″	Dinner Plate	0	17
56	6″	Cereal or Soup Bowl	0	10
57	10″	Salad Bowl	0	30
58	8–10 oz	Cream Pitcher	0	30
59	6″	Mixing Bowl	0	17
60	8″	Mixing Bowl	0	33
61	10″	Mixing Bowl	0	50
62	4″	Pudding Bowl	0	10
63	5″	Pudding Bowl	0	13
64	6″	Pudding Bowl	0	17
65	7″	Pudding Bowl	0	23
66	9″	Pie Plate	0	33
67		Egg Cup, Single	0	09
68	8⅜″	Platter, Small	0	30
69	10⅜″	Platter, Large	0	50
70	3 oz	Sauce Boat	0	53
71	6¼ oz	Muffin Cover	0	33
72	1–2 oz	Cream (Individual)	0	13
73	3–4 oz	Cream (no handle)	0	17
74	4–12 oz	Milk Pitcher	0	30
75	14–26 oz	Milk Pitcher	0	40
76	30–40 oz	Milk Pitcher	0	63
77	2 oz	Mustard Pot (Covered)	0	27
78	6 oz	Custard Cup	0	10
79	1–2 cup	Coffee Pot	0	43
80	1–2 cup	Tea Pot	0	43
81	4–6 cup	Tea Pot	0	57
82	2 oz	Salt and pepper	0	50 pr.
83	6 oz	Salt and pepper	0	83 pr.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

Order No. M.C. 4A

(Tinplate)

Dated July 12, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225, dated June 19, 1942, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,
It is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order unless the context otherwise requires:
(*a*) "tinplate" shall mean iron or steel plate coated on both sides with commercially pure tin;
(*b*) "terne mixture" means a mixture of tin and lead used for furnishing a protective coating for steel plate;
(*c*) "terne plate" means steel plate coated with terne mixture;
(*d*) "container" shall mean any unused container intended for packaging commodities for sale;
(*e*) "manufacture" shall include any of the following activities or undertakings and shall also include the doing of any act in preparation for or in the course of any of them:
make, fabricate, assemble, produce, process, melt, turn, spin and coat, and "manufacturing", "manufactured" and "manufacturer" shall have corresponding meanings;
(*f*) "person" shall include firm, partnership, corporation, any governmental body or department, and/or any aggregation of persons.

2. *Metals Controller Order No. 4 Rescinded*

Order of the Metals Controller No. 4 dated 11th September, 1941, is hereby rescinded.

3. *Manufacture, Purchase, Acquisition and Consumption only Pursuant to Provisions of this Order*

On and after the effective date of this Order, whether or not he shall have previously entered into any contract or made any commitment with respect thereto, no person shall, except under a permit in writing from the Metals Controller, manufacture, purchase or otherwise acquire, or consume or use any material for the manufacture of containers, carrying a tin coating in excess of any minimum tin coating specified by Order in Council P.C. 5110 of June 24, 1943 (Department of Pensions and National Health) as set out in Schedule A hereto whenever material made to such minimum specifications is available, and in no case carrying a tin coating in excess of the weights specified in Schedule B to this Order.

4. *Use of Tinplate on Hand Not Affected*

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3 of this Order, a manufacturer of metal containers may use, without a permit, tinplate carrying in excess of the weights shown in Schedule B which is in his physical possession at the date of this Order, for the purpose for which such tinplate was purchased, provided, however, that such use does not violate any Order of the Metals Controller, or the Administrator of Metal Containers of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

5. *Terne Plate*

On and after the date of this Order no person shall manufacture terne plate carrying a coating in excess of 1·35 lbs. per base box distributed over the surfaces as uniformly as is possible in industrial practice and such coating shall not have a tin content in excess of 20 per cent by weight.

6. *Permits or Orders*

This Order shall be subject to any permit or order issued by the Metals Controller.

G. C. BATEMAN,
Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

SCHEDULE A

to Order No. M.C.4A

Minimum Permitted Tin Coatings as Prescribed by Order in Council P.C. 5110 (Department of Pensions and National Health) June 24, 1943.

"All metal containers used in canning foods shall be manufactured from cold process plate carrying not less than the minimum figure specified in the following schedule in pounds of tin per case box distributed over the surfaces as uniformly as is possible in commercial practice:—

	Can Materials	
Fruits	*Body*	*Ends*
Apricots	1·25	1·25
Peaches	1·25	1·25
Pears	1·25	1·25
Plums	1·50	1·50
Berries	1·50	1·50
Cherries	1·50	1·50
Rhubarb	1·50	1·50
Crabapples	1·25	1·25
Vegetables		
Beans, green, wax or lima	1·25	0·50
Corn, cream style brine	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Corn, whole kernel, vacuum pack	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Peas, fresh green	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Tomatoes	1·25	1·25
Tomato catsup	1·25	0·50
Tomato juice	1·25	0·50
Tomato paste	1·25	0·50
Tomato pulp & puree	1·25	0·50
Asparagus	1·25	0·50
Pumpkin & Squash	1·25	0·50
Spinach & Greens	1·25	0·50
Soups, condensed	1·25	0·50

	Can Materials	
	Body	*Ends*
Fish (including Shellfish and Crustaceans)		
Herring	1·25	1·25
Salmon	1·25	0·50
Pilchards	1·25	1·25
Mackerel	1·25	0·50
Tuna	1·25	0·50
Clams	1·25	0·50
Haddies, including Cod, Pollock, Hake & Cusk	1·25	0·50
Crabs	1·25	0·50
Lobster	1·25	1·25
Lobster Tomale	1·25	1·25
Oysters	1·25	0·50
Quahaugs	1·25	0·50
Fish Paste	1·25	1·25
Meats		
Roast Beef	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Beefsteak with Mushrooms, Kidneys & Onions	1·25	0·50
Meat Balls	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Spiced Ham	1·25	0·50
Spiced Pork	1·25	0·50
Ham Loaf	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Pork Loaf	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Luncheon Meat	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Meat Loaf	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Pork Lunch Tongues	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Ox Tongues	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Stews, boiled dinners & hashes	1·25	0·50
Meat Sandwich spreads & Potted Meats	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Boneless Chicken	1·25	Chemically treated steel
Dairy Products		
Milk, sweetened condensed	1·25	1·25
Milk, evaporated	1·25	1·25
Whole Milk Powder	1·25	1·25
Baby Foods	1·50	1·50

SCHEDULE B

to Order No. M.C. 4A

Maximum weight of tin in pounds per base box on tinplate used for containers.

	Bodies	*Ends*
Apricots	1·25	1·25
Peaches	1·25	1·25
Pears	1·25	1·25
Plums	1·50	1·50
Berries	1·50	1·50
Cherries	1·50	1·50
Rhubarb	1·50	1·50
Crabapples	1·25	1·25

Vegetables

Beans, green, wax or lima	1·25	1·25
Corn, cream style brine	1·25	1·25
Corn, whole kernel, vacuum pack	1·25	1·25
Peas, fresh green	1·25	1·25
Tomatoes	1·25	1·25
Tomato catsup	1·25	1·25
Tomato juice	1·25	1·25
Tomato paste	1·25	1·25
Tomato pulp and puree	1·25	1·25
Asparagus	1·25	1·25
Pumpkin and Squash	1·25	1·25
Spinach and greens	1·25	1·25
Soups, condensed	1·25	1·25

Fish

Herring	1·25	1·25
Salmon	1·25	1·25
Pilchards	1·25	1·25
Mackerel	1·25	1·25
Tuna	1·25	1·25
Clams	1·25	1·25
Haddies, including Cod, Pollock, Hake and Cusk	1·25	1·25
Crabs	1·25	1·25
Lobster	1·25	1·25
Lobster Tomale	1·25	1·25
Oysters	1·25	1·25
Quahaugs	1·25	1·25
Fish Paste	1·25	1·25

SCHEDULE B TO ORDER M.C. 4A (*Cont'd.*)

Meats

Roast Beef	1·25	1·25
Beefsteak with mushrooms, kidneys and onions	1·25	1·25
Meat Balls	1·25	1·25
Spiced Ham	1·25	1·25
Spiced Pork	1·25	1·25
Ham Loaf	1·25	1·25
Pork Loaf	1·25	1·25
Luncheon Meat	1·25	1·25
Meat Loaf	1·25	1·25
Pork Lunch Tongues	1·25	1·25
Ox Tongues	1·25	1·25
Stews, boiled dinners and hashes	1·25	1·25
Meat Sandwich spreads, Potted meats	1·25	1·25
Boneless chicken	1·25	1·25

	Bodies	Ends
Dairy Products		
Milk, sweetened condensed	1·25	1·25
Milk, evaporated	1·25	1·25
Whole milk powder	1·25	1·25
Baby Foods	1·50	1·50

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

Order No. M. C. 44A

(Aluminum)

Dated July 9, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225, dated June 19, 1942, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

It Is Hereby Ordered as Follows:

1. That Section 5 of the Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 44 dated March 6, 1943, be and it is hereby rescinded, and the following substituted therefor as Section 5 thereof:

"5. *Aluminum Paint, Paste and Powder*

(1) Unless under a release in writing from the Metals Controller, on and after July 10th, 1943, no person shall deliver, sell or put into use any aluminum paint, paste or powder, except for one or more of the following purposes or uses:

(*a*) In the production or repair of aircraft, and for aircraft dopes;
(*b*) For munitions of war, including ammunition, shell filling and grenades,
(*c*) For aerocrete for use in filling orders from the Department of Munitions and Supply or Department of National Defence,
(d) In shipbuilding or ship repairing,
(*e*) For interior use in chemical, industrial or munitions plants and equipment therein, where acid fumes or temperature conditions require a protective coating of aluminum.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) next preceding shall not apply to stocks of aluminum paint, paste or powder in the hands of the retailers or consumers at the date of this Order."

G. C. BATEMAN,
Metals Controller.

Approved:

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

(Note: The Metals Controller will consider applications for permits, allowing the use of aluminum paint, paste or powder:

(i) in dairies, cheese factories, canneries and food processing plants for interior use only where sanitary or moisture conditions require such use.
(ii) for gasoline stills and for tanks for gasoline having an octane rating of 80 or over.

It is not the intention of the Metals Controller to issue permits for the use of aluminum paint, paste or powder for use on bridges, steel or iron structures, hydrants, lamp posts, agricultural or household equipment, for printing or lithographing purposes or in dwellings, offices, apartments, churches, or institutions whether for internal or external use.)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 26

Manufacture of Automotive Parts Containing Copper

Dated July 10th, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121 of February 13th, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

(*a*) "Controller" or "Motor Vehicle Controller" shall mean the person appointed Motor Vehicle Controller by the Governor General in Council and for the time being in office as such;

(*b*) "light motor truck" means a motor vehicle which is a complete motor truck or truck tractor with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 9,000 pounds (as authorized by the manufacturer thereof), or the chassis therefor;

(*c*) "medium and/or heavy motor truck" means a motor vehicle which is a complete truck or truck tractor with a maximum gross vehicle weight rating of 9,000 pounds or more (as authorized by the manufacturer thereof), or the chassis therefor;

(*d*) "motor vehicle" or "motor vehicles" shall mean any vehicle or vehicles, the motive power for which is furnished by any type of internal combustion engine and any parts thereof, and shall include trailers, and other accessories for, storage batteries usable with, and materials intended to go into the making of, such vehicles and/or trailers, but shall not include any self-tracklaying vehicle, tractor or railway rolling stock, or any implement or machine designed for sowing or cultivating agricultural land or harvesting crops grown thereon;

(*e*) "passenger motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle suitable for carrying passengers and having a seating capacity of ten people or less;

(*f*) "off-the-highway motor vehicle" means a motor truck, truck tractor and/or trailer, operating off the public highway, normally on rubber tires and specially designed to transport materials, property or equipment on mining, construction, logging or petroleum development or similar projects;

(*g*) "passenger carrier" means a complete motor vehicle for passenger transportation, having a seating capacity of not less than 11 people;

(*h*) "copper" means unalloyed copper metal, including unalloyed copper metal produced from scrap;

(*i*) "copper base alloy" means any alloy metal, including any alloy metal produced from scrap, in the composition of which the percentage of copper metal by weight equals or exceeds forty (40%) per centum of the total weight thereof;

(*j*) "automotive parts" means parts entering into the production of or as replacement parts for light motor trucks, medium and heavy motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, passenger motor vehicles or off-the-highway motor vehicles;

(*k*) "producer" shall mean any individual, firm, company, corporation, partnership and/or any aggregation of persons engaged in the manufacture of automotive parts as defined in paragraph (*j*) of this Section 1.

2. *Restrictions on use of Copper and Copper Base Alloy in Automotive Parts.* Unless with a permit in writing from the Motor Vehicle Controller, no producer shall use or consume any copper or copper base alloy in the production of automotive parts except as follows:—

(*a*) *As an Alloying Element.*
  (1) in alloys other than copper base alloys;
  (2) in ferrous alloys, bearing metals, zinc die castings for carburetors and fuel pumps, and aluminum alloys for pistons.

(*b*) *For Bearings, Bushings, Thrust Washers* and similar parts which require oil, grease or water lubrication; provided that the use of copper or copper base alloy shall be reduced by substituting steel-backed bushings for solid bronze bushings in all cases where load characteristics and diameter, length or wall thickness, make such substitution practicable.

(*c*) *As Brazing Materials* for joining functional parts of multiple piece construction.

(*d*) *For Carburetor and Fuel Pump Parts* having metering, seating, filtering or anti-friction characteristics such as jets, nozzles, seats, metering rods, floats, screens, spring and bearings; drill plugs, where non-corrosive metal is required to facilitate removal for cleaning.

(*e*) *For Clutch Facings and Brake Linings* and then only in the form of grindings, wire or brass chips for use in clutch facings and brake linings to be used in medium and heavy motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers or off-the-highway motor vehicles, and for brake lining rivets.

(*f*) *For Cooling System Control Devices* as follows,—
  (1) thermostat bellows of copper alloy containing not more than eighty-five (85%) per centum copper;
  (2) seats and valves for thermostats, and pressure type radiator sealing caps of copper alloy containing not more than seventy-one (71%) per centum copper.

(*g*) *For Parts Functioning as Electrical Conductors* in the following assemblies:
  (1) coils, distributors, generators, instruments, lamp bulbs, starting motors, signalling devices, switches, wiring (not including battery terminal lugs);
  (2) selenoids, relays and regulators;
  (3) electric motors for windshield wipers, heaters and defrosters; electric motors for ventilators for passenger carriers only;
  (4) actuating devices for passenger carriers, trucks and truck trailers;
  (5) refrigeration units for trucks and truck trailers;
  (6) heavy-duty truck and bus type brush holders.

(*h*) *For Non-current Carrying Parts, for Selenoids,* relays, and regulators which must be non-magnetic, alloys containing not more than 71 per cent copper.

(*i*) *For the Following Gaskets:*
  (1) Spark plug gaskets—internal only.
  (2) washers or solid gaskets where proper sealing is not possible with the use of less critical material.
  (3) water-hole grommets for gaskets where the size necessitates the use of copper or copper alloy or where design provides insufficient sealing with a less critical material.

(*j*) *For Plating Purposes:*
  (1) Where steel parts are used as a substitute for copper or copper base alloy either in connection with or as part of the carburetor;
  (2) for protection of parts from corrosion due to electrolysis where other material cannot be used, as in hydraulic brake parts which come in contact with brake fluid.

(*k*) *Powdered Copper* for briquetted bearings.

(*l*) *For Radiator* water courses and tanks, copper alloy containing up to seventy-one (71%) per centum copper.

(*m*) *For Speedometers, Tachometers, Heat Indicators and Oil Gauges* in the form of bushings, bearings, magnet cups, reset pawls, springs, speed cups, sectors, gears, shoes, links, washers, pins, bourdon tubes.

(*n*) *For Transmissions* including synchromesh, fluid coupling, hydromatic and pneumatic types, fluid coupling seal bellows, transmission gear synchronizer cones, thrust washers, thrust plates and rivets.

(*o*) *For the Following Tubing, Tube Fittings and Actuating Parts:*

(1) pneumatic and electro-pneumatic systems in motor trucks, truck trailers and passenger carriers only, such as brake systems, door operating mechanisms, air-steering mechanisms, air gear shift mechanisms, air clutch and winch control mechanisms, air operated gasoline throttle control, windshield wipers, interlocks, heating and ventilating controls, signal horns and directional signals, where condensation and corrosion make substitution of less critical material impracticable.

(2) inserts (or ferrules) for brake, oil and fuel line tube fittings only, where the use of a less critical material is impracticable.

(*p*) *For Miscellaneous Parts* as follows:

(1) tire inner tube valve parts,

(2) small stampings in door locks, keys and lock tumblers,

(3) fuel filter screens.

3. *Minimum Amount of Copper to be used*

Whenever copper or copper base alloy is used in the production of any automotive part, as permitted by Section 2 next preceding, such copper or copper base alloy shall be reduced to the minimum practical gauge, size and copper content.

4. *Orders from Department of Munitions and Supply and Department of National Defence Excepted.*

Nothing in this Order shall apply to or affect any production in fulfilment of any purchase order from the Department of Munitions and Supply or the Department of National Defence.

5. *Permits*

This Order shall be subject to any permit or order of the Motor Vehicle Controller.

6. *Effective Date of Order*

This Order shall become effective on and after July 15th, 1943.

J. H. BERRY,
Motor Vehicle Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chariman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

NOTE: Notwithstanding the provisions of this Order, it will remain necessary for the producer to comply with the requirements of the Metals Controller relating to the acquisition and consumption of copper or copper alloys.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE OIL CONTROLLER
15 King Street West, Toronto

Order No. 004C

(Order No. 004B amended)

Dated July 15, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195 of February 19, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. The Oil Controller's Order No. 004B dated January 26, 1943 is amended by adding thereto the following section

> "5. *Certain Consumers to Obtain Permits*
>
> Except with a permit in writing from the Oil Controller, no consumer shall purchase, acquire or consume, and no person shall supply to a consumer, during the twelve months period commencing July 1, 1943, or thereafter during any twelve months period commencing July 1, more than 4,000 Imperial Gallons of burning oil for the heating of a private dwelling.

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller

APPROVED:
J. E. MICHAUD,
Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply

APPROVED:
HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

OTTAWA

Order No. P.O. 2D

(Production Requirements Plan—Rescinded)

Dated July 2, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *Order No. P.O. 2C Rescinded*

The Order of the Priorities Officer No. P.O. 2C dated December 1, 1942, is hereby rescinded.

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:
J. E. MICHAUD,
Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply

APPROVED:
HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

STEEL CONTROLLER

Order No. S.C. 28

(Steel in mill forms—U.S. order approval system)

Dated June 28, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1942, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *Interpretation*

(*a*) "consumer" means any person who uses or consumes steel in mill forms;

(*b*) "Controller" means the Steel Controller;

(*c*) "distributor" means any person purchasing steel in mill forms for resale, and includes a commission agent, who places purchase orders for steel in mill forms with a supplier for delivery to a consumer;

(*d*) "steel in mill forms" means carbon steel, alloy steel and wrought iron in any of the forms and/or shapes listed in Schedule "A" to this Order and includes any secondary materials thereof such as rejects, mill ends, shearings, seconds and wasters, but does not include any material purchased in the United States of America for use as scrap in Canada, or any used or secondhand materials.

2. *Order No. S.C. 11 Rescinded*

The Steel Controller's Order No. S.C. 11 dated March 24, 1942, is rescinded.

3. *U.S. Orders to be Approved by Controller*

(1) Unless the purchase Order has been approved in writing by the Controller, no person shall place any purchase order or other request calling for the delivery in Canada of any steel in mill forms from the United States of America, and no person shall accept delivery of any steel in mill forms from the United States of America.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this Section shall not apply

(*a*) to the delivery, or to any purchase order calling for the delivery, out of warehouse stocks in Canada of any steel in mill forms, which originated in the United States of America; or

(*b*) to the delivery, or to any purchase order calling for the delivery, of any steel in mill forms pursuant to an allotment number and certificate granted by any agency of the Government of the United States of America, other than the Canadian Division of the War Production Board.

4. *Procedure on Applications for Approval*

(1) Every person desiring to purchase any steel in mill forms from any supplier in the United States of America shall forward to the Steel Controller the purchase order to be placed with such supplier and two clear copies thereof, together with an envelope properly stamped and addressed to such supplier or to his Canadian branch office, if any.

(2) If the steel ordered is to be shipped direct from the American supplier to a consumer, whether ordered by the consumer or by a distributor, *the consumer* shall complete and sign one copy of the Steel Controller's form S.C. 1020, which shall be forwarded to the Steel Controller with the purchase order to be placed on the American supplier, but if the steel is ordered by a distributor for delivery into the distributor's stock, the said form S.C. 1020 will not be completed or used.

(3) If the application is approved by the Steel Controller, a C.M.P. allotment number and certificate will be assigned and affixed to the purchase order, which will be forwarded by the Controller direct to the supplier in the United States of America (or to his Canadian branch office, if any) as the purchase order may require. One copy of the purchase order will be retained by the Controller and the remaining copy will be returned to the applicant bearing a copy of the C.M.P. allotment number and certificate assigned to it.

(4) If the application is rejected by the Controller, the applicant will be notified accordingly and a copy of the purchase order will be returned to him.

(5) The provisions of subsection (1) to (4) next preceding shall apply to all purchase orders for steel in mill forms heretofore or hereafter placed, which purchase orders specify delivery of steel in mill forms from any supplier in the United States of America on or after July 1, 1943.

(6) In the case of any such purchase order heretofore placed, to which a C.M.P. allotment certificate or number has not been assigned by the Steel Controller.

(*a*) The person who placed the order shall, forthwith after the date of this Order, forward to the Controller three clear copies thereof, together with, if the steel ordered was to be shipped direct from the American supplier to a consumer, one copy of Form S.C. 1020 duly completed and signed by the consumer;

(*b*) If the application is approved by the Controller, a C.M.P. allotment certificate will be assigned to the purchase order, and two copies thereof bearing such certificate will be returned to the applicant, who will then forward one copy thereof to his supplier to replace the purchase order already in the supplier's possession;

(*c*) In the case of any such purchase order, part of which only was specified for delivery on or after July 1, 1943, the applicant will show only such part on the Form S.C. 1020 under the column headed "(In pounds) weight specified in this purchase order".

(*d*) If the application is rejected by the Controller, the applicant will be notified accordingly, one copy of the purchase order will be returned to him, and he shall forthwith cancel the said purchase order as to any steel in mill forms remaining unshipped at the date of such notification.

M. A. HOEY,
Associate Steel Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

SCHEDULE "A"

to the Steel Controller's Order S.C. 28

Steel in Mill Forms

Axles, Wheels and Steel Tires
Bale Ties
Bands
Barbed and Twisted Wire
Bars, Hot Rolled
Bars, Cold Finished
Billets and Blooms
Black Plate (including Bonderized, Canada Plate, etc.)
Castings (rough steel castings only)
Die Blocks
Drill Rod
Fencing (including Fence Posts and Gates)
Galvanized Sheets and Strip
Ingots
Nails and Staples (fence and poultry netting staples only)
Piling
Pipe and Tubes (including threaded couplings of the types normally supplied on threaded pipe by pipe mills)
Plates
Poultry Netting

Rails
Sheets and Strip (Hot or Cold Rolled)
Slabs and Sheet Bars
Skelp
Structural Shapes
Terne Plate (including Long and Short Ternes)
Tie Plates and Track Accessories (including Rail Joints, Track Spikes, Frogs and Switches, Gage Rods, Guard Rails, Guard Rail Clamps, Nut Locks, Rail Anchors, Switch Stands, Mine Ties, Track Bolts and Rail Braces)
Tin Plate
Tool Steel
Tube Rounds
Wire Rods and Wire
Wire Cloth, Mesh and Screen
Wire Rope and Strand

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

STEEL CONTROLLER

Order No. S.C. 29

(New Flat Steel Strapping)

Dated July 13, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1942, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order unless the context otherwise requires
(*a*) "Controller" means the Steel Controller;
(*b*) "person" includes partnership, corporation, company, any governmental body or department and any aggregation of persons.

2. *Permits*

(1) Any provision of this Order shall be subject in any particular case to any permit issued by the Controller.
(2) Applications for permits shall state the quantity of galvanized and the quantity of ungalvanized flat steel strapping which the applicant has on hand at the date of the application and full particulars of the reasons why the sale, purchase or use (as the case may be) of new flat steel strapping contrary to the terms of this Order is desired.

3. *Acquisition and Sale of New Galvanized Flat Steel Strapping*

No person shall purchase, acquire, take delivery of, sell or supply any new galvanized flat steel strapping.

4. *Use of New Galvanized and Ungalvanized Flat Steel Strapping*

No person shall use any new galvanized or ungalvanized flat steel strapping for fastening or reinforcing any bale or container, unless the weight, size, contents and type of the bale or container are the same or similar to the weight, size, contents and type of bales or containers which were fastened or reinforced with new flat steel strapping by him during 1942.

5. *Purchase of New Ungalvanized Flat Steel Strapping*

No person shall purchase, acquire, or take delivery of during 1943 or any subsequent year any more new ungalvanized flat steel strapping than the total quantity of new galvanized and ungalvanized flat steel strapping purchased or acquired by him during 1942.

6. *Sale of New Ungalvanized Flat Steel Strapping by Importers*

(1) No importer of flat steel strapping shall sell or supply any new ungalvanized flat steel strapping to any person who was not being supplied with new flat steel strapping by such importer during 1942.

(2) No importer of flat steel strapping shall sell or supply during 1943 or any subsequent year any quantity of new ungalvanized flat steel strapping to any person in excess of the quantity of new galvanized and ungalvanized flat steel strapping sold or supplied by such importer to such person during 1942.

7. *Effective Date*

This Order shall be effective on and from July 15, 1943.

M. A. HOEY,
Associate Steel Controller.

Approved:

J. E. MICHAUD,
Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply.

Approved:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

STEEL CONTROLLER

Order No. S.C. 30

(Sale of Certain Forms of Steel by Steel Producers to Persons Outside Canada)

Dated July 15th, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1942, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby Ordered as follows:—

1. Except with a permit in writing from the Steel Controller, no steel producer shall offer to sell to any person outside Canada, or accept any purchase order from any person outside Canada for the sale or supply of any carbon steel, alloy steel or wrought iron in any of the forms listed in Schedule "A" to this Order.

M. A. HOEY,
Associate Steel Controller.

Approved:

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

SCHEDULE "A"

to the Steel Controller's Order No. S.C. 30.

Carbon Steel, Alloy Steel, or Wrought Iron

Semi-Finished Steel, Ingots; Blooms; Billets; Slabs; Sheet Bars and Tinplate Bars.
Heavy Structural Sections (3" and Over on any Edge), and Sheet Piling.
Plates, Universal and Sheared, $\frac{3}{16}$" and Thicker.
Rails, all weights.
Tie Plates, Splice Bars and Track Accessories, excluding Track Spikes, Track Bolts, etc.
Tool Steel.
Hot Rolled Bars, including Hoops and Bands, and Fence Posts.
Cold Finished Bars.

Steel and Wrought Iron Pipes and Tubes, including Nipples and Couplings made in Pipe Mills.
Wire Rods and Rod Mill Products.
Tin Mill Black Plate.
Tin Plate.
Terne Plate.
Black Sheets, Hot Rolled.
Black Sheets, Cold Reduced.
Cold Reduced Strip.
Galvanized Sheets.
Grinding Balls.
Steel Castings.
Axles.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TIMBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Timber 20

(Pulpwood for Export)

Dated July 15, 1943.

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 2716 of June 24, 1940, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

It Is Hereby Ordered as Follows:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires;

"deal in" shall include cut, produce, acquire, contract for, option or obtain any title to or control of.

2. *Permits to be Obtained by Exporters*

On and after September 1, 1943, no person shall, without written authorization from the Timber Controller, deal in any pulpwood for export, and no person shall supply or agree to supply pulpwood to any other person if he knows or has reason to believe that such other person is contravening or will contravene the provisions of this Section 2; provided that this Section shall not apply to any pulpwood cut from the stump in the Province of British Columbia.

3. *Restrictions Regarding Permits*

No person who has received the written authorization of the Timber Controller to deal in pulpwood for export, shall deal in such pulpwood except in the quantities, during the periods, in the districts and otherwise as stated in the authorization.

4. *Monthly Reports*

On or before September 10, 1943, and on or before the 10th day of each month thereafter, every person who has received written authorization from the Timber Controller to deal in pulpwood for export shall deliver to the Timber Controller a statement in writing, on a form prescribed or authorized for the purposes of this Order by the Controller, signed by some person having knowledge of the facts, showing the amount of pulpwood in cords which such person,

(*a*) had on hand at the beginning of the preceding month;
(*b*) cut or purchased during the preceding month;
(*c*) shipped during the preceding month
    (i) to the United States of America;
    (ii) to Canadian destinations

5 *Records*

Every person who has received the written authorization of the Timber Controller to deal in pulpwood for export shall keep a record thereof and shall also show in such record each transaction in pulpwood, the date thereof, the name of the other party to the transaction, the quantity of pulpwood dealt in and the price agreed or paid therefor, and shall make such record available for the inspection of the Timber Controller or his representative at any time upon request.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Controller.

APPROVED:

J. E. MICHAUD,
Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

NOTE:

I. Established exporters of pulpwood who desire to deal in pulpwood for export after the effective date of this Order, should make immediate application for written authorization to,

The Timber Controller
Department of Munitions and Supply
Room 212, Temporary Bulding No. 3
Ottawa, Ont.

II. Export Permits must be applied for as formerly to the Export Permit Branch of the Department of Trade and Commerce.

III. This Order does not restrict dealings in pulpwood for consumption in Canada.

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Branch Order No. 74

Ottawa, July 16, 1943.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Paragraphs 2 and 4 of Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That the following commodities be exempted from requiring an export permit when shipped to members of the Canadian Armed Forces abroad or when shipped by or consigned to the Navy, Army and Air Force Institute for use in canteens abroad:

Group 1—Agricultural and Vegetable Products:

Tobacco, leaf.
Tobacco, cut.
Cigars, cigarettes, snuff, and manufactured tobacco, n.o.p.

2. That this Order come into force and have effect on and after July 26, 1943.

(Sgd.) JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

239

VOLUME III—No. 5 August 9, 1943

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS

1943

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

PAGE
5226 Dawson Creek, B.C.—Water supply system (Pensions and National Health) 243
5550 Prisoners of war employed on labour projects—Wage scale (Labour) 245
5930 Naval, Military and Air Force Estates—regulations amended *re* administration and distribution (National Defence) 245
5938 Vegetable oils—use as an ingredient of *linimentum Camphorae* (Pensions and National Health) 247
5990 Grain, regulations amended *re* deliveries and sales (Trade and Commerce) 247
5991 Wheat to mills for gristing—regulations amended *re* delivery (Trade and Commerce) 248
5998 Pilotage rates for British Columbia Pilotage District (Transport) 249
6044 Tariff Board Act amended—Appointment of a Temporary Member (Finance) 249
6045 W. J. Callaghan appointed Temporary Member, Tariff Board (Finance) 250
6068 Civil Service Insurance—New war endorsement for changes in extra premiums for policies (Finance) 251
6077 National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended, employment *re* coal mining (Labour) 254
6078 Western wheat for feed purposes, payments authorized (Finance) 255
1/6080 British Columbia Fruit Board—agreement (Agriculture) 255
2/6080 British Columbia Fruit Board—Regulations (Agriculture) 257
6083 Oranges exempt from customs duty August 1, 1943 to December 31, 1943 (Finance) .. 259

PART II

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

Labour—

National Selective Service—

Order No. 5—Compulsory Employment 261
Order No. 7—Control of Advertising 261

National Revenue—

W.M. No. 19 Supplement No. 42—List of specified persons 262
W.M. No. 39 Fifth Revision Supplement No. 21—Agricultural and Vegetable Products.. 262
Supplement No. 22—Hardwoods, n.o.p 263
W.M. No. 98—Prohibited imports, tariff items listed 263

PART III

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

(Finance)

Statement on Import Policy 265

Board Orders—

No. 295—Publications other than Newspapers, Magazines and other periodicals 267
No. 297—Sugar Rationing 268
No. 298—Veal 268
No. 299—Maximum prices of eggs 269
No. 300—Lamb 276
No. 301—Sale and distribution of canned fruits and vegetables 277

Administrators' Orders—

A-820—Maximum price of newsprint paper 283
A-830—Sphagnum peat moss for Poultry Litter and Horticultural Purposes in British Columbia 283
A-831—Septic tanks 286
A-832—Electrical Generators (Small) Motors and Control Equipment 286
A-833—Transformers 290
A-834—Generators, Switchgear, Circuit Breakers, Disconnecting Switches and other Devices 293

Errata:
Volume III, No. 4.
Administrator's Order No. A-829, page 220.

In clause C of section 7 please insert the word "mark-up" between the words "percentage" and "normally" where these appear in the fifth line of this clause.

PART IV

WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD

(*Munitions and Supply*)

PAGE

Machine Tools Controller—
Order No. M.T.C. 4—Cutting Tools.. 298

Priorities Officer—
Order No. P.O. 5A—Amending Order No. P.O. 5.................................... 299

Timber Controller—
Order No. Timber 20-B—Order No. Timber 20-A rescinded............................ 300

Errata: Order No. M.C. 4A—Vol. III, No. 4, page 221.
Section 1, subsection "F", insert word "Company" after "Corporation."

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council authorizing construction of a water supply system for the village of Dawson Creek, B.C.

P.C. 5226

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Pensions and National Health reports that, according to information received by the Department of Pensions and National Health, the civilian population of the Village of Dawson Creek, in the Province of British Columbia, has, during the last several months, increased from approximately 300 to approximately 2,000;

That a large portion of the population of Dawson Creek, aforesaid, is engaged, directly or indirectly, in work of a kind that makes an important contribution to the war effort of the Dominion;

That it has been represented to the Department by the Department of Health of the Province of British Columbia, which representation is concurred in by engineers of the Federal Government, that the said Village is without adequate water supply and sewage disposal system, and that, as a result, there is danger of an epidemic of disease as well as great fire hazard at that place;

That the Department is further informed that the military authorities of the United States are constructing a water-supply system of a capacity of approximately 2,000,000 gallons per day for the use of their railhead camps in the vicinity of Dawson Creek, and that a 12 to 14-inch pipeline, being part of the water-supply system, will, at its nearest point, be about 2 miles from the said village;

That the Department has been in conference with the Department of Health of the Province of British Columbia and with the municipal authorities of Dawson Creek and as a result, the local United States military authorities were approached with a view to determine, tentatively, whether water could be obtained for Dawson Creek by tapping their pipeline aforesaid;

That the said military authorities having expressed themselves as being able and ready to co-operate in that respect, the Department of Pensions and National Health, through the Secretary of State for External Affairs, has obtained the written consent of the United States Government for the tapping of their water-supply system in order to obtain water therefrom to the extent of not more than 100,000 Imperial gallons per day.

That the Departmental plans call for the construction, along and under public roads or along and under other lands provided for that purpose by public authorities, of a main pipeline from a point on the water-supply system of the United States Government nearest to the Village of Dawson Creek, a distance of approximately 2 miles and the construction of a looped or grid system of water-mains providing a water-distribution system covering the present incorporated area of the Village and including about 20 fire hydrants, together with 3 water hydrants for domestic use, all of which plans are subject to revision in such details as the location of valves and hydrants as may be required during actual construction; and

That it is deemed advisable for the security, peace, order, and welfare of Canada, by reason of the state of war now existing, that the Department of Pensions and National Health arrange, through the Department of Transport, to construct a water-supply system of the kind aforesaid at and for the said Village subject to the condition that an adequate sewage disposal system be constructed and financed by the Province of British Columbia or by the said Province and the Village of Dawson Creek jointly.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Pensions and National Health, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize the Department of Pensions and National Health, subject to the condition that an adequate sewage disposal system be constructed and financed by the Province of British Columbia or by the said Province and the Village of Dawson Creek jointly,—

(*a*) To enable the provision of a water-supply and distribution system for the Village of Dawson Creek by constructing a main pipeline from said Village to the nearest point on a water-supply system about to be put into use by the military authorities of the United States in the area, a distance of approximately 2 miles, and by laying distribution mains within the Village limits;

(*b*) To take advantage of an offer of the United States Government to allow the water-supply system to be tapped at a point nearest to the Village of Dawson Creek and to permit a supply of water therefrom up to but not exceeding 100,000 gallons per day;

(*c*) To purchase all necessary material and to pay for all labour in connection with the said water-supply system at a total estimated cost not to exceed $125,000.00;

(*d*) To obtain from the Province of British Columbia and from the municipal authorities of Dawson Creek any assurance deemed by the Department of Pensions and National Health to be desirable to protect and secure its right and title to any installations in the nature of fixtures provided in connection with the water supply system and indemnity against claims arising from infringement of rights of private property owners during the carrying out of the construction of the said project for water supply;

(*e*) To enter into arrangements binding on the Province of British Columbia and the said municipal authorities or either of them
  (i) whereby the United States Government may be assured of payment for water supplied by it to the Village of Dawson Creek;
  (ii) for the purchase at the end of the war or such other date as may be determined, of the said water supply and distribution system at its depreciated cost, any dispute as to such cost to be settled by arbitration;
  (iii) for the undertaking by the municipal authorities of the cost of operation, including depreciation, and the cost of maintenance and repairs of the said water-supply and distribution system.

(*f*) To engage the services of the Department of Transport for the purpose of carrying out the construction of the said water-supply and distribution system and to pay to that Department, progressively as such construction proceeds or otherwise, any moneys, certified by that Department to be required for such purpose.

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation, is further pleased, hereby, to direct that all moneys required and payable for the construction of the water-supply and distribution system aforesaid be charged, subject to approval by the Treasury Board of the estimate of cost in the amount of $125,000.00 and allotment of funds in conformity with the terms of Order in Council P.C. 6695 of November 19, 1940, to moneys appropriated by Parliament under the War Appropriation Act.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing establishment of wage scales for Prisoners of War employed on labour projects.

P.C. 5550

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that it is necessary to prescribe rates of working pay for Prisoners of War on labour projects undertaken outside internment camps, pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 2326 of May 10, 1943, and that it is desirable that, where practicable, such rates, while providing a minimum daily wage complying with the provisions of the Prisoner of War Convention (concluded at Geneva July 27, 1929), shall be calculated on an incentive basis with a view to obtaining maximum production results;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize the Minister of Labour to establish wage scales for Prisoners of War employed on labour projects, pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 2326 of May 10, 1943, on either of the following wage rate bases as he deems advisable, having regard for the nature of the work;

(1) a daily wage rate of not more than fifty cents per day for an eight hour work day.

(2) Piece-work wage rates, appropriate to the nature of the work, which will permit of earning on a production basis equal to approximately fifty cents per day.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending Regulations for the Administration and Distribution of Naval Military and Air Force Estates 1940

P.C. 5930

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

WHEREAS by Order in Council dated 19th March, 1940, P.C. 1065, regulations entitled "Regulations for the Administration and Distribution of Naval, Military and Air Force Estates, 1940," were made and established;

And whereas by Order in Council dated 11th December, 1940, P.C. 7249, the said Regulations were amended so as to authorize the Administrator of Estates to have paid to the Receiver General of Canada any balance of money not exceeding in all $600 at the credit of a deceased member of the Forces in any Bank or other financial institution and to distribute any such balance with the Service estate of any such deceased;

And whereas Order in Council dated 10th June, 1943, P.C. 4738, further amends the said Regulations to permit the Administrator of Estates to deal with any balance of money not exceeding in all $1,000 at the credit of a deceased member of the Forces in any Bank or other financial institution, and in the case of a deceased member of the Forces Overseas the Administrator of Estates may take such action where the balance exceeds $1,000 but does not exceed $2,000 upon receipt of a direction in writing from the person or persons legally entitled to the deceased member's estate;

And whereas Order in Council dated 11th December, 1940, P.C. 7249, further provides that the Banks and other financial institutions holding balances of money at the credit of deceased members of the Forces must pay such balances at the request of the Administrator of Estates to the Receiver General of Canada providing such balances do not in respect of any one deceased member exceed in all $600.

And whereas the Minister of National Defence reports that it is now considered that provision should be made for the payment of balances not in excess of $1,000 in the case of members of the Forces serving in Canada and $2,000 in the case of members of the Forces serving beyond Canada;

And whereas Order in Council dated 10th June, 1943, P.C. 4738, provides that where balances are physically situated Overseas the Captain Commanding Canadian Ships (C.C.C.S.) with respect to Canadian Naval personnel may, on behalf of the Administrator of Estates, effect payment into the Receiver General of Canada's account;

And whereas the Minister further reports that the title "Captain Commanding Canadian Ships" has now been abolished and the title "Senior Canadian Naval Officer, London" (S.C.N.O. London) has been substituted therefor; and that in addition, and due to the exigencies which may arise it is expedient and desirable that the Administrator of Estates should be empowered to authorize officers holding other appointments to effect on his behalf the payment into the account of the Receiver General of Canada of all said Bank or Post Office savings account balances;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence, concurred in by the Minister of National Defence for Air, the Minister of National Defence for Naval Services, and pursuant to the provisions of the War Measures Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, Chapter 206, and notwithstanding the provisions of any other Statute, Order or Regulation, is pleased to order that, effective November 1, 1942

(*a*) Order in Council dated 11th December, 1940, P.C. 7249, be and it is hereby amended by deleting the comma after the word "member" and the words and figures "exceed in all $600.00" where they appear in the ultimate line of paragraph 1 thereof substituting therefor the following words and figures— "who was serving in Canada exceed in all $1,000.00 and in respect to any one deceased member who was serving beyond Canada exceed in all $2,000.00".

(*b*) Order in Council dated 10th June, 1943, P.C. 4738, be and it is hereby amended by revoking Sub-paragraph (*d*), the operative portion thereof, and substituting therefor the following, "(*d*) Where it is ascertained that a deceased member has a balance of money at his credit in any Bank and/or Post Office and/or other Financial institution, the Administrator of Estates may cause the amounts thereof, not exceeding in all $1,000.00, to be paid to the Receiver General of Canada and may distribute same with the Service estate of such deceased. In the case of a member Overseas where the amount of such balance exceeds $1,000.00 but does not exceed $2,000.00, the Administrator may take like action upon receipt of a direction in writing therefor duly executed by the person or persons legally entitled to a deceased member's estate. Where such balances are physically situate Overseas, the Senior Canadian Naval Officer, London (S.C.N.O. London) with respect to Canadian Naval personnel, the Canadian Chief Paymaster Overseas with respect to Canadian Military personnel, and the R.C.A.F. Officer i/c Estates with respect to R.C.A.F. personnel, or such other officer or officers as may be authorized in writing by the Administrator of Estates, may, on behalf of the Administrator of Estates, effect such payment into the Receiver General of Canada's account. The Bank, Post Office or other financial institution is relieved from further liability and saved harmless in respect of any such balance upon the payment thereof to the Receiver General of Canada."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing use of vegetable oils as an ingredient of Linimentum Camphorae

P.C. 5938

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Pensions and National Health reports that the Canadian Committee on Pharmacopoeial Standards has advised, and officers of the Department of Pensions and National Health agree, that in view of a war-time shortage of cottonseed oil, which is specified by the British Pharmacopoeia as an ingredient of Linimentum Camphorae (Liniment of Camphor, Camphorated Oil), it is expedient to allow the temporary use in the manufacture of this preparation of such substitutes for cottonseed oil as corn oil, sunflower seed oil, pumpkin seed oil, and other non-drying vegetable oils.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Pensions and National Health, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows,—

> Notwithstanding the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act or any other law or regulation to the contrary, any vegetable oil, free from objectionable odour, pale yellow or pale green in colour, with an Iodine value not exceeding 135 and a freezing point not above 0°C, may be used in the manufacture of Linimentum Camphorae (Liniment of Camphor, Camphorated Oil) of the British Pharmacopoeia.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending regulations re deliveries and sales of grain

P.C. 5990

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas it is provided by the regulations made by Order in Council P.C. 3135 of the 16th day of April, 1943, that no person shall apply or deliver any grain on quotas from any land other than that described in the permit book issued to him pursuant to the said regulations;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that it is desirable and necessary that in certain cases persons who in 1943 are operating lands other than those operated by them in 1942 and have grain produced by them prior to 1943 for delivery be authorized to apply or deliver said grain on their quotas with the special permission of the Canadian Wheat Board;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend the said regulations and they are hereby amended by deleting therefrom Section 19 and substituting therefor the following:

"19. No person shall apply or deliver any grain on his quotas from any land other than that described in his permit except with the special permission of the Board. Such land description shall be a correct representation of the lands owned, rented or otherwise held and farmed by the producer taking the declaration."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending regulations re delivery of wheat to mills for gristing

P.C. 5991

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce represents that under the provisions of the regulations made by Order in Council P.C. 3135 of the 16th day of April, 1943, actual producers of wheat in the area referred to in the said Order in Council were authorized, subject to the terms and provisions of the said regulations, to deliver wheat to mills for gristing purposes up to a total of forty (40) bushels during the crop year 1943-44;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that it is desirable and necessary that such deliveries of wheat be increased and that all producers be authorized to deliver wheat for gristing purposes as aforesaid;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend the said regulations and they are hereby amended by deleting therefrom Section 29 and substituting therefor the following:

"29. (*a*) A producer shall be entitled to deliver wheat grown on the lands described in the permit book to a mill for gristing purposes during the crop year 1943-44, without diminishing the wheat delivery quota on the authorized acreage of the said lands;

(*b*) Wheat grown prior to the year 1943 on the lands described in the permit book may be so gristed;

(*c*) The flour from such gristed wheat shall be used only by the producer and his own household and shall not be sold;

(*d*) All wheat delivered for gristing as aforesaid shall be entered by the miller in the permit book at the time of delivery to the mill and marked 'Family Gristing';

(*e*) Such wheat for gristing shall be received at the mill before flour is delivered in respect thereof and all exchanges of wheat for flour must be made at the mill;

(*f*) Mills accepting delivery of wheat under this order shall not establish depots or agencies for the purpose of exchanging flour for wheat on a grist basis and shall not transport flour to be exchanged for wheat with the producers on a grist basis;

(*g*) The Board may suspend, revoke, amend or substitute other provisions for any of those contained in the subsections (*d*), (*e*) and (*f*) immediately above."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re pilotage rates of the British Columbia Pilotage District

P.C. 5998

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council, P.C. 9590, of 20th October, 1942, certain pilotage rates for war services not otherwise regulated by By-law 5 of the British Columbia Pilotage District, were established;

And whereas, the Minister of Transport reports that, after consultation between representatives of the United States Naval Authorities and the Superintendent of Pilots at Vancouver, it has been agreed that British Columbia pilots will be paid $30.00 for each day a pilot is engaged in piloting a vessel, and $15.00 per day while a pilot is on "standby", plus reasonable subsistence and travelling expenses.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Transport and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada 1927, and notwithstanding anything contained in the Canada Shipping Act, 1934, or the By-laws of the Pilotage District of British Columbia as made thereunder, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 9590 of 20th October, 1942, and it is hereby amended by rescinding Paragraph 1 thereof and substituting therefor the following:

1. Pilotage rates for war services not otherwise regulated by By-law 5 of the British Columbia Pilotage District By-laws are hereby established as follows:

(*a*) Thirty Dollars per pilot per day while a pilot is engaged in piloting a vessel, and $15.00 per pilot per day while a pilot is on "standby", from the time of departure from base to the time of return thereto, plus reasonable subsistence and travelling expenses.

(*b*) When, during the period of hostilities and with the sanction of the Pilotage authority, pilots are employed beyond the limits of the Pilotage District, it shall be permissible for such pilots to accept remuneration at the rates offered by the lawfully constituted Pilotage authority of such District or waters in which such pilots are employed.

(*c*) Remuneration so accruing shall be paid directly to the British Columbia Pilotage Fund in accordance with By-law 8 (*b*).

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing appointment of a Temporary Member of the Tariff Board

P.C. 6044

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 29th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports:

That under the Tariff Board Act (Chapter 55, Statutes of 1931) Mr. Chas. P. Hebert, was, by Order in Council P.C. 288, dated February 6, 1933, appointed a member of the Tariff Board;

That Mr. Hebert has been granted leave of absence to take up active military service and is at present serving with the Canadian Forces overseas;

That the term of office of Mr. Hebert expired on February 5, 1943, and by Order in Council, P.C. 753, dated February 5, 1943, made under the authority of the War Measures Act, the term of office of the said Mr. Hebert as a member of the Tariff Board was extended for a period of one year from February 6, 1943;

That on February 5, 1943, Mr. Milton N. Campbell, member and vice chairman of the Tariff Board retired, his term of office having expired;

And whereas in the opinion of the Minister it is desirable and expedient by reason of the state of war now existing to make provision for the appointment of a temporary member of the Tariff Board, such temporary member to hold office for a period of one year;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows,—

(1) There may be appointed a Temporary Member of the Tariff Board, such Temporary Member to be additional to the Members of the Tariff Board provision for the appointment of whom is made by the Tariff Board Act, Chapter 55, Statutes of 1931.

(2) A Temporary Member of the Tariff Board shall hold office during good behaviour for a period of one year from the date of his appointment but may be removed for cause at any time by the Governor in Council.

(3) The remuneration, if any, to be paid to a Temporary Member of the Tariff Board shall be fixed by the Governor in Council.

(4) A Temporary Member may be named Temporary Vice Chairman of the Tariff Board and if so named shall act as Vice Chairman.

(5) A Temporary Member of the Tariff Board shall have and exercise all powers and authority conferred by the Tariff Board Act on a Member of the Tariff Board, and if named Vice Chairman, on the Vice Chairman thereof, and for all purposes relating to the exercise of the powers and authority of the Tariff Board under the said Act or of the powers and authority of the Dominion Trade and Industry Commission under the Dominion Trade and Industry Act, 1935 (Chapter 59, Statutes of 1935), shall be deemed to be a member, and if so named, to be Vice Chairman, of the Tariff Board.

(6) A person who is the holder of any other office or position in the Public Service of Canada who is appointed a Temporary Member of the Tariff Board shall not by reason of such appointment be deemed to vacate such other office or position.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing W. J. Callaghan a Temporary Member of the Tariff Board

P.C. 6045

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 6044 dated July 29th, 1943, provision was made for the appointment of a Temporary Member of the Tariff Board;

And whereas in the opinion of the Minister of Finance it is desirable and expedient to appoint W. J. Callaghan, Tariff Investigator, Department of Finance, to be a Temporary Member and Temporary Vice Chairman of the Tariff Board.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. W. J. Callaghan, Tariff Investigator, Department of Finance, a Temporary Member of the Tariff Board to serve without remuneration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing a new war endorsement for, and changes in extra premiums for Civil Service Insurance policies

P.C. 6068

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports:—

(1) that a war endorsement is attached to policies of Civil Service Insurance issued since the beginning of the war;

(2) that the authority for the attachment of this endorsement was given by Order in Council P.C. 3114 of October 12, 1939, issued under the provisions of the War Measures Act;

(3) that, in this Order in Council, provision was made for certain extra premiums payable under the war endorsement and for subsequent alterations, if required, of such extra premiums;

(4) that certain changes in the said extra premiums were made by Order in Council P.C. 3350 of May 14, 1941;

(5) that, according to a report by the Superintendent of Insurance, experience has shown that some further changes in the said extra premiums are now necessary and further, that certain minor alterations in the wording of the body of the endorsement are desirable;

(6) that, while there is provision in Order in Council P.C. 3114 of October 12, 1939, for changes in extra premiums, there is no authority therein for alterations in the wording of the body of the endorsement;

(7) that any such changes in wording would therefor have to be made by direct authority of the War Measures Act.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order as follows:—

(1) The form of war endorsement now being attached to policies of Civil Service Insurance is hereby repealed and replaced by a war endorsement in the form of schedule "A" hereto.

(2) The extra premiums payable under the new form of endorsement in default of payment of which premiums the amount payable under the policy will be reduced, shall, unless and until order is made to the contrary, be those set forth in schedule "B" hereto.

(3) The form of endorsement in schedule "A" hereto and the rates of extra premiums in schedule "B" hereto shall have application to policies issued on and after September 1, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE A

War Endorsement

Attached to and forming part of Civil Service Insurance Policy No. ....
on the life of.............................

1. This policy is without restriction for military or naval service within Canada, Newfoundland and Continental United States of America; provided, however, that the sum insured under this policy shall be limited to the return of the premiums paid on this policy (other than any extra premiums paid pursuant to this endorsement) accumulated with interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum compounded annually, in the event that the death of the insured results directly or indirectly from travel or flight in, or descent from, any kind of aircraft while the insured is undergoing aviation training preparatory to, or is engaged in, aviation, military or naval service within the said areas, unless written notice shall have been given to the Minister of Finance and extra premiums in accordance with Section I of the Table set forth below be paid from time to time during the continuance of such training or aviation, military or naval service, the first of such extra premiums to be paid prior to the commencement of such training or service.

2. The sum insured under this policy shall be limited as aforesaid in the event that the death of the insured results directly or indirectly:—

(1) from any cause either while the insured is engaged in, or within six months after the termination of, service outside the said areas in the air forces of any country or in aviation training outside the said areas; or,

(2) from any cause either while the insured is engaged in, or within six months after the termination of, service outside the said areas in the military or naval forces of any country (other than death under circumstances described in sub-paragraph (1) hereof) unless written notice be given to the Minister of Finance and extra premiums in accordance with Section II of the Table set forth below be paid from time to time during the continuance of such service, the first of such extra premiums to be paid during the lifetime of the insured and prior to the expiration of ninety days after the date of enlistment for such service or thirty days after becoming engaged in such service, whichever is the later; or,

(3) from war (including insurrection) whether declared or not, while the insured, although not serving with any military or naval or air forces, travels or resides outside the said areas, unless prior to such travel or residence, written notice shall have been given to the Minister of Finance and extra premiums in accordance with Section III of the Table set forth below be paid from time to time during such travel or residence, the first of such extra premiums to be paid on or before departure from the said areas.

Table of Extra Premiums

Extra Premiums Payable under this Endorsement for the Risks herein Specified

Section I—Aviation Service within Canada, Newfoundland and Continental United States of America (*see* paragraph 1 above)—

1. Officers (non-flying) and Groundsmen such as Clerks, Mechanics, Repair Men, etc.......................... $ per $1,000 per month.

2. Pilots in training.................................. $ per $1,000 per month.

3. Experienced Pilots, viz., those with 300 or more flying hours—
   (*a*) Non-commissioned Pilots .... $ per $1,000 per month.
   (*b*) Pilot Officers .... $ per $1,000 per month.
   (*c*) Flying Officers .... $ per $1,000 per month.
   (*d*) Flight Lieutenants .... $ per $1,000 per month.
   (*e*) Squadron Leaders .... $ per $1,000 per month.
   (*f*) Wing Commanders .... $ per $1,000 per month.

SCHEDULE A—(*Continued*)

4. Crew, Observers or Photographers	$ per $1,000 per month.
5. Paratroopers (including military and naval services)	$ per $1,000 per month.

SECTION II—Military or Naval Service outside Canala, Newfoundland and Continental United States of America (*see* paragraph 2 (2) above)—

1. All Military Services, other than Aviation Services, except those in part 2 of this Section	$ per $1,000 per month.
NOTE.—Military Services in Bermuda	No extra premium.
2. Army Medical Corps (except Nurses), Pay Corps, Postal Corps, Ordnance Corps, Forestry Corps, Railway Operating Units	$ per $1,000 per month.
NOTE.—Doctors or Surgeons in the Army Medical Corps attached to base hospitals or assigned to definite positions for special duties in Great Britain	$ per $1,000 per month.
3. Nurses and Women's Auxiliary Services	$ per $1,000 per month.
4. All Naval Service	$ per $1,000 per month.

SECTION III—Civilian Travel and Residence outside Canada, Newfoundland and Continenal United States of America (*see* paragraph 2 (3) above)—

1. Travel to or residence in Bermuda, the West Indies and South America	No extra premium.
2. Travel or residence otherwise than described in part 1 of this Section	$ per $1,000 per month, depending on the length of travel or residence, number of trips, etc.
3. Civilians engaged in flying bombers overseas, and Auxiliary Services (non-combatant)	$ per $1,000 per month.

NOTE.—Change in Classification or Rank of Service will call for payment of the extra premium attaching to the new Classification or Rank.

Subject to such conditions as the Minister of Finance may prescribe, the extra premium may be paid in respect of such portion of the full amount of the policy as the insured may elect.

SCHEDULE B

TABLE OF EXTRA PREMIUMS

Extra Premiums Payable under this Endorsement for the Risks herein Specified

SECTION I—Aviation Service within Canada, Newfoundland and Continental United States of America (*see* paragraph 1 above)—

1. Officers (non flying and Groundsmen such as Clerks, Mechanics, Repair Men, etc.	$0.85 per $1,000 per month.
2. Pilots in training	$5.00 per $1,000 per month.
3. Experienced Pilots, viz, those with 300 or more flying— hours—	
(*a*) Non-commissioned Pilots	$3.35 per $1,000 per month.
(*b*) Pilot Officers	$3.35 per $1,000 per month.
(*c*) Flying Officers	$2.90 per $1,000 per month.
(*d*) Flight Lieutenants	$2.10 per $1,000 per month.
(*e*) Squadron Leaders	$1.65 per $1,000 per month.
(*f*) Wing Commanders	$1.25 per $1,000 per month.
4. Crew, Observers or Photographers	$2.90 per $1.000 per month.
5. Paratroopers (including military and naval Services)	$2.10 per $1,000 per month.

Section II—Military or Naval Service outside Canada, Newfoundland and Continental United States of America (*see* paragraph 2 (2) above)—

1.	All Military Services, other than Aviation Services, except those in part 2 of this Section	$7.50 per $1,000 per month.
	Note.—Military Services in Bermuda	No extra premium.
2.	Army Medical Corps (except Nurses), Pay Corps, Postal Corps, Ordnance Corps, Forestry Corps, Railway Operating Units	$3.35 per $1,000 per month.
	Note.—Doctors or Surgeons in the Army Medical Corps attached to base hospitals or assigned to definite positions for special duties in Great Britain	$2.10 per $1,000 per month.
3.	Nurses and Women's Auxiliary Services	$2.10 per $1,000 per month.
4.	All Naval Service	$7.50 per $1,000 per month.

Section III—Civilian Travel and Residence outside Canada, Newfoundland and Continental United States of America (*see* paragraph 2 (3) above—

5.	Travel to or residence in Bermuda, the West Indies and South America	No extra premium.
6.	Travel or residence otherwise than described in part 1 of this Section	$0.85 per $1,000 per month, depending on the length of travel or residence, number of trips, etc.
7.	Civilians engaged in flying bombers overseas, and Auxiliary Services (Non-Combatant)	$3.35 per $1,000 per month.

Order in Council amending the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations *re* coal mining

P.C. 6077

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Thursday, the 29th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that there is a serious manpower shortage in coal mining and that special arrangements must be made to furnish the requisite labour for this essential purpose;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and the National Resources Mobilization Act 1940, is pleased to amend the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19, 1943, as amended) and they are hereby further amended by adding the words "or specified employment in coal mining" immediately after the phrase "cutting of fuel wood", in subsection (1) of Section 210B thereof.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council continuing, for the crop year beginning August 1, 1943, payments in respect of western wheat purchased for feed purposes

P.C. 6078

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 8175, dated September 11, 1942, payments were authorized at the rate of 8 cents per bushel in respect of western wheat purchased for feed purposes on and after August 1, 1942, and the Agricultural Supplies Board concurs in the view that such payments should continue;

And Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that, in order to continue these payments during the crop year beginning August 1, 1943, it is necessary to make certain amendments to the said Order in Council.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 8175, dated September 11, 1942, and it is hereby amended by deleting subsection (*c*) of Section 1 thereof and substituting therefor the following,—effective August 1st 1943,—

(c) In respect of western wheat purchased for use exclusively as feed for livestock and poultry in the provinces and areas specified in paragraph (*a*) and the cities of Fort William-Port Arthur, payment shall be made in accordance with regulations issued pursuant hereto and in no case shall payment be made in respect of western wheat in the form of whole grain sold to producers of western wheat possessing a permit book issued by the Canadian Wheat Board entitling the holder to deliver wheat during the crop year 1943-44 unless the holder of such permit book sowed no wheat in 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing agreement with the British Columbia Fruit Board

P.C. 1/6080

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 29th July, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Acting Minister of Agriculture reporting that:—

"Whereas, under the authority of the War Measures Act, Your Excellency, by Orders in Council dated the 27th day of October, 1939, P.C. 3349, the 7th day of September, 1940, P.C. 4493, the 25th day of June, 1941, P.C. 1/4600, and the 5th day of June, 1942, P.C. 4747, approved agreements with respect to the marketing of apples grown in the Okanagan Valley of the Province of British Columbia during the years 1939, 1940, 1941 and 1942, respectively;

And whereas, by reason of the loss of export markets and other restrictions consequent upon the war, it is desirable and expedient to assist the growers of apples in the Okanagan Valley to market their 1943 crop;

And whereas, it is estimated, on the basis of the quantity of apples likely to be subject to the provisions of the agreement, the sum of $212,500 may be required;

The Undersigned, therefore, recommends that, under the authority of the War Measures Act, Your Excellency in Council (*a*) do approve the attached agreement and authorize the execution thereof by the undersigned, and (*b*) do authorize the expenditure of $212,500, chargeable to moneys allotted to the Department of Agriculture from the War Appropriation."

The Board, having approved the estimate of expenditure chargeable to the War Appropriation, 1943-44, concur in the above report and recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT entered into this day of , A.D. 1943.

BETWEEN:

British Columbia Fruit Board, a body politic under the Natural Products Marketing (British Columbia) Act and having its head office in the City of Kelowna, in the Province of British Columbia, hereinafter called the "Board"

of the First Part

and

His Majesty, the King, in right of Canada and herein represented by the Honourable the Minister of Agriculture, hereinafter called the "Minister"

of the Second Part

Whereas because of losses of export markets and other restrictions resulting from the war the Board anticipates difficulties and possible loss to the growers in the marketing of a substantial proportion of the apples which normally would be marketed in countries at present in the war zone;

And whereas it is desirable to increase production in British Columbia of evaporated apple;

And whereas the Minister has been authorized under the War Measures Act to enter into an agreement with the Board to safeguard the growers in part against losses which otherwise seem inevitable;

Now therefore in consideration of these presents the parties hereto covenant and agree each with the other as follows:—

1. (*a*) "Apples" means apples grown in the Okanagan Valley in the year 1943;

(*b*) "Okanagan Valley" means that part of the Province of British Columbia lying east of the 121st meridian of west longitude and south of the 51st parallel of north latitude.

2. The Board covenants and agrees—

(*a*) that all sales of apples in Canada for fresh consumption shall be at prices authorized by the Minister for respective varieties, grades and packs;

(*b*) during the autumn months to feature in Western Canada the sale of unwrapped packs, and to explore further the possibilities of bulk shipping and marketing;

(*c*) to encourage the increased production of evaporated apple;

(*d*) to receive for the account of the grower or growers' agents all moneys paid by the Minister for apples under the terms of this Agreement;

(*e*) to conduct a pool for the distribution of all moneys paid by the Minister together with all moneys received from sales of apples and after deducting all necessary and proper disbursements and expenses and such compensation as may be determined by the Board for apples excluded from marketing, to make payment to the growers or the growers' agents in accordance with a scheme of distribution determined by the Board which shall be on the basis of like returns for apples of the same variety, grade, size, marketability and packing costs;

(*f*) to maintain detailed records of all sales of apples and all moneys received therefor together with such supporting vouchers as may be necessary for the purposes of any audit which may be required.

3. The Minister agrees to assist in the marketing of a maximum quantity of 4,250,000 boxes of apples, less any quantity sold by the Board outside of Canada, by paying to the Board the sum or amount by which the f.o.b. value of all sales by the Board in Canada for fresh consumption at prices authorized by the Minister totals less than an average of $1.30 per box of wrapped pack, $1.20 per box of unwrapped pack, and $45 per ton or 90 cents per box of bulk apples on the basis of 40 pounds being the average net weight of a box of unwrapped pack.

4. The Minister further agrees to assist an increase in production of evaporated apple by paying to the Board the sum or amount of 15 cents for each pound of production in the Okanagan Valley of Choice Quality evaporated apple in excess of 750,000 pounds, as determined by the Minister, provided however that the total sum payable under this clause shall not exceed $112,500.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in Clause 3 hereof the Minister may suspend payment of part or the whole of any account pending investigation as to the quantity or quality of any delivery of apples.

6. Further notwithstanding anything contained in Clauses 3 and 4 hereof, if the Board fails to follow any instructions given by the Minister under this Agreement as to the marketing of apples or if there is any unreasonable failure on the part of the Board to further the purposes of this Agreement or to ensure the maximum enjoyment of its benefits by growers and consumers, the Minister may penalize the Board by reducing the price basis under Clauses 3 and 4 hereof by such amount as he deems fair and just.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals.

....
British Columbia Fruit Board.

....
Minister of Agriculture.

Order in Council approving regulations re British Columbia Fruit Board

P.C. 2/6080

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 29th July, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Acting Minister of Agriculture reporting that:—

> "Whereas by Order in Council, under the authority of the War Measures Act, certain powers and authority were extended to the British Columbia Fruit Board with respect to the marketing of apples grown in the Okanagan Valley of the Province of British Columbia in the years 1939, 1940, 1941 and 1942;
>
> And whereas, by Orders in Council dated the 29th day of July, 1943, P.C. 1/6080, the Agreement between His Majesty and the said Board, with respect to the marketing of apples grown in the year 1943 was approved;
>
> And whereas the powers and authority vested in the Board under the attached regulations which are similar to those approved in previous years are essential to enable the Board properly to perform its obligations and otherwise to comply with the provisions of the said Agreement;
>
> The Undersigned, therefore, recommends that, under the authority of the War Measures Act, Your Excellency in Council do approve the regulations hereto attached."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

REGULATIONS UNDER WAR MEASURES ACT WITH RESPECT TO THE BRITISH COLUMBIA FRUIT BOARD

Definitions

1. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—
   (*a*) "Apples" means apples grown in the Okanagan Valley in the year 1943;
   (*b*) "Board" means the British Columbia Fruit Board;
   (*c*) "Okanagan Valley" means that part of the Province of British Columbia lying east of the 121st meridian of west longitude and south of the 51st parallel of north latitude.

Powers of the Board

2. (i) The Board shall have the exclusive right to sell, ship or transport apples for delivery outside of the Okanagan Valley or to designate the agency by or through which apples may be so sold, shipped or transported, and to determine the charges that may be deducted by any such agency.
   (ii) The Board shall be exclusively entitled to receive payment of the sale price of all apples sold, shipped or transported for delivery outside the Okanagan Valley after the coming into force of these regulations and the Board is duly authorized on receiving payment to give release of all claims made or to be made in respect of the sale price of apples so sold, shipped or transported.
   (iii) The Board shall be entitled to recover any moneys hereafter paid to any person other than the Board on account of the sale price of apples sold, shipped or transported for delivery outside the Okanagan Valley.

Pooling of Receipts

3. (i) The Board shall have authority to conduct a pool for the distribution of all moneys paid by the Minister together with all moneys received by the Board from sales of apples within and without the Okanagan Valley and after deducting all necessary and proper disbursements and expenses and such compensation as may be determined by the Board for apples excluded from marketing and, at the discretion of the Board, payments to growers in areas having less than normal crops, to make payment to the growers or the growers' agents in accordance with a scheme of distribution determined by the Board which shall be on the basis of like returns for apples of the same variety, grade, size, marketability and packing costs;
   (ii) No shipper shall be entitled to receive or claim from the Board any sum of money for apples other than on the basis of the scheme of distribution of pool moneys as determined by the Board.

Processing and Export of Apples

4. (i) No person other than the Board shall sell, ship or export apples for delivery out of the Okanagan Valley.
   (ii) All apples of a kind grown in the Okanagan Valley and found in or exported from the Okanagan Valley, shall be deemed to have been grown in the Okanagan Valley unless otherwise proven.
   (iii) No person shall process any apples, including culls, except such as may be sold or directed to him by the Board for that purpose.

Inspection Certificates

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act or any regulations made thereunder, no inspection certificate shall be issued under the Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act to any person other than the Board or a nominee of the Board.

6. Every person shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not less than Fifty Dollars and not more than One Hundred Dollars for a first offence, and to a fine of not less than One Hundred Dollars and not more than Two Hundred Dollars for a second or subsequent offence, and in default of payment of the fine to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month unless the fine is sooner paid, who contravenes any provision of these regulations

Order in Council exempting oranges from customs duty during the period August 1, 1943, to Dec. 31, 1943

P.C. 6083

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 30th day of JULY, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that oranges originating in and imported from the United States or any other foreign country entitled to most-favoured-nation tariff treatment are admitted duty free during the months of January to July, inclusive, and subject to a customs duty of 35 cents per cubic foot during the months of August to December, inclusive; and

That the Wartime Prices and Trade Board recommends that the customs duty be eliminated on imports of oranges during the period August 1, 1943 to December 31, 1943 in order to maintain existing orange prices.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that oranges originating in and imported from countries the products of which are subject to Intermediate or General Tariff treatment be exempt from the duty of customs of 35 cents per cubic foot during the period August 1, 1943 to December 31, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

Pursuant to Section 210 of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, the following Order is hereby made:

Compulsory Employment Order No. 5

No employer engaged primarily in any of the activities specified below may retain in employment after August 9th, 1943, any person to whom the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations apply and who belongs to an age class, or part of an age class, which has been designated for the purpose of the said Regulations; or any male person who has attained his sixteenth birthday and has not attained his nineteenth birthday, without obtaining a permit in prescribed form from a Selective Service Officer:

1. *Manufacturing*:
   - (*a*) Candy, confectionery, soft drinks, flavouring extracts, syrups, and "essential" oils.
   - (*b*) Tobacco, tobacco pipes and cigarette holders.
   - (*c*) Hats and caps, artificial leather, padding and upholstery filling for general use.
   - (*d*) Public building furniture; office and store fixtures; window shades; Venetian blinds; wall paper; rubber flooring; children's vehicles; lamp shades.
   - (*e*) Monuments and tombstones; cut-stone and stone products; ornamental metal work; signs and advertising displays.
   - (*f*) Pianos, organs and musical instrument parts and materials, games, toys and dolls.
   - (*g*) Pens, mechanical pencils and pen points; artists' materials; jewellery cases and instrument cases.
   - (*h*) Soda fountain and beer dispensing equipment; vending, amusement and other coin-operated machines; household and service industry machines; store machines and devices; beauty and barber equipment, vacuum cleaners.
2. *Other Activities*:
   - (*a*) Art, authors, museums; library operations, photography; and lapidary work.
   - (*b*) Costume renting; manufacture of wigs, toupees, braids and switches.
   - (*c*) Fur dressing and dyeing; fur storage.

DATED at OTTAWA, this 28th day of July, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

A. MacNAMARA,
Director National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE ORDER

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 505 (*g*) of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19, 1943, as amended), the Minister of Labour hereby makes the following Order:

ORDER No. 7

The provisions of Section 208 of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations shall not apply to—

(1) advertising for domestic and kitchen employees for hospitals, asylums, nurseries, orphanages, institutions for the aged and infirm, or for any other type of institution similar in nature to the foregoing and approved by the Director of National Selective Service; or

(2) a person advertising in reference to female persons sixty years of age or over; or

(3) the Civil Service Commission.

Dated at Ottawa, this 29th day of July, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

A. MacNAMARA,
Director National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 19
Supplement No. 42

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 29th July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Trading with the Enemy

List of Specified Persons, Revision No. 42

Herewith is furnished for your information and guidance a Proclamation, effective on the date of publication, amending, as stated therein, the list of Specified Persons published with Memorandum WM No. 19.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 39
Fifth Revision
Supplement No. 21

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 23rd July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

Effective on and after July 26, 1943, (P.C. 5787; 20/7/43), the following are added to the list of commodities requiring an export permit before being shipped from Canada to any destination:

Group 1 *Agricultural and Vegetable Products*
Apples, peaches, pears and plums, fresh.
Tree fruits, n.o.p., fresh.
Tobacco, leaf.
Tobacco, cut.
Cigars, cigarettes, snuff, and manufactured tobacco, n.o.p.

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 74, effective on and after July 26, 1943, the following are exempted from requiring an export permit when shipped to members of the Canadian Armed Forces abroad, or when shipped by or consigned to the Navy, Army and Air Force Institutes for use in canteens abroad:

Group 1 *Agricultural and Vegetable Products*
Tobacco, leaf.
Tobacco, cut.
Cigars, cigarettes, snuff, and manufactured tobacco, n.o.p.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 39
Fifth Revision
Supplement No. 22

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 24th July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

Referring to memorandum WM No. 39, fifth revision, supplement No. 15, it is pointed out that the item "Hardwoods, n.o.p.: Logs, sawed or hewn timber, boards, planks and scantlings" is intended to include only logs, sawed or hewn timber, boards planks and scantlings of hardwood other than those previously listed as being under export control (i.e., other than Birch, Maple, Balsa, Lignum vitae, Teakwood and Sandalwood).

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

WM No. 98

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 28th July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Prohibited Imports

It is ordered that the importation into Canada of the goods enumerated hereunder be prohibited except under a permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of National Revenue:

Tariff Item	*Description*
537c	Rovings, yarns and warps wholly of vegetable fibres other than cotton, not to include materials for sewing, stitching or packaging purposes, imported by manufacturers for use exclusively in their own factories for insulating wire or for weaving or braiding.
537d	Rovings, yarns and warps wholly of jute, not more advanced than singles, n.o.p., not to contain silk, artificial silk nor wool.
537e	Rovings, yarns and warps wholly of jute, including yarn twist, cords and twines generally used for packaging and other purposes, n.o.p.
541	Woven fabrics, wholly of jute, not bleached nor coloured, n.o.p.
541a	Woven fabrics, wholly of jute, n.o.p.
541b	Woven or braided fabrics, wholly of jute, not exceeding twelve inches in width.
541c	Woven fabrics of vegetable fibres, coated or impregnated, imported for use exclusively as "brattice cloth" in underground mining operations.
ex 547	Bags of jute, except used or second-hand jute bags.

Provided however that an import permit shall not be required in connection with importations of the aforementioned goods by the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. or any other Canadian Government Department, Agency, or Corporation, or any Agent acting for such Department, Agency or Corporation.

Applications for permits to import the above-enumerated goods are to be submitted, IN DUPLICATE, on Department of National Revenue Form "Application for Permit to Import War Materials and Other Goods".

The foregoing does not apply to goods in transit to Canada on or before the 28th July, 1943.

D. SIM,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

(P.C. 5899, 23/7/43; Authority War Measures Act.)

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement on Import Policy

Referring to the "Statement on Import Policy, Effective February 11, 1943," published in Canadian War Orders and Regulations, February 22, 1943, notice is hereby given of the following change in Schedules "A" and "B" to the said Statement, effective July 21, 1943:—

Schedule "A" is amended by inserting therein the following:—

Tariff Item	*Description of Goods*
ex 599	Sheep and lamb skins, pickled
ex 654	Broom corn

Schedule "B", Section 1, is amended by inserting therein the following:—

Tariff Item	*Description of Goods*
846	Lactic acid imported for use in the tanning or processing of leather

Schedule "B", Section 11, is amended by deleting therefrom the following:—

Item Number	*Description of Goods*
ex 599	Sheep and lamb skins, pickled

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Ottawa, July 21, 1943.

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 295

Respecting Publications other than Newspapers, Magazines and other Periodicals

made pursuant to authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated the 1st day of November, 1941.

Whereas requirements of war for labour, electric power and wood fibre have made it desirable and necessary to control the distribution of print paper among users of such paper within Canada;

And whereas it is deemed desirable and necessary that publications of a kind similar to and competitive with newspapers, magazines and other periodicals as defined in Order No. 223 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board should be subject to conservation measures;

And whereas it is deemed equitable that such control should be based upon use of print paper prior to the limitation of supply effected on and after November 1, 1942.

Therefore the Board orders as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Administrator" means the person appointed Administrator of Publishing, Printing and Allied Industries by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board with the approval of the Governor in Council;

(*b*) "newspaper" shall include any newspaper, magazine or periodical, consisting wholly or in great part of political or other news, or of articles relating thereto or to other current topics, and published regularly at intervals of not more than three months;

(*c*) "other periodical" shall include periodicals not consisting wholly or in great part of political or other news, or of articles relating thereto or to other current topics but published regularly at intervals of not more than three months;

(*d*) "publication" means printed matter, other than a newspaper or other periodical as herein defined which

(i) is published or issued in the style or format of or similar to a newspaper or other periodical; or

(ii) is sold or distributed to the trade in a manner or by means or under conditions of sale employed in the sale or distribution of a newspaper or other periodical; or

(iii) is published or issued at regular or irregular intervals and under the same or a substantially similar title or identification and which contains advertising of goods or services sold or supplied by a person other than its publisher or advertising for which its publisher charges, exacts or receives money or other valuable consideration;

(*e*) "print paper" means any grade or quality of paper used in the printing of a publication or used in the printing of material physically incorporated into a publication.

2. The Administrator may, by direction in writing declare any printed matter to be a publication within the meaning of this Order, and thereafter this Order shall apply to that printed matter.

3. (1) To provide equitable distribution of print paper the Administrator may issue permits for the purchase, acquisition or use of print paper for the printing or publishing of any publication.

(2) No person shall buy, acquire or use any print paper for the printing or publishing of any publication except under and in accordance with a permit issued by the Administrator.

(3) In providing by means of such permits for the equitable distribution of print paper for the printing or publishing of any publication, the Administrator may, in his discretion, establish a quota of print paper for each such publication, taking into consideration in the determination of such quota, but not limited thereby, the following factors: (*a*) total available supply of print paper from time to time, (*b*) methods of sale and distribution, (*c*) use of print paper prior to November 1, 1942, (*d*) circulation changes prior to November 1, 1942, (*e*) minimum requirements and total volume of use, and (*f*) potential economies.

4. No person shall print any publication for any other person except on the written order of the holder of a permit for the purchase or use of print paper for the production of such publication, and the order shall bear the permit number on the face thereof.

5. This Order shall not apply to

(*a*) any publication published or authorized by the Government of Canada, or of any province of Canada, or by any municipality in Canada, or by or on behalf of any agency of any such government or municipality;

(*b*) any publication which, in the opinion of the Administrator, is published by any religious, charitable, philanthropic, educational, scientific, professional, political, labour or other non-profit organization;

(*c*) any publication not being or containing advertising of goods or services and not published for profit;

provided always that the exemptions granted by this Section shall not apply to any publication that is published primarily for advertising purposes, or derives its principal earned revenue from advertising.

6. This Order shall be effective on and after the 1st day of August, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, this 20th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No 297

Respecting Sugar Rationing

made pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated the 1st day of November, 1941.

The Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. Subsection 5 of Section 11 of Order No. 242 of the Board is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(5) Each canning sugar coupon shall represent and be valid for the purchase at any time before October 1, 1943, of 5 pounds of sugar for home canning, notwithstanding that the name of a particular month is printed on any of such coupons."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after July 26, 1943.

Made at Ottawa this 20th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 298

Respecting Veal

made pursuant to authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated the 1st day of November 1941.

Whereas it is expedient to amend Order No. 274 of the Board.

Therefore the Board hereby Orders as follows:—

1. Section 9 of Order No. 274 of the Board is amended by adding thereto the following subsection

"(2) No person shall have in his possession for sale, sell or offer to sell or buy or offer to buy

(*a*) a carcass of veal obtained from a calf less than three weeks old;

(*b*) a carcass, portion or cut of veal that—

(i) has the appearance of being water-soaked or is loose or flabby or tears easily or can be perforated with the fingers;

(ii) is greyish red in colour;

(iii) lacks good muscular development, particularly when noticeable on the upper shank of the leg where small quantities of serous infiltrates of small edematous patches are sometimes present between the muscles; or

(iv) has tissue which later develops as the fat capsule of the kidneys that is edematous, dirty yellow or greyish red, tough and intermixed with islands of fat."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 2nd day of August, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, this 20th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 299

Fixing the Maximum Prices of Eggs.

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated 1st November 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS as follows:

Replacements of previous Order. Effective Date.

1. (1) On and after July 28, 1943, Order No. 212 of the Board as amended by its Order No. 248 is revoked and replaced by this Order which fixes the maximum or highest selling prices of wholesalers, retailers and primary producers on sales of domestic hens' eggs in the shell, in the rest of this Order simply referred to as eggs.

Grades of Eggs.

(2) Grades of eggs referred to are the grades for Canadian Egg Standards as specified in Part I of the Regulations for grading, packing and marking of eggs issued under the Live Stock and Live Stock Products Act, 1939.

Meaning of certain words.

(3) The word "sell" as used in this Order also covers an offer to sell and the expression "sell at wholesale" refers to any sale which is not a sale at retail.

Incubator eggs not affected.

(4) This Order does not affect or relate to eggs intended and sold for incubation.

Quoted prices are maximum.

2. (1) All wholesale and retail prices quoted in this Order and its Schedule are the maximum or highest selling prices and must not be exceeded. Prices vary according to grade of eggs.

Wholesale prices include packing and delivery except as specified.

(2) Wholesale prices include packaging and delivery to the buyer's place of business except in the following cases

(*a*) if delivery by railway, it is to be made at the railway station nearest the buyer's place of business;

(*b*) if delivery is by railway express at the buyer's request, the wholesaler may add to his selling price the difference between railway freight and express charges, if he shows the difference as a separate item on his sales invoice.

Addition to price for eggs in cartons.

(3) A wholesaler, retailer or primary producer who packs eggs for sale in cartons in lots of one dozen or one-half dozen eggs per carton may add to his selling price of eggs which are sold so packed an amount not more than 2 cents per dozen or 1 cent per half-dozen eggs. This provision applies only where the person who sells is the one who actually packed the eggs in cartons.

Grade B prices.

(4) Prices of grade B eggs are for grade B large and grade B medium only. Prices of grade B pullet eggs must not be more than the prices for grade C eggs.

Premium quality eggs.

(5) Sections 3, 4 and 5 do not relate to premium quality eggs and their prices. They are dealt with and priced by Section 6.

Highest prices at wholesale.

3. The highest price at which a person may sell at wholesale eggs of a grade specified in the Schedule is fixed as follows:—

Schedule prices.

(*a*) *Schedule prices*—to a buyer whose place of business is in a city or area named in the Schedule—the price stated in the Schedule for that city or area according to the grade of the eggs sold;

Non-Schedule prices.

(*b*) *Non-schedule prices*—to a buyer whose place of business is not in a city or area named in the Schedule—the price shall be the sum total of the following two items

(i) the Schedule price (according to grade of the eggs sold) for the city or area named in the Schedule from which the eggs are shipped to the buyer at his place of business. If transhipped en route the city or area where transhipment takes place is to govern in pricing the eggs; and

(ii) the actual cost of transportation of the eggs from the city or area from which they were shipped or transhipped to the buyer's place of business.

Retailers highest buying cost.

4. (1) The highest cost at which a person may buy eggs for resale at retail must not be more than the highest price at which his supplier is allowed to sell the same as fixed by Section 3 and for premium quality eggs by Section 6 PLUS the cost of transportation of the eggs from the railway station nearest to the retailer's place of business, if delivery to him was by railway.

Highest selling prices at retail.

(2) The highest price at which a person who is not the primary producer may sell at retail eggs of a grade specified in the Schedule is fixed at the sum total of the following two items:—

(*a*) his actual delivered cost of the eggs, but in any case not more than his highest delivered cost; and

(*b*) a markup, based on percentage of cost, not more than the markup, based also on percentage of cost, he customarily obtained during the basic period (September 15 to October 11, 1941) on sales by him at retail of eggs of the same grade, but the markup must not in any case be more than 6 cents per dozen eggs.

Highest selling prices for primary producers.

5. The highest price at which a person who is the primary producer may either on the public market or elsewhere sell direct to the consumer eggs of a grade specified in the Schedule is fixed at the sum total of the following two items:—

(*a*) the highest price at which eggs of the same grade may be sold at wholesale to a buyer in the same place as the consumer, as fixed by Section 3; and

(*b*) a markup not more than 6 cents per dozen.

What may be sold as premium eggs.

6. (1) Premium quality eggs mean and are limited to grade A-1 eggs only. If sold by a primary producer he need not have the egg actually graded A-1, but if they are not actually graded they must be equal to the standards for that grade and sold by him only in sealed cartons plainly printed on the outside "Premium Large Eggs" or "Premium Medium Eggs" or "Premium Pullet Eggs" according to size.

Highest prices of premium eggs at wholesale.

(2) The highest price at which a person, including a primary producer, may sell at wholesale premium quality eggs shall be the sum total of the following two items:

(*a*) the actual price at which he is at that particular time selling at wholesale the corresponding size of grade A eggs. If he is not at that time selling such eggs, then the actual price at which his closest competitor nearest in point of distance is at that particular time selling at wholesale the corresponding size of grade A eggs. In either case the actual price must not be more than the highest price at wholesale at which the corresponding size of grade A eggs could be sold to the same buyer as fixed by Section 3; and

(*b*) an amount not more than the difference between his selling prices at wholesale during the basic period of the corresponding size of grade A-1 and grade A eggs or not more than 4 cents per dozen eggs, whichever of the two is the lesser. If during the basic period he did not sell both of those grades, the amount must not be more than 4 cents per dozen eggs.

Highest prices of premium quality eggs at retail or direct to consumer.

(3) The highest price at which a person may sell at retail, or a primary producer on the public market or elsewhere may sell direct to the consumer, premium quality eggs shall be the sum total of the following two items:—

(*a*) the actual price at which he is at that particular time selling at retail or direct to the consumer the corresponding size of grade A eggs. If he is not at that time selling such eggs, then the actual price at which his closest competitor nearest in point of distance is at that particular time selling at retail or direct to the consumer the corresponding size of grade A eggs. In the case of a retailer the actual price must not be more than the highest price at retail at which the corresponding size of grade A eggs could be sold by him to the same buyer as fixed by Section 4. In the case of a primary producer the actual price must not be more than the highest price at which the corresponding size of grade A eggs could be sold by him to the same consumer as fixed by Section 5; and

(*b*) an amount not exceeding the difference between his selling price at retail or direct to the consumer during the basic period of the corresponding size of grade A-1 and grade A eggs or not more than 4 cents per dozen eggs, whichever of the two is the lesser. If during the basic period he did not sell both of those grades, the amount must not be more than 4 cents per dozen eggs.

Extra payments are part of buying or selling price.

7. Any commission, reward, premium or other payment or consideration of any kind in money or money's worth claimed, stipulated for, taken or made, directly or indirectly, by or to any person in connection with or arising out of a sale, purchase or transaction in eggs shall be and form part of the price at which the eggs are bought or sold.

Order applies to all sales of eggs by primary producers.

8. (1) This Order applies to sales of eggs by primary producers thereof to any manufacturer, processor, wholesaler, retailer or other dealer, and the exemption thereof stated in Order No. 189 of the Board no longer applies.

Price on sales by primary producer to others than consumers.

(2) On a sale of eggs by a primary producer to any person other than a consumer he must not sell at a higher price than the highest price at which the same grade of eggs may be sold by any person at wholesale as fixed by this Order.

Sales invoice to accompany all sales.

9. (1) Every person including a primary producer who sells eggs at wholesale shall on each sale issue in duplicate a sales invoice showing the name and complete

address of both the seller and the buyer, the date of sale and the grade and price of the eggs sold. Any charge for packing in cartons as specified in Section 2 must be shown also as a separate item on the sales invoice.

Buyer to be given copy of sales invoice. Seller to retain copy of sales invoice.

(2) One copy of the sales invoice shall be given to the buyer at the time of sale or delivery and the seller shall keep the other copy available for inspection as hereunder stated. If he keeps the copy as above stated he need not keep any other record of the particulars of sale shown on the invoice. Otherwise he must keep the record.

Retailer to give sales slip to buyer if it is requested.

(3) Every person including a primary producer who sells eggs at retail or direct to the consumer if asked by the buyer must give him an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the grade and price of the eggs sold and if sold in a carton, the size of the carton.

Records of purchases of eggs.

(4) Every wholesaler and retailer immediately he receives any eggs he has bought shall keep a written record showing separately for each place of business he operates, the date of purchase, name and complete address of his supplier, the grade quantity and price of the eggs bought and the cartoning charge if any made by the supplier as permitted by Section 2.

Inspection of records and invoices.

(5) Every invoice and record which a seller of eggs is required by the Section to keep shall be kept available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months after the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Offences.

10. It is an offence for any person to contravene or fail to observe any of the provisions of this Order and the offender is liable to prosecution under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations.

Made at Ottawa this 21st day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

SCHEDULE OF BOARD ORDER No. 299

HIGHEST WHOLESALE SELLING PRICES OF EGGS FOR CITIES AND AREAS NAMED IN THIS SCHEDULE

Note—(1) An area named below does not include any of the cities which are named in this Schedule.
(2) All prices shown ARE IN CENTS PER DOZEN EGGS according to grade.

Province	Cities	Areas (Excluding Cities Named)	Prices by Grades				
			Grade A Large	Grade A Medium	Grade A Pullet	Grade B	Grade C
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND		The Whole Province	50¼	48¼	45¼	45¼	43¼
NOVA SCOTIA		The Whole Province	51¼	49¼	46¼	46¼	44¼
NEW BRUNSWICK		The Whole Province	51¼	49¼	46¼	46¼	44¼
QUEBEC	Montreal Sherbrooke St. Hyacinthe Three Rivers Quebec		50½	48½	45½	45½	43½
	Hull		50	48	45	45	43
		(A) —South of St. Lawrence River and East of Temiscouata Railway from Riviere du Loup to the boundary of New Brunswick including all stations on the above named railway	51¼	49¼	46¼	46¼	44¼
		(B) —South of St. Lawrence River and West of Area A	50	48	45	45	43
		(C)—Counties of Lac St. Jean and Chicoutimi, except the southerly part of Chicoutimi included in Area D	51¼	49¼	46¼	46¼	44¼
		(D)—The strip of territory 30 miles wide bounded on the south by the north shore of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Rivers and extending from the Saguenay River on the east to the west boundary of the County of Argenteuil on the west	50	48	45	45	43
		(E)—Counties of Vaudreuil and Soulanges	50	48	45	45	43

SCHEDULE OF BOARD ORDER No. 299 *(continued)*

Highest Wholesale Selling Prices of Eggs for Cities and Areas Named in This Schedule

Note—(1) An area named below does not include any of the cities which are named in this Schedule.
(2) All prices shown are in cents per dozen eggs according to grade.

Province	Cities	Areas (Excluding Cities Named)	Prices by Grades				
			Grade A Large	Grade A Medium	Grade A Pullet	Grade B	Grade C
Quebec *(Cont'd)*		(F)—The strip of territory 30 miles wide bounded on the south by the north shore of the Ottawa River and extending from the west boundary of the County of Argenteuil on the east to the west boundary of the County of Pontiac on the west..................	49½	47½	44½	44½	42½
		(G)—That part of the county of Temiskamingue south of the most northerly transcontinental route of the Canadian National Railway and to the west of Senneterre, including Senneterre and all stations on the above mentioned railway within the said part of Temiskamingue..	52	50	47	47	45
Ontario................	Toronto............... Ottawa............... Hamilton............. Windsor.............. St. Catharines......... Kingston.............. Niagara Falls.......... Port Arthur........... Fort William...........	....	50	48	45	45	43
		(A) —The County of Haliburton and the Districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Sudbury and Algoma.............	51	49	46	46	44
		(B) —That part of the District of Cochrane south of the most northerly transcontinental route of the Canadian National Railway, including all stations on that railway within the said part and the District of Timiskaming....................................	52	50	47	47	45
		(C)—That part of the Districts of Thunder Bay, Rainy River and Kenora south of the most northerly transcontinental route of the Canadian National Railway, including all stations on that railway within the said part..	50½	48½	45½	45½	43½

		(D)—All that part of Ontario lying to the south and east of Areas A, B and C	49½	47½	44½	44½	42½
MANITOBA	Winnipeg Portage la Prairie Brandon		48½	46½	43½	43½	41½
		(A)—All that part of Manitoba lying south of the 54th parallel of latitude	48	46	43	43	41
SASKATCHEWAN	Regina Saskatoon Moose Jaw		47½	45½	42½	42½	40½
		(A) —All that part of Saskatchewan lying south of the 54th parallel of latitude	47	45	42	42	40
ALBERTA	Edmonton Calgary Lethbridge Medecine Hat		47½	45½	42½	42½	40½
		(A)—The strip of territory lying within ten miles of the Canadian National Railway west of and including Edson and Lovett (B)—The strip of territory lying within ten miles of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway west of and including Banff (C)—The strip of territory lying within ten miles of the Crow's Nest line of the Canadian Pacific Railway west of and including Blairmore	48½	46½	43½	43½	41½
		(D)—The remaining part of the province of Alberta lying south of the 55th parallel of latitude	47	45	42	42	40
BRITISH COLUMBIA		(A)—All that part of Vancouver Island south of a line from Port Alberni to Parksville and any part of the remainder of the Island which lies within ten miles of any railway line on the Island	50	48	45	45	43
		(B) —All the remaining part of the province of British Columbia south of the most northerly transcontinental route of the Canadian National Railway from Lucerne to Prince Rupert and including all stations on the said railway line, but excluding from such area all parts of Vancouver Island within Area "A" and also excluding Queen Charlotte Island and all other islands lying off the mainland coast north of the 50th parallel of latitude	49½	47½	44½	44½	42½

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 300

Respecting Lamb

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated 1st November, 1941, and amendments,

The Board Hereby Orders as follows:—

1. (1) Clause (*c*) of subsection 1 of section 3 of Order No. 196 of the Board is amended by inserting therein after the words "preceding year" the words "prior to December 1".

(2) The said subsection 1 of section 3 of the said Order is amended by adding thereto immediately following the said clause (*c*) the following clause:—

> "(*d*) of fresh lamb (obtained from the slaughter of lambs born in the same year in which the sale is made or in December of the preceding year) during the period July 27 to August 31, 1943, inclusive shall be the price set forth in Schedule 'D' hereto for that zone."

2. Subsections 2 and 3 of the said section 3 of the said Order are each amended by striking out the words and letters "Schedule "A", "B" or "C" hereto" where they occur in the said subsections and inserting in lieu thereof the words and letters "Schedule "A", "B", "C" or "D" hereto".

3. Subsection 5 of the said section 3 of the said Order is amended by striking out the word and figures "August 31" where they occur in the said subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the word and figures "July 26".

4. Subsection 6 of the said section 3 of the said Order is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:—

> "and provided also that no person shall sell or offer to sell or buy or offer to buy at wholesale any fresh lamb of the kind mentioned in Clause (*d*) of subsection 1 or in subsection 5 of this section except a carcass or a side."

5. The said Order No. 196 is further amended by adding Schedule "D" thereto as set forth in the Schedule to this Order.

6. This Order shall be effective on and after the 27th day of July, 1943.

Made at Ottawa this 26th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

SCHEDULE "D"

Maximum Prices of Carcasses and Sides of spring or summer lamb in the following period in any year in the following zones

Kind	*Period*	*Zone*	*Cents per Pound*
Fresh Spring or Summer Lamb	July 27th to August 31st	1	31
		2	31
		3	30
		4	30
		5	30
		6	30
		7	30½
		8	30
		9	29½
		10	28½
		11	28¼
		12	28
		13	29¼
		14	29¼
		15	29¾

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 301

Controlling the Sale and Distribution of Canned Fruits and Vegetables

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated the 1st day of November, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:—

Purpose of this Order

1. The chief purpose of this Order is to secure for essential needs an adequate supply of certain canned fruits and vegetables. It is necessary to restrict and partially suspend the sale of these canned fruits and vegetables while fresh fruits and vegetables are available so as to conserve the supply of the canned products.

Administrator's Order No. A-498 which applied only to the 1942 pack is revoked as of July 27, 1943, and on and after that date is replaced by this Order.

Application of this Order

2. (1) *Definition*—"Canned Fruits and Vegetables" wherever used in this Order includes canned juices produced from fruits or vegetables.

(2) This Order applies only to canned fruits and vegetables packed for sale in metal containers except the kinds thereof packed in metal containers and known in the trade and sold as "baby foods."

(3) This Order does not apply to frozen fruits or vegetables, nor does it apply to soups, jams, jellies, or marmalade.

Sales to Consumers and Certain Retailers are Restricted

3. (1) "Consumer" means a person who buys canned fruits and vegetables

(*a*) for personal or household consumption;

(*b*) for use in serving meals or refreshments; or

(*c*) for use in the manufacture of any product.

(2) Except as stated in subsections (3) and (4) of this Section, on and after July 27, 1943, no person shall sell, offer to sell, supply or deliver any canned fruits and vegetables to a consumer, unless he obtains written directions from the Deputy Co-ordinator (Requirement and Allocation) of the Foods Administration or from any other duly authorized representative of the Board.

(3) This Section does not apply to stocks of canned fruits and vegetables which a retailer has in his retail premises at the close of business on Monday, July 26, 1943, but it does apply to stocks of those canned products which a chain store operator or a department store operator or any other retailer has on that date in a central warehouse or other place of storage separate from his retail outlet or outlets.

(4) This Section also does not apply to stocks of canned fruits and vegetables which are in transit on July 26, 1943, to a retailer, unless that retailer is a chain store operator, department store operator, or other retailer who has a central warehouse or other place of storage separate from his retail outlet or outlets.

4. On and after July 27, 1943, no person shall sell, offer to sell, supply or deliver any canned fuits and vegetables to any person who sells those canned products at retail in any city or town in Canada, known to the distributive trade as a jobbing centre, in which one or more wholesale distributors of those canned products are carrying on business, unless that retailer operated on July 27, 1943, and continues to operate a central warehouse or other place of storage separate from his retail outlet or outlets, except as may be directed from time to time by the Deputy Co-ordinator (Requirement and Allocation) of the Foods Administration or by any other duly authorized representative of the Board.

5. (1) Every retailer must keep a record of all canned fruits and vegetables received by him from a canner or wholesale distributor on and after July 27, 1943. Retention of invoices covering those canned products shall be a sufficient compliance with this subsection.

(2) Every retailer must retain all canned fruits and vegetables to which this Order applies which are received by him on and after July 27, 1943, except as he may be directed by the Deputy Co-ordinator (Requirement and Allocation) of the Foods Administration, or by any other duly authorized representative of the Board. And if a retailer, without having been so directed, fails to retain that quantity of canned

fruits and vegetables, he shall, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, be presumed to have sold to a consumer those canned fruits and vegetables which he is unable to produce.

Products to be Held by Canners for Essential Purposes

6. (1) "Canner" means any processor, packer or other manufacturer holding at any time during the year 1943 a manufacturer's sales tax licence issued by the Excise Division of the Department of National Revenue, and producing for sale any of the canned products to which this order applies.

(2) "1942 pack" and "1943 pack" mean respectively canned fruits and vegetables processed from fruits and vegetables grown in 1942 or 1943 as the case may be.

(3) This Section applies only to the 1943 pack of the following canned fruits and vegetables:

Fruits

Apricots
Cherries
Peaches
Pears
Plums

Vegetables

Green Beans
Wax Beans
Cream Style Corn
Whole Kernel Corn
Peas
Pumpkin
Spinach
Tomatoes
Tomato Juice

(4) No canner shall dispose of in any manner but shall retain in his possession or under his control the quantities stated in this subsection of his total 1943 pack (by volume of the pack) of all the canned fruits and vegetables listed in subsection (3) of this Section until he receives directions in writing from the Deputy Co-ordinator (Requirement and Allocation) of the Foods Administration, or from any other duly authorized representative of the Board, as to their sale and distribution.

Quantities to be Held by Canner

(*a*) twenty-five per cent (25%) of the total quantity (by volume of pack) of each kind of canned vegetables listed in subsection (3) except canned tomatoes and tomato juice;

(*b*) fifty per cent (50%) of the total quantity (by volume of pack) of canned tomatoes and of each kind of canned fruits listed in subsection (3);

(*c*) thirty-eight per cent (38%) of the total quantity (by volume of pack) of canned tomato juice listed in subsection (3).

(5) If a canner has delivered before the date of this Order any quantity of his 1943 pack of any of the canned fruits and vegetables listed in subsection (3) of this Section he is still required to hold the above specified quantity of his 1943 pack of that product from his stock on hand at the date of this Order and from his production after the date of this Order.

(6) The quantities of canned products which this Section requires a canner to hold until he receives directions must be held by him regardless of any contracts or agreements entered into for the sale or delivery of those products. All contracts and agreements entered into by canners whether before or after the date of this Order are subject to this provision.

Holders of Stocks Must File Inventories

7. (1) Every canner and wholesale distributor, and every retailer operating a central warehouse or other place of storage separate from his retail outlet or outlets, who at the close of business on July 26, 1943, has on hand or in stock any canned fruits and vegetables of the 1942 pack to which this Order applies shall file a report in duplicate of the quantities thereof with the Statistics Branch, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, No. 7 Temporary Building, Ottawa, Ontario. This report must be made on a form according to the Schedules attached to this Order. It must be signed by the person reporting or by some other person duly authorized to sign on his behalf.

(2) The said reports must be filed with the Statistics Branch not later than August 9, 1943.

8. This Order shall be effective on and after July 27, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Form RS-CG8

Return to: Statistics Branch, Research Division
Wartime Prices and Trade Board
No. 7 Bldg.
Ottawa, Ont.

SCHEDULE "A" REFERRED TO IN ORDER No. 301

STOCKS ON HAND OF GOODS PACKED IN 1942 (see instructions)

(in DOZENS of tins)

Products (list items in column below)	SIZE OF CONTAINER											
	105 oz.	48 oz.	32 oz.	28 oz.	26 oz.	20 oz.	16 oz.	......oz.	...... oz.	...... oz.	...... oz.	...... oz.
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NAME OF FIRM.. DATE..

ADDRESS.. OFFICER REPORTING..

Form RS–CG9

SCHEDULE "B"

Referred to in Order No. 301

Details of 1942 Goods Invoiced But Not Delivered (see instructions)

A. Mark "X" in either (1) or (2) below.

1. The goods listed below are being held *for* me by the firm listed in the right hand column ☐
2. The goods listed below are being held by me for the firm listed in the right hand column ☐

B. List G.I.N.D. stocks.

Product	Size of Tin	No. of Dozen Held	Name and Address of Firms

Name of Firm.............................. Date......................

Address.................................... Signature.................................

....

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement of Policy on Equitable Distribution accompanying Order No. 301

As pointed out in the Order its chief purpose is to secure for essential needs an adequate supply of certain canned fruits and vegetables. This statement of policy applies to those canned products and supplements the general Policy on Equitable Distribution of Goods in Short Supply.

Distribution by Canners

Canners must retain the percentage of their canned products as required by the Order. The remainder of those products must be equitably distributed by them among their customers on a pro rata basis according to the quantity of those canned products which the canners delivered to their respective customers during the period July 1, 1941 to June 30, 1942.

Distribution by Wholesale Distributors

Similarly, every wholesale distributor must also equitably distribute his available supplies of those canned fruits and vegetables on a pro rata basis according to the quantity he released or distributed to his respective customers during the period July 1, 1941, to June 30, 1942. In addition a wholesale distributor must only release or deliver the annual quota of those canned products which his customer is entitled to receive, at the rate of not more than ten per cent of such total annual quota per month. However, any wholesale distributor wishing to take advantage of more favourable transportation costs may deliver more than ten per cent of such quota if prior to or at the time of delivery he notifies his customer of the number of months of the annual quota included in that delivery.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-820

Respecting the Maximum Price of Newsprint Paper

Under powers given to the Newsprint Administrator by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell newsprint paper in rolls or sheets, not further processed, for use or consumption within Canada shall be $4.00 per ton more than the maximum price for the same as fixed by Administrator's Order No. A-628.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 1st day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 21st day of July, 1943.

GUY E. HOULT,
Newsprint Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-830

Concerning Sphagnum Peat Moss for Poultry Litter and Horticultural Purposes in British Columbia.

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Non-Ferrous Metal (Primary) it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Introduction

Revokes A-418.

1. On July 31, 1943, Administrator's Order No. A-418 is revoked and on and after that date this Order takes its place and governs as to all matters covered by this Order.

MC-20.

2. On July 15, 1942, the Metals Controller who is a member of the Wartime Industries Control Board, made Order MC-20. According to that Order, a person is prohibited from dealing in sphagnum peat moss gathered and baled in British Columbia unless he receives permission from the Metals Controller.

What this Order covers.

3. The Metals Controller proposes to direct that specified quantities of peat moss gathered and baled in British Columbia be made available from time to time for use as poultry litter and for horticultural purposes.

It is with respect only to those quantities of peat moss which are made available by the Metals Controller for the said use and purpose that this Order applies.

Purpose of Order.

4. This Order fixes the price at which peat moss may be sold for the said use and purposes. It also provides a means of ensuring equitable distribution of peat moss in British Columbia.

Special cases may be exempted.

5. The provisions of this Order are subject to such written exemption as the said Administrator, upon application to him, may grant in any individual case of undue hardship or other special circumstances, but the price of peat moss fixed by this Order is not to be affected by such exemption.

Offences and penalties.

6. It is an offence for any person to sell or offer to sell peat moss for use as poultry litter or for horticultural purposes at a price higher than the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales by him. It is also an offence for a person to contravene or fail to observe and comply with any rule or provision of this Order.

Prosecution for an offence will be under the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations which for each offence provides a penalty up to $5,000 or imprisonment for a term up to two years, or both fine and imprisonment.

Definitions.

7. In this Order

(*a*) "bale" means a standard bale of peat moss, which bale measures 20 inches by 20 inches by 40 inches;

(*b*) "sell" includes offer to sell.

Producers Sales

Who is a producer.

8. (1) "Producer" means a person who cuts, bales, and otherwise processes peat moss.

Highest selling price for a producer.

(2) The highest price per bale at which a producer may sell peat moss shall be $1.45, f.o.b. his place of baling.

Sales to Consumers in Fraser Valley

Fraser Valley area defined.

9. (1) "Fraser Valley area" is all that part of the mainland of the province of British Columbia bounded on the west by the Straits of Georgia and Howe Sound, on the northeast by a straight line drawn between the most easterly point of Howe Sound and the village of Hope in the said province, on the east by a straight line drawn due southerly from the village of Hope to the 49th parallel of north latitude, and on the south by the said parallel of latitude.

(2) The highest price per bale at which any person may sell peat moss to a consumer located in the Fraser Valley area shall be $1.85. The said price includes delivery of the peat moss to the consumer's premises in the said area.

Definitions. Wholesale dealer.

Sales by Wholesale Dealers to Retailers Outside Fraser Valley Area

10. (1) In this and subsequent sections

(*a*) "wholesale dealer" means a person who in the ordinary course of business sells peat moss to retailers, and includes a jobber, dealer or distributor;

(*b*) "retailer" mean a person who in the ordinary course of business sells peat moss to consumers.

Wholesale dealer to retailer.

(2) The highest price per bale at which a wholesale dealer may sell peat moss to a retailer located outside of the Fraser Valley area delivered at the place of business of the retailer shall be the sum total of

(*a*) the actual price per bale paid for the peat moss but not in any event exceeding $1.45 per bale;

(*b*) actual transportation charges per bale paid by him.

(Transportation of the peat moss shall be along the most economical route from the place where it is baled to the retailers' place of business. If the peat moss is transported by truck over the whole or part of the said route the cost of transportation by truck shall not exceed 15 cents per bale); and

(*c*) an amount for handling charges and markup not exceeding 10 cents per bale.

Sales by Retailers to Consumers Outside Fraser Valley Area

Who is a consumer.

11. (1) Consumer is a person in British Columbia who uses peat moss as poultry litter or for horticultural purposes, or both.

Retailers selling price to consumer.

(2) The highest price per bale at which a retailer may sell peat moss f.o.b. his place of business, to a consumer located outside the Fraser Valley area, shall be the sum total of

(*a*) the actual price per bale paid for the peat moss including the actual cost of transporting the peat moss to his place of business. The actual price shall not in any event exceed the highest price that a wholesale dealer may charge as determined by section 10; and

(*b*) a markup not exceeding 15 cents per bale.

Use of peat moss stipulated.

Control over Distribution and Use of Peat Moss

12. (1) No person shall buy or offer to buy peat moss, to which this Order applies, except for the purpose of

(*a*) selling it as poultry litter or for horticultural purposes, or both, in the province of British Columbia; or

(*b*) using it as poultry litter or for horticultural purposes, or both, in the said province.

(2) No consumer shall use the said peat moss except as permitted by this Order.

Producer and wholesale dealer must receive Form PM 1.

13. (1) No producer or wholesale dealer shall deliver peat moss, to which this Order applies, to any person until the person delivers to him a permit signed by the Feeds Administrator or his representative located in the city of Vancouver in British Columbia.

(2) The said permit shall be in Form PM 1. The said form is set forth in the Schedule hereto.

(3) No producer or wholesale dealer shall deliver the said peat moss to any person in a quantity greater than that stated in the permit authorizing the delivery to the person.

Records of sales to consumers must be kept.

14. Every person who sells peat moss, to which this Order applies, to consumers shall keep a record of every such sale. The record shall upon request be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

Dated at Ottawa this 26th day of July, 1943.

G. C. BATEMAN,
Administrator of Non-Ferrous Metal
(Primary)

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-830

Form PM 1

Delivery Order for Peat Moss

Order No. ....
Date ....

To ....
....
....

Please deliver to ....
of .... as required by them .... bales of Peat Moss, being portion of the total quantity released for use as Poultry Litter and/or for Horticultural Purposes, by the Metals Controller.

This order to be filled at a price permitted by Administrator's Order No. A ....
Payment to be made by the buyer in accordance with your customary terms.

When this Delivery Order is completed please notify this Office promptly.

Yours very truly,

R. M. BRYAN,
Director Feeds Administration.

Office of the Feeds Administrator,
324 Marine Building,
Vancouver, B.C.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-831

Concerning Septic Tanks

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Plumbing, Heating and Ventilating Equipment and Supplies it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

1. A person who manufactures or assembles a septic tank shall not in such manufacture or assembly use metal except for the purpose of reinforcing it, and except for its inlet and outlet connections, internal syphon and internal syphon pipe connections and man-hole cover.

2. The provisions of this Order are subject to such written exemption as the said Administrator may grant upon application to him in any individual case of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

3. This Order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

E. J LAIDLAW,
Administrator of Plumbing, Heating and Ventilating Equipment and Supplies.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-832

Respecting Electrical Generators (Small), Motors and Control Equipment

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Administrator's Order No. A-569, as amended by Administrator's Order No. A-725, is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Administrator" means the Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and Machinery and Electrical Instruments, from time to time appointed by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board with the approval of the Governor in Council;

(*b*) "control equipment" means and includes any of the following:

(i) any combination of devices (rated up to and included 50,000 K.V.A., rupturing capacity) when employed directly to start, to regulate speed of, to reverse or to stop motors; to operate and regulate all types of industrial electric heating equipment and electric resistance furnaces; to operate and regulate all types of electric welders; to control and regulate the charging of electric batteries whether charged from a generator or from an established source of current;

(ii) field rheostats;

(iii) automatic throw-over equipment as employed to transfer a power or lighting load (not over 600 volts max.) to an emergency source of supply (not over 600 volts max.);

(*c*) "generator" means any rotating electrical generator having a rating of 500 K.W. or less;

(*d*) "motor" means any electric motor including but not limited to the following:

(i) "fractional horsepower motor" means any motor of any rating up to and including

1 H.P.	3600 RPM	60 cycle
¾ H.P.	1800 RPM	60 cycle
¾ H.P.	1500 RPM	25 cycle
½ H.P.	1200 RPM	60 cycle
⅓ H.P.	750 RPM	25 cycle

(ii) "general purpose motor" means any electric motor of any rating higher than a fractional horsepower motor but not over 200 horsepower;

(iii) "large power motor" means any electric motor of a rating higher than 200 horsepower.

2. (1) No person shall manufacture or assemble, sell or supply any control equipment, generators or motors, except to the order of any of the following:

(*a*) the Department of Munitions and Supply or any agency thereof;

(*b*) the Departments of National Defence, Transport, Pensions and National Health and the National Research Council;

(*c*) a person who produces a certified copy of a certificate extending to him the purchasing privileges of the Department of Munitions and Supply;

(*d*) a person who has in accordance with Order No. P.O. 4 of the Priorities Officer of the Department of Munitions and Supply classified his purchase order in any of the following Code Numbers

(i) PCS 1 to PCS 11, inclusive;

(ii) PCS 21 to PCS 23, inclusive;

(iii) PCS 14 to PCS 17, inclusive, if the purchaser certifies on his order that it is for maintenance, repair or operating supplies;

(*e*) a person who has been granted a designation number by the Wartime Industries Control Board for priority purposes, and who certifies that such equipment, generator or motor is required for the project for which such number was granted;

(*f*) a person who certifies that it is for use in or incorporation as a component part of a unit being manufactured in accordance with restrictions in force from time to time issued by any of the following Administrators:

The Administrator of Machine Tools

The Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies

The Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment

The Administrator of Heating, Plumbing and Ventilating Equipment and Supplies

The Administrator of Office Machinery, Equipment and Supplies

The Administrator of Plant, Steam Railway and Shipbuilding Machinery, Equipment and Supplies

The Administrator of Refrigeration, Laundry and Dry Cleaning Equipment;

(*g*) a person who has obtained a permit from the Administrator; the application for such permit shall be made on such form as may be prescribed by the Administrator and shall contain a certificate by the applicant that suitable equipment is not available from sources submitted by the Administrator of Used Goods.

(2) The Administrator may grant permission upon application to him in such form as may be prescribed, to manufacture control equipment, generators and motors for stock.

(3) Nothing in subsection (1) of this Section shall prohibit

(*a*) the sale by retailers of fractional horsepower motors held in stock or on order for stock by such retailers on or before the effective date of this Order;

(*b*) the sale on a single order of items sold at an aggregate manufacturer's list price of $25 or less;

(*c*) the sale of used control equipment, generators or motors;

(*d*) the sale of repair or replacement parts for used generators, motors and control equipment where the manufacture of such parts for use on new generators, motors and control equipment is not prohibited.

3. No person shall manufacture any damper or amortisseur windings on high speed (514 RPM and higher) AC synchronous generators driven by internal combustion engines, unless they are necessary for single phase generators or for correct operation in parallel with other generators.

4. No person shall manufacture

(*a*) any open or protected fractional horsepower or general purpose motor rated at other than 50 deg. Centigrade rise, or any enclosed motor rated at other than 55 deg. Centigrade rise;

(*b*) any polyphase induction motor of 1½, 35 and 175 H.P. rating;

(*c*) any open or protected AC fractional horsepower motor in a frame used for a general purpose motor rating;

(*d*) any general purpose polyphase squirrel-cage induction motor of the normal torque normal inrush type in sizes up to and including the following:

Cycles	*RPM*	*Horsepower*
60	3600	125
60	1800	75
60	1200	60
60	900	50
60	720	40
60	600	30
60	514	25
60	450	20
25	1500	50
25	750	40
25	500	25

(*e*) any motor or generator having one or more of the following features:

(i) any super-imposed filler on a cast iron frame;

(ii) any painted finish other than the manufacturer's standard;

(iii) special conduit boxes or specially located conduit boxes;

(iv) quiet operating characteristics;

(v) enclosed collector rings;

(vi) keyway dimensions and tolerances on generators and general purpose and large power motors of a kind or sort which he did not manufacture in the 12 months preceding the effective date of this Order.

5. No person shall manufacture

(*a*) any AC reduced voltage starter or any starting auto-transformer up to and including the following ratings;

For 1·0 power factor synchronous motor

Volts	*Horsepower*
110	20
220	40
440 or 550	60
2200	250

For induction motor of 0·8 power factor synchronous motor

Volts	*Horsepower*
110	15
220	30
440 or 550	50
2200	200

(*b*) any synchronous motor starter of the dead-front or cubical type of enclosure;

(*c*) any standard AC magnetic full or reduced voltage starter within the following ratings having overload relays of other than thermal type;

For 1·0 power factor synchronous motor

Volts	*Horsepower*
110	30
220	60
440 or 550	125

For induction motor or 0·8 power factor synchronous motor

Volts	*Horsepower*
110	25
220	50
440 or 550	100

For polyphase systems, in sizes as in this clause mentioned, overload protection shall not be furnished for more than two lines;

(*d*) any ammeter attachments or ammeters on standard DC and AC control equipment except for controlling synchronous motors, for battery charging, or for motors operating fire pumps;

(*e*) any double voltage two-compartment relays or contactors;

(*f*) any nickel-chrome or copper alloy ribbon-type resistors except for crane or similar service or where the resistor is built into standard control equipment;

(*g*) any cover-mounted push button or selector switch in motor starters for ratings larger than given in the following table:

For 1·0 power factor synchronous motor

Volts	*Horsepower*
110	20
220	40
440 or 550	60

For induction motor or 0·8 power factor synchronous motor

Volts	*Horsepower*
110	15
220	30
440 or 550	50

6. No person shall manufacture special features, electrical or mechanical, on any generator, motor or control equipment.

7. No person shall manufacture a generator, motor or control equipment of a design duplicating that of an obsolete generator, motor or control equipment.

8. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this Section, no person shall provide or carry out any witness test of any motor, generator or control equipment other than the normal and usual factory performance test at and during which the purchaser, if he so desires, shall be entitled to be present by himself, his servants or agents.

(2) When so requested by the purchaser of any motor, generator or control equipment, the seller thereof shall furnish to such purchaser a certified copy of the test sheets of the factory performance test of such motor, generator or control equipment.

(3) Nothing in subsection (1) of this Section shall prohibit any special type or experimental tests of any motor, generator or control equipment required by any of the following:

(*a*) The Joint Inspection Board of the United Kingdom and Canada; or
(*b*) the British Admiralty Technical Mission; or
(*c*) the Chief Inspector of Aircraft of the British Air Commission; or
(*d*) the Board, Mission or Commission corresponding to any of the above mentioned officially appointed by the Government of any of His Majesty's Allies in the present War.

9. Nothing contained in this Order shall apply to any bona fide order for any generator, motor or control equipment provided such order has been received and accepted by the manufacturer prior to the effective date of this Order.

10. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

11. This Order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

M. C. LOWE,
Administrator of Electrical
Apparatus and Machinery
and Electrical Instruments.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-833

Respecting Transformers

Pursuant to authority conferred by The Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Administrator's Order No. A-434, as amended by Administrator's Order No. A-577, is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor,—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Administrator" means the Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and Machinery and Electrical Instruments, from time to time appointed by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board with the approval of the Governor in Council;

(*b*) "distribution transformer" means a transformer of the type known to the trade as such and shall include 25 or 60 cycles oil-filled, liquid-filled or dry-type transformers having a rated capacity not greater than 200 KVA at or below 15,000 volts but shall not include transformers of any of the types referred to in Section 7 of this Order;

(*c*) "power transformer" means a transformer of the type known to the trade as such and shall include 25 or 60 cycles oil-filled, liquid-filled, self-cooled or water-cooled, or dry-type transformers but shall not include transformers of any of the types referred to in Section 7 of this Order.

2. (1) No person shall manufacture or assemble, sell or supply any transformers, except to the order of any of the following:

(*a*) the Department of Munitions and Supply or any agency thereof;
(*b*) the Departments of National Defence, Transport, Pensions and National Health and the National Research Council;
(*c*) a person who produces a certified copy of a certificate extending to him the purchasing privileges of the Department of Munitions and Supply;

(*d*) a person who has in accordance with Order No. P.O. 4 of the Priorities Officer of the Department of Munitions and Supply classified his purchase order in any of the following Code Numbers:
   (i) PCS 1 to PCS 11, inclusive;
   (ii) PCS 21 to PCS 23, inclusive;
   (iii) PCS 14 to PCS 17, inclusive, if the purchaser certifies on his order that it is for maintenance, repair or operating supplies;

(*e*) a person who has been granted a designation number for priority purposes by the Wartime Industries Control Board, and who certifies that such transformer is required for the project for which such number was granted;

(*f*) a person who certifies that it is for the installation or extension of electrical service as authorized by Metals Controller's Order No. M.C. 23 and that such transformer is a single phase transformer of not larger than 3 KVA rating;

(*g*) a person who has obtained a permit from the Administrator; the application for such permit shall be made on such form as may be prescribed by the Administrator and shall contain a certificate by the applicant that suitable equipment is not available from sources submitted by the Administrator of Used Goods.

(2) The Administrator may grant written permission, upon application to him in such form as he may prescribe, to manufacture distribution transformers for stock.

(3) Nothing in subsection (1) of this Section shall prohibit

(*a*) the sale of used transformers;

(*b*) the sale of repair or replacement parts for used transformers where the manufacture of such parts for use on new transformers is not prohibited.

3. No person shall

(*a*) manufacture any distribution transformer except in the rated capacities for each voltage class as set out in Schedule "A" hereto and in conformity with specification C-2 (1929) of the Canadian Engineering Standards Association, a copy of which specification certified by the Secretary of such Association is filed with the Secretary of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board;

(*b*) manufacture any power transformers except in the rated capacities for each voltage class as set forth in Schedule "B" hereto;

(*c*) manufacture a transformer of a design duplicating that of an obsolete transformer;

(*d*) manufacture or install any accessories for or in any transformer except in the types and subject to the limitations contained in this Order;

(*e*) change the design of any size or type of distribution transformer so as to alter the performance characteristics at the effective date of this Order.

4. No person shall manufacture, install or supply accessories for any distribution transformer except

(*a*) to provide for future installation of an oil gauge;

(*b*) bottom valves or sampling plugs for transformers 100 KVA rating and larger, provided, that one bottom valve and one sampling plug only may be supplied for each such transformer.

5. No person shall manufacture, install or supply accessories for any power transformer except

(*a*) oil gauge and thermometer and to provide for filter press connection;

(*b*) ratio adjusters for transformers above 200 KVA and terminal boards for transformers 200 KVA and below;

(*c*) conservators for transformers up to 46000 volts—1000 KVA and above, 46001 to 69000 volts—500 KVA and above, 69001 volts and above—all sizes.

(*d*) trucks for transformers having a capacity of 1000 KVA and above in 25 cycles and 2000 KVA and above in 60 cycles.

6. No person shall manufacture or supply any power transformers, except of the following characteristics, namely,

(*a*) temperature rise of 50 degrees Centigrade;

(*b*) taps, 4-2½ high tension full capacity;

(*c*) test voltages shall be those used by the American Standard Association;

7. The provisions of Sections 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this Order shall not be deemed to apply to auto transformers, three phase distribution transformers, testing transformers, regulating transformers, network transformers, furnace transformers, transformers for use with mercury arc rectifiers, transformers for use with synchronous converters, or power transformers above 5000 KVA or above the 115000 volt class.

8. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

9. This Order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

M. C. LOWE,
Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and Machinery, and Electrical Instruments.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

to Administrator's Order No. A-833

Rated Capacities of "Distribution Transformers"

Rated voltages	Rated capacities K.V.A.
2300	1½ (rural type)-3-5-7½-10-15-25-37½-50-75-100-150-200
4600	1½ (rural type)-3-5-7½-10-15-25-37½-50-75-100-150-200
6900	1½ (rural type)-3-5-7½-10-15-25-37½-50-75-100-150-200
11500	2½-5-10-15-25-37½-50-75-100-150-200
13800	2½-5-10-15-25-37½-50-75-100-150-200

SCHEDULE "B"

being Schedule "B" attached to and forming part of Administrator's Order No. A-833

Rated Capacities of "Power Transformers"

(*a*) *2500-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Single Phase K.V.A.—250, 333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250.
Three Phase K.V.A.—300, 450, 600, 750, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750.

(*b*) *5000-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Single Phase K.V.A.—250, 333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250, 1667.
Three Phase K.V.A.—300, 450, 600, 750, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750, 5000.

(*c*) *6900-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Single Phase K.V.A.—250, 333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250, 1667, 2000, 2500, 3333, 4000, 5000.
Three Phase K.V.A.—300, 450, 600, 750, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750, 5000.

(*d*) *15000-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Single Phase K.V.A.—250, 333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250, 1667, 2000, 2500, 3333, 4000, 5000.
Three Phase K.V.A.—300, 450, 600, 750, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750, 5000.

(*e*) *25000-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Minimum Size—
Single Phase—25 K.V.A.
Three Phase—75 K.V.A.
Single Phase K.V.A.—25, 37½, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 250, 333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250, 1667, 2000, 2500, 3333, 4000, 5000.
Three Phase K.V.A.—75, 100, 150, 200, 300, 450, 600, 750, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750, 5000.

(*f*) *34500-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Minimum Size—
Single Phase—37½ K.V.A.
Three Phase—100 K.V.A.
Single Phase K.V.A.—37½, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 250, 333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250, 1667, 2000, 2500, 3333, 4000, 5000.
Three Phase K.V.A.—100, 150, 200, 300, 450, 600, 750, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750, 5000.

(*g*) *46000-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Minimum Size—
Single Phase—37½ K.V.A.
Three Phase—100 K.V.A.
Single Phase K.V.A.—37½, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 250, 333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250, 1667, 2000, 2500, 3333, 4000, 5000.
Three Phase K.V.A.—100, 150, 200, 300, 450, 600, 750, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750, 5000.

(*h*) *69000-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Minimum Size—
Single Phase— 75 K.V.A.
Three Phase—200 K.V.A.
Single Phase K.V.A.—75, 100, 150, 200, 250, 333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250, 1667, 2000, 2500, 3333, 4000, 5000.
Three Phase K.V.A.—200, 300, 450, 600, 750, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750, 5000.

(*i*) *115000-Volt Class 25 or 60 cycles.*
Minimum Size—
Single Phase— 333 K.V.A.
Three Phase—1000 K.V.A.
Single Phase K.V.A.—333, 400, 500, 667, 833, 1000, 1250, 1667, 2000, 2500, 3333, 4000, 5000.
Three Phase K.V.A.—1000, 1200, 1500, 2000, 3000, 3750, 5000.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-834

Respecting Generators, Switchgear, Circuit Breakers, Disconnecting Switches and other Devices

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Administrator's Order No. A-568 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor,—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Administrator" means the Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and Machinery and Electrical Instruments, from time to time appointed by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board with the approval of the Governor in Council;

(*b*) "circuit breaker" means a device designed as a means of interrupting a circuit between separable contacts under normal or abnormal conditions, and may be of the oil, air or air-blast type;

(*c*) "disconnecting or isolating switch" means a device designed as a means of isolating a circuit or a piece of equipment from its source of supply of electrical energy, but not as a means of establishing or interrupting the flow of such energy;

(*d*) "generator" includes any engine-driven, motor-driven, or hydraulic turbine-driven, direct or alternating current generator, having a rating of 501 K.W. or 501 KVA and higher;

(*e*) "instrument" means a device of a kind providing means for measuring or indicating values of current, voltage, watts, KVA, power factor, or for the indication of phase values or relations;

(*f*) "instrument transformer" includes any transformer designed and utilized as a means of changing the values of electrical current or voltage in the primary circuit to a lower value in the secondary circuit for the purpose of operating ammeters, relays and other devices, and any transformer designed and utilized for insulating the primary from the secondary circuit;

(*g*) "Switchgear" means a combination of circuit breakers, switches, instruments, relays, associated equipment and mechanical supports therefor, used in the control of power circuits;

2. (1) No person shall manufacture or assemble, sell or supply any generator, switchgear, circuit breaker, disconnecting switch, relay, instrument transformer, or instrument, except to the order of any of the following:—

(*a*) the Department of Munitions and Supply or any agency thereof;

(*b*) the Departments of National Defence, Transport, Pensions and National Health and the National Research Council;

(*c*) a person who produces a certified copy of a certificate extending to him the purchasing privileges of the Department of Munitions and Supply;

(*d*) a person who has in accordance with Order No. P.O. 4 of the Priorities Officer of the Department of Munitions and Supply classified his purchase order in any of the following Code Numbers

(i) PCS 1 to PCS 11, inclusive;

(ii) PCS 21 to PCS 23, inclusive;

(iii) PCS 14 to PCS 17, inclusive, if the purchaser certifies on his order that it is for maintenance, repair or operating supplies;

(*e*) a person who has been granted a designation number for priority purposes by the Wartime Industries Control Board, and who certifies that such generator, switchgear, circuit breaker, disconnecting switch, relay, instrument transformer, or instrument is required for the project for which such number was granted;

(*f*) a person who has obtained a permit from the Administrator; the application for such permit shall be made on such form as may be prescribed by the Administrator and shall contain a certificate by the applicant that suitable equipment is not available from sources submitted by the Administrator of Used Goods.

(2) The Administrator may grant permission, upon application to him in such form as may be prescribed, to manufacture for stock any item of equipment named in this Order.

(3) Nothing in subsection (1) of this Section shall prohibit

(*a*) the sale of used equipment of the type named in this Order;

(*b*) the sale on a single order of items sold at an aggregate manufacturer's list price of $25 or less;

(*c*) the sale of repair or replacement parts for used equipment where the manufacture of such parts for use on new equipment is not prohibited by this Order.

GENERATORS

3. No person shall manufacture

(*a*) a generator of a design duplicating that of an obsolete generator;

(*b*) a generator of a design not conforming to standards accepted and recognized by the industry where a generator of standard design may be used;

(*c*) any enclosing housing for a generator except that required to carry the essential mechanical and electrical component parts of the generator;

(*d*) any hollow-bored shaft for a generator except where such shaft is required for use with an adjustable-blade waterwheel;

(*e*) any parts made of brass, copper or aluminium for platforms, stairways, or railings for a generator;

(*f*) any generator having a special finish or colour other than those adopted and recognized as standard in the industry;

(*g*) any damper or amortisseur winding on high speed (514 RPM and higher) generator driven by internal combustion engines, except for a single phase generator, or in any case where it is necessary that the generator operate in parallel with other generators.

SWITCHGEAR

4. No person shall

(*a*) manufacture any metal-clad switchgear of the type defined in Canadian Engineering Standards Association Specification C-22-2 No. 31-1939, a copy of which specification certified by the Secretary of such Association is filed with the Secretary of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board;

(*b*) manufacture any metal enclosed switchgear, as defined in the specification referred to in clause (*a*) of this Section;

(*c*) install in any indoor location, any metal enclosed switchgear;

(*d*) manufacture any outdoor unit sub-stations, outdoor cubicles or switch-houses.

CIRCUIT BREAKERS

5. (1) No person shall manufacture any oil or air-blast circuit breaker, 15 KV or below, except in the following classifications and ratings:—

Rupturing capacity at rated voltage	Normal 60 cycles R.M.S. amperes	Normal R.M.S. volts
15 M.V.A.	200	5,000
	600	5,000
25 M.V.A.	400	5,000
	800	5,000
50 M.V.A.	600	7,500
	1,200	7,500
100 M.V.A.	600	7,500
	1,200	7,500
	2,000	5,000
150 M.V.A.	600	15,000
	1,200	7,500
	2,000	5,000
250 M.V.A.	600	15,000
	1,200	15,000
	2,000	15,000
350 M.V.A.	600	15,000
	1,200	15,000
	2,000	15,000
500 M.V.A.	600	15,000
	1,200	15,000
	2,000	15,000

6. Nothing in Section 5 of this Order shall be construed as prohibiting the manufacture of any oil or airblast circuit breaker

(*a*) for use on systems operating at voltages above 15 KV;

(*b*) in ratings up to and including 50 M.V.A. rupturing capacity when employed directly to start, to regulate speed of, to reverse or to stop motors.

7. No person shall manufacture more than one removable type tank lifter, per circuit breaker type, for each installation.

Disconnecting or Isolating Switches

8. (1) No person shall manufacture any disconnecting or isolating switch, except in the following classifications and ratings:—

(*a*) Up to and including 15 KV indoor class Single Pole Hook Stick operated

600 Volts ampere rating	7,500 Volts ampere rating	15,000 Volts ampere rating
400	400	400
600	600	600
1,200	1,200	1,200
2,000	2,000	2,000

provided that all single throw switches shall be front connected only (commonly known as type S); and provided further that all double throw switches shall have break jaws front connected and the hinge jaw rear connected (commonly known as type D1);

(*b*) fuse disconnect type in all standard classes and ratings;

(*c*) outdoor air break disconnecting type, SP Hook Stick or gang operated;

7,500 Volts ampere rating	15,000 Volts ampere rating	Above 15,000 volts ampere rating
400	400	400
600	600	600
1,200	1,200	1,200
2,000	2,000	2,000

2. No person shall install any gang operated disconnecting switch in an indoor location.

Current Transformers

9. No person shall manufacture

(*a*) any current transformer with double primary winding for voltage rating up to and including 15 KV, excepting the standard 3-wire double primary watt hour meter current transformer;

(*b*) any indoor or outdoor wound primary current transformer up to and including 15 KV class, with any rating other than the following, in the case of

  (i) primary amperes; 5, 25, 50, 100, 200, 300, 600, 800 and 1,000;

  (ii) secondary amperes; single winding 5 amperes and/or double winding 5/5 amperes; provided, however, that a current transformer with 25 amperes secondary may be manufactured for use with industrial control devices or panels;

(*c*) any single turn bar type, or through type, current transformer with a primary rating of less than 800 amperes.

General

10. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this Section, no person shall provide or carry out any witness test of any generator, switchgear, circuit breaker, disconnecting switch, instrument transformer or instrument other than the normal and usual factory performance test at and during which the purchaser, if he so desires, shall be entitled to be present by himself, his servants or agents.

(2) When so requested by the purchaser of any generator, switchgear, circuit breaker, disconnecting switch, instrument transformer or instrument, the seller thereof shall furnish to such purchaser a certified copy of the test sheets of the factory performance test of such generator, switchgear, circuit breaker, disconnecting switch, instrument transformer or instrument.

(3) Nothing in subsection (1) of this Section shall prohibit any special type or experimental test of any generator, switchgear, circuit breaker, disconnecting switch, instrument transformer or instrument required by any of the following:—

(*a*) The Joint Inspection Board of the United Kingdom and Canada; or
(*b*) the British Admiralty Technical Mission; or
(*c*) the Chief Inspector of Aircraft of the British Air Commission; or
(*d*) the Board, Mission or Commission corresponding to any of the above mentioned officially appointed by the Government of any of His Majesty's Allies in the present War.

11. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to apply to

(*a*) any device named herein for which a firm order had been received by the manufacturer prior to the effective date of this Order;
(*b*) any article or equipment for use in telephone, telegraph or radio communication systems;
(*c*) any instrument or equipment used for aircraft or automobiles.

12. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

13. This Order shall be effective on and after the 31st day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

M. C. LOWE,
Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and
Machinery, and Electrical Instruments.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MACHINE TOOLS CONTROLLER

Order No. M.T.C.4

(Cutting Tools)

Dated July 31, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4101 of August 22, 1940, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order unless the context otherwise requires:—

(*a*) "Controller" mean the Machine Tools Controller.

(*b*) "Cutting tool" means any tool (whether hand operated or machine operated) listed or described in Schedule "A" to this Order which is used or is intended or is capable of use for cutting, boring, drilling, forming, shaping or otherwise working metal.

(*c*) "Manufacturer" means any person except a steel producer, who manufactures cutting tools.

2. *Purchase Orders to be Approved by Controller or Deputy*

Unless the purchase order is approved by the Controller or a Deputy Machine Tools Controller,

(*a*) No person shall place a purchase order for any cutting tool with any manufacturer; and

(*b*) No manufacturer shall accept any purchase order for any cutting tool.

3. *Inventories to be Furnished as Required*

(1) Every person in possession or control of any cutting tools shall from time to time, as, when, in the manner and to the extent required by the Controller or a Deputy Machine Tools Controller, forward to the Deputy Machine Tools Controller, c/o Cutting Tools and Gauges Ltd., 37 Hanna Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, an inventory of the cutting tools in the possession or control of such person, giving with respect to such cutting tools such information as may be required.

(2) No person, who has forwarded to the Deputy Machine Tools Controller an inventory of the cutting tools in his possession or control, shall dispose of any of the cutting tools listed in such inventory without the written approval of the Controller or a Deputy Machine Tools Controller.

4. *Cutting Tools to be Disposed of as Directed by Controller or Deputy*

Every person in possession or control of any cutting tools shall store or dispose of the cutting tools in his possession or control as, and to such persons as, the Controller or a Deputy Machine Tools Controller may direct.

THOMAS ARNOLD,
Machine Tools Controller.

APPROVED:

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ORDER No. M.T.C. 4

OF THE

MACHINE TOOLS CONTROLLER

Cutting Tools

- Band Saw Blades.
- Broaches.
- Cast Hard Alloy Tools & Bits.
- Cemented Carbide Tools & Replacement Tips.
- Circular Cut-off Tools.
- Combined Drills & Countersinks.
- Counterbores—solid and interchangeable.
- Countersinks—solid and interchangeable.
- Die Sinking Tools.
- Drills—Twist and Straight Flute.
- Files & Rasps.
- Form Tools—Flat and Circular.
- Gear Generating Cutters (Fellow's Type).
- Hack Saw Blades.
- Hobs (Except Thread) including:
    - Gear Hobs.
    - Spline Shaft Hobs.
    - Square Shaft Hobs.
    - Sprocket Wheel Hobs.
    - Ratchet Hobs.
    - Gear Tooth Chamfering Hobs.
- Inserted Blade Cutters and Blades.
- Inserted Blade Reamers and Blades.
- Milling Cutters, including:
    - Angle Cutters.
    - Cherrying Cutters.
    - Corners Rounding Cutters.
    - Convex & Concave Cutters.
    - End Mills.
    - Formed Cutters.
    - Gear Cutters.
    - Hollow Mills.
    - Keyseat or Keyway Cutters.
    - Metal Slitting Saws.
    - Slotting Saws.
    - T Slot Cutters.
    - Sprocket Wheel Cutters.
- Reamers—Straight & Spiral Flute.
- Rotary Files & Burrs.
- Single Point Tools, including:
    - Boring Bar Tools.
    - Forged Cutters for Boring or Recessing.
    - Parting or Cut-Off Tools.
    - Planer Tools—formed and unformed.
    - Tool Bits—formed and unformed.
- Spot Facers—solid and interchangeable.
- Thread Hobs or Thread Milling Cutters.
- Threading Tools, including:
    - Thread Taps—solid type.
    - Collapsible Taps.
    - Thread Dies.
    - Die Heads.
    - Thread Chasers.

Or a combination of any 2 or more of the above tools.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

Order No. P.O.5A

(Order No. P.O. 5 amended)
Dated July 26, 1943

Pursuant to the powers vested in the Priorities Officer by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, as amended and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, the Priorities Officer deems it necessary, in order to provide for the munitions and supplies required for the Fighting Services of Canada, the needs of His Majesty, and the supply of things essential to the community, to amend Order No. P.O. 5 dated May 20, 1943, and hereby orders as follows:

1. *Schedule 3 to Order No. P.O. 5 Amended*

Schedule 3 to Order No. P.O. 5 of the Priorities Officer dated May 20, 1943, is amended by deleting from subsection (4) of the said Schedule the words "Alcan & Prince Rupert Highways" and substituting therefor the words "The Alaska Highway".

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED
C. D. HOWE,
Minister of Munitions and Supply.
A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

TIMBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Timber 20-B

(Order No. Timber 20-A Rescinded)

Dated August 2, 1943.

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 2716 of June 24, 1940, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board and the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board,
It is Hereby Ordered as Follows:

1. Order No. Timber 20-A of the Timber Controller, dated May 13, 1943, is hereby rescinded.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Controller.

Approved:
HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

Concurred in by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board:
D. GORDON,
Chairman.

301

VOLUME III, No. 6
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CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1943

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

AUG 23 1943

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

PAGE

5819—National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended—flue cured tobacco (Labour) 305
6089—Oats and Barley Regulations amended (Finance) 306
6090—Wheat Regulations amended (Finance) 307
6091—Flaxseed Regulations amended (Finance) 308
6092—Original jurisdiction by District Courts of U.S.A. re prizes captured on the high seas (National Defence for Naval Services) 309
6098—Ship repairs and shipbuilding designated "Services" essential to conduct of the war, etc., (Munitions and Supply) 311
6180—Camps for the housing of persons producing wood fuel (Munitions and Supply) 312
56/6181—War savings stamps and certificates—provision re certain specified losses (Finance) 313
311/6181—Civilian Government Employees (War) Compensation (Treasury Board) 314
6372—Test period respecting elimination of certain reduced railway fares extended to Feb. 15, 1944 (Transport) 317

PART II

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

Agriculture—

Dairy Products Board:

Order No. 59—Ice cream mix and sherbet mix 318
Order No. 60—First grade creamery butter—quantities to be shipped 318

National Defence—

Routine Order No. 3467—Donations of vehicles to the Canadian Army 318

National Defence for Naval Services—

Naval Order 2922—Administration of clothing comforts 319

National Revenue—

W.M. No. 98 Supplement No. 1—Jute yarns 320
Series D No. 47 T.C. 131—Oranges 320

PART III

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

(Finance)

Board Orders—

No. 296—Slaughtering of live stock and stamping of carcasses 321
No. 304—Respecting lamb 323

Administrators' Orders—

A-815—Glass containers 325
A-823—Farm machinery and equipment 326
A-836—Fruit and vegetable packages 327
A-837—Manufacturers' and wholesalers' prices for certain lumber originating in the northern interior region of B.C 331
A-839—Maximum prices of Atlantic Coast Canned Salmon, sea trout and halibut 332
A-840—Incandescent lighting fixtures 334
A-841—Fluorescent lighting fixtures 336
A-842—New electric stoves and ranges 338
A-846—Restrictions in the manufacture and sale of cartons and other products made of solid fibre board or corrugated paper 339
A-847—Maximum prices for ice in the Montreal District 341
A-848—Maximum prices of canned pineapple pulp 342

Fuelwood Orders—

Fuelwood Order No. 72—Maximum prices of fuelwood in the Districts of Algoma, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Parry Sound and Sudbury all in the province of Ontario 345
Fuelwood Order No. 73—Maximum prices of fuelwood in Cochrane area in the province of Ontario 350
Fuelwood Order No. 74—Maximum prices for fuelwood in Kirkland Lake area in the province of Ontario 354
Fuelwood Order No. 75—Maximum prices for fuelwood in the townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney in the District of Cochrane in the province of Ontario 357

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council amending the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations—Flue cured tobacco

P.C. 5819

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 6th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas it is deemed necessary for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada and for the efficient prosecution of the war, to amend The National Selective Service Civilian Regulations in the manner hereinafter set forth;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend The National Selective Service Civilian Regulations and they are hereby further amended as follows:

1. Section 200 of the said Regulations is amended by deleting the word "and" at the end of paragraph (*e*) thereof and inserting the word "and" and the following paragraph at the end thereof:

"(*g*) flue-cured tobacco farm means a farm on which flue-cured tobacco, Bright Virginia tobacco or cigarette tobacco has been planted during the current year."

2. The following section is inserted immediately after section 205 of the said regulations:

"205A. (1) No male person, who has attained his sixteenth birthday and has not attained his sixty-fifth birthday, shall, during the period from the fifteenth day of July to the fifteenth day of October, both days inclusive, in any year

(*a*) apply for, accept, or enter employment on a flue-cured tobacco farm; or

(*b*) remain in employment on a flue-cured tobacco farm;

unless he has obtained from the Selective Service Officer a permit in prescribed form to apply for employment on such farm.

(2) No person shall, during the period from the fifteenth day of July to the fifteenth day of October, both days inclusive, in any year,

(*a*) take any male person, who has attained his sixteenth birthday and has not attained his sixty-fifth birthday, into employment on a flue-cured tobacco farm or

(*b*) retain any male person, who has attained his sixteenth birthday and has not attained his sixty-fifth birthday, in employment on a flue-cured tobacco farm;

unless such male person presents to him a permit from the Selective Service Officer in prescribed form to accept or remain in such employment."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Oats and Barley Regulations

P.C. 6089

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Saturday, the 31st day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 1801 of March 9, 1942, passed under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor in Council by The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, made regulations (hereinafter called "Oats and Barley Regulations") empowering the Canadian Wheat Board (hereinafter called the "Board") to buy Winnipeg barley futures or cash barley whenever the spot price per bushel basis Fort William/Port Arthur, of No. 1 Canada Western Two Row or Six Row or No. 2 Canada Western Two Row or Six Row, is 60 cents, or No. 3 Canada Western 58 cents or No. 1 Feed 56 cents and to buy Winnipeg oats futures or cash oats whenever the spot price per bushel basis Fort William/Port Arthur of No. 2 Canada Western Oats is 45 cents or Extra No. 3 Canada Western, No. 3 Canada Western or Extra No. 1 Feed, 42 cents or No. 1 Feed 40 cents;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 7207 of August 14, 1942, made pursuant to the Oats and Barley Regulations authorized the Minister of Finance on behalf of the Government of Canada to guarantee advances made to the Board by the following banks, namely,

Bank of Montreal,
The Royal Bank of Canada,
The Canadian Bank of Commerce,
The Bank of Nova Scotia,
The Bank of Toronto,
Imperial Bank of Canada,
The Dominion Bank,
Banque Canadienne Nationale,

and interest on such advances at such rate or rates and upon such terms of payment thereof as may be agreed upon from time to time between the Board and the said banks with the approval of the Minister of Finance, the said guarantee to be in the form annexed to the said Order in Council or one to like effect, and pursuant thereto the Minister of Finance executed such guarantee in favour of the said banks on August 14, 1942;

And whereas paragraph 8 of the Oats and Barley Regulations provides that the Oats and Barley Regulations shall expire on August 1, 1943, subject to the provisions of section 19 of The Interpretation Act which was thereby made applicable thereto as if the said Regulations were revoked on the said date;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Board will have oats and barley stocks in country elevators on July 31, 1943, which will have to be paid for thereafter as they attain a deliverable position and the Board will be under the necessity, after August 1, 1943, of borrowing money on the security of oats and barley to be so delivered after August 1, 1943, and it is therefore expedient that the date of expiration of the Oats and Barley Regulations be extended to September 1, 1943, and that the guarantees given by the Minister of Finance be made applicable to advances made by any of the said banks on and after August 1, 1943, until and including August 31, 1943, but not thereafter.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor in Council by The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

(1) The Oats and Barley Regulations are hereby amended by deleting the words and figures "August 1, 1943" from paragraph 8 thereof and substituting therefor the words and figures "September 1, 1943" and thereafter the said paragraph shall be deemed always to have read as so amended;

(2) The guarantee dated August 14, 1942, given by the Minister of Finance pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 7207 shall be applicable to any advances made by any of the said banks to the Board from time to time under the authority of the Oats and Barley Regulations as amended by this Order in Council until, and including August 31, 1943, but not thereafter, and that the said guarantees shall be deemed to have been amended and be operative accordingly.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations

P.C. 6090

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

SATURDAY, the 31st day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 1803 of March 9, 1942, passed under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, made regulations (hereinafter called the "1942-43 Wheat Regulations") empowering the Canadian Wheat Board (hereinafter called the "Board") to carry out the 1942-43 wheat policy including necessary and proper adjustment of wheat stocks to the new and higher levels;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 4779 of June 5, 1942, made pursuant to the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations, authorized the Minister of Finance on behalf of the Government of Canada to guarantee advances made to the said Board by the following banks, namely,

Bank of Montreal,
The Royal Bank of Canada,
The Canadian Bank of Commerce,
The Bank of Nova Scotia,
The Bank of Toronto,
Imperial Bank of Canada,
The Dominion Bank,
Banque Canadienne Nationale,

and interests on such advances at such rate or rates and upon such terms of payment thereof as may be agreed upon from time to time between the Board and the said banks with the approval of the Minister of Finance, the said guarantee to be in the form annexed to the said Order in Council or one to like effect, and pursuant thereto the Minister of Finance executed such a guarantee in favour of the said banks on June 10, 1942;

And whereas paragraph 7 of the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations provides that the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations shall expire on August 1, 1943, subject to the provisions of section 19 of The Interpretation Act which was thereby made applicable thereto as if the said 1942-43 Wheat Regulations were revoked on the said date;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the said Board will have wheat stocks in country elevators on July 31, 1943, which will have to be paid for thereafter as they attain a deliverable position and the Board will be under the necessity, after August 1, 1943, of borrowing money on the security of wheat delivered to it in order to enable it to pay for wheat so delivered after August 1, 1943, and it is therefore expedient that the date of expiration of the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations be extended to September 1, 1943, and that the guarantees given by the Minister of Finance be made applicable to advances made by any of the said banks on and after August 1, 1943, until and including August 31, 1943, but not thereafter.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor in Council by The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. The 1942-43 Wheat Regulations are hereby amended by deleting the words and figures "August 1, 1943" from paragraph 7 thereof and substituting therefor the words and figures "September 1, 1943", and thereafter the said paragraph shall be deemed always to have read as so amended;
2. The guarantees dated June 10, 1942, given by the Minister of Finance pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 4779 shall be applicable to any advances made by any of the said banks to the Board from time to time under the authority of the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations as amended by this Order in Council until, and including August 31, 1943, but not thereafter, and the said guarantees shall be deemed to have been amended and be operative accordingly.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Flaxseed Regulations

P.C. 6091

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

SATURDAY, the 31st day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 1800 of March 9, 1942, passed under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor in Council by The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, made Regulations (hereinafter called the "Flaxseed Regulations") empowering the Canadian Wheat Board (hereinafter called "the Board") at some early date to appropriate and control all the flax seed in store in Canadian elevators and all flax seed to be delivered by producers after such date;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 2166 of March 19, 1942 under the like authority provided that the Flaxseed Regulations should in their entirety be effective on March 19, 1942;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 2447 of March 27, 1942, made pursuant to the Flaxseed Regulations, authorized the Minister of Finance on behalf of the Government of Canada to guarantee advances made to the said Board by the following banks, namely,

Bank of Montreal,
The Royal Bank of Canada,
The Canadian Bank of Commerce,
The Bank of Nova Scotia,
The Bank of Toronto,
Imperial Bank of Canada,
The Dominion Bank,
Banque Canadienne Nationale,

and interest on such advances at such rate or rates and upon such terms of payment thereof as may be agreed upon from time to time between the Board and the said banks with the approval of the Minister of Finance, the said guarantee to be in the form annexed to the said Order in Council or one to like effect, and pursuant thereto the Minister of Finance executed such a guarantee in favour of the said banks on April 8, 1942;

And whereas paragraph 11 of the Flaxseed Regulations provides that the Flaxseed Regulations shall expire on August 1, 1943, subject to the provisions of section 19 of The Interpretation Act which was thereby made applicable thereto as if the said Regulations were revoked on the said date;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Board will have flaxseed stocks in country elevators on July 31, 1943, which will have to be paid for thereafter as they attain a deliverable position and the Board will be under the necessity, after August 1, 1943, of borrowing money on the security of flaxseed expropriated by it or delivered to it in order to enable it to pay for flaxseed to be so expropriated or delivered after August 1, 1943, and it is therefore expedient that the date of expiration of the Flaxseed Regulations be extended to September 1, 1943, and that the guarantees given by the Minister of Finance be made applicable to advances made by any of the said banks on and after August 1, 1943, until and including August 31, 1943, but not thereafter.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor in Council by The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

(1) The Flaxseed Regulations are hereby amended by deleting the words and figures "August 1, 1943" from paragraph 11 thereof and substituting therefor the words and figures "September 1, 1943" and thereafter the said paragraph shall be deemed always to have read as so amended;

(2) The guarantees dated April 8, 1942, given by the Minister of Finance pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 2447 shall be applicable to any advances made by any of the said banks to the Board from time to time under the authority of the Flaxseed Regulations as amended by this Order in Council until, and including August 31, 1943, but not thereafter, and the said guarantees shall be deemed to have been amended and be operative accordingly.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing the exercise of original jurisdiction by District Courts of the United States of America of prizes captured on the high seas

P.C. 6092

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 3rd day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Natonal Defence for Naval Service reports:

(*a*) That by United States of America Public Law 704, 77th Congress entitled "An Act to Facilitate the Disposition of Prizes Captured by the United States during the Present War, and for Other Purposes", the District Courts of the said United States are given original jurisdiction of all prizes captured during the present war on the high seas if said capture is made by authority of the said United States or is adopted and ratified by the President thereof and the prize is brought into the territorial waters of a cobelligerent or is taken or appropriated for the use of the United States on the high seas or in such territorial waters, including jurisdiction of all proceedings for the condemnation of such property taken as a prize.

(*b*) Section 3 of the said Act provides that the said jurisdiction of prizes brought into the territorial waters of a cobelligerent shall not be exercised, nor shall prizes be taken or appropriated within such territorial waters for the use of the said United States unless the Government having jurisdiction over such territorial waters consents to the exercise of such jurisdiction or to such taking or appropriation.

(*c*) Section 7 of the said Act provides that a cobelligerent, which consents to the exercise of the said jurisdiction with respect to prizes of the said United States brought into its territorial waters and to the taking or appropriation of such prizes within its territorial waters for the use of the said United States, shall be accorded, upon Proclamation by the President, like privileges with respect to prizes captured under authority of such cobelligerent and brought into the territorial waters of the said United States or taken or appropriated in such territorial waters for the use of such cobelligerent and that reciprocal recognition and full faith and credit shall be given to the jurisdiction acquired by Courts of a cobelligerent thereunder and to all proceedings had or judgments rendered in the exercise of such jurisdiction.

(*d*) The Government of the United Kingdom, a cobelligerent, has consented to the exercise of this jurisdiction with respect to prizes of the United States of America brought in, taken or appropriated within the territorial waters of the United Kingdom and Sierra Leone and the United States Government by a proclamation of the President of the United States dated 30th January, 1943, has accorded the United Kingdom Government like privileges with respect to the prizes captured under the authority of the said Government and brought in, taken or appropriated in the territorial waters of the said United States.

(*e*) By Order in Council P.C. 2489 of September 5th, 1939, the Exchequer Court of Canada on its Admiralty side is constituted and established a Prize Court and is thereby authorized and required to take cognizance of and judicially proceed upon all and all manner of captures, seizures, prizes and reprisals of all ships, vessels and goods.

(*f*) It is expedient and desirable, in view of the close coordination of effort in respect of maritime warfare that exists between the United States of America and Canada that the Dominion of Canada should enter into a reciprocal arrangement with the said United States regarding jurisdiction of all prizes brought into the territorial waters of the other or taken or appropriated for their use in such territorial waters.

(*g*) The Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs reports that the Secretary of State of the United States has given assurance that, upon receipt of the consent of the Government of Canada, as required by Sec. 3 of the Act above referred to, the said United States will take appropriate measures in accordance with Sec. 7 of the said Act to confer reciprocal privileges with respect to prizes upon the Government of Canada.

(*h*) The Chief of Naval Staff and the Deputy Minister for Naval Services report that it would tend to the best interests of the Naval Service if such a reciprocal arrangement were entered into.

2. Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence for Naval Services, concurred in by the Secretary of State for External Affairs and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and notwithstanding the provisions of any other statute, order or regulation, is pleased to consent to and doth hereby consent to and authorize the exercise of original jurisdiction by the District Courts of the United States of America of all prizes captured during the present war on the high seas if said capture was made by authority of the said United States or was adopted and ratified by the President of the said United States and the prize was brought into the territorial waters of Canada or was taken or

appropriated for the use of the said United States on the high seas or in such territorial waters including the jurisdiction of all proceedings for the condemnation of such property taken as prize.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council designating ship repairs and shipbuilding as "services" essential to the conduct of the war or to the relief and maintenance of any United Nation

P.C. 6098

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 3rd day of AUGUST, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas The War Appropriation (United Nations Mutual Aid) Act, 1943, by Section 2 (*d*) provides:
" 'war supplies' means

(i) any weapon, munitions, aircraft or ship;

(ii) any machinery, facility, tool, material or supply necessary for the manufacture, production and processing, repair, servicing or operation of any article described in this paragraph;

(iii) any component material or part of or equipment for any article described in this paragraph;

(iv) any agricultural product; and

(v) such other commodities, articles, or services as may from time to time be designated by the Governor in Council as essential to the conduct of the war or to the relief and maintenance of any United Nation."

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply, Chairman, Canadian Mutual Aid Board reports that the Canadian Mutual Aid Board at its meeting on the 27th day of July, 1943, recommended the designation of ship repairs and shipbuilding as "services" essential to the conduct of the war or to the relief and maintenance of any United Nation as defined in the hereinbefore recited section; such designation to be deemed to take effect on the 1st day of April, 1943; and

That in order to implement the said recommendation, it is desirable that ship repairs and shipbuilding be designated pursuant to the hereinbefore recited section of The War Appropriation (United Nations Mutual Aid) Act, 1943, as "services" essential to the conduct of the war or to the relief and maintenance of any United Nation.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Chairman of the Canadian Mutual Aid Board, and under the authority above cited, is pleased to designate and doth hereby designate ship repairs and shipbuilding as "services" essential to the conduct of the war or to the relief and maintenance of any United Nation, such designation to be deemed to take effect on the 1st day of April, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing establishment of camps for the housing of persons producing wood fuel

P.C. 6180

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 3rd day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply represents that the Wood Fuel Controller reports that the shortage of wood fuel makes it desirable to establish a camp or camps in the Riding Mountains in the Province of Manitoba and, if it appears to be expedient to do so, in other places, for the purpose of housing prisoners of war or other available labour to produce wood fuel; and to supply and maintain for such camps the necessary facilities and equipment for the production of wood fuel and for its transportation to railway and other marketing outlets;

That it is necessary to provide funds for the purpose aforesaid and for the purpose of paying for the labour of the persons occupying the said camps and engaged in the production of wood fuel, and that the Department of Munitions and Supply holds on its file Financial Encumbrance No. 2213 for the sum of $500,000 to cover the anticipated expenditures for the purposes aforesaid during the current fiscal year;

That it is proposed to dispose of the wood fuel so produced to meet shortages in the supply thereof existing from time to time; and

That the Supplementary 1941 War Appropriation Act provides that, with the approval of the Governor in Council, any moneys received as a refund or repayment of any advance, loan or expenditure made under the authority of the said Act or the War Appropriation Acts of 1939, 1940 and 1941 may be re-expended, advanced or loaned for the purpose of the said Act.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. Without limiting the powers conferred by the Regulations Respecting Wood Fuel established by Order in Council P.C. 3462 of May 28, 1943, the Wood Fuel Controller may

(*a*) establish in the Riding Mountains in the province of Manitoba and, if it appears to be expedient to do so, in other places, a camp or camps for the purpose of housing prisoners of war or other available labour to produce wood fuel; and

(*b*) supply and maintain for such camps the necessary facilities and equipment for the production of wood fuel and for its transportation to railway and other marketing outlets; and

(*c*) dispose of the wood fuel produced by the means aforesaid in such manner as he may deem expedient.

2. Authority is hereby granted to pay all sums from time to time required to be paid for the purposes of or incidental to the carrying out of this Order, and to re-expend or pay for the like purpose all sums received upon the sale or disposal of wood fuel as contemplated by this Order.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re certain specified types of losses connected with distribution of War Savings Certificates, etc.

P.C. 56/6181

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the 4th August, 1943

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Finance reporting:—

"1. That under Order in Council P.C. 11/7359 dated August 19, 1942, provision was made for certain specified types of losses connected with the distribution of war savings certificates through the mails, and an allotment out of war appropriation was made of a sum of $5,000 out of which such losses were to be paid;

2. That during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1943, the National War Finance Committee has learned that with the adoption of new and more far-reaching methods of selling war savings stamps and war savings certificates and Victory Bonds of small denomination, certain miscellaneous small losses inevitably occur in circumstances which preclude the attaching of blame to any of the volunteer workers engaged in the selling campaigns;

3. That the effectiveness of the popular selling campaigns depends largely upon the goodwill and enthusiasm of the voluntary workers who are assisting in carrying out the campaigns organized by the National War Finance Committee, and that in order to maintain that goodwill, and in the interests of promoting the sale of the said Dominion Government securities, the National War Finance Committee have found it necessary and expedient to reimburse the workers (or the purchasers as the circumstances warrant) for the aforementioned small losses;

4. That during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1943, the National War Finance Committee has made reimbursement of the aforementioned type of losses in various small amounts totalling $443.64, and that there are outstanding two claims for reimbursement for $19.75 and $2 respectively, all as more fully set out in the attached memorandum of disbursement made by the National War War Finance Committee and attached hereto as Exhibit A;

5. That the National War Finance Committee and the undersigned recommend that an allottment of funds be made to meet this miscellaneous type of loss so as to facilitate the work of the National War Finance Committee in organizing the popular selling campaign for Victory Bonds, war savings certificates and war savings stamps, and to maintain the good will of the voluntary workers engaged from time to time in such campaigns.

The undersigned accordingly, under and by virtue of the War Appropriation Act, 1943, and the War Measures Act, has the honour to recommend:—

1. That there be allotted out of moneys appropriated by the War Appropriation Act, 1943, a sum of $2,000 to provide for the losses hereinafter specified;

2. That in any case where a loss not in excess of $200 has occurred as an unavoidable consequence of the method of selling and distribution of war savings stamps, war savings certificates or Victory Bonds, and where the National War Finance Committee after investigation is satisfied that the claim is a *bona fide* one and should be paid in the interests of promoting the sale of the said Dominion Government securities, and the National War Finance Committee so certified to the Comptroller of the Treasury, the Comptroller of the Treasury may pay out of the sum allotted by Clause 1 hereof the amount of the loss;

3. That payments of losses incurred between April 1, 1942, and March 31, 1943, amounting to $443.64 be charged to the sum allotted by Clause 1 hereof."

The Board, having approved the estimate of expenditure and allotment of funds chargeable to the War Appropriation for the fiscal year 1943-44, concur in the above report and recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing the Civilian Government Employees (War) Compensation Order

P.C. 311/6181

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 4th August, 1943

The Board had under consideration representations as follows:—

(*a*) That by Order in Council of June 18, 1941, P.C. 196/4417, provision was made "for payment of benefits to civilian employees of the Government of Canada who suffer injury or death outside of Canada in the present war with the German Reich, as defined in the Pension Act, as the result of enemy action or counter-action taken against the enemy, subject to approval of the Canadian Pension Commission. . . ."

(*b*) That in consideration of certain more or less general conditions of employment within the public service of Canada the rates of pension were fixed in the said Order in Council at a comparatively low level;

(*c*) That civilian employees sent from Canada to locations which now comprise active theatres of war are, in general, charged with relatively responsible duties, and in many cases duties of the first magnitude;

(*d*) That the benefits provided by the said Order in Council in respect of disability may, in all the circumstances, be considered reasonably fair and adequate;

(*e*) That, however, in respect of death more adequate protection with respect to the dependents of civilian employees killed by enemy action outside of Canada would appear desirable;

(*f*) That the present authority to provide the equivalent of benefits under the British Personal Injuries (Civilian) Scheme for employees employed in the United Kingdom is unnecessary as they have full protection under that scheme. Civilian employees sent from Canada are likewise protected under the British scheme and it would appear advisable to insure against duplication of benefits; and

(*g*) Finally, that owing to certain defects of drafting of the said Order in Council of June, 18, 1941, P.C. 196/4417, some difficulties of accurate interpretation and proper administration by the Canadian Pension Commission have occurred, and are likely to arise in the future.

Now, therefore, the Board, having examined into and concurred in the above representations, recommend, under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Pension Act or any other Act or regulation:—

(i) That Order in Council of June 18, 1941, P.C., 196/4417, be rescinded and cancelled, effective July 1, 1943;

(ii) That the following Order, superseding Order in Council P.C. 196/4417 of June 18, 1941, be made and established, effective July 1, 1943.

Order

1. This Order may be cited as the Civilian Government Employees (War) Compensation Order.

2. For the purposes of this Order and any regulations made thereunder, the following expressions shall, unless a contrary intention appears, have the meanings stated below:—

(*a*) "employee" means a permanent or temporary civilian employee of the Government of Canada, including a person serving with or without remuneration or other direct compensation, sent from Canada for employment outside of Canada under the direction of any department of the Public Service of Canada.

(*b*) "commission" means the Canadian Pension Commission.

(*c*) "department" means the Department of Pensions and National Health.

(*d*) "serious or prolonged disability" does not include a disability of degree less than twenty per cent estimated in the manner provided by Section 24 (2) of the Pension Act.

(*e*) "war injury" means any physical injury sustained during the war with the German Reich by an employee engaged in duties for or on behalf of the Canadian Government outside of Canada consequent upon enemy action or counter-action taken against the enemy.

(*f*) "rates" means rates provided under Schedules A and B authorized by this Order and subject to adjustment in relation to any compensation receivable on account of a war injury from any source to which the employee has made no direct contribution.

3. Otherwise than as provided by paragraph 8, this Order shall be administered by the Canadian Pension Commission and all the provisions of the Pension Act which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Order, or any regulations made thereunder, shall apply to every claim for pension made under this Order, and every such claim shall be dealt with and adjudicated upon as if such claim were a claim under the Pension Act and as if the employee was a member of the Forces at the time of incurring the war injury.

4. All employees, whether permanent or temporary, who sustain war injuries, may be granted special leave with pay for such period of time as may be certified by a qualified medical practitioner and approved by the Canadian Pension Commission, but not exceeding a total of 180 days.

5. Pensions in accordance with the rates set forth in Schedules A and B hereto may be paid in respect of serious and prolonged disability or death caused by war injury; provided that such pensions shall be payable only to or in respect of employees who have been sent from Canada to perform duties for or on behalf of the Canadian Government, and this section shall not apply to employees engaged locally by or under the direction of any Department, and such payments in respect of disability to commence from the date following the completion of the initial period of treatment or 180 days after the incurrence of the injury, whichever is the earlier date.

6. The benefits provided for in paragraphs 4 and 5 hereof as applicable shall be in addition to any benefits to which such persons or their dependents may be entitled under the provisions of the Civil Service Act and Civil Service Superannuation Act.

7. In addition to benefits payable under Section 5, gratuities equal to one month's salary for each completed year of service, but not exceeding a maximum of twelve months' salary, may be paid to employees or their dependents providing the war injury causes total incapacitation for employment or death and the employee concerned was not a contributor under the Superannuation Act, and further provided that from such gratuity there shall be deducted any amount returnable from the Retirement Fund, and in any case where the amount so returnable exceeds the amount of the gratuity, no gratuity will be paid.

8. (1) The Department may examine, give treatment to and admit to hospital an employee who, in the opinion of the Department, is suffering from a war injury, provided that if the Commission renders a decision that the disability is not attributable to a war injury, treatment and hospital care shall not be continued at the expense of the Department longer than seven days after issue of notification by the Commission of such decision.

(2) The Department may examine, re-examine, give treatment to, admit to hospital and re-admit to hospital an employee who, in the opinion of the Department, is in need of such services in respect of a disability which at any time previously thereto has been determined to be attributable to a war injury.

9. The Commission may make regulations not inconsistent with this Order for the purpose of carrying the Order into effect. Such regulations may (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) make provisions for prescribing,—

(*a*) the person by whom and the form and manner in which applications may be made, and

(*b*) the records, documents, or other information which must be furnished to the Commission in connection with any application.

10. Pensions granted in respect of death under authority of Order in Council P.C. 196/4417 of June 18, 1941, may, in the discretion of the Canadian Pension Commission, be revised in accordance with the new schedule of rates as set forth in Schedule B hereto, effective from July 1, 1943.

11. All payments required to be made under this Order shall be out of funds provided from the War Appropriation.

SCHEDULE A

Scale of Pensions for Disabilities, Percentage of Disability, Class and Annual Rate

Status of Person:	Man or Woman	Additional pension for wife	Additional pension for first and each subsequent dependent child	Additional pension for dependent parents
	$	$	$	$
Class 1, 100%	600	240	120	120
Class 2, 99%–95%	570	228	114	114
Class 3, 94%–90%	540	216	108	108
Class 4, 89%–85%	510	204	102	102
Class 5, 84%–80%	480	192	96	96
Class 6, 79%–75%	450	180	90	90
Class 7, 74%–70%	420	168	84	84
Class 8, 69%–65%	390	156	78	78
Class 9, 64%–60%	360	144	72	72
Class 10, 59%–55%	330	132	66	66
Class 11, 54%–50%	300	120	60	60
Class 12, 49%–45%	270	108	54	54
Class 13, 44%–40%	240	96	48	48
Class 14, 39%–35%	210	84	42	42
Class 15, 34%–30%	180	72	36	36
Class 16, 29%–25%	150	60	30	30
Class 17, 24%–20%	120	48	24	24

SCHEDULE B

Scale of Pensions for Deaths

—	Rate Per Annum		
	Widow	Child	Orphan Child
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Widow	600 00		
One child		180 00	360 00
Two children		324 00	648 00
Each subsequent child, an additional		120 00	240 00
Dependent parents, if no widow or children eligible	Such an amount not exceeding a widow's pension, as is deemed adequate by the Commission.		

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council extending to February 15, 1944, the Test period respecting elimination of certain reduced railway fares

P.C. 6372

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council, P.C. 2557 of March 30, 1943, removed inducements to travel in the form of certain reduced fares offered by the railways and established a test period terminating on August 15, 1943, to ascertain the effect on passenger travel of the removal of such inducements;

And whereas the Acting Minister of Transport reports that the Transport Controller has reported that he considers it in the public interest that the removal of the inducements be continued and that the test period be extended to February 15, 1944, and that the said Order in Council be amended accordingly.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Transport, concurred in by the Minister of Finance, and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend Order in Council, P.C. 2557, of March 30, 1943, and it is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the words and figures "August 15, 1943" and substituting therefor the words and figures "February 15, 1944".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Order No. 59

The Dairy Products Board hereby orders:—

That no person shall, after ice cream mix or sherbet mix has been manufactured for sale or use, add to such mix any milk, cream or other dairy product either prior to or at the time of freezing.

Made at Ottawa this 6th day of August, 1943.

J. F. SINGLETON,
Chairman.

Order No. 60

The Dairy Products Board hereby orders:—

1. That effective on the date hereof no person shall, without authorization from the Dairy Products Board, ship First Grade creamery butter in quantities greater than five thousand (5,000) pounds from the province of Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, or British Columbia into the province of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, or Prince Edward Island.

2. That applications in the following form may be obtained from the Dairy Products Board, Ottawa, and must be submitted, in triplicate, for approval to the Dairy Products Board, Ottawa, unless otherwise arranged.

INTERPROVINCIAL CREAMERY BUTTER SHIPMENT APPLICATION

(Note:—The original of this application must accompany shipping documents.)

I/WE .... hereby make application to ship from the province of.............................. into the province of .... Boxes of a net weight of...........pounds of First Grade creamery butter and consigned to...

FIRM ....

Signature ....

Date........................... 19....

STAMP OF APPROVAL.

Made at Ottawa this 6th day of August, 1943.

J. F. SINGLETON,
Chairman.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

CANADIAN ARMY ROUTINE ORDER No. 3467

Branch of the Master-General of the Ordnance

DONATIONS OF VEHICLES TO THE CANADIAN ARMY

1. From time to time, patriotic organizations have undertaken to donate vehicles and vehicle equipment to the Canadian Army. Providing such donations are made

by cheque, or money order payable to the Receiver-General of Canada in the amount of the vehicle or vehicle equipment to be purchased, these donations can be satisfactorily handled.

2. Instances have occurred where organizations have purchased equipment in the open market of non-standard types for donation to the Army. While such patriotic contributions are appreciated, the equipment is of little value as it cannot be maintained in the field of operation owing to the lack of spare parts for non-standard vehicles.

3. It is brought to the attention of all interested parties, that in future where vehicles or vehicle equipment are supplied for use with units of the Canadian army, it is essential that they be of Army type. In the event of public spirited organizations desiring to make contributions to the war effort, it is suggested that the contribution be in the form of a cheque or money order payable to the Receiver-General of Canada, and be forwarded to the Deputy Minister, Department of National Defence (Army), Ottawa, together with a covering letter. Under these circumstances, arrangements will be made for the purchase of Army pattern equipment which will be suitably marked and will be used by forces in the field.

(Effective 31st July, 1943.)

(H.Q. 54-27-61-2 Vol. 5)

J. V. YOUNG,
Major-General,
Master-General of the Ordnance.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE FOR NAVAL SERVICES

CANADIAN NAVAL ORDER No. 2922

Administration of Clothing Comforts

1. Ships and establishments are not to deal direct with voluntary organizations regarding the supply of clothing comforts, as it is not intended that gifts donated by communities to an "adopted" ship should include articles of clothing such as sweaters, mitts, balaclavas, etc. All such items of comforts forwarded to specific "adopted" ships as outlined in Naval Order 2575 are to be turned over to the Central Victualling Depot, who will pool articles received from all voluntary organizations, thus ensuring equitable distribution to all seagoing personnel.

2. When available, a reserve stock for each coast will be maintained in the Central Victualling Depots at Halifax and Esquimalt respectively, and other depots requiring comforts, when no stocks are on hand, are to forward a list of such requirements to Halifax or Esquimalt.

3. The accounting procedure at present utilized for the distribution of comforts in the Central Victualling Depot at Halifax is to be used in all establishments. Samples of the forms used and the accounting procedure will be forwarded to all Central Victualling Depots.

4. If any special types of clothing, other than the comforts mentioned above, such as leather jackets, are donated to an "adopted" ship as a commissioning gift, these may be retained by the ship to which they were designated.

5. Such items as radios, phonographs, recreational games, sports equipment, plate, and washing machines will be recommended as commissioning gifts to communities who contemplate "adopting" a ship.

6. Naval Order 1139 is cancelled.

(N.S. 30-16-11)

24th July, 1943.

JOSEPH JEFFERY,
Secretary, Naval Board.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 98

Supplement No. 1

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 6th August, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Prohibited Imports—Jute Yarns

The Minister of National Revenue has authorized the issuance of General Permit No. G-2396 for the importation from the United Kingdom and the United States of America of jute yarns specified in tariff items 537c, 537d and 537e, prohibited importation by Order in Council P.C. 5899 (Memorandum WM No. 98).

This General Permit has been issued in a single copy and is retained in the Department, the number of which is to be endorsed on all relative import documents.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs Excise

Series D No. 47

T. C. 131

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 31st July, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

It is ordered that oranges originating in and imported from countries the products of which are subject to intermediate or General Tariff treatment be exempt from the duty of Customs of 35 cents per cubic foot during the period August 1, 1943 to December 31, 1943.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs Excise

(P.C. 6083, 30/7/43; Authority, War Measures Act.)

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 296

Slaughtering of Livestock and Stamping of Carcasses

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated 1st November, 1941, and amendments.

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

Replacement of Order No. 261. Effective date.

1. On and after August 2, 1943, Order No. 261 of the Board is revoked and replaced by this Order, which will govern as to slaughtering of livestock and stamping of carcasses of meat.

SLAUGHTERING UNDER PERMIT

All slaughtering to be done under permit.

2. (1) All slaughtering of cattle, sheep, lambs and hogs, referred to in this Order as livestock, must be done only under the authority of a permit issued either under Order No. 261 or under this Order. The only exceptions from that rule are as to certain cases of slaughtering by farmers and others as set out in Sections 8 and 9 of this Order.

Prohibition.

(2) Apart from those exceptions, no person may slaughter livestock or have livestock slaughtered for him unless he is the holder of a permit.

Issue of permits.

3. (1) Permits for slaughtering livestock are obtainable from the Board through its Administrator of Meat and Meat Products who has authority to issue the permits in proper cases.

Applications for permits.

(2) Applications are to be made on forms secured from the Regional Offices of the Board. The applicant must file his completed application at the Regional Office for his area.

Issue of permit discretionary.

(3) Issue of permits is in the discretion of the Administrator. He may approve or reject any application.

Permit non-transferable.

(4) A permit for slaughtering is not transferable.

Continuance of permits under No. 261.

(5) A permit for slaughtering issued under Order No. 261 continues in force, unless suspended or cancelled, and it shall be treated as if it had been issued under this Order.

Suspension and cancellation.

(6) The Administrator may suspend or cancel any permit for slaughtering.

(7) The holder of a permit for slaughtering must keep the permit posted up and displayed in a conspicuous manner at his place of business.

Compliance with orders.

4. (1) Every permit for slaughtering is subject to the provisions of this and of any other Order of the Board or its Administrators and of any Order concurred in by the Board which relates in any way to slaughtering of livestock or to the handling, marking, disposition, sale or use of carcasses of meat, or of any part thereof, by slaughterers.

Compliance with rules issued by Administrators.

(2) Every permit for slaughtering of livestock is also subject to any requirements, instructions or directions now in force or which may be issued by the Administrator as to the slaughtering of livestock or the handling, marking, disposition, sale or use of carcasses of meat, or of any part thereof, by slaughterers.

Employee does not need permit.

5. While it is not necessary for an employee of a slaughterer who holds a permit to have a permit himself to do slaughtering, he must not slaughter livestock for any person other than his employer or elsewhere than on his employer's premises.

CLOSE SEASON FOR SLAUGHTERING YOUNG LAMBS AND HOGS

Close season for slaughtering young lambs and hogs.

6. (1) During the months of June, July and August of each year the slaughtering by the holder of a permit of lambs weighing less than seventy-five pounds live weight is prohibited.

(2) The slaughtering at any time by any person of a hog weighing less than one hundred pounds live weight is prohibited.

STAMPING OF CARCASSES

Carcass stamping rules.

7. Every person who holds a permit for slaughtering livestock must comply with and carry out the requirements and rules set out in Slaughtering Circular No. 5 of the Board issued by the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products on July 6, 1943, with respect to the stamping of carcasses of meat.

EXCEPTIONS AND EXEMPTIONS

"Farmer."

8. (1) In this Section the word "farmer" means a person who derives the major portion of his livelihood from agricultural pursuits carried on by him on a farm.

Use and sale by farmers of meat from livestock.

(2) A farmer does not need to hold a permit to slaughter livestock to entitle him to slaughter livestock or have it slaughtered for him if the meat obtained from the slaughter is

(*a*) used and consumed on his own farm premises; or

(*b*) sold or supplied by him direct to another farmer for use and consumption only on the farm premises of the other farmer.

Use of meat by non-farmers from their own livestock.

9. A person who is not a farmer but who raises on his own premises not more than two head of livestock per year for use and consumption of the meat obtained from their slaughter only on his own premises need not hold a permit to slaughter such livestock or to have it slaughtered for him if the meat so obtained is used and consumed only on his own premises and not elsewhere.

Special exemptions by Administrator.

10. In exceptional cases the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products may issue a written authorization for the slaughtering of livestock by or for any person named in the written authorization without it being necessary that the slaughtering be done under a permit for slaughtering. The application for a written authorization must show clearly the exceptional grounds upon which the authorization is being sought.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

Offences.

11. (1) It is an offence for any person to contravene or fail to observe or comply with any of the provisions of this Order or of any Order, requirement, instruction or direction referred to in Section 4 or of Slaughtering Circular No. 5 referred to in Section 7.

Penalties.

(2) Prosecutions for offences will be under The Wartime Prices and Trade Board Regulations which provide for a penalty up to $5,000 or to imprisonment for a term up to two years, or both fine and imprisonment.

Made at Ottawa this 20th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 304

Respecting Lamb

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated 1st November, 1941, and amendments,

The Board Hereby Orders as Follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on August 9, 1943 and amends Order No. 196 by adding provisions fixing maximum prices at wholesale for certain cuts of lamb.

2. (1) Sections 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of Order No. 196 are re-numbered as Sections 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 respectively.

(2) The heading "Wholesale Sales" to Section 3 of Order No. 196 is deleted and the following heading inserted in its place, namely,

"Wholesale Sales—Carcasses and Sides"

(3) Subsection 6 (as amended by Order No. 300) and subsection 7 of Section 3 of Order No. 196 are revoked.

3. Order No. 196 is further amended by adding the following section and heading to the section:

"Wholesale Sales—Specified Cuts"

4. (1) For the purposes of this Section the following specified cuts shall respectively mean:

(*a*) "pair of fronts"—the fore end of a carcass in one piece cut to include not more nor less than 5 full rib bones on each side of the chine bone;

(*b*) "pair of hind quarters"—as referred to in the following three clauses,—the hind end of a carcass in one piece cut to include not more nor less than 8 full rib bones on each side of the chine bone (for purposes of definition—not to be sold);

(*c*) "pair of legs"—the posterior portion in one piece of a pair of hind quarters obtained by cutting horizontally at the pin bones;

(*d*) "pair of loins"—the anterior portion in one piece of a pair of hind quarters after the pair of legs and the flanks are removed;

(*e*) "flank"—the portion of a hind quarter obtained by cutting in a straight line from a point at the front and not more than 4½ inches from the inside of the chine bone through to the point where the loin is severed from the leg. A flank must be not less than 10 per cent of a hind quarter.

(2) No person shall sell or offer to sell at wholesale a cut of lamb other than a flank, pair of loins, pair of legs or pair of fronts.

(3) The maximum price in cents per pound at which a person may sell or offer to sell at wholesale to any person in any period any of the cuts specified in subsection 2 of this Section is fixed as set forth in Schedule "E" hereto, in relation to the maximum price in cents per pound at which a carcass of the same lamb may be sold at wholesale by the seller to the same person in the same period.

(4) The maximum prices for a carcass referred to in subsection 3 above are the schedule carcass prices exclusive of any transportation charges a seller may add to the schedule prices.

(5) The provisions of Section 3 with respect to prices being delivered prices and as to the cases when transportation charges may be added shall apply also to the prices fixed by this section for the specified cuts.

(6) If the sale of a specified cut is of Kosher cut, the seller may add to the prices fixed by this Section, Kosher charges not exceeding those established by him in the same slaughtering place during the basic period (September 15 to October 11, 1941.)

Made at Ottawa, this 5th day of August, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

SCHEDULE "E"

MAXIMUM WHOLESALE PRICES FOR CUTS OF LAMB RELATIVE TO MAXIMUM WHOLESALE PRICES FOR CARCASSES

(In Cents per Lb.)

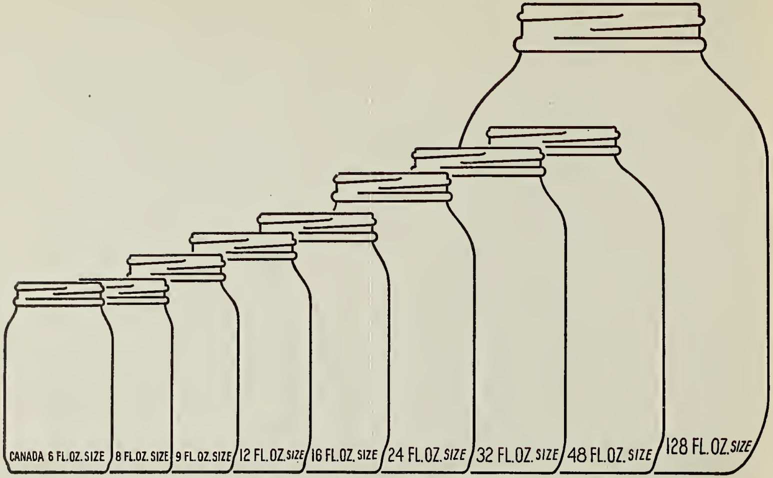
Maximum Price of Carcass	Corresponding Maximum Price of: Pair of Legs	Pair of Loins	Pair of Fronts	Flank
Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
20·00	25·75	25·75	13·75	10·00
20·25	26·00	26·00	14·00	10·00
20·50	26·25	26·25	14·25	10·00
20·75	26·50	26·50	14·50	10·00
21·00	26·75	26·75	14·75	10·00
21·25	27·00	27·25	15·00	10·00
21·50	27·25	27·50	15·25	10·00
21·75	27·50	27·75	15·50	10·00
22·00	27·75	28·25	15·75	10·00
22·25	28·00	28·50	16·00	10·00
22·50	28·25	28·75	16·25	10·00
22·75	28·50	29·00	16·50	10·00
23·00	28·75	29·50	16·75	10·00
23·25	29·00	29·75	17·00	10·00
23·50	29·25	30·00	17·25	10·00
23·75	29·50	30·25	17·50	10·00
24·00	29·75	30·50	17·75	10·00
24·25	30·00	31·00	18·00	10·00
24·50	30·25	31·25	18·25	10·25
24·75	30·50	31·50	18·50	10·50
25·00	30·75	31·75	18·75	10·75
25·25	31·00	32·00	19·00	11·00
25·50	31·25	32·25	19·25	11·25
25·75	31·50	32·50	19·50	11·50
26·00	31·75	32·75	19·75	11·75
26·25	32·00	33·00	20·00	12·00
26·50	32·25	33·25	20·25	12·25
26·75	32·50	33·50	20·50	12·50
27·00	32·75	33·75	20·75	12·75
27·25	33·00	34·00	21·00	13·00
27·50	33·25	34·25	21·25	13·25
27·75	33·50	34·50	21·50	13·50
28·00	33·75	34·75	21·75	13·75
28·25	34·00	35·00	22·00	14·00
28·50	34·25	35·25	22·25	14·00
28·75	34·50	35·50	22·50	14·00
29·00	35·00	35·75	22·75	14·00
29·25	35·25	36·00	23·00	14·00
29·50	35·50	36·25	23·25	14·00
29·75	35·75	36·50	23·50	14·00
30·00	36·25	36·75	23·75	14·00
30·25	36·50	37·00	24·00	14·00
30·50	36·75	37·25	24·25	14·00
30·75	37·25	37·50	24·50	14·00
31·00	37·50	37·75	24·75	14·00

324'

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-815 (Concluded) (*For paragraph 1 of Schedule see page 4*)

2. Drawings of Containers. The number set forth under each figure refers to the figure number stated in paragraph 1 of this Schedule.



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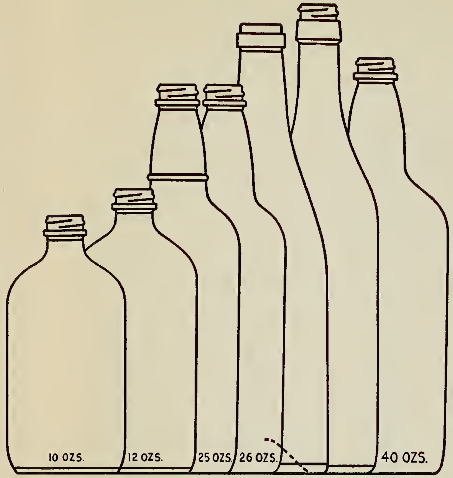

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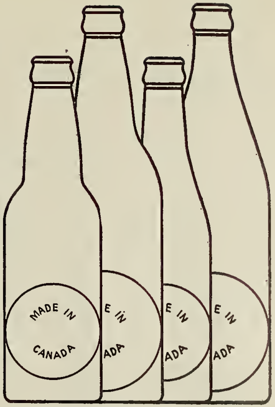

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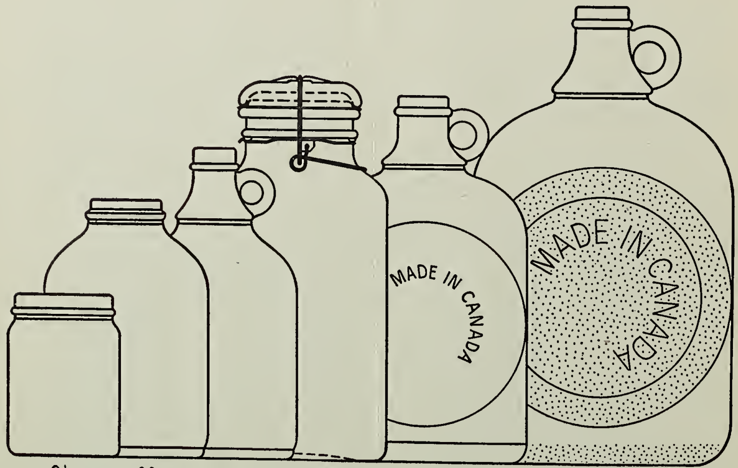

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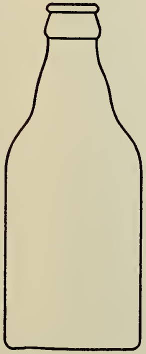

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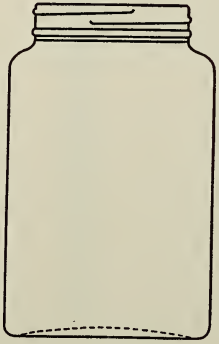

28

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-815

Respecting Glass Containers

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board, as follows:—

Administrator's Orders Numbers A-441, A-472 and A-567 are hereby revoked.

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "design" means and includes the shape, weight, size, capacity and contour of the body of a glass container and the lettering and decoration moulded thereon but does not include identification marks used by the manufacturer of the glass container;

(*b*) "finish" means the configuration of the neck or opening of a glass container which serves to engage specific parts of a closure to fix it to the glass container;

(*c*) "glass container" means a glass bottle, jar or tumbler suitable for packing a product.

2. No person shall manufacture a glass container

(*a*) in any design other than a design made by means of a body mould which he had on hand December 31, 1942; or

(*b*) in any design and finish other than as specified in the Schedule hereto, provided, however, that any variation in the design or finish of a glass container customarily obtained in normal manufacturing operations shall not be deemed to be a contravention of the provisions of this clause.

3. If a type of finish is not specified in the said Schedule for a glass container referred to therein, a person may in the manufacture of such container apply thereon any type of finish if the same

(*a*) is suitable for use on the body mould specified in the said Schedule for that glass container;

(*b*) is no greater in diameter than that so specified for the size of finish for that glass container; and

(*c*) does not cause the glass container to have a brimful capacity other than that so specified for the same.

4. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the Administrator of Glass and Glass Products, upon application to him, may grant in an individual case of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 22nd day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 17th day of July, 1943.

H. R. HARRISON,
Administrator of
Glass and Glass Products.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

To Administrator's Order No. A-815

1. Specifications—

Figure	Capacity Brim full (in fluid ounces)	Height in inches	Diameter or width in inches	Size of Finish in Millimeters	Glass Weight in ounces
1	6·25	$3\frac{31}{32}$	$2\frac{17}{64}$	48	5·00
2	8·50	$4\frac{1}{8}$	$2\frac{9}{16}$	63	6·75
3	9·44	$4\frac{15}{32}$	$2\frac{19}{32}$	53	6·75
4	12·50	5	$2\frac{25}{32}$	58	7·50
5	16·50	$5\frac{3}{8}$	$3\frac{1}{32}$	63	9·00
6	25·00	$6\frac{5}{32}$	$3\frac{15}{32}$	63	11·25
7	32·70	$6\frac{3}{4}$	$3\frac{3}{4}$	70	13·50
8	50·00	$7\frac{3}{32}$	$4\frac{21}{32}$	70	21·00
9	133·00	$9\frac{5}{8}$	$6\frac{7}{16}$	96	40·00
10	10·42	$6\frac{11}{16}$	$3\frac{1}{8}$	28 (G.C.A. 400)	9·00
11	12·48	$7\frac{3}{8}$	$3\frac{3}{16}$	28 (G.C.A. 400)	9·75
12	25·95	$10\frac{3}{16}$	$3\frac{3}{16}$	28 (G.C.A. 400)	18·00
13	26·95	$10\frac{3}{16}$	$3\frac{1}{4}$	28 (G.C.A. 400)	18·00
14	27·37	$11\frac{13}{16}$	$3\frac{13}{32}$	33	35·50
15	32·00	$12\frac{13}{32}$	$3\frac{3}{16}$	28	22·00
16	41·22	$10\frac{15}{16}$	$3\frac{13}{16}$	28 (G.C.A. 400)	22·50
17	12·75	9	$2\frac{1}{2}$	26	14·00
18	23·43	$10\frac{11}{32}$	$3\frac{3}{32}$	26	21·50
19	12·62	$9\frac{3}{16}$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	26	15·00
20	23·50	$10\frac{7}{16}$	$3\frac{3}{32}$	26	22·50
21	12·25	$4\frac{7}{32}$	$2\frac{29}{32}$	70	9·00
22	42·00	$6\frac{3}{4}$	$4\frac{11}{32}$	53	18·00
23	42·50	$8\frac{9}{64}$	$4\frac{11}{32}$	33	20·00
24	67·25	$10\frac{1}{16}$	$4\frac{11}{16}$	75	30·30
25	82·50	$9\frac{19}{32}$	$5\frac{7}{16}$	38	38·50
26	164·00	$11\frac{31}{32}$	$6\frac{13}{16}$	38	54·50
27	13·12	$7\frac{1}{16}$	$2\frac{25}{32}$	26	10·00
28	43·00	$6\frac{13}{16}$	4·21	83	18·00

(For drawings of above containers see within)

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-823

Respecting Farm Machinery and Equipment

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. The Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-749 is hereby amended as follows:—

(*a*) by deleting the figure "20" in column A and in column B opposite the item "Integral Tractor Corn Cultivator—1 type and 1 size for each tractor model" in group III of Part I of the said Schedule and by substituting for the said figure the figure "33" in each column;

(*b*) by deleting the figure "20" in column A and in column B opposite the item "Integral Tractor Beet Cultivator—1 model and 1 size for each tractor model" in Group III of Part II of the said Schedule and by substituting for the said figure the figure "33" in each column;

(*c*) by deleting the figure "20" in column A and in column B opposite the item "Integral Tractor Corn Cultivator—1 type and 1 size for each tractor model" in Group III of Part II of the said Schedule and by substituting for the said figure the figure "33" in each column;

(*d*) by deleting the figure “45” in column B opposite the item “Combine and Reaper Thresher—2 sizes, 1 type in each size” in Group V of Part II of the said Schedule and by substituting for the said figure the figure “43” in column B;

(*e*) by deleting the figure “35” in column A and in column B opposite the item “Hammermill or Roughage Mill—1 type, 1 size” in Group VI of Part II of the said Schedule and by substituting for the said figure the figure “50” in each column;

(*f*) by inserting in Group VI of Part II of the said Schedule the following item “Ensilage Cutters—2 sizes” and by inserting in column A and in column B opposite such item the figure “35” in each column.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 28th day of July, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 26th day of July, 1943.

H. H. BLOOM,
Administrator, Farm and Construction
Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment.

APPROVED:
D. GORDON
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-836

Respecting Fruit and Vegetable Packages

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) “package” means a new and unused basket, hamper, box, flat crate or other wooden container, including the cover of any of them, utilized in the trades and industry of fruit and vegetable growing, packing and marketing;

(*a*) “wholesaler” means a person who for the purpose of resale buys or otherwise deals in empty packages.

2. The maximum price at which a manufacturer or wholesaler of packages may in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec sell or offer to sell any kind of package shall be the price for that kind set forth in Schedule “A” hereto.

3. A manufacturer of packages shall on every sale thereof by him to a wholesaler allow a trade discount of six per cent (6%) of the manufacturer's selling price.

4. (1) Except as provided in subsections 2, 3 and 4 of this Section, every manufacturer and wholesaler who, during or before the crop picking season of any kind of fruit or vegetable, sells to a buyer packages for packing that kind of fruit or vegetable shall allow to the buyer, if he takes delivery of and pays for the packages in cash on or before any of the following dates, a discount from the price of the packages at the following rate according to the date of payment:—

Date of payment following date of purchase	*Cash discount*
(*a*) on or before April 10	5 per cent
(*b*) on or before May 10	4½ “
(*c*) on or before June 10	4 “
(*d*) on or before July 10	3 “
(*e*) on or before August 10	2 “
(*f*) on or before September 10	1 “

(2) If the packages are berry crates or berry boxes, no discount need be allowed if payment in cash is not made by the buyer on or before August 10 following the date of purchase.

(3) If the packages are bushel hampers and their covers, liners and pads, the discount shall be at the rate of seven per cent (7%) per annum from date of purchase if the buyer pays for them in cash on or before November 1 following the date of purchase.

(4) No cash discount need be allowed on the sale of plant boxes or plant cubes.

5. Accounts owing by the buyer on the sale and purchase of the following kinds of packages shall finally become due and payable not later than the following respective date:—

(*a*) plant boxes and plant cubes—June 1 following the date of purchase;

(*b*) berry crates and berry boxes—August 10 following the date of purchase;

(*c*) baskets and their covers, vegetable hampers and their covers and apple crates and apple boxes—September 10 following the date of purchase if bought before August 10 and within thirty days following the date of purchase if bought on or after August 10 and before November 1;

(*d*) bushel hampers and their covers, liners and pads—November 1 following the date of purchase.

6. A manufacturer of packages shall on a sale thereof to a fruit grower or vegetable grower allow to the grower a special (and additional) discount of two and one-half per cent (2½%) of the price if

(*a*) the amount of the sale is $25 or over and

(*b*) the buyer takes delivery of the packages or removes them from the seller's premises on or before May 15 of the year of purchase.

7. If a fruit grower or vegetable grower orders from a manufacturer or wholesaler packages to an amount less than $25, the manufacturer or wholesaler may charge on the order a sum not exceeding $1 in addition to his selling price.

8. (1) The price at which a manufacturer or wholesaler sells or offers to sell packages in either of the provinces of Ontario and Quebec shall include delivery of the packages f.o.b. the buyer's receiving point.

(*a*) if it is situate within thirty-five miles from the seller's shipping point; or

(*b*) if delivery is by the seller's truck and the receiving point is within the distance to which delivery may be made by truck by order of the Administrator of Services.

(2) If the buyer's receiving point referred to in subsection 1 preceding is situate at a greater distance than thirty-five miles from the seller's shipping point or at a greater distance than that to which delivery may be made by truck by order of the Administrator of Services, the sale shall be f.o.b. the seller's shipping point and the seller shall allow to the buyer a discount of five per cent (5%) from the price of the packages.

9. No person shall use a 6 quart wood veneer basket for packing, delivering or marketing mushrooms.

10. No person shall manufacture or assemble any of the packages listed in Schedule "B" hereto.

11. This Order shall be effective on and after the 9th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 3rd day of August, 1943.

F. J. SUTTON,
Administrator of Woodenware and Wooden Containers.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

to Administrator's Order No. A-836

MAXIMUM PRICES OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PACKAGES

Kind of Package	*Maximum Selling Price*
(*a*) *Wood Veneer (Climax) Baskets*	
20 Quart	$75.50 per M
11 Quart	59.00 " "
6 Quart	48.25 " "
2 Quart	32.50 " "
(*b*) *Wood Veneer Basket Covers*	
11 Quart Leno Covers	$24.00 per M
6 Quart Leno Covers	20.00 " "
11 Quart Slat Covers	20.00 " "
6 Quart Slat Covers	18.00 " "
(*c*) *Hampers*	
10 Splint Vegetable Hamper—No Handles	$ 8.25 per C
10 Splint Vegetable Hamper—Handled	9.50 " "
14 Splint Hamper—No Handles	10.00 " "
14 Splint Hamper—Handled	11.00 " "
20 Splint Bushel Hamper	13.00 " "
Covers for Bushel Hampers	5.30 " "
One-half Bushel Hamper	10.50 " "
Covers for one-half Bushel Hamper	4.15 " "
⅝ Bushel Hampers	12.00 " "
(*d*) *Berry Boxes and Crates*	
Quart Boxes—Regular	$ 7.10 per M
Quart Boxes—Patent	7.10 " "
Quart Boxes—Metal Tops	8.50 " "
Quart Boxes—Blueberries	8.50 " "
4 Quart—Tin Top	20.00 " "
Pint Boxes—Regular	6.00 " "
Pint Boxes—Patent	6.00 " "
Pint Boxes—Metal Tops	7.50 " "
27 Quart Crates	.32 each
36 Pint Crates	.29 "
24 Quart Crates—Panneled ends	.29 "
24 Quart Crates—Not panelled ends	.34 "
24 Pint Crates—Panelled ends	.27 "
24 Pint Crates—Not panelled ends	.32 "

Differentials for crates in Knocked Down form as the same existed in 1941 shall be continued.

(*e*) *Plant Boxes, Dirt Crates or Flats*	
Plant Cubes 2″	$ 2.50 per M
Plant Cubes 2½″	3.00 " "
Plant Cubes 3″	3.50 " "
Plant Cubes 3½″	4.40 " "
Plant Cubes 4″	5.00 " "
Plant Cubes 4½″	5.50 " "
Plant Cubes 5″	6.00 " "
(*f*) *Standard Plant Boxes*	$13.00 per M
(*g*) *Flats or Dirt Crates*	
12″ x 24″ x 4″—with hand grip	.20 each
12″ x 24″ x 4″—no hand grips	.19 "
Plus 8% Sales Tax	
(*h*) *Standard Apple Crate (Quebec Crate)*	
17″L x 14″W x 11″D ends; sides—10¼″D (9½″ piece set up ¾″)	.35 each

(*i*) *Standard Apple Box*	
18″L x 11½″W x 10½″D	.25 each
(*j*) *Tomato Stakes*	
1″ x 1″ x 60″	.10 each
(*k*) *Crates*	
Cabbage crates—unitized form—with covers—15¼″L x 12″W x 18″D	.20 each
Cabbage crates—K.D.—ends made up, no covers, 21½″L x 17½″W x 13″D (½″ or ¾″ cleat permitted)	.17 each
Cabbage crate covers only	.02 each
Cauliflower crates—unitized form—with covers, 21½″L x 17½″W x 7½″ or 8½″D	.22 each
Cauliflower crates, K.D.—ends made up, no covers, 21½″L x 17½″W x 7½″ or 8½″D	.18 each
Cauliflower crate covers only	.04 each
Cantaloupe crate—18″D x 15¼″L x 12″W	.20 each
Asparagus crates, K.D.—ends made up—no covers	.10 each
Celery crates—K.D.—unitized form—no cover—21″L x 12″W x 18″D	.20 each
Celery crates—21″L x 9″W x 18″D	.19½ each
Lettuce crates—unitized form—with cover	.22 each
(*l*) *Till Boxes*	
Till Box Pint	$11.00 per M
Till Box Quart	12.00 “ “
Giant Plant Box	15.00 “ “
Till Box—3 quart size	18.00 “ “

NOTE—Where the letters “L”, “W”, “D” and “K.D.” appear in this Schedule, they mean “Length”, “Width”, “Depth” and “Knocked down”, respectively.

SCHEDULE “B”

to Administrator's Order No. A-836

PROHIBITED PACKAGES

1. Experimental new wide-type 6 quart basket.
    Bottom 14″L x 6⅝″W x ⅜″ thick
    Inside depth of basket 3⅝″
    Handle 19″ in length
    Veneer 16 to inch minimum, etc.
2. Bushel hamper—export type—straight stave.
    Diameter at top 17″
    Diameter at bottom 14″
    Depth 11¼″
    Staves—not less than 12 staves ⅛″ thick and ⅜″ wide. For 20 staves or more to be ⅟16″ thick and a minimum width of 3½″.
3. Cantaloupe Crate—21½″L x 13″W x 4″ to 10″D.
4. Berry Crates as listed:
    12 pints—1 tier
    12 quarts—1 tier
    18 quarts—2 tiers
5. Apple and Pear Half Barrels:
    Length of stave—22½″
    Diameter of head—14″
    Distance between heads—20″
    Circumference of bulge (outside) 51½″
    Staves of uniform thickness measuring five to one and seven-eighths inches.

6. Apple and Pear Bushel Barrels:
    Length of stave—18″
    Diameter of head—12½″
    Distance between heads—16″
    Circumference of bulge (outside) 45″
    Staves of uniform thickness measuring five to one and seven-eighths inches.

7. Cherry Box:
    15″L x 10¾″W x 3⅜″D—¼″ cleat may be used.
   Peach Box:
    18″L x 11½″W from 2½″ to 5″D
   Pear Half-Box:
    18″L x 11½″W x 4¾″D.

8. Plum and Prune Boxes:
    18″L x 11½″W x 3¼″D
    16½″L x 13¾″W x 3¾″D
    15″L x 10¾″W x 3⅜″D—½″ cleat may be used.

NOTE—Where the letters "L", "W", "D" and "K.D." appear in this Schedule they mean "Length", "Width", "Depth", and "Knocked Down", respectively.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-837

Respecting Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices for certain Lumber Originating in the Northern Interior Region of British Columbia

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Interpretation

1. For the purpose of this Order,

(*a*) "manufacturer" shall mean any person who owns or operates a sawmill or machine wherein or whereby felled trees or logs are converted or processed into lumber;

(*b*) "Northern Interior Region" of the province of British Columbia shall mean (1) the forest district of Fort George, and (2) that part of the forest district of Prince Rupert from which shipment of lumber is made by means of the line of the Canadian National Railways between Prince George and Prince Rupert, which districts are shown on the map indicating Forest District Boundaries in British Columbia and issued by the Department of Lands of the Government of British Columbia on March 31st, 1937 (Reprint April, 1942);

(*c*) "point of shipment" shall mean the point at which the lumber is loaded by the manufacturer on railway freight cars for shipment to the wholesaler, retailer, or consumer;

(*d*) "wholesaler" shall mean any person who sells or distributes lumber otherwise than at retail.

Maximum Manufacturers' and Wholesalers' Prices Fixed

2. The maximum price at which any manufacturer, whose point of shipment is located in the Northern Interior Region of the province of British Columbia, and at which any wholesaler may sell or offer for sale at wholesale, or any person may purchase at wholesale, any lumber produced from Fir, Larch, Hemlock, Cedar or Ponderosa Pine for delivery to wholesalers, retailers and consumers in the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and that part of the province of Ontario west

of and including Port Arthur, shall be that price set out in Schedules A, C and D of Administrator's Order No. A-775, dated 21st June, 1943, which price shall include the cost of delivery f.o.b. car the retailers' or consumers' point of destination.

Grading

3. The grading of lumber produced from Fir, Larch, Hemlock and Cedar shall be governed by the grading rules of the British Columbia Lumber and Shingle Manufacturers' Association, Vancouver, British Columbia, and the grading of lumber produced from Ponderosa Pine shall be governed by the grading rules of the Western Pine Association, Portland, Oregon.

Special Sizes of Lumber

4. When any lumber, produced from Fir, Larch, Hemlock, Cedar or Ponderosa Pine, is sawn to rough sizes or dressed to finished sizes other than those sizes designated in Schedules A, C and D of said Administrator's Order No. A-775, dated 21st June, 1943, such lumber shall not be sold until the price has been fixed upon application made to the Timber Administrator.

Invoices to Show Particulars of Lumber Sold

5. Every manufacturer and wholesaler who sells lumber at wholesale for delivery to a wholesaler, retailer or consumer in the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and that part of the province of Ontario west of and including Port Arthur, shall keep on file for the inspection of the Timber Administrator or his representatives a copy of the invoice covering each such sale, and shall state in the invoice the point of shipment, full particulars of the species and grades of lumber sold and the price or prices charged therefor.

Effective Date

6. This Order shall be effective on or after the 9th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 3rd day of August, 1943.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

NOTE:—Subsection 4 of Section 7 of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations reads as follows:—

Wherever a maximum price has been fixed for any goods or services every seller shall continue to allow any difference in price which he has during the basic period or customarily allowed to different classes of buyers or for different quantities or under different conditions of sale, and which result in a lower net price per unit of goods or services.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-839

On Maximum Prices of Atlantic Coast Canned Salmon, Sea Trout and Halibut

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fish and Fish Products it is now ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

1. On and after the 11th day of August, 1943, Administrator's Order No. A-136 is revoked and replaced by this Order which fixes the highest selling prices of Atlantic Coast Canned Salmon, Canned Sea-Trout and Canned Halibut on sales by canners, wholesale distributors and retailers.

2. (1) The expressions "canned salmon," "canned sea-trout" and "canned halibut" used in this Order refer, respectively, to salmon, sea trout, and halibut caught in the

waters off the eastern coast of Canada or off the coast of Newfoundland and processed and packed for sale in hermetically sealed containers.

(2) The term "canner" where used in this Order refers to the canner who either actually processes and packs the canned fish covered by this Order himself or assembles for sale the pack of such canned fish which another canner has processed and packed for him.

3. The highest price, f.o.b. the canner's shipping point in Canada, at which a canner may sell or offer to sell canned salmon, canned sea trout or canned halibut is fixed as stated in the Schedule hereto according to quality and the number, size and style of cans per case.

4. The highest price at which a wholesale distributor, but not a canner may sell or offer to sell canned fish covered by this Order at wholesale is fixed at the sum of the following three items:

(*a*) the actual price he paid for the canned fish, but not more than the highest selling price fixed for the canner;

(*b*) any transportation charges and sales tax he has to pay that are not included in the actual price he paid for the canned fish; and

(*c*) a markup based on percentage of cost not more than the markup based on percentage of cost he obtained on his sales at wholesale of canned fish of the same or a substantially similar kind to the same class of buyers during the basic period (September 15 to October 11, 1941) but in no event must the markup be an amount which is more than ten per cent (10%) of his selling price.

5. (1) On sales of canned fish covered by this Order between or among wholesale distributors, and no matter how many of them may be concerned, the total amounts of the markups of all of them must not exceed the highest amount of markup which the first of them could have included as part of his highest selling price if he had sold to a person who is not a wholesale distributor.

(2) Every wholesale distributor on a sale to another wholesale distributor shall deliver to the buyer before or at the time he makes delivery of the canned fish, an invoice stating the total combined markup that has been taken by him and any other wholesale distributor who handled the canned fish and the share of the markup which is still available for the buyer to take.

6. The highest price at which a person may sell or offer to sell canned fish covered by this Order at retail is fixed at the sum of the following three items:—

(*a*) the actual price he paid for the canned fish but not more than the highest selling price fixed for his supplier;

(*b*) any transportation charges and sales tax he has to pay that are not included in the actual price he paid for the canned fish; and

(*c*) a markup based on percentage of cost not more than the markup based on percentage of cost he obtained on his sales at retail of canned fish of the same or a substantially similar kind during the basic period. But in no event must the markup be an amount which is more than twenty-five per cent (25%) of his selling price.

7. It is an offence for a person who is a canner, wholesale distributor or retailer of canned fish covered by this Order or for a person who is a wholesale distributor or a retailer to include in his selling price a markup higher than his highest markup as fixed by this order.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of August, 1943.

A. N. McLEAN,
Administrator of Fish and Fish Products.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

To Administrator's Order No. A-839

Maximum prices per case for sales by canners of the following qualities of Atlantic coast canned salmon, canned sea trout, and canned halibut.

Qualities		Maximum Prices per Case		
		48 cans of 1 lb. talls or flats	96 cans of ½ lb. talls or flats	96 cans of ¼ lb. flats
		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Best Quality..................	Atlantic Canned Salmon, canned sea trout and canned halibut...	16 25	17 50	10 50
Second Quality..............	Atlantic Canned Salmon, canned sea trout and canned halibut...	12 75	14 00	8 75
Tips and tails minced or flaked from best quality.	Atlantic Canned Salmon, canned sea trout and canned halibut...	12 75	14 00	8 75
Tips and tails minced or flaked from second quality.	Atlantic canned salmon, canned sea trout and canned halibut...	9 25	10 50	7 00

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-840

Respecting Incandescent Lighting Fixtures

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

Administrator's Orders Numbers A-401 and A-423 are hereby revoked and this Order is substituted for the provisions of the Orders dealing with incandescent lighting fixtures.

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "incandescent lighting fixture" means a device or equipment constructed for the purpose of illumination and used in connection with an incandescent electric light source;

(*b*) "commercial type" means a type of incandescent lighting fixture customarily used in an office, draughting room, fraternal institution or lodge, church, seminary, public or educational institution and the like, or in a store, hotel or other commercial establishment;

(*c*) "industrial type" means a type of incandescent lighting fixture customarily used in a factory, warehouse or other place where goods are manufactured, assembled, stored or shipped or where or from which services are furnished or supplied, and not being a commercial type.

(*d*) "residential type" means a type of incandescent lighting fixture customarily used in a house, apartment, flat, tenement or other place of dwelling;

(*e*) "manufacture" means making, forming or processing a component part of an incandescent lighting fixture, and includes assembling parts into a complete incandescent lighting fixture.

2. This Order shall not apply to the manufacture of a portable lamp, floodlight, searchlight, traffic or highway light or to automotive or airport lighting equipment using an incandescent electric light source, or to an incandescent lighting fixture for use in a location defined and classified as hazardous by section 32 of the Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1, 4th Edition, a copy of the said Code being on file in the office of the Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies.

3. No person shall manufacture an incandescent lighting fixture except as provided and permitted by this Order or as may be permitted by the said Administrator.

4. No person shall in the manufacture of an incandescent lighting fixture

(*a*) use any metal other than iron, steel, lead or silver except for current carrying parts;

(*b*) use an applied metal decoration or ornament;

(*c*) use any metal to make a baffle, louvre, shield, or covering for a reflector.

5. (1) No person shall manufacture an incandescent lighting fixture of a kind designed for use in a showcase, window or interior electric sign of premises where goods are sold or displayed.

(2) No person shall use a metal housing in the manufacture of a recessed cove, "troffer" or built-in incandescent lighting fixture.

6. No person shall manufacture a localized lighting fixture having an adjustable arm except in a size designed to hold a lamp in any size from 60 to 100 watts inclusive. No manufacturer shall use more than four shapes of reflectors for localized lighting fixtures.

7. (1) No person shall manufacture a commercial type of incandescent lighting fixture except in the following forms, designs, types and sizes:

(*a*) one design of closeup ceiling holder (or band) for supporting glassware, having fitters in sizes 4 inch and 6 inch only;

(*b*) one design of pendant holder (chain or stem) for supporting glassware, having fitters in sizes 4 inch and 6 inch only, and if a metal canopy is used the same shall not exceed 6 inches in diameter;

(*c*) a luminous bowl fixture, indirect or semi-indirect; metal may not be used for this type of fixture except for supporting fittings or hanger.

(2) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the manufacture of a commercial type of

(*a*) a holder to fit a prismatic or silvered mirror glass reflector or refractor unit if the holder is made as an integral part of the unit;

(*b*) a prismatic or silvered glass reflector or refractor unit or diffusing glass unit.

8. (1) No person shall manufacture an industrial type of incandescent lighting fixture using keyless sockets, for conduit suspension or outlet box mounting, having cast iron or drawn steel hood with reflector held thereto by threaded ring, except in the following forms, types, designs and sizes:—

(*a*) a steel reflector in the shape known as the "R.L.M. Dome" and in the following sizes only, namely:—

Fixture No.	*Sizes (rated watts)*
1	for 200 watt lamp
2	for 300-500 watt lamp
3	for 750-1000 watt lamp

(*b*) a steel reflector for shade holder mounting on medium base receptacle in the shape generally known as "shallow bowl" and in sizes 12 inch and 14 inch only, and in the shape generally known as "R.L.M. Dome" in size 16 inch only;

(*c*) a steel reflector of the shade holder type or threaded neck type and the deep bowl shape; and in the 100 watt incandescent size only.

(2) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the manufacture of industrial types of prismatic or silvered mirror glass reflector or refractor units or diffusing glass units.

9. No person shall manufacture a residential type of incandescent lighting fixture which contains any cast or forged ferrous metal or which contains, when completed, more than 18 ounces of ferrous metal for all its parts, including screws, bolts, locknuts, loops, straps, hickeys and other fittings but not including the parts which carry electric current.

10. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies, upon application to him, may grant in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

11. This Order shall be effective on and after the 11th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 5th day of August, 1943.

A. L. BROWN,
Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies.

APPROVED:
D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-841

Respecting Fluorescent Lighting Fixtures

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

Administrator's Order No. A-401 was revoked by Administrator's Order No. A-840. This Order takes the place of those provisions of Administrator's Order No. A-401 dealing with fluorescent lighting fixtures.

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "fluorescent lighting fixture" means a device used in connection with an electric light source other than an incandescent light source, in which visible light for illuminating purposes is produced

(i) by the passage of electric current through vaporized mercury; or

(ii) from the effects of ultra-violet radiation on substances exposed to such radiation;

(*b*) "commercial type" means a type of fluorescent lighting fixture customarily used in an office, draughting room, fraternal institution or lodge, church, seminary, public or educational institution and the like, or in a store, hotel or other commercial establishment;

(*c*) "industrial type" means a type of fluorescent lighting fixture customarily used in a factory, warehouse or other place where goods are manufactured. assembled, stored or shipped or where or from which services are furnished or supplied, and not being a commercial type;

(*d*) "manufacture" means making, forming or processing a component part of a fluorescent lighting fixture, and includes assembling component parts into a complete fluorescent lighting fixture.

2. (1) This Order shall apply to the manufacture, installation and use of cold cathode, hot cathode and rectified fluorescent lighting fixtures.

(2) This Order shall not apply

(*a*) to the manufacture, installation or use of Cooper-Hewitt lighting fixtures or mercury-vapour lighting fixtures; or

(*b*) to the manufacture of fluorescent lighting fixtures of a kind designed for use in a location defined and classified as hazardous by Section 32 of Canadian Electrical Code, Part 1, 4th Edition, a copy of the said Code being on file in the office of the Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies.

3. No person shall manufacture a fluorescent lighting fixture except as provided and permitted by this Order or as may be permitted in writing by the Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies.

4. (1) No fluorescent lighting fixture manufactured in Canada after the effective date of this Order shall be sold by the person who manufactures it unless he first prints, stamps or marks on each fixture or on a label attached to it, the name of the manufacturer and the catalogue number of the fixture.

5. No person shall in the manufacture of a fluorescent lighting fixture

(*a*) use any metal other than iron, steel, lead or silver except for current-carrying parts;

(*b*) use any metal to make a reflector end, baffle, louvre or shield;

(*c*) use ferrous metal heavier than 22 gauge for a reflector, channel or housing, provided that this clause shall not apply to straps or fittings.

6. (1) No person shall manufacture a hot cathode fluorescent lighting fixture

(*a*) of a commercial type, unless the design and dimensions of the fixture are approved in writing by the said Administrator and the said fixture is manufactured in accordance with the specifications set forth for the fixture, as follows:

Fixture No.	*Class*	*Number of lamps*	*Rated watts per lamp*
1	Unshielded	2 installed in parallel	40
2	Unshielded	3 installed in parallel	40
3	Unshielded	4 installed in parallel	40
4	Shielded	2 installed in parallel	40
5	Shielded	3 installed in parallel	40
6	Shielded	4 installed in parallel	40

(*b*) of an industrial type, unless the design and dimensions of the fixture are approved in writing by the said Administrator and unless the said fixture is manufactured in accordance with the specifications set forth for the fixture, as follows:

Fixture No.	*Number of lamps*	*Rated watts per lamp*
1	1	40
2	2 installed in parallel	40
3	3 installed in parallel	40
4	2 installed in parallel	100
5	1, 2, 3 or 4 in continuous rows, and installed in parallel if more than one row is used.	40
6	2 in continuous rows installed in parallel..	100

(2) No person shall manufacture a cold cathode fluorescent lighting fixture or a rectified fluorescent lighting fixture except in accordance with specifications approved in writing by the said Administrator for the manufacture of such fixtures.

7. No person shall install a new fluorescent lighting fixture

(*a*) in a showcase, window or an interior sign located in any place where goods are sold or displayed;

(*b*) in a dwelling.

8. (1) No person shall install or purchase for installation a new fluorescent lighting fixture or a fluorescent lighting installation

(*a*) in any room, area or part of any building if an electric lighting fixture or an electric lighting installation is or has been installed in such room, area or part, unless he first obtains from the said Administrator a permit to purchase and install and a supplier's permit to supply the same and surrenders the said supplier's permit to his supplier;

(*b*) in any room, area or part of a building if no electric lighting fixture or electric lighting installation is or has been installed in such room, area or part unless he first surrenders to his supplier a completed Purchaser's

Declaration in the following form and sets forth thereon, or on a signed order attached thereto, full particulars of the quantity and kind of fluorescent lighting fixtures referred to in his said declaration.

"Purchaser's Declaration

I hereby declare that the fluorescent lighting fixture(s) listed (herein or on the attached order) will not be installed in any room, area or part of a building that has or to my knowledge ever had an electric lighting fixture or electric lighting installation installed in such room, area or part.

Dated at..........................

....

Name of Purchaser

....

Signature and title of person authorized to sign for purchaser."

(2) No person shall sell or supply for installation a fluorescent lighting fixture unless he first receives from the purchaser a supplier's permit or a purchaser's declaration as provided in subsection (1) of this Section.

9. Nothing in Section 8 shall apply to the supply, purchase and use of parts required for the maintenance or repair of a fluorescent lighting fixture.

10. Every person who sells fluorescent lighting fixtures or fluorescent lighting installations shall keep on his file every Permit to Supply and every Purchaser's Declaration, referred to in Section 8, received by him, and the same and other documents necessary to show and make a full disclosure of his transactions in the devices to which this Order applies shall, upon request, be made available for inspection on behalf of the Board.

11. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the said Administrator, upon application to him, may grant in any individual case of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

12. This Order shall be effective on and after the 11th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 5th day of August, 1943.

A. L. BROWN,
Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-842

New Electric Stoves and Ranges

Under powers given to the Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

1. Section 5 of Administrator's Order No. A-701 is amended by adding thereto the following subsection

"(2) Subsection 1 of this Section shall not apply to the province of Manitoba in which province no consumer shall buy or otherwise acquire a new electric stove or range for installation or use in that province (*a*) unless the electric stove or range is required for use in cooking and no other electric stove or range is already installed and in use for that purpose; or

(*b*) unless the electric stove or range is required for the purpose of replacing an electric stove or range which is unserviceable and which cannot be made serviceable by repairing or replacing the damaged part or parts thereof with a new part or parts regularly supplied by the trade as replacements; and

(*c*) unless he completes, signs and surrenders to the person from whom he buys such electric stove or range an essentiality certificate, in duplicate, in the form provided by the said Administrator."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 11th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 6th day of August, 1943.

A. L. BROWN,
Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-846

Concerning Restrictions in the Manufacture and Sale of Cartons and other Products made of Solid Fibreboard or Corrugated Paper

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Shipping Cases it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

Introduction

1. This Order goes into force on August 12th, 1943, and on and after that date governs as to all matters covered by this Order. When Order goes into force.

2. This Order establishes certain rules to be followed in the manufacture and sale of cartons and other goods made wholly or partly of solid fibreboard or corrugated paper. Section 6 deals with printing on and cutting sheets for cartons. Section 7 prohibits manufacturers from selling cartons and other products in small quantities. There are, however, certain exceptions provided in Section 7. What this Order covers.

3. The provisions of this Order are subject to such written exemptions as the said Administrator, upon application to him, may grant. Exemptions.

(*a*) to permit the purchase and sale of smaller quantities of cartons than the minimum fixed, where the purchase of the minimum quantity would be wasteful or uneconomic; or

(*b*) in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

4. It is an offence for any person to contravene or fail to observe or comply with any of the provisions of this Order, and the offender is liable to prosecution under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations. Offences and Penalties.

Definition

5. In this Order "carton" means a shipping case, display bin or any other container made of solid fibreboard or corrugated paper. Carton.

Restrictions in Manufacture

6. Every person who manufactures cartons shall comply with the following rules:—

Printing.

(*a*) Letters, designs or figures shall not be printed or stamped on more than one side of the sheet of solid fibreboard or corrugated paper of a carton.

Cutting thumb notch, etc.

(*b*) A thumb notch, ventilating hole or handle hole shall not be cut in a sheet of solid fibreboard or corrugated paper of a carton unless the cutting is part of one and the same operation as that required in essential processing (such as creasing and cutting) of the sheet.

Rules as to Sales by Manufacturers

Minimum quantities fixed on sales.

7. (1) Every person who manufactures cartons or other products from solid fibreboard or corrugated paper, or both, shall comply with the following rules when manufacturing the said cartons and other products:

Not printed.

(*a*) If the cartons or other products have no words, letters or figures printed or stamped thereon the smallest quantity of a kind or size of such cartons or other products that may be manufactured in one lot shall be 500 units.

Printed.

(*b*) If the cartons or other products have words, letters or figures printed or stamped thereon the smallest quantity of a kind or size of such cartons or other products that may be manufactured in one lot shall be 1,000 units.

NOTE.—For the purpose of this subsection, in any case where the Canadian Freight Classification Stamp, the box number and other similar information are displayed on the carton or other product, to the extent only that the total space used for the said purposes or any of them does not exceed 24 square inches, the display shall not be deemed to be printing or stamping.

D.M. & S., etc., orders exempt.

(2) The rules set forth in subsection 1 of this Section shall not apply to the manufacture of cartons of other products to the order of

(*a*) the Department of Munitions and Supply or any agency thereof; or

(*b*) a person who requires the cartons or other products for use in packaging goods or in the manufacture of goods on the order of the said department or any agency thereof. However, the person must endorse on his order to his supplier the number assigned by the said department to the order received by him for the said goods.

Certain products exempt.

(3) Nor do the said rules apply to the manufacture of

(*a*) single faced corrugated rolls; or

(*b*) clothing wrappers of the following stock sizes (in inches):—

48 x 18 x 8
48 x 18 x 6
48 x 18 x 4
45 x 18 x 6
36 x 18 x 8
36 x 18 x 6
36 x 18 x 3½
30 x 18 x 8
30 x 18 x 6
30 x 18 x 4½
30 x 18 x 3½
27 x 17 x 6
27 x 17 x 4½
27 x 17 x 3½
27 x 15 x 2½
22 x 16 x 3
22 x 16 x 2
16 x 10½ x 2

8. This Order does not apply to the manufacture or sale of cartons manufactured or in the process of actual manufacture before the date of this Order. Cartons manufactured before date of order.

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of August, 1943.

F. C. HAYES,
Administrator of Shipping Cases.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-847

Maximum Prices for Ice in the Montreal District

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

1. This Order comes into force on August 9, 1943, and will remain in force until October 16, 1943, when it expires. It replaces Order No. A-400 which is hereby revoked and fixes the maximum selling prices of ice, other than crushed ice and ice cubes, in the Montreal District. Effective and Expiry Dates Revocation of Order No. A-400.

2. For the purpose of this Order the following definitions are established:— Definitions.

(*a*) *Montreal District*—covers the cities of Montreal, Westmount, Outremont and Verdun and the municipalities of Hampstead, Montreal East, Montreal North, Montreal West, Mont-Royal, Point-aux-Trembles, St. Laurent, St. Leonard de Port Maurice, St. Michel and St. Pierre. Montreal District.

(*b*) *Ice*—includes ice harvested in its natural state and manufactured ice. Ice

(*c*) *Ice Merchant*—a person who harvests or manufactures and stores ice for sale or who buys ice in large quantities and stores it for sale. Ice Merchant.

(*d*) *Wholesale Ice Distributor*—a person who buys ice from an ice merchant for resale. Wholesale Distributor.

(*e*) *Retail Ice Distributor*—a person who sells ice to the ultimate consumer. Retail Distributor.

Sales by Ice Merchants and Wholesale Ice Distributors Sales at Wholesale.

3. *Platform Sales*—The highest price at which an ice merchant or wholesale ice distributor may sell or offer to sell ice at the platform of his place of storage or of his manufacturing plant to any wholesale ice distributor or to a retail ice distributor shall be Platform Sales Maximum Price.

(*a*) at the rate of $4.90 per ton in large uncut blocks; or
(*b*) at the rate of $5.60 per ton or 8 cents per piece for ice cut into approximately 70 pieces each one of which weighs not less than 25 pounds.

4. *Delivered Sales*—The highest price at which an ice merchant or wholesale ice distributor may sell or offer to sell ice to a retail ice distributor, delivered to him at points in any retail distribution area agreed upon between them, shall be Delivered Sales Maximum Price.

(*a*) at the rate of $5.25 per ton in large uncut blocks; or
(*b*) at the rate of $5.95 per ton or 8½ cents per piece for ice cut into approximately 70 pieces each of which weighs not less than 25 pounds.

SALES TO ULTIMATE CONSUMERS FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

Sales to Consumers (Household Use)

Sales by Unit of 25 lbs.

5. Except as may be authorized by the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration by his written permit, ice sold by any person to an ultimate consumer for household use must be sold in a unit weighing not less than 25 pounds or a multiple of 25 pounds. Each unit may consist of one or more pieces of ice.

Maximum Price

6. *Platform Sales*—The highest price at which any person or any agent or employee of any person may sell or offer to sell ice at the platform of his place of storage or of his manufacturing plant to the ultimate consumer for household use shall be 11 cents for each unit weighing not less than 25 pounds and for a unit weighing more than 25 pounds, 11 cents for each full 25 pounds of ice in the unit.

Delivered Sales Maximum Price.

7. *Delivered Sales*—The highest price at which any person or any agent or employee of any person may sell or offer to sell ice to the ultimate consumer for household use delivered to him at his premises shall be 15 cents for a unit weighing not less than 25 pounds and for a unit weighing more than 25 pounds, 15 cents for each full 25 pounds of ice in the unit.

GENERAL

Contracts subject to this Order.

8. *Contracts of Sale*—Any contract or agreement, written or otherwise, entered into before or after the date of this Order respecting the sale or delivery of ice in the Montreal District is subject to the provisions of this Order.

Payment of commissions, etc.

9. *Commissions, Bonuses, etc.*—Any commission, charge, fee, reward, bonus, premium, concession or other payment or consideration whatsoever in money or money's worth claimed, stipulated for, taken, received, exacted, promised, offered, given or paid, directly or indirectly, by or to any person in connection with or arising out of a sale, purchase or transaction in ice shall be and form part of the price at which the ice is bought or sold.

Dated at Ottawa, this 9th day of August, 1943.

K. W. TAYLOR,
Co-ordinator, Foods Administration.

APPROVED:
D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-848

Respecting Maximum Price of Canned Pineapple Pulp

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Imported Grocery Items it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

Application of this Order

1. (1) This Order fixes the maximum prices for sales of canned pineapple pulp by direct importers and non-importing wholesale distributors to other non-importing wholesale distributors, and to manufacturers, hotels and restaurants.

It does not apply to sales of canned pineapple pulp to retailers or to sales at retail. Therefore, retailers must not sell to consumers above the prices already established for that product packed in any size of container. Similarly, manufacturers using the product in the manufacture of any other product must not sell above the existing maximum prices of their manufactured products.

(2) Definition—"canned pineapple pulp" means crushed pineapple packed with its own juice (without sugar) in containers for sale.

Sales by all Persons who Import

2. The maximum price ex dock or ex railway car or f.o.b. his place of business, as the case may be, at which a person who imports canned pineapple pulp (hereinafter called "importer") may sell or offer to sell or supply the same in containers containing approximately 105 fluid ounces or 6½ pounds avoirdupois, net weight, including weight of juice, shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual laid-down cost for such canned pineapple pulp on track or dock at the point where such pineapple pulp cleared through customs in Canada but not in any event exceeding sixteen dollars ($16.00) per dozen of such containers exclusive of sales tax, or seventeen dollars and ten cents ($17.10) per dozen of such containers, inclusive of sales tax;

(*b*) in the case only where such pineapple pulp is transported to the importer's place of business, the actual transportation charges or cartage charges on such pulp from track or dock to his place of business; and

(*c*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, on sales of such canned pineapple pulp and not in any event exceeding

(i) six per centum (6%) of the selling price on sales to a wholesale distributor or to a manufacturer who buys such pulp for use in the manufacture or processing of goods for sale:

(ii) sixteen per centum (16%) of the selling price on sales to any other class of customer.

Sales by Non-Importing Distributors

3. (1) The maximum price f.o.b. his place of business at which a wholesale distributor who buys canned pineapple pulp covered by this Order from an importer may sell or offer to sell or supply the same, shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for the canned pineapple pulp but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by his supplier for the same, plus such transportation charges and sales tax as are to be borne by him and are not included in such actual price; and

(*b*) a mark-up (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the said basic period on sales of substantially similar canned pineapple pulp and not in any event exceeding ten per centum (10%) of the selling price.

(2) In the case of a sale to a wholesale distributor by another wholesale distributor of canned pineapple pulp not imported by the latter, or in the case of a sequence of sales between non-importing wholesale distributors, the markup referred to in subsection 1 of this Section shall constitute their total combined markup; and every wholesale distributor on a sale to another wholesale distributor of canned pineapple pulp which he did not import shall deliver to the buyer before or concurrently with delivery of the canned pineapple pulp, an invoice stating the total combined markup, and such buyer's share thereof.

Records of Sales and Purchases

4. (1) Before an importer sells or offers to sell canned pineapple pulp he shall make a record showing with respect to each shipment imported by him the laid-down cost to him of the product and the date when he imported it.

(2) Before a wholesale distributor sells or offers to sell canned pineapple pulp he shall make a record showing with respect to each purchase of the product by him, the date of the purchase and the price he paid per container of the product.

(3) If an importer or wholesale distributor maintains more than one place of business his records shall show separately his transactions in the product at each place of business.

5. Every importer and every wholesale distributor shall for every sale by him of canned pineapple pulp make an invoice showing the date he delivered the product, his name and complete address and that of the buyer and his actual selling price per container of the product. The invoice shall be delivered by the seller to the buyer concurrently with the delivery of the product.

6. (1) Every person who in pursuance of this Order is required to keep a record and every person who in pursuance of this Order receives an invoice shall retain such record or invoice, as the case may be, for a period of one year from the date of the transaction to which it relates. Every such record and invoice shall upon request during such period be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

(2) If a person retains an invoice furnished to him by his supplier it will not be necessary for him to make or keep any other record of the particulars set forth in the invoice.

7. This Order shall be effective on and after the 13th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 10th day of August, 1943.

A. S. MAY,
Administrator of Imported Grocery Items.

Approved:
D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

Fuelwood Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Fuelwood Order No. 72

Respecting Maximum Prices of Fuelwood in the Districts of Algoma, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Parry Sound and Sudbury, all in the province of Ontario

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Fuelwood Order No. 64 is hereby revoked and the following substituted in part therefor:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "cord" means a quantity measurement of fuelwood, containing 128 cubic feet of stacked fuelwood, except in the case of loosely packed millwood 16 inches and under in length a "cord" means a quantity measurement containing 168 cubic feet;

2. Every sale and offering for sale to a consumer of fuelwood, shall be by cord measurement only.

Maximum Prices

3. Except as provided in Sections 4 and 5 of this Order, the maximum price at which a person may, in the districts of Algoma, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Parry Sound and Sudbury, all in the province of Ontario, sell or offer to sell seasoned fuelwood of a kind and length specified in Schedule "A" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in said Schedule "A" opposite that kind and in the relevant columns denoting that length.

4. The maximum price at which a person may in the cities of North Bay, Sault Ste. Marie, and the towns of Cache Bay, Mattawa, Parry Sound and Sturgeon Falls, all in the province of Ontario, sell or offer to sell seasoned fuelwood of a kind and length specified in Schedule "B" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in said Schedule "B" opposite that kind and in the relevant column denoting that length.

5. The maximum price at which a person may, in that area in the district of Sudbury, in the province of Ontario, situate within 20 miles of the City Hall of the City of Sudbury, sell or offer to sell seasoned fuelwood of a kind and length specified in Schedule "C" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in said Schedule "C" opposite that kind and in the relevant column denoting that length.

6. The maximum price at which a person may in a district, municipality or area to which the prices in one of the Schedules hereto apply sell or offer to sell

(*a*) seasoned fuelwood of a kind not named but in a length specified in such Schedule shall bear the same relation to the maximum price of the highest priced named fuelwood of the same length in the same Schedule as his highest lawful selling price of the unnamed fuelwood during the basic period September 15 to October 11, 1941, bore to his highest lawful selling price of the named fuelwood during the same period; provided always that the maximum price of the unnamed fuelwood in such district, municipality or area shall not in any event exceed the maximum price of the said named fuelwood for that district, municipality or area;

(*b*) any kind of fuelwood in a length not specified in the Schedule for that district, municipality or area shall not exceed the maximum price at which he may sell the next higher specified length of the same kind of fuelwood in the same district, municipality or area;

(*c*) green fuelwood shall be at the rate of One dollar per cord less than the maximum price at which he may sell seasoned fuelwood of the same kind and length in the same district, municipality or area;

(*d*) a fraction of a cord not specified in one of the Schedules hereto shall be in proportion to the maximum price at which he may sell a cord in that district, municipality or area;

(*e*) a fraction of a cord specified in the Schedule for that district, municipality or area shall be applicable only if that fraction is ordered by the consumer or is delivered at his request; and otherwise, notwithstanding Sections 3, 4, and 5, the maximum price at which a person may in that district, municipality or area sell or offer to sell a fraction of a cord shall be in proportion to the maximum price at which he may sell a cord thereof in that district, municipality or area.

Delivery

7. The price at which fuelwood is sold to a consumer shall be deemed to include delivery thereof to the premises of the consumer whether situate within a district, municipality or area, as the case may be, or outside the same, and where the seller does not deliver the same to the premises of the consumer, the amount paid by him for delivery shall be deducted from the price at which the fuelwood is sold.

General

8. (1) The maximum price which any person may charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-splitting fuelwood into cook stove size to the order or at the request of the consumer shall be at the rate of One dollar ($1.00) per cord.

(2) The maximum price which any person may charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-sawing fuelwood from cordwood length into shorter lengths to the order or at the request of the consumer shall be at the following rate per cord, namely,

(*a*) into two lengths................................	0.75 cents;
(*b*) into three lengths................................	$1.00;
(*c*) into four lengths................................	1.25;
(*d*) into five lengths................................	1.50.

(3) No person who sells fuelwood shall charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-splitting or re-sawing fuelwood, unless the service is performed to the order or at the request of the consumer.

9. (1) Every person who sells fuelwood to a consumer shall on each sale,

(*a*) furnish to the consumer an invoice showing separately,
  (i) the kind and length of fuelwood sold;
  (ii) the quantity sold and delivered;
  (iii) the price paid or payable; and
  (iv) the date of sale and delivery.

(2) The seller shall retain and keep at his place of business a duplicate of each invoice and have it available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within one year after the date of delivery.

10. Every person who sells or offers to sell fuelwood to consumers shall post up and keep posted up in a conspicuous place at each place of business where he takes orders for or sells fuelwood, a price list showing the prices at which he sells or offers to sell the same, and shall file a copy of such price list with the Wood Fuel Administrator, Ottawa, Ontario, within two weeks from the effective date of this Order and within two weeks from the time such person makes any alteration in his price list of fuelwood.

11. Every advertisement offering fuelwood for sale to consumers shall contain the full name and address of the person who offers the same for sale.

12. This Order shall be effective on and after the 7th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 3rd day of August, 1943.

J. S. WHALLEY,
Wood Fuel Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

To Fuelwood Order No. 72

Maximum Prices of Seasoned Fuelwood in the Districts of Algoma, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Parry Sound and Sudbury Exluding Therefrom, first, the cities of North Bay and Sault Ste. Marie, the towns of Cache Bay, Mattawa, Parry Sound and Sturgeon Falls, and second, that part of the District of Sudbury situate within 20 miles of the City Hall in the City of Sudbury.

Column	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Length	4′	24″	24″	24″	16″	16″	12″	12″	12″
Quantity	Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord	Cord	⅓ Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord
Cubic Feet	128	128	64	32	128	42⅔	128	64	32
Kinds	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Hard maple, yellow birch, beech, oak, all bodywood	10 00	11 50	6 00	3 25	12 50	4 65	13 50	7 00	3 75
White birch	9 00	10 00	5 25	2 75	11 00	4 00	12 00	6 25	3 25
Mixed hardwood and softwood, including soft maple, white birch, poplar, pine, spruce and hemlock	8 00	9 00	4 75	2 50	10 00	3 65	11 00	5 75	3 00
Mixed softwood, poplar, pine, spruce and hemlock	7 00	8 00	4 25	2 25	8 50	3 25	9 00	4 75	2 50
Hardwood slabs	8 00	9 00	4 75	2 50	10 00	3 65	11 00	5 75	3 00
Softwood slabs	6 00	7 00	3 75	2 00	7 50	2 85	8 00	4 25	2 25

SCHEDULE "B"

To Fuelwood Order No. 72

Maximum Prices of Seasoned Fuelwood in the cities of North Bay, Sault Ste-Marie, and towns of Cache Bay, Mattawa, Parry Sound and Sturgeon Falls, in the province of Ontario.

Column Length Quantity Cubic Feet	1 4′ Cord 128	2 24″ Cord 128	3 24″ ½ Cord 64	4 24″ ¼ Cord 32	5 16″ Cord 128	6 16″ ⅓ Cord 42⅔	7 12″ Cord 128	8 12″ ½ Cord 64	9 12″ ¼ Cord 32
Kinds	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Hard maple, yellow birch, beech, oak, all bodywood	11 00	12 50	6 50	3 50	13 50	5 00	14 50	7 50	4 00
White birch	9 00	10 00	5 25	2 75	11 00	4 00	12 00	6 25	3 25
Mixed hardwood and softwood including soft maple, white birch, poplar, pine, spruce and hemlock	8 00	9 00	4 75	2 50	10 00	3 65	11 00	5 75	3 00
Mixed softwood, poplar, pine, spruce and hemlock	7 00	8 00	4 25	2 25	8 50	3 25	9 00	4 75	2 50
Hardwood slabs	9 50	10 50	5 50	3 00	11 50	4 15	12 50	6 50	3 40
Softwood slabs	7 00	8 00	4 25	2 25	8 50	3 25	9 00	4 75	2 50

SCHEDULE "C"

TO FUELWOOD ORDER No. 72

MAXIMUM PRICES of seasoned fuelwood in that area in the District of Sudbury situate within 20 miles of the City Hall in the City of Sudbury in the province of Ontario

Column	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Length	4′	24″	24″	24″	16″	16″	12″	12″	12″
Quantity	Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord	Cord	⅓ Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord
Cubic Feet	128	128	64	32	128	42⅔	128	64	32
KINDS	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Hard maple, yellow birch, beech, oak, all bodywood	15 00	16 50	8 50	4 50	17 50	6 35	18 50	9 50	5 00
White birch	12 00	13 00	6 75	3 50	14 00	5 00	15 00	7 75	4 00
Mixed hardwood and softwood including soft maple, white birch, poplar, pine, spruce and hemlock	11 00	12 00	6 25	3 25	13 00	4 65	14 00	7 25	3 75
Mixed softwood, pine, poplar, spruce and hemlock	10 00	11 00	5 75	3 00	11 50	4 25	12 00	6 25	3 25
Hardwood slabs	11 50	12 50	6 50	3 35	13 50	4 85	14 50	7 50	3 85
Softwood slabs	9 00	10 00	5 25	2 75	10 50	3 85	11 00	5 75	3 00

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Fuelwood Order No. 73

Respecting Maximum Prices of Fuelwood in Cochrane area in the Province of Ontario

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

Fuelwood Order No. 64 is hereby revoked and the following substituted in part therefor:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Cochrane area" means and includes that part of the district of Cochrane, in the province of Ontario
  (i) lying to the north of the northern boundary of the townships of Gowan and Walker and townships between and within ten miles of that part of the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway from said boundary north to and including the town of Cochrane;
  (ii) lying within ten miles of the main line of the Canadian National Railway from and including the town of Hearst on the west to the Ontario-Quebec boundary on the east;

(*b*) "cord" means a quantity measurement of fuelwood, containing 128 cubic feet of stacked fuelwood, except in the case of loosely packed millwood 16 inches and under in length a "cord" means a quantity measurement containing 168 cubic feet;

2. Every sale and offering for sale to a consumer of fuelwood, shall be by cord measurement only.

Maximum Prices

3. Except as provided in Section 4, the maximum price at which a person may in Cochrane area sell or offer to sell seasoned fuelwood of a kind and length specified in Part I of Schedule "A" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in Part I of Schedule "A" opposite that kind and in the relevant column denoting that length.

4. The maximum price at which a person may, in the town of Kapuskasing and in the area within a radius of five (5) miles of the post office in the town of Iroquois Falls in the province of Ontario, sell or offer to sell seasoned fuelwood of a kind and length specified in Part I of Schedule "B" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in Part I of Schedule "B" opposite that kind and in the relevant column denoting that length.

5. Except as provided in Section 6, the maximum price at which a person may in Cochrane area sell or offer to sell green millwood of a kind and length specified in Part II of Schedule "A" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in Part II of Schedule "A" opposite that kind and in the relevant column denoting that length.

6. The maximum price at which a person may in the town of Kapuskasing and in the area within a radius of five (5) miles of the post office in the town of Iroquois Falls in the province of Ontario sell or offer to sell green millwood of a kind and length specified in Part II of Schedule "B" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in Part II of Schedule "B" opposite that kind and in the relevant column denoting that length.

7. The maximum price at which a person may in the town or area to which the prices in one of the Schedules hereto apply sell or offer to sell

(*a*) seasoned fuelwood of a kind not named but in a length specified in such Schedule shall bear the same relation to the maximum price of the highest priced named fuelwood of the same length in the same Schedule as his highest lawful selling price of the unnamed fuelwood during the basic period September 15 to October 11, 1941, bore to his highest lawful selling price of the named fuelwood during the same period; provided always that the maximum price of the unnamed fuelwood in such town or area shall not in any event exceed the maximum price of the said named fuelwood for that town or area;

(*b*) any kind of fuelwood in a length not specified in the Schedule for that town or area shall not exceed the maximum price at which he may sell the next higher specified length of the same kind of fuelwood in the same town or area;

(*c*) green fuelwood other than softwood slabs and edgings shall be at the rate of One dollar ($1.00) per cord less than the maximum price at which he may sell seasoned fuelwood of the same kind and length in the same town or area;

(*d*) a fraction of a cord not specified in one of the Schedules hereto shall be in proportion to the maximum price at which he may sell a cord in that town or area;

(*e*) a fraction of a cord specified in the Schedule for that town or area shall be applicable only if that fraction is ordered by the consumer or is delivered at his request; and otherwise, notwithstanding Sections 3, 4, 5 and 6, the maximum price at which a person may in that town or area sell or offer to sell a fraction of a cord shall be in proportion to the maximum price at which he may sell a cord thereof in that town or area.

8. The prices at which fuelwood is sold to a consumer shall be deemed to include delivery thereof to the premises of the consumer whether situate within the town or area or outside the same, and where the seller does not deliver the same to the premises of the consumer, the amount paid by him for delivery shall be deducted from the price at which the fuelwood is sold.

General

9. (1) The maximum price which any person may charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-splitting fuelwood into cook stove size to the order or at the request of the consumer shall be at the rate of one dollar ($1.00) per cord.

(2) The maximum price which any person may charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-sawing fuelwood from cordwood length into shorter lengths to the order or at the request of the consumer shall be at the following rate per cord, namely,

(*a*) into two lengths..................................	.75 cents;
(*b*) into three lengths..................................	$1.00;
(*c*) into four lengths..................................	1.25;
(*d*) into five lengths..................................	1.50;

3. No person who sells fuelwood shall charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-splitting or re-sawing fuelwood, unless the service is performed to the order or at the request of the consumer.

10. (1) Every person who sells fuelwood to a consumer shall on each sale,

(*a*) furnish to the consumer an invoice showing separately,
  (i) the kind and length of fuelwood sold;
  (ii) the quantity sold and delivered;
  (iii) the price paid or payable; and
  (iv) the date of sale and delivery.

(2) The seller shall retain and keep at his place of business a duplicate of each invoice and have it available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within one year after the date of delivery.

11. Every person who sells or offers to sell fuelwood to consumers shall post up and keep posted up in a conspicuous place at each place of business where he takes orders for or sells fuelwood, a price list showing the prices at which he sells or offers to sell the same, and shall file a copy of such price list with the Wood Fuel Administrator, Ottawa, Ontario, within two weeks from the effective date of this Order and within two weeks from the time such person makes any alteration in his price list of fuelwood.

12. Every advertisement offering fuelwood for sale to consumers shall contain the full name and address of the person who offers the same for sale.

13. This Order shall be effective on and after the 7th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 3rd day of August, 1943.

J. S. WHALLEY,
Wood Fuel Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

To Fuelwood Order No. 73

Maximum Prices of Fuelwood in the Cochrane Area in the Province of Ontario, Excepting Therefrom the town of Kapuskasing and the area within a radius of 5 miles of the Post Office in the Town of Iroquois Falls.

Column	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Length	4′	24″	24″	24″	16″	16″	12″	12″	12″
Quantity	Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord	Cord	⅓ Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cor
Cubic Feet	128	128	64	32	128	42⅔	128	64	32
Kinds	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Part I—Seasoned Fuelwood									
White birch	10 00	11 00	5 75	3 00	12 00	4 25	13 00	6 75	3 50
Mixed wood, white birch and softwood	9 00	10 00	5 25	2 75	11 00	4 00	12 00	6 25	3 25
Softwood, poplar, pine, spruce and hemlock	8 00	9 00	4 75	2 50	9 50	3 50	10 00	5 25	2 75
Part II—Green Millwood									
Softwood mill slabs	6 50	7 00	3 75	2 00	7 50	2 85	8 00	4 25	2 25
Softwood mill edgings	6 00	6 50	3 50	2 00	7 00	2 50	8 00	4 25	2 25

SCHEDULE "B"

TO FUELWOOD ORDER No. 73

MAXIMUM PRICES of Fuelwood in the Town of Kapuskasing and the area within a radius of 5 miles of the Post Office in the Town of Iroquois Falls, in the Province of Ontario.

Column Length Quantity Cubic Feet	1 4′ Cord 128	2 24″ Cord 128	3 24″ ½ Cord 64	4 24″ ¼ Cord 32	5 16″ Cord 128	6 16″ ⅓ Cord 42⅔	7 12″ Cord 128	8 12″ ½ Cord 64	9 12″ ¼ Cord 32
KINDS	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
PART I—SEASONED FUELWOOD									
White birch	11 00	12 00	6 25	3 25	13 00	4 65	14 00	7 25	3 75
Mixed wood, white birch, jackpine	10 00	11 00	5 75	3 00	12 00	4 35	13 00	6 75	3 50
Mixed softwood, poplar, spruce, balsam and hemlock	9 00	10 00	5 25	2 75	11 00	4 00	11 00	5 75	3 00
PART II—GREEN MILLWOOD									
Softwood mill slabs	6 50	7 00	3 75	2 00	7 50	2 85	8 00	4 25	2 25
Softwood mill edgings	6 00	6 50	3 50	2 00	7 00	2 50	8 00	4 25	2 25

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Fuelwood Order No. 74

Respecting Maximum Prices for Fuelwood in Kirkland Lake area in the province of Ontario

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

Fuelwood Order No. 64 is hereby revoked and the following substituted in part therefor:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "cord" means a quantity measurement of fuelwood containing 128 cubic feet of stacked fuelwood, except in the case of loosely packed millwood 16 inches and under in length a "cord" means a quantity measurement containing 168 cubic feet;

(*b*) "culls" where it occurs in the Schedule hereto means fuelwood cut from trees which have been dead for such a time as to show signs of deterioration;

(*c*) "Kirkland Lake area" means and includes those portions of the districts of Timiskaming and Cochrane in the province of Ontario bounded as follows: On the south by the southern boundary of the townships of Rattray and Montrose and the townships between; on the west by the western boundary of the township of Montrose in the district of Timiskaming and the township of Evelyn in the district of Cochrane and the townships between; on the north by the northern boundary of the township of Evelyn and of the townships between Lake Abitibi and the said township of Evelyn and by the south shore of Lake Abitibi; on the east by the Ontario-Quebec provincial boundary.

2. Every sale and offering for sale to a consumer of fuelwood shall be by cord measurement only.

Maximum Prices

3. The maximum price at which a person may in Kirkland Lake area sell or offer to sell seasoned fuelwood of a kind and length specified in the Schedule hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in the Schedule opposite that kind and in the relevant column denoting that length.

4. The maximum price at which a person may in Kirkland Lake area sell or offer to sell

(*a*) seasoned fuelwood of a kind not named but in a length specified in the Schedule hereto shall bear the same relation to the maximum price of the highest priced named fuelwood of the same length in the schedule as his highest lawful selling price of the unnamed fuelwood during the basic period September 15 to October 11, 1941, bore to his highest lawful selling price of the named fuelwood during the same period; provided always that the maximum price of the unnamed fuelwood in such area shall not in any event exceed the maximum price of the said named fuelwood;

(*b*) any kind of fuelwood in a length not specified in the schedule shall not exceed the maximum price at which he may sell the next higher specified length of the same kind of fuelwood in such area;

(*c*) green fuelwood shall be at the rate of One Dollar ($1) per cord less than the maximum price at which he may sell seasoned fuelwood of the same kind and length in such area;

(*d*) a fraction of a cord not specified in the schedule hereto shall be in proportion to the maximum price at which he may sell a cord in that area;

(*e*) a fraction of a cord specified in the schedule for that area shall be applicable only if that fraction is ordered by the consumer or is delivered at his request; and otherwise, notwithstanding Section 3, the maximum price at which a person may in that area sell or offer to sell a fraction of a cord shall be in proportion to the maximum price at which he may sell a cord thereof.

Delivery

5. The price at which fuelwood is sold to a consumer shall be deemed to include delivery thereof to the premises of the consumer whether situate within the area or outside the same, and where a dealer does not deliver the same to the premises of the consumer, the amount paid by him for delivery shall be deducted from the price at which the fuelwood is sold.

General

6. (1) The maximum price which any person may charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-splitting fuelwood into cook stove size to the order or at the request of the consumer shall be at the rate of One Dollar ($1) per cord.

(2) The maximum price which any person may charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-sawing fuelwood from cordwood length into shorter lengths to the order or at the request of the consumer shall be at the following rate per cord, namely,

(*a*) into two length	.75 cents
(*b*) into three lengths	$1.00
(*c*) into four lengths	1.25
(*d*) into five lengths	1.50

(3) No person who sells fuelwood shall charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-splitting or re-sawing fuelwood, unless the service is performed to the order or at the request of the consumer.

7. (1) Every person who sells fuelwood to a consumer shall on each sale,

(*a*) furnish to the consumer an invoice showing separately,

(i) the kind and length of fuelwood sold;
(ii) the quantity sold and delivered;
(iii) the price paid or payable; and
(iv) the date of sale and delivery.

(2) The seller shall retail and keep at his place of business a duplicate of each invoice and have it available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within one year after the date of delivery.

8. Every person who sells or offers to sell fuelwood to consumers shall post up and keep posted up in a conspicuous place at each place of business where he takes orders for or sells fuelwood, a price list showing the prices at which he sells or offers to sell the same, and shall file a copy of such price list with the Wood Fuel Administrator, Ottawa, Ontario, within two weeks from the effective date of this Order and within two weeks from the time such person makes any alteration in his price list of fuelwood.

9. Every advertisement offering fuelwood for sale to consumers shall contain the full name and address of the person who offers the same for sale.

10. This Order shall be effective on and after the 7th day of August, 1943.

DATED AT OTTAWA, this 3rd day of August, 1943.

J. S. WHALLEY,
Wood Fuel Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

To Fuelwood Order No 74

Maximum Prices of seasoned fuelwood in Kirkland Lake Area in the Province of Ontario.

Column	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Length	4′	24″	24″	24″	16″	16″	12″	12″	12″
Quantity	Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord	Cord	⅓ Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord
Cubic Feet	128	128	64	32	128	42⅔	128	64	32
Kinds	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
White birch	11 00	12 00	6 25	3 25	13 00	4 65	14 00	7 25	4 00
Mixed wood, white birch and jack pine	10 50	11 50	6 00	3 15	12 50	4 50	13 50	7 00	3 75
Softwood, poplar, spruce, jack pine, balsam and hemlock	10 00	11 00	5 75	3 00	11 50	4 00	12 00	6 25	3 50
Culls	7 00	8 00	4 25	2 25	8 50	3 00	9 00	4 75	2 50
Softwood slabs	6 00	7 00	3 75	2 00	7 50	2 65	8 00	4 25	2 25

N.B.—Culls: Means fuelwood cut from trees which have been dead for such a time as to show signs of deterioration.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Fuelwood Order No. 75

Respecting Maximum Prices for Fuelwood in the Townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney in the district of Cochrane, in the Province of Ontario

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Fuelwood Order No. 64 is hereby revoked and the following substituted in part therefore:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "cord" means a quantity measurement of fuelwood, containing 128 cubic feet of stacked fuelwood, except in the case of loosely packed millwood 16 inches and under in length, a "cord" means a quantity measurement containing 168 cubic feet;

(*b*) "culls" where it occurs in Schedule "A" hereto means fuelwood cut from trees which have been dead for such a time as to show signs of deterioration;

2. Every sale and offering for sale to a consumer of fuelwood, shall be by cord measurement only.

Maximum Prices

3. The maximum price at which a person may in the townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney in the District of Cochrane, in the province of Ontario, sell or offer to sell seasoned fuelwood of a kind and length specified in Schedule "A" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in said Schedule "A" opposite that kind and in the relevent column denoting that length.

4. The maximum price at which a person may in the Townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney in said District sell or offer to sell green softwood slabs, including delivery to the premises of the purchaser in an Area in said Townships described in Column 1 of Schedule "B" hereto shall be the price per cord or fractional quantity of a cord set forth in Schedule "B" opposite the description of that Area and in the relevant column denoting that length.

5. The maximum price at which a person may in the Townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney in said District of Cochrane sell or offer to sell

(*a*) seasoned fuelwood of a kind not named but in a length specified in Schedule "A" shall bear the same relation to the maximum price of the highest priced named fuelwood of the same length in Schedule "A" as his highest lawful selling price of the unnamed fuelwood during the basic period September 15 to October 11, 1941, bore to his highest lawful selling price of the named fuelwood during the same period; provided always that the maximum price of the unnamed fuelwood in such Townships shall not in any event exceed the maximum price of the said named fuelwood in said townships;

(*b*) any kind of fuelwood in a length not specified in Schedule "A" shall not exceed the maximum price at which he may sell the next higher specified length of the same kind of fuelwood in said townships;

(*c*) green fuelwood other than softwood slabs shall be at the rate of one dollar per cord less than the maximum price at which he may sell seasoned fuelwood of the same kind and length in such townships;

(*d*) a fraction of a cord not specified in one of the Schedules hereto shall be in proportion to the maximum price at which he may sell a cord in that township or area;

(*e*) a fraction of a cord specified in the Schedule for that township or area shall be applicable only if that fraction is ordered by the consumer or is delivered at his request; and otherwise, notwithstanding Sections 4 and 5 the maximum price at which a person may in that township or area sell or offer to sell a fraction of a cord shall be in proportion to the maximum price at which he may sell a cord thereof in that township or area.

Delivery

6. Subject to the provisions of Section 4 hereof the price at which fuelwood is sold to a consumer shall be deemed to include delivery thereof to the premises of the consumer whether situate within the township or outside the same, and where the seller does not deliver the same to the premises of the consumer, the amount paid by him for delivery shall be deducted from the price at which the fuelwood is sold.

General

7. (1) The maximum price which any person may charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-splitting fuelwood into cook stove size to the order or at the request of the consumer shall be at the rate of One dollar ($1.00) per cord.

(2) The maximum price which any person may charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-sawing fuelwood from cordwood length into shorter lengths to the order or at the request of the consumer shall be at the following rate per cord, namely,

(*a*) into two lengths................................	.75 cents;
(*b*) into three lengths..............................	$1.00;
(*c*) into four lengths...............................	1.25;
(*d*) into five lengths................................	1.50;

(3) No person who sells fuelwood shall charge, collect from or be paid by a consumer for the service of re-splitting or re-sawing fuelwood, unless the service is performed to the order or at the request of the consumer.

8. (1) Every person who sells fuelwood to a consumer shall on each sale,

(*a*) furnish to the consumer an invoice showing separately,
  (i) the kind and length of fuelwood sold;
  (ii) the quantity sold and delivered;
  (iii) the price paid or payable; and
  (iv) the date of sale and delivery.

(2) The seller shall retain and keep at his place of business a duplicate of each invoice and have it available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within one year after the date of delivery.

9. Every person who sells or offers to sell fuelwood to consumers shall post up and keep posted up in a conspicuous place at each place of business where he takes orders for or sells fuelwood, a price list showing the prices at which he sells or offers to sell the same, and shall file a copy of such price list with the Wood Fuel Administrator, Ottawa, Ontario, within two weeks from the effective date of this Order and within two weeks from the time such person makes any alteration in his price list of fuelwood.

10. Every advertisement offering fuelwood for sale to consumers shall contain the full name and address of the person who offers the same for sale.

11. This Order shall be effective on and after the 7th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 3rd day of August, 1943.

J. S. WHALLEY,
Wood Fuel Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

To Fuelwood Order No. 75

Maximum prices of seasoned fuelwood in the Townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney in the District of Cochrane, in the Province of Ontario.

Column	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Length	4′	24″	24″	24″	16″	16″	12″	12″	12″
Quantity	Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord	Cord	⅓ Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord
Cubic Feet	128	128	64	32	128	42⅔	128	64	32
Kinds	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
White birch	12 00	13 00	6 75	3 50	14 00	5 00	15 00	7 75	4 00
Mixed wood, white birch, and jack pine	11 00	12 00	6 25	3 25	13 00	4 65	14 00	7 25	3 75
Mixed softwood, poplar, jack pine, spruce, balsam and hemlock	10 00	11 00	5 75	3 00	11 50	4 00	12 00	6 25	3 25
Culls	7 00	8 00	4 25	2 25	8 50	3 00	9 00	4 75	2 50

N.B.—Culls, means fuelwood cut from trees which have been dead for such a time as to show signs of deterioration.

SCHEDULE "B"

To Fuelwood Order No 75

Maximum prices of green softwood slabs in certain areas in the Townships of Mountjoy, Tisdale and Whitney, in the District of Cochrane, in the Province of Ontario.

Column	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Length	4′	24″	24″	24″	16″	16″	12″	12″	12″
Quantity	Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord	Cord	⅓ Cord	Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord
Cubic Feet	128	128	64	32	128	42⅔	128	64	32
Area	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
No.									
1. Area of the town of Timmins and within one mile from the town boundary and not including any part of Area No. 2 set out below	3·25	3 75	2 00	1 10	4 25	1 65	5 00	2 75	1 50
2. Area within one mile of Shumacher Station	3 75	4 25	2 25	1 25	4 75	1 85	5 50	3 00	1 60
3. Area within one mile of South Porcupine Station	4 50	5 00	2 65	1 40	5 50	2 00	6 00	3 25	1 75
4. Area within one mile of Porcupine Station	4 75	5 25	2 75	1 50	5 75	2 15	6 50	3 50	1 90
5. Area of the townships of Mountjoy, Whitney and Tisdale EXCLUDING four areas above described	5 00	5 50	3 00	1 60	6 00	2 25	7 00	3 75	2 00

361

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CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS
1943

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PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

5708—Proclamation *re* men of 18 years and certain other classes called for military training, etc., (Labour) 365
6072—Mortgages or encumbrances on land, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. (Justice) 366
6214—Trainees, St. Margaret's Sea Training School-sea-time for Mates' examination. (Transport) 368
6223—Orders in Council under War Measures Act—invalidation prohibited without prior notice to Attorneys General of Canada and Province concerned. (Justice) 368
6266—Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942, amended—forfeiture of explosives. (Justice) 369
6268—Timber—regulations amended;
K. M. Brown appointed Deputy Timber Controller (Munitions and Supply) 370
6289—Salt Fish Export Regulations (Fisheries) 371
6295—Enlistment of officers and men of Military Forces in Naval and Air Forces (National Defence) 374
6296—National Resources Mobilization Act—personnel called out for military training, etc., despatched to various places (National Defence) 375
6331—R. J. Davis, appointed Registrar, Mobilization Division, Toronto (Labour) 376
6333—W. J. Callaghan appointed temporary vice-chairman Tariff Board (Finance) 376
6336—Rice—import permit (Finance) 377
6367—Old Age Pensions—payment of supplement (Finance) 377
6370—National War Finance Committee—changes in organization (Finance) 379
6373—Coal Fuel, regulations respecting Conservation (Munitions and Supply) 380
6379—Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd.—guarantee *re* loans, production of logs and lumber. (Finance) 383
6384—Cabbages, tomatoes and grapes, export permit. (Trade and Commerce) 385
6387—National Selective Service, plan for broadening and decentralizing (Labour) 386
59/6395—National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order 1941 amended (National Defence) 389
80/6395—Imported electricity subject to War Exchange Tax (National Revenue) 390
100/6395—Compassionate allowances to widows of certain veterans—regulations revoked (Pensions and National Health) 391
6396—Butter market—support (Agriculture) 391
6433—National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended—transfer to more essential employment (Labour) 392
6434—Members of the Military Forces of Canada—employment on farms (Labour) 392
1/6567—Reserve stocks of feed grains in Eastern Canada (Agriculture) 396

PART II

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

Department of National Revenue—

W.M. No. 39 Fifth Revision, Supplement No. 23—Dried, salted or pickled salt-water fish 399

PART III

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

(Finance)

Board Orders—

No. 294—Maximum rentals and termination of leases for housing accommodation and shared accommodation 401
No. 302—Selling goods and services 424
No. 303—Soft drinks 424

Administrators' Orders—

A-835—Book, Writing and Specialty papers 429
A-838—Used Electric Motors and equipment 430
A-844—Stove pipe, furnace smoke pipe, warm air pipe and furnace ducts 433
A-849—Maximum Prices of certain fancy meats and meat by-products 435
A-850—Maximum prices of fresh peaches, pears and plums 440
A-851—Maximum prices of canned fruits and vegetables 446
A-853—Fruit and vegetable packages 454
A-855—Base paper for conversion into waxed bread wrappers 454
A-858—Used steel drums 454

PART IV

WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD

(Munitions and Supply)

Controller of Chemicals—

Order No. C.C. 29—Dyestuffs and organic pigments.......... 455
Order No. C.C. 30—Thermoplastics.......... 457

Controller of Construction—

Order No. 10-A—Grain Warehouse, Construction Control, Advisory Committee.......... 458

Priorities Officer—

Order No. P.O.4-A—Amending Order No. P.O.4.......... 459

Rubber Controller—

Order No. Rubber 2-A—Synthetic Rubber, Technical Advisory, Committee—amended. 459

Order No. Rubber 2-B—Synthetic Rubber, Technical Advisory, Committee—amended. 460

Order No. Rubber 4-A—Maximum prices for new tires and tubes for use on trucks.......... 460

Steel Controller—

Order No. S.C. 31—Galvanized wire, annealed wire and rods.......... 461

Wood Fuel Controller—

Order No. Wood Fuel 2—Charcoal Production facilities.......... 463

PART V

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH

(Trade and Commerce)

Order No. 75—Birch and maple logs, etc.......... 464
Order No. 76—Amendments and additions to Export Permit Regulations.......... 464

365

Part I

Orders in Council

Order in Council *re* Proclamation requiring men born in the Year 1925 and other men not previously designated to report for Military training, service or duty

P.C. 5708

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 9th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that it is deemed advisable that the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations should be made to apply to men born in the year 1925 and men not previously designated and who were born in the years 1916, 1915, 1914 or 1913 but men born in the year 1925 shall not be served with "Orders—Medical Examination" until they reach the age of eighteen years and six months;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour is pleased to order and doth hereby order and direct that a proclamation in the terms of the attached draft be issued and published in the *Canada Gazette.*

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

CANADA

GEORGE THE SIXTH, ETC.

TO ALL TO WHOM These Presents shall come or whom the same may in anywise concern.

GREETING:

PROCLAMATION

Whereas it is provided by The National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, that Our Governor in Council may make from time to time such orders and regulations requiring persons to place themselves, their services and their property at Our disposal, as may be deemed necessary or expedient for securing the public safety, the defence of Canada, the maintenance of public order, or the efficient prosecution of the war, or for maintaining supplies or services essential to the life of the community:

And whereas, under the powers therein contained and the War Measures Act, Our Governor in Council did on the first day of December, nineteen hundred and forty-two, make The National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations to provide a system for requiring men belonging to age classes or parts of age classes designated by proclamation to report for military training, service or duty within Canada and the territorial waters thereof;

And whereas, all persons required to report for military training, service or duty pursuant to The National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations are liable to perform military training, service or duty pursuant to the Reserve Army (Special) Regulations, 1941, within Canada and the territorial waters thereof, as the Minister of National Defence (Army) may from time to time require;

And whereas every man who was born in any of the years 1924, 1923, 1922, 1921, 1920, 1919, 1918 or 1917 and every man who was born in any of the years 1916, 1915, 1914, 1913, 1912, 1911, 1910, 1909, 1908, 1907, 1906, 1905, 1904, 1903, or 1902, who was on the fifteenth day of July nineteen hundred and forty, a widower without child or children or a judicially separated or an unmarried man or who has since the said date been divorced or judicially separated or become a widower without child or children, has been designated by proclamation for the purposes of The National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations, but men born in the year 1924 shall not be served with "Orders—Medical Examination" until they reach the age of nineteen years.

And whereas we have decided to declare and direct that men born in the year 1924 may now be served with "Orders—Medical Examination", although they have not reached the age of nineteen years;

And whereas we have further decided that, in addition to the men hereinbefore specified, we will designate by proclamation for the purposes of The National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations every man born in the year 1925 and every man who has not been designated previously and who was born in any of the years 1916, 1915, 1914, or 1913, but men born in the year 1925 shall not be served with "Orders—Medical Examination" until they reach the age of eighteen years and six months.

Now therefore know ye that by and with the advice of Our Privy Council for Canada We do by this Our Proclamation, for the purposes of The National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations hereby designate every man who was born in the year 1925 and every man who has not been designated previously and who was born in any of the years 1916, 1915, 1914, or 1913, and all such men are required to submit themselves for medical examination and to report at a military training centre or district depot to undergo and perform such military training, service or duty within Canada or the territorial waters thereof during the state of war now existing as the Minister of National Defence (Army) may from time to time require under the Reverve Army (Special) Regulations, 1941, or such other regulations as may be applicable and to report at such places and times and in such manner and to such authorities or persons as they may be required by a Registrar appointed under The National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations, but men born in the year 1925 shall not be served with "Orders—Medical Examination" until they reach the age of eighteen years and six months.

And We do declare and direct that men born in the year 1924 may now be served with "Orders—Medical Examination", although they have not reached the age of nineteen years.

All of which etc..

In testimony whereof etc.................................

Order in Council establishing regulations governing mortgages or encumbrances on land in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

P.C. 6072

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 6th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council of April 20th, 1943 (P.C. 3243), provision was made in respect of actions in relation to mortgages on and agreements for sale of land cultivated by farmers in Alberta, Manitoba and Saskatchewan for the staying of such actions and for the postponement of the payment of moneys due, if deemed necessary or proper for the purpose of retaining on the land during the state of war now existing, efficient and industrious farmers who have acted in good faith;

And whereas in the opinion of the Minister of Justice it is advisable, by reason of the state of war now existing, for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada, to make similar provision in relation to proceedings otherwise than by action in respect of such mortgages or agreements for sale.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to make the following regulations and they are hereby made and established accordingly.

Regulations

1. These regulations shall apply only in the provinces of Alberta, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

2. (1) The owner of land subject to a mortgage or encumbrance, or the purchaser or assignee of the purchaser under an agreement for the sale of land, may apply to the county or district court in the county court district or district in which the land is situate to stay any proceedings taken, otherwise than by action in a court, which have been commenced as well before as after, but have not been finally concluded at, the time of the commencement of these regulations, under any power conferred by the mortgage, encumbrance or agreement for sale or by statute or otherwise, for sale or possession of the mortgaged or encumbranced premises or for foreclosure of the equity of redemption, or for sale or possession of the land to be sold under the agreement for sale, or for cancellation or determination thereof; and the said court shall have jurisdiction to entertain such application and shall have power, in its discretion, exercised in accordance with the provisions of this section, by order,

(*a*) to stay the proceedings;
(*b*) to postpone payment of any moneys due;
(*c*) to require a mortgagee, encumbrancer or vendor in possession to account and to impose upon him such terms as it deems proper as to the application of the rents and profits received by him;
(*d*) to prescribe terms and conditions in any order;
(*e*) to vary or extend from time to time any order theretofore made in the proceedings or by the court; and
(*f*) to give any direction as to costs,

as it deems necessary or proper for the purpose of retaining on the land and during the state of war now existing an efficient and industrious farmer whose good faith it is satisfied and, insofar as is possible and consistent therewith, of fairly protecting all or any persons having any interest in the land.

(2) The judge of the court before which any such application is made shall, before making any order pursuant thereto, make such inquiries in a summary fashion, concerning the interests of the parties to the proceedings in the land and the income and assets of such parties, the productive capacity of the land and any other matter deemed relevant by him, as he deems advisable for the proper exercise of the discretion conferred by these regulations.

3. (1) An appeal may be taken from an order made pursuant to these regulations to the Court of Appeal and shall be asserted, heard and decided according to the ordinary procedure governing appeals from judgments or orders pronounced or made in actions in the county or district court from which appeals may be taken to the Court of Appeal, and the Court of Appeal shall have and exercise jurisdiction to entertain such appeal and shall have and exercise a discretion similar to that of the court appealed from, and may draw inferences of fact and make the order which the court appealed from ought to have made.

(2) Where an appeal is taken from an order made under these regulations the judge making such order shall certify to the Court of Appeal the inquiries, if any, he has made and shall report all information obtained therein upon which he purported to act in making such order and the information so certified shall be part of the record before the Court of Appeal.

(3) In this section "Court of Appeal" means, in the provinces of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, the Court of Appeal, and in the province of Alberta, the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of Alberta.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing classification of part time served by trainees at St. Margaret's Sea Training School, Hubbards, N.S. as sea time for Mates' examination.

P.C. 6214

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 6th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Acting Minister of Transport represents that war conditions make it difficult to procure certificated mates for employment in ships of Canadian registry, and that in order to encourage merchant seamen to qualify for Mates' Certificates of Competency and thus expedite the supply of certificated personnel for the said ships, it is deemed advisable to make a regulation whereby part time served by approved trainees at the St. Margaret's Sea Training School, Hubbards, N.S., should be classed as sea time for Mates' examination.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Transport and under authority of the War Measures Act and notwithstanding anything contained in the Canada Shipping Act, 1934, and amendments thereto, is pleased to make the following regulation and it is hereby made and established accordingly:—

Regulation

A trainee at the St. Margaret's Sea Training School, Hubbards, N.S., who obtains the Certificate of Training issued by the proper authority testifying to his proficiency, will be credited with six weeks sea time for each thirteen weeks' period of training completed at the School. The sea time credited in this manner will count towards the total sea time required by the Masters' and Mates' Regulations before a candidate is eligible to be examined for a Mate's Home Trade or Second Mate's Foreign-going Certificate of Competency. On completion of the training period a trainee will also be eligible for examination for a certificate of lifeboatman without additional sea service.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council prohibiting invalidation of Orders in Council made under the authority of The War Measures Act without prior notice to the Attorneys General of Canada and the Province concerned

P.C. 6223

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 6th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Justice reports that, while provincial legislation provides that, in any action or proceeding where the constitutional validity of any Act of Parliament or of the provincial legislature is brought in question, the same shall not be adjudged to be invalid until after notice has been given to the Attorney General of Canada and to the Attorney General of the Province, such legislation does not probably apply in the case of orders made under the authority of the War Measures Act;

And whereas the Minister is of the opinion that it is advisable that provision be made for similar notice to be given to the Attorney General of Canada and the Attorney General of the Province with reference to orders made under the authority of the War Measures Act, in order that the proper enforcement thereof may not be hindered by judicial decisions rendered between private litigants or otherwise relating to the constitutional validity thereof without opportunity for full discussion by counsel representing the Attorney General of Canada:

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice, and under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act, is pleased to make the following regulations and they are hereby made and established accordingly:—

Regulations

1. Where, in any action or other proceeding, the constitutional validity of any Order in Council made under the authority of the War Measures Act or any Order made on the authority of such Order in Council is brought in question, the same shall not be adjudicated to be invalid until after notice has been given to the Attorney General of Canada and the Attorney General of the Province in which such action or other proceeding has been instituted.

2. The notice shall state what order is in question and the time and place when such question is to be argued and shall give such further particulars as may be necessary of the constitutional point in question.

3. The said notice shall, in each case, be served ten days before the day named for the argument.

4. The Attorney General of Canada and the Attorney General of the Province shall be entitled as of right to be heard, either in person or by counsel, notwithstanding the fact that the Crown is not a party to the action or proceeding.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942—forfeiture of explosives in convictions under the Explosives Act.

P.C. 6266

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 6th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Justice reports that while the Explosives Act (R.S.C., 1927, chapter 62), makes it an offence for any person to have in his possession or to import, store, use or manufacture any explosive not declared by the Minister to be an authorized explosive (section 6), or to have in his possession, sell, offer for sale, manufacture or import any unauthorized explosive (section 23), and while there is provision for the imposition of fine and imprisonment for offences against the Explosives Act, there is no provision for the forfeiture of the explosives in the event of a conviction under the Act;

And whereas the Minister reports further that a case has been brought to his attention of a very large quantity of unauthorized ammunition which, in the opinion of the officers of the Department of Mines and Resources, should be forfeited to His Majesty as a measure necessary or advisable for the security, defence, peace, order or welfare of Canada, and is of opinion that the law should now be amended to provide for such forfeiture.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Justice, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend the Defence of Canada Regulations (Consolidation) 1942, and they are hereby amended by adding thereto immediately after regulation 37A, the following regulation:—

37AA. Where a person is convicted of an offence for having in possession, selling, offering for sale, storing, using, manufacturing or importing any explosive the manufacture or importation of which has not been authorized under the Explosives Act, the court or judge, in addition to any other penalty which may be imposed, shall declare that the explosive by means of, or in relation to which, the offence was committed, be forfeited to the Crown, and thereupon the explosive may be seized and may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of by such persons or persons in such manner and at such time and place as the Minister of Mines and Resources may direct, but no such explosive shall be destroyed or otherwise disposed of pending any appeal against such conviction or before the time within which such appeal may be taken has expired.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending Regulations Respecting Timber by defining the powers and duties of a Deputy Timber Controller and appointing to the said position Kenneth Maxwell Brown.

P.C. 6268

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 6th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 2716 of June 24, 1940, Regulations Respecting Timber were made and established, and the said Regulations were amended by Orders in Council P.C. 7120 of December 4, 1940; P.C. 4389 of June 17, 1941; P.C. 6037 of August 8, 1941; P.C. 6835 of August 29, 1941; P.C. 7360 of September 20, 1941 and P.C. 1893 of March 16, 1943;

And whereas by P.C. 9994 of November 3, 1942, Alan Holmes Williamson was appointed Timber Controller;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that it has become necessary to appoint a Deputy Timber Controller; and

That Kenneth Maxwell Brown of Toronto, Ontario, manager, presently of the staff of the Timber Controller, Ottawa, is a fit and proper person to be appointed a Deputy Timber Controller;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 7621 of October 1, 1941, the office of Deputy Timber Controller was established and the powers and duties of the Deputy Timber Controller were defined;

And whereas the Minister reports further that the said Order in Council P.C. 7621 should be revoked and that the Regulations Respecting Timber should be amended as hereinafter provided;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke Order in Council P.C. 7621 of October 1, 1941,

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and under the authority of the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is further pleased to amend the said Regulations Respecting Timber, established by Order in Council P.C. 2716 of June 24, 1940, and they are hereby further amended as follows:—

(*a*) By adding the following as Paragraph (*d*) of Section 1 thereof:

"'Deputy Timber Controller' shall mean any person appointed a Deputy Timber Controller by the Governor in Council, and for the time being in office as such", and

(*b*) By adding the following as Section 5 thereof:

"A Deputy Timber Controller shall have and exercise any and all powers conferred on the Timber Controller, subject to any restriction thereof which the Controller may from time to time impose, and subject in all cases to review by the Controller; provided that any Order of a Deputy Timber Controller shall be final and binding unless and until it has been varied or vacated by the Controller."

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation and under the above cited authority, is also pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Kenneth Maxwell Brown, of the city of Toronto, Ontario, manager, a Deputy Timber Controller, effective August 9th, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing The Salt Fish Export Regulations

P.C. 6289

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 6th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Fisheries reports that on June 18th, 1943, the Government of Canada signified its adherence to Recommendation No. 53 of the Combined Food Board of the United Nations;

That this recommendation involves a plan of allocating the supplies of salted fish which are or will be available to the United Nations amongst the United Nations and friendly neutral countries;

That in order effectually to ensure the fulfilment of Canada's obligations to allocate exports of salted fish in accordance therewith in a manner least likely unduly to disturb the salt fishing industry it is expedient that power to control and direct the export of salted fish be conferred on the Minister of Fisheries; and

That, in his opinion, the conferring and exercise of such powers is necessary, by reason of the state of war now existing, for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Fisheries, with the concurrence of the Minister of Justice and the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to make the following regulations and they are hereby made and established accordingly,—

Regulations

1. These regulations may be cited as The Salt Fish Export Regulations.

2. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(*a*) "exporter" means a person who is registered under these regulations as an exporter of salted fish from Canada;

(*b*) "Minister" means the Minister of Fisheries;

(*c*) "salted fish" means any fish that is treated with salt, including hard cured bloaters but not including smoked fish or mild cured salmon.

Registration of Exporters

3. No person shall on or after August 6th, 1943, export salted fish from Canada unless he is registered under these regulations as an exporter of salted fish.

Duties of the Minister

4. (1) It shall be the responsibility of the Minister to control and direct the export of salted fish from Canada to give effect to the recommendations of the Combined Food Board of the United Nations.

(2) For such purpose it shall be the duty of the Minister to control and direct the issuance of permits to export salted fish to exporters in order, in so far as to him seems practicable, equitably to divide between exporters the aggregate export trade in salted fish of any type, kind or grade exported from Canada to any market or place outside Canada.

(3) The Minister shall establish and maintain a register of persons who export or desire to export salted fish from Canada.

Powers of the Minister

5. (1) The Minister may, by order,

(*a*) require an exporter, in such manner and within such time as the Minister specifies, to furnish such information or to make such reports with respect to transactions heretofore or hereafter entered into by the exporter relating to the acquisition, disposition or export of salted fish as the Minister deems expedient;

(*b*) require an exporter to permit the Minister or any person acting on his behalf to examine the accounts, books or records of the exporter relating to transactions heretofore or hereafter entered into by the exporter with respect to the acquisition, disposition or export of salted fish and to make copies thereof or to take extracts therefrom;

(*c*) establish grades classifying salted fish according to quality, type or kind in such manner as he deems expedient and prescribe the characteristics of each grade;

(*d*) make rules governing the manner in which salted fish shall be inspected and graded;

(*e*) prohibit the export from Canada of all or any salted fish unless it has been inspected and graded;

(*f*) require all or any salted fish owned by or in the possession of or under the control and direction of an exporter to be inspected and graded before such salted fish is exported from Canada;

(*g*) require undried salted fish owned by or in the possession of or under the control and direction of an exporter to be dried for export from Canada;

(*h*) prescribe the manner in which the aggregate quantity of salted fish of any kind or grade to be exported from Canada to any market or place outside Canada shall be divided between exporters and for such purpose to establish quotas prescribing the kind, grade or quantity which may be exported to such market or place by an exporter;

(*i*) notwithstanding anything contained in any other Order in Council or regulation, prohibit the export of salted fish from Canada by an exporter except with the approval of the Minister or prohibit the issue to an exporter of any permit authorizing the export of salted fish from Canada for which provision is made under any such Order in Council or regulation except in such manner as will give effect to quotas established by the Minister for the export of salted fish by the exporter;

(*j*) require an exporter to offer salted fish of any grade or kind owned by him or in his possession or under his control and direction for sale to any person inside or outside Canada and prescribe the terms and conditions of such offer;

(*k*) exclude, on such terms and conditions as he deems expedient, any exporter or class of exporters from the operation of the whole or any part of these regulations;

(*l*) prescribe such forms as he deems necessary for the administration of these regulations or any order made pursuant to these regulations;

(*m*) revoke, cancel or vary any order made pursuant to these regulations;

(*n*) provide for any other matter necessary or incidental to the foregoing.

Salt Fish Advisory Committee

6. (1) There shall be established a committee to be known as the Salt Fish Advisory Committee whose members shall be appointed by the Minister and who shall include a representative of the salted fish export trade in the province of Quebec, a representative of the salted fish export trade in the provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, an officer of the Department of Fisheries, who shall act as chairman, and such other persons as the Minister may appoint.

(2) It shall be the duty of the Salt Fish Advisory Committee to advise the Minister on all matters relating to the division amongst exporters of the aggregate quantity of salted fish of any kind or grade to be exported from Canada to any market or place outside of Canada, and on any other matters which the Minister may refer to it in connection with the administration of these regulations.

(3) A member of the Salt Fish Advisory Committee shall serve without remuneration but shall be paid his reasonable and actual travelling and living expenses while away from his place of residence in connection with the performance of his duties as member of the Committee.

Administration

7. The Minister may, with the approval of the Governor in Council, employ such officers, clerks and employees as may be necessary for the administration of these regulations and, with such approval, fix their remuneration.

8. The Minister may, in the manner provided by law, establish at any place in Canada such office or offices as are required for the administration of these regulations and may provide therefor the necessary accommodation, stationery, equipment and telephones.

9. The Minister may authorize any person employed by him in the administration of these regulations to exercise, under his control and direction, each and every power conferred on him by section five of these regulations including any power involving the exercise of a discretion.

10. Any document purporting to contain any order made pursuant to these regulations and purporting to be signed by the Minister or any person who is stated therein to be authorized by the Minister to make such order shall be *prima facie* proof of such order and of the authority of such person to make it.

11. The Interpretation Act and every provision thereof shall be applicable to and in respect of every order made pursuant to these regulations except in so far as any such provision is inconsistent with the intent or object of such order or would give to any word, expression or clause thereof an interpretation repugnant to the subject matter or the context or is in such order declared not applicable thereto.

12. (1) The Minister may authorize any person to act as an Inspector of Salted Fish under these regulations for the purpose of grading salted fish in accordance with grades established by the Minister under these regulations.

(2) A certificate by an Inspector that salted fish therein specified possess the characteristics of the grade of salted fish therein specified shall for all purposes of these regulations or any order made pursuant to these regulations, or any proceedings pursuant thereto, be final and conclusive.

13. No information with respect to the business or transactions of any person which has been obtained by any person under or by virtue of these regulations, shall be disclosed without the consent of the person carrying on that business or entering into such transaction; Provided that nothing in this subsection shall apply to the disclosure of information;

(*a*) to a department, branch or portion of the Public Service of Canada or any person authorized by any such department, branch or portion and who requires such information for the purpose of the discharge of the functions of that department, branch or portion; or

(*b*) for the purposes of a prosecution for any offence under these regulations.

Enforcement

14. (1) Every person who

(*a*) knowingly furnishes any false information pursuant to any requirement to furnish information or to make any report under any order made pursuant to these regulations; or who

(*b*) contravenes or omits to comply with these regulations or any order made pursuant to these regulations

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary prosecution to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to imprisonment not exceeding six months or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

15. All expenses or costs incurred by the Minister in connection with the administration or enforcement of these regulations shall be paid out of moneys appropriated by Parliament in consequence of the existence of a state of war.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council governing the Enlistment of Officers and Men of the Military Forces of Canada in the Naval and Air Forces of Canada

P.C. 6295

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY,
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Associate Minister of National Defence reports as follows:

Section 69 of the Militia Act, R.S.C. 1927, Chap. 132, provides:—

> "The Army Act for the time being in force in Great Britain, the King's Regulations, and all other laws applicable to His Majesty's troops in Canada, and not inconsistent with this Act or the regulations made hereunder, shall have force and effect as if they had been enacted by the Parliament of Canada for the government of the militia."

section 13 (1) (*b*) of the Army Act provides:—

> "Every person subject to Military Law who commits any of the following offences; that is to say,
>
> > When belonging to the regular forces without having fulfilled the conditions enabling him to enlist, enroll, or enter, enrolls himself or enlists, in the territorial army or in any of the reserve forces, or in the Air Force, or enters the Royal Navy,
>
> shall be deemed to have been guilty of fraudulent enlistment. . . "

Cases have arisen where a member of the Canadian Army has, without having fulfilled the conditions enabling him to enlist, enroll or enter, enrolled himself or enlisted in the Royal Canadian Air Force, or entered the Royal Canadian Navy. The expressions "the Air Force" or "the Royal Navy" as used in Section 13 (1) (*b*) of the Army Act, mean the Naval and Air Forces of His Majesty raised in the United Kingdom, and they would not include the Naval and Air Forces of His Majesty raised in Canada. In consequences, enlistment, enrollment or entry in either of the said last mentioned forces by a member of the military forces of Canada, without fulfilling the conditions enabling him so to enlist, enroll or enter would not, in law, constitute an offence triable under the said Section 13 of the Army Act.

Having regard to the foregoing, it is desirable in the interests of discipline that a member of the Military Forces of Canada, who, without having fulfilled the conditions enabling him to enlist, enroll or enter, enrolls himself, enlists or enters in the Naval or Air Forces of Canada, should in all respects be considered as having committed an offence under Section 13 of the Army Act and be dealt with accordingly.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Associate Minister of National Defence, under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, Regulation or Order, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

> "An officer or soldier of the Military Forces of Canada, serving on active service or while performing training, service or duty in consequence of his having been called out therefor under Regulations made pursuant to the National Resources Mobilization Act, who, without fulfilling the conditions enabling him to enroll, enlist or enter the Naval or Air Forces of Canada, so enrolls, enlists or enters either of the said last mentioned Forces, shall, insofar as the Army Act forms part of the law of Canada, be guilty of an offence under paragraph (*b*) of subsection 1 of Section 13 of that Act, and may be dealt with in like manner as if the expressions 'the Air Forces of Canada' and 'the Naval Forces of Canada' had been substituted for the expressions 'the Air Force' and 'the Royal Navy' where said last mentioned expressions respectively appear in the said paragraph." '

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing despatch to Newfoundland, Labrador, Bermuda, Bahamas, Jamaica, British Guiana, Alaska and the U.S.A. of personnel called out under the National Resources Mobilization Act 1940

P.C. 6296

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY,
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Associate Minister of National Defence reports that additional personnel is required for duty with Active Units of the Canadian Army in:

Newfoundland (including Labrador)
Bermuda
Bahamas (B.W.I.)
Jamaica (B.W.I.)
British Guiana
Alaska
United States of America, and

That it is considered that the requirements of these units could be met satisfactorily by posting to such units personnel who have been called out for service pursuant to the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940.

And whereas, in view of the foregoing, the Minister recommends that appropriate action be taken to permit the posting of personnel called out under the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, to Active Units of the Canadian Army serving in the aforementioned places.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Associate Minister of National Defence, and under and by virtue of the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940 and the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and notwithstanding the provisions of any other statute, regulation or order, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

The Minister of National Defence is hereby authorized and directed to despatch personnel called out for training, service or duty pursuant to the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, to Newfoundland (including Labrador) Bermuda, Bahamas, B.W.I., Jamaica, B.W.I., British Guiana, Alaska and the United States of America for training, service or duty with any Active Units of the Canadian Army as from time to time he deems necessary having regard to the military exigencies of the moment; and to issue or cause to be issued all Orders and to take all steps necessary to give effect to this authorization and direction; and all personnel so to be despatched are respectively hereby required (in addition to all other obligations for training service or duty) to perform while in Newfoundland (including Labrador) Bermuda, Bahamas, Jamaica, British Guiana, Alaska, and the United States of America, such training, service or duty as may be ordered by any Superior Officer in all respects as if the aforesaid training service or duty were training service or duty performed or ordered to be performed in Canada.

Further, all personnel so despatched or who may at any time be so despatched are, pursuant to Section 64 of the Militia Act, Chapter 132 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, hereby placed on Active Service beyond Canada for the defence thereof.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing R. J. Davis, Divisional Registrar of the Toronto Division.

P.C. 6331

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General on the 10th August, 1943.

The Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report dated August 4, 1943, from the Minister of Labour, representing that, owing to the arrest of Mr. R. A. Irwin, duly appointed Registrar for Mobilization Division "B" Toronto, it will be necessary to appoint a new Registrar as at July 7, 1943; and

That Mr. R. J. Davis, of the Headquarters Staff of Mobilization Division, Selective Service, has been acting since July 7, 1943; in the capacity of Registrar at Toronto.

The Committee, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, advise that Mr. R. J. Davis be appointed Divisional Registrar of the Toronto Division, effective July 7, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing W. J. Callaghan Temporary Vice-Chairman of the Tariff Board

P.C. 6333

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of August, 1943

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY,
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, pursuant to the provision of Order in Council, P.C. 6044, dated July 29, 1943, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. W. J. Callaghan, Tariff Investigator, Department of Finance, and Temporary Member of the Tariff Board, to be Temporary Vice-Chairman of the Tariff Board to serve without remuneration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council prohibiting the importation of rice except under permit

P.C. 6336

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of August, 1943

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that rice is subject to international allocation by the Combined Food Board; and

That the Wartime Prices and Trade Board represents that it is essential to control the importation of rice into Canada in order that Canada may participate equitably in the international allocation of supplies of rice.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order that the importation into Canada of rice (Tariff Items 62, 63 and 63a) be and it is hereby prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of the Minister of National Revenue.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing making of agreements with Provinces governing Old Age Pensions

P.C. 6367

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports,—

1. That under wartime conditions it has become desirable and necessary to provide additional assistance to old age pensioners and blind pensioners;

2. That representations have been made to him by all the provinces to the effect that supplementary payments should be made, and that the Dominion should bear its share of such supplementary payments in the same proportion as in the case of the pensions now payable under the Old Age Pensions Act as amended;

3. That he is of opinion that payment of a special supplement should be authorized, not exceeding five dollars per month, and that of such supplementary payments so authorized the Dominion should bear seventy-five per cent of the amount of such supplementary payments while the provinces bear twenty-five per cent.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act (Revised Statutes of Canada, Chap. 206), is pleased hereby to authorize the Minister of Finance to make supplementary agreements with the several provinces, and to order that in the case of any province entering into such supplementary agreement the following provisions shall apply, notwithstanding anything contained in the Old Age Pensions Act (Revised Statutes of Canada, Chap. 156, as amended):—

1. The maximum pension payable shall be three hundred dollars yearly (except in the case of a blind person who marries a blind person, in which case the maximum pension shall be one hundred and fifty dollars yearly), which shall be subject to reduction as follows:—

(*a*) In the case of an old age pensioner, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of sixty-five dollars a year.

(*b*) In the case of a blind pensioner who is unmarried or a widower without a child or children or a widow without a child or children, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of one hundred and forty dollars a year.

(*c*) In the case of a blind pensioner who is married or a widower with a child or children or a widow with a child or children, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of three hundred and forty dollars a year.

(*d*) In the case of a blind pensioner married to a blind person receiving a pension in respect of blindness under the Old Age Pensions Act, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of one hundred and forty dollars a year.

(*e*) In the case of a blind pensioner who marries a blind person, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of one hundred and seventy dollars a year.

2. The supplementary agreement aforesaid shall be as near as may be in the form of Schedule I to this Order.

3. The amount required to pay the Dominion's share of the increase in the amount of pensions paid under this authority shall be a charge upon the War Appropriation.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT made the

day of , 1943.

BETWEEN:

The Governor General of the Dominion of Canada in Council, represented by the Minister of Finance of Canada, hereinafter called The Dominion,

of the First Part.

and

The Lieutenant Governor of the Province of ,

in Council, represented by the Minister of

for hereinafter called The Province,

of the Second Part.

Whereas under the terms of agreements dated ,

entered into between the Dominion and the Province pursuant to the provisions of the Old Age Pensions Act, chapter 156, R.S.C., 1927, as amended, and of the

Act of , chapter

of the statutes of , the Province agreed to pay old age pensions and pensions in respect of blindness to the persons and under the conditions specified in the Act first above cited and the regulations made thereunder, and the Dominion agreed to pay to the Province quarterly an amount equal to seventy-five per centum of the net sum so paid out during the preceding quarter by the Province for such pensions;

And whereas under the provisions of Dominion Order in Council dated

the Dominion is, in effect, authorized to enter into a supplementary agreement with the Province for the payment to the Province out of the War Appropriation of additional amounts based on a maximum pension of $300.00 yearly (in place of $240.00 yearly), subject to reductions as provided in the Order in Council aforesaid;

And whereas the Province desires to enter into a supplementary agreement with the Dominion as aforesaid;

And whereas the Minister of Finance for Canada and the Minister of
for have been respectively
authorized to enter into a supplementary agreement accordingly;

Now, in consideration of the premises and the respective agreements by and on behalf of the parties hereto, hereinafter set forth, this memorandum of agreement witnesseth that the parties hereto agree that the agreements aforesaid shall be modified as follows:—

The maximum pension payable shall be $300.00 yearly, (except in the case of a blind person who marries a blind person, in which case the maximum pension shall be $150.00 yearly), which shall be subject to reduction as follows:

(*a*) In the case of an old age pensioner, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of $65.00 a year.

(*b*) In the case of a blind pensioner who is unmarried or a widower without a child or children or a widow without a child or children, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of $140.00 a year.

(*c*) In the case of a blind pensioner who is married or a widower with a child or children or a widow with a child or children, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of $340.00 a year.

(*d*) In the case of a blind pensioner married to a blind person receiving a pension in respect of blindness under the Old Age Pensions Act, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of $140.00 a year.

(*e*) In the case of a blind pensioner who marries a blind person, by the amount of the income of the pensioner in excess of $170.00 a year.

In witness whereof, etc.

Order in Council authorizing changes in the organization of the National War Finance Committee

P.C. 6370

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of August, 1943

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 45, dated January 7, 1942, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 176, dated January 9, 1942, approved the setting up of The National War Finance Committee to organize and promote the sale of future War Loans, War Savings Certificates and such other public issues of Dominion obligations (excluding Treasury Bills) as may from time to time be issued by the Government for the purpose of raising funds from the Canadian public for prosecution of the war and for other purposes and approved the appointment of Mr. George W. Spinney as Chairman of The National War Finance Committee;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 3350 dated April 23, 1942, Mr. Kenneth A. Henderson, of the Bank of Canada, Ottawa, was appointed Deputy Chairman of The National War Finance Committee;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that Mr. George W. Spinney has requested that he be permitted to relinquish the duties of Chairman of The National War Finance Committee.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of The Consolidated Revenue and Audit Act, 1931, the Loan Act, 1942, the War Appropriation Act. No. 3, 1943, and the War Measures Act, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 45, of January 7, 1942, and it is hereby further amended as follows:

1. Clause 1 as amended by Order in Council P.C. 176 dated January 9, 1942, is repealed and the following is substituted therefor:—

> "1. (*a*) Approval is hereby given to the establishment by the Minister of Finance of a committee known as The National War Finance Committee, the Committee to consist of Mr. George W. Spinney as Honorary Chairman, Mr. Graham F. Towers as General Chairman, Mr. Kenneth A. Henderson as Executive Chairman, and such members as the Minister of Finance has appointed under P.C. 45 dated January 7, 1942, and P.C. 176 dated January 9, 1942, and may from time to time appoint;
>
> (*b*) Regulations governing the proceedings of The National War Finance Committee and the Committees thereof may be made from time to time by the General Chairman or the Executive Chairman with the approval of the Minister of Finance, and may be amended from time to time with the approval of the said Minister."

2. Clause 2 (*a*) as amended by Order in Council P.C. 176 dated January 9, 1942, is repealed and the following is substituted therefor:

> "2. (*a*) From the members of The National War Finance Committee, the General Chairman, with the approval of the Minister of Finance, be authorized to appoint an Executive Committee to serve under the Chairmanship of the Executive Chairman and to consist of Mr. George W. Spinney and ten Provincial members, one from each province except the province of Quebec, and two from the province of Quebec;"

3. Clause 3 as amended by Order in Council P.C. 176 dated January 9, 1942, is repealed and the following is substituted therefor:

> "3. The General Chairman, with the approval of the Minister of Finance, is hereby authorized to appoint such Assistant Chairman as he may deem necessary, who, with the General Chairman and the Executive Chairman, shall form the Management Committee."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing Regulations Respecting the Conservation of Coal Fuel

P.C. 6373

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY,
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, as amended, the office of Coal Controller and Regulations Respecting Coal and Coke were established;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply states that the Coal Controller reports that the serious shortage, present and prospective, of available supplies of coal fuel makes it essential that all proper and appropriate action be taken to conserve such supplies and prevent waste in their use and consumption; and

That the following Regulations Respecting the Conservation of Coal Fuel should be enacted accordingly.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply, and under the authority of the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to make the following Regulations Respecting the Conservation of Coal Fuel and they are hereby made and established, effective on and from August 10, 1943.

REGULATIONS RESPECTING THE CONSERVATION OF COAL FUEL

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of these Regulations unless the context otherwise requires,

(*a*) "coal fuel" shall mean anthracite, bituminous and lignite coals, domestic or imported, including briquettes or other processed forms of coal, and all cokes, whether domestic or imported, including those known commercially as "beehive coke", "gas coke", and "petroleum coke".

(*b*) "Controller" shall mean the Coal Controller.

2. *Prohibition of Waste of Coal Fuel*

(1) No person shall waste or cause or allow the waste of any coal fuel.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section, coal fuel shall be deemed to have been wasted;

(*a*) if any quantity thereof is used or consumed when it is not reasonably necessary that fuel should be used or consumed;

(*b*) if the use or consumption thereof is not reasonably necessary for the particular purpose for which coal fuel is being used or consumed;

(*c*) if any quantity thereof is used or consumed in excess of the quantity which is reasonably necessary for the particular purpose for which it is being used or consumed; and for the purpose of ascertaining in any case whether an excessive quantity of coal fuel has been used or consumed during any period in any premises regard shall be had (amongst other matters) to:—

(i) whether or not the quantity of any coal fuel used or consumed during such period in those premises exceeded the quantity so used or consumed during the corresponding period, as near as may be, of the previous year;

(ii) the number of persons resident in such premises, the size of such premises, and any changes in the domestic arrangements in such premises, which necessitated the use or consumption of the quantity of coal fuel actually used or consumed in such period; and

(iii) whether or not in all the circumstances of the case it was reasonably necessary to use or consume the quantity of fuel during such period in those premises as was actually so used or consumed.

(*d*) if any steps (including the provision and use of fittings and appliances) which might in the circumstances of the case have been reasonably taken to effect a reduction in the quantity of coal fuel used or consumed have not been taken;

(*e*) if any fitting or appliance which is being used in connection with or for the purposes of the use or consumption of coal fuel is not in such a condition as will ensure that it is being properly and efficiently used and reasonable steps have not been taken to put it in such a condition.

3. *Directions as to Economy in Use and Consumption of Coal Fuel*

(1) Any order made by orunder the authority of the Controller in relation to the use or consumption of coal fuel with a view to preventing the waste thereof or effecting all reasonable economy in such use or consumption, shall be complied with by every person owning or occupying the premises in or at which coal fuel is used or consumed and by every person at any time having control of the use or consumption of any coal fuel.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section, any order under this Section

(*a*) may provide for the exhibition or posting up of notices in such form, in such manner and in such places as may be specified in the order;

(*b*) may require any person carrying on any undertaking to employ, for the purpose of preventing the waste of coal fuel and the uneconomical use and consumption thereof, upon such work and for such periods as may be specified in the order such persons or such class or description of persons or such number of persons of such class or description as may be so specified; and may specify the manner in which the persons so employed are to perform their duties.

4. *Orders as to Supply, Use, and Consumption of Coal Fuel*

(1) No person affected by an order in that behalf made by or under the authority of the Controller shall supply or use, or cause or allow to be supplied, used or consumed, any coal fuel in contravention of such order.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions contained in subsection (1) of this Section, any order under this Section may be made in respect of coal fuel generally or of any class, description or grade of coal fuel, specifying:—

(*a*) the purposes and circumstances for or in which it may or may not be supplied, used or consumed;

(*b*) the conditions and manner subject to or in which it may be supplied, used or consumed;

(*c*) the periods and times during which it may or may not be supplied, used or consumed;

(*d*) the quantity and quality thereof which may or may not be supplied, used or consumed.

5. *Entry, Inspection and Test*

Any person or any person of any class or description authorized by or under the authority of the Controller may with a view to securing compliance with these Regulations enter and inspect any premises and places from, in or at which he believes that any coal fuel has been, is being or is likely to be supplied, used or consumed, and may inspect and test any fitting or appliance therein or thereat used or intended or provided for use in connection with or for the purposes of such supply, use or consumption; and any person in possession of such premises or fitting or appliance, and his agents and servants, shall furnish the means required for such entry, inspection and test and shall take such steps and do such acts, on demand or at or within the time and in such manner as the Controller or any such person authorized as aforesaid may direct, and which are reasonably necessary for enabling such person authorized as aforesaid to ascertain whether or not these Regulations have been, are being or are likely to be complied with.

6. *Furnishing of Information*

Every person shall furnish or cause to be furnished to any person, or to any person of such class or description, authorized by or under the authority of the Controller in that behalf, and on demand or at or within the time, at the place and in such manner as the person so authorized may direct such information as the person so authorized may reasonably require for enabling him to ascertain whether or not these Regulations have been, are being or are likely to be complied with.

7. *Regulations Respecting Coal and Coke Not Limited*

Nothing in these Regulations shall be construed as restricting or limiting the powers conferred by the Regulations Respecting Coal and Coke established by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, as amended, and the said Regulations Respecting Coal and Coke shall be read and construed as one with these Regulations.

8. *Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations Preserved*

Nothing in these Regulations shall restrict or vary the provisions of the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations established by Order in Council P.C. 6835 of August 29, 1941, as amended, which Regulations shall be read and construed as one with these Regulations.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. to guarantee repayment of loans made to producers of logs or lumber

P.C. 6379

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that he has received representations from the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the effect,—

That by Order in Council P.C. 9870 of the 17th day of December, 1941, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 5863 of the 7th day of July, 1942, Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Ltd., is empowered, subject to the approval of the Governor in Council and to the extent expressed in such approval, to guarantee repayment of any loan made by any person, firm or corporation to any other person, firm or corporation or payment of any promissory note discounted by any person, firm or corporation for any other person, firm or corporation; and

That it is in the national interest that the production of logs and lumber for domestic requirements and those of His Majesty's Allies continue to be facilitated in manner similar to that set forth in Order in Council P.C. 9242 of the 9th day of October, 1942, namely, by means of such Corporation guaranteeing, on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, repayment of loans made for the financial assistance of persons engaged in such production;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act and otherwise, is pleased to approve and doth hereby approve the exercise by Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Ltd., of its power to guarantee from time to time the payment of any promissory note made to secure advances by any person, firm or corporation to any other person, firm or corporation engaged in the production of logs or lumber; provided that any such guarantee given by Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Ltd., shall be upon the terms and conditions set forth in the draft form of guarantee hereto annexed, subject to such changes therein as the Minister may from time to time deem proper.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

FORM OF GUARANTEE

For valuable consideration received, the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation") hereby guarantees to (hereinafter referred to as "the bank") repayment of advances made by the bank in connection with the production of logs and/or lumber during the season 1943-44, provided that such advances in order to be covered by the guarantee must conform to the following conditions:

1. *Plan "A"—Applicable to Credits Exceeding $10,000*

(*a*) Under this plan the bank must submit to the Corporation an application for approval of each credit proposed to be extended together with all pertinent information respecting the borrower. Advances under each such approved credit shall be reported as of the last business day of each month by the branch bank to its head office which (or in the case of the Bank of Nova Scotia, to its general manager who) shall forward to the Corporation a statement showing the total amount advanced and such further information as the Corporation may require.

(*b*) If a borrower is already indebted to the bank at the time he applies for a credit the bank, in submitting the application to the Corporation for approval, shall give particulars of the existing indebtedness and security, if any, and shall certify that such indebtedness is, in the opinion of the officer of the bank giving such certificate, satisfactory and collectible. If any part of such existing indebtedness was incurred in connection with the production of logs and lumber during the season, 1943-44, such part may with the approval of the Corporation be included in the amount to be guaranteed, it being understood that the proceeds of the sale of logs and lumber produced by the borrower shall, upon receipt by the bank, be applied against any indebtedness covered by the guarantee in preference to all other indebtedness to the bank.

(*c*) The liability of the Corporation is, in respect of each approved credit, limited to an amount equal to 25 per cent of the maximum amount of guaranteed indebtedness which has been outstanding thereunder at any one time.

2. *Plan "B"—Applicable to Credits Not Exceeding $10,000.00*

(*a*) Each credit under this plan must be reported, as soon as it is agreed to, by the branch bank to its head office, which shall consolidate all such reports as of the last day of each month and submit a return to the Corporation. Advances on each credit shall be reported as of the last business day of each month by the branch bank to its head office which (or in the case of the Bank of Nova Scotia, to its general manager who) shall forward to the Corporation a statement showing the total amount advanced and such further information as the Corporation may require.

(*b*) If the bank should increase any credit beyond $10,000 to any one borrower, the maximum indebtedness to be taken into consideration in determining the liability under the guarantee shall be $10,000.

(*c*) If a borrower is already indebted to the bank at the time the credit is arranged, the bank, immediately after the credit is arranged, shall provide the Corporation with particulars of such existing indebtedness and security if any, and shall certify that such existing indebtedness is, in the opinion of the officer of the bank giving such certificate, satisfactory and collectible. If any part of such existing indebtedness was incurred in connection with the production of logs or lumber during the season 1943-44, such part may, if the bank so elects and reports to the Corporation, be included in the amount which will be covered by the guarantee, it being understood that the proceeds of the sale of logs and lumber produced by the borrower shall upon receipt by the bank be applied against any indebtedness covered by the guarantee in preference to all other indebtedness to the bank.

(*d*) The liability of the Corporation is limited to an amount equal to 25 per cent of a total sum determined by ascertaining the maximum amount of guaranteed indebtedness outstanding at any time on each credit respectively, under this plan, and adding together all the said maximum amounts.

3. *Provisions applicable to Credits under Plan "A" or Plan "B"*

(*a*) The guarantee shall apply to advances made either under a fixed credit or under a revolving line of credit where the amount of the indebtedness is varied from time to time by repayment and further advances.

(*b*) Advances made from time to time as required in the normal operation of the borrower's business shall be represented by promissory notes, provided that no advances shall be made by the bank after September 30, 1944.

(*c*) Where it can legally be given, the bank shall take security under Section 88 of the Bank Act, and in its discretion the bank may in any case take any legal security to secure any advance.

(*d*) In the case of any credit granted to a borrower for the payment of whose indebtedness the Bank holds a guarantee given or securities pledged by any other person, it shall obtain from each such person a letter substantially in the form hereto annexed marked Schedule "A".

(*e*) Advances to any borrower shall be repayable not later than November 30, 1944.

(*f*) For the purpose of determining the Corporation's liability, the bank shall furnish the Corporation with a statement of advances that have not been repaid as of November 30, 1944, with particulars of the reasons for non-payment.

(*g*) The bank may demand payment by the Corporation of any amount to which it is entitled under this guarantee in respect of indebtedness remaining unpaid as of December 31, 1944; provided that the bank shall thereafter, if requested by the Corporation, act as agent for the Corporation in liquidating all accounts, charging therefor only out-of-pocket expenses.

(*h*) In consideration of this guarantee, the bank shall pay to the Corporation a sum equal to interest at the rate of one per cent per annum on all advances outstanding from time to time.

(*i*) The bank shall use the same diligence in dealing with its borrower as if this guarantee had not been given and may take additional security, grant time, extensions or indulgences, or otherwise deal with the borrower in the ordinary course of business, or take any steps considered advisable, including legal proceedings, to recover advances or indebtedness without in any way invalidating the guarantee or lessening the liability thereunder.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this day of A.D., 1943.

COMMODITY PRICES STABILIZATION CORPORATION LTD.,

....

President.

....

Secretary.

SCHEDULE "A"

To be addressed to the Bank and signed by each person other than Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., *giving security or guaranteeing the indebtedness.*

For valuable consideration, receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, the undersigned agrees with the Bank and Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd.

(1) that if the security/guarantee given by the undersigned to the said bank in respect of the indebtedness of to the said bank be realized/enforced in whole or in part, the undersigned shall not have and hereby renounces any right whatsoever to contribution by Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., by which payment of the said indebtedness or part thereof is or will be guaranteed;

(2) that Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited shall, in all matters and in every event and for all purposes, have priority and preference in all respects over the undersigned, all claims of the undersigned being hereby postponed to those of the said Corporation.

....

Signature of Pledgor or other Guarantor.

Witness:

....

Order in Council prohibiting the exportation of cabbages, tomatoes and grapes except under permit

P.C. 6384

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas, by Order in Council of October 4, 1941, P.C. 7674, the exportation from Canada of certain articles is prohibited, except under permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce;

And whereas the Wartime Prices and Trade Board has recommended that, in view of anticipated shortages of certain fruits and vegetables required for Canadian use, the exportation of Cabbages, Tomatoes and Grapes be similarly prohibited, except under permit;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Trade and Commerce and under and by virtue of the power conferred by Section 290 of the Customs Act (Section 10, Chapter 24 of the Statutes of 1937) and by the War Measures Act (Chapter 206 Revised Statutes of Canada 1927) is pleased to order as follows:—

1. The exportation of the following commodities is hereby prohibited, except under permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce:

Group 1—Agricultural and Vegetable Products
Cabbages, fresh.
Tomatoes, fresh.
Grapes, fresh.

2. Schedule One of the said Order in Council (P.C. 7674 of October 4, 1941) is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the above commodities.

3. This Order shall come into force and have effect on and after the sixteenth day of August, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council approving a Plan for the Broadening and Decentralizing of National Selective Service

P.C. 6387

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 10th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under the authority of the War Measures Act and the National Resources Mobilization Act, is pleased, hereby, to approve the plan recommended by the Director of National Selective Service for the broadening, strengthening and decentralization of National Selective Service attached hereto and marked "A", and to authorize the Minister of Labour to take necessary steps to put it into effect forthwith;

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation, under the authority above cited, and pursuant to the said plan is pleased to approve and doth hereby approve the following appointments, effective from August 15th, 1943:—

Position	*Name*	*Remuneration*
Associate Director (Civilian General)	Mr. Justice W. J. Major	Travelling & Living Expenses while away from Winnipeg.
Associate Director (Farm Labour)	C. F. Needham	No change P.C. 82 7/1/43
Associate Director (Essential Civilian Services)	C. W. Foster	$6,500 effective August 15, 1943.
Associate Director (Women's Employment)	Mrs. Rex Eaton	No change C.S.C. No. 77589
Director of Planning & Secretary to N.S.S. Advisory Board and N.S.S. Administration Board.	H. Hereford	No change C.S.C. Cert. 63256.

Position	*Name*	*Remuneration*
Associate Director (Legal Interpretations)	V. C. MacDonald	No change P.C. 7593 26/8/42.
Assistant to Associate Director (Women's Employment)	Miss M. Grier	$3,000
Regional Director (Ontario Region—Toronto)	Geo. W. Ritchie	$4,800 Aug. 15, 1943
Regional Director (Pacific Region—Vancouver)	W. J. Asselstine	No change P.C. 40-5410 7/7/43
Regional Director (Maritime Region—Moncton)	M. Dwyer	Expenses Only
Regional Director (Prairie Region—Winnipeg)	E. N. Griggs	$4,800 effective Aug. 15/43.
Assistant Associate Director — Essential Civilian Services—Ottawa	Edgar David	$3,600 effective Aug. 15/43.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE "A"

1. There shall be an Administration Board of full time personnel consisting of:—

Director of National Selective Service
Associate Director (Mobilization-Military) Major-General Riley
Associate Director (General Civilian) a Judge to be selected
Associate Director (French speaking)
Associate Director (Farm Labour) C. F. Needham
Associate Director (Essential Civilian Services) C. W. Foster (Now with Dominion Stores)
Associate Director (Public Relations and Staff Training) J. G. Clark
Associate Director(War Industries) to be selected
Associate Director (Labour Relations) to be selected
Associate Director (Legal Interpretations) V. C. Macdonald
Associate Director (Women Employment) Mrs. Rex Eaton
Director Employment Service—Allan Mitchell
Secretary—(The Secretary of National Selective Service Board and Director of Planning)

The director shall be Chairman of the Board and the Judge selected will be Vice Chairman.

2. The Members of the Administration Board who are not already on the National Selective Service Advisory Board shall become members thereof.

3. That the creation of the new positions hereunder listed be authorized:

Associate Directors—

(*a*) General Civilian
(*b*) Farm Labour
(*c*) Essential services
(*d*) Public relations and staff training
(*e*) War industries
(*f*) Labour relations
(*g*) Legal interpretations
(*h*) Women employment

Three present positions will cease to exist—Associate Director Consultant, dropped. Administrator—Female employment, becomes Associate Director. Associate Director Civilian, becomes Farm Labour.

4. That there be Assistant Associate Directors at Head Office for:—

   1. Mobilization (S. H. McLaren)
   2. Fuel, mining and lumbering and logging (Johnston)
   3. Farm Labour (Haythorne for Eastern Canada, Pickersgill for Western Canada)
   4. Priorities Chairman of Committee (Sheldon Ross)
   5. Fishing and Canning Industries (Bell)
   6. War Industries (Anderson)
   7. Essential Civilian Services—to be selected
   8. Women employment (Miss Grier)

5. That there be appointed a Director of Planning who will:—

   (*a*) Act as Secretary to the Advisory Board as well as the Administration Board.
   (*b*) Act as Liaison Officer between Associate Directors and Regional Directors.
   (*c*) Act as Co-ordinator (under instructions of the Judge selected as Associate Director (General) of the activities of the Associate and Assistant Directors).

6. That there be created for each employment region the position of Provincial Director, for the following:

Maritimes—Head Office at Moncton
Quebec —Head Office at Montreal
Ontario —Head Office at Toronto
Prairies —Head Office at Winnipeg
Pacific —Head Office at Vancouver.

The duties of the Provincial Directors, as far as practicable, shall be to deal with matters within their region which otherwise would be referred to Ottawa. To confer with, *but not direct,* Regional Superintendents of Employment Service.

To receive reports of emergent labour shortages and suggest remedies.

To act as Chairmen of Regional Selective Service Boards. They will provide at the regional level a Liaison between Mobilization and Civilian employment.

7. That there be created for each Employment Region a Regional Selective Service Advisory Board consisting of:

   (*a*) Regional Director, N.S.S.—Chairman
   (*b*) The Chairman or Registrar of Mobilization Board
   (*c*) Regional Superintendent—Employment Service
   (*d*) One representative of Labour
   (*e*) One representative of Munitions and Supply Department
   (*f*) One representative of Wartime Prices and Trade Board
   (*g*) The Chairman of Employment Service Committee

These Boards shall act in an advisory capacity in a similar manner as does The National Selective Service Advisory Board. In respect to many matters they will become a Board of Clearance and Adjustment at the Regional point. Having on the Board representatives of Munitions and Supply Department and Wartime Prices and Trade Board will be of great assistance in co-ordinating activities of the Field Staffs of the three departments.

8. That the Director of Employment Services and the Unemployment Insurance Commission be instructed to increase the number of employment offices, and to add to the staffs thereof as quickly as possible, in view of the increasing volume of work which will be imposed on these offices, and in order to expedite the compulsory transfer procedure.

A. MACNAMARA,
Director National Selective Service.

Order in Council amending the National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order, 1941

P.C. 59/6395

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in-Council, on the 13th August, 1943.

The Board recommend that, under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, P.C. 59/7305 of September 17, 1941, The National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order, 1941, be amended as follows:—

1. (1) The introductory portion of section two of The National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order, 1941, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"In any case of a claim against the Crown arising out of any death or injury to the person or to property resulting from the alleged negligence of any officer or servant of the Crown in the maintenance or operation of a motor vehicle while acting in Canada within the scope of his duties or employment as an officer or member of the Naval, Military or Air Forces of Canada or as an employee of the Department of National Defence, when the combined amount of all claims arising out of deaths or injuries to the person or to property which are alleged to have resulted from any such alleged negligence does not exceed two hundred dollars, the following regulations may be substituted for regulations four to ten, inclusive, of the regulations approved by Order in Council P.C. 80/1045, dated the nineteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and forty."

(2) The said section two is further amended by adding the following paragraph thereto:

"(vii) Unless otherwise ordered by the Treasury Board, if an officer or servant, other than a member of the Naval, Military or Air Forces of Canada, fails within a reasonable time to arrange for the payment of the amounts determined under the provisions of sub-section (vi) hereof the matter shall be referred to the Deputy Minister of Justice with a request that he recommend what legal steps should be taken in order to enforce payment."

2. Paragraph (i) of section three of the said Order is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(i) In case of a claim against the Crown arising out of any death or injury to the person or to property resulting from the alleged negligence of any officer or servant of the Crown in the maintenance or operation of a motor vehicle while acting in Canada within the scope of his duties or employment as an officer or member of the Naval, Military or Air Forces of Canada or as an employee of the Department of National Defence, the branch of the Department of National Defence concerned shall cause the investigation required by Order in Council P.C. 80/1045 to be made in such manner as the Judge Advocate-General, by specific or general instructions, may direct, notwithstanding that Naval, Military or Air Force regulations require that such investigation be carried out in the manner therein stated."

3. Paragraph (iii) of section four of the said Order is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(iii) Such demand shall call upon such officer or servant, if he is an officer or member of the Naval, Military or Air Forces of Canada, to show cause, within one week after the receipt by him of such demand, why he should not be put under stoppages of pay and allowances or other emoluments to reimburse the Crown in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2 (vi) of this Order or paragraph nine of the Regulations made and established by Order in Council P.C. 80/1045, dated March 19, 1940, as the case may be."

4. The National Defence Minor Claims (Motor Vehicle Accidents) Order, 1941, as amended by this Order shall apply to all claims which have not been disposed of, whether or not the alleged negligence on which they are based occurred before or after this Order comes into force.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council—Imported electricity to be subject to War Exchange Tax

P.C. 80/6395

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 13th August, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of National Revenue reporting that:

"Whereas, section 88A, Part XIII, of The Special War Revenue Act, in force on and after June 25, 1940, provides in effect that, in addition to any duty or tax that may be payable under this Act or under any other statute, there shall be imposed, levied and collected a War Exchange Tax of ten per cent on the value for duty of all imported *goods* (except certain goods which are specified in the said section as being exempt from the tax) at the time when the goods are imported or taken out of warehouse for consumption; and,

Whereas, electricity, a force or power commonly distributed by transmission lines, metered and sold, does not come within the meaning of the word "goods" as defined in section 2 (*g*) of The Customs Act according to an opinion given by the late Justice E. L. Newcombe, then Deputy Minister of Justice, under date of April 5, 1894, and the authority of the department to impose, levy and collect the War Exchange Tax on electricity imported by transmission lines from United States has been questioned; and,

Whereas, in 1939 a similar question arose with respect to the application of the consumption or sales tax to electricity, and in order to clarify the intent and meaning of the statute in this regard, the Governor General in Council passed an Order (P.C. 2845), on September 25, 1939, section 2 of which reads as follows:

> 'Electricity or gas shall be deemed to be goods subject to the consumption or sales tax imposed by Part XIII of The Special War Revenue Act and the said tax shall be payable by the selling utility by which the same is sold or distributed to the consumer or user, and the selling utility shall for all purposes be deemed to be the manufacturer or producer thereof.' and,

Whereas, inasmuch as the Governor General in Council has by virtue of P.C. 2845 in effect ordered that the consumption or sales tax imposed by Part XIII of The Special War Revenue Act shall be imposed, levied and collected on electricity, whether imported or produced in Canada, it would appear to be within the intent and spirit of the order to hold that electricity is also subject to the other taxes imposed by Part XIII of the said Act, including the War Exchange Tax which became effective June 25, 1940, and the department has ruled accordingly, and importers have paid the tax on imported electricity, except as far as the department has ascertained to date in the case of two companies, which have not yet paid the tax on their importations; and,

Whereas, it is deemed expedient that an order be passed by the Governor General in Council which will give authority for the collection of the War Exchange Tax on electricity imported for consumption in Canada as from June 25, 1940, in order that there may be no discrimination between importers and to avoid payment of refunds which would be payable in the event that the order were made effective as from any subsequent date:

Now therefore, the undersigned, the Minister of National Revenue, has the honour to recommend that the Governor General in Council, in the exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of The War Measures Act, being Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, do order as follows:

1. That imported electricity shall be deemed to be 'goods' within the intent, meaning the spirit of The Special War Revenue Act, and shall be subject to the War Exchange Tax imposed by section 88A, Part XIII of the said Act;

2. That the Order in Council based on this recommendation, shall be effective as from June 25, 1940."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking regulations *re* Compassionate Allowances to widows of certain veterans

P.C. 100/6395

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 13th August, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Pensions and National Health reporting:—

"That Vote 205 of The Appropriation Act, No. 5, 1943, makes provision for the payment out of Consolidated Revenue Fund of compassionate allowances to be awarded by the War Veterans' Allowance Board to the widows of certain veterans coming within the definition of 'veteran' in the War Veterans' Allowance Act, to be made under such circumstances and upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Governor in Council; and

That, in pursuance of the said Vote, regulations respecting such allowances were established by Order in Council of the 21st June, 1943, (P.C. 1/5028) under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927; and

That the said Appropriation Act also provided in supplement to said Vote 205 for the payment out of the said Fund of compassionate allowances to be awarded by the said Board to the widows of veterans coming within the definition of 'veterans' in the said Act and not included in the said Vote, and for increasing the payments provided by said Vote to a widow with a child or children so as to make the total compassionate allowance in such case equal to the allowance to a veteran with a child or children provided by the said Act, all payments thereunder to be made under such circumstances and upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Governor in Council;

And that it is deemed expedient that the said Order in Council of the 21st June, 1943 (P.C. 1/5028) be revoked in order that new regulations may be established in respect of compassionate allowance to all widows coming within the terms of The Appropriation Act, No. 5, 1943.

Now therefore the undersigned has the honour to recommend that, under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, the regulations as established by Order in Council of the 21st June, 1943, (P.C. 1/5028) be revoked."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending P.C. 2709, April 2, 1943— Support of Butter Market

P.C. 6396

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General on the 12th August, 1943.

The Committee of the Privy Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Agriculture, advise that Section 3 of Minute of Council P.C. 2709 of April 2, 1943, be hereby amended to read as follows:

> 3. That the Dairy Products Board be authorized to support the butter market as may be necessary to maintain the minimum prices shown in the schedule, by purchasing butter on a basis of the minimum prices specified in the schedule for butter delivered Vancouver, Toronto, Montreal, St. John or Halifax, during the month purchased.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Transfer to more Essential Employment)

P.C. 6433

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 13th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that it is expedient to make provision whereby any male employee, who has attained his sixteenth birthday or who later attains his sixteenth birthday and who has not attained his forty-first birthday, may be directed to transfer to more essential employment.

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, is pleased to amend the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19, 1943) as amended, and they are hereby further amended by revoking Subsection (1) of Section 210 thereof and substituting therefor the following:

> "210. (1) The Minister may, by order, forbid any employer or group or class of employers to retain in employment after a specified date any male person (or group or class of male persons) who has attained or who later attains his sixteenth birthday and who has not attained his forty-first birthday, unless such person has presented to the employer a permit in prescribed form issued by a Selective Service Officer; or may require any employer, or group or class of employers to terminate, at such time and in such manner as he may specify, the employment of any such person or group or class of such persons."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* Employment of Members of the Military Forces of Canada on Farms

P.C. 6434

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 13th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that as a means to provide for emergency farm labour needs in Canada, the Minister of National Defence has arranged pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 5931 of July 24, 1943, to make available for such purposes members of the Military Forces of Canada, and to expedite the disposition of applications from members of the Military Forces for compassionate farm leave, and by arrangement with the Minister of Labour, to issue free transportation to members of the Military Forces proceeding on compassionate farm leave;

That it is proposed that the Minister of Labour shall be responsible for making arrangements to provide for the assignment of members of the Military Forces of Canada for farm service and for the collection of monies payable by persons in respect thereof, and by arrangement with the governments of the provinces, may make use of the provincial farm service organizations, established under the Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme, to carry out such arrangements; and

That it is necessary by reason of the state of war now existing, for the defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada that provision be made for the carrying out of such arrangements.

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under the authority of the War Measures Act is pleased to make and doth hereby make the following order:

ORDER

1. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,

"Minister" means the Minister of Labour;

"soldier" means a member of the Military Forces of Canada, detailed for farm service in Canada;

"Farm Service" means service relating or in any way pertaining to the development, operation, or maintenance of ranches, farms or gardens, and the stock, and equipment thereof.

2. The Minister shall be responsible for the control and direction of the assignment of soldiers detailed for farm service by the Minister of National Defence and for the collection of the remuneration payable to the Crown in respect thereof.

3. In accordance with arrangements made between the Minister and the Minister of National Defence pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 5931 of July 24, 1943, the Minister is authorized and directed to reimburse the Department of National Defence for the following expenditures, which may be incurred by that Department subsequent to the 31st day of July, A.D. 1943:

(i) Costs of transportation and other travelling expenses for members of the Military Forces of Canada proceeding on compassionate farm leave and return;

(ii) Costs of transportation and other travelling expenses for soldiers detailed for farm service to and from the place of assignment;

(iii) Costs of transportation and other travelling expenses of officers and other ranks detailed to assist in maintenance of discipline of soldiers detailed for farm service;

(iv) Costs of work overalls issued to soldiers proceeding on compassionate farm leave or detailed for farm service to the extent of one issue of overalls per soldier;

(v) The amounts charged by the Department of National Defence to soldiers' pay accounts as earned, while performing farm service.

4. The Minister may:

(i) enter into agreements with the government of any province to provide for the assignment within the province of soldiers detailed for farm service and for the collection of monies payable in respect of the services of such soldiers. Such agreement may provide, inter alia, for the extension of the provisions of any Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Agreement entered into between the Dominion and any Province pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 3620 of May 4, 1943, to make provision in respect of additional administrative expenses incurred by either government by reason of the assignment of soldiers as aforesaid, the colllection of amounts payable to the Crown in respect thereto and losses sustained by reason of the non-collection of amounts so payable;

(ii) take and accept such security for the payment of amounts owing to the Crown by any person arising out of the assignment of a soldier pursuant to this Order, as he deems advisable and undertake or authorize any other person to undertake such measures as are deemed necessary by him for the collection of such amounts;

(iii) prescribe such forms as he considers necessary for the administration of this Order;

(iv) subject to the approval of the Governor General in Council, employ such officers, clerks and employees as are necessary for the administration of this Order and fix their remuneration;

(v) make such regulations as he may deem necessary for the effective administration of this Order and for the carrying out of the responsibility imposed on him by this Order.

5. (1) Application for the assignment of a soldier for farm service may be made to the Provincial Director, Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme or to his local representative or to such other person as may be designated by the Minister.

(2) Such application shall state the period during which it is desired that the soldier be assigned for such farm service but in no case shall such period be less than twelve days.

6. The assignment of a soldier for farm service to any person shall be subject to the following conditions:

(*a*) such person shall provide the soldier with free transportation from the railroad station to which the soldier is directed by the military authorities pursuant to the assignment to the place at which the soldier is to be lodged, and upon completion of the assignment, from such place to the said railroad station;

(*b*) such person shall, at his own expense, provide the soldier with reasonable board and lodging during the period the soldier is so assigned;

(*c*) such person shall immediately notify the Provincial Director, Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme, or his local representative, if the soldier becomes ill or sustains any injury;

(*d*) such person shall at his own expense provide board and lodging and care for the soldier during any period in which the soldier while so assigned is ill or is incapacitated by reason of injury;

(*e*) such person may, on behalf of and at the expense of the Minister, engage medical services necessary for the care and treatment of the soldier by reason of illness or injury;

(*f*) such person shall give at least three days' notice of the expiration of or of his intention to terminate the assignment to the Provincial Director, Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme or to his local representative but no assignment shall be terminated before the soldier has worked twelve days except with the consent of the Provincial Director, Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme:

(*g*) the soldier shall be subject to the control and direction of the person to whom he is assigned in all matters reasonably pertaining to the services to be performed by him and the manner in which they are to be performed.

7. (1) Any person to whom a soldier is assigned for farm service shall pay remuneration in respect of the services of the soldier for each week day or part thereof during which the soldier is assigned to perform such services at the following rates in accordance with the place where the soldier is assigned to perform such farm service namely:

> four dollars for each week day or part thereof, in any part of Canada west of Port Arthur, Ontario; three dollars and fifty cents for each week day or part thereof—in the province of Ontario east of Port Arthur; three dollars for each week day or part thereof in the provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia

or at such revised rates for each week day or part thereof as the Minister may, after consultation with the Government of the province in which the soldier is assigned and the Minister of National Defence, fix as the rate to be paid in that province or any part thereof.

(2) A person to whom a soldier is assigned for farm service shall not be liable to pay such soldier in respect of any Sunday during the period of the assignment nor shall the soldier be required to work on Sunday but if, at the request of the person to whom he is assigned, the soldier agrees to work on Sunday, such person shall be liable to pay remuneration at the rates set out above or at any applicable revised rate in respect of services performed by the soldier on Sunday.

(3) No remuneration shall be payable in respect of any soldier assigned to any person during any period the soldier is unable to work by reason of illness or injury.

8. (1) The remuneration payable by any person in respect of the services of a soldier assigned to him for farm service pursuant to these regulations shall be a debt owing to the Crown and the amount payable in respect of each day during which such soldier is assigned shall accrue due and owing on each such day and the whole amount shall forthwith become payable to the Crown on the expiration or the termination of the assignment of such soldier.

(2) Any person to whom a soldier is assigned for farm service under this Order shall forthwith upon expiration or termination of the assignment complete such documents, including working time sheets, in respect of the assignment or service of the soldier as may be required by the Director, Dominion Provincial Farm Labour Programme, arrange for the signature of the soldier thereof and cause the completed forms to be delivered to the Provincial Director, Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme, or his local representative or to such other person as the Minister may designate, together with a bank draft or money order payable to the Receiver General of Canada for the amount owing as shown thereon.

(3) Notwithstanding any law in force in any province, or any contract or agreement, any debt owing by any person to the Crown under this Order in respect of the services of any soldier assigned to him for farm service shall be charged as a lien in favour of the Crown on the produce or crop grown on the lands operated by such person whether he is the owner, purchaser or lessee thereof, in the year in which such soldier is assigned and such lien shall have priority upon such produce or crop over all other liens or charges thereon whatsoever except threshermen's liens.

(4) Any person to whom a soldier is assigned for farm service under this Order who fails to cause to be remitted to the Provincial Director, Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme, or to his local representative or to any other person designated by the Minister, a bank draft or money order in payment of the remuneration in respect of the services of such soldier within thirty days after the expiration or termination of the assignment shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of not more than one hundred dollars.

(5) Where a person is convicted of an offence under sub-section four of this section there shall, notwithstanding any other penalty which may be imposed on him, be imposed on him a penalty equal to the amount of the debt owing to the Crown in respect of which such offence was committed which penalty shall be paid to the Receiver General of Canada.

(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsections four and five of this section any debt owing to the Crown as remuneration in respect of the services of a soldier assigned to any person for farm service may be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction.

(7) An Information in respect of any offence committed under this Order or any proceedings to recover any debt owing to the Crown under this Order may, subject to any regulations made by the Minister, be laid or brought by the Provincial Director, Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme or by his local representative.

(8) A certificate purporting to be issued by the Provincial Director, Dominion-Provincial Farm Labour Programme in any Province, that a person therein specified owes to the Crown an amount therein specified in respect of the services of a soldier assigned to him pursuant to this Order and that no bank draft or money order in payment thereof has been received by the Director or by any other person in accordance with this Order, shall be prima facie evidence of the assignment of the soldier to such person, that such debt is owing to the Crown in respect of the services of the soldier, of the amount so owing, and of the failure of the person therein specified to cause a bank draft or money order in payment thereof to be remitted as required by this Order.

(9) The sum of $200,000 shall be allotted from the War Appropriation for the purpose of establishing a revolving fund to be known as the "Army Labour Account" out of which expenditures made by the Department of Labour shall be made and into which the amounts collected for the services of soldiers employed pursuant to the provisions of this Order shall be paid.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re establishment reserve stocks of feed grains in Eastern Canada

P.C. 1/6567

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 18th August, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Acting Minister of Agriculture reporting that:—

"Whereas the production of livestock and livestock products for food is looked upon as a major contribution by agriculture to the war effort and as a consequence every effort is being made to stimulate such production toward attaining to increased goals, and

Whereas the demand for and consumption of western grown feed grains in Eastern Canada has increased greatly and will continue to increase, and

Whereas the transportation of such grains into Eastern Canada must mainly be carried out by rail movement due to lack of available shipping on the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Waterways, and

Whereas the volume of grains required from July, 1943, forward, due in part to extremely unfavourable weather conditions prevailing in some eastern provinces at time of seeding and the subsequent reduced crop prospects is likely to be greatly in excess of that required for the corresponding months of the past season, and

Whereas during the winter months of 1943 the movement of grain by rail into Eastern Canada when severe winter conditions prevailed, proved entirely inadequate to maintain a sufficient volume of supplies, and

Whereas it is accordingly desirable and expedient that a plan be instituted to enable the building up of a reservoir of feed grain in Eastern Canadian provinces, as well as a reserve to be drawn upon as needed during the winter of 1944 when rail shipments undoubtedly will again prove inadequate to meet the anticipated demand for feed and that such plan should be made effective without delay while transportation is available, and

Whereas by Order in Council dated the 8th day of June, 1943, P.C. 7/4690, provision was made for a plan to establish reserve stocks of feed grains in Eastern Canada, and

Whereas it has been found advisable to modify the plan authorized under the said Order in Council and under Order in Council dated the 12th day of July, 1943, P.C. 1/5552, and to include a further plan to encourage the early purchase of grain to be stored in Eastern Canada.

The undersigned, therefore, recommends that Your Excellency in Council, under authority of the War Measures Act, to approve the two plans herein set out and do authorize the Feeds Administrator, under the supervision of the Agricultural Supplies Board to administer the said plans and to issue such orders as he may deem necessary and to make expenditures as herein authorized, for which purpose the sum of $1,000,000 for Plan A, and the sum of $1,000,000 for Plan B be provided, chargeable to monies to be allotted to the Department of Agriculture from the War Appropriation for use of the Agricultural Supplies Board.

Plan "A"

1. In order to meet additional costs which will be incurred by reason of the shipments of oats, wheat or barley into reserve stocks in Eastern Canada above the cost if oats, wheat or barley of comparable grades were to be purchased at the time of release on an in-store basis at Fort William/Port Arthur, to pay the following charges.

(*a*) elevator storage charges at Fort William/Port Arthur, Ontario, and such Eastern Canadian storage points as the Feeds Administrator may from time to time designate, on grain purchased in store Fort William/Port Arthur;

(*b*) elevator storage charges and cleaning charges at such Eastern Canadian points as the Feeds Administrator may from time to time designate on uncleaned grain shipped direct from western country points for cleaning and storage at such eastern points;

(*c*) freight not exceeding the carlot rate from Fort William/Port Arthur or Armstrong, Ontario, to Eastern Canada destinations on dockage removed at such destinations from uncleaned grain, provision to be made that if the approval of the Feeds Administrator or his representative is given to an application to make any shipment of uncleaned grain to Eastern Canada destinations in order that a claim may be made in respect thereof under this Plan "A", the dockage so removed shall become the property of the Crown and any revenue therefrom shall be applied against this Plan "A";

(*d*) interest on the investment in the grain from the date of purchase by the shipper and on the prepaid rail or water freight charges from Fort William/Port Arthur or Armstrong, Ontario, including that portion of any such charges from western country points, from the date of actual payment thereof by the shipper, such interests to be calculated at a rate not to exceed 3½ per cent compounded monthly;

(*e*) additional transportation charges in excess of the all-rail rates in moving grain into reserve stocks or occasioned by reason of the out of line position of reserve stocks;

(*f*) local switching charges which may apply within any harbour area where reserve stocks have been stored;

(*g*) unloading and loading out charges assessed by the elevators at reserve storage points;

provided that no payment may be made in respect of any of the charges specified in paragraphs (*a*), (*b*), (*c*) or (*d*) incurred in respect of any shipment prior to approval by the Feed Administrator or his representative of the shippers' application to make the shipment to the reserve grain stocks in Eastern Canada.

2. To pay any loss—

(*a*) which might occur as a result of price fluctuations in grains between the date of purchase by the shipper and the date such grain is released on the order of the Feeds Administrator;

(*b*) which might result from hedging operations on any such wheat together with the cost of placing such hedges, provided that any profit arising from such hedging operations shall revert to the Crown to offset the cost of carrying such feed grain.

Plan "B"

To pay the hereinafter prescribed amounts according to the month of purchase, upon oats, wheat or barley for which Freight Assistance claims may satisfactorily be established when brought into Eastern Canada for use as feed for livestock or poultry in Canada, commencing with purchases made basis in-store Fort William/Port Arthur, from July 1, 1943, to December 31, 1943, inclusive, provided that purchases made by an Eastern Canada buyer of western wheat, oats or barley made prior to July 1, 1943, shall be deemed eligible:

(*a*) in the month in which instructions have been given for immediate shipment to Eastern Canada of such grains as are in store at Fort William and/or Port Arthur, Ontario, or

(*b*) on the date, in the case of direct shipments from western country points to Eastern Canada, when the railway cars containing such grain pass through Fort William, Port Arthur or Armstrong, Ontario.

Provided further that stocks of eligible oats, wheat or barley stored in Eastern Canada at points east of Fort William, Port Arthur or Armstrong, Ontario, of fifteen hundred bushels or more of any one kind of western grown wheat, oats or barley for feed, stored at any one point of storage may also be included when satisfactory evidence of the eligibility of such stocks is submitted to the Feeds Administrator and shall be deemed to have been purchased in the month of July, 1943.

Schedule of Amounts that may be paid

July	3 c per bushel
August	2½c " "
September	2 c " "
October	1½c " "
November	1 c " "
December	½c " "

In order to give all possible encouragement to farmers and feeders to purchase and store for their own use and to meet their winter grain requirements, it is required that when any allowance or reduction in price under this plan is allowed to a dealer by a wholesaler, such dealer shall, when reselling such grain in the same month to a farmer or feeder, pass on to such farmer or feeder the reduction allowed by the wholesaler and when such grain is resold in a later month, the allowance to be made to the farmer or feeder shall be the amount prescribed in the Schedule for that month.

The undersigned further recommends that Orders in Council dated the 8th day of June, 1943, P.C. 7/4690, and the 12th day of July, 1943, P.C. 1/5552, be revoked.

The Board having approved the estimate of expenditure chargeable to the War Appropriation for the fiscal year 1943-44, concur in the above report and recommendation and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Part II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 39

(Fifth Revision)

Supplement No. 23

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

Ottawa, 12th August, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permit Regulations

Dried, Salted, or Pickled Salt Water Fish

The Export Permit Branch has authorized the cancellation of the instructions contained in Supplement No. 17, Fifth Revision, WM No. 39.

Hereafter, dried, salted or pickled salt water fish tendered for export to any destination outside of Canada will require an individual export permit for each shipment, except in respect of general permits which may be issued in the name of designated shippers.

Please forward direct to the Export Permit Branch any outstanding copies of form B.13-B under which shipments of dried, salted or pickled salt water fish have been cleared as provided in Supplement No. 17.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

Part III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 294

Respecting Maximum Rentals and Termination of Leases for Housing Accommodation and Shared Accommodation

made pursuant to authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9029, dated the 21st day of November, 1941, and amendments thereto. This Board orders as follows:

Definitions

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Board" means the Wartime Prices and Trade Board;

(*b*) "clubhouse" means the clubhouse of a club incorporated for the purpose of carrying on its objects without pecuniary gain and which restricts the occupancy of rooms in the clubhouse to members of the club;

(*c*) "commercial accommodation" means

(i) any vacant land;

(ii) any land used for commercial purposes and let upon a ground lease;

(iii) any place of business;

(iv) any structure or part of a structure used for combined business and dwelling purposes under a lease that is made to one tenant or two or more tenants jointly and the rental payable under which has not been apportioned in respect of that part used for business purposes and that part used as a place of dwelling;

(*d*) "Court of Rental Appeals" means any judge, judicial officer or barrister designated as such, for any particular area, by the Board;

(*e*) "demand for renewal" means a demand for renewal conforming to the provisions of this Order and given by the landlord to the tenant in accordance with the provisions of this Order;

(*f*) "hotel" means a public house the operator of which

(i) in one or more buildings, furnishes sleeping and living accommodation, with or without meals, to the travelling public; and

(ii) receives and lodges all persons seeking shelter, unless there is reasonable ground for refusal; and

(iii) has customarily kept a register in which the guests, on arrival, record their names and addresses; and

(iv) assumes responsibility for the goods and chattels of its guests in accordance with the law of the province in which the hotel is situated;

(*g*) "housing accommodation" means any place of dwelling and any land upon which a place of dwelling is situated, but shall not include commercial accommodation, shared accommodation or any room in a hotel or clubhouse;

(*h*) "landlord" means any person of whom another holds any right to the possession of any place of dwelling and the heirs, executors, administrators and assigns of such person and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, includes any person who lets or sub-lets or grants any leave and licence for the possession of any housing accommodation or shared accommodation, any person entitled to possession under any judgment or order of a Court or under any statute and any mortagee or chargee in possession;

(*i*) " lease " means any enforceable contract for the letting or sub-letting of any housing accommodation or shared accommodation or any leave and licence for the use of any housing accommodation or shared accommodation, whether such contract or leave and licence is made orally or in writing; and each of the verbs "let", "rent" and "sub-let" shall have a corresponding extended meaning;

(*j*) "notice of renewal" means a notice of renewal conforming to the provisions of this Order and given by the tenant to the landlord in accordance with the provisions of this Order;

(*k*) "province" includes the North West Territories and Yukon Territory;

(*l*) "rent" or "rental" or "rate" means any payment or consideration, including any bonus or gratuity to or for the benefit of the landlord, for the possession of any housing accommodation or shared accommodation by the day, week, month, year or other period of time;

(*m*) "Rentals Administrator" means a person appointed as such by the Board and includes any person similarly appointed as a deputy Rentals Administrator;

(*n*) "Rentals Appraiser" means any person appointed as such by the Board or by a Rentals Administrator;

(*o*) "shared accommodation" means any room or rooms forming part of the residence of the landlord or of his agent and of which the entrance and any facility are used in common by the landlord or agent and the occupant or occupants of the room or rooms;

(*p*) "tenant" means any person who holds possession of any housing accommodation or shared accommodation under any lease;

(*q*) "term certain" means a period of possession of housing accommodation, the right to which possession, according to the law of the province in which the accommodation is situated, would terminate at the end of the period without notice by either landlord or tenant were it not for the provisions of this Order.

PROPERTY AND LEASES NOT AFFECTED BY THIS ORDER

Exemptions from Order

2. (1) The provisions of this Order shall not apply to

(*a*) any living or sleeping room in an educational, religious, philanthropic, charitable, scientific, artistic, professional, social or sporting institution, or in any hospital or convalescent or nursing home, or in any clubhouse;

(*b*) any real property used solely for agricultural purposes;

(*c*) any lease of any housing accommodation in which lease His Majesty in right of Canada is landlord and Wartime Housing Limited is his agent;

all of which are hereby exempted from the provisions of Section 5 of the Wartime Leasehold Regulations.

(2) In any case in which a Rentals Administrator has exempted any real property or any transaction or person from any provisions of any previous Order of the Board, such property, transaction or person shall to the extent of such exemption be exempt from the corresponding provision of this Order unless and until a Rentals Administrator otherwise directs in writing.

PART I—MAXIMUM RENTALS FOR HOUSING ACCOMMODATION

Fixed maximum rentals

3. Maximum rentals that have been fixed for housing accommodation before October 1, 1943 or under this Order shall not be varied except in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

4. (1) Maximum rentals that have been fixed before October 1, 1943, are the following:—

(*a*) a maximum rental fixed before October 11, 1941, for any housing accommodation by any Order of the Board referred to in the Appendix to this Order (subject to the latest conclusive variation of such maximum rental heretofore made under the authority of the Board);

(*b*) the rental lawfully payable under a lease in effect on October 11, 1941, for any housing accommodation or, if there was no lease in effect for the accommodation on that date but there was a lease in effect for the accommodation at some time or times since January 1, 1940, the rental lawfully payable under the latest lease in effect between January 1, 1940, and October 11, 1941 (subject to the latest conclusive variation of such maximum rental heretofore made under the authority of the Board);

(*c*) the rental lawfully payable under the first lease made between October 11, 1941, and December 10, 1942, for any housing accommodation for which no maximum rental had been fixed on or before October 11, 1941 (subject to the latest conclusive variation of such maximum rental heretofore made under the authority of the Board);

(*d*) the maximum rental conclusively fixed under the authority of the Board for any housing accommodation that was rented for the first time on December 10, 1942, or between December 10, 1942, and October 1, 1943.

Particular fixed maximum rentals

(2) Maximum rentals payable under any lease referred to in clause (*b*) of subsection (1) preceding shall include the following:

(*a*) a rental which is subject to seasonal variation during year-round possession, in which case the rental payable in each season shall be the maximum rental payable in any corresponding season;

(*b*) a rental payable under a sub-lease made between a tenant and a sub-tenant and in effect at the same time as the lease referred to; in which case a lease may be made or renewed at the rental payable under the sub-lease if the same housing accommodation, appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services and facilities are supplied as were supplied under the sub-lease;

(*c*) an altered rental payable upon the exercise of an option contained in the lease; but, unless the option is exercised, such altered rental shall not constitute a maximum rental;

(*d*) a rental payable for any housing accommodation customarily rented only for a season or part of a season; in which case the maximum daily, weekly, monthly and seasonal rentals in each season shall be the respective daily, weekly, monthly and seasonal rentals payable in the last corresponding season before October 11, 1941.

(3) In any case in which there is a fixed maximum daily rental and a fixed maximum weekly rental for any housing accommodation customarily rented only for a season or part of a season and the accommodation is occupied by the same tenant for seven consecutive days or longer, the maximum rental that may be charged, demanded, received, collected or paid for such occupancy shall be the maximum weekly rental.

(4) In any case in which there is a fixed maximum weekly rental and a fixed maximum monthly rental for any housing accommodation customarily rented only for a season or part of a season and the accommodation is occupied by the same

tenant for one month or longer, the maximum rental that may be charged, demanded, received, collected or paid for such occupancy shall be the maximum monthly rental.

Lessening accommodation or services, etc.

5. (1) Housing accommodation for which there is a fixed maximum rental shall include all appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services and facilities that were supplied or were to be supplied by the landlord for such maximum rental.

(2) During the term of any lease now or hereafter in effect for any housing accommodation or during any period of renewal or extension of such lease, no person shall, in the absence of an agreement between the landlord and tenant to the contrary, discontinue or lessen any heating, lighting or cold or hot water service supplied or to be supplied by the landlord unless he obtains from the Rentals Appraiser a written permit so to do and complies with the terms of such permit or unless such discontinuance or lessening is due to governmental order or fuel not being available.

(3) An application for a permit shall be made on a form provided by the Board; and the Rentals Appraiser may grant or refuse a permit.

(4) If the landlord of any housing accommodation for which there is a fixed maximum rental lessens the amount of the accommodation or of any appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services or facilities which were supplied or to be supplied for the maximum rental, whether or not a permit has been granted under this Section, he shall either before or within thirty days after the date of such lessening, make an application in accordance with Section 9 to the Rentals Appraiser for a variation of the maximum rental; provided that nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to authorize a landlord to break the conditions of any lease in effect for the accommodation.

Increasing accommodation or services, etc.

6. If the landlord of any housing accommodation, since the date on which the maximum rental therefor was last fixed, increases the amount of such accommodation or supplies any appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services or facilities that were not supplied for the rental fixed on such date, he shall not collect or receive any rental in excess of the maximum rental unless, upon application by him, the maximum rental is varied under the provisions of Section 7 and he complies with the provisions of Section 8.

Variation of fixed maximum rentals

7. (1) An application may be made by the landlord of any housing accommodation to the Rentals Appraiser for a variation of the fixed maximum rental for the accommodation by reason of any of the following special circumstances affecting such accommodation:

(*a*) an increase in the taxes or water rates payable by the landlord since the date on which the maximum rental was last fixed and resulting otherwise than from a structural alteration, addition or improvement; in which case, the Rentals Appraiser may increase the maximum rental by an amount which is commensurate with the amount of such increase in taxes or water rates;

(*b*) an increase in the amount of the accommodation or the supplying of appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services or facilities that were not supplied or to be supplied for the maximum rental; in which case, the Rentals Appraiser may increase the maximum rental by an amount which is commensurate with the increased rental value of the accommodation, but in no event shall the maximum rental be increased to an amount that is higher than the rental generally prevailing on October 11, 1941, for similar accommodation in the neighbourhood;

(*c*) renovation of the accommodation involving an expenditure of an amount not less than ten per cent of the assessed value of the accommodation; in which case the Rentals Appraiser may increase the maximum rental by an amount which is commensurate with the increased rental value of the accommodation, but in no event shall the maximum rental be increased to an amount that is higher than the rental generally prevailing on October 11, 1941, for similar accommodation in the neighbourhood;

(*d*) the maximum rental referred to in clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of subsection (1) of Section 4 for any unit of housing accommodation in a multiple family building is lower than the maximum rental generally prevailing for similar units of housing accommodation in the same building; in which case, the Rentals Appraiser may increase the maximum rental to an amount not exceeding such generally prevailing maximum rental for such similar units;

(*e*) the maximum rental for one year for the accommodation is less than twice the total of the taxes and water rates payable by the landlord; in which case the Rentals Appraiser may increase the maximum rental to an amount equal to twice such total but in no event shall the maximum rental be increased to an amount that is higher than the rental generally prevailing on October 11, 1941, for similar accommodation in the neighbourhood;

(*f*) the tenant at the date of the application is sub-letting more than two rooms in the accommodation and

(i) under the terms of the lease in effect the tenant agreed in writing not to sub-let without the landlord's consent and such consent has not been given, or

(ii) the tenant is in possession under an oral lease and on the date on which the maximum rental for the accommodation was last fixed more than two rooms therein were not being sub-let,

and the maximum rental has not been increased under any previous order of the Board by reason of increased wear and tear caused by the tenant; in which case, the Rentals Appraiser may increase the maximum rental by ten per cent.

(2) An application may be made by a tenant of any housing accommodation to the Rentals Appraiser for a variation of the fixed maximum rental of the accommodation by reason of the circumstance that

(*a*) the maximum rental referred to in clause (*c*) of subsection (1) of Section 4 is higher than the rental generally prevailing on October 11, 1941, for similar housing accommodation in the neighbourhood; in which case, the Rentals Appraiser may decrease the maximum rental to such generally prevailing rental; but an application shall not be made if the maximum rental was varied or fixed by a decision made under the authority of the Board or is an altered rental referred to in clause (*c*) of subsection (2) of Section 4; or

(*b*) since the date on which the maximum rental for the accommodation was last fixed, there has been a lessening of the amount of the accommodation or of any appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services or facilities that were supplied or to be supplied for the maximum rental; in which case, the Rentals Appraiser may decrease the maximum rental by an amount which is commensurate with the decreased rental value of the accommodation.

(3) No application by a landlord or a tenant for a variation of a fixed maximum rental shall be considered by a Rentals Appraiser unless it is by reason of one or more of the special circumstances set forth in this Section or in Section 5.

(4) Any variation of the maximum rental for any housing accommodation under this Order shall be deemed to be the fixation of the maximum rental for such accommodation.

When an increased or decreased maximum rental may be charged

8. (1) If a fixed maximum rental has been increased under clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*) or (*e*) of subsection (1) of Section 7 and the tenant has not agreed to pay any increased rental, the increased maximum rental shall not be charged, demanded, received, collected, or paid earlier than the expiration of the current term of the lease then in effect, but may be charged thereafter, if, in the case of a lease not for a term certain the landlord has given the notice referred to in Section 17 or, in the case of a lease for a term certain, the landlord has given the demand for renewal referred to in subsection (3) of Section 18.

(2) When the fixed maximum rental for any housing accommodation has been increased under the provisions of this Order,

(*a*) by reason of any increase in the taxes or water rates referred to in clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of Section 7 and the tenant has agreed to pay an increased rental for that reason, the increased maximum rental may be collected to the extent of and in accordance with the agreement; or

(*b*) by reason of an increase in the amount of the accommodation or the supplying of any appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services or facilities referred to in clause (*b*) of subsection (1) of Section 7 and the tenant has agreed to pay an increased rental for that reason, the increased maximum rental may be collected as from the date of such supplying to the extent of and in accordance with the agreement, or

(*c*) by reason of the renovation referred to in clause (*c*) of subsection (1) of Section 7 and the tenant has agreed to pay an increased rental for that reason, the increased maximum rental may be collected as from the date of such renovation to the extent of and in accordance with the agreement, or

(*d*) by reason of the circumstance referred to in clause (*d*) or clause (*e*) of subsection (1) of Section 7 and the tenant has agreed to pay an increased rental for that reason, the increased maximum rental may be collected as from the date on which the landlord's application was filed to the extent of and in accordance with the agreement;

provided that the right to collect, receive or pay any such increased rental shall be postponed until the date on which such maximum rental has been conclusively increased under the provisions of this Order.

(3) When the fixed maximum rental for any housing accommodation has been increased by reason of a sub-letting referred to in clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of Section 7 the increased maximum rental may be charged

(*a*) in the case of a lease not for a term certain, from the date specified in a notice given by the landlord to the tenant in accordance with subsection (2) of Section 17;

(*b*) in the case of a lease for a term certain, during the period of any renewal of the lease if the landlord gives to the tenant a demand for renewal in accordance with subsection (4) of Section 18.

(4) When the fixed maximum rental for any housing accommodation has been decreased under this Order

(*a*) by reason of the circumstance that the fixed maximum rental was higher than the rental generally prevailing on October 11, 1941, for similar housing accommodation in the neighbourhood, the decreased maximum rental shall take effect from the date on which the relevant application was filed or the date on which the matter was referred by a Rentals Administrator to the Rentals Appraiser, or the date on which the Rentals Appraiser decreased the maximum rental of his own motion, as the case may be;

(*b*) by reason of the lessening of any appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services or facilities, the decreased maximum rental shall take effect from the date on which the lessening occurred;

and the lease in effect for such accommodation shall be deemed to have been amended accordingly.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Wartime Leasehold Regulations prohibiting the charging, demanding, receiving, collecting and paying of any rental in excess of the maximum rental, in any case in which the landlord of any housing accommodation is entitled under this Order to make an application for an increased maximum rental for the accommodation, a lease may be made which provides for a rental higher than the fixed maximum rental subject to the maximum rental being varied under the provisions of this Order; but the right to collect, receive or pay

any rental in excess of the fixed maximum rental shall be postponed until the date on which the maximum rental has been conclusively increased under the provisions of this Order.

Procedure for application for variation of maximum rentals

9. (1) An application to a Rentals Appraiser for the variation of a fixed maximum rental shall be made in the following manner:

(*a*) a form of application provided by the Board shall be completed in duplicate by the applicant and all information required by such form shall be given;

(*b*) both copies of the completed application shall be filed with the Rentals Appraiser;

(*c*) the Rentals Appraiser shall forward a copy of the application to the opposite party by mail;

(*d*) the opposite party to the application may, within ten days after the date on which it was mailed to him, forward or give to the Rentals Appraiser any written statement that he desires to make.

(2) The Rentals Appraiser may require such additional information from either party as he may direct, may conduct a hearing if he desires and may adopt such procedure as he deems proper.

(3) The Rentals Appraiser may require the evidence of the parties to be given under oath or affirmation and may administer such oath or affirmation, and may inspect the accommodation; but no expense shall be incurred without the written authorization of a Rentals Administrator.

(4) The Rentals Appraiser may fix or vary the maximum rental of the accommodation described in the application or may dismiss the application.

(5) If the application is by reason of a sub-letting referred to in clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of Section 7, the Rentals Appraiser may refer the application to the Court of Rental Appeals for decision; in which case, the provisions of Section 11 shall apply as if the reference were an appeal.

(6) A Rentals Appraiser, of his own motion, may vary the maximum rental for any housing accommodation by reason of the existence of any circumstance referred to in Section 7.

(7) Any decision by a Rentals Appraiser shall be on a form provided by the Board and, in the absence of an appeal under Section 11, the decision shall be conclusive as between the parties.

(8) On any application, no costs shall be awarded to either party.

Fixation of maximum rental not previously fixed

10. (1) The landlord of any housing accommodation described in subsection (2) following shall, before or within thirty days after making a lease therefor, make an application to the Rentals Appraiser to fix the maximum rental therefor; and a landlord who has made the application may collect the rental payable under the lease until the maximum rental is fixed but, if he does not make the application within such thirty days, the tenant may thereafter withhold payment of all rental until the landlord has made the application but shall notify the Rentals Appraiser that the application has not been made.

(2) Housing accommodation to which this Section applies shall be:

(*a*) that for which there was no lease in effect between January 1, 1940, and October 1, 1943;

(*b*) that which has been altered since the date on which the maximum rental therefor was last fixed, resulting in substantially different accommodation;

(*c*) that which has been customarily rented for a season or seasons only, if rented for any period not included in such season or seasons;

(*d*) that which has been converted from commercial accommodation;

(*e*) that for which the maximum rental is not ascertainable by the landlord.

(3) If there is no lease in effect for the housing accommodation at the time of the application, the landlord shall complete a form of application provided by the Board and shall furnish such information as the Rentals Appraiser may require and the provisions of subsections (2), (3), (4) and (7) of Section 9 shall apply to the application.

(4) If there is a lease in effect for the housing accommodation at the time of the application, all of the provisions of Section 9 (except subsection (5)) shall apply as if the application were for variation of a fixed maximum rental.

(5) If there is a lease in effect for the housing accommodation at the time of the application, the maximum rental fixed under this Section shall take effect from the date of the commencement of the lease; and, if the rental payable under the lease is higher than such fixed maximum rental, the lease shall be deemed to have been amended accordingly.

(6) In no case shall a maximum rental for any housing accommodation be fixed under this Section at an amount that is higher than the rental generally prevailing on October 11, 1941, for similar accommodation in the neighbourhood.

(7) A Rentals Appraiser may, of his own motion, fix the maximum rental for any housing accommodation referred to in this Section and, in the absence of an appeal under Section 11, the decision of the Rentals Appraiser shall be conclusive as between the parties.

Appeal from Rentals Appraiser

11. (1) The decision of a Rentals Appraiser fixing or varying the maximum rental for any housing accommodation may be appealed by either party to the Court of Rental Appeals

(2) An appeal shall be made in the following manner:—

(*a*) a notice of appeal provided by the Board shall be completed in duplicate by the party who is appealing;

(*b*) the party who is appealing shall, within fifteen days after the date of the Rentals Appraiser's decision or within such further time not exceeding thirty days as a Rentals Administrator may allow

  (i) serve one copy of the notice of appeal on the opposite party, if any, by personal service or by prepaid registered mail;

  (ii) file the other copy and proof of service on any opposite party with the Rentals Appraiser or other officer designated by a Rentals Administrator;

(*c*) the Rentals Appraiser shall ascertain from the Court of Rental Appeals the date of the hearing of the appeal and shall forward to each of the parties by mail a notice stating the date of hearing unless such Court itself sends such notice;

(*d*) the Rentals Appraiser shall forward to the Court of Rental Appeals a copy of his decision, all material filed on the application and a memorandum setting forth such additional facts as were established before him; and such material and memorandum shall be open to inspection by either party;

(*e*) on the appeal, any relevant evidence may be submitted by either party.

(3) The Court of Rental Appeals may require such information in such manner as it may direct, may adopt such procedure at the hearing as it deems proper, may inspect the accommodation and, for the purpose of informing itself in the execution of its powers and duties, shall have the powers of a commissioner appointed under the Inquiries Act (R.S.C. 1927, Chapter 99); but no expense shall be incurred without the written authorization of a Rentals Administrator.

(4) The said Court may confirm or revoke the decision of the Rentals Appraiser or make such variation or fixation of the maximum rental as could be made by the Rentals Appraiser under the provisions of this Order.

(5) The decision of the said Court shall be on a form provided by the Board and shall be conclusive as between the parties.

(6) On any appeal under this Section, no costs shall be awarded to either party.

PART II—TERMINATION OF LEASES FOR HOUSING ACCOMMODATION

Dispossession under this Order

12. Except as provided in Sections 13, 14, 15 and 16, no tenant of any housing accommodation shall be dispossessed of such accommodation or be evicted therefrom and no landlord shall demand that any tenant vacate or deliver up possession of any housing accommodation.

Dispossession under provincial law

13. The landlord may recover possession of the accommodation in accordance with the law of the province in which it is situated if the tenant

(*a*) is in default in payment of his rent for fifteen days or longer; or

(*b*) is breaking any material provision of his lease, other than a provision to vacate, unless the breach is permitted under any Order of the Board; provided that the landlord, before exercising his rights under this Section by reason of this clause, shall inform the tenant in writing of the nature of the alleged breach; or

(*c*) is in possession under a lease for a term certain of five months or less made on or after October 1, 1943, provided that this clause shall only apply to the first such lease made in any period of twelve months; or

(*d*) is the landlord's employee, servant or agent; or

(*e*) must vacate in order to enable the landlord to comply with the order of any duly constituted authority under the law of the province or municipality in which the accommodation is situated, declaring such accommodation as unfit for human habitation; or

(*f*) has given to the landlord, after the making of the lease for the accommodation but not as a term of the lease or a condition of obtaining it, a written notice of his intention to vacate the accommodation on a stated date and has failed to so vacate; or

(*g*) is in occupation under a lease for a term certain, has received from the landlord a demand for renewal in accordance with Section 18, has not given to the landlord a notice of renewal in accordance with Section 19, and has failed to vacate at the end of such term certain; or

(*h*) is in occupation under a lease that is not for a term certain, has received from the landlord a notice in accordance with Section 17 and has not given to the landlord a notice in accordance with such Section; or

(*i*) is in occupation of housing accommodation that is customarily let for a season or seasons and his lease is for a season or a part thereof; or

(*j*) is a tenant in respect of whom an order has been made by the Court of Rental Appeals under Section 14; or

(*k*) has been given a notice to vacate in accordance with Section 15 or Section 16; or

(*l*) is a tenant of His Majesty in right of Canada or of any province thereof; or

(*m*) has assigned his lease or has sub-let the entire accommodation for the remainder of the term of the lease, and for the purposes of this clause the term of a periodic tenancy shall be the current lease month in the case of a monthly lease and the current lease year in the case of a yearly lease. A landlord shall not be entitled to exercise his rights under this Section by reason of this clause if, by privity of contract, consent or otherwise, the relation of landlord and tenant has been established between him and the assignee or sub-tenant as the case may be.

Dispossession of obnoxious tenants

14. (1) If the landlord of any housing accommodation wishes to terminate the tenant's lease because the conduct of the tenant or his sub-tenant or someone living with the tenant or sub-tenant is obnoxious to the other occupant or occupants of the building in which the accommodation is situated, or tends to harm its character, or because the tenant or his sub-tenant or someone living with the tenant or sub-tenant is damaging the accommodation or because the tenant or sub-tenant by not taking reasonable care of it is causing it to deteriorate, the landlord may apply to the Court of Rental Appeals for an order exempting the lease from the provisions of this Part.

(2) The application shall be made in the following manner:

(*a*) a form of application provided by the Board shall be completed in duplicate by the landlord and all information required by such form shall be given;

(*b*) both copies of the application shall be filed with the Rentals Appraiser;

(*c*) the Rentals Appraiser shall ascertain from the Court of Rental Appeals the date of the hearing of the application;

(*d*) the Rentals Appraiser shall forward a copy of the application to the tenant by registered mail and shall forward to both parties a notice stating the date on which the Court of Rental Appeals will hear the application, unless the Court itself forwards such notice to both parties;

(*e*) the tenant may, within ten days after the date on which the application was mailed to him, forward or give to the Rentals Appraiser any written statement that he desires to make;

(*f*) the Rentals Appraiser shall forward to the Court of Rental Appeals all material filed on the application.

(3) On the hearing of the application, the Court of Rental Appeals may require such information in such manner as it may direct, may adopt such procedure as it deems proper and may grant or refuse the order; but no costs shall be awarded to either party.

Dispossession for purpose of personal residence

15. (1) If the landlord of any housing accommodation desires the accommodation as a residence for himself or for his father, mother, son, daughter or daughter-in-law for a period of at least one year from the date of vacation by the tenant, or if the personal representative of the deceased landlord desires the accommodation as a residence for the father, mother, son, daughter, daughter-in-law, widow or widower of the deceased landlord for at least that period, he may give to the tenant a notice to vacate which shall be on a form provided by the Board or in the form set forth in the Appendix to this Order as Form No. 1.

(2) Unless the lease provides for a longer notice, at least six months' notice to vacate shall be given directing the tenant to vacate

(*a*) in the case of a monthly lease, at the end of a lease month or, in the case of a weekly lease, at the end of a lease week, but in neither case between September 30 and the following April 30;

(*b*) in the case of any other lease not for a term certain, at the end of the term or, if the unexpired portion of the term is less than six months, at the end of the following term;

(*c*) in the case of a lease for a term certain, at the end of the term, but if the unexpired portion of the term is less than six months at the date on which the notice is given, the notice shall be null and void and the provisions of Section 20 shall apply.

(3) If a tenant is required to vacate any housing accommodation under this Section, the accommodation shall not, without a permit in writing of the Rentals Appraiser, be rented in whole or in part to another tenant or be sold to any person during a period of one year from the date on which the notice directs the tenant to vacate.

Dispossession for purpose of sub-division

16. (1) If the landlord of any housing accommodation desires possession of the accommodation for the purpose of dividing it by means of structural alteration into family units, so as to accommodate more persons in the accommodation he may make an application to the Rentals Appraiser for a permit to give a notice to vacate to the tenant.

(2) The application shall be on a form provided by the Board and all information required by the form shall be given.

(3) The landlord shall file with the application his plans of the proposed division and shall satisfy the Rentals Appraiser that he has obtained or is able to obtain from all proper authorities any necessary permits for the division.

(4) The Rentals Appraiser may require any additional information, may inspect the accommodation and may grant or refuse the permit.

(5) If the Rentals Appraiser refuses to grant a permit under this Section, the landlord may appeal to the Court of Rental Appeals; in which case, the Rentals Appraiser shall forward to the Court all material filed with him and a memorandum of any additional information obtained by him and the Court shall have all the powers conferred on the Rentals Appraiser by this Section.

(6) If a permit is granted under this Section, the landlord may give to the tenant a notice to vacate which shall be on a form provided by the Board or in the form set forth in the Appendix to this Order as Form No. 2.

(7) Unless the lease provides for a longer notice, at least three months' notice to vacate shall be given directing the tenant to vacate

(*a*) in the case of a monthly lease, at the end of a lease month or, in the case of a weekly lease, at the end of a lease week, but in neither case between September 30 and the following April 30;

(*b*) in the case of any other lease not for a term certain, at the end of the term or, if the unexpired portion of the term is less than three months, at the end of the following term;

(*c*) in the case of a lease for a term certain, at the end of the term, but if the unexpired portion of the term is less than three months at the date on which the notice is given, the notice shall be null and void and the provisions of Section 20 shall apply.

(8) If a tenant is required to vacate any housing accommodation under this Section, the accommodation shall not, without a permit in writing of the Rentals Appraiser, be rented in whole or in part to another tenant or be sold to any person until the division specified in the application is completed. This subsection shall not prevent a landlord from makng a lease of any family unit referred to in subsection (1) preceding for occupation by the tenant after completion of the unit.

Increasing rental to maximum rental

17. (1) If the rental for any housing accommodation payable under a lease that is not for a term certain is less than the fixed maximum rental for the accommodation and the maximum rental has not been increased by reason of the sub-letting referred to in clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of Section 7 the landlord may give to the tenant a notice which shall be on a form provided by the Board or in the form set forth in the Appendix to this Order as Form No. 3, requiring the tenant to pay a specified increased rental not exceeding the fixed maximum rental for the accommodation.

(2) If the maximum rental for any housing accommodation has been increased by reason of a sub-letting referred to in clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of Section 7, and the tenant's lease is not for a term certain, the landlord may give to the tenant a notice which shall be on a form provided by the Board or in the form set forth in the Appendix to this Order as Form No. 4, requiring the tenant to pay a specified increased rental, not exceeding the increased maximum rental for the accommodation; and, if the tenant gives to the landlord the notice referred to in subsection (4) of this Section, the increased rental shall be payable until the end of the lease month in which the tenant discontinues the sub-letting and notifies the landlord in writing of such discontinuance; if the tenant thereafter resumes the sub-letting of more than two rooms, the increased maximum rental shall be payable by the tenant from the date of such resumption while such sub-letting continues.

(3) The notice referred to in subsection (1) and (2) shall be given not later than the time prescribed by the law of the province in which the accommodation is situated for the giving of a notice to vacate, and shall require payment of the increased rental from the date on which the tenant would have been required to vacate had the notice been a notice to vacate under such law.

(4) Unless the tenant, within fifteen days after receipt of the notice, gives to the landlord a notice in writing agreeing to pay such increased rental, the notice given by the landlord shall be deemed to have terminated the lease and the landlord may recover possession of the accommodation in accordance with the law of the province in which it is situated.

Landlord's demand for renewal

18. (1) If the landlord under any lease of housing accommodation for a term certain desires to ascertain whether the tenant is willing to renew the lease or intends to vacate the accommodation at the end of the term, he may give to the tenant a demand for renewal, which shall not be given earlier than three months before the date of expiration of the term or later than fifteen days before such date of expiration.

(2) A demand for renewal at the same rental shall be on a form provided by the Board or in the form set forth in the Appendix to this Order as Form No. 5.

(3) If the rental payable under the lease is less than the fixed maximum rental for such accommodation and has not been increased by reason of a sub-letting referred to in subsection (1) of Section 7, the landlord may require payment of a specified increased rental, not exceeding the maximum rental, if the tenant renews the lease; and in such case, the demand shall be on a form provided by the Board or in the form set forth in the Appendix to this Order as Form No. 7.

(4) If the maximum rental for any housing accommodation has been increased by reason of a sub-letting referred to in clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of Section 7 and the tenant's lease is for a term certain, the landlord may give to the tenant a demand for renewal which shall be on a form provided by the Board or in the form set forth in the Appendix to this Order as Form No. 8 requiring the tenant, if he desires to renew the lease, to pay a specified increased rental not exceeding the increased maximum rental for the accommodation; and if the tenant gives the notice of renewal referred to in subsection (1) of Section 19, the increased rental shall be payable during the period of renewal unless the tenant discontinues the sub-letting of more than two rooms and notifies the landlord in writing of such discontinuance, in which case the increased rental shall be payable until the end of the lease month in which the tenant so notifies the landlord; if the tenant thereafter resumes the sub-letting of more than two rooms the increased rental shall be payable by the tenant from the date of such resumption while such sub-letting continues.

Tenant's notice of renewal.

19. (1) If the tenant of any housing accommodation for a term certain has been given a demand for renewal in accordance with Section 18 and desires to renew his lease, he shall, within fifteen days after receipt of such demand, complete the notice of renewal contained in the demand for renewal and return it to the landlord or give to the landlord a notice of renewal in the form set forth in the Appendix to this Order as Form No. 6.

(2) In the absence of agreement to the contrary, a notice of renewal may not be withdrawn.

(3) In the absence of agreement to the contrary, the period of renewal shall be for a further term certain of one year.

(4) Each renewal for a term certain arising under a notice of renewal given under this or any previous Order of the Board shall constitute a lease.

Overholding in absence of demand for renewal.

20. If the tenant of any housing accommodation for a term certain to whom the provisions of Section 13 do not apply has not been given a demand for renewal, he may, at his option, vacate the accommodation at the end of such term or remain in possession of the accommodation; but, if he remains in possession, the landlord may, before accepting payment of any rent, require that the tenancy shall be from month to month but, in the absence of such a requirement, the period of tenancy created by the payment and acceptance of rent shall, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, be governed by the law of the province in which the accommodation is situated.

Landlord's right of inspection.

21. (1) In the absence of agreement with the tenant to the contrary, the landlord of any housing accommodation shall be entitled to show or have his agent show prospective buyers through the accommodation at all reasonable times,

(*a*) if the lease in effect on October 1, 1943 is not for a term certain; or

(*b*) during the period of renewal arising as the result of a notice of renewal given under the provisions of Order No. 108 of the Board in the case of a lease for a term certain; or

(*c*) if the tenant remains in possession of the accommodation under Section 20.

(2) If the tenant refuses to permit the inspection, the landlord may apply to the Rentals Appraiser for a notice by such Appraiser directing the tenant to permit any person specified in the notice to inspect the accommodation at a time specified in the notice and informing the tenant that, if he fails to permit such inspection, the landlord may apply to the Court of Rental Appeals for an order exempting the lease from the provisions of this Part.

(3) If, after receipt of the notice by the Rentals Appraiser, the tenant fails to permit the inspection, the landlord may make an application to the Court of Rental Appeals for an order exempting the lease from the provisions of this Part; in which case the provisions of subsections (2) and (3) of Section 14 shall apply.

Rights of sub-tenants

22. (1) A sub-tenant of any housing accommodation shall have, in respect of the tenant of the accommodation, the same rights and obligations under this Order as the tenant has in respect of his landlord.

(2) If the landlord of any housing accommodation terminates the tenant's lease for the accommodation in accordance with this Order, no sub-tenant of the accommodation may remain in occupation of the accommodation after the date of such termination except to the extent that he has acquired such right against the landlord under the law of the province in which the accommodation is situated by establishing privity of contract with or obtaining the consent of the landlord or otherwise.

PART III—SHARED ACCOMMODATION

Shared accommodation in designated area

23. This Order shall not apply to any shared accommodation situated in any area referred to in Administrator's Order No. A-421, or in any area designated under the authority of the Administrator's Order No. A-488 or under any Order of the Board respecting shared accommodation.

Dispossession under provincial law

24. Part II of this Order shall not apply to any shared accommodation and the landlord may recover possession of the accommodation in accordance with the law of the province in which it is situated.

Shared accommodation when let as a unit

25. All shared accommodation (other than that referred to in Sections 23 and 26) shall be deemed to be housing accommodation to which all the provisions of Part I of this Order shall apply.

Shared accommodation let at a rate per person

26. No person shall let any shared accommodation at a rate per person unless the accommodation is equipped and furnished (including bedding, linen and the laundering thereof) for the sleeping accommodation of each occupant. For the purposes of this Part, when shared accommodation is let at a rate per person the occupant of the accommodation shall be deemed to be a roomer (or a boarder if any meals are supplied to him for an inclusive rate).

Maximum rate per person

27. (1) If any shared accommodation is equipped and furnished (including bedding, linen and the laundering thereof) for the sleeping accommodation of each occupant,

(*a*) the maximum rate per person at which the landlord of such accommodation may let it to any number of occupants shall be the rate per person that he had in effect for that number of occupants on July 1, 1943;

(*b*) the maximum rate per person at which the landlord may let such accommodation to a number of occupants, for which number he had no rate per person in effect on July 1, 1943, shall be the rate per person first charged by him after July 1, 1943, for that number of occupants.

(2) No person shall charge, demand, receive, collect or pay for any shared accommodation a rate per person that is higher than the maximum rate per person fixed for the accommodation under this Section, except to the extent that it is varied under Section 28.

Variation of per person rates

28. (1) An application may be made by the landlord of any shared accommodation to the Rentals Appraiser to increase the maximum rate per person for the accommodation by reason of either of the following special circumstances:

(*a*) the maximum rate per person is lower than the rate per person generally prevailing for similar occupancy of similar accommodation in the neighbourhood;

(*b*) the supplying of any furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services, meals or facilities that were not supplied or to be supplied for such maximum rate;

in either of which cases, the Rentals Appraiser, if satisfied that such maximum rate per person is lower than the rate generally prevailing for similar accommodation in the neighbourhood, may increase it to an amount not exceeding such generally prevailing rate.

(2) An application may be made by a roomer or a boarder to decrease the maximum rate per person for the shared accommodation which he occupies, by reason of either of the following special circumstances:

(*a*) the maximum rate per person is higher than the rate per person generally prevailing for similar occupancy of similar accommodation in the neighbourhood;

(*b*) the lessening of any furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services, meals or facilities that were supplied or to be supplied for such maximum rate;

in either of which cases, the Rentals appraiser, if satisfied that such maximum rate per person is higher than the rate per person generally prevailing for similar occupancy of similar accommodation in the neighbourhood, may decrease it to the amount of such generally prevailing rate.

Posting up maximum rates

29. A Rentals Administrator may from time to time by notice published in Canadian War Orders and Regulations require landlords of any shared accommodation in any area designated in the notice to keep posted in a conspicuous place in the accommodation a maximum rate card on a form provided by the Board, or to complete any form designated in the notice and file it with such officer as the notice may direct.

PART IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

All leases amended

30. All leases made before or after October 1, 1943, shall be deemed to be amended in so far as is necessary to give effect to the provisions of this Order.

Notices, etc., to and by wives, etc.

31. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) any demand for renewal, notice of intention to vacate or other document that is required or permitted by this Order to be given by or to any person may be given by or to the widow, widower or legal representative of any such person or the wife or husband of any such person who is a member of His Majesty's Forces;

(*b*) any application, statement or other document that is required or permitted by this Order to be made, filed or posted by any person may be made, filed or posted by the widow, widower or legal representative of any such person or the wife or husband of any such person who is a member of His Majesty's Forces;

(*c*) personal occupation of any housing accommodation by the wife, husband, widow or widower of the landlord or of the tenant of such accommodation shall be deemed to be personal occupation by such landlord or tenant.

False statement

32. (1) No person shall make any false or misleading statement or representation in or in respect of any notice, demand, application, return, receipt, statement or other document that is required or permitted by or under this Order to be given, made, filed or posted.

(2) No person shall dispossess or evict any tenant from any housing accommodation, or require any tenant to vacate or deliver up possession of any housing accommodation, under any false or misleading representation.

Agreement to waive rights

33. Any agreement in a lease under which the tenant agrees to waive any of his rights under this Order shall be null and void.

Certain consideration deemed to be rental

34. (1) Any payment passing to the landlord in consideration of the right to possession or right to continue in possession of any housing accommodation or shared accommodation shall be deemed to be rental.

(2) In any case in which the right to possession of any housing accommodation or shared accommodation is conditional upon purchase by the tenant of any furniture or other chattels, any sum paid or to be paid therefor in excess of the fair market value of such furniture or chattels shall be deemed to be rental.

(3) Any agreement of sale of housing accommodation which provides for forfeiture in the event of default in payment of the purchase price without liability for the unpaid part of such price shall, for the purposes of this Order, be deemed to be a lease and any payments made thereunder shall be deemed to be rental.

(4) If any agreement between a landlord and a tenant of any housing accommodation provides for payment by the tenant, in addition to the stipulated rental, of any sum as consideration for an option granted to the tenant to purchase the accommodation, such sum shall be deemed to be rental.

Statement by landlord to tenant

35. In every case in which a lease or renewal of a lease for any housing accommodation or shared accommodation other than that referred to in Sections 26 and 27 is made

(*a*) to a new tenant, or

(*b*) at a change in rental, or

(*c*) involving a change in the furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services or facilities of the accommodation,

the landlord or his agent shall, at the time of making such lease or renewal, give to the tenant a signed statement on a form provided by the Board, showing the maximum rental for the accommodation and such further information as is required by the form, and shall forward a signed copy of the statement to the Regional Rentals Office within ten days thereafter.

Powers of Rentals Administrator

36. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, a Rentals Administrator may

(*a*) require any person to furnish any information in any specified form and manner;

(*b*) enter or authorize any other person to enter any housing accommodation or shared accommodation to inspect it or to examine any books, records and documents relating thereto;

(*c*) require any person to produce any or all books, records and documents relating to any housing accommodation or shared accommodation at any place before the Rentals Administrator or before any person appointed by him; and may take or authorize any person to take possession of any or all such books, records and documents;

(*d*) exempt any lease from any provision of this Order, effective on and after such date as he may designate;

(*e*) fix or vary the maximum rental for any housing accommodation or shared accommodation that is not the subject of a pending application or appeal;

(*f*) refer to a Rentals Appraiser the fixation or variation of any maximum rental that has not been fixed or varied by a decision made under the authority of the Board;

(*g*) vary any decision of a Rentals Appraiser that is not the subject of a pending appeal or, with the approval of the Chairman of the Board, vary any decision of a Court of Rental Appeals fixing or varying a maximum rental;

(*h*) authorize the re-opening of any decision fixing or varying a maximum rental and the re-consideration of the matter as if the decision had not been made;

(*i*) for any area, appoint any person as a Rentals Appraiser with such of the powers of a Rentals Appraiser under this Order as he may designate;

(*j*) determine whether any particular real property is housing accommodation or commercial accommodation or shared accommodation or a hotel or any real property or accommodation referred to in subsection (1) of Section 2 and may direct that such real property shall be governed by the provisions of such Order of the Board as he may designate accordingly; and such determination and direction shall be conclusive.

(2) A Rentals Administrator shall have the powers of a commissioner appointed under the Inquiries Act.

(3) The method and procedure of exercising his powers shall be such as a Rentals Administrator may adopt.

(4) The decision of a Rentals Administrator shall be final and conclusive.

Area having no Rentals Appraiser

37. In any area in which no Rentals Appraiser is appointed, all applications under this Order shall be made to the Court of Rental Appeals for such area, in which case all of the provisions of this Order shall apply as if the application were made to a Rentals Appraiser and the decision of that Court shall be conclusive as between the parties.

Previous Orders

38. Orders Nos. 108 and 183 of the Board are hereby revoked and the provisions of this Order are substituted therefor; provided that

(*a*) all applications received before October 1, 1943, by a Rentals Committee or by a Court under the provisions of Order No. 108, or required to be made under such provisions by reason of a notice to vacate given before October 1, 1943, shall be disposed of in accordance with that Order, and

(*b*) the provisions of Order No. 108 shall govern all rights and obligations resulting from a notice to vacate, demand for renewal or notice of renewal given before October 1, 1943, in accordance with such provisions.

Effective date

39. This Order shall be effective on and after the 1st day of October, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, the 16th day of July, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

APPENDIX

MAXIMUM RENTALS FIXED BEFORE OCTOBER 11, 1941

1. Before October 11, 1941, Order No. 7 of the Board was in effect in the following areas. Under that Order, the maximum rental for housing accommodation situated in any of those areas is as follows:—

(a) for any housing accommodation for which there was a lease in effect on January 2, 1940, the maximum rental is the rental in effect on that date;

(b) for any housing accommodation for which there was no lease in effect on January 2, 1940, but for which there was a lease in effect at some time or times during 1939, the maximum rental is the rental payable under the latest lease in 1939.

AREAS

Alberta:

Calgary.

British Columbia:

Nanaimo and Districts of Nanaimo, Mountain and Wellington; New Westminster; Prince Rupert; Vancouver, North Vancouver; Victoria, Esquimault, Saanich, Oak Bay and the district commonly known as View Royal and being those portions of Sections 3, 27, 8 and 92 in Esquimalt District lying to the northwest of the Island Highway.

Manitoba:

Brandon.

Nova Scotia:

Dartmouth and Woodside; Halifax, Armdale, Rockingham Station, Dutch Settlement, Fairview Station, Falkland, Jollimore and Melville; New Glasgow, Trenton, Stellarton and Westville; Sydney.

Ontario:

Barrie; Kingston, Portsmouth; Ottawa, Eastview, New Edinburgh, Overbrook, Rockcliffe, Westboro and Woodroffe; Parry Sound, Nobel and Townships of McDougall and Foley; Trenton; Windsor.

Quebec:

Brownsburg; Thetford Mines.

2. Before October 11, 1941, Order No. 33 of the Board was in effect in the following areas. Under that Order, the maximum rental for housing accommodation situated in any of those areas is as follows:—

(a) for any housing accommodation for which there was a lease in effect on January 2, 1941, the maximum rental is the rental in effect on that date;

(b) for any housing accommodation for which there was no lease in effect on January 2, 1941, but for which there was a lease in effect at some time or times during 1940, the maximum rental is the rental payable under the latest lease in 1940.

AREAS

Alberta:

Camrose; Claresholm; Edmonton, including the area known as Dunvegan Yards, and the Town of Beverley; Lethbridge; Medicine Hat; Red Deer, the Village of North Red Deer and the District of Pine Lake.

British Columbia:

The area known as North Saanich.

Manitoba:

Dauphin.

New Brunswick:

Moncton, the Town of Sunny Brae, the Parish of Moncton in the County of Westmorland and the Parish of Coverdale in the County of Albert; Sussex.

Nova Scotia:

Truro; Yarmouth.

Ontario:

Alliston and the Township of Tosorontio; the Township of Essa including Cookstown; Stayner, the Village of Creemore and that part of the Township of Nottawasaga lying south of Provincial Highway Routes Nos. 26 and 91 and east of the Highway between Concessions 4 and 5 leading southward to the Village of Creemore; that part of the Township of Sunnidale lying south of Provincial Highway Route No. 26, including New Lowell; the Township of Vespra (all in the County of Simcoe).

Belleville.

Brockville.

Fort William and Port Arthur.

Goderich.

Hamilton; the Town of Dundas; that part of the Township of Ancaster lying north of Provincial Highway Route No. 53 and east of the line between Township lots 36 and 37; the Townships of Barton and Saltfleet; the Village of Stoney Creek, the Village of Waterdown; those parts of the Township of East Flamborough lying south and east of Provincial Highway Route No. 5; the Town of Burlington; that part of the Township of Nelson lying south and east of Provincial Highway Route No. 5; Burlington Beach and Hamilton Beach.

Niagara Falls; the Township of Stamford, Fort Erie and Fort Erie North; the Village of Crystal Beach and the Township of Bertie.

Ojibway, Lasalle and the Township of Sandwich West; Riverside, Tecumseh and the Township of Sandwich East.

Oshawa, Whitby; the Townships of Whitby, Whitby East and Pickering.

Pembroke and the Townships of Pembroke, Stafford, Alice and Petawawa.

Peterborough; that part of the Township of North Monaghan bounded on the east and southeast by the Otonabee River, on the north by McKellar Street and on the west by Monaghan Road, including both sides of such streets; that part of said Township consisting of Kenneth Avenue, High Street, Frank Street, Chamberlain Street, Brown Street, Lundy's Lane, Romaine Street west and St. Mary's Street; that part of Smith Township consisting of Wolseley Street, Bennett Street and Belleview Avenue; that part of Douro Township consisting of River Road and Leahy's Lane.

Prescott, and those parts of the Townships of Edwardsburg and Augusta lying south of the Canadian National Railway line to Montreal, west of Provincial Highway Route No. 16 and east of Conway's Creek.

Sault Ste. Marie.

St. Catharines; Merritton; Port Dalhousie; that part of the Township of Grantham lying west of the New Welland Canal; the Township of Louth.

Those parts of the Townships of Gloucester and Nepean, in the County of Carleton, not included in the areas to which Order No. 7 applied.

Welland and the Township of Crowland; Thorold and the Township of Thorold; the Village of Fonthill and the Township of Pelham; Port Colborne, the Village and Township of Humberstone.

Quebec:

Arvida; Chicoutimi; the Towns of Jonquière and Kénogami; the Villages of Rivière-du-Moulin and Ste. Anne-de-Chicoutimi; the Parishes of Jonquière, Simard, Tremblay and Chicoutimi.

Lachute and the municipalities of Chatham and St. Jérusalem; the Town and municipality of Ste. Thérèse de Blainville; the Town of Ste. Rose; the municipality of St. Janvier; the Town of St. Jerôme.

Valleyfield; the Villages of Bellerive, Nouveau-Salaberry, Ste. Cécile and St. Timothée; the Parishes of Grande Ile, Ste. Cécile and St. Timothée (all in the County of Beauharnois).

Saskatchewan:

Regina; the Village of North Regina; those parts of Sections 29, 30, 31 and 32 in Township 17, Range 19, west of the second meridian, lying outside the city of Regina and including that area commonly known as North Annex.

Swift Current.

Yorkton.

FORMS

FORM No. 1

Notice to Vacate for the purpose of Personal Residence.

Date............................

To (name and address of tenant)

Take notice that I require you to vacate housing accommodation known as .... on the .... day of ...., 194 , next, as I desire the accommodation as a residence for...........................for
(one of the persons named in Section 15 (1))
a period of at least one year from the date on which this notice directs you to vacate.

....
Landlord.

FORM No. 2

Notice to Vacate for the purpose of sub-division.

Date............................

To (name and address of tenant)

Take notice that I require you to vacate housing accommodation known as ...., on the .... day of ...., 194 , next, as I desire possession of the accommodation for the purpose of dividing it by means of structural alteration into family units so as to accommodate more persons in the accommodation. Permit No. .... for the giving of this notice has been granted by the Rentals Appraiser.

....
Landlord.

FORM No. 3

Notice to Tenant to Pay Increased Rental
(Lease not for a term certain)

Date............................

To (name and address of tenant)

1. Take notice that on and after the .... day of ...., 194 , next, I require you to pay a rental of $...........per month, being a rental not in excess of the maximum rental for the housing accommodation of which you are my tenant.

2. And further take notice that unless you notify me in writing within fifteen days after you receive this notice that you will pay a rental of $.......... per month, you must vacate the housing accommodation known as .... on the .... day of ...., 194 , next.
(fill in same date as in paragraph 1)

....
Landlord.

FORM No. 4

Notice to Tenant to Pay Increased Rental

(Tenant sub-letting—lease not for term certain)

Date............................

To (name and address of tenant)

1. Take notice that on and after the .... day of ...., 194 , next, I require you to pay a rental of $.......... per month, being a rental which does not exceed the increased maximum rental granted because you are sub-letting more than two rooms in the accommodation of which you are my tenant.

2. And further take notice that unless you notify me in writing within fifteen days after you receive this notice that you will pay a rental of $..........per month, you must vacate the housing accommodation known as .... on the .... day of ...., 194 , next.
(insert same date as in paragraph 1)

3. If, within fifteen days after you receive this notice, you notify me in writing that you will pay a rental of $.......... per month, such increased rental shall be payable until the end of the lease month in which you discontinue the sub-letting of more than two rooms in the accommodation and notify me in writing of such discontinuance, and the rental payable thereafter shall be $.......... per month, being a rental not in excess of the previous maximum rental for the accommodation, but if, after you so notify me, you resume the sub-letting of more than two rooms, the increased rental of $.......... per month shall be payable from the date on which you resumed such sub-letting.

....
Landlord.

FORM No. 5

LANDLORD'S DEMAND FOR RENEWAL AT SAME RENTAL

(Lease for a term certain)

Date................................

To (name and address of tenant)

Take notice that, if you desire to renew your lease of housing accommodation known as.................................for a further term certain of one year commencing the...................day of............., 194 , next, at $........... per month, being the rental payable under your present lease, you are required to complete the attached notice of renewal, being Form No. 6, and return it to me within fifteen days after you receive this demand for renewal, or you may give to me, within that time, a notice of renewal in the same words as Form No. 6, but if you do not give to me a notice of renewal within fifteen days you will have no further right to possession of the accommodation after the.................................. day of........................., 194 .

....
Landlord.

....

Form No. 6

TENANT'S NOTICE OF RENEWAL

Date..............................

To (name and address of landlord)

Take notice that, at the termination of my lease of housing accommodation known as............................, I desire to renew the lease for a further term certain of one year at $......................per month, as specified in your demand for renewal.

....

Tenant.

Form No. 7

LANDLORD'S DEMAND FOR RENEWAL AT INCREASED RENTAL

(Lease for a term certain)

Date..................................

To (name and address of tenant)

Take notice that, if you desire to renew your lease of housing accommodation known as......................................, for a further term certain of one year, commencing the..................day of......................., 194 , next, at a rental of $..............................per month, being a rental not in excess of the maximum rental for the accommodation, you are required to complete the attached notice of renewal, being Form No. 6, and return it to me within fifteen days after you receive this demand for renewal, or you may give to me, within that time, a notice of renewal in the same words as Form No. 6, but if you do not give to me a notice of renewal within fifteen days you will have no further right to possession of the accommodation after the........................ day of..............................., 194 .

....

Landlord.

....

Form No. 6

TENANT'S NOTICE OF RENEWAL

Date..............................

To (name and address of landlord)

Take notice that, at the termination of my lease of housing accommodation known as............................, I desire to renew the lease for a further term certain of one year at $......................per month, as specified in your demand for renewal.

....

Tenant.

Form No. 8

LANDLORD'S DEMAND FOR RENEWAL AT INCREASED RENTAL

(Tenant sub-letting — lease for a term certain)

Date..................................

To (name and address of tenant)

1. Take notice that, if you desire to renew your lease of housing accommodation known as................................, for a further term certain of one year, commencing the..........................day of.........................., 194 , next, at $................... per month, which amount does not exceed the increased maximum rental granted because you are sub-letting more than two rooms in the accommodation, you are required to complete the attached notice of renewal, being Form No. 6, and return it to me within fifteen days after you receive this demand for renewal, or you may give to me, within that time, a notice of renewal in the same words as Form No. 6, but, if you do not give to me a notice of renewal within fifteen days you will have no further right to possession of the accommodation after the ....day of.........................., 194 .

2. If, within fifteen days after you receive this demand for renewal, you give me the notice of renewal referred to in paragraph 1, the increased rental of $................ per month shall be payable during the renewal period unless you discontinue sub-letting more than two rooms and notify me in writing of such discontinuance, in which case the increased rental of $........................shall be payable until the end of the lease month in which you so notify me and the rental payable thereafter shall be $......................per month, being a rental not in excess of the previous maximum rental for the accommodation, but if, after you so notify me, you resume the sub-letting of more than two rooms the increased rental of $................... per month shall be payable from the date on which you resume such sub-letting.

....
Landlord.

....

Form No. 6

TENANT'S NOTICE OF RENEWAL

Date..............................

To (name and address of landlord)

Take notice that, at the termination of my lease of housing accommodation known as................................, I desire to renew the lease for a further term certain of one year at $......................per month, as specified in your demand for renewal.

....
Tenant.

INDEX

GENERAL

Definitions .... Sec. 1
Property and leases not affected by Order .... Sec. 2

PART I—MAXIMUM RENTALS

Appeal from Rentals Appraiser .... Sec. 11
Fixation of maximum rental not previously fixed .... Sec. 10
Fixed maximum rentals .... Secs. 3 & 4
Increasing accommodation or services, etc .... Sec. 6
Lessening accommodation or services, etc .... Sec. 5
Procedure for application for variation of maximum rentals .... Sec. 9
Variation of fixed maximum rentals .... Sec. 7
When an increased or decreased maximum rental may be charged .... Sec. 8

PART II—TERMINATION OF LEASES

Dispossession for purpose of personal residence .... Sec. 15
Dispossession for purpose of sub-division .... Sec. 16
Dispossession of obnoxious tenants .... Sec. 14
Dispossession under provincial law .... Sec. 13
Increasing rental to maximum rental .... Sec. 17
Landlord's demand for renewal .... Sec. 18
Landlord's right of inspection .... Sec. 21
Overholding in absence of demand for renewal .... Sec. 20
Rights of sub-tenants .... Sec. 22
Tenant's notice of renewal .... Sec. 19

PART III—SHARED ACCOMMODATION

Dispossession under provincial law .... Sec. 24
Maximum rate per person .... Sec. 27
Posting up maximum rates .... Sec. 29
Shared accommodation in designated area .... Sec. 23
Shared accommodation let at a rate per person .... Sec. 26
Shared accommodation when let as a unit .... Sec. 25
Variation of per person rates .... Sec. 28

PART IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Agreement to waive rights .... Sec. 33
Amendment of leases .... Sec. 30
Area having no Rentals Appraiser .... Sec. 37
Certain consideration deemed to be rental .... Sec. 34
False statements .... Sec. 32
Notices, etc., to and by wives, etc .... Sec. 31
Powers of Rentals Administrator .... Sec. 36
Previous Orders .... Sec. 38
Statement by landlord to tenant .... Sec. 35

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 302

Conditions of Selling Goods and Services

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated 1st November, 1941, and amendments,

This Board hereby orders as follows:

Purpose and effective date.

1. This Order comes into force on August 11, 1943, and deals with practices of recent origin under which sellers of goods or services impose obligations on buyers as a condition of selling to them.

Prohibited selling practices.

2. (1) A person in selling goods or services must not impose, as a condition of selling, any obligation on a buyer

Obligation to buy more.

(*a*) to buy from him more goods or services than he wishes to buy;

Obligation to buy other goods.

(*b*) to buy from him any other goods or services, in addition to those he wishes to buy; or

Obligation to give servicing or repair work, etc. to seller.

(*c*) to restrict to the seller any future dealing or transaction in the goods or services sold, or any work of servicing, renewing or repairing the same.

(2) This Section shall not apply to alcoholic beverages or to any other goods which, under the law of the province in which the goods are sold, may not be sold at retail to specified persons.

Established trade custom not affected.

3. This Order does not prevent continuance of a trade practice established by the seller before or during the basic period (September 15 to October 11, 1941) under which it was the custom of such seller to impose on a buyer, as a condition of selling, an obligation of a nature similar to any of those specified in Section 2 nor of any such obligation imposed by or pursuant to any law, order or regulation of the Government of Canada or of any Province or any Department or Agency of any such Government.

Existing Contracts not affected.

4. This Order does not affect a contract in writing made before the effective date of this Order, and imposing, as a term of the contract, an obligation on the buyer of a nature similar to any of those specified in Section 2.

Made at Ottawa, this 2nd day of August, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

NOTE.—It is an offence for any person selling goods or services to contravene or fail to observe or comply with Section 2 of this Order, and an offender is liable to prosecution under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations which provide for a penalty up to five thousand dollars or imprisonment up to two years or both fine and imprisonment.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 303

Respecting Soft Drinks

Made pursuant to Order in Council, P.C. 8528 dated the 1st day of November, 1941.

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS as follows:—

Administrator's Order No. A-531 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "basic period price" means the highest lawful price at which a person sold a bottled soft drink or fountain soft drink, as the case may be, during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive;

(*b*) "bottle" includes a container which in form and character serves the same purpose as a bottle;

(*c*) "bottled soft drink" means a soft drink product put up for sale in a bottle and ready for consumption;

(*d*) "excise taxes" means the taxes levied by the Parliament of Canada on bottled soft drinks or fountain soft drinks or on ingredients thereof and referred to in Orders Nos. 104 and 147 of the Board;

(*e*) "fountain soft drink" means a soft drink product sold by the glass and ready for consumption;

(*f*) "glass" includes any other open container whether or not made of glass in which a fountain soft drink is served;

(*g*) "soft drink product" means a beverage consisting only of unfermented fruit juice in true or synthetic or imitative form or a carbonated, lithiated or mineral water, ginger ale, ginger beer or a beverage having as a basis an extract of kola nuts, or consisting of a compound of two or more such beverages of one or more such fruit juices and of one or more of such waters.

2. This Order shall not apply to,

(*a*) a soft drink product consisting only of unfermented grape or other native fruit juice having a content of not less than 95 per centum of true juice; and

(*b*) a beverage containing or to which is added ice cream, milk, egg, egg powder, malt or malt extract.

3. (1) Except as provided in subsection 2 of this Section, the maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell at retail a bottled soft drink in a bottle having a capacity of not less than 6 fluid ounces and not more than 13 fluid ounces shall be,

(*a*) in or from a premises or place of business other than one specified in clause (*b*) of this subsection,—7 cents per bottle, inclusive of excise taxes;

(*b*) on a train or in a hotel, cabaret or amusement park or in a club wherein meals are served or in a place of business remote from the usual source of supply of bottled soft drinks—his basic period price for the same PLUS the addition thereto of excise taxes or so much thereof as are not included in his basic period price.

(2) Where a person in a restaurant, cafe or other eating place in which meals are served chiefly to the transient public sold at retail a bottled soft drink to which subsection 1 applies at a basic period price exceeding 6 cents per bottle, inclusive of any excise tax, he may continue to sell or offer to sell the same at retail in the same place at his basic period price PLUS the addition thereto of excise taxes not included in that price, but not in any event at a price exceeding 12 cents per bottle, if within thirty days after the effective date of this Order he applies for the approval of the Administrator of Cocoa, Confectionery and Allied Products and subsequently receives such approval.

(3) The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell at retail a bottled soft drink in a bottle having a capacity of more than 13 fluid ounces shall be his basic period price for the same PLUS the addition thereto of excise taxes or so much thereof as are not included in his basic period price.

(4) The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell at retail bottled soft drinks in a unit commonly known as a "carry-home" carton or holder shall be his basic period price for the same PLUS the addition thereto of excise taxes or so much thereof as are not included in his basic period price.

4. (1) Except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this Section, the maximum price, inclusive of excise taxes, at which a person may sell or offer to sell at retail a fountain soft drink shall be

(*a*) for each glass having a capacity of not less than 5 fluid ounces and not more than 8 fluid ounces—6 cents per glass;
(*b*) for each glass having a capacity of more than 8 fluid ounces and not more than 12 fluid ounces—11 cents per glass.

(2) Where a person sold at retail a fountain soft drink to which subsection 1 applies at a basic period price, inclusive of any excise taxes, the same or higher than the price fixed by said subsection 1 accordingly as clause (*a*) or (*b*) thereof is applicable, he may sell or offer to sell the same at retail at a price not exceeding 7 cents per glass inclusive of excise taxes, for a glass to which said clause (*a*) is applicable or not exceeding 12 cents per glass, inclusive of excise taxes, for a glass to which said clause (*b*) is applicable, if within thirty days after the effective date of this Order he applies for the approval of the Administrator of Cocoa, Confectionery and Allied Products and subsequently receives such approval.

(3) The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell at retail a fountain soft drink on a train or in a hotel, cabaret or amusement park or in a club wherein meals are served shall be his basic period price PLUS the addition thereto of excise taxes or so much thereof as are not included in his basic period price.

5. Nothing in this Order contained shall be deemed to prohibit a person who sells a soft drink product at retail collecting a tax on that product, or on a sale thereof, levied by or under authority of the Legislature of a province of Canada or as a collector of such tax from collecting the same as part of his selling price or at the time he receives payment of his selling price.

6. The maximum price per case at which a person who manufactures or sells at wholesale a bottled soft drink may sell or offer to sell the same shall be his basic period price PLUS the addition thereto of excise taxes or so much thereof as are not included in his basic period price, and the said maximum price shall be applicable notwithstanding that the bottle in which the bottled soft drink is contained has a capacity of content greater than that of the bottle in which it was sold during the basic period.

7. (1) No person shall reduce the quantity of content of a soft drink product which he sells or offers to sell in a bottle or in a glass having a particular capacity to a quantity less than that which during the basic period he sold in a bottle or glass of the same capacity.

(2) Every person who manufactures or bottles a soft drink product for sale as a bottled soft drink shall maintain the same standard of quality therefor in respect of ingredients, flavour and, if any, of carbonation, as that which the bottled soft drink had during the said basic period.

8. (1) No person who bottles a soft drink product for sale as a bottled soft drink shall bottle more than six flavours of that product or more than the number of flavours which he bottled at the date of this Order whichever is the less and for the purposes of this Section a carbonated water, a lithiated water and a mineral water and ginger beer, ginger ale and a beverage having as a base an extract of kola nuts is each to be counted as a separate flavour.

(2) The said number of flavours may be bottled in bottles of different capacities of content.

9. (1) After the expiration of thirty days from the effective date of this Order on every sale of a bottled soft drink otherwise than retail, the seller at the time of delivery to the buyer shall impose a deposit charge for each bottle as follows:—
(*a*) for a bottle having a capacity of not more than 13 fluid ounces—2 cents; and
(*b*) for a bottle having a capacity of more than 13 fluid ounces—5 cents.

(2) On and after the effective date of this Order, on every sale of a bottled soft drink at retail, the seller at the time of delivery to the customer shall impose a deposit charge for each bottle of the same amount as is specified in subsection 1 of this Section according to the capacity of content of the bottle.

(3) Payment of the deposit charge on each bottle shall be collected as follows:—

(*a*) on a sale otherwise than at retail—according to trade practice between the seller and the buyer or, if there be no such practice between them, at the time of delivery;

(*b*) on a sale at retail at the time of payment or delivery, provided that where the bottled soft drink is consumed at the time of sale on the seller's premises he is not required to impose the deposit charge, unless the customer fails to return the bottle to the seller.

10. (1) Where immediately prior to the effective date of this Order any seller maintained a practice of imposing and collecting a deposit charge higher than the charge fixed by this Order, he may continue to impose and collect such higher deposit charge until otherwise directed by the Administrator of Cocoa, Confectionery and Allied Products.

(2) The Administrator of Cocoa, Confectionery and Allied Products may upon application increase the deposit charge which may be imposed and collected on any bottle where he is satisfied that by reason of the size and value of the bottle, the deposit charge fixed by this Order is insufficient to ensure prompt return of the bottle.

11. The amount of a deposit charge on a bottle collected from any person under the provisions of Section 9 or 10 shall be refunded to the person who returns the bottle in a re-usable condition, the refund to be made

(*a*) following a sale otherwise than at retail, according to normal trade practice in relation to accounting for and payment of deposit charge refunds; or, if there be no such trade practice between the persons involved, by the person to whom the bottle is returned and at the time of its return;

(*b*) following a sale at retail, by the person to whom the deposit charge was paid and at the time of return of the bottle.

12. (1) Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this Order, the Administrator of Cocoa, Confectionery and Allied Products with the approval of the Chairman of the Board as evidenced by his counter-signature, may

(*a*) continue in force and effect as the lawful maximum selling price of any specific kind or brand of a bottled soft drink, the price for the same set forth in an authorization issued by the Foods Administrator under any provision of Administrator's Order No. A-531; and

(*b*) continue in force and effect as the lawful maximum selling price of any specific kind or brand of a bottled soft drink, the basic period price at which it has been sold prior to the date of this Order, if such bottled soft drink has continuously been manufactured and sold at its basic period price since the basic period and until the date of this Order.

(2) Except as provided in subsection 1 of this Section, any authorization issued by the Foods Administrator under his powers contained in the said Administrator's Order No. A-531 which in any way affected or related to the price at which a bottled soft drink or a fountain soft drink could be sold shall cease to have any force or effect.

(3) Where by reason of Administrator's Order No. A-314 a person who manufactures or sells at wholesale bottled soft drinks is now obliged to substitute a means of transportation other than his own truck to deliver bottled soft drinks sold to a buyer who previously bought from him f.o.b. buyer's receiving point situate more than 35 road miles from the seller's shipping point, such person may sell bottled drinks to that buyer f.o.b. seller's shipping point, but in every such case shall allow and refund to the buyer a credit of six cents (6c) per case off his selling price as soon as the buyer returns the empty case to the seller's shipping point.

13. This Order shall be effective on and after the 9th day of August, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, this 4th day of August, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A–835

Respecting Book, Writing and Specialty Papers

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Administrator's Order No. A-179 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

1. For the purposes of this Order, the words "book, writing and specialty paper" shall have the same meaning as defined in Order No. 227 of the Board.

2. (1) No person shall acquire or accept delivery of any book, writing and specialty paper from a manufacturer or wholesaler of paper if the inventory of such paper held by the purchaser, together with that held by other persons for him, is or will become by such acquisition in excess of one-fifth of the total amount of such paper actually used or put into process by him during 1942.

(2) No person shall acquire from a manufacturer or wholesaler of paper any book, writing and specialty paper, unless at the time of such acquisition he has furnished such manufacturer or wholesaler with a certificate in writing signed by him showing

(*a*) that at such time the inventory of such paper held by him, together with that held by other persons for him, is not or will not become by such acquisition in excess of one-fifth of the total amount of such paper actually used or put into process by him during 1942;

(*b*) the purpose for which such paper is required, but the purpose need not be stated where

(i) it is for stock and the ultimate use cannot be determined at the time of acquisition; or

(ii) the quantity being acquired is less than one ton.

3. No manufacturer or wholesaler of paper shall supply book, writing or specialty papers to any person unless he has been furnished with the certificate mentioned in Section 2.

4. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the Administrator of Book and Writing Papers may grant, upon application to him,

(*a*) to enable a purchaser to buy in quantities sufficient to enable him to take advantage of any prices of which he availed himself during the basic period referred to in The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations;

(*b*) to enable a purchaser to acquire a particular kind or grade of paper for which a minimum order is necessary;

(*c*) in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 19th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 14th day of August, 1943.

A. P. JEWETT,
Administrator of Book and Writing Papers.

APPROVED:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-838

Respecting Used Electric Motors and Equipment

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "dealer" means any person who purchases used electric motors or used electric equipment for the purpose of resale;

(*b*) "rebuilt" in relation to an article of used electric equipment or a used electric motor means one of which all parts, coils and connections have been thoroughly examined and, as necessary, tested and of which, where required, all worn, broken and missing parts, coils, attachments and connections have been reworked, repaired, replaced, rewound or reconnected and which by further adequate examination and test is demonstrated to be in a condition for performance, electrically, mechanically and as to operational safety factors, substantially equivalent to that of which it was capable when new;

(*c*) "used electric equipment" means electric equipment or electric apparatus usable for or in connection with the generation, transformation, transmission, distribution or control of electric energy and in respect of which a period of not less than twelve months has elapsed since the time when it was first sold as new, to be put to that use, and, without in any way restricting the generality of the foregoing, includes electric equipment and electric apparatus so used of a kind or description listed in Part I of Schedule "A" hereto;

(*d*) "used electric motor" means an electric motor of any kind or description, other than a toy electric motor and in respect of which a period of not less than twelve months has elapsed since the time it was first sold as new to be put to use, and, without in any way restricting the generality of the foregoing, includes an electric motor so used of a kind or description listed in Part II of Schedule "A" hereto.

2. (1) No dealer shall sell, dispose of or deliver a used electric motor or used electric equipment as rebuilt unless at the time of sale, disposition or delivery the same

(*a*) has been rebuilt since it was last used;

(*b*) bears a plate, imprint or other mark of identification showing the name of its manufacturer, its original serial number, its present characteristics, the name of its rebuilder and the rebuilder's serial number.

(2) On every sale by a dealer of rebuilt electric equipment or a rebuilt electric motor there is hereby imposed as a term or condition of the sale an implied warranty by the dealer and as part of the consideration on the transaction, as set forth in Schedule "B" hereto.

(3) Whenever rebuilt electric equipment or a rebuilt electric motor is sold or disposed of by a dealer who actually rebuilt the same to another dealer for resale by that other dealer under his own name, trade mark or brand, the last-mentioned dealer shall on such a sale thereof by him to a person other than a dealer, be deemed to be the one bound by the implied warranty prescribed by subsection (2) of this Section and his name and serial number shall be substituted for that of the actual rebuilder on the plate mentioned in clause (*b*) of subsection (1) of this Section.

3. (1) The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell or dispose of rebuilt electric equipment or a rebuilt electric motor shall be seventy per centum (70%) of the highest lawful price at which the manufacturer thereof sold the same or a similar kind, type, model and size, when new, during the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, to a user in the locality in which the sale of the rebuilt electric equipment or rebuilt electric motor is being made.

(2) Where in any case the highest lawful price referred to in subsection (1) of this Section is not ascertainable or no sale as referred to in the said subsection was made during the said basic period, the rebuilt electric equipment or rebuilt electric motor shall not be sold unless and until the maximum price therefor has first been fixed by the Administrator of Used Goods on application in writing to him by the dealer or the proposed buyer.

4. The maximum price at which any person may sell or offer to sell or may dispose of used electric equipment or a used electric motor which is not rebuilt shall be a price which is just and reasonable having regard to the comparability of its condition and usefulness with those of rebuilt electric equipment or a rebuilt electric motor, as the case may be, but in any event the price shall not exceed the maximum price at which it may be sold if it were rebuilt electric equipment or a rebuilt electric motor, less the cost of rebuilding the used electric motor or used electric equipment into a rebuilt one.

5. (1) Every person shall maintain and keep a full and accurate written record of all his purchases, sales and other transactions of and relating to used electric equipment and used electric motors and the same shall be available at any time for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

(2) Every dealer shall on a sale or other disposition by him of a rebuilt or used electric equipment or a rebuilt or used electric motor and concurrently with delivery thereof issue and furnish to the buyer or the person to whom disposition is made, an invoice whereon he shall accurately show in detail particulars of the sale or other disposition, the article sold, its serial number or other mark of identification, the condition thereof and whether or not it is rebuilt and the sale price and the dealer shall retain and keep a duplicate of every invoice issued by him available for inspection at any time by any authorized representative of the Board.

6. No person shall sell or otherwise dispose of a rebuilt or used electric equipment or a rebuilt or used electric motor the maximum selling price of which is not fixed by this Order or in a case referred to in subsection (2) of Section 3 until the said Administrator has fixed the maximum selling price thereof.

7. (1) No person shall, except with the written permission of the said Administrator, wilfully damage, render useless or destroy used electric equipment or a used electric motor which is less than twenty years old, or a part of electric equipment or of an electric motor or the manufacturers' plate thereon, or erase or render illegible any serial number or other mark for identification thereon.

(2) Subsection (1) of this Section shall not be applicable in the case of the work of rebuilding of used electric equipment or a used electric motor by or for a dealer; provided, however, that in such work the manufacturer's plate and serial number or other mark of identification are not destroyed, damaged, erased, rendered illegible or removed.

8. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to any written exemption which the said Administrator may grant upon application to him in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

9. This Order shall be effective on and after the 11th day of August, 1943.

DATED at OTTAWA, this 5th day of August, 1943.

S. GODFREY,
Administrator of Used Goods.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

to Administrator's Order No. A-838

PART I

List of Used Electric Equipment

(Referred to in clause (c) of Section 1)

1. D.C. manual control.
2. D.C. manual drum controllers and crane protective panels.
3. D.C. magnetic control.
4. D.C. magnetic reversing control.
5. A.C. manual control.
6. A.C. magnetic control.
7. Manual wound rotor control.
8. Magnetic wound rotor control.
9. Rheostats.
10. Accessories.
11. Brakes.
12. Magnetic contactors.
13. Industrial electronic apparatus.

PART II

List of Used Electric Motors

(Referred to in clause (d) of Section 1)

1. Single phase motors in sizes usually manufactured from 1/40 h.p. to 5 h.p.
2. Polyphase induction motors from ¼ h.p. to 200 h.p. in voltages up to and including 2200 volts.
3. Multi-speed motors from ½ h.p. to 60 h.p. in voltages up to and including 550 volts.
4. Intermittent service motors from 1½ h.p. to 60 h.p. in voltages up to and including 550 volts.
5. General purpose wound rotor motors from ½ h.p. to 200 h.p. in voltages up to and including 2200 volts.
6. Gear motors from ¾ h.p. to 60 h.p. in voltages up to and including 550 volts.
7. D.C. motors and generators from ½ h.p. to 200 h.p. in voltages up to and including 550 volts; shunt, series or compound.
8. Induction motor generator sets from ¼ h.p. to 150 k.w. inclusive with 120 and 250-volt generators.
9. Induction frequency changers from ½ h.p. to 100 k.w. inclusive in voltages up to and including 550 volts.
10. Arc welders up to and including generator output of 600 amperes.

SCHEDULE "B"

to Administrator's Order No. A-838

Implied warranty applying to rebuilt electric equipment and to a rebuilt electric motor (see Section 2).

Implied warranty that:

(*a*) the equipment or motor, as the case may be, is capable of performance substantially equivalent to that of the same equipment or motor when new;

(*b*) forthwith upon demand and at his own cost and expense the dealer will repair the equipment or motor and replace all worn, defective, broken and missing parts, coils, attachments and connections as may be necessary to its due performance, except repairs and replacements occasioned by improper use or from want of proper care on the part of the buyer;

(*c*) the warranty shall be effective from the date of delivery of the equipment or motor to the buyer for a period of six months;

(*d*) the warranty shall be binding on the dealer, his heirs, executors and administrators or successors and shall enure to the benefit of the buyer, his heirs, executors and administrators or successors, and assigns; and

(*e*) any action on or arising out of the warranty by or on behalf of the buyer, or his heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns, shall be commenced within six months after the time when the cause of action arose.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-844

Respecting Stove Pipe, Furnace Smoke Pipe, Warm Air Pipe and Furnace Ducts.

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. This Order applies to every person who manufactures any of the products regulated by its provisions, including sheet metal operators. It does not apply to persons who manufacture any of these products in lots of less than four pieces of the same type and size for sale under any one order placed by a consumer.

2. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "stove pipe" means pipe and elbows designed to convey smoke and gases from a stove, range or heater used for cooking or heating but shall not include pipe used with a warm air furnace, hot water heating boiler, steam heating boiler or jacket heater;

(*b*) "furnace smoke pipe" means pipe and elbows designed to convey smoke and gases from a warm air furnace, hot water heating boiler, steam heating boiler or jacket heater;

(*c*) "gas smoke or vent pipe" means pipe and elbows designed to convey fumes from a gas burning stove, heater or appliance to a building flue or to outside atmosphere, but shall not include pipe used with a gas-fired warm air furnace, hot water heating boiler, steam heating boiler or jacket heater;

(*d*) "rectangular wall stack" means rectangular pipe designed for use unexposed in walls or partitions to convey heated air from a heating unit to the space to be heated, or to convey cold return air back from the building spaces to the heating unit;

(*e*) "warm air furnace pipe" means round pipe designed for use exposed and not in walls or partitions, to convey heated air from a heating unit to or partly to the space to be heated;

(*f*) "cold air pipe" means round pipe designed for use exposed and not in walls or partitions, to convey cold return air from building spaces to or partly to a heating unit;

(*g*) "expansion tank" means a metal tank unsealed against atmosphere, designed to provide expansion facilities for water contained in a gravity hot water heating system.

3. No person shall, in the manufacture of stove pipe or of gas smoke or vent pipe use

(*a*) any galvanized metal except where the purchaser certifies to the manufacturer that such stove pipe or gas smoke or vent pipe is for installation on watercraft;

(*b*) any "Canada Plate" of other than "B" weight (approximately 28 gauge); or

(*c*) any black iron heavier than 28 gauge except for use in the Provinces of British Columbia, Alberta, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, where black iron not heavier than 25 gauge may be used.

4. No person shall manufacture stove pipe in sizes other than 6″ or 7″ diameter except where the purchaser certifies to the manufacturer that such pipe is for installation on watercraft or for use with chicken brooders or hog brooders; however, taper lengths may be manufactured provided one end of the taper conforms to one of the sizes permitted by this Section.

5. No person shall manufacture gas smoke or vent pipe in sizes other than 3″ or 4″ diameter; however, taper lengths may be manufactured provided one end of the taper conforms to one of the sizes permitted by this Section.

6. (1) No person shall, in the manufacture of furnace smoke pipe,

(*a*) use any galvanized metal;

(*b*) use any metal heavier than 28 gauge where such pipe is manufactured for use with jacket heaters; or

(*c*) for any sizes manufactured for use with units other than jacket heaters, use any metal heavier than the weight for such sizes as set forth opposite the respective diameters as follows:

Diameters	Maximum Weight
5″ or 6″	28 gauge
7″	26 "
8″	24 "
9″ or 10″	22 "
Larger than 10″	the lightest gauge allowed by the Fire Marshal or the Fire Underwriter' Regulations for the area in which the furnace smoke pipe is to be used;

(*d*) make any sizes other than the diameters shown in clause (*c*); however, taper lengths may be made provided one end of the taper conforms to one of the aforesaid specified sizes.

7. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this order, galvanized smoke pipe may be manufactured where the purchaser certifies to the manufacturer that such pipe is to replace lengths of pipe in chimney extensions exposed to the weather.

8. No person shall, in the manufacture of warm air furnace pipe,

(*a*) use any galvanized metal;

(*b*) use any metal heavier than 10¾ ounces to the square foot; or

(*c*) make any sizes other than the following diameters:
8″, 8½″, 9″, 10″, 12″.

9. No person shall, in the manufacture of rectangular wall stacks

(*a*) use any metal heavier than 10¾ ounces to the square foot; or

(*b*) make any sizes other than the following dimensions:
3″ x 10″, 3½″ x 10″, 3″ x 12″, 3½″ x 12″, 4″ x 10″, 5″ x 12″, 6″ x 10″.

10. No person shall, in the manufacture of cold air pipes,

(*a*) use any galvanized metal;

(*b*) use any metal heavier than 28 gauge; or

(*c*) make any sizes other than the following diameters:
10″, 12″, 14″, 15″, 16″, 18″, 20″.

11. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 3, 6, 8, 9 and 10 any person may, in the manufacture of stove pipe, gas smoke or vent pipe, furnace smoke pipe, warm air furnace pipe and rectangular wall stacks use "waste waste terne plate" or "waste waste tin plate" in weights which for that product are allowed by the Fire Marshal or the Fire Underwriters' Regulations for the area in which such product is to be used.

12. No person shall, in the manufacture of expansion tanks

(*a*) use any metal heavier than 26 gauge; or

(*b*) make any sizes other than the following dimensions:
10″ x 20″, 12″ x 24″, 14″ x 30″.

13. Save as hereinafter provided in this Section nothing in this Order shall prohibit or restrict the completion prior to October 1, 1943, of any product regulated by this

Order from materials on hand at the effective date of this Order cut or processed in such form as to prevent their use in accordance with the provisions of this Order; provided that where the use of galvanized metal is prohibited by any of the terms of this Order such prohibition shall have immediate effect from the effective date of this Order.

14. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the Administrator of Plumbing, Heating and Ventilating Equipment and Supplies may grant upon application in writing to him in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

15. This Order shall be effective on and after the 12th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of August, 1943.

E. J. LAIDLAW,
Administrator of Heating, Plumbing and Ventilating Equipment and Supplies.

APPROVED:
D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-849

Respecting Maximum Prices of Certain Fancy Meats and Meat By-products

Under authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. With the exception of raw uncleaned tripe, this Order apples only to edible meat products fit for human consumption.

PART I—DEFINITIONS

2. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail;

(*b*) "tongue" means a tongue which has been trimmed by breaking off the hyoid bones as close to its base as possible and by removing blood clots, all excess fat, strings and tissues, tonsils, epiglottis, trachea and submaxillary glands;

(*c*) "zone" means one of the zones numbered 1 to 15 mentioned in the Schedule hereto and which zones correspond respectively with the zones, similarly numbered; described in Section 14 of Order No. 252 of the Board.

PART II—SALES AT WHOLESALE

3. (1) The maximum price at which a person in a zone may sell or offer to sell at wholesale any fancy meat or meat by-product of a kind and variety listed in the Schedule hereto shall be the price for the same set forth in the said Schedule for the zone in which the buyer's place of business is situate, or if it be situate in a part of Canada not included in a zone, for the zone in which the seller's place of business is situate.

(2) Except where the sale is to a person whose place of business is situate in a part of Canada not included in a zone, the maximum price fixed by subsection 1 of this Section shall be the delivered price at the buyer's place of business or, if delivery is by railway, at the railway station nearest to the buyer's place of business. If delivery is by railway express at the buyer's request the seller may add to the price the difference between railway freight and express charges if the difference be shown as a separate item on the seller's invoice for the product.

(3) Where the sale is to a person whose place of business is situated in a part of Canada not included in a zone, the seller may add to the maximum price fixed by subsection 1 of this Section the transportation cost from his shipping point to the buyer's receiving point if the cost be shown as a separate item on the seller's invoice for the product.

(4) Every person who sells at wholesale in any zone a product listed in the Schedule hereto shall equitably distribute his available supplies of the product among his customers in that zone. If a customer operates more than one place of business in a zone he shall be deemed to be a separate customer in respect of each such place of business and the seller shall deliver the product to the place or places of business in the zone designated by the customer. If delivery is by railway, the seller shall deliver the product to the railway station that is nearest to the place of business designated by his customer.

Part III—Sales at Retail

4. No person selling at retail in a zone or a part of Canada not included in a zone a product listed in the Schedule hereto shall buy or otherwise acquire the product at a total delivered cost in excess of an amount equal to the lawful maximum price on sales at wholesale to him of the product plus, if delivery is by railway, his cost of transporting the product from the railway station nearest to his place of business.

5. The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell at retail any fancy meat or meat by-product of a kind and variety set forth in the Schedule hereto shall be the sum of the following:—

(*a*) his actual delivered cost of the product not exceeding his maximum total delivered cost as fixed by Section 4 (except the difference between railway freight and express charges, if any, included in such cost); and

(*b*) a markup (percentage of cost) not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him on his sales of products of the same kind and variety during the basic period (September 15 to October 11, 1941), but not in any event exceeding thirty per cent (30%) of his selling price.

Part IV—Records of Sales and Purchases

6. Every person who sells at wholesale or at retail any product listed in the Schedule hereto shall immediately upon receipt by him of any such product purchased or otherwise acquired by him prepare and shall thereafter keep a written record showing separately for each wholesale and for each retail place of business operated by him the date of purchase or acquisition, the name and complete address of his supplier, the kind, variety and quantity by weight of product and the actual price per pound paid by him.

7. (1) Every person who sells at wholesale any product listed in the Schedule hereto shall on every sale and concurrently with delivery to the buyer furnish him with an invoice showing the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale and the kind, variety, quantity by weight and price per pound of the product.

(2) Every person who sells such product at wholesale shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

8. (1) If a person retains, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, an invoice furnished to him by his supplier, it will not be necessary for him to keep any other record of the particulars set forth in the invoice.

(2) Every record and invoice required by this Order to be prepared, furnished or retained shall be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at all times for twelve months from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

9. Every person who sells at retail any products listed in the Schedule hereto shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address and the price, kind, variety and weight of the product.

PART V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

10. Any commission, charge, fee, reward, bonus, premium, concession or other payment or consideration whatsoever in money or money's worth claimed, stipulated for, taken, reserved, extracted, promised, offered, given or paid, directly or indirectly by or to any person in connection with or arising out of a sale, purchase or transaction in any product set forth in the Schedule hereto shall be and form part of the price at which such product is sold or bought.

11. The provisions of clause (*d*) of Section 3 of Order No. 189 of the Board shall not apply to sales of the products set forth in the Schedule hereto by primary producers to retailers.

12. This Order shall be effective on and after the 23rd day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 10th day of August, 1943.

F. S. GRISDALE,
Administrator of Meat and Meat Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-849

MAXIMUM WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FOLLOWING FANCY MEATS AND BY-PRODUCTS DERIVED FROM BEEF—VEAL—LAMB—(INCLUDING MUTTON)

FRESH OR FROZEN

(In cents per pound)

Product	Variety	Zones														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.
Liver	Beef	21·00	20·50	20·00	20·00	20·00	20·00	20·25	19·75	19·25	18·50	18·25	17·75	19·00	18·75	19·25
" (not over 6 lbs.)	Veal	39·00	38·50	38·00	38·00	38·00	38·00	38·25	37·75	37·25	36·50	36·25	35·75	37·00	36·75	37·25
"	Lamb	17·00	16·50	16·00	16·00	16·00	16·00	16·25	15·75	15·25	14·50	14·25	13·75	15·00	14·75	15·25
Hearts	Beef	11·00	10·50	10·00	10·00	10·00	10·00	10·25	9·75	9·25	8·50	8·25	7·75	9·00	8·75	9·25
"	Veal	13·00	12·50	12·00	12·00	12·00	12·00	12·25	11·75	11·25	10·50	10·25	9·75	11·00	10·75	11·25
"	Lamb	13·00	12·50	12·00	12·00	12·00	12·00	12·25	11·75	11·25	10·50	10·25	9·75	11·00	10·75	11·25
Tongues (Fresh or Pickled)	Beef	20·00	19·50	19·00	19·00	19·00	19·00	19·25	18·75	18·25	17·50	17·25	16·75	18·00	17·75	18·25
" "	Veal	17·00	16·50	16·00	16·00	16·00	16·00	16·25	15·75	15·25	14·50	14·25	13·75	15·00	14·75	15·25
" "	Lamb	17·00	16·50	16·00	16·00	16·00	16·00	16·25	15·75	15·25	14·50	14·25	13·75	15·00	14·75	15·25
Sweet Breads	Beef	20·00	19·50	19·00	19·00	19·00	19·00	19·25	18·75	18·25	17·50	17·25	16·75	18·00	17·75	18·25
"	Veal	39·00	38·50	38·00	38·00	38·00	38·00	38·25	37·75	37·25	36·50	36·25	35·75	37·00	36·75	37·25
"	Lamb	15·00	14·50	14·00	14·00	14·00	14·00	14·25	13·75	13·25	12·50	12·25	11·75	13·00	12·75	13·25
Kidneys (Defatted)	Beef	19·00	18·50	18·00	18·00	18·00	18·00	18·25	17·75	17·25	16·50	16·25	15·75	17·00	16·75	17·25
" "	Veal	19·00	18·50	18·00	18·00	18·00	18·00	18·25	17·75	17·25	16·50	16·25	15·75	17·00	16·75	17·25
" "	Lamb	46·00	45·50	45·00	45·00	45·00	45·00	45·25	44·75	44·25	43·50	43·25	42·75	44·00	43·75	44·25
Brains	Beef	11·00	10·50	10·00	10·00	10·00	10·00	10·25	9·75	9·25	8·50	8·25	7·75	9·00	8·75	9·25
"	Veal	13·00	12·50	12·00	12·00	12·00	12·00	12·25	11·75	11·25	10·50	10·25	9·75	11·00	10·75	11·25
"	Lamb	13·00	12·50	12·00	12·00	12·00	12·00	12·25	11·75	11·25	10·50	10·25	9·75	11·00	10·75	11·25
Fries	Lamb	21·00	20·50	20·00	20·00	20·00	20·00	20·25	19·75	19·25	18·50	18·25	17·75	19·00	18·75	19·25

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-849 (Concluded)

MAXIMUM WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FOLLOWING FANCY MEATS AND BY-PRODUCTS DERIVED FROM BEEF—VEAL—LAMB—(INCLUDING MUTTON)

FRESH OR FROZEN

(In cents per pound)

Product	Variety	Zones														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.
HEADS—																
Tongue out, skinless	Beef	5·00	4·50	4·00	4·00	4·00	4·00	4·25	3·75	3·25	2·50	2·25	1·75	3·00	2·75	3·25
" "	Veal	5·00	4·50	4·00	4·00	4·00	4·00	4·25	3·75	3·25	2·50	2·25	1·75	3·00	2·75	3·25
Tongue in, skin on scalded	Veal	16·00	15·50	15·00	15·00	15·00	15·00	15·25	14·75	14·25	13·50	13·25	12·75	14·00	13·75	14·25
Tongue out, skinless	Lamb	5·00	4·50	4·00	4·00	4·00	4·00	4·25	3·75	3·25	2·50	2·25	1·75	3·00	2·75	3·25
FEET—																
Skin on, scalded	Veal	16·00	15·50	15·00	15·00	15·00	15·00	15·25	14·75	14·25	13·50	13·25	12·75	14·00	13·75	14·25
TAILS	Beef	12·00	11·50	11·00	11·00	11·00	11·00	11·25	10·75	10·25	9·50	9·25	8·75	10·00	9·75	10·25
"	Veal	12·00	11·50	11·00	11·00	11·00	11·00	11·25	10·75	10·25	9·50	9·25	8·75	10·00	9·75	10·25
"	Lamb	12·00	11·50	11·00	11·00	11·00	11·00	11·25	10·75	10·25	9·50	9·25	8·75	10·00	9·75	10·25
TRIPE—																
Raw, Uncleaned (inedible)	Beef, Veal and Lamb	5·50	5·00	4·50	4·50	4·50	4·50	4·75	4·25	3·75	3·00	2·75	2·25	3·50	3·25	3·75
Raw, Cleaned	" "	8·00	7·50	7·00	7·00	7·00	7·00	7·25	6·75	6·25	5·50	5·25	4·75	6·00	5·75	6·25
Cooked	" "	11·00	10·50	10·00	10·00	10·00	10·00	10·25	9·75	9·25	8·50	8·25	7·75	9·00	8·75	9·25
CHEEKMEAT	Beef, Veal and Lamb	13·50	13·00	12·50	12·50	12·50	12·50	12·75	12·25	11·75	11·00	10·75	10·25	11·50	11·25	11·75
HEADMEAT	" "	13·50	13·00	12·50	12·50	12·50	12·50	12·75	12·25	11·75	11·00	10·75	10·25	11·50	11·25	11·75
LIP MEAT	" "	5·00	4·50	4·00	4·00	4·00	4·00	4·25	3·75	3·25	2·50	2·25	1·75	3·00	2·75	3·25
WEASAND MEAT	" "	8·00	7·50	7·00	7·00	7·00	7·00	7·25	6·75	6·25	5·50	5·25	4·75	6·00	5·75	6·25
TONGUE TRIMMINGS	" "	9·00	8·50	8·00	8·00	8·00	8·00	8·25	7·75	7·25	6·50	6·25	5·75	7·00	6·75	7·25
RAW FAT—																
Caul	" "	10·00	9·50	9·00	9·00	9·00	9·00	9·25	8·75	8·25	7·50	7·25	6·75	8·00	7·75	8·25
Kidney	" "	10·00	9·50	9·00	9·00	9·00	9·00	9·25	8·75	8·25	7·50	7·25	6·75	8·00	7·75	8·25
Cod	" "	10·00	9·50	9·00	9·00	9·00	9·00	9·25	8·75	8·25	7·50	7·25	6·75	8·00	7·75	8·25

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-850

Respecting Maximum Prices of Fresh Peaches, Pears and Plums

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

Application of this Order

1. This Order comes into force on August 16, 1943. Notwithstanding the provisions of Order No. 189 of the Board it fixes maximum selling prices for fresh peaches, pears and plums when sold by any person, and applies to both the Canadian grown and imported fruit. There are also special provisions dealing with imported fruit only.

2. For the purposes of this Order Canada is divided into the following zones:

(*a*) Zone No. 1 being all that part of the Province of Ontario composed of the counties of Durham, Ontario, Simcoe, Grey and Bruce, and all counties in Ontario which lie to the south and/or west of the above named counties;

(*b*) Zone No. 2 being composed of the island of Montreal in the Province of Quebec;

(*c*) Zone No. 3 being composed of that part of Canada not included in zone No. 1 and zone No. 2.

3. The various grades of fresh peaches, pears and plums are defined in Section 24. In fixing maximum prices of peaches and plums no distinction is made between the different varieties.

4. All references in this Order to selling or sales include also offerings to sell and offers for sale.

5. Where pears are stored Section 23 makes provision for adding storage charges to maximum prices on sales made after September 30th in any year.

Sales by Country Shippers (including Growers)

6. (1) *Definition*—"country shipper" means any person including a grower, who makes sales or shipments of peaches, pears or plums from a farm or other country shipping point in or near the producing area.

(2) The maximum price f.o.b. seller's farm or place of business at which a country shipper may sell peaches, pears or plums of a grade and variety set forth in Schedule "A" hereto to a wholesale distributor, trucker or to a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets, and takes delivery at such central warehouse, shall, according to the size and type of the container in which the fruit is packed and the zone in which the customer's place of business is situated, be the price for the same set forth in the Schedule.

(3) The maximum price f.o.b. seller's farm or country shipping point at which a country shipper may sell peaches, pears or plums of a grade and variety set forth in Schedule "A" to a retailer who does not take delivery of that fruit at a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets shall, according to the size and type of the container in which the fruit is packed and the zone in which the customer's place of business is situated, be the price for the same set forth in Schedule "A", plus an amount not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

(4) The maximum price at which a country shipper may sell peaches, pears or plums of a grade and variety set forth in Schedule "A" to a consumer through a public market or otherwise shall, according to the size and type of the container in which the fruit is packed and the zone in which the sale is made, be the price for the same set forth in Schedule "A", plus an amount not exceeding 25 per cent of his selling price. Where delivery is made to a consumer in a city, town or village, the limits of which are not within a distance of 15 miles of the country shipping point, he may add transportation charges at a rate not in excess of the less-than-carload lot express rate for that fruit.

Sales by Truckers

7. (1) *Definition*—"trucker" means any person who buys peaches, pears, or plums from a country shipper, taking delivery at the country shipper's farm or place of business in or near the producing area, and distributing them from his truck.

(2) The maximum price at which a trucker may sell peaches, pears, or plums of a grade and variety listed in Schedule "A" shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for that fruit but not exceeding the maximum price at which the same may be sold to him by a country shipper;

(*b*) transportation charges at the less-than-carload lot express rate from the railway shipping point nearest his supplier's farm or country shipping point to the place of delivery to his customer, if the distance between such points is more than fifteen miles; and

(*c*) on sales at wholesale, a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price; or

(*d*) on sales at retail, a markup not exceeding 25 per cent of his selling price.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors

8. (1) *Definition*—"wholesale distributor" means any person other than a country shipper or trucker, who sells peaches, pears, or plums at wholesale.

(2) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell peaches, pears, or plums of a grade and variety listed in Schedule "A" shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for that fruit but not exceeding the maximum price at which the same may be sold to him by a country shipper;

(*b*) actual transportation charges to his place of business including pre-cooling and refrigeration charges during transit that are not included in the actual price paid by him, however, if the shipping point of the country shipper is situated within 15 miles of the limits of the city, town, or village in which the wholesale distributor operates his place of business, the wholesale distributor may not include such transportation charges;

(*c*) if the wholesale distributor is located in zone 3, (except the Province of British Columbia) an allowance for shrinkage of not more than 2 per cent of the sum of items (*a*) and (*b*); plus

(*d*) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

9. The provisions of Section 8 shall not apply to stocks of peaches, pears and plums on hand on the effective date of this Order and sold on or before August 21, 1943. Maximum prices for those stocks are fixed by Section 20.

10. Where sales of peaches, pears or plums are made between wholesale distributors the total amount of the markups of all the wholesale distributors must not exceed the amount of the markup which the first wholesale distributor could have included as part of his selling price on a sale to a person other than a wholesale distributor. Every wholesale distributor when selling to another wholesale distributor shall deliver to the buyer before or at the time he makes delivery of the fruit an invoice stating the total combined markup and the amount thereof available to the buyer.

Sales at Retail

11. (1) The maximum price at which a retailer may sell peaches, pears and plums of a grade and variety listed in Schedule "A" shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for that fruit but not exceeding the maximum price therefor that may be charged by his supplier;

(*b*) actual transportation charges to his place of business including pre-cooling and refrigeration charges in transit that are not included in the actual price paid by him, however, if he purchases from a country shipper he may not add such transportation charges to his cost price if the shipping point of the country shipper is situated within 15 miles of the limits of the city, town or village in which the retailer has his place of business; and (*c*) a markup not exceeding 25 per cent of his selling price.

(2) If a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets purchases peaches, pears or plums direct from a country shipper and such fruit is taken into the central warehouse of the retailer and distributed therefrom, his maximum markup shall be 27½ per cent of his selling price instead of the markup provided in clause (*c*) of subsection (1) of this Section.

12. The provisions of Section 11 shall not apply to stocks of peaches, pears and plums on hand on the effective date of this Order and sold on or before August 21, 1943. Maximum prices for these stocks are fixed by Section 21.

Sales on Consignment

13. Where a person receives peaches, pears or plums for sale on consignment he must not sell that fruit at a price exceeding the maximum price at which a wholesale distributor in that zone could sell that shipment of fruit.

Sales of Ungraded and Unlisted Grades of Fruits

14. (1) The maximum price at which a person may sell to any class of customer in any zone ungraded peaches or peaches of a grade lower than No. 2 grade shall be the maximum price fixed by this Order at which he may sell No. 2 grade peaches to that class of customer in that zone.

(2) Where a person sells ungraded pears or pears of a grade lower than Domestic Grade (No. 2) packed in any of those packages listed in the Schedule, the maximum price at which he may sell those pears to any class of customer in any zone shall be the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales by him of Domestic Grade (No. 2) pears to that class of customer in that zone.

(3) Where a person sells ungraded pears or pears of a grade lower than "C" Grade packed in a standard pear box the maximum price at which he may sell those pears to any class of customer in any zone shall be the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales by him of "C" Grade pears to that class of customer in that zone.

Listed Containers

15. Listed containers are those containers listed in Schedule "A" and conforming with the requirements of the Regulations issued under The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.

16. If the covering (leno) of a leno basket of peaches, pears or plums is not intact or has been removed following packing of the fruit contained therein, the basket of fruit shall for the purposes of this Order, be deemed to be an open basket and subject to the maximum price fixed for an open basket of that fruit.

Minimum Net Weight of Contents of Listed Containers

17.

TABLE

Container	Peaches lbs.	Pears lbs.	Plums lbs.
6 quart leno basket..........	10½	11	10
6 " open "	9	9	9
11 " flat "	15	16	15
6 " " "	..	..	8½
Standard box	18½	45 (wrapped)	16
" "	..	43 (unwrapped)	..

18. The maximum price set forth in Schedule "A" for peaches, pears or plums in a listed container is on the basis of a filled container having a net weight not less than the minimum net weight specified in Section 17 for that container. If less than the minimum net weight of fruit is sold in a listed container the fruit shall be deemed to be sold in an unlisted container and the maximum price shall be governed by Section 19.

Sales in Unlisted Containers

19. (1) This Section fixes prices for peaches, pears and plums when sold in containers of a size or type not listed in Schedule "A." The maximum price at which any person may sell such fruit in any unlisted container must bear a true relationship to the maximum price for that fruit packed in its base container as follows:

Fruit	Base Container		Standard Net Weight
Peaches	6 quart leno basket	....	10½ lbs.
Pears	11 " flat "	....	16 "
Plums	6 " " "	....	8½ "

(2) The maximum price at which a person may sell peaches, pears or plums in an unlisted container shall be determined on the basis of the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales to the same class of customer of that grade and variety of fruit packed in its base container according to the relationship which the net weight of the fruit in the unlisted container bears to the standard net weight of the fruit in its base container, cost of package included.

(3) *Example*—If 4 pounds of pears are sold in a paper bag or other unlisted container the maximum price will be 25 per cent of the maximum price fixed for pears sold in an 11-quart flat basket.

Example—If 48 pounds of pears are sold in a bushel hamper the maximum price will be three times the maximum price fixed for an 11-quart flat basket, cost of package included.

Stocks on Hand

20. (1) If on the effective date of this Order a wholesale distributor has stocks on hand or in transit of peaches, pears or plums, whether Canadian grown or imported, the maximum price at which he may sell such fruit shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) his actual delivered cost of the fruit including transportation; and

(*b*) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall not apply after August 21, 1943. After that date the maximum prices fixed by the other provisions of this Order for sales of that fruit by wholesale distributors shall apply to all stocks then remaining on hand.

(3) Where a wholesale distributor sells peaches, pears or plums under the provisions of subsection (1) he shall, prior to or concurrently with delivery of the fruit, furnish his buyer with an invoice certifying that the fruit represents stock on hand or in transit on the effective date of this Order.

21. (1) If on the effective date of this Order a retailer has on hand stocks of peaches, pears or plums, whether Canadian grown or imported, the maximum price at which he may sell such fruit shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) his actual delivered cost of the fruit including transportation; and

(*b*) a markup not exceeding 25 per cent of his selling price.

(2) The maximum prices fixed by subsection (1) of this Section shall also apply to sales by a retailer of peaches, pears or plums purchased by him on or before August 21, 1943, and which are invoiced to him as stocks in the hands of a wholesale distributor or in transit on the effective date of this Order.

(3) After the 21st day of August, 1943, the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) shall not apply, and any peaches, pears and plums then in the hands of a retailer shall be governed by the other provisions of this Order fixing maximum prices on sales by retailers.

Maximum Prices of Imported Fruit

22. (1) Except as provided in Section 20 the maximum price at which any person may sell at wholesale any imported peaches, pears or plums at any point shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the maximum price f.o.b. his country shipping point at which a country shipper may sell to him that grade and variety of Canadian grown fruit packed in a standard box or standard lug;

(*b*) the actual cost of transporting the fruit from its port of entry into Canada to the wholesaler's place of business; and

(*c*) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price.

(2) Except as provided in Section 21 the maximum price at which any person may sell at retail any imported peaches, pears or plums at any point shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for that fruit but not exceeding the maximum price therefor that may be charged by his supplier as fixed by subsection (1) of this Section;

(*b*) actual transportation charges from his supplier's warehouse to his place of business; and

(*c*) a markup not exceeding 25 per cent of his selling price.

Additions to Maximum Prices for Storage Pears

23. Where pears are stored and are sold after September 30, in the year in which they are grown the maximum prices fixed by the other provisions of this Order for sales of such pears shall be increased by 5 cents per standard pear box or 11-quart flat basket for each month that the pears have actually been in storage. However where the pears have been stored for more than three months the additional storage shall not in any event exceed 15 cents for each container.

Definitions of Grades of Fruits

24. (1) *Peaches*—"Select Grade," "No. 1 Grade" and "No. 2 Grade" mean respectively peaches, whether Canadian grown or imported, which are graded, packed and marked in accordance with the standards for such grades of peaches as defined in the Regulations issued under the Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.

(2) *Pears*—"Extra Fancy Grade," "Fancy Grade," "C Grade," "No. 1 Grade" and "Domestic Grade" (sometimes known as "No. 2 Grade") mean respectively pears, whether Canadian grown or imported, which are graded, packed and marked in accordance with the standards for such grades of pears as defined in the Regulations issued under the Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.

(3) *Plums and Fresh Prunes*—"Select Grade," "No. 1 Grade" and "No. 2 Grade" mean respectively plums and fresh prunes, whether Canadian grown or imported, which are graded, packed and marked in accordance with the standards for such grades of plums and fresh prunes as defined in the Regulations issued under the Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.

Records and Invoices

25. The provisions of Sections 26, 27 and 28 relating to records and invoices shall apply to both Canadian grown and imported peaches, pears and plums.

26. (1) Every country shipper, trucker and every wholesale distributor who sells any peaches, pears or plums shall on every sale at wholesale at the time of delivery to the buyer furnish him with an invoice showing the name and complete address of the seller and buyer, the date of sale, and the grade and variety and price charged for that fruit.

(2) Every country shipper and every wholesale distributor shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

27. Every wholesale distributor and retailer shall immediately upon receipt by him of any peaches, pears or plums purchased by him, prepare and shall thereafter keep a written record showing separately for each wholesale or each retail place of business operated by him, the date of purchase, the name and complete address of his supplier, the grade and variety of the fruit, the actual price and the freight paid.

28. (1) If a person retains, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, an invoice furnished by his supplier, it shall not be necessary for him to keep any other record of the particulars set forth in the invoice.

(2) Every record and invoice required by this Order to be prepared, furnished or retained shall be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at all times for twelve months from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

29. Every person who sells at retail any peaches, pears or plums shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address and the price and grade of the fruit.

30. This Order shall be effective on and after August 16, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 12th day of August, 1943.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-850

Maximum Prices for a Country Shipper (including a Grower) to a wholesale distributor and a trucker, and to a retailer when delivery is made to the retailer's distributing warehouse all prices f.o.b. seller's farm or country shipping point

Package	Grade	Lbs. net weight	Zone in which buyer is located		
			Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3
PEACHES (all varieties)		-	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
6 qt. leno..............bkt.	No. 1 and Select........	10½	0 75	0 82	0 85
6 qt. leno.............. "	No. 2..................	10½	0 65	0 71	0 73
6 qt. open.............. "	....	9	0 65	0 71	0 73
11 qt. flat.............. "	No. 1 and Select........	15	1 10	1 20	1 25
Standard..............box	No. 1 and Select........	18½	1 52	1 52	1 52
" .... "	No. 2..................	18½	1 25	1 25	1 25
PEARS IN BASKETS (all varieties except Keiffers)					
6 qt leno..............bkt.	No. 1..................	11	0 65	0 71	0 74
6 qt. leno.............. "	Domestic or No. 2......	11	0 50	0 55	0 57
6 qt. open.............. "	....	9	0 50	0 55	0 57
11 qt. flat.............. "	No. 1..................	16	0 95	1 05	1 10
11 qt. flat.............. "	Domestic or No. 2......	16	0 70	0 77	0 80
PEARS IN BASKETS—Keiffers					
6 qt. leno..............bkt.	No. 1..................	11	0 45	0 49	0 51
6 qt. leno.............. "	Domestic or No. 2......	11	0 35	0 38	0 40
6 qt. open.............. "	....	9	0 35	0 38	0 40
11 qt. flat.............. "	No. 1..................	16	0 60	0 65	0 68
11 qt. flat.............. "	Domestic or No. 2......	16	0 45	0 49	0 51
PEARS IN STANDARD BOXES					
Group 1—Bartlett, Anjou, Bosc, Winter Nelis—					
Wrapped................	Extra Fancy...........				
(Anjou only)...........	....	....	3 28	3 28	3 28
Wrapped................	Fancy..................	....	2 83	2 83	2 83
Wrapped................	"C" grade	....	2 38	2 38	2 38
Group 2—Flemish Beauty and all other varieties not in Group 1—					
Wrapped	Fancy	....	2 38	2 38	2 38
Wrapped	"C" grade..............	....	2 04	2 04	2 04
Unwrapped..............	"C" grade..............	....	1 90	1 90	1 90
PLUMS AND FRESH PRUNES (all varieties)					
6 qt. leno..............bkt.	No. 1..................	10	0 60	0 65	0 68
6 qt. flat.............. "	No. 1..................	8½	0 53	0 58	0 60
6 qt. open.............. "	....	9	0 50	0 55	0 57
11 qt. flat.............. "	No. 1..................	15	0 90	1 00	1 05
Standard lug..............	No. 1..................	16	1 07	1 07	1 07

N.B.—1. The maximum prices in this Schedule include cost of containers.
2. For prices of fruit in containers not listed in this Schedule see Section 19.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A–851

Respecting Maximum Prices of Canned Fruits and Vegetables

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

Application of the Order

1. This Order comes into effect on August 16, 1943, and replaces Orders No. 148 and No. 186 of the Board. The Order applies to sales by any person of the products listed in Schedule "A" when those products are packed in metal containers of the sizes set forth in that Schedule. It also applies to sales by wholesalers and retailers of the products listed in Schedule "B" when those products are packed in any size of glass or metal container.

Section 23 contains special provisions governing prices on sales by canners of vegetables listed in Schedule "A" when packed in 16-oz. containers. Special provisions relating to sales of certain fruits by British Columbia Coast Canners are contained in Section 24.

Sales by any person of the products listed in Schedule "A" when packed in sizes of metal containers for which prices are not fixed in this Order or when packed in glass containers, and sales by canners of products listed in Schedule "B" will continue to be governed by the provisions of The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations unless a specific price fixation has been issued or is hereafter issued therefor by or on behalf of the Board.

2. This Order does not apply to any dehydrated or frozen fruit or vegetable or to any soup, jam, jelly or marmalade.

3. All references in this Order to selling or sales include also offerings to sell and offers for sale.

Definitions of Qualities

4. For the purposes of this Order and its Schedules, "fancy," "choice" and "standard" mean, respectively, the qualities of the products herein referred to as they are defined in the regulations respecting fruits and vegetables issued under the Meat and Canned Foods Act.

Canners—General Provisions

5. "Canner," means a processor, packer or other manufacturer engaged in the business of producing for sale any of the products to which this Order applies, and holding at any time during 1943 a manufacturer's sales tax licence issued by the Excise Division of the Department of National Revenue.

6. All maximum prices fixed by this Order for sales by canners are exclusive of Dominion sales tax and are f.o.b. the seller's factory or warehouse. At the request of the buyer, a canner may prepay the freight on any shipment, but in that event he must show it as a separate item on his sales invoice to the buyer.

7. Sales by a canner of any product for which a maximum price is fixed by this Order shall, in addition to all other terms and conditions expressed in this Order, be upon the following terms and conditions:

(i) a discount of 1½ per cent on sales to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited, if the account is paid within fifteen days of invoice date;
(ii) the seller's customary cash discount on sales to any other person;
(iii) net invoice price if the account is paid within thirty days of invoice date;
(iv) a discount of one-quarter of 1 per cent in lieu of claims for "swells" on sales to the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited;
(v) the seller's customary allowance for "swells" on sales to any other person.

Sales by Canners to Other than C.P.S.C. Ltd.

8. The maximum price per dozen containers at which a canner may sell to any class of customer any product listed in Schedule "A" hereto, packed in a metal container of a size listed therein, shall be the price for the same set forth in Schedule "A" according to the quality of the product and the size of the container in which it is packed and, in the case of tomato juice and canned vegetables, according to the province in which the canner's factory or warehouse is situated.

Sales by Canners to C.P.S.C. Ltd.

9. On and after December 1, 1943, every canner shall be entitled to sell to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Corporation") that portion of his pack of any product listed in Schedule "A" that receives the approval, as to quality, of inspectors appointed under the Meat and Canned Foods Act; provided that, in the case of canned tomato juice and of any canned vegetable, he must have paid in 1943 prices for the entire quantity of the raw vegetable used by him to produce such product that equal or exceed the prices paid by him for such vegetable in 1941.

10. (1) The maximum price per dozen containers at which a canner, who complies with the provisions of Section 9, may sell a product listed in Schedule "A" to the Corporation shall be the maximum price for the same set forth in Schedule "A" according to the size of container and the province in which the canner's factory or warehouse is situated, plus an amount equal to any subsidy payable by the Corporation on sales to any other buyer of that product in that size of container, less

(*a*) twenty-five cents per dozen containers if packed in 105-oz. containers; and

(*b*) five cents per dozen containers if packed in any other size container.

(2) A canner shall not be entitled to any subsidy on a sale by him to the Corporation.

11. All sales made by a canner to the Corporation under the provisions of this Order shall also be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(*a*) the canner shall provide storage free of cost until May 31, 1944, for all such products sold by him to the Corporation;

(*b*) the canner shall, at his own expense, insure, with loss payable to the Corporation, against fire, to their full insurable value the products so stored by him for the Corporation;

(*c*) after May 31, 1944, the canner shall (except as provided in Clause (*d*)) continue to store and insure the products sold by him to the Corporation and thereafter shall be entitled to be reimbursed by the Corporation for such storage and insurance at the rate of 2 cents per case per month;

(*d*) if the Corporation refuses to continue to pay the amount for storage and insurance provided in Clause (*c*), the canner shall not, after notice of such refusal, be required to continue to store and insure the said products for the Corporation except on such terms as may be mutually agreed upon;

(e) the Corporation may at any time after January 31, 1944, take possession of any products so stored for it by a canner.

12. The Corporation may withhold payment of any moneys payable to a canner under the provisions of this Order until he has furnished the Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables with satisfactory evidence that he has fully complied with the provisions of Sections 9 and 11.

13. Every canner shall, when required by the said Administrator or any person authorized by him, exhibit to the said Administrator or to his agent or deputy all such books, accounts, records and documents as may be required to show and make a full record and disclosure of all transactions of the canner relating to the purchasing, packing, preserving, selling, storing and insuring of products sold or to be sold by the canner to the Corporation.

Production of Schedule "A" Items in Glass Containers

14. During 1943 a canner must not pack and preserve in glass containers a greater total quantity (by net weight) of any product listed in Schedule "A" than the total quantity of such product so packed and preserved by him during 1941.

Sales by Wholesalers of Schedule "A" Products

15. The maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell any product listed in Schedule "A" packed in a metal container of a size set forth in Schedule "A" shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by the wholesaler for the product, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price that may be charged by the canner of such product, as set forth in Schedule "A," plus actual transportation charges to his place of business if not included in such actual price;

(*b*) a markup (percentage of cost) in respect of the product of a particular canner, not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) normally used by such wholesaler in pricing that product during the basic period from September 15, 1941, to October 11, 1941, both inclusive and, if that product was not sold by him during such basic period, not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) normally used by him in pricing a similar product during such basic period; provided, however, that in no case shall the markup exceed ten per cent (10%) of the wholesaler's selling price .

Sales by Wholesalers of Schedule "B" Products

16. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesaler may sell any product listed in Schedule "B" hereto, packed in glass or metal containers, shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by the wholesaler for the product, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price that may be charged by the canner of such product, plus actual transportation charges to his place of business if not included in such price; and

(*b*) a markup (percentage of cost) in respect of the product of a particular canner, not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) normally used by such wholesaler in pricing that product during the said basic period and, if that product was not sold by him during such basic period, not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) normally used by him in pricing a similar product during such basic period; provided, however, that in no case may the markup exceed ten per cent (10%) of the wholesaler's selling price.

(2) Notwithstanding anything herein contained, on and after December 1, 1943, a wholesaler may increase his prices on sales of any product covered by this Section by consecutive monthly amounts of one-half cent per dozen containers, beginning in the month of December and ending when the next year's pack of that product is available for distribution.

Sales by Retailers of Schedule "A" Products

17. The maximum price at which a retailer may sell a product listed in Schedule "A" packed in a metal container of a size set forth in Schedule "A" shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) The actual price paid by such retailer for the product, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price that may be charged by the canner of such product, as set forth in Schedule "A," plus actual transportation charges to his place of business if not included in such price and, if the retailer did not purchase from a canner, not more than one wholesaler's markup conforming to the provisions of Clause (*b*) of Section 15; and

(*b*) a markup (percentage of cost) in respect of the product of a particular canner not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) normally used by such retailer in pricing that product during the said basic period and if that product was not sold by him during such basic period, not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) normally used by him in pricing a similar product during such basic period; provided, however, that in no case shall the markup exceed twenty per cent (20%) of the retailer's selling price

Sales by Retailers of Schedule "B" Products

18. The maximum price at which a retailer may sell or offer to sell any product listed in Schedule "B," packed in glass or metal containers, shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by such retailer for the product; but not in any event exceeding the maximum price that may be charged by the canner of such product, plus actual transportation charges to his place of business if not included in such price and, if the retailer did not purchase from a canner, not more than one wholesaler's markup conforming to the provisions of Clause (*b*) of subsection (1) of Section 16;

(*b*) any charge paid or payable by the retailer to a wholesaler under authority of subsection (2) of Section 16; and

(*c*) a markup (percentage of cost) in respect of the product of a particular canner, not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) normally used by such retailer in pricing that product during the said basic period and, if that product was not sold by him during such basic period, not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) normally used by him in pricing a similar product during such basic period; provided, however, that in no case may the markup exceed twenty-five per cent (25%) of the retailer's selling price.

Records and Invoices

19. (1) Every canner and wholesaler shall on every sale of a product covered by the provisions of this Order, furnish the buyer at the time of delivery to him with an invoice showing the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the kind and quality of product, the size of container and price charged.

(2) Every canner and wholesaler shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

20. Every wholesaler and retailer shall immediately, upon receipt by him of any product to which this Order applies, prepare and shall thereafter keep a written record showing separately for each wholesale and retail place of business operated by him, the date of purchase, the name and complete address of his supplier, the kind and quality of product, size of container, the actual price and the freight paid.

21. (1) If a person retains, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, an invoice furnished by his supplier, it shall not be necessary for him to keep any other record of the particulars set forth in the invoice.

(2) Every record and invoice required by this Order to be prepared, furnished or retained shall be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at all times for twelve months from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

22. Every person who sells at retail a product covered by this Order shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the kind and quality of product, the size of container and the price charged.

Special Provision for 16-oz. Containers (Vegetables)

23. Where a canner packs any vegetable listed in Schedule "A" in 16-oz. containers, his maximum price to any buyer for such product in that container shall be 15 cents per dozen containers less than the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales to that buyer of that product in 20-oz. containers.

Special Provision for B.C. Coast Canners

24. Any British Columbia Coast Canner who packs and preserves any of the fruits listed in Schedule "A" grown in the Okanagan-Kamloops Districts may apply for and, at the discretion of the said Administrator, may receive permission to increase his maximum price, as fixed by the other provisions of this Order, by an amount not exceeding the cost of shipping similar canned fruits from such districts to his cannery.

Dated at Ottawa, this 12th day of August, 1943.

F. D. MATHERS,
Administrator of Processed Fruits and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ORDER A-851

Maximum Prices for Listed Products f.o.b. Canner's Factory or Warehouse, Sales Tax Extra

Product	Size of container	Quality	PRICE ACCORDING TO PROVINCE IN WHICH SELLER'S FACTORY OR WAREHOUSE IS SITUATED			
			British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba	Ontario	Quebec	Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island
	ounces		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Tomatoes...........	28	Fancy.....	1 13	1 08	1 03	1 13
		Choice.....	1 08	1 03	0 98	1 08
		Standard..	1 03	0 98	0 93	1 03
	105	Fancy.....	4 08	3 83	3 58	4 08
		Choice.....	3 83	3 58	3 33	3 83
		Standard..	3 58	3 33	3 08	3 58
Peas Ungraded......	20	Fancy.....	1 30	1 30	1 25	1 30
		Choice.....	1 15	1 15	1 10	1 15
		Standard..	1 07	1 02	0 97	1 07
Sieve Size— 5................	20	Fancy.....	1 25	1 20	1 15	1 20
		Choice.....	1 12	1 07	1 02	1 12
		Standard..	1 07	1 02	0 97	1 07
	105	Fancy.....	5 70	5 70	5 45	5 70
		Choice.....	5 15	4 90	4 65	5 15
		Standard..	4 90	4 65	4 40	4 90
4................	20	Fancy.....	1 30	1 25	1 20	1 30
		Choice.....	1 17	1 07	1 02	1 12
		Standard..	1 12	1 02	0 97	1 07
	105	Fancy.....	5 70	5 70	5 45	5 70
		Choice.....	5 15	4 90	4 65	5 15
		Standard..	4 90	4 65	4 40	4 90
3................	20	Fancy.....	1 35	1 30	1 25	1 35
		Choice.....	1 17	1 12	1 10	1 17
		Standard..	1 12	1 07	1 02	1 12
	105	Fancy.....	6 50	6 25	6 00	6 50
		Choice.....	6 14	5 89	5 64	6 14
		Standard..	5 89	5 64	5 39	5 89
2................	20	Fancy.....	1 45	1 45	1 40	1 45
		Choice.....	1 35	1 35	1 30	1 35
		Standard..	1 17	1 12	1 07	1 17
	105	Fancy.....	7 14	6 89	6 64	7 14
		Choice.....	6 89	6 64	6 39	6 89
1................	20	Fancy.....	1 75	1 75	1 70	1 75
		Choice.....	1 50	1 50	1 45	1 50

SCHEDULE "A" TO ORDER A-851—*Con.*

Maximum Prices for Listed Products f.o.b. Canner's Factory or Warehouse, Sales Tax Extra—*Con.*

Product	Size of container	Quality	PRICE ACCORDING TO PROVINCE IN WHICH SELLER'S FACTORY OR WAREHOUSE IS SITUATED			
			British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba	Ontario	Quebec	Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island
	ounces		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Corn	20	Fancy	1 20	1 15	1 10	1 20
		Choice	1 15	1 07	1 02	1 15
		Standard	1 10	1 02	0 97	1 10
	105	Fancy	5 39	5 14	4 89	5 39
		Choice	5 14	4 89	4 64	5 14
		Standard	4 89	4 64	4 39	4 89
Whole Kernels in Brine	20	Fancy	1 20	1 15	1 10	1 20
Whole Kernel Vacuum Pack	14	Fancy	1 10	1 05	1 00	1 10
Beans	20	Fancy	1 17½	1 17½	1 17½	1 17½
		Choice	1 07½	1 07½	1 07½	1 07½
		Standard	1 02½	1 02½	1 02½	1 02½
	105	Fancy	4 98	4 98	4 98	4 98
		Choice	4 73	4 73	4 73	4 73
		Standard	4 48	4 48	4 48	4 48
Tomato Juice	20	Fancy or Choice	0 82	0 77	0 72	0 82
	26	Fancy or Choice	0 93½	0 88½	0 83½	0 93½
	28	Fancy or Choice	0 96	0 91	0 86	0 96
	48	Fancy or Choice	1 74	1 64	1 54	1 74
	105	Fancy	3 78	3 53	3 28	3 78
		Choice	3 53	3 28	3 03	3 53

Product (Syrup or solid pack)	Quality	MAXIMUM PRICE—all Provinces—according to size of container			
		16 oz.	20 oz.	28 oz.	105 oz.
		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Peaches	Fancy	1 32	1 62	2 15	8 00
	Choice	1 22	1 52	2 05	7 50
	Standard	1 17	1 47	2 00	7 00
Bartlett Pears	Fancy	1 30	1 62½	2 17½	8 25
	Choice	1 25	1 57½	2 10	8 00
	Standard	1 15	1 47½	2 00	7 50
Clapp Favorite and Flemish Pears.	Fancy or Choice	1 05	1 40	1 85	7 50
	Standard	1 00	1 30	1 75	7 25
Kieffer Pears	Fancy or Choice	0 90	1 07½	1 40	6 75
	Standard	0 85	1 02½	1 35	6 50
Plums	Fancy or Choice	0 80	1 00	1 30	5 00
	Standard	0 75	0 95	1 25	4 75
Apricots (halves)	Fancy	1 32½	1 62½	2 17½	7 50
	Choice	1 27½	1 57½	2 10	7 25
	Standard	1 22½	1 52½	2 00	7 00
Cherries	Choice Syrup Pack	1 60	1 95	2 65	9 50
	Choice Solid Pack	....	....	....	10 15

SCHEDULE "B"

To Administrator's Order No. A-851

Asparagus Tips.
Asparagus Cuttings.
Lima Beans.
Peas and Carrots.
Pumpkin.
Spinach.
Succotash.
Vegetable Macedoine.
Tomato Puree.
Tomato Paste.
Tomato Catsup.
Blueberries.
Loganberries.
Raspberries.
Rhubarb.
Strawberries.
Grape Juice.
Chili Sauce.
Fruits for Salad.
Fruit Cocktail.
Lawtonberries.
Blackberries.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE 1

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Subsidies on Canners' Sales of 1943 Pack

1. Subsidies will be paid to canners by the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Limited on their sales of the undernoted products of the 1943 Pack at the following rates per dozen:

—	16 Oz.	20 Oz.	26 Oz.	28 Oz.	48 Oz.	105 Oz.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
Tomatoes—Fancy Choice or Standard	....	....	....	0 13	....	0 46
Tomato Juice—Fancy or Choice	....	0 03½	0 04½	0 04½	0 07	0 14
Peas—all sieves and ungraded Fancy, Choice or Standard	0 05	0 05	....	....	....	0 17
Corn—Fancy, Choice or Standard	0 05	0 05	....	....	....	0 19
Green and Wax Beans—Fancy, Choice or Standard	0 15	0 15	....	....	....	0 65
Peaches—Fancy, Choice or Standard	0 08	0 08	....	0 10	....	0 50
Bartlett Pears—Fancy, Choice of Standard	0 20	0 20	....	0 25	....	1 00
Pears—all other varieties-Choice or Standard	0 20	0 20	....	0 25	....	0 50
Plums—other than Prune Plums—Choice or Standard	0 10	0 10	....	0 12	....	nil
Prune Plums—Choice or Standard	0 20	0 20	....	0 25	....	0 50

2. The above Sudsidy is not payable on the following:

(*a*) Sales to the Corporation;

(*b*) Sales to the Department of Munitions and Supply or any Agency thereof.

NOTE.—Subsidies will continue to be paid on canned goods 1942 pack at the rates specified in Government Notice appended to Board Order 148.

Subsidies to Processors of Raw Tree Fruits of 1943 Crop

3. Subsidies will be paid on Tree Fruit purchased and used for processing. The following table shows the minimum and maximum (specific) price the processor shall pay to the grower and the Subsidy to be paid by the Corporation to the Processor:—

Sudsidies will not be paid on any of these Fruits purchased at prices higher or lower than these specified prices.

THE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM (SPECIFIC) PRICE TO BE PAID BY PROCESSOR TO GROWER INCLUDING SUBSIDY

—	Per Ton	Subsidy Per Ton
	$ cts.	$ cts.
Peaches	130 00	67 50
Bartlett Pears No. 1	100 00	40 00
Bartlett Pears No. 2	70 00	30 00
Clapp-Favourite No. 1	80 00	30 00
and Flemish Pears No. 2	55 00	23 75
Kieffer Pears No. 1	60 00	20 00
Kieffer Pears No. 2	40 00	17 50
Plums—All Varieties	100 00	50 00

The Subsidies per ton of fruit purchased and used will be paid on all of the above fruits processed whether the processed product is sold to the Department of Munitions and Supply, for export, for Ships' Stores, or for any other purpose.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE 2

Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd.

In the event that any of the processed fruits or vegetables described in Government Notice 1 above, are exported or sold as Ships' Stores, Subsidies involved in such goods shall be recovered by the Corporation from the Exporter or Ships' Chandler at the rates hereinafter described.

Take notice that the classes and kinds of goods described hereunder have been and are hereby designated as "Subsidized Goods" for the purposes of Order in Council P.C. 5518 of July 16, 1943. Further take notice that the amounts of Sudsidy involved in such classes and kinds of goods have been and are hereby determined, declared and specified to be the amounts respectively described opposite such classes and kinds of goods as follows:

CLASSES AND KINDS OF GOODS	AMOUNT OF SUBSIDY			
(a) The Canned Vegetables and Tomato Juice described in Section 1 of Government Notice I.	The rates of Subsidy specified in Section 1 of Government Notice I.			
—	Per Dozen In Metal or Glass Containers			
	16 Oz.	20 Oz.	28 Oz.	105 Oz.
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
(b) (i) Canned Peaches	0 50	0 58	0 85	3 20
(ii) Canned Bartlett Pears	0 45	0 50	0 70	2 60
(iii) Canned Clapp-Favourite and Flemish Pears	0 39	0 43	0 58	1 70
(iv) Canned Kieffer Pears	0 33	0 35	0 48	1 30
(v) Canned Plums	0 31	0 35	0 50	1 28
(vi) Canned Prune Plums	0 41	0 45	0 63	1 78

(c) Peach Jam	Two Cents Per Lb.	(12 Fluid Oz.)
Plum Jam	Two Cents Per Lb.	(12 Fluid Oz.)

COMMODITY PRICES STABLIZATION
CORPORATION LTD.
H. B. McKINNON,
President.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A–853

Respecting Fruit and Vegetable Packages

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-29, as amended by Administrator's Orders Nos. A-95 and A-354, is hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 9th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 3rd day of August, 1943.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Administrator.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A–855

Respecting Base Paper for Conversion into Waxed Bread Wrappers

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. Section 3 of Administrator's Order No. A-523 is hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 19th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 14th day of August, 1943.

A. P. JEWETT,
Administrator of Book and Writing Papers.

Approved:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A–858

Respecting Used Steel Drums

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

1. Section 13 of Administrator's Order A-604 is amended by adding thereto a subsection No. 5, which subsection shall read as follows:

> "(5) The provisions of Section 13 and of the subsections thereof, as above set out, shall not be applicable to steel drums which are used by any farmer for the retention of any commodity which is required by him in the operation of his farm."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 20th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 16th day of August, 1943.

S. GODFREY,
Administrator of Used Goods.

Approved:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Ciba Building, 1235 McGill College Avenue, Montreal

Order No. C.C. 29

(Dyestuffs and Organic Pigments)

Dated July 31, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941 as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

(*a*) "Controller" means the Controller of Chemicals.

(*b*) "Dyestuffs and Organic Pigments" means any colouring matter, except colouring matter the chemical constituents of which are entirely inorganic in nature;

(*c*) "Person" includes partnership, corporation, company, any governmental body or department and/or any aggregation of persons.

2. *Returns by Users*

(1) Every person who used a total of three hundred pounds or more of dyestuffs and organic pigments during the months of January to June, 1943, inclusive, shall, on or before August 20, 1943, file with the Controller a return in writing substantially in the form set out in Schedule "A" to this Order, signed by the person making the return, and stating:

(*a*) the name and quantity in pounds of each dyestuff and organic pigment which he had on hand at the end of June, 1943; and

(*b*) the name and quantity in pounds of each dyestuff and organic pigment which he used during the months of January to June, 1943, inclusive; and

(*c*) as to each dyestuff and organic pigment on hand at the end of June, 1943, or used during the months of January to June, 1943, inclusive, the name of the supplier thereof and (if available) the Colour Index number of the Society of Dyers and Colourists or Prototype number of the American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists; and

(*d*) the approximate percentage of the quantity of each dyestuff and organic pigment, used by him during the months of January to June, 1943, inclusive, which was used in the manufacture of articles for the Department of Munitions and Supply or the Department of National Defence, or in the manufacture of articles to be incorporated in articles being or to be manufactured for the said Departments.

(2) Every person who uses a total of fifty pounds or more of dyestuffs and organic pigments during any month, commencing with the month of July, 1943, shall, on or before the tenth day of the next following month, file with the Controller a

return in writing substantially in the form set out in Schedule "A" to this Order, signed by the person making the return, and stating with respect to the month covered by the return

(*a*) the name and quantity in pounds of each dyestuff and organic pigment which he had on hand at the end of the month; and

(*b*) the name and quantity in pounds of each dyestuff and organic pigment which he used during the month; and

(*c*) as to each dyestuff and organic pigment on hand at the end of the month or used during the month, the name of the supplier thereof and (if available) the Colour Index number of the Society of Dyers and Colourists or Prototype number of the American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists; and

(*d*) the approximate percentage of the quantity of each dyestuff and organic pigment used by him during the month, which was used in the manufacture of any article for the Department of Munitions and Supply or the Department of National Defence, or in the manufacture of articles to be incorporated in articles being or to be manufactured for the said Departments.

3. *Returns by Dealers*

Every person not required to file a return under Section 2 of this Order who, at any time during any month commencing with the month of July, 1943, has in his possession for re-sale a total quantity of fifty pounds or more of dyestuffs and organic pigments, shall, on or before the tenth day of the next following month, file with the Controller a return in writing, signed by the person making the return, and stating with respect to the month covered by the return

(*a*) the name and quantity in pounds of each dyestuff and organic pigment which he had on hand at the end of the month; and

(*b*) as to each dyestuff and organic pigment on hand at the end of the month the Colour Index number of the Society of Dyers and Colourists, or the Prototype number of the American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists, if this information is available.

4. *Dyestuffs for Repackaging as Household Package Dyes Unaffected*

This Order shall not apply to dyestuffs and organic pigments in the possession of any person for the purpose of repackaging and resale as household package dyes in containers with a content of less than 4 oz., or to household package dyes in such containers.

5. *Dyestuffs and Organic Pigments to be Disposed of as Directed by Controller*

Each person in possession or control of any dyestuff or organic pigment shall use, store or dispose of such dyestuff or organic pigment as, and to such persons as, the Controller may direct.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:
A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

To Order No. C.C. 29

Return for the Period ending....................194..

Name of Dyestuff or Organic Pigment	Colour Index Number or Prototype Number (if Available)	Name of Supplier	Quantity in Pounds on Hand at End of Period	Quantity in Pounds Used During Period or Month	Approximate Percentage Used for Munitions and Supply or National Defence Articles

Dated the .... day of........................ 194..

....
Signature of User

....
Address

N.B.—In the return required by Section 2 (1) of the Order, the information will cover the six months' period January to June, 1943, inclusive. In the return required by Section 2 (2) of the Order, the monthly period only will be covered.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Ciba Building, 1235 McGill College Avenue, Montreal

Order No. C.C. 30

(Thermoplastics)

Dated August 9, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996, of July 10, 1941, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

(*a*) "Thermoplastics" means the synthetic resins and cellulose derivatives listed below, whether plasticized or unplasticized (except in the case of ethyl cellulose and cellulose nitrate), in their various primary unfabricated forms such as sheets, rods, tubes, shapes, slabs, pellets, powder, solutions, emulsions and flake, and whether virgin or scrap, but not including yarn or textiles, coated or substrated photographic film or film scrap, or cellulose film up to ·003″ in gauge:

(1) Cellulose acetate butyrate;
(2) Cellulose acetate;
(3) Plasticized cellulose nitrate, (except that used in explosives and protective coatings);
(4) Plasticized ethyl cellulose;
(5) Polymers and copolymers of styrene, except styrene copolymerized with butadiene;

(*b*) "Controller" or "Controller of Chemicals" means the person appointed Controller of Chemicals by the Governor in Council, and for the time being in office as such;

(*c*) "Person" includes partnership, corporation, company, any governmental or municipal body or department, and/or any aggregation of persons.

2. *Restrictions on use of Thermoplastics*

(1) Except with a permit in writing from the Controller, no person shall use any thermoplastics in the manufacture of any article.

(2) In cases where permit is issued, no person shall use in the manufacture of any articles, any more thermoplastics than are necessary to accomplish the functional purpose of the article, and no person shall use any thermoplastics in the manufacture of decorative attachments for any article.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section, any person may use in the manufacture of any article any thermoplastics which were in his possession prior to the effective date of this Order.

3. *Thermoplastics scrap*

The provisions of subsection (1) of Section 2 of this Order shall not apply to the use of scrap resulting from the processing or fabrication of thermoplastics; provided that no person shall use or dispose of any thermoplastics scrap resulting from his own operations unless

(*a*) such scrap is not of a quality to permit its re-use in the operation or product from which it was obtained; and

(*b*) the quantity of such scrap does not exceed 15% of the quantity of thermoplastics from which it was obtained.

4. *Permits*

The provisions of this Order shall be subject to any permit or Order issued by the Controller to meet exceptional circumstances.

5. *Effective date*

This Order shall be effective on and after its date.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CONSTRUCTION

Order No. 10-A

Dated August 4, 1943

(Grain Warehouse Construction Control Advisory Committee)

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 660, dated January 30, 1942, as amended, and by Order in Council P.C. 6835, dated August 29, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Section 3 of Order No. 10 Amended*

Section 3 of Order No. 10 of the Controller of Construction, dated April 2, 1942, is hereby amended to read as follows:—

> "3. The Committee shall, until otherwise ordered, consist of the persons hereinafter named, and such other persons as the Controller of Construction may from time to time appoint in addition to or in substitution for any of such persons:—
>
> Mr. D. A. Kane, of Winnipeg, Manitoba, Commissioner, Canadian Wheat Board, who shall until otherwise ordered, be Chairman of the Committee;
>
> Mr. W. A. Bremer, of Winnipeg, Manitoba, Manager, Elevator Department, United Grain Growers;
>
> Mr. A. C. Reid, of Winnipeg, Manitoba, President and General Manager, Western Grain Company;
>
> Mr. R. C. Steele, of Winnipeg, Manitoba, General Manager, Manitoba Pool Elevators Limited."

JOHN SCHOFIELD,
Controller of Construction.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

PRIORITIES OFFICER

OTTAWA

Order No. P.O. 4A

(Order No. P.O. 4 amended)

Dated July 26, 1943

Pursuant to the powers vested in the Priorities Officer by Order in Council P.C. 1169 of February 20, 1941, as amended, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, the Priorities Officer deems it necessary, in order to provide for the munitions and supplies required for the Fighting Services of Canada, the needs of His Majesty, and the supply of things essential to the community, to amend Order No. P.O. 4 dated May 19, 1943, and hereby orders as follows:—

1. *Schedule 3 to Order No. P.O. 4 Amended*

Schedule 3 to Order No. P.O. 4 of the Priorities Officer dated May 19, 1943, is amended by deleting from subsection (3) of the said Schedule the words "Alcan and Prince Rupert Highways" and substituting therefor the words "The Alaska Highway".

W. E. UREN,
Priorities Officer.

APPROVED:
C. D. HOWE,
Minister of Munitions and Supply.
A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 2-A

(Synthetic Rubber Technical Advisory Committee Membership Amended)

Dated July 23, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6835, dated August 29, 1941, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:—

1. *Mr. R. H. Boundy released from the Committee and Mr. George Hooker appointed in his place.*

Mr. R. H. Boundy, Dow Chemical Company, Midland, Michigan, is permitted to retire and is released from the Committee, and Mr. George Hooker, Dow Chemical Company of Canada Limited, 159 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario, is appointed to the Committee in place of the said R. H. Boundy.

2. *Order No. Rubber 2 Amended*

Section 5 of the Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 2, dated December 2, 1942, is amended by deleting therefrom Item 8 and substituting therefor the following:—

> "8. Mr. George Hooker, Dow Chemical Company of Canada Limited, 159 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario,"

J. A. MARTIN,
Deputy Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:
A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 2-B

(Synthetic Rubber Technical Advisory Committee Membership Amended)

Dated July 31, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6835. dated August 29, 1941, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute. and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Order No. Rubber 2 Amended*

Section 5 of the Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 2, dated December 2, 1942, is hereby amended to read as follows:—

"5. *Membership*

The Committee shall consist of the persons hereinafter named:—

1. Dr. G. S. Whitby, of Akron, Ohio, to be Chairman of the Committee,
2. Mr. J. R. Nicholson, of Toronto, Ontario,
3. Dr. W. A. Gibbons, of Montclair, New Jersey.
4. Dr. D. M. Morrison, of Montreal, Quebec,
5. Dr. R. K. Stratford, of Sarnia, Ontario (with Mr. Roy Smith of Sarnia, Ontario, as his alternate),
6. Dr. H. B. Speakman, Ontario Research Foundation, 45 Queens Park, Toronto, Ontario (with Dr. A. E. Westman, Ontario Research Foundation, 45 Queens Park, Toronto, Ontario, as his alternate),
7. Mr. E. R. Rowzee, Canadian Synthetic Rubber Limited, 204 Richmond Street West, Toronto, Ontario,
8. Mr. George Hooker, Dow Chemical Company of Canada Limited, 159 Bay Street. Toronto, Ontario.
9. Mr. William B. Wiegand, Columbian Carbon Company, 41 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.,
10. Mr. J. C. Howard, Kaufman Rubber Company Limited, Kitchener, Ontario,
11. Dr. Norman Grace, Polymer Corporation Limited, Toronto, Ontario.
12. Dr. Thomas R. Griffith, National Research Council, Ottawa, Ontario,

and such other persons as the Rubber Controller may from time to time appoint as members of the Committee in addition to, or in substitution for, any of the persons above named."

2. *Order No. Rubber 2-A Rescinded*

The Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 2-A dated July 23, 1943 is hereby rescinded.

J. A. MARTIN,
Deputy Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 4-A

(Maximum Prices for New Tires and Tubes for use on Trucks)

(Order No. Rubber 4 Amended)

Dated August 6, 1943.

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9995 dated November 3, 1942 and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board and the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board,

It is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *Section 17 of the Rubber Controller's Order Rubber 4 Amended*

Section 17 of the Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 4, dated June 30, 1943, is amended as follows:

(*a*) by deleting from the heading to the said section the word "used"; and
(*b*) by re-designating the said section as subsection (1) of Section 17; and
(*c*) by adding to the said section the following subsections:

"(2) The maximum price at which any authorized dealer may sell a new tire or a new tube to a consumer for use on a truck shall be as follows:

(*a*) if the consumer owns and operates not more than four trucks, the price shown on the published printed price list for the brand of the tire or tube purchased, which became effective during the basic period (15th September-11th October, 1941);
(*b*) if the consumer owns and operates more than four but less than twenty-five trucks, the price shown on the published printed price list for the brand of the tire or tube purchased, which became effective during the basic period (15th September-11th October, 1941) less a discount of 10 per centum of such price;
(*c*) if the consumer owns and operates twenty-five or more trucks, the price shown on the published printed price list for the brand of the tire or tube purchased, which became effective during the basic period (15th September-11th October, 1941), less a discount of 10 per centum of such price, and a further discount of 10 per centum of the price resulting from the deduction of the first discount.

(3) Every sale by an authorized dealer of a new tire or a new tube to a consumer for use on a truck which complies with the provisions of subsection (2) of this section shall be deemed to have been made in compliance with the provisions of subsection (4) of Section 7 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations."

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Rubber Controller.

Approved:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

Concurred in by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board:

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

STEEL CONTROLLER

Order No. S.C. 31

(Galvanized Wire, Annealed Wire, and Rods)

Dated August 3, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1942 as amended and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

It is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order unless the context otherwise requires,

(*a*) "Controller" means the Steel Controller;
(*b*) "Annealed Wire" means any annealed steel wire with a diameter of ·035 inch or more in coils, bale ties or any other form;
(*c*) "Galvanized Wire" means any single strand of galvanized steel wire in coils, bale ties or any other form;

(*d*) "Rods" means any steel rod which is produced in the form of a coil and whether or not it is subsequently cut or straightened;

(*e*) "Producer" means any person who manufactures annealed wire, galvanized wire, or rods.

2. *Fabrication, Use and Sale by Producers*

Except with a permit in writing from the Controller no producer shall further fabricate or put into use any new galvanized wire, and no producer shall sell or supply

(*a*) any galvanized wire; or

(*b*) any annealed wire or rods in any quantity exceeding five hundred pounds in any one shipment.

3. *Procedure to Obtain Permit to Purchase Wire*

(1) Every person who desires to purchase or acquire from a producer any quantity of galvanized wire, or annealed wire or rods in any quantity exceeding five hundred pounds, shall file with the Controller one copy of his purchase order and shall state either on the purchase order or on the Steel Controller's form S.C. 1000 or on any other form which may be substituted for the said form S.C. 1000,

(*a*) the quantity in pounds of the goods ordered which he has on hand at the date of the purchase order; and

(*b*) the quantity in pounds of the goods ordered which remain undelivered from purchase orders previously placed or mailed for placement with suppliers in Canada or the United States of America; and

(*c*) without adding other supplies of the same goods on hand or on order, how long the quantity ordered may reasonably be expected to last; and

(*d*) if the purchaser is buying for his own use, the use to which the goods ordered will be put; or

(*e*) if the purchaser is buying for resale, and the goods ordered are to be taken into stock, the uses to which the same kind of goods sold by the purchaser during the previous calendar quarter have been put; or

(*f*) if the purchaser is buying for resale, and the goods ordered are earmarked for the use of a specific customer, the use to which the goods will be put.

(2) If the purchase order is approved by the Controller, he will issue a release and forward it to the producer named in the purchase order and the producer may thereupon ship the goods ordered in accordance with the authority granted.

4. *Notification by Producers of Shipments*

(1) Every producer in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick or Nova Scotia shall complete and file with the Controller, and every producer in British Columbia shall complete and file with the Regional Director of Steel Control, 610 Stock Exchange Building, Vancouver, B.C. Form M. & S. 1421

(*a*) not later than Thursday of each week as to all shipments of galvanized wire and annealed wire shipped by such producer during the preceding week; and

(*b*) not later than the tenth of each month as to all shipments of rods shipped by such producer during the preceding month.

M. A. HOEY,
Associate Steel Controller.

APPROVED:

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

WOOD FUEL CONTROLLER

Order No. Wood Fuel 2

(Charcoal Production Facilities)

Dated July 31, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4362 of May 28, 1943, as amended and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

It is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *New Charcoal Production Facilities Prohibited without Permit*

Except with a permit in writing from the Wood Fuel Controller, no person shall construct or make any addition to, any kiln or other facility for the production of charcoal, and no person shall produce charcoal by the utilization of any kiln or other facility which is not available for such use at the date of this Order.

J. S. WHALLEY,
Wood Fuel Controller.

Approved:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

Ottawa, August 11, 1943.

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Branch Order No. 75

OTTAWA, August 10, 1943.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 2 and Paragraph 4, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 5084 of July 8, 1941, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That Pectin be deleted from Annex No. 1 of Export Permit Branch Order No. 13 of October 4, 1941, so that export permits will be required for shipment of Pectin from Canada to any destination.

2. That Tree fruits, n.o.p., fresh, of other than Canadian origin be exempted from requiring an export permit when shipped to any part of the British Empire or to the United States.

3. That Section I of Export Permit Branch Order No. 49 of October 22, 1942 be cancelled, and that the items "Birch and maple lumber" and "Birch and maple flooring" be deleted from Section 3 of Export Permit Branch Order No. 16 of November 19, 1941.

4. That the following commodities be exempted from requiring an export permit when shipped to the United Kingdom:

    Birch and maple logs.
    Birch and maple lumber.
    Birch and maple flooring.

5. That this Order come into force and have effect on and after August 16, 1943.

COLIN GIBSON,
Acting Minister of Trade and Commerce

Export Permit Branch Order No. 76

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 2 and Paragraph 4, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 5084 of July 8, 1941, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That the amendments and additions in the attached Annex be established and consolidated with the Export Permit Regulations of March 15, 1943, established by Export Permit Branch Order No. 65 of March 10, 1943, and amended by Export Permit Branch Orders No. 67 of March 19, 1943, No. 69 of April 7, 1943, No. 70 of May 13, 1943, No. 71 of May 24, 1943, No. 72 of June 18, 1943, the whole to be known henceforth as the Export Permit Regulations of September 1, 1943.

2. That this Order come into force and have effect on and after September 1, 1943.

T. A. CRERAR,
Acting Minister of Trade and Commerce.

ANNEX

1. Regulations 31, 33 and 35 (*b*) are cancelled.

2. The following Regulations are re-numbered:
Regulation 20 to become Regulation 20 (*a*).
Regulation 32 to become Regulation 31.

3. The following amendments are made:
Regulation 2 is amended to read as follows:

Regulation 2:

All applications for permission to export, or for information concerning the control of exports, should be submitted to the Export Permit Branch, Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, except as provided for in Regulations 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32, which cover certain dairy products, hides and skins, wool, sugar, wood, and fish and fishery products.

Sentence 2 of Regulation 3 is amended by the deletion of the words "Regulations 27 to 33 inclusive", and the substitution therefor of the words "Regulations 27 to 32 inclusive".

Regulation 6 is amended by the deletion of the words "except for the following commodities", and the substitution therefore of the following.

"except for the following commodities or as otherwise provided."

Sentence 3 of Regulation 8 is amended to read as follows:

"No fee shall be required for a permit covering the export of goods of an f.o.b. value of $100 or less; nor are fees required for permits covering parcels mailed direct by business houses for prisoners of war."

Sentence 2 of Regulation 14 (*b*) is amended to read as follows:

"On making his first shipment, the exporter should then present to this Customs Office for approval the original copy of the export permit, together with the relevant Export Entry Form B-13 upon which the Collector of Customs will endorse the export permit number."

Regulation 19 is amended by the deletion of the following from the list of specified commodities therein:

"Commodities of any kind upon which a subsidy has been paid by the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation . . . No tolerance."

and the substtution therefore of the words:

"Commodities of any kind upon which a subsidy has been paid or equalization fee must be collected . . . No tolerance."

Sub-sections (1) and (2) of Regulation 25 are amended to read as follows:

"(1) Articles returned to the United States for repair, adjustment or test, if they qualify for export under Customs Export Entry Form E-23 (Amended 1942).

(2) Articles returned to the United States for replacement on the grounds that these articles were received in a defective condition or not according to order, if they qualify for export under Customs Export Entry Form E-15."

The first sentence of Regulation 30 is amended by the deletion of the words "and for the supply of sugar and glucose as ships' stores".

Regulation 41 is amended by the deletion of the following from the list of Blockade countries therein:

French North Africa.
French West Africa.
Madagascar.

Regulation 42 is amended to read as follows:

Regulation 42:

Export permits will not be required for normal supplies of provisions exported from Canada as ship or plane stores.

4. The following new Regulations 20(*b*), 32, 33, 35(*b*) and 35(*c*) are established:

Regulation 20(b):

Permits to export commodities elegible for subsidy may be withheld unless applications are accompanied by (1) cheque refunding any subsidy paid or (2) declaration that no subsidy has been or will be applied for. Cheques covering refund of subsidy should be made payable as follows:

For Butter—To the Receiver General of Canada, Account Agricultural Foods Board.

For other commodities—To the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Limited.

Application for permits to export commodities which are subject to an equalization fee should be accompanied by (1) a cheque made payable to the Canadian Wheat Board, remitting such fee, or (2) a statement that such equalization fee has been or will be paid direct to the Canadian Wheat Board.

Regulation 32:

(*a*) Applications for permits to export to the British Empire or United States Pacific salmon herring, other Pacific fish, or Pacific clams should be submitted to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries, 402 West Pender St., Vancouver. In addition to the information called for on the form, the following information will be required for salmon and herring: Species, year of pack, name of packer, grade, and the producer's declaration number.

Applicants for permits to export to the United States New Brunswick North Shore sea herring, St. John County sea herring or sea herring from the Grand Manan Area should apply to the Collector of Customs, St. John, New Brunswick, who will complete applications on their behalf. Applications from exporters in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island for permits to export other fresh, frozen or smoked salt water fish or clams to the United States or any part of the British Empire should be submitted to the Prices and Supply Representative, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Export permits are not required for canned salmon and canned herring when consigned to and marked for the Canned Fish Division of the United Kingdom Ministry of Food.

(*b*) Applications for permits to export fresh water fish from the Prairie Provinces should be submitted to the Director of Inland Fish, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Power Building, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Export permits are not required for shipments, not exceeding 10,000 pounds in any one week, to the United States, of fresh Pickerel, Whitefish or Lake trout by licensed fishermen. The fishermen's licence number must be shown clearly on the Export Entry Form B-13-B.

(*c*) Except as provided for in Regulation 5, export permits are not required for casual shipments, not exceeding 48 pounds in weight, of canned fish; nor are export permits required for non-commercial fishermen's catches of salmon or other game fish when shipped as gifts to the United States.

(*d*) Applications for permits to export canned lobster to the United States should be submitted to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries, Federal Building, Halifax, N.S.

Export permits are not required for casual shipments of canned lobster not exceeding 48 pounds, except as provided for in Regulation 5.

(*e*) Applications for permits to export fish oils, fish liver oils and fish visceral oils must contain, in addition to the information required in the application form, information as to the kind of oil.

Applications for permits to export fish meal originating on the Pacific coast to the United States should be submitted to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries, 402 West Pender St., Vancouver. All other applications should be submitted to the Export Permit Branch, Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa.

The following new Regulation 33 is established:

Regulation 33:

Notwithstanding any other Regulation, export permits are not required for shipment of articles or materials to members of the Canadian Armed Forces abroad, provided that such articles or materials are shipped in quantities sufficient solely for the personal use of the consignee.

Regulation 35 (b):

Applications for permits to export to the following British Empire destinations should, whenever possible, be accompanied by Certificates of Essentiality or Import Licence numbers:

New Zealand
Australia
South Africa
British West Indies
India
British Honduras.

These Certificates of Essentiality should accompany applications for metals and metal products, chemicals and other materials in short supply or under quota. (For further information, consult the Export Permit Branch.)

Applications for permits to ship the following to Newfoundland must be accompanied by Certificates of Essentiality:

(1) Motor vehicles.
(2) Motor car accessories over $25 in value.
(3) Steel products over $25 in value, if requested by the Export Permit Branch.
(4) Rubber products.
(5) Foodstuffs and animal and poultry feeds.
(6) Sole leather.

Regulation 35 (c):

Applications for permits to export to any of the Latin American Republics should be accompanied by Import Recommendations, which are referred to as Export Recommendations in Mexico, Preference Requests in Brazil, and Certificates of Necessity in Argentina.

Should a Canadian exporter be unable to fill an order which he has received from one of the Latin American Republics, accompanied by one of the above Certificates, he should (1) forward the Certificate as directed to some other firm, and (2) notify the Export Permit Branch that he has taken such action, giving the name and address of the importing firm, details of the order, and number of the Certificate, together with the name and address of the firm to which he has forwarded the Certificate.

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1943

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

PAGE
5011—Despatch to Alaska of personnel called out for training under the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940 (National Defence)........ 473
5920—J. H. Coffee appointed a Deputy Machine Tools Controller (Munitions and Supply)... 474
6440—J. S. Louson, appointment as Deputy Steel Controller revoked (Munitions and Supply). 475
6549—Harvesting equipment, Prairie Provinces—transportation costs (Labour)........ 475
6602—Flour and other human foods—payments (Finance—Trade and Commerce)........ 476
6704—Publication and circulation directed of P.C. 5011, June 18, 1943 (National Defence).... 478

PART II

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

Labour—
National Selective Service—
Order No. 6—Compulsory Employment........ 480

National Defence for Naval Services—
Merchant Seamen Order, 1941—
Board of Inquiry—members........ 482
Committee of Investigation—members........ 482

National Revenue—
W.M. No. 39—Fifth Revision Supplement No. 24—Cabbages, tomatoes, grapes; birch and maple logs........ 483
W.M. No. 99—Rice........ 483

Post Office—
Canadian Postal Corps—Service to Armed Forces........ 484

PART III

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

(Finance)

Statement on Import Policy........ 485

Board Orders—
No. 305—Maximum prices of sausages........ 487
No. 306—Canned fruits and vegetables of 1942 pack........ 491

Administrators' Orders—
A-852—Used domestic radios........ 493
A-859—Styling, sale and delivery of women's, misses' and juniors', coats, suits and sports jackets........ 493
A-862—Cartons for packing beer bottles........ 495
A-864—Men's, youths' and boys' woollen work and sports clothing........ 496

ERRATA VOLUME III, No. 7—
Order No. 294, page 402—In clause (*o*), Section 1, insert "his" in third line before "agent".

PART IV

WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD

(Munitions and Supply)

Rubber Controller—
Order No. 6C—Maximum prices for GR-S (Buna S) and GR-I (Butyl)........ 497

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council authorizing despatch to Alaska of personnel called out for training under the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940

P.C. 5011

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 18th day of June, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas, Order in Council dated the 4th September, 1942, P.C. 7995, authorizes and directs the despatch to the Territory of Alaska, a territory of the United States of America, of certain units of the Canadian Army on the strength of which are personnel called out for training service or duty pursuant to the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940;

And whereas Order in Council dated the 20th April, 1943, P.C. 3238, authorizes and directs the despatch to the Territory of Alaska of all such personnel who have been or may be called out for training, service or duty pursuant to the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, who were or may be on the strength of or attached to and/or who were or may be from time to time required for training, service or duty with artillery and/or infantry units of the Canadian Army serving in and/or which may be despatched from time to time to Alaska;

And whereas the Minister of National Defence states that the Chief of the General Staff reports that it is now considered that the authorities and directions contained in the aforesaid Orders in Council should be extended to include the despatch to the Territory of Alaska (including the Aleutian Islands and other United States Islands adjacent thereto) of personnel called out for training, service or duty pursuant to the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, for training, service or duty therein; and

That publication or circulation of the fact that authority has been granted for the despatch of such personnel to Alaska would convey information likely to be useful to the enemy.

And whereas the Minister of National Defence recommends that appropriate action be taken to permit of the despatch to the Territory of Alaska (including the Aleutian Islands and other United States islands adjacent thereto) of any personnel who have been or may be called out for training, service or duty pursuant to the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, for training, service or duty therein;

And whereas the War Committee of the Cabinet has concurred in the foregoing proposal and the Minister of National Defence reports that no additional expenditure is involved therein.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence, and under and by virtue of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, and the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

> Notwithstanding the provisions of any other statute, law, regulation or order, the Minister of National Defence is hereby authorized and directed to despatch to the Territory of Alaska (including the Aleutian Islands and other United States islands adjacent thereto) such personnel who have been or may

be called out for training, service or duty pursuant to the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, as are or may from time to time hereafter be required in the opinion of the said Minister for training, service or duty therein; and to issue or cause to be issued all orders and to take all steps necessary to give effect to this authorization and direction; and all personnel so despatched or to be despatched are respectively hereby required (in addition to all other obligations for training, service or duty) to perform while in the Territory of Alaska (including the Aleutian Islands and other United States islands adjacent thereto) such training, service or duty as may be ordered by any superior officer in all respects as if the aforesaid training, service or duty in the Territory of Alaska (including the Aleutian Islands and other United States islands adjacent thereto) were training, service or duty performed or ordered to be performed in Canada.

Further, all personnel so despatched or who may at any time be so despatched are, pursuant to Section 64 of the Militia Act, hereby placed on Active Service beyond Canada for the defence thereof.

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation and pursuant to the provisions of Section 5 of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, for security reasons and because of the exigencies of operations, is further pleased to order and doth hereby order that all of the steps specified in the said Section be omitted until otherwise ordered on the ground that such omission is considered necessary in the national interest, having regard to the special circumstances.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing J. H. Coffey a Deputy Machine Tools Controller

P.C. 5920

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

SATURDAY, the 24th day of July, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 4101 of August 22, 1940, Regulations Respecting Machinery and Machine Tools were established and Thomas Arnold, of the city of Montreal, Quebec, was appointed Machine Tools Controller;

And whereas the Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that it is deemed desirable to appoint a Deputy Machine Tools Controller;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Munitions and Supply, and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Joseph Herbert Coffey, Esquire, Vice-President and General Manager of Cutting Tools and Gauges, Ltd., Toronto, Ontario, a Deputy Machine Tools Controller.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking appointment as a Deputy Steel Controller of J. S. Louson

P.C. 6440

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 17th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 8765 of September 26, 1942, John Sclater Louson was appointed a Deputy Steel Controller;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that the said John Sclater Louson has requested that he be relieved of the said appointment and that it is desirable to accede to his request.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and pursuant to the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to revoke and hoth hereby revoke the appointment of John Sclater Louson as a Deputy Steel Controller effective July 31, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing for payment of costs of transporting harvesting equipment, Prairie Provinces

P.C. 6549

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 17th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas in order to encourage the efficient movement of harvesting equipment from one district to another within the Prairie Provinces to ensure harvesting of the 1943 crop it is expedient to provide by agreements with the provinces concerned for the payment of one-way transportation costs of harvesting equipment moved under the direction of the provincial authorities, and for the sharing of costs so incurred between the Dominion of Canada and the provinces concerned;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under the provisions of the War Measures Act, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize the Minister of Labour to amend and extend, as he deems advisable, the terms of the agreements entered into by him on behalf of the Dominion of Canada with the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 3620 of May 4, 1943, or any of them, to provide for payment by the province of one-way transportation costs incurred in the transfer of harvesting equipment under the direction of the provincial authorities for the harvesting of the crop grown in the current year, A.D. 1943, in the province, at such rates as may be agreed to by the Minister and the province, and to share equally as between the Dominion of Canada and the province the costs so incurred.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council continuing the payments to millers and other manufacturers of wheat products provided by P.C. 9457, October 16, 1942

P.C. 6602

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 19th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas under Order in Council P.C. 8528 known as the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations flour millers and other manufacturers of wheat products are required to sell flour and other human foods containing wheat in Canada at prices not in excess of the maximum prices charged by them during the period September 15 to October 11, 1941;

And whereas since August 1, 1942, the market price of western wheat has been higher than during the period September 15 to October 11, 1941;

And whereas in order to maintain the supply of flour and other human foods containing wheat provision was made under Order in Council P.C. 9457 dated October 16, 1942, for payments to the manufacturers of such products according to the quantity of western wheat estimated to have been used in the manufacture of such products sold in Canada during the crop year 1942-43, at a rate equal to the difference between the monthly average prices estimated to have been paid by such manufacturers for Number One Northern Wheat or Number One CW Amber Durum Wheat in store Fort William-Port Arthur, and a price for the same grade of wheat in the same position determined as being appropriate to maximum prices for flour;

And whereas it is desirable to continue such payments during the crop year 1943-44 subject to certain alterations in procedure;

And whereas the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 9457 dated October 16, 1942, has determined upon 77⅜ cents per bushel for Number One Northern and Number One CW Amber Durum in store Fort William-Port Arthur as the price for wheat appropriate to maximum prices for flour;

And whereas the Minister of Finance and the Acting Minister of Trade and Commerce report that some mills are earning excess profits as a result of a large increase in export flour sales principally to the United Kingdom, and that it is not considered advisable to make payments which contribute to profits taxable at the rate of 100 per cent under the Excess Profits Tax Act;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and the Acting Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, is pleased to order as follows:

1. For purposes of this Order, and unless the context otherwise requires,

(*a*) "Flour millers" shall include manufacturers of human foods containing wheat other than flour;

(*b*) "Western wheat" means wheat grown in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, in that part of the Province of Ontario lying west of Fort William-Port Arthur and in that part of British Columbia known as the Peace River District, the Creston and Wynndel areas and in such other parts of British Columbia as the Canadian Wheat Board may from time to time designate under paragraph 1 of Part 1 of the Regulations contained in Order in Council P.C. 1802 dated March 9, 1942;

(*c*) "The monthly average price for hard red spring wheat" means the price for Number One Northern Wheat in store Fort William-Port Arthur which is determined by the Canadian Wheat Board each month, beginning with and including August, 1943, as being mostly nearly approximate to the arithmetic average price paid for that grade of wheat in that position by flour millers during that month, provided, however, that if during any month the price of Number One Northern rises to a premium of more than 4 cents per bushel over Number Two Northern, the "monthly average price" for hard red spring wheat may be determined by the Canadian Wheat Board by adding 4 cents per bushel to the price which is determined by the said Board to be most nearly approximate to the arithmetic average price paid for Number Two Northern Wheat in store Fort William-Port Arthur by flour millers during that month;

(*d*) "The monthly average price for Durum Wheat" means the price for Number One CW Amber Durum wheat in store Fort William-Port Arthur which is determined by the Canadian Wheat Board each month beginning with and including August, 1943, as being most nearly approximate to the arithmetic average price paid for that grade of wheat in that position by flour millers during that month, reduced by the amount of any abnormal premium for Number One CW Amber Durum wheat over Number Two CW Amber Durum wheat;

(*e*) "Standard Profits" shall mean the standard profits of the recipient determined under and in accordance with the Excess Profits Tax Act;

(*f*) "Net Taxable income" shall mean net taxable income for the purposes of the Income War Tax Act.

2. Payments to flour millers are hereby authorized in respect of flour or other human foods containing wheat for consumption in Canada sold prior to or between August 1, 1943, and July 31, 1944, both inclusive, and delivered between August 1, 1943, and July 31, 1944, both inclusive, which shall be equal to the quantity of western wheat estimated to have been used in the manufacture of flour or such other human foods multiplied by the difference between the "monthly average price for hard red spring wheat" for the month in which the flour or such other human foods were delivered and 77⅜ cents per bushel, subject to the following terms and conditions:—

(*a*) For the purposes of making payments under this order, the Canadian Wheat Board shall have the power to determine the quantity of western wheat used in the manufacture of any given quantity of flour or other human food containing wheat, but unless otherwise ordered by the Canadian Wheat Board one barrel (196 pounds) of flour shall be considered as equivalent to 4½ bushels of wheat with the exception that one barrel (196 pounds) of whole-wheat flour of any variety or standard shall be considered equivalent to 3⅓ bushels of wheat;

(*b*) No flour miller shall be entitled to payment hereunder unless and until he has completed an undertaking that if in respect of any fiscal year of the flour miller his net taxable income, inclusive of all sums received by him at any time from the Canadian Wheat Board by way of payment hereunder in respect of deliveries of flour or other human foods during such fiscal year, exceeds 116⅔ per cent of his standard profits, he will as soon as possible after the end of such fiscal year, and not later than the date on which the recipient is required under the Income War Tax Act to file income tax returns in respect of such fiscal year, refund to the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation for account of the Canadian Wheat Board the amount of such excess, provided, however, that the flour miller shall be under no obligation to pay to the said Corporation for account of the Canadian Wheat Board any amount in excess of the total sums so received by him from the said Board by way of payments hereunder;

(*c*) Payments hereunder shall be made in respect of flour and other human foods sold prior to or between August 1, 1943, and July 31, 1944, both inclusive, and delivered between August 1, 1943, and July 31, 1944, both inclusive;

(*d*) No payments hereunder shall be made in respect of flour exported from Canada;

(*e*) Payments hereunder in respect of human foods containing Durum Wheat shall be at a rate equal to the difference between the "monthly average price for Durum Wheat" and 77⅜ cents per bushel.

3. (*a*) The Canadian Wheat Board is hereby charged with the duty of determining and paying to flour millers the sums of money payable under this Order, and is hereby authorized and empowered to make such orders and regulations as may be necessary or advisable for carrying out the provisions of this Order;

(*b*) The Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation is hereby charged with the sole duty of determining and collecting the sums of money payable to the said Corporation for account of The Canadian Wheat Board under and by virtue of this Order and of remitting such sums collected to the said Board, and the Canadian Wheat Board is in no way responsible for the manner in which the said duty is performed by the said Corporation.

4. Expenditures hereunder, including expenses incurred by the Canadian Wheat Board in administering the provisions hereof, shall be charged against monies to be allotted from the War Appropriation for this purpose.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council directing publication and circulation of P.C. 5011, 18th June, 1943 despatch of troops to Alaska

P.C. 6704

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 23rd day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council dated 18th June, 1943, P.C. 5011, authorizes and directs the Minister of National Defence to despatch to the Territory of Alaska (including the Aleutian Islands and other United States islands adjacent thereto) such personnel who have been or may be called out for training, service or duty pursuant to the provisions of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, as are or may be required, in the opinion of the said Minister, for training, service or duty therein;

And whereas Section 5 of the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, provides that all orders or regulations passed under the authority of that Act shall be tabled in Parliament forthwith if Parliament is in Session and a copy thereof sent to each member of the House of Commons and of the Senate and if Parliament is not in Session that every such order or regulation shall be forthwith published in the Canada Gazette and copies thereof sent to each member of the House of Commons and of the Senate forthwith;

And whereas the said Section further provides that any of the steps specified therein may be omitted or deferred, if the Governor in Council considers such omission or deferment necessary in the national interest having regard to the special circumstances;

And whereas by the said Order in Council P.C. 5011, it was ordered that, for security reasons and because of the exigencies of operations, all the steps specified in the said Section 5 be omitted until otherwise ordered on the ground that such omission was considered necessary in the national interest having regard to special circumstances;

And whereas the Minister of National Defence reports that the Chief of the General Staff has advised that the exigencies of operations have now altered so that the security reasons existing at the time of the passing of said Order in Council P.C. 5011, do not now apply and consequently it is now considered that the national interest having regard to the special circumstances no longer requires that the steps specified in the said Section 5 of the National Resources Mobilization Act should be omitted;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence, is pleased to order and doth hereby order and direct that Order in Council dated 18th June, 1943, P.C. 5011, and this Order be forthwith published and circulated as required by Section 5 of the National Resources Mobilization Act of 1940.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

Pursuant to Section 210 of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, as amended, the following Order is hereby made:—

Compulsory Employment Order No. 6

No employer may retain in employment during any day after September 8, 1943, in any of the activities or occupations hereinafter specified, any male person who has attained or who later attains his sixteenth birthday and who has not attained his forty-first birthday, unless such person has presented to the employer a permit in prescribed form issued by a Selective Service Officer.

A. The manufacturing of:—

(1) Candy; confectionery; soft drinks; flavouring extracts and syrups; fruit juices for soda fountain use or for the manufacture of soft drinks; colours for bakers' and confectioners' use.

(2) Cigars; cigarettes; chewing and smoking tobacco; snuff; tobacco pipes; cigarette holders; cigar holders.

(3) Curtains; draperies (from fabric not produced in the same establishment).

(4) Fur garments; fur accessories; fur trimmings (excluding the manufacture of sheep-lined clothing).

(5) Handbags (women's); women's purses; small leather articles such as billfolds, card, cigarette and key cases, coin purses and cheque book covers.

(6) Hats; hat bodies; hatter's fur for use as material in the production of fur felt hat bodies; caps; cap findings such as cap visors, sweat bands and trimmings; tip printing and stamping of hats and caps; artificial leather; padding; upholstery filling.

(7) Household furniture (except mattresses and bedsprings); metal office furniture; metal restaurant furniture.

(8) Frames for mirrors, pictures, photographs or medallions; picture frame mouldings.

(9) Monuments; tombstones; cut-stone; stone products; slate products; ornamental metal work such as ornamental metal doors and sash, window and door frames, store fronts, moulding and trim; signs; advertising displays; advertising novelties.

(10) Neckties; scarfs; neckwear (other than knitted); bath robes; lounging robes; dressing gowns.

(11) Pens; mechanical pencils; pen points; penholders; parts of mechanical pens and pencils; artist's materials; drafting materials.

(12) Jewellery; jewellery cases; fancy boxes and trays for jewellery, instruments, cutlery, eyeglasses, combs, cigarettes, pipes, toilet sets; cigar boxes (wood); fancy boxes (wood).

(13) Perfumes; cosmetics; toilet preparations; beauty shop equipment; barber shop equipment.

(14) Pianos; organs; accessories, attachments or materials for organs or pianos; musical instruments; parts and materials for musical instruments; phonograph records; games; toys; dolls; doll parts; doll clothing; children's vehicles.

(15) Furniture for public buildings such as schools (including wooden blackboards), theatres, assembly halls, churches and libraries; seats for public conveyances; office fixtures; store fixtures; prefabricated partitions; shelving; cabinets, show and display cases; fabricated woodwork such as bar fixtures, telephone booths, butchers' fixtures, lockers, statuary wooden pedestals, display racks and stands and store or lunchroom window backs; prefabricated wooden store fronts; window shades; window shade rollers and fittings; curtain rods, poles and fixtures; Venetian blinds; porch shades; wallpaper; rubber tile and sheet flooring; wainscoting; lamp shades.

(16) Rattan wares; willow wares (except fruit and vegetable baskets).

(17) Soda fountains; ice cream parlour equipment; beer dispensing equipment; tanks, siphons, parts and accessories for soda fountains, ice cream parlour and beer-dispensing equipment; vending, amusement or other coin-operated machines; store machines and devices; household machines; service industry machines; electric vacuum cleaners.

(18) Feathers; plumes; artificial flowers; chewing gum; wine; lace goods; greeting cards; factory production of statuary and art goods; wigs; toupees; braids, switches, transformations and related articles made largely from human hair.

B. All wholesale activities *except* the following classifications in wholesale trade:—

(*a*) Books; papers; magazines; sheet music;
(*b*) Electrical equipment for industrial use;
(*c*) Farm products (excluding tobacco); farm supplies;
(*d*) Food products;
(*e*) Fuel; ice;
(*f*) Gasoline; oil; grease;
(*g*) Hardware; lumber; building materials;
(*h*) Leather; leather goods;
(*i*) Machinery; machinery equipment;
(*j*) Metals; minerals; chemicals;
(*k*) Paper; paper products;
(*l*) Plumbing supplies; heating supplies; ventilating supplies;
(*m*) Scrap metal; junk; waste;
(*n*) Watches; clocks; timing instruments.

C. Occupations:—

1. Bus boy; charman; cleaner; custom furrier; dancing teacher; dish washer; domestic servant; doorman; starter; elevator operator; greens keeper; grounds keeper; hotel bell boy; porter and waiter (other than in railway train service); private chauffeur; taxi driver.

2. Any occupation in or associated with:—

(*a*) art; authors; art galleries; museums; commercial art services; library operations; framing pictures; portrait photography; photography for advertising agencies; publishers and other industrial users; film developing and print processing of films; lapidary work (except for diamond dies and industrial diamonds).

(*b*) dyeing, cleaning and pressing; baths; guide service; shoe shining; operation of ice cream parlours and soda fountains; barber shops; beauty parlours; gasoline-filling service stations.

(*c*) distilling alcohol for beverage; brewing; breweries.

(*d*) entertainment including but not restricted to theatres, film agencies, motion picture companies. amusement parks, bands, orchestras; billiard and pool rooms, bowling alleys, recreational clubs and recreational services (excepting radio broadcasting stations).

(*e*) florists; flower growing; horticultural services (except tree surgery).

(*f*) raising of special live stock, such as race horses, dogs, cats and other pets.

(*g*) leather currying, finishing, embossing and japanning.
(*h*) costume renting; fur dressing and dyeing; fur storage.
(*i*) distilling and refining natural essential oils and witch hazel extract.

3. Any occupation in or associated with:—

(*a*) Retail stores; restaurants; lunch rooms; taverns; retail liquor, wine and beer stores.
(*b*) Retail sale of candy, confectionery, tobacco, tobacco products, books, stationery, magazines, or newspapers; magazine subscription agencies; office and school supplies; retail news agents.
(*c*) Retail sale of motor vehicles; motor vehicle accessories; sporting goods; musical instruments.

Dated at Ottawa, this 25th day of August, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE FOR NAVAL SERVICES

THE MERCHANT SEAMEN ORDER, 1941

Boards of Inquiry

Appointment and Confirmation of Appointment

I, the undersigned Minister of Justice, pursuant to Section 9 (1) of the Merchant Seamen Order, 1941, as made and established by P.C. 11397, dated 19th December, 1942, do hereby appoint for all ports or places in Canada, Lieutenant Commander T. K. Young, R.C.N.R., of the City of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, a representative of the Department of National Defence for Naval Services, to act as a member of Boards of Inquiry for the purposes of the said Order.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of July, 1943.

LOUIS S. ST-LAURENT,
Minister of Justice.

THE MERCHANT SEAMEN ORDER, 1941

Committees of Investigation

I, the undersigned Minister of Justice, pursuant to Section 3 (1) of the Merchant Seamen Order, 1941, as made and established by P.C. 11397, dated 19th December, 1942, do hereby name Lieutenant P. G. R. Campbell, R.C.N.V.R., of the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, and Paymaster-Lieutenant P. O. Beaton, R.C.N.V.R., of the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, representatives of the Department of National Defence for Naval Services, to act on Committees of Investigation for the purposes of the said Order.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of July, 1943.

LOUIS S. ST-LAURENT,
Minister of Justice.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 39
Fifth Revision
Supplement No. 24

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 16th August, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

Effective on and after August 16, 1943, (P.C. 6384; 10/8/43), the following are added to the list of commodities requiring an export permit before being shipped from Canada to any destination:

Group 1. *Agricultural and Vegetable Products*
  Cabbages, fresh.
  Tomatoes, fresh.
  Grapes, fresh.

By Export Permit Branch Order No. 75, effective on the same date, the following changes *re* exemptions from permit are made:

1. The exemption on Pectin Group 1) is cancelled, and shipments of Pectin from Canada now require export permits to any destination.

2. Tree fruits, n.o.p., fresh, OF OTHER THAN CANADIAN ORIGIN are exempt from requiring an export permit when shipped to any part of the British Empire or to the United States (see W.M. No. 39, 5th Revision, Supplement No. 21, second item under list of products added by Order in Council P.C. 5787). Please note that this exemption does not apply to apples, peaches, pears, plums and cherries, which are listed separately. This exemption covers mainly citrus fruits and bananas, which have been imported and are being exported to such destinations as Newfoundland, etc.

3. Exemptions to the British Empire on the following items are cancelled, and replaced by exemption from requiring an export permit when shipped to the United Kingdom only:

Group 4. *Wood, Wood Products and Paper*
  Birch and maple logs.
  Birch and maple lumber and flooring.

This exemption applies to ordinary commercial shipments, and does not in any way limit shipments made under Export Permit Regulation 34 by or for the various Government Departments mentioned herein.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise.

WM No. 99

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 16th August, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Prohibited Imports

It is ordered that the importation into Canada of Rice (Tariff items 62, 63 and 63a) be prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue.

Applications for permits to import Rice are to be submitted on Department of National Revenue Form "Application for Permit to Import War Materials and other Goods."

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue, Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 6336, 10/8/43,—Authority, War Measures Act)

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Ottawa, August 14, 1943.

In pursuance of the powers vested in the Postmaster General through the Post Office Act of Canada, Chapter 161, R.S.C. 1927, section 7, paragraph X, public notice is hereby given that all officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the Canadian Postal Corps of the Canadian Army, serving within or without Canada, either with the Navy, the Army or the Air Force, are hereby authorized to receive and despatch His Majesty's mail and perform all such other postal duties as may be required of them by the needs of the Postal Service; and the responsibilities and duties of such officers, non-commissioned officers and men, within the limits of postal services rendered to the Armed Forces, shall be to all intents and purposes the responsibilities and duties of an employee of the Canada Post Office.

This public notice will take effect as from the 3rd September, 1939.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement on Import Policy

Referring to the "Statement of Import Policy, effective February 11, 1943," published in Canadian War Orders and Regulations, February 22, 1943, notice is hereby given of the following changes in Schedules "A" and "B" to the said Statement.

Schedule "A" is amended, effective on and after February 11, 1943, by inserting therein the following:—

Tariff Item	*Description of Goods*
ex 247a	Artists' and school children's colours valued at more than $15 per gross. Fitted boxes containing artists's and school children's colours valued at more than $55 per gross. Artists' brushes valued at more than $4 per gross.

Schedule "A" is amended, effective on and after August 18, 1943, by inserting therein the following:—

Tariff Items	*Description of Goods*
ex items: 13, 14, 208t, 258, 259, 259a, 259b, 265, 265a, 266, 276a, 277, 277a, 278, 278a, 278b, 278c, 278e, 279, 280, 711, 824, 838 and 839, et al	Oils and fats, vegetables, animal, marine or marine animal, for the manufacture of soap or shortening.

Section I of Schedule "B" is amended, effective on and after February 11, 1943, by deleting therefrom tariff item 247a.

Section II of Schedule "B" is amended, effective on and after February 11, 1943, by adding thereto the following:—

Item Number	*Description of Goods*
ex 247a	Pastels of a value of one cent per stick or over; artists' canvas, coated and prepared for oil painting.

Section III of Schedule "B" is amended, effective on and after August 1, 1942, by deleting from paragraph numbered 4 thereof tariff item 682.

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman.

Ottawa, August 17, 1943.

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 305

Respecting Maximum Prices of Sausage

Made under Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, the Board does hereby order as follows:

PART I—DEFINITIONS

1. (1) For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "sausage" means a product conforming to the regulations respecting sausage issued under the Food and Drugs Act;

(*b*) "pork sausage" means fresh sausage, stuffed in sheep, lamb or hog casings, containing no animal product other than flesh or fat obtained from the carcass of a hog from which the tongue, heart, liver, lungs, kidneys and other viscera have been removed;

(*c*) "commercial sausage" means any fresh sausage, stuffed in sheep, lamb or hog casings, other than pork sausage;

(*d*) "bologna style sausage" means sausage stuffed in beef casings (including bungs, bladders, rounds, weasands and middles) or in artificial casings or paraffined cloth bags of a similar size and which has been smoked or cooked or both smoked and cooked;

(*e*) "weiner" or "frankfurter" mean sausage stuffed in sheep, lamb or hog casings or in artificial casings of a similar size, and which has been smoked or cooked or both smoked and cooked.

(*f*) "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail;

(*g*) "zone" means one of the zones numbered 1 to 15 mentioned in the Schedule hereto which zones correspond respectively with the zones, similarly numbered, described in Order No. 252 of the Board.

(2) This Order shall also apply to the kinds of sausage listed in the Schedule hereto when they are in a frozen condition.

PART II—SALES AT WHOLESALE

2. (1) The maximum price, not including sales tax, at which a person in a zone may sell or offer to sell at wholesale sausage of a kind described in the Schedule hereto shall be the price for same set forth in the said Schedule for the zone in which the buyer's place of business is situate or, if it be situate in a part of Canada not included in a zone, for the zone in which the seller's place of business is situate.

(2) Except where the sale is to a person whose place of business is situate in a part of Canada not included in a zone, the maximum price fixed by subsection 1 of this Section shall be the price at the buyer's place of business or, if delivery is by railway, at the railway station nearest the buyer's place of business. If delivery is by railway express at the buyer's request, the seller may add to the price the difference between railway freight and express charges if he shows the difference as a separate item on his invoice for the product.

(3) Where the sale is to a person whose place of business is situate in a part of Canada not included in a zone, the seller may add to the maximum price fixed by subsection 1 of this Section the cost of transporting the sausage from his shipping point to the buyer's receiving point if he shows the transportation cost as a separate item on his invoice for the product.

(4) Every person who sells at wholesale in any zone sausage of a kind described in the Schedule shall equitably distribute his available supplies among his customers in that zone. If a customer operates more than one place of business in a zone he shall be treated as a separate customer in respect of each place and the seller shall deliver sausage to the place or places of business in the zone designated by the customer. If delivery is by railway, the seller shall deliver to the railway station nearest to the place of business designated by the customer.

Part III—Sales at Retail

3. No person selling at retail in a zone or a part of Canada not included in a zone a kind of sausage described in the Schedule shall buy or otherwise acquire the same at a total delivered cost in excess of an amount equal to the lawful maximum price on sales at wholesale to him of the sausage plus, if delivery is by railway, his cost of transporting the sausage from the railway station nearest to his place of business.

4. The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell at retail a kind of sausage described in the Schedule shall be the sum of the following:—

(*a*) his actual delivered cost of the sausage not exceeding the maximum delivered cost as fixed by Section 3 (except the difference between railway freight and express charges, if any, included in such cost); and

(*b*) a markup (percentage of cost) not greater than the markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him in pricing that kind of sausage during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, but not in any event exceeding:

(i) 30 per cent of his selling price on sales of pork sausage and commercial sausage; or

(ii) 25 per cent of his selling price on sales of bologna style sausage and of weiners.

Part IV—Records of Sales and Purchases

5. Every person who sells at wholesale or at retail any kind of sausage described in the Schedule shall immediately upon receipt by him of sausage purchased or otherwise acquired by him prepare and shall thereafter keep a written record showing separately for each wholesale and for each retail place of business operated by him the date of purchase or acquisition, the name and complete address of his supplier, the kind of sausage, the kind of casing and the actual price per pound paid by him and, if pork sausage, the size of package in which it is packed.

6. (1) Every person who sells at wholesale any kind of sausage described in the Schedule shall on every sale and concurrently with delivery to the buyer furnish him with an invoice showing the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale and the kind and price per pound of the sausage, the kind of casing and, if pork sausage, the size of package in which it is packed.

(2) Every person who sells such sausage at wholesale shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

7. (1) If a person retains, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, an invoice furnished by his supplier, it will not be necessary for him to keep any other record of the particulars set forth in the invoice.

(2) Every record and invoice required by this Order to be prepared, furnished or retained shall be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at all times for twelve months from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

8. Every person who sells at retail a kind of sausage described in the Schedule shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address and the price, kind and weight of the sausage.

PART V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

9. Any commission, charge, fee, reward, bonus, premium, concession or other payment or consideration whatsoever in money or money's worth claimed, stipulated for, taken, directly or indirectly by or to any person in connection with or arising out of a sale, purchase or transaction in any kind of sausage described in the Schedule shall be and form part of the price at which such sausage is sold or bought.

10. This Order shall be effective on and after the 23rd day of August, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, this 12th day of August, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

SCHEDULE TO ORDER No. 305

Respecting Maximum Prices for Sausage

(in cents per pound)

Kind of Sausage	Kind of Casing	Zones														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents
Pork sausage in a package containing not over 1¼ lbs.	S.C.	27·00	26·50	26·00	26·00	26·00	26·00	26·50	26·00	25·50	24·75	24·25	24·00	25·25	25·00	25·50
Pork sausage in a package containing not over 1¼ lbs.	H.C.	25·00	24·50	24·00	24·00	24·00	24·00	24·50	24·00	23·50	22·75	22·25	22·00	23·25	23·00	23·50
Pork sausage in bulk or in a package containing more than 1¼ lbs.	S.C.	26·00	25·50	25·00	25·00	25·00	25·00	25·50	25·00	24·50	23·75	23·25	23·00	24·25	24·00	24·50
Pork sausage in bulk or in a package containing more than 1¼ lbs.	H.C.	24·00	23·50	23·00	23·00	23·00	23·00	23·50	23·00	22·50	21·75	21·25	21·00	22·25	22·00	22·50
Commercial sausage	S.C.	21·00	20·50	20·00	20·00	20·00	20·00	20·50	20·00	19·50	18·75	18·25	18·00	19·25	19·00	19·50
Commercial sausage	H.C.	19·00	18·50	18·00	18·00	18·00	18·00	18·50	18·00	17·50	16·75	16·25	16·00	17·25	17·00	17·50
Bologna Style Sausage	B.C., A.C. or P.B.	17·50	17·00	16·75	16·50	16·50	16·50	17·00	16·50	16·00	15·25	15·00	14·75	16·00	15·75	16·25
Weiners and Frankfurters	S.C.	22·75	22·25	22·00	21·75	21·75	21·75	22·25	21·75	21·25	20·50	20·25	20·00	21·25	21·00	21·50
Weiners and Frankfurters	H.C.	20·75	20·25	20·00	19·75	19·75	19·75	20·25	19·75	19·25	18·50	18·25	18·00	19·25	19·00	19·50
Weiners and Frankfurters	A.C.	20·00	19·50	19·25	19·00	19·00	19·00	19·50	19·00	18·50	17·75	17·50	17·25	18·50	18·25	18·75

In This Schedule under the Heading of Kind of Casing

"S.C." means sheep or lamb casing
"H.C." means hog casings
"A.C." means artificial casing
"B.C." means beef casing
"P.B." means paraffined cloth bags.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 306

Respecting Canned Fruits and Vegetables of the 1942 Pack

Made pursuant to authority conferred by Order-in-Council P.C. 8528, dated November 1, 1941.

The Board Hereby Orders as Follows:

1. Order No. 148 and Order No. 186 of the Board are hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 16th day of August, 1943.

Made at Ottawa this 12th day of August, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-852

Respecting Used Domestic Radios

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-761 is amended by deleting the word "Electric" from the heading to the said Schedule and substituting therefor the word "Domestic" so that the heading will read as follows:

"PRICE SCHEDULE FOR USED DOMESTIC RADIOS"

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 16th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 13th day of August, 1943.

S. GODFREY,
Administrator of Used Goods.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No A-859

Respecting the Styling, Sale and Delivery of Women's, Misses' and Juniors' Coats, Suits and Sport Jackets

Whereas by virtue of certain directions, in writing, issued pursuant to Section 35 of Order No. 214 of the Board, the provisions of the said Order no longer apply to the prices at which a manufacturer may sell Women's Misses' and Juniors' Coats, Suits and Sport Jackets, and to effectually regulate and control the manufacture, sale and delivery thereof it is deemed expedient to amplify the provisions of Administrator's Order No. A-526.

Therefore pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board, as follows:

Administrator's Order No. A-526 is hereby revoked and the following is substituted therefor:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) any word or expression used in this Order, which by said Order No. 214 has been given a defined meaning or inclusiveness shall for the purposes of this Order, have the same meaning and inclusiveness;

(*b*) "garment" means a woman's, miss' or junior's coat, suit or sport jacket.

2. This Order shall not apply to the manufacture, sale and delivery of a garment when the manufacture, sale or delivery is on the order of one or more of the following departments of the Government of Canada, namely,—Munitions and Supply, National Defence, National Defence Air Services, National Defence Naval Services or Pensions and National Health, or of any agency of any of them.

3. No person who manufactures a garment for sale shall

(*a*) make, purchase or acquire a new silhouette or a new cutting pattern;

(*b*) alter any silhouette or cutting pattern of any Fall model used by him in the Fall season of 1942, or of any Spring model used by him in the Spring season of 1943.

(*c*) offer for sale for any Fall or Spring season more than fifty per centum of the number of styles of garments which he offered for sale for the Fall season of 1941 or the Spring season of 1942 respectively, and in no case shall the number of styles of garments that a person may offer for sale in any season, exceed 50;

(*d*) for a Fall or Spring season offer garments for sale unless at least twenty per centum of the styles thereof are the same as the styles of garments he offered for sale for the Fall season of 1942 or Spring season of 1943, respectively;

(*e*) manufacture or produce in any price range a special order garment the style of which differs basically from the original style shown by him in the same price range, or the size of which differs from the size range shown by him for the same style of garment.

4. (1) No person who manufactures a garment for sale in any season shall sell or offer to sell the same unless with respect to such garment, he first—

(*a*) completes and signs a cost sheet in the form prescribed by the Administrator of Women's and Misses' Coats and Suits;

(*b*) attaches to the said cost sheet a swatch of the cloth he proposes to use in the manufacture of the garment, and a swatch of the cloth he used in the manufacture of the same or similar kind and style of garment for sale in the corresponding season of 1942;

(*c*) files the said cost sheet and swatches with the said Administrator;

(*d*) obtains from the said Administrator a price authorization in writing setting forth the maximum price at which he may sell or offer to sell the said garment.

(2) No person who receives a price authorization referred to in Subsection (1) of this Section, shall—

(*a*) in the manufacture of a garment named or referred to in the said price authorization, use in such manufacture a cloth other than the cloth identified by the swatch which he attaches to the cost sheet for the garment and files with the said Administrator;

(*b*) sell or offer to sell a garment named or referred to in the said price authorization at a price that is higher than the price set forth for the garment in the said price authorization.

5. A person who manufactures a garment for sale, shall not

(*a*) supply or deliver the same on consignment or on approval;

(*b*) sell or offer to sell a garment to a person, under a term or condition of sale which prohibits the said manufacturer from selling or offering to sell garments in the same or substantially similar styles to any other person.

6. (1) Every person who wholly or partly manufactures a garment in Canada shall before shipping it, print, write, weave or stamp thereon or on a label or string tag attached to it, his name or his W.P.T.B. licence number or his registered trademark for the garment, and the style number and size of the garment. All such trademarks used must be recorded with the Administrator before using the same in pursuance of this Order.

(2) No person shall sell a garment which the manufacturer thereof ships after the effective date of this Order unless the information that the said manufacturer is required by subsection 1 of this section to show thereon or on a label or string tag attached thereto is so shown at the time of sale and delivery of the garment.

7. (1) No manufacturer or wholesaler shall deliver a garment unless he supplies the person to whom it is delivered, with an invoice showing:—

(*a*) the date of the delivery of the garment;

(*b*) the W.P.T.B. licence number of the person who manufactured the garment;

(*c*) his name and address and that of the person to whom the garment is delivered;

(*d*) the manufacturer's style number of the garment;

(*e*) the exact quantity of each style of garment involved in the delivery, the price per unit and the total price of the same;

(*f*) all discounts allowed by him on the said total price.

(*g*) a declaration which may be printed, written or stamped on the invoice, stating that the price charged by him for each garment, as set forth in the invoice, is not more than the price fixed for the same by or on behalf of the Board.

(2) No wholesaler or retailer shall sell or offer to sell a garment which he purchases after the effective date of this Order, unless he first receives an invoice for the garment from his supplier, as required by subsection 1 of this section.

8. Every person who manufactures garments for sale shall keep a proper record of his manufacture and sale of garments, showing in respect of each kind of garment the material used in its manufacture and the price range thereof. The record shall upon request be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

9. Every invoice involving a transaction in garments which a wholesaler or retailer receives shall be kept on his file for a period of three years from its date. All such invoices and other documents necessary to show an accurate record of transactions in garments by the wholesaler or retailer shall upon request be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

10. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the said Administrator, upon application to him, may grant in any individual cases of undue hardship or special circumstances.

11. This Order shall be effective on and after the 23rd day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 13th day of August, 1943.

H. ROTHER,
Administrator of Women's and Misses' Coats and Suits.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-862

Respecting Cartons for Packing Beer Bottles

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-799 is hereby amended

(*a*) by renumbering Sections 4, 5 and 6 thereof as Sections 5, 6 and 7 respectively;

(*b*) by inserting therein the following Section as Section 4:

"4. No brewer shall use for packaging bottles containing beer a solid fibreboard carton or corrugated fibreboard carton having any printing or stamping marked thereon other than

(*a*) one block, not longer than 6 inches and not wider than 4 inches, containing any matter referring to or descriptive of the contents of the carton, and

(*b*) freight classification mark or stamp."

2. The Schedule to Administrator's Order A-799 is hereby amended

(*a*) by deleting therefrom the following items in the first part of the said Schedule:

" 8½ x 5½ x 9¼ .... Upright Small 6
11 x 6½ x 4½ .... Flat Small 6
8⅞ x 5¾ x 7 .... Upright Steinie 6"

(*b*) by inserting in the second part of the said Schedule immediately after Item (ii) of paragraph (*a*) the following:

"(Heavier grades may be used for partitions made from waste materials arising from the manufacture of other containers.)"

3. Nothing in this Order shall prohibit the use by a brewer of cartons which he had on hand at the effective date hereof, or which were at that date manufactured or in process of manufacture to his order.

4. This Order shall be effective on and after the 25th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 21st day of August, 1943.

D. SIM,
Administrator of Alcoholic Beverages.

APPROVED:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-864

Respecting Men's, Youths' and Boys' Woollen Work and Sports Clothing

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-809 is revoked and Part I of Schedule "B" of Administrator's Order No. A-207 which was deleted by Administrator's Order No. A-809 is hereby revived.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 25th day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 21st day of August, 1943.

H. R. COHEN,
Administrator of Fine Clothing.

APPROVED:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

Order No. Rubber 6-C

(Maximum Prices for GR-S (Buna S) and GR-I (Butyl))

Dated August 13, 1943.

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9995, dated November 3, 1942, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board and the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *Schedule "A" to Order No. Rubber 6-A Amended*

The following items of Schedule "A" to the Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 6-A, dated April 1, 1943, namely:

"GR-S (Buna S)	00.2250
GR-I (Butyl)	00.2050"

are amended to read as follows:

"GR-S (Buna S)	00.2055
GR-I (Butyl)	00.1721"

2. *Effective Date of Order*

This Order shall be effective on and after the 1st day of September, 1943.

J. A. MARTIN,
Deputy Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

Concurred in by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board:

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman.

VOLUME III, No. 9

SEPT. 7, 1943

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS
1943

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793 of 26th November, 1942.

OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
OTTAWA

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

PAGE

6778—Guarantee of repayment of loans by chartered banks of Canada to Canadian Wheat Board (Finance) 503
6798—Insurance for certain classes of persons not ordinarily insured under the Unemployment Insurance Act—P.C. 10156, January 7, 1942 (Labour) 505
6808—Wartime Prices and Trade Board Regulations amended (Finance) 506
6812—Home conversion plan extended in Ottawa; similar conversion of buildings, Hamilton, St. Catharines, Brantford, Montreal, and Quebec (Finance) 508
6839—Pacific Herring Production Regulations (Fisheries) 509

PART II

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

Agriculture—
Feeds Administration—
Order No. 8—Freight Assistance policies for Eastern Canada 513
Labour—
National Selective Service—
Order No. 8—Revoking Order of December 24, 1942, re employment of members of Armed Forces on leave 513
Order No. 9—Employment of Longshoremen, Saint John, N.B 513

National Defence for Naval Services—
Merchant Seamen Order 1941—
Boards of Inquiry—appointments 514

National Revenue—
WM No. 13 Revised Supplement No. 28—Importation of publication "Wage Worker". 514

PART III

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

(*Finance*)

Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations—
P.C. 8528—Office Consolidation 515

Board Orders—
No. 309—Freezing sales of preserves to consumers 527
No. 310—Bread 527

Administrators' Orders—
A-857—Pyrethrum and Rotenone 529
A-863—Bread and bakery products 531
A-865—Maximum prices for Eastern white beans (pea beans) 533
A-866—Salt containers 535
A-867—Maximum prices of Atlantic Coast canned chicken haddies, finnan haddies and mackerel 535
A-868—Prices of fertilizers in various provinces 537
A-869—Cane molasses 538

ERRATA—
Vol. III—No. 5, clause (a) of Section 5, Administrator's Order No. A-832—
in first line on page 289 for "of" read "or".

PART IV

WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD

(*Munitions and Supply*)

Coal Controller—
Order No. Coal 6—National Coal Conservation Committee........................... **544**
Order No. Coal 7—Imported bituminous coal distribution.............................. **545**

Steel Controller—
Order S.C. 32—Steel wire rope.. **548**

PART V

EXPORT PERMIT BRANCH

(*Trade and Commerce*)

Order No. 77—Amendments to Regulations.. 555

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council authorizing guarantee of repayment of loans by chartered banks of Canada to Canadian Wheat Board

P.C. 6778

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 26th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 3147 dated 4th October, 1935, passed pursuant to The Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935, authorized the Minister of Finance on behalf of the Government of Canada to guarantee advances made to the Canadian Wheat Board (established under the said Act and hereinafter referred to as "the Board") by the following banks, namely:

Bank of Montreal
The Royal Bank of Canada
The Canadian Bank of Commerce
The Bank of Nova Scotia
The Bank of Toronto
Imperial Bank of Canada
The Dominion Bank;

And whereas a guarantee in form authorized by Order in Council P.C. 3147 was executed by the Minister of Finance on the 5th October, 1935, and delivered;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 4840 of the 17th September, 1940, passed pursuant to The Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935, as amended (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") authorized the Minister of Finance on behalf of the Government of Canada to guarantee advances made to the Board by the seven lending banks, and interest on such advances at such rate or rates and upon such terms of payment thereof as might be agreed upon from time to time between the Board and the seven lending banks with the approval of the Minister of Finance;

And whereas a guarantee in form authorized by Order in Council P.C. 4840 was executed by the Minister of Finance on the 7th October, 1940, and delivered;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 10199 dated 31st December, 1941, amended Order in Council P.C. 4840 by adding to the list of the names of the seven lending banks the name of Banque Canadienne Nationale, and also amended the form of guarantee by adding thereto the name of the said bank (the eight banks being hereinafter referred to as "the lending banks");

And whereas a guarantee in form authorized by Order in Council P.C. 4840, as amended, was executed by the Minister of Finance on the 8th January, 1942, and delivered;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 1803 of the 9th March, 1942, passed under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada 1927 (hereinafter referred to as "the War Measures Act"), and otherwise, made regulations (hereinafter referred to as "the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations") empowering the Board to carry out the 1942-43 wheat policy including necessary and proper adjustment of wheat stocks to the new and higher levels;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 4779 of the 5th June, 1942, made pursuant to the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations, authorized the Minister of Finance on behalf of the Government of Canada to guarantee advances made to the Board by the lending banks, and interest on such advances at such rate or rates and upon such terms of payment as might be agreed upon from time to time between the Board and the lending banks with the approval of the Minister of Finance;

And whereas a guarantee in form authorized by Order in Council P.C. 4779 was executed by the Minister of Finance on the 10th June, 1942, and delivered;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that advances by the lending banks from time to time at various points in respect of wheat crops of succeeding years have been so numerous that the keeping of many separate bank loan accounts in respect thereof has so complicated and increased the work of the Board that the Board have reported that it is necessary that wheat loan accounts be merged and consolidated as far as possible without reference to particular crop years, and the lending banks have concurred in the proposal upon condition that a new and comprehensive guarantee be executed by the Minister of Finance to cover all outstanding advances to the Board and all advances to be made to the Board in respect of wheat;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in the exercise of the powers conferred by the Act and by Orders in Council P.C. 1803 and 4779 dated the 9th March, 1942, and 5th June, 1942, respectively, is pleased, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, and otherwise, to authorize and doth hereby authorize the Minister of Finance, on behalf of the Government of Canada, to guarantee payment of advances made to the Board by the lending banks, and interest on such advances at such rate or rates and upon such terms of payment thereof as may be agreed upon from time to time between the Board and the lending banks with the approval of the Minister of Finance, such guarantee be in the following form or one to the like effect:

"To

Bank of Montreal
The Royal Bank of Canada
The Canadian Bank of Commerce
The Bank of Nova Scotia
The Bank of Toronto
Imperial Bank of Canada
The Dominion Bank
Banque Canadienne Nationale

and to each of you.

1. In consideration of your having made advances (which term as used herein includes all moneys loaned) to the Canadian Wheat Board (hereinafter referred to as "the Board") and of any advances which you may hereafter make to the Board from time to time under the authority of The Canadian Wheat Board Act 1935 as amended (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") or under Order in Council P.C. 1803 dated the 9th March 1942 (hereinafter referred to as "the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations"), in such sums and upon such terms as to such advances and the security therefor as shall be from time to time agreed upon between you and the Board, and in view of the intention that wheat loan accounts be merged and consolidated as far as possible without reference to particular crop years, I, the undersigned, as Minister of Finance on behalf of the Government of the Dominion of Canada and in the exercise of the powers conferred by the Act, the 1942-43 Wheat Regulations, and the War Measures Act, and otherwise, hereby guarantee the due payment to you, and each of you, of all such advances at any time made or to be made, with interest on all such advances at such rate or rates and upon such terms of payment thereof as may be agreed upon from time to time between you and the Board with the approval of the Minister of Finance.

2. This shall be a continuing guarantee and shall cover all advances and interest thereon which may be at any time outstanding provided that this guarantee shall not apply to any advances made, more than twenty-four hours after receipt of the notice next hereinafter mentioned, in excess of any aggregate limit fixed by the Minister of Finance from time to time upon the total advances in respect of wheat crops of all years which may be at any time outstanding and notified in writing or by telegram to the head office of each of you.

3. It shall be a condition of this guarantee that you may grant time, renewals, extensions, releases and discharges, accept compositions and substitutions, take and give up security on wheat and other collateral security, and deal in any manner with the Board and all or any such security as you may see fit, without prejudice to or in any way limiting or lessening the liability of the guarantor under this guarantee.

4. It shall be a further condition of this guarantee that from time to time with the approval of the Minister of Finance given in writing or by telegram, you or any of you may, subject to such conditions as the Minister of Finance may impose for the purpose of ensuring orderly marketing, sell or realize upon in any manner all or any of the wheat upon which you hold security and all or any other collateral security held by you, and any such sale or realization may be made pursuant to any statutory powers or in accordance with any powers of sale or realization given to you or any of you by the Board.

5. Payment under this guarantee of the respective ultimate balances, if any, due or accruing due to you, shall be made within six months after all or practically all wheat upon which you or any of you hold security has been sold or realized upon, and application of the amounts realized, less expenses, has been made against such advances and interest, and written request for payment has been made to the Minister of Finance, and you may from time to time make such requests for payment of advances outstanding in respect of any particular crop year or years without realization of security held for advances outstanding in respect of the other crop years and without affecting your right from time to time thereafter to request payment hereunder of any or all of the advances outstanding in respect of the other crop years.

6. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained and whether or not request for payment has been made hereunder or whether any payment hereunder has been made, this guarantee shall remain in force from year to year, and shall apply to all such advances as aforesaid (with the interest thereon) made up to the time twenty-four hours after each of you receives at its head office notice in writing or by telegraph from the Minister that no such advance made after twenty-four hours will be covered by this guarantee.

Dated at Ottawa this day of 1943.

on behalf of His Majesty the King

Minister of Finance and
Receiver General of Canada."

His Excellency in Council is further pleased to order and doth hereby order that in this Order in Council and in all of the Orders in Council hereinbefore mentioned and in each and every guarantee executed thereunder and hereunder, unless the context otherwise requires, all words and expressions shall have the same meaning as they have in The Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935, as amended.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council Revoking P.C. 10156, 7th January, 1942, providing for Insurance of certain classes of persons not ordinarily insured under Unemployment Insurance Act.

P.C. 6798

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 30th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 10156, dated January 7, 1942, it was provided that various classes of persons not ordinarily insured under the provisions of the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940, would be insured thereunder;

And whereas the said Order in Council was to have effect only until the necessary amendments to the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940, to include such persons, were made by Parliament;

And whereas an Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940, enacted by the Parliament of Canada, being Chapter 31 of the Statutes of Canada, 1943, incorporated therein most of the provisions of the said Order in Council P.C. 10156;

And whereas it was provided by Section 28 of the said amending Act that it shall only come into force on a date to be fixed by Proclamation of the Governor in Council, and on the tenth day of August, 1943, a Proclamation was issued proclaiming that the said Act shall come into force on the first day of September, 1943;

And whereas it is deemed advisable, in view of the abovementioned amendments to the Unemployment Insurance Act, to revoke the said Order in Council P.C. 10156, as of September 1, 1943;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Labour, is pleased to revoke Order in Council P.C. 10156, dated January 7, 1942, and it is hereby revoked, as of September 1, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations

P.C. 6808

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 30th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Wartime Prices and Trade Board has represented that in order that it may effectually perform its duties, it is necessary and advisable to clarify and strengthen the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations established by Order in Council P.C. 8528 of the 1st day of November, 1941, as hereinafter set forth;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and pursuant to powers conferred by the War Measures Act and otherwise, is pleased to amend the said Regulations and they are hereby amended as follows:—

1. Clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of Section 2 is amended by inserting the word "a" immediately preceding the word "Deputy".

2. Subsection (7) of Section 3 is amended by adding thereto clause (vi) as follows:—

"(vi) the affidavit of an Administrator or Deputy Administrator, sworn before any commissioner or other person authorized to administer oaths, that he has knowledge of the facts and that he is such an Administrator or Deputy Administrator and that an annexed document is a true copy of an order, form or other document made, issued or prescribed by him shall be received as prima facie evidence that such order, form or other document was so made, issued or prescribed by him under authority of the Board and that he is such an Administrator or Deputy Administrator; and such affidavit shall be received without proof of the signature or official character of such Administrator or Deputy Administrator and without proof of the signature or official character of the person before whom such affidavit was sworn."

3. Subsection (4) of Section 7 is amended by adding at the end thereof the words "and, for the purposes of this subsection, the Board may from time to time, generally or in specific cases, prescribe what person or persons shall constitute a

class, and what conditions of sale and what quantities shall entitle a purchaser to the benefit of this subsection, and what difference in price shall be allowed by the seller aforesaid."

4. Subsection (2) of Section 8 is deleted and the following substituted therefor:

> "(2) No person shall sell or supply or offer for sale or supply any goods or services at a price that is higher than a maximum or specific price or lower than a minimum or specific price which has been fixed by these regulations or fixed by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board or concurred in by the Board, or at a price that includes a markup greater than a maximum or specific markup or less than a minimum or specific markup which has been fixed by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board, or concurred in by the Board."

5. Subsection (7) of Section 8 is amended by inserting after the words "of these regulations" the words "or of any order."

6. Subsection (8) of said Section 8 is amended by adding at the end thereof the words "or by any order."

7. Subsection (9) of said Section 8 is amended by inserting after the word "higher" the words "than is reasonable and just or higher."

8. Subsection (1) of Section 10 is deleted and the following substituted therefor:—

> "(1) No person shall be prosecuted for an offence under these regulations except with the written leave of the Board or of the Attorney-General of any province; provided
>
> (*a*) that a person may be arrested for such an offence, and that a warrant may be issued and executed for a person's arrest for such an offence, and that information may be laid charging a person with such an offence, and that a person charged with an offence under these regulations may be remanded in custody or on bail before such written leave has been issued; but no further proceedings shall be taken until such written leave has been obtained; and
>
> (*b*) that the written leave required by this Section shall be sufficient if it purports to be signed by the Attorney-General of any province or on behalf of the Board and if it is in the following form: 'Leave is hereby given that proceedings be instituted within three months from the date hereof against........................ for an offence or offences under the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations'."

9. Subsection (1) of Section 11 is amended by inserting after the words "the relative provisions of these regulations" the words "or of any order."

10. Clauses (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*) of subsection 3 of Section 11 are each amended by inserting in brackets after the words "on any date" the words "(with reference to which period or date a maximum price for such goods or services has been fixed by these regulations or by or under any order)".

11. Subsection (3) of said Section 11 is amended by adding thereto the following as clause (*g*) thereof:

> "(*g*) if the prosecution proves the price at which and the date on which the accused sold any goods or services and proves that the accused upon demand failed to produce for inspection any books or records adequate to show the maximum price at which such goods or services could be lawfully sold by the accused on that date, the onus shall be upon the accused to establish the maximum price, if any, at which he could lawfully sell such goods or services on that date."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council extending home conversion plan in the city of Ottawa, and providing for similar conversion of buildings in the cities of Hamilton, St. Catharines, Brantford, Montreal and Quebec.

P.C. 6812

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 30th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that as a result of the influx of population since the commencement of the present war into the Cities of Hamilton, St. Catharines and Brantford in the Province of Ontario, and the Cities of Montreal and Quebec in the Province of Quebec, and districts contiguous to each of the said Cities, there exists an acute shortage of housing accommodation in the said Cities;

That there are available in the said districts large dwelling houses capable of being subdivided into multiple dwellings thus creating additional housing units at a minimum cost;

That it is expedient and necessary for the relief of the housing situation in the said districts and for the furtherance of the war effort that His Majesty the King in the right of Canada lease suitable buildings from their owners and convert the same into multiple housing units to be sublet to suitable tenants;

That by Orders in Council P.C. 2641, dated the first day of April, 1943, and P.C. 4579, dated the fourth day of June, 1943, the Minister of Finance was authorized in order to relieve the housing shortage in the City of Ottawa and contiguous municipalities, and for the furtherance of the war effort, to lease on behalf of His Majesty the King in the right of Canada, suitable buildings not exceeding fifty, and to convert the same into multiple housing units to be sublet to tenants; the total amount of the liability of the Minister under all contracts for such conversion not to exceed $250,000; and

That it is apparent that additional suitable buildings must be converted into multiple housing units in the City of Ottawa and contiguous municipalities in order to relieve the acute housing shortage which exists in the said district;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. The Minister of Finance (hereinafter called "the Minister") on behalf of His Majesty the King is hereby authorized to acquire by way of lease from the owners thereof suitable buildings (hereinafter referred to as "the buildings") located in the Cities of Hamilton, St. Catharines, Brantford, Montreal and Quebec and municipalities contiguous thereto, for the purpose of converting the said buildings into multiple housing units;

2. The Minister of Finance on behalf of His Majesty the King is hereby authorized to acquire by way of lease from the owners thereof, suitable buildings (in addition to those leased under the provisions of the said Orders in Council P.C. 2641 and P.C. 4579) located in the City of Ottawa and any contiguous municipalities for the purpose of converting the said buildings into multiple housing units;

3. The terms of the lease of each of the buildings shall be for a period of five years, with the privilege of the Minister renewing the said leases for a further period of three years, but subject to the proviso that the said Minister may at any time cancel the said lease upon thirty days' notice;

4. The total monthly rental payable by the Minister for any of the buildings so leased shall not exceed in each case one per centum of the appraised value of the property before conversion plus one-twelfth of the increases in annual municipal real estate taxes occasioned by the conversion of the said property;

5. The Minister may enter into contracts for rebuilding, remodelling, reconditioning, rehabilitating, converting, changing or altering buildings, provided that the average cost of construction for units created in any one building shall not exceed the sum of $1,500 per unit, provided the total amount of the liability of the Minister under all such contracts in the Cities of Hamilton, St. Catharines and Brantford and contiguous municipalities, shall not together exceed the sum of $250,000, and provided further that the total amount of the liability of the Minister under all such contracts in the Cities of Montreal and Quebec and contiguous municipalities, shall not together exceed the sum of $500,000, and provided further that the total amount of the liability of the Minister under all such contracts in the City of Ottawa and contiguous municipalities shall not exceed $250,000 (in addition to the amount of the liability of the Minister under Orders in Council P.C. 2641 and P.C. 4579);

6. The said contracts shall be either for a stipulated sum or upon the cost plus a fixed fee basis;

7. The Minister may employ such appraisers, architects, builders and other assistants as are necessary to implement this Order and may purchase or rent all equipment and accommodation necessary to carry out the provisions of this Order;

8. The Minister may sublet to suitable tenants at reasonable rentals the housing units so created in the buildings, provided that the term of any sub-lease granted by the Minister shall not exceed a period of one year, and provided further that the sub-lease shall be subject to the right of cancellation by the Minister as is contained in the lease by which the Minister is seised of the building;

9. The rentals received by the Minister from the tenant of the housing units shall be deposited in the Consolidated Revenue Fund;

10. Upon the expiration or the cancellation of the leases the said buildings shall be returned by the Minister to the owners in their then existing condition;

11. All rents for the said buildings and all costs and expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this Order shall be paid out of monies appropriated by Parliament to carry out measures deemed necessary in consequence of the existence of a state of war;

12. The Director of Housing, may, on behalf of the Minister of Finance and in accordance with the foregoing provisions, sublet the housing units created pursuant to this Order and may execute on behalf of the said Minister all sub-leases to lessees of the said housing units.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Pacific Herring Production Regulations

P.C. 6839

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 30th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Acting Minister of Fisheries reports that to safeguard the supply of canned herring and of edible herring meal and oil manufactured from herring, the production of which at high levels is necessary, by reason of the state of war now existing for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada, it is advisable to make provision for the control of herring fishing in British Columbia and of the canning of such herring or the manufacture of such meal and oil therefrom, and of the shipment, transfer or sale thereof and for the obtaining of necessary information with regard thereto;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Fisheries, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, is pleased to make the following regulations and they are hereby made and established accordingly:—

Regulations

1. These regulations may be cited as the Pacific Herring Production Regulations.

2. (1) In these regulations unless the context otherwise requires,

(*a*) "British Columbia" means the province of British Columbia;
(*b*) "herring" means Pacific herring;
(*c*) "Minister" means the Minister of Fisheries; and
(*d*) "herring waste" means offal from herring derived from canning operations and herring found in the course of canning operations to be unsuitable for canning.

(2) In these regulations, "Lower East Coast sub-district" and the "Quathiaski sub-district" mean the said sub-districts, respectively, as defined in the Special Fishery Regulations for British Columbia made under the authority of The Fisheries Act, 1932.

General

3. No person shall throw overboard, dump, jettison, waste, or destroy herring caught or taken in any of the waters of or adjacent to British Columbia.

4. No person shall can herring or manufacture or convert herring into oil, meal or fertilizer unless such person has registered with the Minister under these regulations and the Minister shall maintain a registry of such persons.

5. No person shall, except with permission of the Minister obtained on application to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries for British Columbia, can herring otherwise than in tomato sauce.

Lower East Coast and Quathiaski Sub-districts

6. No person shall manufacture or convert herring caught or taken in the Lower East Coast or the Quathiaski sub-district, except herring waste therefrom, into oil, meal or fertilizer.

7. No person shall, directly or indirectly, deliver herring caught or taken in the Lower East Coast or the Quathiaski sub-district, except herring waste therefrom, to any reduction plant or other place for the purpose of being manufactured or converted into oil, meal or fertilizer.

8. No person who cans herring shall, except with the permission of the Minister obtained on application to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries for British Columbia, fail to produce from each ton, consisting of two thousand pounds, of herring caught or taken in the Lower East Coast or Quathiaski sub-district landed at or delivered to his canning establishment, not less than twenty cases consisting of forty-eight tins, of the kind commonly known as one-pound tins, of canned herring or its equivalent.

9. The Minister may, if he is satisfied that the quantity of herring caught or likely to be caught in the Lower East Coast or the Quathiaski sub-district is or is likely to be greater than the capacity of existing canning plants available for canning such herring, by order, prohibit herring fishing operations in the said sub-districts or in any area in the sub-districts, or prohibit such fishing except subject to such conditions as he may prescribe in such order, for such period or periods as he deems necessary to prevent wastage of herring.

Sales, Shipments and Returns

10. Every person who cans herring shall at the time of effecting any sale or transfer of canned herring produced by him, make a declaration in such form as may be prescribed by the Minister setting out the details of such sale or transfer and shall forthwith send or give the original of such declaration to such person as the Minister may direct and shall forthwith send a copy thereof to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries for British Columbia.

11. No person shall ship or otherwise transfer any canned herring from any place within British Columbia to any other place within British Columbia except with the permission of the Minister obtained on application to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries for British Columbia.

12. (1) No person shall ship or otherwise transfer any canned herring from any place in British Columbia to any place in Canada outside of British Columbia except under the authority of a certificate issued by the Minister obtained on application to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries for British Columbia.

(2) Such certificate shall set out the number of packages of canned herring the shipment or transfer of which is authorized thereunder and the names and addresses of the consignor and consignee.

(3) Where any such shipment or transfer is made by a common carrier, such certificate shall be attached to the waybill.

(4) Where any such shipment or transfer is made otherwise than by a common carrier, such certificate shall be attached to and accompany the shipment to its destination.

13. Notwithstanding anything contained in the next two preceding sections, no person shall be required to obtain any permission or certficate therein mentioned in respect of any shipment or other transfer of canned herring which is consigned to and marked for the British Ministry of Food or which is less than forty-eight pounds in weight.

14. Every person who is registered under these regulations as a person who cans herring or who manufactures oil, meal or fertilizer therefrom shall make such returns to the Minister reporting his production of canned herring or oil, meal or fertilizer, the quantities of herring or herring waste used in the production thereof, the place at which such herring was caught or delivered to him, and if he cans herring, the details of the sale, transfer or disposal of herring waste produced in his canning operations, as the Minister may from time to time direct, such returns to be made in such form and in such manner as the Minister may prescribe.

Offences

15. (1) Every person who

(*a*) being required to make any return or declaration under these regulations or any direction made pursuant to these regulations, furnishes any false information or makes any false statement in any such return or declaration, or fails fully to complete such return or declaration; or who

(*b*) contravenes or omits to comply with these regulations or with any order or direction made pursuant to these regulations;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding $500.

(2) Where any person is convicted of an offence under these regulations any vessel, boat, canoe, raft, vehicle of any description, net, fishing gear, material, implement or appliance used in connection with the commission of such offence and any herring taken, caught, killed, canned or processed, or any canned herring shipped or transferred in the commission or in connection with the commission of such offence and all other fish of whatever size and description which are intermixed therewith, shall be liable to forfeiture to His Majesty and the magistrate or justice of the peace before whom such person is convicted may, and if application for such forfeiture is made to him by or on behalf of His Majesty shall, order that the same are forfeited to His Majesty.

(3) Where any person is convicted of an offence by reason of a contravention of section three of these regulations, the Minister may, in his obsolute discretion, cancel any fishing license granted to such person under or pursuant to The Fisheries Act, 1932.

16. (1) The Minister may authorize the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries for British Columbia or any other person, under his control and direction, to give any permission, direction or order or to prescribe anything which the Minister may give or prescribe under these regulations notwithstanding that the giving or prescribing thereof involves the exercise of a discretion.

(2) Where any permission, direction or order purporting to have been given under these regulations by any person pursuant to authority conferred on such person by the Minister under subsection one of this section it shall be conclusively presumed, in any proceedings pursuant to these regulations, that the authority to give such permission, direction or order was validly and effectively conferred on such person by the Minister.

17. These regulations shall come into operation on and after the first day of September, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Feeds Administration

Order No. 8.

An Order relating to the Freight Assistance Policies for Eastern Canada

Under and by virtue of the authority conferred upon me by order of the Governor General in Council dated the 22nd day of October. 1941, P.C. 8097, and to facilitate the movement of grains when terminal elevator facilities at Fort William/Fort Arthur are overtaxed, I hereby order, effective on and after August 25, 1943:

That Order No. 7 issued by me on the 23rd day of December, 1941, is hereby amended and, until further notice, wheat, oats or barley containing not more than one per cent of dockage, shipped whole (unground) from Western country points to Eastern Canada shall, inclusive of the dockage, be eligible for freight assistance.

Made at Ottawa, this 25th day of August, 1943.

F. W. PRESANT,
Feeds Administrator.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

Order No. 8

Under and by virtue of the authority of Section 704 (1) and 505 (*d*) of the National Selective Service Regulations (P.C. 246 dated January 19, 1943), the Director of National Selective Service hereby does revoke a certain Order, dated the 24th day of December, 1942, excluding employment of any member of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces on leave, from the provisions of Part IV of the National Selective Service Regulations, 1942, (Order in Council P.C. 7595, dated August 26th, 1942,) and said Order is hereby revoked.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of August, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

Order

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 210C of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19, 1943) as amended by Order in Council P.C. 5160, dated June 25, 1943, the Minister of Labour does hereby order:

Order No. 9

1. That pursuant to the power conferred upon the undersigned by Section 210C of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19, 1943) as amended by Order in Council P.C. 5160, dated June 25, 1943, I hereby prescribe the Port of Saint John in the Province of New Brunswick as a port in New Brunswick to which the provisions of Subsections (2), (3) and (4) of said Section 210C shall apply for the purposes of the said Regulations.

2. That pursuant to the power conferred upon the undersigned by Section 210C (1) (*b*) of the said Regulations as amended, I hereby designate Mr. Alexander Gray, Port manager, National Harbour Board, City of Saint John in the Province of New Brunswick as the person who, for the purposes of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, shall be deemed to be the employer of any person employed or engaged in the occupation of Longshoring in the Port of Saint John since April 30, 1943, and any person whose name has been registered in the Longshoremen's Hall, Water Street, Saint John, New Brunswick, for longshore work at the Port of Saint John since April 20, 1943, shall be deemed to be employed in the occupation of longshoring.

Dated at Ottawa this 26th day of August, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

N. A. McLARTY,
Acting Minister of Labour.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE FOR NAVAL SERVICES

THE MERCHANT SEAMEN ORDER, 1941.

Board of Inquiry

Appointment and Confirmation of Appointment.

I, the undersigned Minister of Justice, pursuant to Section 9 (1) of the Merchant Seamen Order, 1941, as made and established by Order in Council P.C. 11397 dated 19th December, 1942, do hereby appoint for all ports and places in Canada, Honorary Lieutenant Commander Charles C. Sargeant, R.C.N.R. of the City of Halifax, Province of Nova Scotia, and Honorary Lieutenant Commander Hiram C. Beveridge, R.C.N.R. of the City of Saint John, Province of New Brunswick, officers of the Naval Forces of Canada as representing the Department of National Defence for Naval Services to act on Boards of Inquiry for the purposes of the said Order.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of August, 1943.

LOUIS ST. LAURENT,
Minister of Justice.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

MEMORANDUM

WM No. 13 (Revised)

Supplement No. 28

CUSTOMS DIVISION

OTTAWA, 23rd August, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise,

Importation Allowed of Publication

Referring to Memorandum WM No. 13, Supplement No. 53, dated 2nd July, 1940, the following publication may, from the date of this Notice, be allowed entry into Canada, viz:—

"Bermunkas" (Wageworker)	A newspaper, in the Hungarian language, published weekly in Cleveland, Ohio.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE REGULATIONS

Office Consolidation

Order in Council P.C. 8528

As Amended by

Order in Council P.C. 8762, dated November 10, 1941
Order in Council P.C. 8837, dated November 13, 1941
Order in Council P.C. 9030, dated November 19, 1941
Order in Council P.C. 5092, dated June 15, 1942
Order in Council P.C. 5109, dated June 16, 1942
Order in Council P.C. 10277, dated November 10, 1942
Order in Council P.C. 11595, dated December 22, 1942, and
Order in Council P.C. 3206, dated April 22, 1943

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Saturday, the 1st day of November, 1941.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 2516 of the 3rd day of September, 1939, the Wartime Prices and Trade Board was constituted and the Wartime Prices and Trade Board Regulations were made and established to provide safeguards under war conditions against any undue enhancement in the prices of food, fuel and other necessaries of life, and to ensure an adequate supply and equitable distribution of such commodities;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 3998 of the 5th day of December, 1939, the said Regulations were amended and consolidated;

And whereas by amendment of Section 88 (*a*) of the Special War Revenue Act and by Order in Council P.C. 7373 of the 13th day of December, 1940, the provisions of such Regulations were extended and made to apply to the jurisdiction respectively conferred upon the Board in respect of the War Exchange Tax of 10 per cent on the value for duty of imported goods and in respect of goods specified in Schedules One and Two to the War Exchange Conservation Act, 1940.

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 6834 of the 28th day of August, 1941, the said Regulations were amended and consolidated, extending the jurisdiction of the Board to goods and services, providing that public control of the prices of goods and services should be exercised by or with the concurrence of the Board, and making provision for co-ordination with the Wartime Industries Control Board and Controllers appointed on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and for co-operation with other governmental departments and agencies;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 8527 of the 1st November, 1941, the Maximum Prices Regulations were made and established, to be administered by the Board under powers conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations and, in order that the Board may more effectually perform its duties, it is deemed advisable that additional powers be conferred upon it, and that the latter Regulations be strengthened in some respects;

And whereas it is deemed advisable to consolidate the Regulations as amended and, to that end, to rescind such Regulations and to make and establish in substitution therefor the Regulations hereinafter set forth;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred on the Governor General in Council by the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927 and otherwise, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:

1. The Wartime Prices and Trade Board Regulations made by Order in Council P.C. 6834 of the 28th day of August, 1941, are hereby rescinded.

2. The Regulations hereinafter set forth are hereby made, established and substituted for the Regulations hereby rescinded.

3. The powers of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board and the provisions of the Regulations referred to in Section 88 (*a*) of the Special War Revenue Act and in Order in Council P.C. 7373 of the 13th day of December, 1940, shall be held and construed to be those contained in the Regulations hereby made and established.

REGULATIONS RESPECTING GOODS AND SERVICES IN TIME OF WAR

Title

1. These regulations and any amendment or addition thereto may be cited as The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations.

Interpretation

2. (1) For the purposes of these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,

(*a*) "Administrator" means any person appointed as a Co-ordinator or an Administrator by the Board with the approval of the Governor in Council;

(*b*) "basic period" means the four weeks from September 15, 1941 to October 11. 1941, both inclusive;

(*c*) "Board" means the Wartime Prices and Trade Board;

(*d*) "Chairman" means the Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Board;

(*e*) "Controller" means a Controller who is a member of the Wartime Industries Control Board;

(*f*) "goods" include any articles, commodities, substances or things;

(*g*) "licence" means a licence granted or issued by the Board under these regulations;

(*h*) "markup" means the amount added to the cost price in figuring a selling price to cover overhead and profits;

(*i*) "member" means a member of the Board;

(*j*) "Minister" means the Minister of Finance;

(*k*) "offence under these regulations" means any contravention of or failure to observe any of these regulations or any order;

(*l*) "order" means and includes any general or specific order, requirement, instruction, prescription, prohibition, restriction or limitation heretofore or hereafter made or issued in writing by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board in pursuance of any power conferred by or under these regulations or any other Order in Council or Act of Parliament or concurred in by the Board or chairman pursuant to these regulations;

(*m*) "price" includes the price of goods and the rate, rental or charge for the hire or use of any goods or for the supplying of any services;

(*n*) "regulation" means any of these regulations and any amendment or addition thereto;

(*o*) "sale" includes sales, leases, consignments, exchanges and other transfers or dispositions of goods, the supplying or performing of services, and contracts for any of the foregoing; and the words "sell", "seller", "buy", "buyer" and "purchase" shall each have a similarly extended meaning;

(*p*) "Secretary" means the Secretary or Assistant-Secretary of the Board;

(*q*) "services" means the following specified services and any services associated therewith or ancillary thereto, and also any activities or undertakings that may hereafter be designated by the Board as services for the purposes of these regulations:

(i) the supplying of electricity, gas, steam heat and water;
(ii) telegraph, wireless and telephone services;
(iii) the transportation of goods and persons, and the provision of dock, harbour and pier facilities;
(iv) warehousing and storage;
(v) undertaking and embalming;
(vi) laundering, cleaning, tailoring and dressmaking;
(vii) hairdressing and beauty parlour services;
(viii) plumbing, heating, painting, decorating, cleaning and renovating;
(ix) repairing of all kinds;
(x) the supplying of meals, refreshments and beverages;
(xi) the renting and exhibiting of moving pictures;
(xii) manufacturing processes performed on a custom or commission basis;
(xiii) the supplying of services performed by optometrists and opticians;
(xiv) the laying of carpets, rugs and linoleum.

(2) Every offence under these regulations shall be deemed to be an offence against the Criminal Code.

(3) Unless and until action is taken by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board which conflicts with action taken by a properly constituted authority under or pursuant to a statute of the Dominion of Canada or of a province or regulation made thereunder, these regulations shall not be construed as superseding such Dominion or provincial statute or regulations; provided that, subject to the powers of the Board to exempt any person or any goods or services or any transaction wholly or partly from the provisions of these regulations, no such authority shall fix or approve the specific or the maximum or the minimum price or markup at which any goods or services may be sold, offered for sale or supplied or fix or limit, or approve the fixing or limiting of, the quantities of goods or of services that may be sold, supplied or distributed except with the written concurrence of the Board; and provided further that any action heretofore taken or that may hereafter be taken by any such authority which is repugnant to any of these regulations or to any action by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board shall be of no effect so long as and to the extent that it is so repugnant.

(4) In the event of any conflict between these regulations or any order and any law in force in any part of Canada, the provisions of these regulations or of such order shall prevail.

(5) Subject to any action taken by the Governor in Council after November 1, 1941, His Majesty in right of Canada or of any province of Canada shall be bound by the provisions of these regulations and of any order.

(6) Expressions used in any order shall, unless a contrary intention appears, have the same meaning as corresponding expressions in these regulations.

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

3. (1) There shall be a Board, to be called the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, consisting of

(*a*) the Chairman and members heretofore appointed by Order in Council, and such members as may be appointed hereafter by Order in Council, and

(*b*) the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, or, in his absence, such other member thereof as that Board may designate, and

(*c*) a temporary member or temporary members, being that Controller or those Controllers upon whom powers have been conferred under and by virtue of any Order in Council over any goods or services in respect of which action by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board is being considered, or, in the absence of any such Controller, any person nominated by the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board to represent such absent Controller, to serve as member or members during such consideration;

such members to hold office during pleasure.

(2) The Board may establish at any place or places in Canada such office or offices as are required for the discharge of the duties of the Board, and may provide therefor the necessary accommodation, stationery and equipment.

(3) The Board may with the approval of the Governor in Council appoint such Administrators and other officers, clerks and other persons as may be deemed necessary to assist the Board in the performance of its duties, and every person so appointed shall receive such remuneration as the Board shall, with the approval of the Governor in Council, determine; and the Board may also appoint, without such approval, any persons to assist the Board in an advisory capacity without remuneration other than reimbursement of actual transportation, living and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties.

(4) The Board may exercise its powers by order or otherwise and may from time to time delegate to any person and authorize him to exercise from time to time such of the powers of the Board on such terms as the Board deems proper and the signature or counter-signature by the Chairman of any order purporting to have been made by such person under authority of the Board shall be conclusive evidence of such authority.

(5) The Board may by agreement borrow the services of persons employed in any department or agency of the Government or employed by any company or individual, and may pay remuneration to such persons or reimburse their employer for all or part of their remuneration by way of specific payments or lump sum payments or otherwise, in such amount as may be approved by the Governor in Council.

(6) The Board shall hold its sessions and conduct its business and proceedings in such manner as may seem to it most convenient for the speedy and efficient discharge of its duties and may make such rules as may seem expedient for the conduct of its proceedings not inconsistent with the provisions of these regulations.

(7) In any proceedings in any Court,

- (i) any document certified by the Chairman or Secretary to be a true copy of the minutes of any meeting of the Board or of any extract therefrom shall be received as conclusive evidence that any transaction or decision therein recorded was made or taken;
- (ii) any order, licence or other document purporting to be made or issued by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board shall, if signed or countersigned by the Chairman or the Secretary, be received as conclusive evidence that such order, licence or other document was so made or issued;
- (iii) any document certified by the Chairman or Secretary to be a true copy of any order, licence or other document made or issued by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board shall be received as conclusive evidence that such order, licence, or other document was so made or issued;
- (iv) any document purporting to be signed or countersigned by the Chairman or Secretary of the Board shall be received in evidence without proof of the signature or official character of the Chairman or the Secretary as the case may be;
- (v) evidence of any order or other document may be given by the production of a copy thereof purporting to be printed by the King's Printer for Canada but nothing herein contained shall require proof thereof by such mode.

(8) Any five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum.

(9) All expenses lawfully incurred under these regulations, including travelling expenses of the members of the Board, shall be payable out of moneys provided by Parliament.

Powers and Duties of the Board

4. (1) The Board shall have power

(*a*) to investigate, of its own motion or on complaint, costs, prices, profits and stocks of goods and materials of any person engaged in the manufacture, importation, exportation, production, storage, transportation, supply or sale of any goods or services or any alleged or apparent offence under these regulations, and for the purpose of any such investigation the Board shall have all the powers of a commissioner appointed under the provisions of the Inquiries Act;

(*b*) to enter any premises and to inspect and examine any or all books, records and stocks of goods and materials in the possession or control of any person and to require any such person to produce such books and records at any place before it or before any person appointed by it to investigate, and to take possession of and remove any or all of such books and records;

(*c*) to require from time to time any person who manufactures, imports, exports, produces, stores, supplies, sells, buys, acquires or accumulates any goods or services to furnish in such form and within such time as the Board may prescribe written returns under oath or affirmation showing such information as the Board may consider necessary with respect to such goods or services;

(*d*) to make public its findings or report in the case of any investigation or to withhold such publication if it considers the public interest would be better served by such withholding;

(*e*) to refer to the Attorney General of any province information respecting any alleged offence under these regulations;

(*f*) to fix specific or maximum or minimum prices or specific or maximum or minimum markups at which any goods or services may be sold or offered for sale by or to any person; to prescribe the manner in which any such price or markup shall be ascertained; to prescribe what shall constitute or be included in any price or markup; to prohibit purchase or sale at prices which are at variance with the prices or markups so fixed or prescribed; and to require any person to refund to any other person any amount received or collected in excess of any such price or markup;

(*g*) to prescribe the terms and conditions upon which, and the manner and circumstances in which, any goods or services may be produced, manufactured, extracted, refined, processed, stored, transported, purchased, sold, offered for sale, supplied, assembled, installed, constructed, distributed, exhibited, advertised, delivered, used, or dealt in or with, either generally or by specified persons, and to prohibit transactions and acts not in accordance therewith;

(*h*) to prescribe the terms and conditions under which any goods may be directly or indirectly sold, offered for sale or purchased on terms of deferred payment, and, to this end, to prescribe the terms and conditions under which any loan may be made to any person, the terms and conditions under which any contract or instrument respecting a sale on terms of deferred payment may be purchased, discounted or transferred, and the terms and conditions of advertising the sale or supply of goods or services; and to prohibit transactions or advertising except in accordance therewith;

(*i*) to prescribe the kinds, models, types, sizes, standard, qualities, quantities, component parts or materials of any goods or services that may or may not be produced, manufactured, extracted, refined, processed, stored, transported, purchased, used, offered for sale, supplied, assembled, installed, constructed, distributed, delivered, used or dealt in or with, either generally or by specified persons, and to prohibit transactions and acts not in accordance therewith;

(*j*) to require any person to obtain licences or permits from the Board or from any person specified by the Board; and to issue, reissue or refuse to issue licences or permits to any persons; to grant general licences or permits; and to fix any fee payable for such licences or permits; provided, however, that the issue to any person of a licence or permit shall not be deemed to affect the liability of such person to obtain a licence or permit as required by any other statute or law of Canada or any province thereof;

(*k*) to amend, suspend or cancel any licence or permit issued or granted;

(*l*) to prescribe the quantities of, the manner in which, and the terms and conditions under which, any goods or services may be bought, sold, supplied, distributed, delivered or used within prescribed periods of time and to prohibit purchase, sale, supply, distribution, delivery or use except in accordance with such prescription;

(*m*) to produce, manufacture, extract, refine, process, assemble, install, construct, store, transport, purchase, sell, supply, distribute, deliver, deal in or use any goods or services, directly or through persons or agencies designated by the Board or acting on behalf of or under authority of the Board;

(*n*) to require any person owning or having possession, control or power to dispose of any goods or services to deal with, use, dispose of or supply any such goods or services, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Board; and no use, disposition or supply of any such goods or services in accordance with such manner shall constitute infringement of any mark, design or other private or proprietary right;

(*o*) to require any person producing, manufacturing, extracting, refining, processing, storing, transporting, importing, supplying, assembling, installing, constructing, purchasing, selling, distributing, delivering, using or dealing in any goods or services to produce, manufacture, process, extract, refine, store, transport, supply, assemble, install, construct, purchase, sell, distribute, deliver, use or otherwise deal with any such goods or services, in such manner and in such priority to any other business of that person as may be specified by the Board;

(*p*) Subject to the provisions of Section 7 of the War Measures Act (i) to take possession of any goods or services or any other property; (ii) to require any person to deliver possession of any goods or services to such person as the Board may designate; (iii) to apply to the Attorney General of Canada to issue in any form a warrant for possession directing the sheriff within whose jurisdiction such goods or services are situated or any officer thereunto deputed by him to put the person named in such warrant in possession of the goods or services therein described, which warrant the Attorney General of Canada is authorized to issue if he is satisfied that with a view to securing compliance with an order validly made under these Regulations it is necessary to do so, and which warrant shall be executed by such sheriff or officer as if it were a warrant or writ of possession issued out of the Superior Court of the province in which such goods or services are situated; and to use and dispose of such goods, services or property in any manner;

(*q*) for any purpose aforesaid, to enter into possession of and utilize any land, building, plant and equipment and to use any motive power available;

(*r*) to prohibit the formation, commencement, operation, amalgamation, merger, consolidation or transfer of any business or undertaking, as any such expression may be defined from time to time by the Board;

(*s*) to prescribe the terms and conditions under which and the manner and circumstances in which any business or undertaking may or may not be formed, commenced, operated, amalgamated, merged, consolidated or transferred;

(*t*) to require any person engaged in any business or undertaking to discontinue or limit such business or undertaking in whole or in part in such manner and circumstances as the Board may prescribe;

(*u*) to require any person engaged in any business or undertaking to pool or otherwise use, operate or deal with any real and personal property in such manner and on such terms and conditions as the Board may prescribe;

(*v*) to approve any arrangement proposed by the operation of two or more businesses or undertakings for the pooling or other disposition of the revenues or profits of such businesses or undertakings or for the establishment of a fund or funds to provide compensation for persons required to discontinue or limit a business or undertaking pursuant to these regulations;

(*w*) to require establishment of a fund or funds, in such manner and circumstances as the Board may prescribe, for the purpose of compensation of persons required to discontinue or limit a business or undertaking pursuant to these regulations; and to require any person to contribute to such fund or funds in such manner and on such terms and conditions as the Board may prescribe; and to require disbursement from such fund or funds to such persons in such sums in such manner and on such terms and conditions as the Board may prescribe; provided that nothing in these regulations shall be deemed to require the Board to make provision for any compensation of any person;

(*x*) to require any person to perform such act in respect of any goods or services as is deemed by the Board to be desirable, or to require any person to refrain from performing such act as is deemed by the Board to be undesirable, in order more effectually to enforce its orders or to exercise its powers respecting such goods or services.

(2) The powers vested in the Board by the next preceding subsection, with the exception of those contained in paragraph (*f*) thereof, shall not be exercised in respect of any articles, commodities, substances, goods, services or things over which or in respect of which a Controller is given authority, jurisdiction or power, except at the request or with the concurrence of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board; provided, however, that the fact of such request or concurrence shall not be questioned in any proceedings in any court, and no person shall be bound or entitled to enquire or to ascertain whether any such request or concurrence was made or given.

(3) In the exercise of its powers conferred by these regulations or otherwise, the Board shall be responsible to the Minister and, whenever any directions are given by the Minister, all action taken by the Board shall be in accordance with such directions.

5. (1) The powers vested in the Board by paragraphs (*a*) and (*b*) of subsection (1) of Section 4 of these regulations may be exercised by any one member of the Board.

(2) The Board may appoint one or more persons to conduct investigations and every such person shall be vested with such of the powers aforesaid as the Board may confer on him.

(3) Each member of the Board and any other person so authorized by the Board shall have power to administer oaths and receive affidavits and statutory declarations.

6. It shall be the duty of the Board

(*a*) to arrange, wherever possible through existing government agencies, for the assembling of required statistical data in relation to any part of any trade or industry regarding prices, costs, stock of goods, volume or production, productive capacities, and related matters;

(*b*) to refer to the Commissioner of the Combines Investigation Act any information relating to practices which may be violations of the Combines Investigation Act or of Section 498 of the Criminal Code, if, in the opinion of the Board, such practices impede the operation of these regulations;

(*c*) to confer with manufacturers, wholesalers, retailers and suppliers as and when it is considered desirable by the Board with a view to enlisting their co-operation in ensuring reasonable prices, adequate supplies and equitable distribution of goods and services;

(*d*) to recommend any additional measures it may deem necessary for the protection of the public with respect to goods or services; and in any case where the Board is satisfied that any kind of goods or services is being sold, offered for sale or supplied at a price that is higher than is reasonable and just, or is being unreasonably withheld from sale or supply or that the manufacture, production, transportation, sale, supply or distribution of such goods or services is being unduly prevented, limited or lessened, the Board may recommend that such goods or services be admitted into Canada free of duty or that the duty thereon be reduced to such amount or rate as will, in the opinion of the Board, give the public the benefit of reasonable competition; or to recommend that such remedial action be taken by way of removal or reduction of duties or taxes on goods or services or by way of the payment of subsidies or otherwise as it may deem desirable in the national interest for the purpose of restraining increases in the cost of living or of offsetting uncontrollable increases in costs provided that no such recommendation shall be made in respect of any articles, commodities, substances, goods, services or things over which or in respect of which a Controller is given authority, jurisdiction or power, except at the request or with the concurrence of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board.

Maximum Prices

7. (1) Subject to any lower price that may be required by the operation of the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 8 of these regulations, no person shall on or after December 1, 1941, sell or offer to sell any goods or services at a price that is

higher than the maximum price for such goods or services pursuant to these regulations; but nothing in this Section shall be construed so as to prevent any person from selling or offering to sell any goods or services at a price lower than the maximum price.

(2) The highest lawful price at which any person sold any goods or services during the basic period shall be the maximum price at which such person may sell or offer to sell goods or services of the same kind and quality; provided, however, that the provisions of this subsection shall not apply so as to supersede or vary any specific or maximum or minimum price fixed prior to December 1, 1941, by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board, or fixed or approved prior to December 1, 1941, by any other federal, provincial or other authority with the written concurrence of the Board, nor so as to fix any maximum price with respect to

(*a*) any sale of goods for export where such export is made by the seller or his agent;

(*b*) any sale to the Department of Munitions and Supply or any agency thereof;

(*c*) the sale by any person of his personal or household effects;

(*d*) isolated sales of goods or services by any person not in the business of selling such goods or services;

(*e*) bills of exchange, securities, title deeds and other similar instruments;

(*f*) sales of goods by auction in cases where such procedure is the normal practice and is followed in good faith and without any intention of evading or attempting to evade the provisions of these regulations or of any order.

(3) Wherever any maximum price has been fixed for any goods or services by reference to the price at which goods or services of the same kind and quality were sold by a seller during a specified period or on a specified date, such maximum price shall also be the maximum price at which the same seller may sell or offer to sell goods or services of a substantially similar kind and quality not sold by him during such period or on such date; and in any case in which the question arises as to the lawful price for any such goods or services the onus of proving the existence and extent of any relevant and substantial similarity or dissimilarity alleged by the seller shall be upon him.

(4) Wherever a maximum price has been fixed by or under these regulations for any goods or services every seller shall continue to allow any difference in price which he has during the basic period or customarily allowed to different classes of buyers or for different quantities or under different conditions of sale, and which result in a lower net price per unit of goods or services.

(5) No person shall impose any terms or conditions of sale, or alter any terms or conditions of sale imposed or agreed to by such person during the basic period or customarily imposed or agreed to by such person, in such a way as directly or indirectly to increase the maximum price of any goods or services fixed by or under these regulations.

(6) Where a contract to supply any goods or services was entered into prior to the basic period or subsequent to the basic period but prior to December 1, 1941, at a price higher than the maximum price pursuant to these regulations, the price for any goods or services supplied under such contract on or after December 1, 1941, shall be reduced to such maximum price.

(7) For the purposes of any regulation or order if a person operates a branch of his business or otherwise operates more than one place of business, he shall, in respect of each such branch or place of business, be deemed to be a separate seller.

(8) Nothing contained in this Section shall be deemed to supersede any provision of any order or to derogate from any power conferred on the Board, and without restricting the generality of this provision, the Board may vary any maximum price, may concur in any variation of a maximum price, may prescribe other or additional terms or conditions of sale, may exempt any person or any goods or services or any transaction wholly or partly from the provisions of these regulations, and may withdraw any such exemption or any exemption contained in subsection (2) of this Section, either generally or in specific cases and subject to such terms and conditions as the Board may prescribe.

Offences, Penalties and Prosecutions

8. (1) No person shall sell or offer for sale or supply any goods or services at a price that is higher than is reasonable and just, or withhold any goods or services from sale or supply for a price that is higher than is reasonable and just and, in any case where a person engaged in business accused under this provision has not kept such books of account as are necessary to exhibit or explain his transactions, the onus shall be upon such accused person to establish that the price is reasonable and just; provided that if a specific or maximum price has been fixed by the Governor in Council or has been fixed or concurred in by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board for the sale or supply of such goods or services, any price in excess of the price so fixed or concurred in shall be conclusively deemed to be higher than is reasonable and just; and provided further that if a specific or maximum markup has been fixed or concurred in by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board for the sale or supply of such goods or services, any price which includes a markup in excess of the markup so fixed or concurred in shall be conclusively deemed to be higher than is reasonable and just.

(2) No person shall sell or supply or offer for sale or supply any goods or services at a price that is lower than a minimum price which has been fixed or concurred in by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board or at a price that includes a markup less than a minimum markup which has been fixed or concurred in by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board.

(3) No person shall

(*a*) acquire, accumulate or withhold from sale any goods beyond an amount which is reasonably required for the ordinary purposes of his business or beyond such amount, if any, as the Board may prescribe; or

(*b*) acquire or accumulate any goods beyond an amount which is reasonably required for the use or consumption of himself and his household or beyond such amount, if any, as the Board may prescribe;

provided that if any goods are found at any time in the possession or under the control of any person and such person is charged with an offence against this subsection, such goods shall in the absence of evidence to the contrary be deemed to have been acquired or accumulated by him within twelve months prior to the date upon which he is so charged.

(4) No person, without the consent of the Board, shall unduly prevent, limit or lessen the manufacture, production, transportation, sale, supply or distribution of any goods or services.

(5) No person shall in any manner impede or prevent or attempt to impede or prevent any investigation or examination instituted by the Board.

(6) No manufacturer, importer, exporter, producer, wholesaler, jobber, retailer, supplier or other dealer shall sell, supply or offer for sale or supply, or ship, distribute or deal in any goods or services in respect of which a licence or permit is required or granted unless he has a licence or permit from the Board which is in full force and effect.

(7) No person shall, with intent to evade the provisions of these regulations, destroy, mutilate, deface, alter, secrete or remove any books, records, or property of any kind.

(8) No person shall deceive or mislead the Board or any officer of customs or excise or any police officer or any employee or agent of the Board or any other person concerned in the administration of these regulations, with reference to any matter affected by these regulations.

(9) No person shall buy or pay for or offer to buy or pay for any goods or services at a price which he knows or has reason to believe is higher than the maximum price which may lawfully be charged by the seller or supplier of such goods or services pursuant to these regulations, or is lower than the minimum price (if any) which may lawfully be accepted by the seller or supplier, or is different from the specific price (if any) for such goods or services pursuant to these regulations.

(10) No person shall attempt to commit or aid, abet, counsel or procure the commission of any offence under these regulations, or conspire with any other person

by any means whatsoever to commit an offence under these regulations, or enter into any transaction or arrangement designed for the purpose or having the effect of evading any regulation or order.

(11) No person shall make any false statement or misrepresentation to or for the use or information of the Board or of any person concerned in the administration of these regulations.

9. (1) Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any regulation or order shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction under Part XV of the Criminal Code or, if the Attorney General of Canada or of any province so directs, upon indictment, to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and such imprisonment; and any director or officer of any company or corporation who assents to or acquiesces in any such offence by such company or corporation shall be guilty of such offence personally and cumulatively with the said company or corporation.

(2) In any proceedings upon summary conviction, any charge may include several offences against any regulation or order committed by the same person and any number of charges against such person may be included in one and the same information; and all such charges may be tried concurrently and one conviction for any or all of such offences may be made, which conviction may but need not provide a separate penalty for each such offence.

10. (1) No person shall be prosecuted under these regulations except with the written leave of the Board or of the Attorney General of any province, and such written leave shall be sufficient if it purports to be signed by such Attorney General or on behalf of the Board and if it is in the following form: "Leave is hereby given that proceedings be instituted within three months from the date hereof against. . . . for an offence or offences under the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations."

(2) A prosecution under Part XV of the Criminal Code for any offence under these regulations may be commenced at any time within twelve months from the time of its commission.

11. (1) Where any person is charged with an offence under these regulations, it shall not be necessary for the prosecuting authority to establish that the person so charged did not possess or had not been granted a licence or had not been exempted from the relative provisions of these regulations or had not received the permission of the Board for any act or omission and if the person so charged pleads or alleges that he had or had been granted any such licence or had been so exempted or had received such permission the burden of proof thereof shall be on the person so charged.

(2) For the purposes of the prosecution of a person for an offence under these regulations the offence shall be deemed to have been committeed either at the place where it was actually committed or at any place in Canada in which the offender resides or carries on business or is found or apprehended or is in custody.

(3) In any proceedings for an offence under these regulations,

(*a*) where the price at which any sale of goods or services was made by or on behalf of the accused during any period or on any date is proved on behalf of the prosecution, such price shall, unless and until the accused proves the contrary, be deemed to be the highest lawful price at which goods or services of the same kind and quality were sold by or on behalf of the accused during such period or on such date;

(*b*) where any goods or services sold or offered for sale by or on behalf of the accused on or after December 1, 1941, are alleged on behalf of the prosecution to be of the same or substantially similar kind and quality as goods or services sold by or on behalf of the accused during any period or on any date, such goods or services shall, unless and until the accused proves the contrary, be deemed to be of the same or substantially similar kind and quality as the said goods or services sold by or on behalf of the accused during the said period or on the said date;

(*c*) where any goods or services sold or offered for sale by or on behalf of the accused on or after December 1, 1941, are alleged on behalf of the prosecution to be not of the same or substantially similar kind and quality as goods or services sold by or on behalf of the accused during any period or on any date, such goods or services shall, unless and until the accused proves the contrary, be deemed to be not of the same or substantially similar kind and quality as the said goods or services sold by or on behalf of the accused during the said period or on the said date;

(*d*) the original or a copy of any sales slip, charge slip, invoice, voucher, book of account, bill, monthly statement, or other document whatsoever, which is proved on behalf of the prosecution to have been found in or produced from the possession of the accused or his agent or to have been issued by him or his agent, and which records or purports to record the price, date, subject-matter or other particulars of a sale or purchase shall be *prima facie* evidence that a sale or purchase as indicated therein was made by or on behalf of the accused;

(*e*) the original or a copy of any catalogue, pricelist, handbill, circular letter, pamphlet, card, poster, price-tag or price-marking, letter of quotation, tender, advertisement or other document whatsoever, which is proved on behalf of the prosecution to have been found in or produced from the possession of the accused or his agent or to have been issued or published by or on behalf of the accused, and which records or purports to record the price, date, subject-matter, or other particulars of an offer to sell, shall be *prima facie* evidence that an offer to sell as indicated therein was made by or on behalf of the accused;

(*f*) proof of an invitation for offers to buy shall be proof of an offer to sell.

(4) Where by any regulation or order provision is made for any person to file, forward or deliver any document with or to the Board or an Administrator or any office or officer of the Board, an affidavit of an officer or other employee of the Board, sworn before any commissioner or other person authorized to administer oaths, that he has charge of the appropriate records and that after careful examination and search of such records he has been unable to find in any given case that any such document has been filed with or received by him, shall be received as *prima facie* evidence that in such case no such document was so filed, forwarded or delivered.

(5) In any Court, the affidavit of an officer or employee of the Board, sworn before any commissioner or other person authorized to administer oaths, that he has charge of the appropriate records and that an annexed document is a document filed with or received by the Board or an Administrator or any office or officer of the Board, shall be received as *prima facie* evidence that such document has been so filed or received.

(6) Where evidence is offered by affidavit pursuant to the provisions of subsections (4) and (5) of this Section, it shall not be necessary to prove the official character of the person making the affidavit if that information is set forth in the affidavit, nor shall it be necessary to prove the signature of such person or to prove the signature or official character of the person before whom such affidavit was sworn.

12. (1) Every provision of the Interpretation Act shall extend and apply to every order published or printed in the *Canada Gazette* or *Canadian War Orders and Regulations* or in any extra thereof or extract therefrom purporting to have been printed by the King's Printer for Canada, but nothing herein contained shall be construed as requiring such publication or printing.

(2) General or specific instructions issued by or on behalf of or under authority of the Board to any person acting as agent of or under the authority or direction of the Board or holding any licence under these regulations, or to any person engaged in any transaction or business affected by these regulations shall, with respect to such person and any other person having notice thereof, have the same force and effect as if contained in an order made and published as provided in the next preceding subsection.

13. Unless exempted by the Board, every person carrying on business who engages in any transactions which are affected by the provisions of these regulations shall keep books of account and other records thereof in Canada (unless the Board expressly permits the same to be kept outside Canada) showing clearly and fully the nature of such transactions, and in particular every person who sells or supplies or offers for sale

or supply any goods or services shall keep adequate books of account and other records available for inspection showing clearly and correctly his prices and terms and conditions of sale.

14. No person shall have any right to enforce or receive payment of more than the amount of any specific or maximum price prescribed under these regulations or fixed or concurred in by the Board, and any person who pays any greater amount may recover the excess notwithstanding that such person may have been guilty of an offence in so paying such greater amount.

15. (1) No member of the Board and no Administrator or other person employed or appointed by the Board or acting on behalf of or under authority of the Board shall be or become liable to any person for or in respect of any act or omission of himself or any other person in the exercise or purported exercise of any power, discretion or authority or in the performance or purported performance of any duty conferred or imposed by or under these regulations or any regulations for which these regulations are substituted or otherwise conferred or imposed by the Governor in Council.

(2) No proceedings by way of injunction, mandatory order, mandamus, prohibition, certiorari or otherwise shall be instituted against any member of the Board, Administrator or other person for or in respect of any act or omission of himself or any other person in the exercise or purported exercise of any power, discretion or authority or in the performance or purported performance of any duty conferred or imposed by or under these regulations or any regulations for which these regulations are substituted or otherwise conferred or imposed by the Governor in Council.

(3) Where any person fails, by reason of his compliance with these regulations or any order, to perform or fulfil any contract or other obligation heretofore or hereafter made, proof of such compliance shall be a good and complete defence to any action or proceeding in respect of such failure.

16. Any goods which any person buys or sells or in any way deals with or attempts to buy or sell or in any way deal with contrary to these regulations may (in addition to any other penalty which may have been imposed on any person or to which any person may be subject, with relation to such unlawful act or omission, and whether or not any prosecution in relation thereto has been commenced) be seized and detained and shall be liable to forfeiture at the instance of the Minister of Justice upon proceedings in the Exchequer Court of Canada or in any Superior Court, subject, however, to a right of compensation on the part of any innocent person interested in such property at the time it became liable to forfeiture or who acquired an interest therein subsequent to such time as a bona fide transferee for value without notice, which right may be enforced in the same manner as any other right against His Majesty.

17. The Board shall report to the Minister as and when required to do so by the Minister.

18. Any reference heretofore or hereafter made in any law or document to The Maximum Prices Regulations or any Section thereof shall be construed, *mutatis mutandis,* as a reference to Section 7 of these regulations.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 309

Freezing Sales of Preserves to Consumers

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated 1st November 1941, and amendments,

The Board hereby orders as follows:

Period Order to be effective and purpose.

1. This Order comes into force at midnight of Sunday August 22, 1943 and remains in force until midnight of Wednesday, September 1, 1943 and prohibits during that period all sales to consumers of the Preserves named below. It is intended on September 2, 1943 to bring such Preserves under the Consumer Rationing System.

Application of Order.

2. This Order applies to Preserves and to Consumers as listed below

Preserves.

Preserves—

(*a*) All jams, jellies and marmalades, as the same are described and graded by Section 74 of the Fruits and Vegetables Regulations made under the Meat and Canned Foods Act (Canada).

(*b*) all honey, in the comb or in any extracted form.

Consumers.

Consumers—

(*a*) persons who buy Preserves for personal or household use or consumption.

(*b*) persons who buy Preserves for use in serving meals or refreshments.

(*c*) persons who buy Preserves for use in manufacturing or processing for sale any food product or other goods.

Sales to consumers are frozen for effective period.

3. From and after midnight of Sunday, August 22, 1943 and until midnight of Wednesday, September 1, 1943, no person shall sell, supply or deliver to a Consumer and no Consumer shall buy or take delivery of any Preserves, unless he first obtains written directions from the Deputy Co-ordinator of Requirements and Allocation, Foods Administration or other duly authorized representative of the Board.

Order does not apply to sales for resale.

4. This Order does not apply to sales, supplies and deliveries of Preserves to persons who buy for resale and are not buying as Consumers.

Made at Ottawa, this 20th day of August, 1943.

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 310

Respecting Bread

made pursuant to authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, the Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. Orders Numbers 55 and 56 of the Board are hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 13th day of September, 1943.

Made at Ottawa, this 21st day of August, 1943.

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-857

Respecting Pyrethrum and Rotenone

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

Effective Date, Definitions and Purposes of Order

1. (1) This Order comes into force on September 6, 1943, and as of that date revokes and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-342 respecting rotenone.

(2) Pyrethrum and rotenone are botanical insecticides which are produced principally, if not entirely, outside of Canada. They are important ingredients in the manufacture of pesticides. The supply is scarce and it is proposed, by this Order, to freeze the stocks of both commodities. The release of such stocks is to be controlled by the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides.

(3) "Pyrethrum" is the ground or unground flower of the plant chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium. It includes a processed powder consisting wholly or partly of such flowers or containing their active principle. It also includes a fluid containing wholly or partly the extract from such flowers.

(4) "Rotenone" is the active alkaloid present in derris, cube, timbo and other roots and plants. It includes all such roots and plants, ground and unground. It includes a processed powder consisting wholly or partly of such roots or plants or containing their active principle. It includes also a fluid containing wholly or partly the extract from such roots or plants.

(5) This Order deals with pyrethrum and rotenone as raw materials, as herein defined, and prescribes the conditions under which they may be;

(*a*) processed or used as ingredients of manufactured pesticides, or

(*b*) bought, sold or otherwise dealt with.

(6) This Order also deals with pyrethrum or rotenone which has been used as an ingredient of manufactured pesticides and imposes certain conditions on sellers and buyers of such pesticides. Unless it is otherwise clearly stated, whenever the words pyrethrum or rotenone are used the primary or raw material, as herein defined, is referred to.

Inventories of Stocks to be Reported

2. (1) Every person who, on the 6th day of September, 1943, has in his possession or under his control any stock of pyrethrum or rotenone or both such commodities shall, on or before September 15, 1943, report in writing to the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides the inventory of such stock.

(2) Every person who, after the 6th day of September, 1943, imports or otherwise obtains possession or the control of pyrethrum or rotenone or both such commodities and who has not obtained permission in writing of the Administrator therefor shall forthwith thereafter report in writing to the Administrator the inventory of such pyrethrum or rotenone so obtained.

Prohibitions Against Dealing in Pyrethrum or Rotenone Except Under Permit

3. Until otherwise authorized by the Administrator, every person shall maintain the pyrethrum or rotenone, which is in his possession or under his control, intact in the same condition in which it was on September 6, 1943, and pyrethrum or rotenone which

is hereafter acquired shall be maintained, intact in the same condition in which it was when acquired.

4. Except with the written permission of the Administrator, no person shall process in any manner nor use any pyrethrum or rotenone in the manufacture of any commodity.

5. No person shall sell, deliver or dispose of any pyrethrum or rotenone to any person, until:

(*a*) he has received from such person a permit in writing issued by the Administrator and in such case the sale or delivery shall be limited to the quantity indicated in such permit, or;

(*b*) he has received from the Administrator a direction in writing authorizing or requiring the sale or delivery of a specified quantity to a named person.

6. No person shall purchase or obtain in Canada any pyrethrum or rotenone until he has obtained from the Administrator permission in writing therefor.

AUTHORIZATIONS AND PERMITS

7. Applications for authorizations and permits shall be made to the Administrator. The applicant shall give such information and assurances and shall enter into such undertakings as the Administrator may from time to time require. The authorizations and permits will be issued, in the discretion of the Administrator and subject to such conditions and directions as he may impose.

8. Authority with respect to written permits and authorizations may be exercised by the Director of Pesticides in the name of the Administrator.

RECORDS

9. Every person who deals in, processes, uses, sells or delivers pyrethrum or rotenone, to which this Order applies, shall keep a complete record of his dealings including the quantities used in every such process, use or sale. The record shall, upon request, be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

PYRETHRUM AND ROTENONE CONTAINED IN A PROCESSED OR MANUFACTURED PESTICIDE

10. Every person who sells or supplies a processed or manufactured pesticide containing pyrethrum or rotenone or both of these commodities is prohibited from recommending or permitting to be recommended the use of the pesticide for a purpose other than any of those authorized on the label attached to the container of the pesticide.

11. Every person is prohibited from using or permitting to be used for him a processed or manufactured pesticide containing pyrethrum or rotenone or both of these commodities for a purpose other than any of those authorized on the label attached to the container of the pesticide.

EXEMPTIONS

12. The provisions of this Order are subject to such written exemption as the said Administrator, upon application to him, may grant in any individual case of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

Dated at Ottawa, this 31st day of August, 1943.

APPROVED,

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman,
Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

G. S. PEART,
Administrator of Fertilizers and
Pesticides.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No A-863

Respecting Bread and Bakery Products

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Flour and Cereal Products it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

Application of the Order

1. Board Orders Nos. 55 and 56 deal with the slicing and wrapping of bread. Administrator's Order No. A-59 makes provision for the kinds and varieties of bread and rolls that may be manufactured and places restrictions on the delivery of those products. This Order will consolidate the above three Orders into one Order and will regulate the manufacture of all bread and bakery products. The delivery of bread and bakery products will hereafter be controlled by Administrator's Orders Nos. A-314, A-492 and any other Order issued by or on behalf of the Board in that respect. Board Orders Nos. 55 and 56 are revoked by Board Order No. 310 and Administrator's Order No. A-59 is revoked by this Order which replaces the provisions of the previous Orders relating to the manufacture of bread and bakery products.

Slicing and Wrapping of Bread

2. (1) No person shall sell, offer to sell, or supply any bread in sliced loaves.

(2) No manufacturer of bread shall

(*a*) slice any bread for any other person;

(*b*) wrap any bread in more than one (single) paper wrapper;

(*c*) use for wrapping bread waxed bread wrappers except in one shade of buff as designated by the Administrator of Book and Writing Paper in Administrator's Order No. A-523.

(3) No person shall wrap any bread in any wrapper which bears on it printed words or markings

(*a*) in more than one colour;

(*b*) impressed otherwise than by means of standard recognized type or a plate designed only in such type; and

(*c*) covering more than a total of 25 per cent of one surface of the wrapper.

(4) This Section does not prevent any person using any plate which he formerly used even though it is not designed in standard recognized type if such plate does not involve printing in more than one colour or coverage of more than 25 per cent of one surface of the wrapper.

Kinds of Bread and Bakery Products that may be Manufactured

3. (1) For the purposes of this Order

(*a*) "bread" means bread of any kind made of yeast leavened dough and includes white bread, whole wheat bread, brown bread, rye bread, Vitamin "B" (Canada Approved) bread, fruit bread, raisin bread and nut bread; and the words "bread rolls" shall have a corresponding extended meaning;

(*b*) "bakery product" means sweet goods, cakes, cookies, buns, pies and pastries and every other product commonly made by a baker, but does not include bread or biscuits;

(*c*) "cup or drop cakes" means cake in units weighing less than eight ounces each, baked in a specific form or mould;

(*d*) "doughnuts" means cake or yeast-raised dough fried in fat;

(*e*) "rye bread" means bread made from rye flour or from a mixture of wheat and rye flours containing not less than 30 per cent of rye flour.

(2) No person who manufactures bread or bakery products for sale at retail or wholesale or for sale as part of any meal or refreshment shall

(*a*) use the processes of docking, twisting, cross-panning, splitting, or cutting the dough before baking any such product other than sole bread; in the case of sole bread, docking, splitting and cutting only are permitted; this clause does not prohibit the use of small knives in the moulding machine to crease or nick the dough to release gas bubbles;

(*b*) make more than ten varieties of bread; for the purpose of this clause each brand, type, weight, price range and topping of bread is considered a variety; however, each manufacturer shall continue to produce and sell his low price lines of bread in accordance with the provisions of Section 13 of Order No. 214 of the Board;

(*c*) make any sandwich, steam or pullman type of bread;

(*d*) on or after September 30, 1943, make any bread (known as sole bread) on the sole of the oven except two varieties of rye bread and one variety of challa or other religious bread; however, two other varieties of sole bread each not exceeding eighteen inches in length may be manufactured by any person for sale and consumption in the Province of Quebec; the Administrator of Flour and Cereal Products, upon application to him, may permit two such varieties to be manufactured by any person in any area in any other province where the restrictions imposed by this clause would cause undue hardship;

(*e*) make any cake or pastry weighing less than eight ounces when baked except cookies, doughnuts and cup or drop cakes; however, corn and bran muffins weighing less than eight ounces may be made for over-the-counter sale to consumers by the manufacturer thereof only, or if they are made on the premises of any person supplying meals or refreshments, to be served or supplied as part of any meal or refreshment;

(*f*) package any cake or pastry except cookies, doughnuts and cup or drop cakes in portions weighing less than eight ounces each; however, this shall not prohibit the operator of a retail bakery from packaging individual portions of cake or pastry weighing less than eight ounces for over-the-counter sale to consumers;

(*g*) make any bread rolls or sweet goods which weigh less than eight ounces when baked; this clause also prohibits the making of a loaf or unit of bread or sweet goods which is designed to be broken or separated into rolls weighing less than eight ounces;

(*h*) use any sugar or substitute for sugar in the topping or icing of any bakery product except wedding cakes, providing that this shall not prohibit glazing.

4. No retailer, restaurateur, canteen operator, caterer or other victualling house operator and no member of any household shall return to any manufacturer or distributor any bread or bakery products which had been delivered by such manufacturer or distributor in a good, sound and edible condition, and no manufacturer or distributor shall accept the return of any such products.

5. No manufacturer shall sell any bread or bakery products except for cash on delivery or for tickets or counters, paid for in advance, but this restriction shall not apply to sales of such goods shipped by common carrier, to sales to any department of the Government of Canada or of any Province, or to sales to any hospital, asylum or other religious or public institution.

6. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Flour and Cereal Products upon application to him, may grant in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

7. This Order shall be effective on and after the 13th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 21st day of August, 1943.

J. J. PAGE,
Administrator of Flour and Cereal Products.

APPROVED:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-865

Maximum Prices for Eastern White Beans (Pea Beans)

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Flour and Cereal Products it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on September 1, 1943, fixing the maximum selling prices of Eastern white beans (pea beans) when sold by processors, wholesale distributors and retailers.

2. For the purposes of this Order,

"No. 1 Eastern white beans" and "No. 2 Eastern white beans" mean Eastern pea beans conforming respectively with the standards of No. 1 Canada Eastern pea beans and No. 2 Canada Eastern pea beans as set forth in Schedule Two of the definitions of Statutory grades of Eastern Grain established under the Canada Grain Act, 1930 as amended in 1939.

Sales by Processors

3. (1) *Definition*—"processor" means a person who buys Eastern white beans from a primary producer and processes and packs them in bags for sale.

(2) The maximum price (including all charges) at which a processor may sell or offer to sell No. 1 and No. 2 Eastern white beans processed and packed in bags, f.o.b. the processor's plant, shall be

(*a*) $2.35 per bushel for No. 1 Eastern white beans;

(*b*) $2.25 per bushel for No. 2 Eastern white beans.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors

4. (1) *Definition*—"wholesale distributor" means a person other than a processor, who sells Eastern white beans at wholesale.

(2) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell or offer to sell at wholesale No. 1 and No. 2 Eastern white beans shall be the sum of the following items:

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for the Eastern white beans, but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by his supplier;

(*b*) any transportation charges he has to pay that are not included in such actual price; and

(*c*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, on sales of Eastern white beans of the same or a substantially similar kind to the same class of buyer but not in any event exceeding ten per cent of his selling price when he sells such Eastern white beans in sack lots or in the containers in which he received them; and

(*d*) if he sells such beans in a quantity less than the quantity in the container in which he received them, he may add to his maximum selling price as above determined an amount not exceeding one cent per pound.

5. Where sales of Eastern white beans are made between wholesale distributors the total amount of the markups of all wholesale distributors must not exceed the highest amount of markup which the first wholesale distributor could have included as part of his selling price on a sale to a person other than a wholesale distributor. Every wholesale distributor on a sale to another wholesale distributor shall deliver to the buyer before or at the time he makes delivery of the Eastern white beans, an invoice stating the total combined markup that has been taken by him and by any other wholesale distributor who handled those Eastern white beans, and the share of the markup which is still available for the buyer.

SALES AT RETAIL

6. The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell at retail No. 1 and No. 2 Eastern white beans shall be the sum of the following three items:

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for the Eastern white beans but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by his supplier;

(*b*) any transportation charges he has to pay that are not included in such actual price; and

(*c*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, on sales of Eastern white beans of the same or a substantially similar kind but not in any event exceeding 25 per cent of his selling price.

RECORDS OF SALES AND PURCHASES

7. (1) Every person selling No. 1 and No. 2 Eastern white beans as a processor or at wholesale shall furnish every buyer before or on delivery of the Eastern white beans with an invoice showing accurately the date of delivery, the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, and the actual selling price per bushel of the Eastern white beans.

(2) Every person selling No. 1 and No. 2 Eastern white beans at wholesale or at retail shall, before selling or offering to sell the Eastern white beans, make or cause to be made, an accurate record separately detailed for each place of business operated by him, showing in respect of each purchase of Eastern white beans by him the date of purchase, the name and complete address of his supplier and the price per bushel paid for the Eastern white beans.

(3) Every person to whom an invoice is furnished pursuant to subsection 1 of this Section and every person required to keep a record, pursuant to subsection 2, shall retain such record and invoice available for inspection by any representative of the Board for a period of one year from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

(4) The retention by any person of an invoice available for inspection by any representative of the Board shall, in respect of the particulars mentioned in such invoice, be a sufficient compliance by that person with the provisions of subsection 2 of this Section.

OFFENCES

8. It is an offence for a person who is a processor, wholesale distributor or retailer of Eastern white beans to sell or offer to sell the same at a price higher than his highest selling price fixed by this Order, and the offender is liable to prosecution under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations.

Dated at Ottawa this 27th day of August, 1943.

J. J. PAGE,
Administrator of Flour and Cereal Products.

APPROVED:

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-866

Respecting Salt Containers

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order
"salt" means common salt (sodium chloride) in other than compressed form.

2. No person shall package salt except

(*a*) in cartons containing 1½ pounds, 2 pounds, 3 pounds or 10 pounds;

(*b*) in bags containing 5 pounds, 50 pounds, 100 pounds or more.

3. Nothing in this Order shall prohibit the use in packaging salt of containers which a processor or packager of salt has on hand at the effective date hereof, or which at such date have been manufactured or for which material has been cut to his order.

4. Nothing in this Order shall restrict the packaging of salt for export from Canada.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 1st day of September, 1943.

Dated at OTTAWA, this 28th day of August, 1943.

K. W. TAYLOR,
Co-ordinator, Foods Administration.

APPROVED:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-867.

Fixing Maximum Prices of Atlantic Coast Canned Chicken Haddies, Finnan Haddies and Mackerel.

Under powers given to the Administrator of Fish and Fish Products by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

APPLICATION OF THE ORDER

1. This Order comes into effect on September 2, 1943, and fixes maximum prices on sales of

(1) canned chicken haddies produced from a combination of haddock, cod and hake;

(2) canned finnan haddies produced from a combination of haddock, cod, hake and pollock; and

(3) canned mackerel.

It only applies to those three products when produced from the above fish caught in the waters off the Eastern Coast of Canada or in the waters off the coast of Newfoundland, and processed and packed for sale in hermetically sealed containers.

2. All references in this Order to selling or sales include also offerings to sell and offers for sale.

SALES BY CANNERS

3. (1) *Definition*—"canner" means any person who either actually processes and packs the canned fish to which this Order applies, or assembles for sale the pack of such canned fish which another canner has processed and packed for him.

(2) The following is the maximum price, f.o.b. the canner's shipping point in Canada, at which a canner may sell any canned fish to which this Order applies, according to the number, size and style of the cans:—

(*a*) canned chicken haddies—per case of 24 cans of 14 ounce size and flat style $5.25;

(*b*) canned finnan haddies—per case of 24 cans of 14 ounce size and flat style $5.50;

(*c*) canned mackerel—per case of 48 cans of 15 ounce size and tall style $8.80.

4. The maximum price at which a canner may sell any canned fish to which this Order applies, packed in containers of a style or size not listed in Section 3 shall be such price as may be fixed by or on behalf of the Board subsequent to the effective date of this Order, and no canner shall sell or offer to sell any canned fish to which this Order applies, packed in containers of a size or style not listed in Section 3 unless a maximum price for the sale of same by him has been so fixed.

SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

5. (1) *Definition*—"wholesale distributor" means any person other than a canner, who sells canned chicken haddies, finnan haddies or mackerel at wholesale.

(2) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell at wholesale any canned fish to which this Order applies shall be the sum of the the following:—

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for that canned fish but not exceeding the maximum price at which the same may be sold to him by a canner;

(*b*) actual transportation charges and sales tax paid by him that are not included in the actual price he paid for the canned fish; and

(*c*) a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941 both inclusive on sales of the same or a substantially similar kind of canned fish to the same class of buyer but not in any event exceeding ten per cent of his selling price.

6. Where sales of canned fish to which this Order applies are made between wholesale distributors the total amount of the markup of all wholesale distributors must not exceed the highest amount of markup which the first of them could have included as part of his selling price on a sale to a person other than a wholesale distributor.

7. Every wholesale distributor on a sale to another wholesale distributor shall deliver to the buyer before or at the time he makes delivery of the canned fish, an invoice stating the total combined markup that has been taken by him and by any other wholesale distributor who handled the canned fish, and the amount of the markup which is available for the buyer.

SALES AT RETAIL

8. The maximum price at which a person may sell at retail any canned fish to which this Order applies, shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by him for that canned fish but not exceeding the maximum price at which the same may be sold to him by his supplier;

(*b*) actual transportation charges and sales tax paid by him that are not included in the actual price he paid for the canned fish; and *(c)* a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the lawful markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, on sales at retail of the same or a substantially similar kind of canned fish but not in any event exceeding twenty-five per cent of his selling price.

RECORDS AND INVOICES

9. (1) Every canner and every wholesale distributor who sells any canned fish to which this Order applies shall on every sale at wholesale before or at the time of delivery to the buyer furnish him with an invoice showing the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the kind of canned fish, the number and the size and style of the cans, and the price charged for that canned fish.

(2) Every canner and every wholesale distributor shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

10. Every wholesale distributor and every retailer shall immediately upon receipt by him of any canned fish to which this Order applies purchased by him, prepare and shall thereafter keep a written record showing separately for each wholesale or each retail place of business operated by him, the date of purchase, the name and complete address of his supplier, the kind of canned fish, the number and size and style of the cans, the actual price paid for that canned fish also transportation charges paid.

11. (1) If a person retains, available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board, an invoice furnished by his supplier, it shall not be necessary for him to keep any other record of the particulars set forth in the invoice.

(2) Every record and invoice required by this Order to be prepared, furnished or retained shall be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at all times for twelve months from the date of the transaction to which it relates.

12. Every person who sells at retail any canned fish shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the kind of canned fish and the size and style of its container and the price to a customer.

OFFENCES

13. It is an offence for any person to contravene or fail to observe any of the provisions of this Order and the offender is liable to prosecution under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations.

Dated at OTTAWA this 28th day of August, 1943.

A. N. McLEAN,
Administrator of Fish and Fish Products.

APPROVED:

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-868

Respecting the Prices of Fertilizers in the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-601 as amended by Administrator's Order No. A-684 is hereby further amended by revoking the Schedule thereto and substituting the attached Schedule therefor.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 2nd day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of August, 1943.

G. S. PEART,
Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides.

APPROVED:

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-601

—	New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island	Quebec	Ontario
	Maximum Price per Ton		
	$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
FERTILIZER MATERIALS—			
Ammonium nitrate....34%	61 00	61 00	60 60
Ammonium phosphate....16–20%	59 50	59 50	59 50
Ammonium phosphate....11–48%	....	....	66 50
Cyanamid....21% N	48 35	48 35	47 85
Muriate of potash....50% K_2O	49 25	49 25	48 75
Muriate of potash....60% K_2O	51 40	51 40	50 90
Nitrate of soda....16% N	52 50	52 50	52 00
Potash manure salts....25% K_2O	29 50	28 50	29 00
Sulphate of ammonia....20% N	44 50	44 00	44 00
Superphosphate....20% Average P_2O_5	24 00	23 25	23 50
MIXED OR COMPLETE FERTILIZERS—			
0—14—7	28 15	27 25	27 30
2—12—4	27 50	26 50	27 00
4— 8—8	30 90	29 75	30 50
4—12—6	32 75	31 50	32 30
9— 5—5	33 50	32 50	34 50
3—18—0	30 00	29 00	29 50
APPROVED TOBACCO FERTILIZERS—			
2—10—8	....	31 75	32 50
3—10—6	....	32 25	32 25
5— 8—7	....	36 25	36 25

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-869

Respecting Cane Molasses

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

Administrator's Order No. A-55 is hereby revoked and the following is substituted therefor:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "blend" means a blended mixture of two or more kinds or grades of cane molasses, one of which may be Canadian blackstrap, with or without the addition of sugar syrup;

(*b*) "gallon" means Imperial gallon;

(*c*) "retailer" means a person who in the ordinary course of business sells cane molasses at retail and not for the purpose of resale;

(*d*) "wholesaler" means a person who in the ordinary course of business sells cane molasses to retailers, and includes a jobber or distributor;

(*e*) "sell" includes offer to sell.

PART I—IMPORTED CANE MOLASSES

Definitions

2. For the purposes of this Part

(*a*) "Barbados Extra Fancy" means the grade of imported cane molasses so named by the Barbados Produce Exporters Association Limited and sometimes sold in Canada under the trade name of Bema Extra Fancy, Bema Fancy or Bema;

(*b*) "cane molasses" means molasses extracted from raw cane sugar or from the juice of the sugar cane;

(*c*) "importer" means a person who imports molasses into Canada;

(*d*) "port of discharge" means the port in Canada through which an importer customarily received cane molasses during the year 1941.

3. Each maximum price of imported cane molasses fixed in this Part is in cents per gallon and it includes sales tax.

Importers and Wholesalers Maximum Prices

4. (1) The maximum price at which an importer or a wholesaler may sell Barbados Extra Fancy molasses in a puncheon ex dock at his port of discharge shall be the price stated after the name of the province in which his port of discharge is located, as follows:

Province	*Maximum price per gallon*
Nova Scotia, New Brunswick or Prince Edward Island	69c
Quebec or Ontario	70c
British Columbia	78c

(2) If an importer or a wholesaler sells the said molasses ex warehouse in the same municipality as that in which his port of discharge is located, he may add to the maximum price fixed by subsection 1 of this section for sales by him, an amount not exceeding two cents per gallon.

(3) If an importer or a wholesaler sells the said molasses ex warehouse in a municipality other than that in which his port of discharge is located, he may add to the maximum price fixed by said subsection 1 for sales by him, an amount not exceeding the cost per gallon of transporting the molasses from his port of discharge to the warehouse, but in no case shall the cost per gallon of transporting the molasses exceed the amount of the L.C.L. railway freight rate per gallon for such transportation.

5. (1) The maximum price at which an importer or a wholesaler may sell Barbados Extra Fancy molasses packed in a bulk container other than a puncheon shall be the maximum price fixed by section 4 for sales by him ex dock or ex warehouse, as the case may be, plus an amount per gallon not exceeding the difference between the price per gallon charged by him in February 1942 for the said molasses delivered in puncheons and for the said molasses delivered in such other bulk container. The amount per gallon of the said difference shall not in any event exceed the amount stated after each respective kind and size of bulk container as follows:

Kind and size of bulk container	*Add to price per gallon fixed by section 4*
Barrel	5c
Half Barrel	9c
15 Gallon Keg	15c
10 Gallon Keg	20c

(2) No importer or wholesaler shall sell to a retailer any Barbados Extra Fancy molasses or any Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses packed in a 15 gallon keg or a 10 gallon keg.

6. The maximum price at which an importer or a wholesaler may sell Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses (being a grade of imported cane molasses so named by Barbados Produce Exporters Association Limited) ex dock or ex warehouse, as the case may be, shall be the sum total of:

(*a*) the maximum price fixed by sections 4 and 5 for sales by him of Barbados Extra Fancy molasses, ex dock or ex warehouse, as the case may be, in the same size of bulk container; and

(*b*) an amount not exceeding the amount by which his lawful maximum selling price of the said Heavy molasses exceeded his lawful maximum selling price of the said Barbados Extra Fancy molasses in the month of February, 1942, but not in any event exceeding ten cents (10c) per gallon.

Retailers Maximum Prices

7. (1) The maximum price at which a retailer may sell Barbados Extra Fancy molasses or Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses in a quantity of one gallon or more which he draws from a bulk container shall be the sum total of:

(*a*) the actual price per gallon paid by him for the said molasses but not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price per gallon that may be charged by the importer or wholesaler who supplied it to him;

(*b*) the actual and lawful cost per gallon of transporting the molasses from the said dock or supplier's warehouse, as the case may be, to the retailer's place of business; and

(*c*) a markup not exceeding twenty-five per centum (25%) of the actual price as determined by clause (*a*) of this subsection. A markup shall not be taken on the cost per gallon of transporting the said molasses from the dock at the supplier's port of discharge or from the supplier's warehouse, as the case may be, to the retailer's place of business.

(2) When a retailer sells molasses drawn from a bulk container, in a quantity less than one gallon he may add to his maximum selling price fixed by subsection 1 of this section an amount not more than the amount he added on similar sales he made during February, 1942. However, in any such case the maximum selling price of the lesser quantity must not in any event be more than,—

(*a*) for a half gallon—fifty-five per centum (55%) of his maximum selling price for one gallon;

(*b*) for a quart—thirty per centum (30%) of his maximum selling price for one gallon;

(*c*) for a pint—seventeen per centum (17%) of his maximum selling price for one gallon;

(3) The maximum price at which a retailer may sell the said molasses for delivery in the bulk container in which he received it from his supplier shall be the price fixed by subsection 1 of this section, except that his markup shall not exceed twenty per centum (20%) of the actual price paid by him for the same.

8. This Order does not fix the price of any kind or grade of imported cane molasses other than Barbados Extra Fancy molasses and Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses. Nor does it fix the price of any blend of cane molasses.

PART II—CANADIAN BLACKSTRAP

Definitions

9. For the purposes of this Part,

(*a*) "blackstrap" means a refinery final molasses produced in Canada from raw cane sugar;

(*b*) "Refiner" means a person who refines raw cane sugar.

10. Each maximum price of blackstrap fixed in this Part is in cents per gallon and in the case of sales by a refiner or wholesaler it does not include sales tax.

Refiners' Prices to Wholesalers

11. (1) The maximum price, f.o.b. refinery, at which a refiner named in this section may sell blackstrap in tank car lots to any person other than a retailer, shall be the price stated after his name, as follows:

Name of Refiner	*Maximum price per gallon*
Canada & Dominion Sugar Co. Ltd	19½c.
St. Lawrence Sugar Refineries Ltd	19½c.
Atlantic Sugar Refineries Ltd	17c.
Acadia Sugar Refineries Ltd	17c.
The British Columbia Sugar Refining Co. Ltd	17c.

(2) The maximum price, f.o.b. refiner's warehouse, at which a refiner named in subsection 1 may sell blackstrap in a bulk container to any person other than a retailer, shall be the sum total of

(*a*) the maximum price fixed by subsection 1 on sales by him;

(*b*) his cost per gallon of the bulk container;

(*c*) his cost per gallon of handling and packing the bulk container, but not in any event exceeding 1·4 cents per gallon; and

(*d*) his cost per gallon for brokerage charges and other such expenses but not in any event exceeding 1·6 cents per gallon.

Refiners' and Wholesalers' Prices to Retailers

12. (1) The maximum price, f.o.b. refiner's warehouse, at which a refiner may sell blackstrap in a bulk container to a retailer shall be the sum total of

(*a*) the maximum price fixed by subsection 2 of section 11; and

(*b*) a markup not greater than the markup customarily obtained by him on sales of blackstrap to retailers during the month of October 1942, but not in any event exceeding twelve and one-half per centum (12½%) of his selling price.

(2) The maximum price, f.o.b. wholesaler's warehouse, at which a wholesaler may sell blackstrap in a bulk container shall be the sum total of

(*a*) the actual price per gallon paid by him for it, not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum selling price that may be charged by the refiner who supplied it;

(*b*) the actual cost per gallon of transporting it from the refiner's plant or warehouse, as the case may be, to his warehouse;

(*c*) the cost per gallon of the bulk container if not included in the said actual price;

(*d*) the cost per gallon of handling and packing the bulk container if not included in the said actual price. The said cost of packing and handling shall not exceed 1·4 cents per gallon; and

(*e*) a markup not greater than the markup customarily obtained by him on sales of blackstrap during the month of October, 1942, but not in any event exceeding twelve and one-half per centum (12½%) of his selling price.

Retailers' Prices

13. (1) The maximum price at which a retailer may sell blackstrap in the bulk container in which he received it shall be the sum total of

(*a*) the actual price per gallon paid by him for it, not in any event exceeding the lawful maximum price that may be charged by the refiner or wholesaler, as the case may be, who sold it to him;

(*b*) sales tax;

(*c*) the actual cost per gallon of transporting it from his supplier's warehouse to his place of business; and (*d*) a markup not greater than the markup customarily obtained by him during the month of October 1942, on sales of blackstrap, but not in event exceeding twenty per centum (20%) of his selling price.

(2) The maximum price at which a retailer may sell blackstrap which he draws from a bulk container shall be the price fixed by subsection 1 of this section for the sale by him of the blackstrap, except that for such sale he may increase his markup to an amount not exceeding twenty-five per centum (25%) of his selling price.

Where Ownership of Bulk Container Does Not Pass to Buyer of Blackstrap

14. Whenever as a condition of sale, ownership in a bulk container of a capacity not less than twenty gallons used to deliver blackstrap, remains with the seller, the seller shall not include in his selling price of the blackstrap any amount for the cost of the container but

(*a*) he may make and receive a service charge not exceeding one dollar ($1.00) per container to cover the cost of cleaning the container and to cover depreciation;

(*b*) he may charge and receive from his customer a deposit for each container. The amount of the deposit shall not exceed the cost to him of the container;

(*c*) he shall return to his customer the amount of any deposit received, either in cash or by credit in account when the customer returns to him the container in a useable condition.

PART III—CANNED MOLASSES

15. In this Part "canned molasses" means any cane molasses or blend of cane molasses packaged in any kind of sealed container of a capacity of not more than 112 fluid ounces and in which container the molasses is customarily sold to consumers.

16. No person shall pack for sale as canned molasses, more than two grades of cane molasses. The said grades shall be two of the grades of cane molasses he packed for sale as canned molasses during the period September 15, 1941, to the date of this Order. This section does not prevent a person from using the same brands or trade names he used in the said period in selling the said two grades of molasses as canned molasses.

17. If in the calendar year 1942 an importer, blender or wholesaler sold a grade or blend of cane molasses partly in bulk containers and partly as canned molasses he shall not in any subsequent calendar year sell as canned molasses a greater percentage of that grade or blend than he sold as such in the year 1942.

18. This Order does not fix the price at which canned molasses may be sold. If the maximum price of canned molasses has not been fixed by The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations or by or on behalf of the Board, the provisions of Order No. 214 of the Board must be followed.

PART IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

19. (1) On every sale of Barbados Extra Fancy molasses, Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses or blackstrap by an importer, wholesaler or refiner, every seller shall at the time of delivery of the product to a buyer furnish the buyer with an invoice showing

(*a*) the name and complete address of both the seller and the buyer;

(*b*) the date of the sale;

(*c*) the name of the product sold. Barbados Extra Fancy molasses shall be shown by its name or by the word "Fancy"; Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses shall be shown by its name or by the word "Heavy" and blackstrap by its name;

(*d*) the exact quantity in gallons per container and the number of each size of containers delivered except in the case of blackstrap delivered in tank cars when the total quantity in gallons contained in such delivery shall be shown;

(*e*) the seller's price per gallon of the product. In the case of a sale of molasses the seller shall show whether the first sale of the same in Canada was ex dock, ex warehouse at port of discharge or ex warehouse located in a municipality other than that in which the first seller's port of discharge is located, as the case may be.

(2) Every such seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this section.

20. Every person including a retailer who sells Barbados Extra Fancy molasses, Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses or blackstrap immediately he receives such product he has bought shall make a written record at the place of business at which he receives the product showing the date of purchase, the name and complete address of his supplier, the kind of product bought, the quantity in gallons per container and the total quantity, and the actual price per gallon and the transportation charges paid. However, if such person keeps a copy of the invoice he receives from his supplier of the product he need not keep any other record of the particulars of sale shown on the invoice.

21. Every invoice and record which a seller of Barbados Extra Fancy molasses, Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses or blackstrap is required by this Order to make and keep shall be kept available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months after the date of the transaction to which it relates.

22. Every person who sells Barbados Extra Fancy molasses, Barbados Extra Heavy Fancy molasses or blackstrap at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish the buyer with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the kind and quantity of the product sold and the price charged for the same.

23. No person shall sell cane molasses for any purpose other than for human consumption unless the Sugar Administrator permits its use for that other purpose.

24. The Sugar Administrator may from time to time permit a quantity of cane molasses to be sold for agricultural or veterinarian purposes. This Order does not apply to sales of cane molasses for such purposes.

25. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Sugar Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances, provided that the prices of any of the products regulated by this Order are not hereby affected by such exemptions.

26. This Order shall be effective on and after the 3rd day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 30th day of August, 1943.

S. R. NOBLE,
Sugar Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

COAL CONTROLLER

ORDER NO. COAL 6

(National Coal Conservation Committee)

Dated August 16, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6835 of August 29, 1941, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *National Coal Conservation Committee Established*

The National Coal Conservation Committee (hereinafter referred to as the Committee) is hereby established.

2. *Duties*

The duties of the Committee shall be to confer with and advise the Coal Controller with respect to the conservation of coal and coke; and to investigate the kinds of coal and/or coke and the methods of burning and the kind of burning equipment used by any industry or person; and to discuss and consider all relevant problems or matters which may arise in connection therewith; and to make recommendations to the Controller with respect to the matters investigated or considered by the Committee.

3. *Membership*

The Committee shall, until otherwise ordered, consist of the persons hereinafter named and such other persons as the Coal Controller may from time to time appoint in addition to or in substitution for any of such persons:

Norton W. Kingsland, Toronto, to be Chairman of the Committee.
John Hall, Toronto, Chief Combustion Engineer and Director of Combustion Engineering Corporation, Ltd., to be Vice-Chairman of the Committee.
W. H. Evans, Toronto, General Manager, Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co., Ltd.
M. Shears, Toronto, Chief Engineer, C. A. Dunham Co., Ltd.
Alfred E. McGruer, Chief Power Engineer, Eastern Lines, C.P.R.
Wm. J. Longeway, Toronto, Chief Engineer, Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Toronto.
Ralph Grossman, Montreal, Combustion Engineer, Volcano Limited.
C. C. Sturdy, Toronto, Combustion Engineer, Foster Wheeler Limited.
C. R. Patterson, Toronto, President, Patterson-Hill Aircraft Co., Ltd., Toronto.
Mrs. W. E. West, Ottawa, Director, Women's Volunteer Services, Department of National War Services.

4. *Meetings*

The Committee shall meet from time to time at the call of the Chairman at such time and place as he shall select, and on such notice, given in such manner, as he shall deem sufficient.

5. *Quorum*

Any three members of the Committee shall be a quorum and, in the absence of the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman from any meeting the members present and constituting a quorum may appoint a Chairman *pro tem* for such meeting or until the arrival of the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman.

E. J. BRUNNING,
Coal Controller.

APPROVED:

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

COAL CONTROLLER

ORDER NO. COAL 7

(Imported Bituminous Coal Distribution)

Dated August 26, 1943

Solid Fuels Administration for War Regulation No. 4 dated August 21, 1943, issued by the Solid Fuels Administrator for War for the United States of America requires producers of bituminous coal

(*a*) to supply the full amount of their commitments to purchasers using such coal, or reselling such coal for use, in the manufacture of coke, for smithing purposes, for the manufacture of gas, as a raw material in the manufacture of chemicals, and for foundry, malleable, or metallurgical purposes; and

(*b*) thereafter, to supply the full amount of their commitments to ship bituminous coal for lake movement during the balance of the current season of navigation; and

(*c*) to distribute the balance of their available coal equitably among other purchasers; and

(*d*) to notify by telegram each lake forwarder and each purchaser to whom the producer has commitments concerning

 (i) the total tonnage of bituminous coal under commitment to be shipped to such lake forwarder or purchaser during the current season of lake navigation (1943), and

 (ii) the total tonnage of bituminous coal actually shipped to such lake forwarder or purchaser subsequent to April 15, 1943 and prior to the effective date of said Regulation, and

 (iii) the tonnage of butiminous coal which will be shipped pursuant to the said Regulation to such lake forwarder or purchaser from the effective date of the said Regulation to November 15, 1943;

Therefore, pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board;

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:—

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,

(*a*) "bituminous coal" means all bituminous and sub-bituminous coal having calorific value in British thermal units of more than seven thousand six hundred per pound and having a natural moisture content in place in the mine of less than 30 per centum;

(*b*) "commercial dock" means any lake or river dock used for the distribution of coal for the use of any person other than the owner or operator of such dock;

(*c*) "commitment" means any contract, agreement or arrangement with a supplier in the United States of America to furnish a purchaser with a specified quantity of bituminous coal from the United States of America under specified terms and conditions, but shall not be affected by any contractual provision or any condition of the agreement or arrangement providing for reduction in the volume of shipments to be made because of reduction in the volume of coal produced;

(*d*) "dock operator" means any person who operates any commercial or other (private) lake or river dock for the distribution of coal;

(*e*) "order" means any order, requisition, or other arrangement designed to procure bituminous coal from the United States of America for delivery or use within the Dominion of Canada;

(*f*) "person" includes partnership, corporation, company, any governmental body or department and any aggregation of persons;

(*g*) "purchaser" means any person who places an order for bituminous coal within the meaning of paragraph (*e*) of this section.

2. *Purchasers to Notify Coal Controller of Additional Requirements*

(1) Immediately upon the receipt by a purchaser of the telegram referred to in paragraph (*d*) of the preamble to this Order and in the event that the amount of bituminous coal actually shipped plus the amount of bituminous coal which will be shipped to such purchaser, as stated in the said telegram, is less than his requirements to and including May 15, 1944, or is less than the quantity which he may have been authorized to receive by the Coal Controller, such purchaser shall telegraph the Coal Controller stating

(*a*) the extent to which the tonnages, sizes and classes of bituminous coal covered by commitments and which suppliers have advised will be shipped on or before November 15, 1943

- (i) are less than the sum of such commitments; and
- (ii) are less than his requirements to and including May 15, 1944, or less than the quantity which he may have been authorized to receive by the Coal Controller; and

(*b*) the sources of supply from whom he had anticipated that he would receive bituminous coal (in addition to that which is covered by commitments and which suppliers have advised will be shipped on or before November 15, 1943) including the names of producers, sales agents, lake forwarders or other intermediaries; and

(*c*) what efforts he has made to obtain such additional coal.

(2) Any purchaser with any commitments who does not receive by August 31, 1943, telegrams from his suppliers in the United States of America giving the information set out in paragraph (*d*) of the preamble to this Order shall ask his suppliers for such telegrams and if they are not supplied, shall telegraph the Coal Controller.

3. *Functions of Coal Controller*

On receiving communications in respect to the deficiency in lake commitments and anticipated lake commitments pursuant to Section 2 of this Order, the Coal Controller will forward this information to the Solid Fuels Administrator for War for the United States of America. The Coal Controller in advising the Solid Fuels Administrator will, so far as it is practicable to do so, indicate the sizes and classes of bituminous coal needed for shipment and the persons to whom such bituminous coal is to be shipped.

4. *Preference to be Given to Upper Lakes and Lower St. Lawrence*

Every importer who directs shipments of bituminous coal to more than one dock shall, except when such coal is for use in the manufacture of coke or gas, for smithing purposes, as a raw material in the manufacture of chemicals, or for foundry, malleable or metallurgical purposes, and consistent with mines production, availability of ships, unloading capacity of docks and other factors affecting the orderly movement of coal, give preference to shipments that he is required to make to docks west of, but not including Sarnia, Ontario, and east of, but not including Montreal, P.Q.

5. *Reports From Dock Operators*

(1) Each dock operator shall file with the Coal Controller not later than the 5th day of each of the months of September, October, November and December, 1943, a report in writing with respect to bituminous coal for other than railway use and further reports separately for each railway with respect to bituminous coal for railway use, which reports shall be signed by the dock operator and shall state for each dock separately;

(*a*) the location of the dock; and

(*b*) the total quantity of bituminous coal to be delivered to the dock during the navigation season to fill requirements to May 15, 1944 or to fill requirements authorized by the Coal Controller; and

(*c*) the quantity of bituminous coal received at the dock from April 1, 1943, to the end of the preceding month; and

(*d*) the quantity of bituminous coal received at the dock during the preceding month; and

(*e*) the balance of bituminous coal needed to complete requirements to May 15, 1944, or to complete requirements authorized by the Coal Controller.

(2) For the purposes of the reports referred to in subsection (1) next preceding and in order to avoid delay in the filing of the said reports the quantity of bituminous coal received at a dock during the last three days of any month may be estimated.

(3) Each dock operator shall obtain from any person using any dock operated by him for the distribution of coal such information as the dock operator may require to enable him to prepare the reports referred to in subsection (1) of this section and each such person shall furnish such information to the dock operator.

(4) In preparing the reports referred to in subsection (1) of this section each dock operator shall use due care to avoid any duplication of figures.

6. *Restrictions on Deliveries from Commercial Docks to Consumers*

(1) Except with a permit in writing from the Coal Controller,

(*a*) no consumer shall take delivery from a commercial dock for use in any premises of any more bituminous coal than the quantity, which when added to the quantity on hand on the premises, will last the consumer until May 15, 1944;

(*b*) no dock operator of a commercial dock shall deliver to any premises for the use of a consumer any bituminous coal if the dock operator knows or has any reason to believe that the consumer has on hand on the premises sufficient bituminous coal to last him until May 15, 1944.

(2) Applications for permits under this section shall be made by the consumer and shall state,

(*a*) the location of the dock from which delivery is required; and

(*b*) the name and address of the supplier; and

(*c*) the quantity of bituminous coal required for consumption to May 15, 1944; and

(*d*) the size and class of bituminous coal required; and

(*e*) the quantity of bituminous coal on hand at the date of the application on the premises to which the coal is to be delivered; and

(*f*) the reasons why the permit is desired.

7. *All Rail Deliveries of Bituminous Coal to Consumers*

(1) The effect of Solid Fuels Administration for War Regulation No. 4 will be to reduce the amount of bituminous coal available for all rail delivery until November 15, 1943, and each consumer who receives bituminous coal all rail from the United States of America and who has an adequate stock pile of bituminous coal shall use such stock pile for the purpose of making up any deficiency in the shipments of bituminous coal made to him for current consumption.

(2) Except with a permit in writing from the Coal Controller no consumer shall purchase or acquire any bituminous coal from a dock operator for the purpose of making up any deficiency in all rail shipments of bituminous coal made to him for current consumption.

(3) Each applicant for a permit under this section shall file with the Coal Controller a statement in writing signed by him and stating

(*a*) the quantity of bituminous coal on hand in stock pile on the premises where the coal is to be used; and

(*b*) the average daily consumption of bituminous coal on the premises where the coal is to be used.

8. *Permits*

This Order shall be subject to any permit or order issued by the Coal Controller to meet exceptional circumstances.

E. J. BRUNNING,
Coal Controller.

Approved:
C. D. HOWE,
Minister of Munitions and Supply

Approved:
HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board

Under Section 15 of the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations it is an offence punishable by fine and/or imprisonment to make any false statement or representation to, or for the use or information of, the Controller or pursuant to any order made by or under the authority of the Controller.

Section 6 of Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, provides as follows:

"6. *Breach of Contract Pursuant to Order*

Where any person fails to fulfill any contract or obligation whether made or assumed before or after the effective date of these Regulations, and such failure is due to compliance on the part of such person with any order made under the authority of these Regulations after such contract or obligation was made or assumed, proof of that fact shall be a good defence to any action or proceeding against such person in respect of such failure."

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

STEEL CONTROLLER

Order No. S.C. 32

(Steel Wire Rope)

Dated August 12, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 8053 of September 9, 1942, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. *Purchase of Steel Wire by Manufacturers of Wire Rope*

Unless the purchase order has been approved in writing by the Steel Controller, no manufacturer of wire rope shall purchase or acquire, and no person shall sell or supply to a manufacturer of wire rope, any steel wire or any galvanized steel wire.

2. *Use of Certain Wires for Wire Rope Making*

No manufacturer of wire rope shall use

(*a*) any Cast Crucible Steel wire or Traction Steel wire for the manufacture of any wire rope, except sand lines, cable tool drilling lines or elevator ropes; or

(*b*) any SMS wire for the manufacture of any wire rope, except elevator ropes.

3. *Steel Wire Ropes Authorized for Manufacture*

No manufacturer of wire rope shall manufacture any steel wire ropes except

(*a*) steel wire ropes of the types, and of the sizes and breaking strengths of each type, listed in Schedule "A" to this Order; or

(*b*) steel wire ropes of any type, size or breaking strength specified in Wartime Specification N.220 for Steel Wire Rope and Strand issued by the Department of National Defence, Naval Service, and dated March 24, 1943, or any revision thereof; or (*c*) steel wire rope of any type, size or breaking strength, if the wire used in its manufacture is in the possession of the manufacturer on the effective date of this Order and it cannot be utilized for the manufacture of any wire rope listed in Schedule "A" to this Order or specified in the said Wartime Specification N.220.

4. *Area Restrictions on Steel Wire Ropes to be Manufactured*

(1) No manufacturer of wire rope located in Ontario or Quebec shall manufacture any Mild Plough steel wire rope.

(2) No manufacturer of wire rope located in British Columbia shall manufacture any Best Plough steel wire rope, except the following:—

(*a*) ½″, ⅝″, ¾″, 13/16″, ⅞″ and 1″ in diameter—Best Plough 6 x 24 Black Hawser construction with seven hemp centres; and

(*b*) 1⅛″ in diameter—Best Plough 6 x 37 Black Hawser construction with seven hemp centres;

provided that no such wire rope shall be manufactured unless the manufacturer has received a purchase order in writing for the said wire rope stating that it is intended for use on a merchant vessel.

5. *Breaking Strengths—Tolerance*

All breaking strengths of steel wire rope shown in Schedule "A" to this Order shall be subject to a tolerance of 5 per cent.

6. *Permits*

Any provision of this Order shall be subject in any particular case to any permit issued by the Steel Controller.

7. *Effective Date*

This Order shall be effective on and from August 16, 1943.

M. A. HOEY,
Associate Steel Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

SCHEDULE "A"

TO THE STEEL CONTROLLER'S ORDER NO. S.C. 32

Size	6 x 7 W.H.C. TYPE			
	BREAKING STRENGTH IN TONS (2,000 pounds)			
	C.C.S.	Mild plough	Best plough	Improved plough
¼″	2·0	2·15	2·35	2·7
9/32″	2·5	3·0	3·3	3·6
5/16″	3·5	4·0	4·5	5·0
⅜″	4·7	5·1	5·7	6·0
7/16″	6·5	7·5	8·5	9·0
½″	9·0	9·8	11·0	12·0
9/16″	11·0	12·0	13·5	15·0
⅝″	13·6	15·5	17·0	18·5
11/16″	16·1	18·0	20·0	22·0
¾″	20·0	22·0	24·0	27·0
13/16″		25·0	27·7	30·4
⅞″		30·5	33·5	37·0
1″		39·0	43·0	47·0
1-⅛″		48·5	53·5	59·0
1-¼″		60·5	66·5	73·0
1-⅜″		75·0	83·0	92·0
1-½″		88·0	99·0	107·0

Size	6 x 19 W.H.C. TYPE				
	BREAKING STRENGTH IN TONS (2,000 pounds)				
	S.M.S.	C.C.S.	Mild plough	Best plough	Improved plough
1/8″	....	0·5	0·55	0·61	0·67
3/16″	....	1·1	1·2	1·3	1·5
1/4″	....	2·0	2·2	2·45	2·7
5/16″	....	3·0	3·5	3·8	4·1
3/8″	2·0	4·3	4·8	5·4	6·0
7/16″	....	5·7	6·6	7·0	8·0
1/2″	3·5	7·75	9·0	10·0	11·0
9/16″	....	9·5	10·5	11·7	13·3
5/8″	5·5	12·25	13·7	15·0	16·5
3/4″	....	17·5	19·5	21·5	23·8
7/8″	....	23·0	25·6	28·3	32·0
1″	....	31·0	34·0	38·0	41·7
1-1/8″	....	....	43·5	48·5	53·0
1-1/4″	....	....	54·0	60·0	65·5
1-3/8″	....	....	66·5	73·5	81·0
1-1/2″	....	....	79·5	88·5	96·0
1-5/8″	....	....	93·0	103·0	113·0
1-3/4″	....	....	107·5	119·0	130·0
1-7/8″	....	....	124·0	138·0	152·0
2″	....	....	139·5	154·0	169·0
2-1/8″	....	....	156·0	172·0	188·5
2-1/4″	....	....	175·0	193·0	210·0
2-3/8″	....	....	197·0	218·0	238·0
2-1/2″	....	....	215·0	235·0	260·0
2-3/4″	....	....	250·0	280·0	305·0

Size	6 x 37 W.H.C. TYPE		
	BREAKING STRENGTH IN TONS (2,000 pounds)		
	Mild plough	Best plough	Improved plough
1/4″	2·05	2·25	2·5
5/16″	3·5	3·8	4·0
3/8″	4·5	5·0	5·5
7/16″	6·0	6·9	7·5
1/2″	8·3	9·2	10·0
9/16″	10·3	11·4	12·5
5/8″	13·0	14·5	16·0
3/4″	18·0	20·2	22·2
7/8″	25·0	27·5	30·2
1″	32·6	36·0	39·5
1-1/8″	40·0	44·0	49·0
1-1/4″	50·0	55·0	61·0
1-3/8″	62·0	68·5	74·5
1-1/2″	74·0	82·0	90·0
1-5/8″	87·0	96·5	105·5
1-3/4″	100·0	110·0	121·0
1-7/8″	116·5	129·0	142·0
2″	129·0	142·0	155·0
2-1/8″	147·0	162·0	178·0
2-1/4″	165·0	182·0	201·0
2-3/8″	186·0	205·0	224·0
2-1/2″	204·0	225·0	245·0
2-3/4″	244·0	269·0	293·0

Size	8 x 19 Type				
	Breaking Strength in Tons (2,000 pounds)				
	S.M.S.	C.C.S.	Mild plough	Best plough	Improved plough
¼″		1·6	1·8	2·0	2·2
5/16″		2·5	2·8	3·1	3·4
⅜″	1·6	3·7	4·2	4.6	5·1
7/16″		5·2	5·8	6·3	7·0
½″	3·0	6·8	7·5	8·2	9·0
9/16″		8·5	9·4	10·3	11·5
⅝″	4·3	10·4	11·4	12·5	14·1
¾″		14·8	16·3	17·8	20·0
⅞″		20·0	22·0	24·0	27·0
1″		26·0	28·6	31·2	35·0
1-⅛″			36·0	39·4	44·3
1-¼″			44·4	48·4	54·5
1-⅜″			53·4	58·3	65·5
1-½″			63·3	69·0	78·0

Size	18 x 7 Type		
	Breaking Strength in Tons (2,000 pounds)		
	Mild plough	Best plough	Improved plough
⅜″	4·6	5·1	5·6
7/16″	6·1	6·7	7·4
½″	7·9	8·7	9·6
9/16″	9·8	10·8	12·0
⅝″	12·1	13·3	14·7
¾″	17·3	19·0	21·0
⅞″	23·5	25·9	28·5
1″	30·5	33·8	37·0
1-⅛″	38·4	42·5	46·0
1-¼″	47·2	52·3	57·5
1-⅜″	57·0	63·0	69·0
1-½″	67·0	74·5	81·0
1-⅝″	79·0	87·0	94·5
1-¾″	91·0	100·0	109·0

MARLINE COVERED WIRE ROPES

Size	5 x 19 W.H.C. Type	
	Breaking Strength in Tons (2,000 pounds)	
	Mild plough	Improved plough
¼″ x 9/16″	2·1	2·3
⅜″ x ⅝″	4·6	5·0
½″ x ¾″	7·8	8·6
9/16″ x ⅞″	9·7	10·7
⅝″ x 1″	12·0	13·2
¾″ x 1-⅛″	17·1	18·9
⅞″ x 1-¼″	23·3	25·7
1″ x 1-⅜″	30·3	33·5
1-⅛″ x 1-½″	38·0	42·0
1-¼″ x 1-⅝″	47·0	52·0
1-⅜″ x 1-¾″	56·5	62·5
1-½″ x 1-⅞″	66·5	74·0
1-⅝″ x 2″	78·0	86·0
1-¾″ x 2-⅛″	90·0	99·0

Size	6 x 8 Flattened Strand Type Breaking Strength in Tons (2,000 pounds) Mild plough	 Best plough	 Improved plough
½″	10·6	11·75	13·0
9/16″	13·2	14·6	16·0
⅝″	16·3	18·0	20·0
¾″	23·2	25·7	29·0
⅞″	32·5	36·0	39·5
1″	41·7	46·2	50·6
1-⅛″	52·2	57·75	63·5
1-¼″	65·0	72·0	78·8
1-⅜″	79·0	87·2	96·0
1-½″	94·5	104·5	114·5
1-⅝″	110·0	122·0	131·5

Size	6 x 25, 6 x 27 Flattened Strand Type Breaking Strength in Tons (2,000 pounds) Mild plough	 Best plough	 Improved plough
½″	9·9	11·0	12·0
9/16″	11·8	13·1	15·0
⅝″	15·54	17·0	18·5
¾″	21·8	24·2	26·75
⅞″	29·0	32·0	36·0
1″	38·7	42·75	47·0
1-⅛″	49·3	54·5	59·5
1-¼″	61·0	67·5	73·7
1-⅜″	74·8	82·7	91·0
1-½″	89·5	99·0	108·0
1-⅝″	105·0	116·0	127·0
1-¾″	121·0	134·0	145·5
1-⅞″	138·0	152·0	169·5
2″	156·0	173·0	190·0

Galvanized Ropes

Diameter	Circumference	Breaking Strength in Tons (2,000 pounds) 6 x 7 Marine hawser	 6 x 19 Marine hawser	 6 x 37 Improved plough
⅛″	⅜″	0·58	0·56	....
3/16″	⅝″	1·27	1·20	....
¼″	¾″	2·22	2·15	....
5/16″	1″	3·92	3·29	....
⅜″	1-⅛″	5·2	4·77	5·5
7/16″	1-⅜″	7·2	6·3	7·5
½″	1-⅝″	10·0	8·6	10·0
9/16″	1-¾″	12·3	10·6	12·5
⅝″	2″	15·1	13·7	16·0
¾″	2-⅜″	22·2	19·5	22·2
⅞″	2-¾″	30·1	25·6	30·2
1″	3-⅛″	39·0	34·6	39·5
1-⅛″	3-½″	48·0	43·5	49·0
1-¼″	3-⅞″	60·3	54·0	61·0
1-⅜″	4-⅜″	73·7	66·8	74·5
1-½″	4-¾″	88·0	79·5	90·0
1-⅝″	5-⅛″	....	93·3	105·5
1-¾″	5-½″	....	107·0	121·0
1-⅞″	6″	....	125·0	142·0
2″	6-¼″	....	139·0	155·0
2-⅛″	6-¾″	....	156·0	178·0
2-¼″	7-⅛″	....	173·0	201·0
2-⅜″	7-½″	....	196·0	224·0
2-½″	7-⅞″	....	212·0	245·0
2-¾″	8-½″	....	251·0	293·0

GALVANIZED ROPES

Diameter	Circumference	Breaking Strength in Tons (2,000 pounds)		
		6 x 12 7 H.C.	6 x 24 7 H.C.	6 x 30 7 H.C.
		Marine Hawser	Marine Hawser	Marine Hawser
⅛″	⅜″	0·36		
5/32″	½″	0·55		
3/16″	⅝″	0·83		
¼″	¾″	1·45	1·95	
5/16″	1″	2·22	2·9	
⅜″	1-⅛″	2·75	4·13	
7/16″	1-⅜″	4·25	5·8	
½″	1-⅝″	6·0	7·7	
9/16″	1-¾″	7·0	9·5	
⅝″	2″	8·9	12·0	
¾″	2-⅜″	12·8	17·2	
13/16″	2-½″	15·0	20·2	
⅞″	2-¾″	17·5	24·0	
1″	3-⅛″	22·9	30·8	
1-⅛″	3-½″	28·8	38·5	
1-¼″	3-⅞″	35·5	46·6	
1-⅜″	4-⅜″	43·4	59·2	
1-½″	4-¾″	51·5	72·5	
1-⅝″	5-⅛″	60·0	80·8	
1-¾″	5-½″		93·8	
1-⅞″	6″			97·5
2″	6-¼″			107·5
2-⅛″	6-¾″			123·0
2-¼″	7-⅛″			137·0
2-½″	7-⅞″			171·0

Size	6 x 24 7 H.C. TYPE
	BREAKING STRENGTH IN TONS (2,000 pounds)
	Black best plough
¼″	2·15
5/16″	3·25
⅜″	4·5
7/16″	6·5
½″	8·5
9/16″	10·5
⅝″	13·5
¾″	19·2
13/16″	22·4
⅞″	26·0
1″	33·9
1-⅛″	42·2
1-¼″	52·2
1-⅜″	65·0
1-½″	76·5
1-⅝″	90·0
1-¾″	104·0

Size	6 x 7 SASH CORDS
	BREAKING STRENGTH IN POUNDS
	Galv. Wire
1/16″	71
3/32″	158
⅛″	280
5/32″	438
3/16″	630
7/32″	860
¼″	1,120

Size	6 x 42 TYPE TILLER ROPE	
	BREAKING STRENGTH IN POUNDS	
	Galv. Wire	Bright Wire
¼″	650	950
5/16″	1,000	1,440
⅜″	1,460	2,120
7/16″	1,730	2,900
½″	2,620	3,800
9/16″	3,160	4,600
⅝″	3,900	5,920
¾″	5,850	8,520
⅞″	8,000	11,600
1″	10,500	15,200

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Branch Order No. 77

August 26, 1943.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraph 2 and Paragraph 4, as amended by Order in Council P.C. 5084 of July 8, 1941, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That the following commodities be deleted from Annex 1 of Export Permit Branch Order No. 13 of October 4, 1941, so that export permits will be required for shipment of these commodities to any destination:

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products

Kerosene.
Gas oil, distillate fuel oil and residual fuel oil.
Paraffin wax, refined and unrefined.
Petroleum asphalt (including road oil).

2. That Export Permit Branch Order No. 76 of August 11, 1943, be amended by including in the Annex thereof the following:

The first sentence of Regulation 23 is amended by the deletion of the words "except as provided in Regulation 7" and the substitution therefor of the words "except as provided elsewhere."

The last sentence of Regulation 30 is amended to read as follows:

"Permits are not required for casual shipments of sugar (other than maple) and glucose not exceeding 5 pounds, except as provided in Regulation 5."

3. That the following be exempted from requiring an export permit when transmitted to the United States:

Group 9—Miscellaneous

Plans, specifications and other documents in design or construction of any arms, ammunition, implements or munitions of war as described in Group 10.

4. That this Order come into force and have effect on and after September 1, 1943.

JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

557

VOLUME III, No. 10 Sept. 13, 1943

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1943

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793
of 26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1943

Price, 10 cents

17 1943

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Orders in Council

6190—Air Force Act Amendment Order No. 1 (National Defence for Air) 561
6625—National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended (Labour) 562
6799—Justice P. M. Anderson appointed a member and chairman, Mobilization Board, Division "M" (Labour) 563
6868—Paper in single sheets, tariff treatment (Finance) 564
6872—Materials imported *re* synthetic rubber, tariff treatment (Finance) 564
6949—Enoch Williams appointed a member, Alberta Regional War Labour Board (Labour) 565
6950—P.C. 2555, 30th March 1943, revoked (unemployment insurance benefits to persons resident in the U.S.) (Labour) 566
6990—National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations amended (Labour) 566
163/6991—Crews of certain ships of Canadian registry, eligible for benefits under P.C. 12/4209, 12th June, 1941 (Pensions and National Health-Transport) 569
164/6991—Free medical treatment to certain merchant seamen (Pensions and National Health-Transport) 570
6992—Water supply, Dawson Creek, B.C.—P.C. 5226, 29th July, 1943, cancelled (Pensions and National Health) 571
6993—Dawson Creek, B.C.—assistance *re* water supply (Pensions and National Health) .. 572

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

National Revenue—

W.M. No. 39—Sixth Revision—Export Permit Regulations 574

Errata:

Volume III No. 3—page 104—Meat Board Order No. I Section 5, subsection 4 paragraph (*a*) the word "over" should be inserted in line one after the word "having" and preceding the words "5000 inhabitants".

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Statement on Import Policy—

Board Orders—

No. 311—Freezing sales of preserves to consumers and temporary arrangements for stock replacements for supplies 581

Administrators' Orders—

A-856—Fertilizers—limitation on use of potash 583
A-861—Rooming accommodation in Vancouver 584
A-870—Animal, fish or other organic products 586
A-871—Leather dress gloves and mitts 588
A-872—Leather and cotton fabric work gloves and mitts 590
A-873—Maximum prices of grapes 592
A-875—Housing accommodation in congested areas 597
A-876—Maximum prices of potatoes 597
A-877—Tung oil 603

Errata:

Volume III, No. 9—page 537—Order No. A-867 section 12—last five words of this section should read "the price to the customer".

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

Metals Controller—
Order No. M.C. 15-B—Copper wire bar, copper wire rod, copperweld wire rod and copper wire........ 605

Oil Controller—
Order No. Oil 12-B—Order No. Oil 12 amended........ 609
Order No. Oil 12-C—Order No. Oil 12 amended........ 610

PART I

Orders in Council

Air Force Act Amendment Order No. 1

P.C. 6190

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 26th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Section 11 of The Royal Canadian Air Force Act, Chapter 15 of the Statutes of Canada, 1940, provides as follows:—

> "The provisions of the Air Force Act for the time being in force in the United Kingdom and not inconsistent with this Act or with any regulation, shall have force and effect as if such provisions formed part of this Act, and any powers conferred by the said Act shall be exercisable by the Governor in Council, or by such person as may be specified by regulation."

And whereas by reason of the expansion of the Royal Canadian Air Force and developments in its organization and conditions of service, certain provisions of the Air Force Act require some modifications, adaptations and exceptions in order to make the same applicable to the particular circumstances of the Royal Canadian Air Force as presently constituted;

And whereas the Minister of National Defence for Air reports that it would make for greater simplicity in administration and be desirable on the grounds of abundant caution if the Governor in Council were to prescribe by an Order under the War Measures Act those modifications, adaptations and exceptions, to the Air Force Act as are necessary to adapt that Act to the particular circumstances of the Royal Canadian Air Force and to order that such Act, as so modified, adapted and excepted, shall apply to the Royal Canadian Air Force;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of National Defence for Air, and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, law or regulation, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as "The Royal Canadian Air Force (Air Force Act Amendment) Order No. 1, 1943," and briefly referred to as "Air Force Act Amendment Order No. 1."

2. The provisions of the Air Force Act in force in the United Kingdom on the 1st day of May, 1943, subject to the specific modifications, adaptations and exceptions set out in the second column of the Table to this Order, as applying to the Sections of the Air Force Act referred to in the first column of the said Table, shall apply to the Royal Canadian Air Force and the persons who, pursuant to Section 6 of The Royal Canadian Air Force Act, are subject to that Act as officers or airmen in the circumstances defined in the said Section; and the provisions of the said Air Force Act as so modified, adapted and excepted, shall, for the purposes of their application under Section 11 of The Royal Canadian Air Force Act, be deemed to be the provisions of the Air Force Act, for the time being in force in the United Kingdom, and not inconsistent with The Royal Canadian Air Force Act or with any regulation.

3. Any Court-Martial, proceeding or thing held, done or commenced under the provisions of the Air Force Act, as the said Act was applicable to the Royal Canadian Air Force and to persons who are subject to The Royal Canadian Air Force

Act as officers or airmen pursuant to Section 6 thereof, prior to the date on which this Order comes into force, shall be as valid and effectual and may be completed and carried into effect as if this Order had not been made.

4. This Order shall come into force and be effective as of and from the thirtieth day of September, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Note.—Table referred to in P.C. 6190 published separately by the R.C.A.F.

Order in Council amending National Selective Service Civilian Regulations

P.C. 6625

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to amend the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order in Council P.C. 246, January 19, 1943) and they are hereby further amended by adding the following Section 202A immediately after section 202:—

"202A-(1) (*a*) Every establishment which has been given an "A" or "B" labour priority rating pursuant to these regulations shall be classified as a "designated establishment".

(*b*) The Director may classify any establishment which has not been given an "A" or "B" labour priority rating as a "designated establishment".

(*c*) The Director may at any time except any establishment or group or class of establishments from the provisions of this section.

(2) (*a*) Every employer whose establishment is classified as a "designated establishment" pursuant to this Section shall notify his employees that the establishment is a "designated establishment" by posting a notice on bulletin boards or in such other manner as may be approved by a Selective Service Officer.

(*b*) A notice posted pursuant to paragraph (*a*) of this sub-section shall be substantially in a form approved by the Director.

(*c*) A specimen copy of the form of notice approved by the Director may be obtained on application to a Selective Service Officer.

(3) On application of an employer a Selective Service Officer shall inform the employer whether his establishment is a "designated establishment" pursuant to paragraph (*a*) of sub-section (1) of this section.

(4) (*a*) Subject to the provisions of Section 203 of these Regulations, no employer whose establishment has been classified as a "designated establishment" may give notice of separation to an employee pursuant to Section 202 of these Regulations without the permission in writing of a Selective Service Officer.

(*b*) No employee whose employer's establishment has been classified as a "designated establishment" may give notice of separation to his employer pursuant to Section 202 of these Regulations without the permission in writing of a Selective Service Officer.

(*c*) Where an employee applies for permission to give notice of separation to his employer in order to take similar employment in the same industry the Selective Service Officer shall, in accordance with directions and instructions issued by the Director, grant such permission unless special circumstances exist.

(*d*) Application for permission to serve notice of separation shall be made in such form and such manner as the Director may prescribe."

This section shall take effect on a date to be designated by the Director.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing Mr. Justice P. M. Anderson a membei and Chairman of Mobilization Board, Division M.

P.C. 6799

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 3rd day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas subsection one of section eight of the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations (P.C. 10924 of December 1st, 1942, as later amended) provides that "there shall be a Board for each Division which shall be known as the Mobilization Board for the Division and shall consist of such members as the Governor in Council shall appoint";

And whereas subsection two of section eight of the said Regulations provides that "one member of each Board shall be a judge of a superior court or other court of the province in which the larger part of the Division is situated and shall be the Chairman of the Board";

And whereas the Minister of Labour reports that the position of Chairman of the Mobilization Board in Administrative Division "M" is now vacant because of the recent death of Brigadier General the Honourable Mr. Justice J. F. L. Embury;

That the Court of King's Bench for the province of Saskatchewan is the Superior Court of the province of Saskatchewan, which province constitutes the whole of Administrative Division "M"; and

That it is advisable to appoint a further member to the Mobilization Board in Administrative Division "M" and that this member be appointed Chairman of said Mobilization Board;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint the Honourable Mr. Justice P. M. Anderson, a judge of the Court of King's Bench for the province of Saskatchewan, residing at the city of Regina, in the said province, a member and Chairman of the Mobilization Board in Administrative Division "M".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* tariff treatment to be accorded paper in single sheets.

P.C. 6868

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that during the last few years specially processed paper sheets have been used as a substitute for aluminum plates on certain duplicating machines in order to conserve the use of aluminum;

That these specially processed paper sheets are dutiable at the rate of 27½ per cent ad valorem when imported from the United States or any other foreign country entitled to most-favoured-nation tariff treatment;

That these specially processed paper sheets are not being manufactured in Canada at the present time; and

That it would be in the best interests of Canadian industry if the tariff on imports of these specially processed paper sheets were substantially reduced;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order that imports of specially processed paper sheets for use on duplicating machines be and they are hereby accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated, effective July 1, 1943:—

	British Preferential Tariff	Intermediate Tariff	General Tariff
Paper, in single sheets, containing not less than 144 square inches, not exceeding ·012 and not less than ·003 of an inch in thickness, specially processed and printed, for use on publicating machines........	Free	7½ p.c.	35 p.c.

(To be designated as Tariff Item 1816.)

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* tariff treatment to be accorded materials imported for use in the manufacture of synthetic rubber.

P.C. 6872

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of September, 1943.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that it is necessary to import from the United States substantial quantities of materials, chiefly chemicals, for use in the manufacture of synthetic rubber;

That on imports from the United States of materials used in the manufacture of synthetic rubber a customs duty of 17½ per cent applies in respect of over 50 per cent of the value of these imports, a customs duty of 20 per cent applies in respect of about 45 per cent of the value of these imports and duty free entry is now accorded less than 5 per cent of the value of these imports;

That all the chemicals and other materials imported from the United States for use in the manufacture of synthetic rubber, whether dutiable or free, are subject to the war exchange tax of 10 per cent *ad valorem*; and

That the combined production programme of the United Nations would be best served in the present emergency if materials ordinarily covered by Tariff Items 208, 208t, 210, 211, 211a, 217, 217a and 711 when imported for use exclusively in the manufacture of synthetic rubber were exempt from customs duty and war exchange tax;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and doth hereby order that, effective the first day of May, 1943, materials ordinarily covered by Tariff Items 208, 208t, 210, 211, 211a, 217, 217a and 711 when imported for use exclusively in the manufacture of synthetic rubber be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated:—

British Preferential Tariff	*Intermediate Tariff*	*General Tariff*
Free	Free	Free

(To be designated as Tariff Item 851)

and that imports of the aforementioned goods be exempt from the war exchange tax of 10 per cent *ad valorem,* effective May 1, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing Mr. Enoch Williams a member of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board

P.C. 6949

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 3rd day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that Mr. David Mathieson of the City of Edmonton in the Province of Alberta advises that in view of his acceptance of an appointment in the service of the Government of Alberta he is unable to continue as a member of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board;

That in view of the foregoing it is necessary to make provision for the appointment of a new member of the said Alberta Regional War Labour Board in place of the said David Mathieson;

That the said David Mathieson was appointed on the nomination of the Canadian Congress of Labour; and

That the Canadian Congress of Labour has nominated Mr. Enoch Williams of the Town of Blairmore in the Province of Alberta as successor to the said David Mathieson;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendationtion of the Minister of Labour, is pleased hereby, to accept the resignation of the said David Mathieson, effective from August 31, 1943, and to appoint Mr. Enoch Williams of the Town of Blairmore in the Province of Alberta a member of the Alberta Regional War Labour Board representing employees; Mr. Williams' appointment to take effect as of September 1, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking P.C. 2555, 30th March, 1943, unemployment insurance benefits to persons resident in the U.S.

P.C. 6950

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Friday, the 3rd day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 2555, dated March 30th, 1943, made under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, the Unemployment Insurance Commission was authorized to pay unemployment insurance benefit to persons resident in the United States of America who established the right to payment of benefit under the Unemployment Insurance Act and in accordance with an Agreement Respecting Unemployment Insurance made between Canada and the United States of America;

And whereas the said Order in Council P.C. 2555, was to have effect until the Unemployment Insurance Act was amended;

And whereas the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940, has been amended by an Act of Parliament being Chapter 31 of the Statutes of Canada for 1943, and that among other provisions, this amending Act provides that the Unemployment Insurance Commission may prescribe by regulations that unemployment insurance benefit may be paid to a claimant while he is resident, whether temporarily or permanently, out of Canada;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to revoke Order in Council P.C. 2555, dated March 30th, 1943, and it is hereby revoked as of September 1st, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations

P.C. 6990

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 7th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of The War Measures Act and The National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, is pleased to amend The National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations, P.C. 10924, dated December 1, 1942, and they are hereby further amended as follows:

1. Paragraph (*e*) of subsection two of section three is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

> "(*e*) A member of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces on Active Service or a cadet or other student entered at one of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Force Colleges in Canada except as otherwise provided in section six B".

2. (*a*) The following subsection is inserted immediately after subsection two of section six:—

"2 (*a*) With the authority of the Minister, Registrars may, under subsection two of this section, select nationals of a country specified by the Minister when they have, immediately preceding their selection, been in Canada, except for temporary absences, throughout a period specified by the Minister which is less than a year".

(*b*) Subsection four of the said section six is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(4) The Registrar shall serve each man so selected, or cause him to be served, either personally or by registered post, with an order, in prescribed form, requiring him to submit himself for medical examination on the day, or within the time specified therein, to the examining physician specified therein, or one of the examining physicians specified therein, and any man upon whom an 'Order—Medical Examination' is served shall comply therewith and shall attend at such times and places as the examining physician to whom he submits himself pursuant thereto may require for the purpose of the medical examination."

4. (*a*) Subsection one of section seven is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(1) The Minister may appoint any qualified medical practitioner, who is in good standing in or outside Canada as an examining physician to examine men pursuant to these regulations."

(*b*) Subsections three, four, five, six and seven of section seven are revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(3) The Registrar may serve a man who has been selected under section six with an 'Order—Medical Examination' pursuant to section six notwithstanding that he has been previously served with one or more such orders."

"(4) Upon receipt of an 'Order—Medical Examination' the man shall immediately notify his employer of the receipt of such order."

"(5) No examining physician shall examine a man until he presents an 'Order—Medical Examination' issued by a Registrar."

"(6) Every man reporting for medical examination pursuant to these regulations shall leave his 'Order—Medical Examination' with the examining physician by whom he has been examined pursuant to these regulations who shall forward it to the Registrar attached to the original completed form prescribed by the Minister after having carried out the examination in accordance with the instructions contained in the Department of National Defence publication known as 'Physical Standards and Instructions for the Medical Examination of Recruits' and having placed the man in one of the categories mentioned in 'Physical Standards and Instructions for the Medical Examination of Recruits'."

"(7) If a man is not, in the opinion of the Registrar, fit for military service and cannot be made fit therefor by remedial treatment, the Registrar shall issue to him a certificate to the effect that he has been medically examined under these regulations and that, because of his physical condition, he is not, for the time being, required to report for military training; and the holder of any such certificate shall retain the same in his possession and shall deliver it to the Registrar for cancellation when the Registrar so requires by notice in writing."

"(8) Where a man is ordered to report to the nearest examining physician pursuant to an 'Order—Medical Examination' served under these regulations, he shall so report at his own cost."

"(9) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection eight of this section, where a man has reported pursuant to an 'Order—Medical Examination' served under these regulations and due to circumstances the man has incurred extraordinary travelling and/or transportation expenses, the Director of National Selective Service may approve for payment any account covering these expenses provided such expenses are supported by properly receipted vouchers, and such expenses, when approved as aforesaid, shall be charged to the War Appropriation."

"(10) Where a man, in the opinion of the Registrar, is unfit for military training, or cannot be made fit therefor by remedial treatment, notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations the Registrar may postpone the duty of complying on the part of the man with any or all of the requirements of these regulations pertaining in any way to men reporting for medical examination, where the Registrar is satisfied that the man,

(i) has been discharged from His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces on active service; or

(ii) has been rejected upon application to enlist for service in the Canadian Army (Active); or

(iii) has established his medical category to the satisfaction of the Registrar by means of an Army Medical Board examination."

5. (*a*) Subsection one of section ten is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(1) A man upon whom an 'Order—Medical Examination' has been served under these regulations may apply to a Board for a postponement order by filing an application for such order in writing with the Registrar who issued the 'Order—Medical Examination' either within fourteen clear days from the date appearing on the order, or, with the consent of the Board, at some subsequent time."

(*b*) Subsection twelve of the said section ten is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(12) Any employer may support an application for a postponement order made by any of his employees on any ground set out in these regulations and a dependent of a man who applies for a postponement order on the ground that his reporting for military training will cause extreme hardship to such dependent, may support such application; and in any such case the employer or the dependent shall support the application by making representations to the Board in writing and filing such representations in the office of the Registrar within fourteen clear days from the date appearing upon the applicant's 'Order—Medical Examination' or, with the consent of the Board, at some subsequent time."

6. (*a*) Subsection one of section fifteen is repealed and the following substituted therefor:—

"(1) The Minister shall administer and enforce these regulations and may at pleasure remove and replace a member of a Board, a Registrar, an examining physician or other officer or employee, and may take or authorize to be taken any action whatsoever which a Registrar may take under these regulations, and any action so taken or authorized to be taken by the Minister shall be deemed to have been taken by the Registrar".

(*b*) Subsection three of the said section fifteen is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(3) The Minister may

(*a*) establish such office or offices as are required for the administration and enforcement of these regulations and provide therefor the necessary accommodation, stationery, equipment, and telephones;

(*b*) appoint such officers, clerks and other employees as he may deem necessary for the administration and enforcement of these regulations and fix their remuneration;

(*c*) subject to staff control regulations, pay to members of Boards, Registrars, examining physicians and other officers, clerks and employees engaged in the administration and enforcement of these regulations such remuneration and travelling expenses as he may determine; and

(*d*) incur all expenses reasonably necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of these regulations."

7. Section thirty-four is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"34. Every person is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars and not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not less than six months and not exceeding five years or to both such fine and such imprisonment and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a further term not exceeding six months who corruptly

(*a*) Makes any offer, proposal, gift, loan or promise or gives or offers any compensation or consideration, directly or indirectly, to a member of any Board, an examining or other physician, or an officer or person concerned in the administration of these regulations or having any duties to perform thereunder in connection with any application for a postponement order made or to be made or any medical examination with a view to obtaining for himself or any other person a postponement order or being placed in a medical category other than that warranted by his physical condition or that of such other person or obtaining a certificate of physical or medical unfitness for himself or any other person, or

(*b*) being a member of any Board, an examining physician, or an officer or person concerned in the administration of these regulations or having any duties to perform thereunder, accepts or agrees to accept or allows to be accepted by any person under his control or for his benefit, directly or indirectly, any such offer, proposal, gift, loan, promise, compensation or consideration."

8. Section thirty-five is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"35. An examining physician or any other physician acting under these regulations who, in furnishing information under these regulations, knowingly makes any inaccurate statement or signs an inaccurate certificate is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months, with or without hard labour, or to a fine of not less than fifty dollars and not exceeding two hundred dollars or to both such imprisonment and such fine."

9. Subsection five of section forty-four is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"5. For the purposes of the Reserve Army (Special) Regulations, 1941, a man upon whom an "Order-Military Training" has been served pursuant to these regulations shall be deemed to have been called out and provisions of section eight of the Reserve Army (Special) Regulations, 1941, shall apply to every such man upon his reporting or being taken to a training centre or district depot pursuant to the "Order-Military Training" whether or not he has been examined by an examining physician pursuant to these regulations."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* eligibility of crews of ships of Canadian registry chartered on a bareboat basis for benefits under P.C. 12/4209, 12th June, 1941, and other Orders in Council

P.C. 163/6991

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 4th September, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Pensions and National Health, concurred in by the Honourable the Minister of Transport, reporting:—

"That, in the interests of the United Nations and to ensure the full use of all shipping space available, many ships of Canadian registry or licence are chartered on a bareboat basis; and

That the members of the crews of such ships are employed by the charterer and may be eligible to receive compensation as provided under the National scheme of the country in which the charterer is resident;

And that, in order to avoid inequalities by reason of variations in the provisions of the various authorities but to retain the rights of Canadian Nationals serving on the aforesaid ships, it is deemed expedient to ensure that the Canadian benefits do not operate beyond reasonable limits.

Now, therefore, the undersigned, with the concurrence of the Minister of Transport, has the honour to recommend that, under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 of the Revised Statutes of Canada 1927, Your Excellency in Council be pleased to order as follows:—

> A ship of Canadian registry or licence which is under bareboat charter to any charterer resident outside Canada shall be deemed to be a ship of non-Canadian registry or licence for the purpose of determining the eligibility of any person to benefit under the provisions of Order in Council of the 12th June, 1941 (P.C. 12/4209), as amended by Order in Council of the 16th July, 1941 (P.C. 87/5204), and under the provisions of Order in Council of the 30th April, 1942 (P.C. 104/3546); but the provisions of this Order shall be without effect upon any award heretofore made under the provisions of any of the said Orders in Council."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* free medical treatment to certain merchant seamen

P.C. 164/6991

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 4th September, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Acting Minister of Pensions and National Health, concurred in by the Honourable the Minister of Transport, reporting:

"That it has been represented to the Department of Pensions and National Health that frequently merchant seamen return to Canada indigent and disabled, and in need of medical care for sickness which arose or disabilities incurred while serving on board merchant ships of the allied nations in waters made dangerous by reason of the existence of war;

That it would further appear that such seamen are not entitled under any existing laws or regulations to the medical care so required;

That in many such cases the seamen concerned could, with immediate and adequate medical care, be restored to health and thereby enabled to resume their former occupations; and

That in any case it is deemed advisable and in the public interest that such seamen be entitled to receive medical care more on a parity with the care now available by law to persons discharged from His Majesty's Canadian armed forces for disabilities which are not pensionable.

Now, therefore, the undersigned has the honour to recommend that Your Excellency in Council, under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, R.S.C. 1927, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Canada Shipping Act or any other Act or regulation, be pleased to make the following Order:

ORDER

1. Free medical treatment and care may be provided by the Department of Pensions and National Health for any sick or disabled seaman not entitled thereto under the provisions of Part V of the Canada Shipping Act, 1934, if such seaman is suffering from sickness or disability with respect to which entitlement to a pension has not been conceded under any existing law, where such sickness arose or disability was incurred on a ship of Canadian registry, or is a seaman of Canadian nationality

serving on a ship of other than Canadian Registry, while the ship was operating in such waters as may be determined by the Minister of Pensions and National Health, on the advice of the Minister of National Defence for Naval Services, to be particularly liable to enemy attack;

Provided, however, that such treatment and care may be given in Canada only, and only if authorized within twelve months from the date of termination of such service and such treatment shall not extend over a period greater than eighteen months from the date of commencement.

2. A certificate issued under the provisions of Part V of the Canada Shipping Act as to the date of the termination of the services of any seaman and as to any other information relating to the seaman and required for the due administration of this Order shall be accepted for the purposes of this Order as sufficient proof of the facts therein stated. If such a certificate is not readily available, then the Minister of Pensions and National Health may accept such other evidence of such facts as to him seems sufficient proof thereof.

3. The cost of providing treatment available to any seaman under the provisions of this Order shall be paid by the Department of Pensions and National Health and shall be chargeable against moneys provided under the War Appropriation Act.

4. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires, 'seaman' means any person employed on board and belonging to the crew of a merchant ship.

5. This Order shall be deemed to be effective as of and from the 1st day of May, 1943."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council cancelling P.C. 5226, 29th July, 1943, *re* water supply Dawson Creek, B.C.

P.C. 6992

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 3rd day of September, 1943.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council of the 29th July, 1943 (P.C. 5226) the Department of Pensions and National Health was authorized to construct, through the Department of Transport, a water supply and distribution system for the Village of Dawson Creek, B.C., subject to certain conditions to be carried out by the Province of British Columbia;

And whereas the Province of British Columbia has expressed unwillingness to carry out the said conditions;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Pensions and National Health, is pleased to revoke Order in Council of the 29th July, 1943 (P.C. 5226) and it is hereby revoked, accordingly.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* assistance in providing water supply for Dawson Creek, B.C.

P.C. 6993

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 3rd day of September, 1943.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Acting Minister of Pensions and National Health reports that according to information received by the Department of Pensions and National Health, the civilian population of the Village of Dawson Creek, in the Province of British Columbia, has, during the last several months, increased from approximately 300 to approximately 5,000;

That a large portion of the population of Dawson Creek, aforesaid, is engaged, directly or indirectly, in work of a kind that makes an important contribution to the war effort of the Dominion;

That it has been represented to the Department by the Department of Health of the Province of British Columbia, which representation is concurred in by engineers of the Federal Government, that the said village is without adequate water supply, and that, as a result, there is danger of an epidemic of disease as well as great fire hazard at that place;

That the Department is further informed that the military authorities of the United States are constructing a water-supply system of a capacity of approximately 2,000,000 gallons per day for the use of their railhead camps in the vicinity of Dawson Creek, and that a 12- to 14-inch pipeline, being part of the water-supply system, will, at its nearest point, be about 2 miles from the said village;

That the Department has been in conference with the Department of Health of the Province of British Columbia and with the municipal authorities of Dawson Creek and as a result, the local United States Military authorities were approached with a view to determining, tentatively, whether water could be obtained for Dawson Creek by tapping their pipeline aforesaid;

That the said military authorities having expressed themselves as being able and ready to co-operate in that respect, the Department of Pensions and National Health, through the Secretary of State for External Affairs, has obtained the written consent of the United States Government for the tapping of their water-supply system in order to obtain water therefrom to the extent of not more than 100,000 imperial gallons per day;

That the Departmental plans call for the construction, along and under public roads or along and under other lands provided for that purpose by public authorities, of a main pipeline from a point on the water-supply system of the United States Government nearest to the Village of Dawson Creek, a distance of approximately 2 miles and the construction of a looped or grid system of water-mains providing a water-distribution system covering the present incorporated area of the village and including about 20 fire hydrants, together with 3 water hydrants for domestic use, all of which plans are subject to revision in such details as the location of valves and hydrants as may be required during actual construction; and

That it is deemed advisable for the security, peace, order, and welfare of Canada, by reason of the state of war now existing, that the Department of Pensions and National Health arrange, through the Department of Transport, to construct a water-supply system of the kind aforesaid at and for the said village.

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of Pensions and National Health and under the authority of the War Measures Act, is pleased to authorize and doth hereby authorize the Department of Pensions and National Health,—

(*a*) To enable the provision of a water-supply and distribution system for the Village of Dawson Creek by constructing a main pipeline from said village to the nearest point on a water-supply system about to be put into use by the Military authorities of the United States in the area, a distance of approximately 2 miles, and by laying distribution mains within the village limits;

(*b*) To take advantage of an offer of the United States Government to allow the water-supply system to be tapped at a point nearest to the Village of Dawson Creek and to permit a supply of water therefrom up to but not exceeding 100,000 gallons per day;

(*c*) To purchase all necessary material and to pay for all labour in connection with the said water-supply system at a total estimated cost not to exceed $125,000;

(*d*) To obtain from the Province of British Columbia and from the municipal authorities of Dawson Creek any assurance deemed by the Department of Pensions and National Health to be desirable to protect and secure its right and title to any installations in the nature of fixtures provided in connection with the water-supply system and indemnity against claims arising from infringement of rights of private property owners during the carrying out of the construction of the said project for water supply;

(*e*) To enter into arrangements binding on the province of British Columbia and the said municipal authorities or either of them

(i) Whereby the United States Government may be assured of payment for water supplied by it to the Village of Dawson Creek.

(ii) for the purchase at the end of the war or such other date as may be determined, of the said water-supply and distribution system at its depreciated value to be fixed by agreement or arbitration.

(iii) for the undertaking by the municipal authorities of the cost of operation, including depreciation, and the cost of maintenance and repairs of the said water-supply and distribution system.

(*f*) To engage the services of the Department of Transport for the purpose of carrying out the construction of the said water-supply and distribution system and to pay to that Department, progressively as such construction proceeds or otherwise, any moneys, certified by that Department to be required for such purpose.

His Excellency in Council is further pleased, hereby, to direct that all moneys required and payable for the construction of the water-supply and distribution system aforesaid be charged, subject to approval by the Treasury Board of the estimate of cost in the amount of $125,000 and allotment of funds in conformity with the terms of Order in Council P.C. 6695 of November 19th, 1940, to moneys appropriated by Parliament under the War Appropriation Act.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE, CANADA

WM No. 39

MEMORANDUM

Sixth Revision

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 3rd September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permit Regulations

By Export Permit Branch Orders Nos. 76 and 77, effective on and after Sept. 1, 1943, Export Permit Regulations have been revised and consolidated in a new booklet entitled "Export Permit Regulations (6th Revision)", copies of which are going forward with this memorandum.

All the supplements to WM No. 39, fifth revision, are cancelled (included in this reprint) with the exception of Nos. 4, 8, 10, 11, 13 and 16 which should be read with the new revision.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

ADVANCE NOTICE

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE, CANADA

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 30th August, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise:

Export Permit Regulations

By Export Permit Branch Orders Nos. 76 and 77, effective on and after Sept. 1, 1943, Export Permit Regulations have been revised and consolidated. A new booklet "Export Permit Regulations (6th Revision) with List of Commodities for which an Export Permit is Required" will be available for distribution shortly.

There are no additions to the list of commodities other than those contained in the 5th Revision and in the supplements to WM No. 39, 5th Revision, but there are a number of changes in the regulations.

Amendments

1. Regulations 8, 30 and 42 are amended so that export permits are no longer required for normal supplies of sugar as ship or plane stores, the Amendments being as follows:—

(*a*) Sentence 3 of Regulation 8 is amended to read: "No fee shall be required for a permit covering the export of goods of an f.o.b. value of $100 or less; nor are fees required for permits covering parcels mailed direct by business houses for prisoners of war."

(*b*) The first sentence of Regulation 23 is amended by the deletion of the words "except as provided in Regulation 7" and the substitution therefor of the words "except as provided elsewhere."

(*c*) The first sentence of Regulation 30 is amended by the deletion of the words "and for the supply of sugar and glucose as ships' stores." The last sentence of Regulation 30 is amended to read "permits are not required for casual shipments of sugar (other than maple) and glucose not exceeding 5 pounds, except as provided in Regulation 5."

(*d*) Regulation 42 is amended to read "Export permits will not be required for normal supplies of provisions exported from Canada as ship or plane stores." (NOTE: Plane stores have also been included in the revision of this Regulation, as they come into the same category as ships' stores.)

2. The last item in the specified list in Regulation 19 is amended to read as follows: "Commodities of any kind upon which a subsidy has been paid or equalization fee must be collected . . . No tolerance."

3. Regulation 41 is amended by the deletion of the following from the list of Blockade countries therein: French North Africa, French West Africa, Madagascar.

4. The former Regulation 31 *re* lobster is cancelled, and the former Regulation 32 *re* logs, lumber and timber is re-numbered 31.

New Regulations Established

5. Regulation 20 (*b*):

Permits to export commodities eligible for subsidy may be withheld unless applications are accompanied by (1) cheque refunding any subsidy paid or (2) declaration that no subsidy has been or will be applied for. Cheques covering refund of subsidy should be made payable as follows:

For Butter—To the Receiver General of Canada, Account Agricultural Foods Board.

For other commodities—To the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Limited.

Applications for permits to export commodities which are subject to an equalization fee should be accompanied by (1) a cheque made payable to the Canadian Wheat Board, remitting such fee, or (2) a statement that such equalization fee has been or will be paid direct to the Canadian Wheat Board.

6. Regulation 32:

(*a*) Applications for permits to export to the British Empire or United States Pacific salmon, herring, other Pacific fish, or Pacific clams should be submitted to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries, 402 West Pender St., Vancouver. In addition to the information called for on the form, the following information will be required for salmon and herring: Species, year of pack, name of packer, grade, and the producer's declaration number.

Applicants for permits to export to the United States New Brunswick North Shore sea herring, St. John County sea herring or sea herring from the Grand Manan Area should apply to the Collector of Customs, St. John, New Brunswick, who will complete applications on their behalf. Applications from exporters in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island for permits to export other fresh, frozen or smoked salt water fish or clams to the United States or any part of the British Empire should be submitted to the Prices and Supply Representative, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Export permits are not required for canned salmon and canned herring when consigned to and marked for the Canned Fish Division of the United Kingdom Ministry of Food.

(*b*) Applications for permits to export fresh water fish from the Prairie Provinces should be submitted to the Director of Inland Fish, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Power Building, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Export permits are not required for shipments, not exceeding 10,000 pounds in any one week, to the United States, of fresh Pickerel, Whitefish or Lake trout by licensed fishermen. The fisherman's licence number must be shown clearly on the Export Entry Form B-13-B (*c*) Except as provided for in Regulation 5, export permits are not required for casual shipments, not exceeding 48 pounds in weight, of canned fish; nor are export permits required for non-commercial fishermen's catches of salmon or other game fish when shipped as gifts to the United States.

(*d*) Applications for permits to export canned lobster to the United States should be submitted to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries, Federal Building, Halifax, N.S.

Export permits are not required for casual shipments of canned lobster not exceeding 48 pounds, except as provided for in Regulation 5.

(*e*) Applications for permits to export fish oils, fish liver oils and fish visceral oils must contain, in addition to the information required in the application form, information as to the kind of oil.

Applications for permits to export fish meal originating in the Pacific coast to the United States should be submitted to the Chief Supervisor of Fisheries, 402 West Pender St., Vancouver. All other applications should be submitted to the Export Permit Branch, Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa.

7. Regulation 33:

Notwithstanding any other Regulation, export permits are not required for shipment of articles or materials to members of the Canadian Armed Forces abroad, provided that such articles or materials are shipped in quantities sufficient solely for the personal use of the consignee.

8. Regulation 35 (*b*):

Applications for permits to export to the following British Empire destinations should, whenever possible, be accompanied by Certificates of Essentiality or Import Licence numbers:

New Zealand
Australia
South Africa
British West Indies
India
British Honduras

These Certificates of Essentiality should accompany applications for metals and metal products, chemicals and other materials in short supply or under quota. (For further information, consult the Export Permit Branch.)

Applications for permits to ship the following to Newfoundland must be accompanied by Certificates of Essentiality:

(1) Motor vehicles.
(2) Motor car accessories over $25 in value.
(3) Steel products over $25 in value, if requested by the Export Permit Branch.
(4) Rubber products.
(5) Foodstuffs and animal and poultry feeds.
(6) Sole leather.

9. Regulation 35 (*c*):

Applications for permits to export to any of the Latin American Republics should be accompanied by Import Recommendations, which are referred to as Export Recommendations in Mexico, Preference Requests in Brazil, and certificates of Necessity in Argentina.

Should a Canadian exporter be unable to fill an order which he has received from one of the Latin American Republics accompanied by one of the above Certificates, he should (1) forward the Certificate as directed to some other firm, and (2) notify the Export Permit Branch that he has taken such action, giving the name and address of the importing firm, details of the order, and number of the Certificate, together with the name and address of the firm to which he has forwarded the Certificate.

Changes in Permit Exemptions

10. The exemption from requiring a permit for shipments of the following to the British Empire and to the United States is cancelled, and these commodities will require an export permit when shipped to any destination:

Group 7—*Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products*

Petroleum Products—

(*g*) Kerosene (including all burning oils).
(*h*) Gas oil, distillate fuel oil and residual fuel oil.
(*k*) Paraffin wax, refined and unrefined.
(*l*) Petroleum asphalt (including road oil).

The above commodities are on Page 28 of the Fifth Revision of Export Permit Regulations. The asterisk in front of these items should be removed.

11. The following item (Page 34 of Export Permit Regulations, Fifth Revision) is exempted from requiring an export permit when transmitted to the United States:

Group 9—*Miscellaneous*

Plans, specifications and other documents in design or construction of any arms, ammunition, implements or munitions of war as described in Group 10.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Statement on Import Policy

Referring to the "Statement on Import Policy, effective February 11, 1943," published in Canadian War Orders and Regulations, February 22, 1943, notice is hereby given of the following change in Schedule "A" to the said Statement.

Schedule "A" is amended, effective on and after August 30, 1943, by inserting therein the following:—

Tariff Item	*Description of Goods*
ex 152	Concentrated orange juice for use in the manufacture of pharmaceutical products.

Ottawa, August 30, 1943.

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman.

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 311

Freezing Sales of Preserves to Consumers and Temporary Arrangements for Stock Replacements for Suppliers

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated 1st November, 1941, and amendments,

The Board Hereby Orders as follows:

Purpose of Order and Effective Date.

1. This Order comes into force at midnight of Sunday, August 29, 1943, and revokes, replaces and extends the scope of Board Order No. 309.

All sales to consumers of the Preserves listed below are prohibited until midnight of Wednesday, September 1, 1943, when they become subject to consumer rationing.

Temporary provision is made to enable suppliers to replenish their stocks of Preserves after consumer rationing becomes effective and until the flow of ration coupons is sufficient to take care of stock replenishments.

Definitions.

2. This Order applies to Preserves and to Consumers as listed below:

Preserves.

Preserves—(*a*) jams, jellies and marmalades as the same are described and graded by Section 74 of the Fruits and Vegetables Regulations made under the Meat and Canned Foods Act (Canada)

(*b*) fountain fruits

(*c*) extracted honey and comb honey

(*d*) apple butter, honey butter and maple butter

(*e*) canned fruits, excluding canned fruit juices

(*f*) molasses (excluding blackstrap), cane syrup and corn syrup

(*g*) blended table syrup

(*h*) maple syrup and maple sugar.

Consumers.

Consumers—(*a*) persons who buy Preserves for personal or household use or consumption

(*b*) persons who buy Preserves for use in serving meals or refreshments

(*c*) persons who buy Preserves for use in manufacturing or processing for sale any food product or other goods.

Freezing of Sale to Consumers.

3. From and after midnight of Sunday, August 29, 1943, and until midnight of Wednesday, September 1, 1943, no person shall sell, supply or deliver to a Consumer and no Consumer shall buy or take delivery of any Preserves, unless he first obtains written directions from the Deputy Co-ordinator (Requirements and Allocation) of the Foods Administration, or other duly authorized representative of the Board.

Freezing not to apply to sales for resale.

4. Section 3 does not apply to sales, purchases, supply and delivery of Preserves to persons who buy for resale and are not buying as Consumers.

Temporary arrangement for stock replenishments for Suppliers.

5. From and after midnight of Wednesday, September 1, 1943 and for the respective periods stated below, a Supplier who buys Preserves for resale may obtain and buy the same without it being necessary to surrender to his Supplier any Preserves ration coupons or other purchase documents, which otherwise would be required of him by Board Order No. 308 (Rationed Foods):

(*a*) in the case of a Supplier who is a Retailer,—from Thursday, September 2 until Thursday, September 30, 1943, inclusive.

(*b*) in the case of a Supplier who is a Wholesaler,—from Thursday, September 2 until Sunday, October 31, 1943, inclusive.

Made at Ottawa this 28th day of August, 1943.

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-856

Fertilizers—Limitation on Use of Potash

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides,

It is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

Purpose and effective date.

1. This Order comes into force on September 7, 1943 and places restrictions on the use in Eastern Canada of potash as a fertilizer, it being necessary to conserve the supply available and ensure as equitable a distribution as is possible based on agricultural need.

Definitions.

2. For the purposes of this Order, the following words and expessions are given defined meanings as stated below:

(*a*) Potash—means potash of any chemical form. Potash.

(*b*) Eastern Canada—refers to the provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. Eastern Canada.

(*c*) 1943-1944 Year—refers to the 12 month period from July 1, 1943 to June 30, 1944. 1943-1944 year.

Permit for purchase.

3. A person who at any time after September 6, 1943 and during the unexpired portion of the 1943-1944 year desires to obtain for use in Eastern Canada as a fertilizer,—

(*a*) a factory mixed fertilizer having a content of more than 8 per cent potash (K_2O), or

(*b*) potash for use as obtained or to make a mixed fertilizer having a content of more than 8 per cent potash (K_2O)

must first obtain a permit from the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides.

Application for permit.

4. Application for such permit must be made upon the form provided for the purpose by the Administrator and obtainable at any office of the Board. The form when properly filled in and signed must be forwarded by the applicant to the nearest Regional Supervisor of Fertilizers and Pesticides Administration.

Approval, variation or rejection of application.

5. Any application for a permit may be approved, varied or rejected. If approved or varied, the permit issued will be forwarded to the applicant who must file it with his supplier when placing his order of purchase for the kind and quantity stated on the permit. If an application is refused the applicant will be notified accordingly.

Use in Eastern Canada prohibited except under permit.

6. The use as a fertilizer by any person in Eastern Canada at any time during the unexpired portion of the 1943-44 year of a factory mixed fertilizer having a content of more than 8 per cent potash (K_2O) or of potash or of a mixed fertilizer made by or for that person and having a content of more than 8 per cent potash (K_2O), if the factory mixed fertilizer or the potash was obtained after September 6, 1943, is prohibited unless that person,

(*a*) first obtains a permit for such use as required by this Order;

(*b*) surrenders the permit at the time of purchase to the supplier from whom he buys the factory mixed fertilizer or the potash used; and

(*c*) limits the use to the land and for the crop specified in the permit.

Supplier to obtain permit at time of sale.

7. (1) A person who supplies and sells fertilizers must not at any time after September 6, 1943, and during the unexpired portion of the 1943-44 year sell potash or a mixed fertilizer having a content of more than 8 per cent potash (K_2O) to any person in Eastern Canada unless that person files with him a permit issued to that person by or on behalf of the Administrator covering the kind and quantity sold.

Return of permit to the Board by the Supplier.

(2) As soon as a person who supplies and sells fertilizers has sold any kind or quantity of potash or of a mixed fertilizer having a content of more than 8 per cent potash (K_2O) to any person in Eastern Canada he must endorse on the permit filed with him particulars of the date and place of sale and the kind and quantity sold and forward the permit so endorsed to the Regional Supervisor who issued the permit.

Sales which are excepted.

8. This Order does not apply to or in any way prevent the sale and purchase without a permit of potash for use in Eastern Canada as a fertilizer, if at the time of sale and purchase other fertilizer materials are also sold and bought in such quantities that when the potash is mixed with those other fertilizer materials the mixture will not have a content of more than 8 per cent potash (K_2O).

Prohibition against home mix of fertilizer.

9. No person who is not a manufacturer or supplier of fertilizers licensed by the Board shall for use in Eastern Canada as a fertilizer after September 6, 1943, and at any time during the unexpired portion of the 1943-1944 year mix or have mixed for him any potash with any other fertilizer materials or any other ingredients so as to make and produce a mixed fertilizer having a content of more than 8 per cent potash (K_2O), unless he first obtains a permit as required by this Order.

Offences.

10. No person shall contravene or fail to observe and comply with any of the provisions of this Order or of a permit issued under this Order.

NOTE.—It is an offence, punishable under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations for any person to contravene or fail to observe and comply with the provisions of this Order.

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of September, 1943.

G. S. PEART,
Administrator of Fertilizers
and Pesticides.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-861

Respecting Rooming Accommodation in the Cities of Vancouver and North Vancouver

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "Board" means the Wartime Prices and Trade Board;

(*b*) "landlord" means any person who lets or sub-lets or grants any leave and licence for the occupancy of any rooming accommodation;

(*c*) "lease" means and includes any enforceable contract for the letting or sub-letting of any rooming accommodation and every leave and licence for the occupancy of any rooming accommodation, whether such contract or leave and licence is made orally or in writing; and the verbs "let" and "sub-let" shall have a similar extended meaning;

(*d*) "local Examiner" means any person appointed as such by the Board or by a Rentals Administrator;

(*e*) "rate" or "rental" means any payment or consideration, including any bonus or gratuity to or for the benefit of the landlord, for the possession of any rooming accommodation by the day, week, month, year or other period of time;

(*f*) "Rentals Administrator" means a person appointed as such by the Board and includes a Deputy Rentals Administrator similarly appointed;

(*g*) "rooming accommodation" means any room or rooms in the city of Vancouver or the city of North Vancouver forming part of the residence of the landlord or his agent and of which the entrance and any facility are used in common by the landlord or his agent and the occupant or occupants of the room or rooms.

2. (1) The provisions of Part I of Order No. 108 of the Board shall cease to apply to rooming accommodation when let at a rate per person.

(2) No person shall let any rooming accommodation at a rate per person unless the accommodation is equipped and furnished (including bedding, linen, and the laundering thereof) for the sleeping accommodation of each occupant. For the purposes of this Order, when rooming accommodation is let at a rate per person, the occupant of the accommodation shall be deemed to be a roomer (or a boarder if any meals are supplied to him for an inclusive rate).

3. (1) If any rooming accommodation is equipped and furnished (including bedding, linen and the laundering thereof) for sleeping accommodation of each occupant,

(*a*) the maximum rate per person at which the landlord of such accommodation may let it to any number of occupants shall be the rate per person that he had in effect for that number of occupants on July 1, 1943;

(*b*) the maximum rate per person at which the landlord may let such accommodation to a number of occupants for which number he had no rate per person in effect on July 1, 1943, shall be the rate per person first charged by him after July 1, 1943, for that number of occupants.

(2) No person shall charge, demand, receive, collect or pay any rental for any rooming accommodation at a rate per person that is in excess of that fixed for the accommodation under this Section, except to the extent that it is varied under Section 4.

4. (1) An application may be made by the landlord of any rooming accommodation to the local Examiner to increase the maximum rate per person for the accommodation by reason of either of the following special circumstances:

(*a*) the maximum rate per person is lower than the rate per person generally prevailing for similar occupancy of similar accommodation in the neighbourhood;

(*b*) the supplying of any furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services, meals or facilities that were not supplied or to be supplied for such maximum rate;

in either of which cases, the local Examiner if satisfied that such maximum rate per person is lower than the rate generally prevailing for similar accommodation in the neighbourhood, may increase it to an amount not exceeding such generally prevailing rate.

(2) An application may be made by a roomer or a boarder to decrease the maximum rate per person for the rooming accommodation which he occupies, by reason of either of the following special circumstances:

(*a*) the maximum rate per person is higher than the rate per person generally prevailing for similar occupancy of similar accommodation in the neighbourhood;

(*b*) the lessening of any furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services, meals or facilities that were supplied or to be supplied for such maximum rate per person;

in either of which cases the local Examiner, if satisfied that such maximum rate per person is higher than the rate per person generally prevailing for similar occupancy of similar accommodation in the neighbourhood, may decrease it to the amount of such generally prevailing rate.

5. (1) The local Examiner, of his own motion, may vary the maximum rates for any rooming accommodation when let at a rate per person, by reason of any circumstances referred to in Section 4.

(2) For the purpose of informing himself the local Examiner may enter and inspect any rooming accommodation and shall have the powers of a commissioner appointed under the Inquiries Act (R.S.C. 1927, Chapter 99); but no expense shall be incurred without the written authorization of a Rentals Administrator.

(3) In the exercise of his powers, the local Examiner may adopt such procedure as he deems proper.

6. Any decision by a local Examiner shall be on a form provided by the Board and shall be conclusive as between the parties unless and until varied by a Rentals Administrator.

7. The landlord of any rooming accommodation let on August 30, 1943, shall, on or before September 13, 1943, file with the local Examiner, on a form provided by the Board, particulars of the rooming accommodation and the rate or rates that he had in effect on July 1, 1943, for occupancy of the accommodation, and shall give all other information required by the form.

8. This Order shall be effective on and after August 30, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 21st day of August, 1943.

C. R. DeMARA,
A Rentals Administrator.

Approved:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-870

Respecting Animal, Fish or other Organic Products

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

Effective Date and Purpose of Order

1. (1) This Order comes into force on September 7, 1943.

(2) The products specified in the schedule to this Order may be suitable for use either in the manufacture of feeding stuffs or of fertilizers. There is an acute shortage of supply of many of these products. The use of these products for feeding stuffs is more essential than is their use for fertilizers. It is proposed by this Order to prohibit the use of such products as fertilizers except under permit, or special authorization.

PERMIT REQUIRED IF PRODUCTS TO BE USED FOR FERTILIZERS

2. On and after the 7th day of September, 1943, no person, engaged in the business of processing or the manufacture of fertilizers, shall use any of the products listed in the schedule to this Order in the processing of or in the manufacture of fertilizers unless authorized so to do by written permit issued by the Feeds Administrator.

AUTHORIZATIONS AND PERMITS

3. Applications for authorizations and permits for use of the specified products as or in fertilizers shall be made to the Feeds Administrator. The applicant shall give such information and assurances and shall enter into such undertakings as the Feeds Administrator may from time to time require. The authorizations and permits will be issued in the discretion of the Feeds Administrator and subject to such conditions and directions as he may impose.

REQUIREMENTS ON PRODUCERS AND USERS OF SPECIFIED PRODUCTS

4. Except as may be otherwise authorized by the Feeds Administrator every person engaged in the business of processing or manufacturing feeding stuffs containing any of the products listed in the schedule hereto and every person engaged in any business in which he produces any of the products listed in the schedule hereto, either as primary products or as by-products, shall on the disposal of such feeding stuffs or of any of the products listed in the schedule hereto, be bound by the following conditions:—

(*a*) If the goods are delivered in packaged form each package shall be labelled or marked so as to clearly show that the contents are for use for purposes other than fertilizer.

(*b*) If the goods are delivered in bulk and not packaged there shall be delivered to the person purchasing or receiving the same an invoice or notice in writing which must clearly show that the goods are for use for purposes other than fertilizer.

(*c*) A record shall be kept of the quantities processed, manufactured or produced, the quantities sold or disposed of and the persons to whom the sale or disposal was made. Such record shall, upon request, be made available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

5. Every person, who purchases or acquires any of the products listed in the schedule hereto which have been labelled or marked or of which notice has been given in accordance with Section 4 that such products are for purposes other than fertilizer, is prohibited from using or permitting to be used such products as fertilizer.

EXEMPTIONS

6. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the Feeds Administrator may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship, or other special circumstances.

Dated at Ottawa, this 2nd day of September, 1943.

G. S. PEART,
Administrator of Fertilizers and Pesticides.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order A-870

Specified products referred to in Administrator's Order No. A-870 (Where these products are defined in the Feeeding Stuffs Act (Canada) or the Fertilizers Act (Canada), such definitions shall apply; otherwise the names of these products shall be construed according to ordinary trade usage.)

1. Bone char.
2. Bone meal.
3. Bone flour.
4. Bone phosphate.
5. Dried blood.
6. Blood meal.
7. Fish scrap.
8. Fish meal.
9. Animal tankage.
10. Whale meat.
11. Whale meat and bone.
12. Whale meat and blood.
13. Cottonseed meal.
14. Linseed oil meal.
15. Soya bean oil meal.
16. Any other meal obtained in the removal of oil from seeds of vegetable origin.
17. Urea.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-871

Respecting Leather Dress Gloves and Mitts

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Work Clothing, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

1. Administrator's Order No. A-557 regulated the manufacture and packaging of leather dress gloves and mitts and of leather and cotton fabric work gloves and mitts. Administrator's Order No. A-557 is hereby revoked and this Order takes its place as to dress gloves and mitts made in whole or in part of leather. These are referred to in this Order as "gloves".

2. (1) No person who manufactures gloves for sale shall in the manufacture thereof assemble or cause to be cut or assembled or otherwise put into process any tanned leather except in accordance with the specifications set out in the Schedule hereto, or package or ship any gloves except in accordance with the specifications set out in the said Schedule.

(2) Nothing contained in subsection 1 shall prohibit the manufacture of gloves made from imported leathers of a colour not mentioned in paragraph 2 of the said Schedule.

3. No person shall, in the manufacture of gloves for sale, use any zippers, elastic or elastic webbing.

4. No person shall, in the year 1943, or in any calendar year thereafter, manufacture gloves for sale in more than two-thirds of the number of styles manufactured by him in the year 1942.

5. No person shall, except with the written permission of the Administrator of Work Clothing, acquire any cutting dies, machinery or other equipment for the purpose of manufacturing any style of glove not manufactured for sale by him prior to the effective date of this order.

6. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to prohibit

(*a*) the manufacture up to but not after October 15, 1943, of any glove which does not conform to the specifications herein, when such glove is manufactured under any firm order received prior to the date of this Order;

(*b*) the use by any manufacturer of his present supply of any articles, the use of which is prohibited by this Order, or such articles for which he has placed a firm order prior to the effective date hereof, and which are delivered to him prior to October 15, 1943.

7. This Order shall be effective on and after the 8th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 3rd day of September, 1943.

A. BRADSHAW,
Administrator of Work Clothing.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-871

Dress Gloves

1. Style:
   Not longer than six button length.
   No attached cuffs.

2. Colour:
   No colour other than the following in
   - (*a*) Men's Domestic Sheepskin, plain or pigtex;
     - Tan.
     - Brown.
     - Cream or Natural.
     - Black (Brush and Drum).
     - Grey (one shade only—medium colour).
     - Pearl.
   - (*b*) Ladies' Domestic Sheepskin, plain or pigtex;
     - *Unlined:*
     - Tan.
     - Brown.
     - Cream or Natural.
     - Oatmeal.
     - Black (Brush and Drum).
     - Navy.
     - White
     - *Lined and Children's:*
     - Tan.
     - Brown.
     - Black.
   - (*c*) Domestic Sheepskin for Mitts;
     - Red.
     - Green.
     - Navy.
     - Tan.
     - Black.
     - Cream.
     - Pearl.
   - (*d*) Glove Horse Sides (Grain).
     - Cream.
     - Pearl.
     - Black.
     - California Cream.
     - Brown.

SCHEDULE—*Concluded*

to Administrator's Order No. A-871

(*e*) Glove Cow Sides (Grain).
Cream.
Pearl.
Black.
California Cream.

3. Packaging:

No fly sheets in boxes.
No glazene flaps on paper boxes.
No false bottoms, centre or end blocks or dividing cardboard in paper boxes.
Not less than one dozen pairs per box.

4. Shipments:

No orders for Dress Gloves shall be shipped for less than one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) dozen pairs of a colour and style, assorted sizes.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-872

Respecting Leather and Cotton Fabric Work Gloves and Mitts

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Work Clothing, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

Administrator's Order No. A-557 was revoked by Administrator's Order No. A-871. This Order replaces the provisions of Order No. A-557 relating to leather and cotton fabric work gloves and mitts.

1. For the purpose of this Order,
"glove" means any glove or mitt, other than dress gloves and mitts, made in whole or in part of leather or cotton fabrics.

2. (1) No person who manufactures gloves for sale shall in the manufacture thereof assemble or cause to be cut or assembled or otherwise put into process any tanned leather except in accordance with the specifications set out in Schedules A and B hereto, or package any gloves except in accordance with the specifications set out in Schedules A and B hereto.

(2) Nothing contained in sub-section 1 shall prohibit the manufacture of gloves made from imported leathers of a colour not mentioned in paragraph 2 of Schedule A hereto.

3. No person shall in the manufacture of gloves for sale use any zippers, elastic or elastic webbing, metal fasteners or domes.

4. (1) No person shall, in the year 1943 or in any calendar year thereafter, manufacture gloves for sale in more than two-thirds of the number of styles manufactured by him in the year 1942;

(2) Nothing contained in sub-section 1 shall prohibit the manufacture of gloves for the Department of Munitions and Supply, or agencies thereof.

5. No person shall, except with the written permission of the Administrator of Work Clothing, acquire any cutting dies, machinery or other equipment for the purpose of manufacturing any style of glove not manufactured for sale by him prior to the effective date of this Order.

6. No person shall manufacture any khaki or brown leather work gloves or mitts of cow sides or of glove or cuff splits except:

(*a*) on order of the Department of Munitions and Supply or agencies thereof, and

(*b*) tanners' rejects not suitable for Department of Munitions and Supply requirements.

7. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to prohibit,

(*a*) the manufacture up to but not after October 15th, 1943, of any glove which does not conform to the specifications herein, when such glove is manufactured under any firm order received prior to the date of this Order;

(*b*) the use by any manufacturer of his present supply of any articles or leather, the use of which is prohibited by this Order, or such articles for which he has placed a firm order prior to the effective date hereof and which are delivered to him prior to October 15th, 1943.

8. This Order shall be effective on and after the 8th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 3rd day of September, 1943.

A. BRADSHAW,
Administrator of Work Clothing.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE A

to Administrator's Order No. A-872

LEATHER WORK GLOVES AND MITTS INCLUDING ROPERS GLOVES

1. Style:

Fabric and Leather bindings are permitted only on Ropers Gloves; and to finish the tops of lined gloves and mitts, and pasted cuffs on gauntlet style gloves;
Bindings only in black, brown and red;
No decorations such as stars, etc., and no fringe on gauntlets, gloves and mitts.

2. Colour:

No colours other than the following in

- (*a*) Glove Horse Sides (Grain)
  - Cream
  - Pearl
  - Black
  - Brown
  - California Cream
- (*b*) Glove Horse Sides (Buffed)
  - Alaska
  - Boulevard
  - Smoke
  - Chamois No. 120
  - Special Chamois No. 115
- (*c*) Horse Butts Glove (Grain)
  - Cream
- (*d*) Glove Cow Sides (Grain)
  - Cream
  - Pearl
  - Black
  - California Cream
- (*e*) Glove Bellies (Grain)
  - Cream
  - Pearl
  - Black
  - Brown

SCHEDULE A—*Con.*

to Administrator's Order No. A-872—*Con.*

(*f*) Glove Bellies (Buffed)
Alaska
Boulevard
Smoke

(*g*) Glove and Cuff Splits
Pearl
Canary
Alaska
Fawn (Horse Splits only)

(*h*) Embossed Cuff Splits
Pearl
Brown
Alaska
Black.

3. Packaging:
Not less than 1 dozen pairs per box;
No labels, gummed stickers or paper bands.

SCHEDULE B

to Administrator's Order No. A-872

COTTON FABRIC WORK GLOVES

1. Packaging:
No boxing except when shipped to wholesalers and retailers;
No boxing in less than one dozen pairs per box;
No tacking or binding in pairs;
No labels, gummed stickers or paper bands.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-873

Respecting Maximum Prices of Grapes

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

INTRODUCTION

Effective Date

1. This Order shall be effective on and after September 6th, 1943.

Reference to Order No. 189 of the Board

2. Pursuant to the proviso contained in Section 2 of Order No. 189 of the Board it is hereby declared that clause (*a*) of Section 3 of said Order shall not apply to sales of domestic grapes or to sales of the imported grapes to which the provisions of Part II of this Order apply.

Inclusiveness of the Word "Sell"

3. The word "sell" where used in this Order shall include an offer to sell.

What this Order does not cover

4. This Order does not fix the price at which grapes may be sold to a winery.

PART I—GRAPES GROWN IN CANADA

What this Part covers

5. This Part applies to sales of grapes grown in Canada. Such grapes are hereinafter called "domestic grapes".

Meaning of certain words

6. For the purposes of this Order

(*a*) "licensed shipper" means any person licensed under the provisions of the Fruits, Vegetables and Honey Act to buy and sell fruit who takes delivery from a grower at his farm or other country shipping point in or near the area where the grapes are grown; the expression "wholesaler's agent" shall have a corresponding meaning;

(*b*) "trucker" means a person who buys grapes from a grower, taking delivery at the grower's farm or shipping point and who sells and distributes them from his truck;

(*c*) "wholesale distributor" means any person other than a grower, licensed shipper, wholesaler's agent or trucker, who sells grapes at wholesale, and a "sale at wholesale" is any sale other than a sale at retail or to a consumer.

Sales by growers to persons other than consumers

7. (1) The maximum price, f.o.b. grower's farm or country shipping point at which a grower may sell domestic grapes of a variety named in the Schedule hereto to a licensed shipper, wholesaler's agent, wholesale distributor, trucker or to a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets, and takes delivery at such warehouse shall be the price stated for that variety in clause (*a*) of paragraph 3 of the Schedule according to the province in which the grapes are grown.

(2) The maximum price at which a grower may sell domestic grapes of a variety named in the Schedule hereto to a retailer other than a retailer referred to in subsection (1) of this Section shall be the price stated for that variety in clause (*b*) of paragraph 3 of the Schedule according to the province in which the grapes are grown.

Sales by licensed shippers, wholesalers' agents and truckers to wholesale distributors and retailers.

8. The maxmium price at which a licensed shipper, wholesaler's agent or trucker may sell domestic grapes of a variety named in the Schedule hereto

(*a*) to a wholesale distributor or to a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery at such warehouse, shall be the price stated for that variety in clause (*a*) of paragraph 4 of the Schedule according to the province in which the grapes are grown;

(*b*) to a retailer other than a retailer referred to in clause (*a*) of this section, shall be the price stated for that variety in clause (*b*) of said paragraph 4 according to the province in which the grapes are grown.

9. All maximum prices fixed by Sections 7 and 8 are f.o.b. seller's farm or country shipping point. However, when the sale is to a buyer whose place of business is in a city, town or village the nearest limits of which are not more than fifteen road miles from the seller's country shipping point he shall deliver free to that place of business.

Sales by licensed shippers, wholesalers' agents and truckers to licensed shippers, wholesalers' agents and truckers.

10. The maximum price at which a licensed shipper, wholesalers' agent or trucker may sell domestic grapes of a variety named in the Schedule hereto, to a licensed shipper, wholesaler's agent or a trucker shall be the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales by him of that variety of domestic grapes to a wholesale distributor.

Sales by growers or truckers to consumers

11. (1) The maximum price at which a grower or trucker may sell domestic grapes of a variety named in the Schedule hereto to a consumer shall be the price stated for that variety in paragraph 5 of the Schedule according to the province in which the grapes are grown.

(2) All maximum prices fixed by this section are f.o.b. seller's farm or country shipping point, and the grower or trucker may add to his price an amount to cover transportation not exceeding the less-than-carload freight rate from his farm or country shipping point to the city, town or village in which delivery is made by him to the buyer. However, if a grower or trucker sells to a consumer through the medium of a public market, or of hawking or such like delivery shall be free to a consumer in a city, town or village the nearest limits of which are not more than fifteen road miles from the seller's farm or country shipping point.

Sales by wholesale distributors and retailers.

12. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor or retailer may sell domestic grapes shall in each case be the sum total of the actual price paid by him for the grapes, the actual transportation charges paid by him for the transportation of the grapes from his supplier's shipping point to his place of business and a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him on sales of grapes of the same type and variety during the basic period September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive, but not in any event exceeding,

(*a*) twelve and one-half per centum (12½%) of his selling price if he is a wholesale distributor;

(*b*) thirty per centum (30%) of his selling price if he is a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes and makes delivery at and from such warehouse;

(*c*) twenty-five per centum (25%) of his selling price if he is a retailer other than a retailer referred to in clause (*b*) of this Section.

(2) The said actual purchase price shall not exceed the highest lawful price at which the grapes may be sold by the person who actually supplies the same.

On and after September 20, 1943, the said actual transportation charges that a wholesale distributor or a retailer referred to in clause (*b*) of subsection 1 may include in his selling price of grapes must not exceed the car-lot freight rate for the same. However, an amount actually paid by the buyer for pre-cooling or refrigeration, or both, of grapes during transit may be included in such selling price. Transportation charges shall not be included by a wholesale distributor or a retailer in his price of grapes which he sells from a place of business located in a city, town or village the nearest limits of which are not more than fifteen road miles from his supplier's farm or country shipping point.

Combined markups of wholesale distributors.

13. Where sales of grapes are made between wholesale distributors the total amount of the markups of all the wholesale distributors must not exceed the amount of the markup which the first wholesale distributor could have included as part of his selling price on a sale to a person other than a wholesale distributor. Every wholesale distributor when selling to another wholesale distributor shall deliver to the buyer before or at the time he makes delivery of the grapes an invoice stating the total combined markup and the amount thereof available to the buyer.

Sales on consignment.

14. Domestic grapes received by a person for sale on consignment shall not be sold by him at a price that is higher than the price at which he may lawfully sell domestic grapes which he buys for sale.

Containers—sizes, weights and prices.

15. (1) The "standard container" for domestic grapes is specified as the 6-quart basket, either flat packed or open packed. A flat packed container must have a flat top cover. A standard container, flat packed, must contain at least seven pounds of grapes and, open packed, must contain at least eight pounds of grapes. Any other container in which domestic grapes are packed for sale is specified as a "non-standard container".

(2) All prices of domestic grapes fixed by or quoted in this Order or its Schedule are based on the standard container, including the container itself. No separate charge may be made for any container. Accordingly, the maximum price per pound at which

domestic grapes may be sold in a standard container is fixed according to the weight of grapes in the container divided into the maximum price at which grapes in the standard container may be sold.

(3) The maximum price at which domestic grapes may be sold when packed in a non-standard container is fixed at the price produced by multiplying the weight in pounds of grapes in the container by the price per pound fixed by subsection 2 of this Section.

PART II—IMPORTED GRAPES

Application of This Part

16. This Part applies to all sales of imported grapes of the Labrusca type. It also applies to sales of imported grapes of the vinifera type shipped on and after August 19, 1943, from the original shipping point in the country from which they are imported.

What Delivery Cost Includes

17. The "delivered cost" of grapes which are imported into Canada (hereinafter called "imported grapes") includes only the actual price paid for those grapes, plus such transportation charges, bank and foreign exchange, customs brokerage charges, excise tax and insurance charges as are to be borne by the buyer and not included in such actual price.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors of Imported Grapes of the Vinifera Type

18. The maximum price f.o.b. his warehouse at which a wholesale distributor may sell imported grapes of the Vinifera type shall be the sum total of his delivered cost of those grapes and a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him on sales of grapes of the same type and variety during the said basic period, but not in any event exceeding fifteen per centum (15%) of his selling price of those grapes. The actual price which a wholesale distributor includes in his delivered cost shall not be more than the maximum price at which the supplier in the country from which such grapes are imported into Canada may sell the same in that country. The transportation charges included in his delivered cost must not exceed the carload lot freight rate.

Sales by Wholesale Distributors of Imported Grapes of Labrusca Type.

19. The maximum price f.o.b. his warehouse at which a wholesale distributor may sell imported grapes of the Labrusca type shall be the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales by him of that variety of domestic grapes.

Sales by Retailers of Imported Grapes of the Vinifera Type.

20. The maximum price per pound at which a retailer may sell imported grapes of the Vinifera type shall be the sum total of his delivered cost per pound of those grapes and a markup (percentage of cost) not exceeding the markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him on sales of grapes of the same type and variety during the said basic period, but not in any event exceeding thirty per centum (30%) of his selling price per pound of those grapes.

Sales by Retailers of Imported Grapes of the Labrusca Type

21. The maximum price per pound at which a retailer may sell imported grapes of the Labrusca type shall be the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales by him of that variety of domestic grapes.

PART III—INVOICES AND RECORDS

Sales Invoices

22. (1) On every sale of grapes other than a sale at retail every seller shall at the time of delivery of grapes to a buyer furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the variety of the grapes sold and the price charged therefor and if they are imported grapes.

(2) Every such seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

Record of Purchases

23. Every person including a retailer who sells grapes immediately he receives any grapes he has bought shall make a written record at the place of business at which he receives the grapes, showing the date of purchase, the name and complete address of his supplier, the variety of those grapes, the actual price and the transportation and other charges paid and whether the same are domestic grapes or imported grapes. However, if such person keeps the copy of the invoice he receives from his supplier of the grapes he need not keep any other record of the particulars of sale shown on the invoice.

Inspection of Records and Invoices

24. Every invoice and record which a seller of grapes is required by this Order to make and keep shall be kept available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months after the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

25. Every person who sells grapes at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address and the price per pound and the variety of the grapes sold.

Dated at Ottawa, this 31st day of August, 1943.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A.-873

DOMESTIC GRAPES

1. All prices quoted in this Schedule are in cents per 6-quart basket (standard container) either flat packed or open packed. A flat packed container must have a flat top cover. A standard container flat packed must contain at least 7 pounds of grapes and open packed must contain at least 8 pounds of grapes.

2. Prices of grapes grown in British Columbia are set forth in column called "B.C." and prices of grapes grown in Ontario are set forth in column called "Ont."

	Varieties—Labrusca Type			
	Blue or White		Black Roger or Red	
	B.C.	Ont.	B.C.	Ont.
3. Sales by growers (*a*) to licensed shippers, wholesalers' agents, wholesale distributors, truckers and to any retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery at such warehouse	39	36	42	39
(*b*) To retailers other than those referred to in (*a*) above	44	41	48	45
4. Sales by licensed shippers, wholesalers' agents or truckers to a				
(*a*) wholesale distributor or to a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery at such warehouse	42	39	46	43
(*b*) retailer other than retailer referred to in (*a*) above	44	41	48	45
5. Sales by growers or truckers to a consumer	58	55	64	60

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-875

Respecting Housing Accommodation in Congested Areas

Whereas by Order No. 200 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board certain areas were designated as congested areas;

And whereas under the aforesaid Order the Administrator of Real Property was authorized to designate any additional municipalities or parts thereof as being subject to the provisions of section 4 of the said Order;

Therefore, pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the said Board as follows:—

1. The following townships are hereby designated as being subject to the provisions of Section 4 of said Order No. 200 of the Board:

Township of Etobicoke, Township of York, Township of North York, Township of East York and Township of Scarboro all in the Province of Ontario.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 7th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 3rd day of September, 1943.

R. S. SMART,
Real Property Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-876

Respecting Maximum Prices of Potatoes

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD AS FOLLOWS:

PART I—INTRODUCTION

Application of the Order

1. This Order comes into effect on September 6, 1943, and replaces Orders of the Board No. 236 and No. 282.

2. Pursuant to the proviso contained in Section 2 of Order No. 189 of the Board it is hereby declared that clauses (*a*) and (*d*) of Section 3 of said Order No. 189 shall not apply to sales of potatoes by any person.

3. The Order applies to potatoes of all kinds, grades, qualities and varieties except sweet potatoes and yams. There are special provisions applying to certified seed potatoes.

Prices Fixed are Maximum Prices and Include all Charges

4. All prices fixed by this Order are maximum or highest prices and must not be exceeded. They include all charges and no charge may be made for a package so that the sum of the price and the charge for the package exceeds the maximum price.

Meaning of "Sell"

5. The word "sell" as used in this Order also covers an offer to sell.

PART II—DEFINITIONS

6. For the purposes of this Order the following zones are established:

(*a*) Zone No. 1 composed of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and that part of Ontario lying to the east of the 88th degree of west longitude;

(*b*) Zone No. 2 composed of that part of Ontario lying to the west of the 88th degree of west longitude and those parts of Manitoba and Saskatchewan lying to the south of the 54th parallel of latitude;

(*c*) Zone No. 3 composed of the province of Alberta and that part of British Columbia to the north of the 55th parallel of latitude and to the east of the 125th degree of west longitude;

(*d*) Zone No. 4 composed of that part of British Columbia not included in Zone No. 3.

Grades

7. "Canada No. 1 Large", "Canada No. 1" and "Canada No. 2" mean respectively potatoes graded, packed and marked according to the standards for such grades defined and described in the regulations issued under the Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act.

Shipper

8. "Shipper" means a primary producer of potatoes, or any other person who assembles and ships potatoes at the point of production.

Wholesale Distributor

9. "Wholesale Distributor" means any person other than a shipper who sells potatoes at wholesale and "sell at wholesale" means to sell otherwise than at retail or to a consumer. "Consumer" means a person who buys potatoes for his personal or household consumption.

Distributing Centre

10. "Distributing Centre" means a city, town or village in which one or more wholesale distributors are carrying on business.

PART III—SALES BY SHIPPERS

(including primary producers)

Sales to Wholesale Distributors

11. Except as otherwise provided in Sections 13, 20 and 23 of this Order the maximum price at which a shipper may sell any of the following grades of potatoes to a wholesale distributor delivered at any of the following distributing centres shall, according to the grade, variety and size of container, be as follows:

(*a*) at Montreal in Zone No. 1, all varieties,
$1.90 per 75 pound container of Canada No. 1 Large grade potatoes;
$1.60 per 75 pound container of Canada No. 1 grade potatoes; and
$1.45 per 75 pound container of Canada No. 2 grade potatoes;

(*b*) at any other distributing centre in Zone No. 1 for any grade and variety of potatoes named in clause (*a*) preceding, the maximum price at Montreal as set forth in said clause (*a*) together with or less, as the case may be, the amount, if any, by which the normal transportation cost of potatoes in carload lots from Charlottetown to such other distributing centre is greater or less than the normal transportation cost of potatoes in carload lots from Charlottetown to Montreal;

(*c*) at all distributing centres in Zone No. 2,
(i) on sales of potatoes of the netted gem variety,
$2.40 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 Large grade potatoes;
$2.00 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 grade potatoes; and
$1.80 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 2 grade potatoes;

(ii) on sales of potatoes of other than the netted gem variety,
$2.00 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 Large grade potatoes;
$1.60 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 grade potatoes; and
$1.40 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 2 grade potatoes;

(*d*) at all distributing centres in Zone No. 3,

(i) on sales of potatoes of the netted gem variety,
$2.60 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 Large grade potatoes;
$2.20 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 grade potatoes; and
$2.00 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 2 grade potatoes;

(ii) on sales of potatoes of other than the netted gem variety,
$2.25 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 Large grade potatoes;
$1.85 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 grade potatoes; and
$1.65 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 2 grade potatoes;

(*e*) at Vancouver in Zone No. 4,

(i) on sales of potatoes of the netted gem variety,
$2.80 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 Large grade potatoes;
$2.40 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 grade potatoes; and
$2.20 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 2 grade potatoes;

(ii) on sales of potatoes of other than the netted gem variety,
$2.60 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 Large grade potatoes;
$2.20 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 1 grade potatoes; and
$2.00 per 100 pound container of Canada No. 2 grade potatoes;

(*f*) at any other distributing centre in Zone No. 4 for any grade and variety of potatoes named in clause (*e*) preceding, the maximum price at Vancouver as set forth in said clause (*e*) together with or less, as the case may be, the amount, if any, by which the normal transportation cost of potatoes in carload lots from Kamloops to such other distributing centre is greater or less than the normal transportation cost of potatoes in carload lots from Kamloops to Vancouver.

Sales by Shippers to Persons other than Wholesale Distributors

12. (1) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell any variety, grade or quality of potatoes to any person *other than*

(*a*) a wholesale distributor;

(*b*) the operator of a dehydrating plant;

(*c*) a commercial processor of potatoes;

(*d*) a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery of the potatoes at such warehouse; or

(*e*) a consumer

delivered at any point in any zone shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order, at which he may sell such potatoes to a wholesale distributor delivered to such point, if it is within a distributing centre or, if it is not within a distributing centre, delivered to the distributing centre nearest to it; and

(*b*) if such point is not within a distributing centre, an amount equal to the cost of transporting potatoes by freight in less than carload lots from the nearest distributing centre to the buyer's receiving point; and

(*c*) a markup not exceeding fifteen cents per 75 pound container or twenty cents per 100 pound container, but not in any event exceeding fifteen per cent of the selling price.

(2) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell any variety, grade or quality of potatoes to a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery of the potatoes at such warehouse, or to the operator of a dehydrating plant, or to any commercial processor of potatoes, delivered at any point in any zone shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) an amount equal to the maximum price, as fixed by this Order, at which he may sell such potatoes to a wholesale distributor delivered to such point, if it is within a distributing centre or, if it is not within a distributing centre, delivered to the distributing centre nearest to it; and (*b*) if such point is not within a distributing centre, an amount equal to the cost of transporting potatoes by freight in less than carload lots from the nearest distributing centre to the buyer's receiving point.

(3) The maximum price at which a shipper may sell any variety, grade or quality of potatoes to a consumer delivered at any point in any zone shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the maximum price fixed by subsection (1) of this Section at which he may sell those potatoes delivered to such point to a buyer under the provisions of that subsection; and

(*b*) a markup not exceeding, according to the size of container in which the potatoes are packed and sold,

40¢	per	100 pound container
30¢	per	75 pound container
25¢	per	50 pound container
15¢	per	25 pound container
12¢	per	15 pound container
8¢	per	10 pound container
8/10¢	per	pound for less than 10 pound containers

Period Increases in Shippers' Maximum Prices

13. The maximum prices fixed by Sections 11 and 12 apply to sales made before January 10, 1944. The maximum price at which a shipper may sell any variety, grade or quality of potatoes to any buyer during any period set out in the following table shall be the maximum price fixed by Sections 11 and 12 on sales by him of such potatoes to that buyer PLUS the additional amount for that period set out in the table.

TABLE TO SECTION 13

Period	*Increase in Maximum Price*
January 10, 1944 to February 6, 1944	5 cents per 75 pound container 7 cents per 100 pound container
February 7, 1944 to March 5, 1944	10 cents per 75 pound container 15 cents per 100 pound container
March 6, 1944 to April 2, 1944	20 cents per 75 pound container 27 cents per 100 pound container
April 3, 1944 to April 30, 1944	30 cents per 75 pound container 40 cents per 100 pound container
May 1, 1944 to May 31, 1944	40 cents per 75 pound container 52 cents per 100 pound container
On and after June 1, 1944	50 cents per 75 pound container 65 cents per 100 pound container

PART IV—SALES BY WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Sales to Persons in Zones

14. (1) The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor may sell any variety, grade or quality of potatoes delivered to a buyer at any point in any zone named in Part II shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) the actual price paid by the wholesale distributor, but not in any event exceeding the maximum price, as fixed by this Order, at which a shipper may sell such potatoes to a wholesale distributor delivered to the distributing centre which is nearest to such point;

(*b*) if such point is not within a distributing centre and is not within the customary free delivery zone of the wholesale distributor, an amount equal to the cost of transporting potatoes by freight in less than carload lots from the nearest distributing centre to the buyer's receiving point; and

(*c*) a markup not exceeding 15 cents per 75 pound container or 20 cents per 100 pound container but not in any event exceeding fifteen per cent (15%) of his selling price.

(2) Where a wholesale distributor sells potatoes on or after January 10, 1944, which were purchased by him and in his possession or under his control before that date, he may for the purposes of this Section, include in his cost the additional amount which could have been charged by his supplier pursuant to Section 13 had he purchased the potatoes after that date.

Sales to Persons not in Zones

15. The maximum price at which a wholesale distributor in Zone Nos. 2, 3 or 4 may sell any variety, grade or quality of potatoes to any person in any part of Canada not included in any of the zones named in Part II shall be the maximum price as fixed by Section 14 at which he may sell those potatoes to a buyer in the distributing centre in which his place of business is situated together with the actual cost of transporting the potatoes from his shipping point to the point of delivery to the buyer.

Combined Markups of Wholesale Distributors

16. Where sales of potatoes are made between wholesale distributors the total amount of the markups of all the wholesale distributors must not exceed the amount of the markup which the first wholesale distributor could have included as part of his selling price on a sale to a person other than a wholesale distributor. Every wholesale distributor when selling to another wholesale distributor shall deliver to the buyer before or at the time he makes delivery of the potatoes an invoice stating the total combined markup and the amount thereof available to the buyer.

Sales on Consignment

17. Potatoes received by a person for sale on consignment shall not be sold by him at a price that is higher than the price at which a wholesale distributor may lawfully sell potatoes of the same grade and variety which he buys for resale.

PART V—SALES BY RETAILERS

18. The maximum price at which any person other than a shipper may sell at retail any variety, grade or quality of potatoes shall not exceed the sum of the following:

(*a*) his actual delivered cost of such potatoes but not exceeding the lawful maximum delivered price that may be charged by his supplier under the provisions of this Order;

(*b*) where he sells potatoes after January 10, 1944, which were purchased by him and in his possession or under his control before that date, an amount equal to the additional amount which could have been charged by a shipper pursuant to Section 13 had he purchased the potatoes from a shipper after that date; and

(*c*) a markup not exceeding, according to the size of container in which the potatoes are packed and sold,

40¢ per 100 pound container
30¢ per 75 pound container
25¢ per 50 pound container
15¢ per 25 pound container
12¢ per 15 pound container
8¢ per 10 pound container
8/10¢ per pound for less than 10 pound containers; or

(*d*) if the seller is a retailer operating a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets who purchased those potatoes from a shipper and actually took delivery at such central warehouse, a markup not exceeding,

48¢ per 100 pound container
36¢ per 75 pound container
30¢ per 50 pound container
18¢ per 25 pound container
15¢ per 15 pound container
10¢ per 10 pound container
1¢ per pound for less than 10 pound containers.

PART VI—CERTIFIED SEED POTATOES

Definitions

19. "Certified seed potatoes", "Foundation A seed potatoes" and "Foundation seed potatoes" mean, respectively, potatoes which have been certified as such in accordance with the regulations respecting the certification of seed potatoes issued under the Destructive Insect and Pest Act and which are delivered to the buyer in a container bearing the proper certificate or tag issued in accordance with such Regulations.

Maximum Prices

20. The maximum price per pound at which a person may sell to a buyer in any part of Canada during any period any variety of Certified seed potatoes, Foundation A seed potatoes and Foundation seed potatoes shall be the maximum price per pound at which he may sell Canada No. 1 grade potatoes of that variety to that buyer during that period plus,—

½¢ per pound if the potatoes are Certified seed potatoes;
⅗¢ per pound if the potatoes are Foundation A seed potatoes; or
¾¢ per pound if the potatoes are Foundation seed potatoes.

PART VII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Additional Payments to be Part of Price

21. Any commission, charge, fee, reward, bonus, premium, concession or other payment or consideration whatsoever in money or money's worth claimed, stipulated for, taken, reserved, promised, offered, given or paid, directly or indirectly, by or to any person in connection with or arising out of a sale, purchase or transaction in potatoes shall be and form part of the price at which the potatoes are sold or bought.

Grades not Listed and Ungraded Potatoes

22. The maximum prices fixed by this Order on sales of any variety of ungraded potatoes or of lower than No. 2 grade potatoes shall be twenty cents (20¢) per 100 pound container less than the maximum prices on sales of No. 2 grade potatoes of that variety. The maximum prices fixed by this Order on sales of any variety of Canada No. 1 grade potatoes shall also apply to any potatoes of that variety which have been graded, marked and packed as Canada Fancy potatoes.

Containers—Packaging by Shippers and Wholesale Distributors

23. (1) Except as provided in subsection 2 of this Section, where potatoes are sold at wholesale in other than 75 pound or 100 pound containers, the maximum price at which such potatoes may be sold shall be on a per pound basis corresponding to the price per pound of such potatoes when sold at wholesale in 75 pound containers or 100 pound containers and such price shall include the cost of the containers.

(2) Where a wholesale distributor or shipper packages potatoes in containers of 10 pounds or 15 pounds he may in addition to the maximum price fixed by this Order for such potatoes charge not more than 3 cents per 10 pound package or not more than 4½ cents per 15 pound package for such packaging, but in no case shall his buyer sell such packaged potatoes at a price higher than that at which such buyer could have sold them had the packaging been done by him instead of by the wholesale distributor or shipper.

PART VIII—RECORDS OF SALES AND PURCHASES

Sales Invoices

24. (1) On every sale of potatoes other than a sale at retail every seller shall at the time of delivery of the potatoes furnish the buyer with an invoice showing the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, the grade of potatoes sold and the price charged therefor and if the potatoes are certified seed or of the netted gem variety, it must be shown on the invoice.

(2) Every such seller shall keep a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section.

Records of Purchases

25. Every wholesale distributor and retailer shall immediately upon receipt by him of any potatoes purchased by him make a written record at the place of business at which he receives the potatoes, showing the date of purchase, the name and complete address of his supplier, the grade of those potatoes, the actual price and transportation and other charges paid and if the potatoes are certified seed or of the netted gem variety, it must be shown on the record. However, if such person keeps the copy of the invoice he receives from his supplier he need not keep any other record of the particulars of sale shown on the invoice.

Inspection of Records and Invoices

26. Every invoice and record which a seller of potatoes is required by this Order to make and keep shall be kept available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months after the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Sales Slips on Sales at Retail

27. Every person who sells potatoes at retail shall upon request of the buyer furnish him with a sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address and the price per pound, grade and variety of the potatoes sold.

Dated at Ottawa this 31st day of August, 1943.

E. J. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

D. DEWAR,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-877

Respecting Tung Oil

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Oils and Fats, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

The restrictions contained in Administrator's Order No. A-437 on the distribution and use of Oiticica Oil are no longer deemed to be necessary and it is desirable to remove such restrictions and to revise the provisions of the said Order relating to Tung oil.

Administrator's Order No. A-437 is therefore revoked and replaced by this Order.

1. No person shall use any tung oil in the manufacture of any paint and varnish materials except with the permission in writing of the Administrator of Oils and Fats and in cases where such material is manufactured for, sold to, or bought or acquired for use by—

(*a*) any Department of the Government of Canada, or any agency of such Department, or any contractor or subcontractor of any such Department or any such agency for the purposes of applying protective coatings to munitions, weapons, vehicles of all types used by Armed Forces, aeronautical equipment and instruments and accessories therefor and marine craft and component parts and gear thereof;

(*b*) any person who requires such paint or varnish materials for the purposes of applying protective coatings

  (i) to the outside of any can intended for use as a container of food products for human consumption only when in the normal processing of such food products such outside coatings are essential;

  (ii) to the inside or lining of any can intended for use as a container of food products for human consumption.

2. Nothing in this Order shall relieve any person from complying with the requirements of Administrator's Order No. A-578 respecting the use and consumption of fats and oils.

3. The provisions of this Order are subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Oils and Fats may grant upon application to permit the use of tung oil in paint and varnish materials to be manufactured in Canada for export.

4. This Order shall be effective on and after the 10th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of September, 1943.

PHYLLIS J. TURNER,
Administrator of Oils and Fats.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

METALS CONTROLLER

Order No. M.C. 13-B

(Copper Wire Bar, Copper Wire Rod, Copperweld Wire Rod and Copper Wire)

Dated August 20, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 5225, dated June 19th, 1942, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Vice-Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Interpretation*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

(*a*) "Copper wire" shall mean copper or Copperweld in the form of drawn wire, whether solid or stranded, bare, coated or insulated;

(*b*) "authorized purchaser" shall mean a person, department or board, named or referred to in Schedule A hereto;

(*c*) "Controller" or "Metals Controller" shall mean the person appointed Metals Controller by the Governor in Council;

(*d*) "supplier" shall mean a person who manufactures or buys copper wire for sale as wire;

(*e*) "person" shall include individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, any governmental body or department, and/or any aggregation of persons;

(*f*) "Application to Purchase" shall mean an application to purchase copper wire bar, copper wire rod, Copperweld wire rod and/or copper wire, in such form as the Metals Controller may from time to time require;

(*g*) "weight" shall mean the net weight of the metal content of the copper wire.

2. *Order No. M.C. 13-A Rescinded*

The Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 13-A of September 1, 1942, is hereby rescinded.

3. *Unauthorized Supply and Acquisition Prohibited*

No person shall sell or supply or purchase or acquire any copper wire bar, copper wire rod, copperweld wire rod and/or copper wire except as authorized under the provisions of this Order.

4. *Approval of the Metals Controller Required for Purchase of Copper Wire Bar, Copper Wire Rod, Copperweld Wire Rod and Copper Wire for Processing.*

Each person who desires to purchase copper wire bar, copper wire rod, copperweld wire rod, and/or copper wire for further processing into other forms of copper wire, shall forward his purchase order to the Metals Controller, together with an Application to Purchase. If approved, the purchase order will be so marked and forwarded to the designated supplier and it may then be filled. If rejected, the purchase order will be so marked and returned to the applicant.

5. *Approval of the Metals Controller Required for Purchase of Copper Wire in Quantities in Excess of 1,000 Pounds*

Each person who desires to purchase copper wire (except for further processing) in excess of 1,000 pounds in weight shall forward his purchase order to his supplier, together with an Application to Purchase, and the supplier shall in turn submit the purchase order and the Application to Purchase to the Controller. If the supplier would not be filling the customer's order from his stock, he shall also forward, with the customer's purchase order and Application to Purchase, his own purchase order for the material required, endorsing his purchase order number on the customer's Application to Purchase.

If approval is given for the filling of the customer's purchase order, it will be so marked and returned to the supplier, and, where the supplier has also placed a purchase order, it will be also approved and forwarded to the supplier on whom it is placed and the purchase orders may then be filled. If the customer's purchase order is not approved, it will be marked "Rejected" and returned to the supplier and, in cases where the supplier has also made out a purchase order, such order will also be marked "Rejected" and returned to him.

6. *Supply and Purchase of Copper Wire in Weights Not Exceeding 1,000 Pounds*

(1) Except as provided in subsections (2), (3), and (4) of this Section, a supplier may sell or supply copper wire from his inventory in amounts not exceeding 1,000 pounds in weight to any authorized purchaser listed in Schedule A hereto, provided that the authorized purchaser submits with his purchase order a signed Application to Purchase.

(2) A supplier may sell or supply copper wire in amounts not exceeding 1,000 pounds in weight to any authorized purchaser listed in Items 1 to 4 inclusive of Schedule "A" hereto, without requiring such authorized purchaser to show inventory or consumption otherwise required in the Application to Purchase.

(3) A supplier may sell or supply copper wire in amounts not exceeding 1 pound in weight to authorized purchasers listed in Item 14 (*k*) of Schedule "A" hereto, without requiring such authorized purchaser to submit an Application to Purchase.

(4) No authorized purchaser, described in Items 5 to 15 inclusive of Schedule "A" hereto, shall purchase or acquire copper wire under the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section, if such purchase or acquisition would, when taken together with the estimated stocks on hand at the time of delivery, cause such authorized purchaser's inventory of copper wire to exceed the following limitations and no supplier shall, except with the permission of the Metals Controller, sell or supply copper wire from his inventory to an authorized purchaser if the Application to Purchase shows that the quantity ordered would cause his customer's inventory to exceed the following limitations:

(*a*) In the case of a purchase order placed by a supplier for replenishment of his stock for resale as copper wire, the average weight of such kind or size of copper wire sold by him in a thirty day period, based on his previous 6 months' sales of such kind or size of copper wire (for Port Arthur, Ontario, and west thereof, a 45 day period), or

(*b*) In the case of a purchase order placed by a consumer for copper wire to be incorporated into his manufactured product, or for use as repair, maintenance or operating supplies, the estimated weight of copper wire which will be used by him in the thirty day period following the anticipated time of delivery, (Port Arthur, Ontario, and west thereof, a 45 day period).

(5) For the purposes of subsection (4) of this Section, the inventory referred to shall be the inventory in that store, warehouse, plant or premises to which delivery of the copper wire is to be made, without regard to whether the authorized purchaser has any inventory in any other store, warehouse, plant or premises at any other location in Canada.

(Note: If a supplier receives a purchase order from a person who is not an authorized purchaser, or where sale is not permitted by reason of the inventory limitations of subsection (4) of this Section, he shall forward the customer's purchase order, together with the Application to Purchase, to the Metals Controller and such order shall not be filled without the Metals Controller's approval.)

7. *Utility Service Connections*

No person shall purchase, acquire or use copper wire for the wiring and service connections of a building or property to be served by an utility, unless he first obtains from the utility an assurance that the service can be made available in accordance with the provisions of the Order of the Metals Controller No. M.C. 23 and any amendments thereto.

8. *Approval of Metals Controller Required for All Orders to be Placed for Import into Canada.*

No person shall place a purchase order for copper wire bar, copper wire rod, copperweld wire rod or copper wire with a supplier outside of Canada, and no person shall accept delivery of copper wire bar, copper wire rod, copperweld wire rod or copper wire from a supplier outside of Canada, unless

(*a*) he has submitted his purchase order to the Metals Controller, together with an Application to Purchase in duplicate, and

(*b*) The Controller has authorized the placing of such purchase order.

(NOTE: If approved, the purchase order will be so marked and forwarded to the designated supplier. If rejected, the purchase order will be so marked and returned to the applicant.)

9. *Reports*

The Metals Controller may from time to time require any person using, purchasing, selling or being in possession of copper wire to file, in such form and at such time or times as may be prescribed, a report setting out the quantities on hand, and any other information that may be required.

10. *Permits*

The provisions of this Order shall be subject to any Permit or Order issued by the Metals Controller.

11. *Effective Date*

This Order shall be effective on and after October 1, 1943.

G. C. BATEMAN,
Metals Controller.

APPROVED:

C. D. HOWE,
Minister of Munitions and Supply.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Vice-Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

WARNING: Under Section 15 of the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations, it is an offence punishable by fine up to five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for five years or to both fine and imprisonment for any person to fail to observe any Order of a Controller or to make any false statement or representation to or for the use or information of a Controller.

SCHEDULE "A"

to Metals Controller's Order No. M.C. 13-B

List of Authorized Purchasers

1. Department of Munitions and Supply.
2. Department of National Defence (Naval Service).
3. Department of National Defence (Army).
4. Department of National Defence (Air Services).
5. National Research Council.

SCHEDULE "A"—*Con.*

to Metals Controller's Order No. M.C. 13-B—Con.

6. Department of Transport.

7. Department of Justice.

8. Department of Pensions and National Health.

9. Department of Public Works.

10. National Harbours Board.

11. Royal Air Force.

12. A person who requires copper wire for use in the manufacture of goods on the order of an authorized purchaser named in items 1 to 11 inclusive.

13. A company owned or controlled by His Majesty the King in right of Canada, in respect of work to be done on contracts directly related to war work.

14. A person who requires copper wire for any of the following purposes:
    (*a*) shipbuilding or ship repairing, including commercial fishing boats and equipment but excluding pleasure craft;
    (*b*) manufacture or repair of aircraft;
    (*c*) installation, maintenance or repair of telegraph, telephone, street railway, tram and other communication and transportation systems, and of electric power, gas, waterworks and sewage systems;
    (*d*) manufacture of electrical equipment and supplies under the terms of Orders issued by the Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and Machinery or the Administrator of Electrical Equipment and Supplies of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.
    (*e*) manufacture of farm machinery or equipment;
    (*f*) new installations at or in
        (i) a primary iron and steel plant or mine;
        (ii) a primary non-ferrous metal plant or mine;
        (iii) a primary non-metallic plant or mine;
        (iv) a chemical or explosive plant;
        (v) an oil refinery;
        (vi) a pulp and paper mill;
        (vii) a plant used in lumbering;
    (*g*) necessary maintenance and repair to existing installations and equipment (including motor vehicles) but not including equipment used only for recreation or amusement;
    (*h*) wiring required for any construction or installation for which the Controller of Construction has issued his license;
    (*i*) wiring required for any construction or installation, other than for construction or installation on a farm, but, limited to twenty pounds copper content for each project, such weight to include that part of the service connection that is paid for by the consumer;
    (*j*) wiring required for any construction or installation on a farm, but limited to one hundred pounds copper content for each project, and, if it is proposed to obtain electric energy from a public utility, such weight shall include the copper content of conductors required to carry electrical energy from the terminal of the public utility to the point or points of use on the farm;
    (*k*) any purpose, when the copper content of the wire required does not exceed one pound in weight.

15. A person who buys copper wire for resale within the terms of this Order M.C. 13-B and not for his own use.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 12-B

(Order No. Oil 12 Amended)

Dated August 27, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195, dated February 19, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. Subsection (11) of Section 8 of the Oil Controller's Order No. Oil 12, dated March 19, 1943, is amended to read as follows:

"(11) On or before the 27th day of September, 1943, and on or before the 27th day of each and every month thereafter each person operating a bulk station or bulk stations shall deliver to the Office of the Oil Controller, 15 King Street West, Toronto, Ontario,

(*a*) a completed statement in respect of each bulk station operated by such person, and

(*b*) a completed statement in respect of all bulk stations operated by such person,

giving in each such statement the information in substantially the form set out in Schedule "G" to this Order, and shall at the same time send to the Oil Controller at 64 King Street East, Toronto, Ontario, all coupon envelopes received from dealers during the preceding month."

2. Subsection (1) of Section 10 of the said Order is amended to read as follows:—

"(1) If at any time the graded gasoline on hand at any dealer outlet together with a quantity of graded gasoline corresponding to the coupons on hand at such dealer outlet at such time (and together with an allowance of 1½ per cent of the total amount of graded gasoline delivered to such dealer outlet on or after April 1, 1943), is less than the reported storage capacity of such dealer outlet for graded gasoline as at April 1, 1943, reported pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 9 of this Order, such shortage shall be *prima facie* evidence that the person operating such dealer outlet has, in breach of this Order, delivered graded gasoline otherwise than upon the surrender to such person, by a consumer, of valid coupons."

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

OIL CONTROLLER

Order No. Oil 12-C

(Order No. Oil 12 Amended)

Dated September 1, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1195, dated February 19, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Section (2) of Schedule "D" to Order No. Oil 12, dated 19th March, 1943, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(2) For the Province of Saskatchewan, gasoline which is required by Order No. Oil 12 to be marked, and which is sold or consumed only for:—

1. Farm purposes;
2. Use by railways upon rights of way, station grounds, yards or terminals;
3. The development of power to operate machinery for the generation of electricity;
4. The heating of buildings;
5. Heating purposes in manufacturing where the heat is applied direct to the product in the process of manufacture;
6. The operation of road construction or road maintenance machinery operated by any municipal authority

shall be dyed purple as in other Provinces but gasoline which is required to be marked and is not sold or consumed only for the purposes above enumerated shall be dyed green by means of an oil-soluble green dye, equivalent to the type known as "Calco Green", on the basis of seventy-three and three-tenths (73·3) pounds avoirdupois per one million (1,000,000) gallons, Imperial Measure, of gasoline, which is the equivalent of twenty-three (23) grains per forty-five (45) gallons, Imperial Measure, of gasoline."

G. R. COTTRELLE,
Oil Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

VOLUME III, No. 11 SEPT. 20, 1943

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS

1943

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Orders in Council

6439—Canadian Mutual Aid Board Regulations (Munitions and Supply)..................... 615
6632—Coal delivery men to be retained in present employment (Labour)................... 618
6990—National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations amended (Labour).............. 619
7078—Effective date of P.C. 4894, 15th June, 1943 changed (Finance)........................ 622
7079—Gasoline anti-oxidants, tariff treatment (Finance)..................................... 623
7080—Apple, cherry and plum trees, tariff treatment (Finance)............................... 623
7083—Wartime Alcholic Beverages Order, 1942, amended (National Revenue).............. 624
7116—Pike, wood fuel and certain milk products, export permits (Trade and Commerce).... 624
7142—Subsidizing milk production—P.C. 2709, 2nd April, 1943, amended (Agriculture)....... 625
7143—J. L. Cohen, K.C., appointment as member of the National War Labour Board revoked (Labour).. 627
7255—Amending P.C. 7142, 9th Sept., 1943 (see under P.C. 7142) (Agriculture).

Errata—

Owing to a typographical error in P.C. 6990 (published in Vol. III, No. 10, Page 566) this Order is republished in this issue, Vol. III, No. 11.

Vol. III, No. 10, Page 564—Last line of P.C. 6868 should read "to be described as Tariff Item 181b.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

Labour—

National Selective Service—

Effective date *re* provisions of Section 202A Civilian Regulations (P.C. 246 as amended by P.C. 6625).. 628

National Revenue—

WM No. 19 Supplement No. 43—Trading with the Enemy—List of specified persons..... 628
Series D. No. 47 T.C. 133—Paper.. 628
T.C. 134—Materials used in the manufacture of synthetic rubber...... 629

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Board Order—

No. 312—Removing restrictions on sales of preserves that are rationed foods............ 631

Administrators' Orders—

A-878—Manufacture of paper.. 633
A-880—Floor finishing and maintenance machines.. 634
A-881—Maximum consumers' prices for pulpwood cut from the stump in the Province of Quebec.. 634
A-882—Electrical generators (small), motors and control equipment.................... 635

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

Controller of Chemicals—

Order No. C.C. 9B—Coal tar.. 636

Motor Vehicle Controller—

Order No. M.V.C. 001A—Order No. M.V.C. 001 rescinded............................ 637

PART V

### Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

Order No. 78—Amendments to regulations.. 638

615

PART I

Orders in Council

The Canadian Mutual Aid Board Regulations

P.C. 6439

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 19th day of August, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the War Appropriation (United Nations Mutual Aid) Act, 1943, by Section 6 provides that the Governor in Council, may, on the recommendation of the Canadian Mutual Aid Board, make regulations for the purpose of carrying out the objects of the Act according to its true intent and purpose;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply, Chairman, Canadian Mutual Aid Board reports that at its meeting on the 27th day of July, 1943, the Board approved Regulations one to fifteen set out hereunder.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Canadian Mutual Aid Board and under the authority above cited, is pleased to make the following Regulations and they are hereby made and established accordingly:—

Regulations of the Canadian Mutual Aid Board—Part I—Procedure

1. The Board shall meet at such times as it may determine but shall hold at least one meeting each month. Three members of the Board shall constitute a quorum. In the absence of the Chairman from any meeting, the members present shall appoint one of their number to preside at such meeting. Recommendations approved in writing by a majority of the members of the Board shall have the same effect as decisions reached at regular meetings of the Board.

2. The Secretary shall prepare and circulate to the members of the Board in advance, the provisional agenda of each meeting, together with such supporting documents or memoranda as may be required. To make possible the preparation of the agenda:—

(*a*) members of the Board should advise the Secretary by noon of the week-day preceding any meeting of the Board of subjects that they wish to have included on the agenda;

(*b*) a member of the Board wishing to have a matter placed on the agenda should send to the Secretary for circulation to other members copies of a brief explanatory statement or memorandum with any relevant papers or communications for the consideration of the Board.

3. When items in the agenda of any meeting directly concern departments or agencies not represented on the Board, the Secretary with the Chairman's approval, may invite the attendance of the Ministers concerned or their representatives, for the consideration of such items.

4. The Director of Administration shall make progress reports to the Board at reasonable intervals.

5. The Secretary shall provide certified copies of extracts from the Minutes to departments or agencies requiring the same for official business in connection therewith.

6. Government departments or agencies entering into or arranging contracts on behalf of any United Nation, other than Canada and the United States of America, for the provision of war supplies (as defined in the Act), shall inform the Board through its Director of Administration of the amount and nature of the supplies to be provided, the terms of payment and the United Nation to which they are to be provided.

7. The approval of the Governor in Council of actions or decisions by the Board shall be sought where required, by submission over the signature of the Chairman, or, in his absence, a member of the Board.

8. (*a*) The Director of Administration, on behalf of the Board, shall examine requests for the provision of supplies under the Act and shall be responsible for instituting the necessary inquiries to determine that the supplies are essential to the country requesting them. He shall also be responsible for seeing that requests for the provision of supplies are cleared with the appropriate authorities in the United States and the United Kingdom, in order to avoid duplication in the purchase of supplies and to obtain relevant information regarding the essentiality of the items and quantities of supplies requested. In the performance of these functions he shall when desirable and convenient employ the facilities of the Department of External Affairs for communicating with other Governments and in undertaking negotiations in Washington he shall consult with the heads of the appropriate Canadian Missions and Agencies in Washington.

(*b*) The Director of Administration shall also ascertain from the various government departments and agencies concerned, whether or not the supplies for which application is made by an United Nation authorized to receive supplies under the Act can be furnished in the quantities and within the time required.

In particular, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the following departments and agencies shall be consulted:—

(1) with respect to munitions of all kinds and raw materials thereof, as to availability, the Department of Munitions and Supply, and as to strategic considerations and the requirements of the Canadian forces, the Department of National Defence, the Department of National Defence for Naval Services and the Department of National Defence for Air;

(2) with respect to foodstuffs, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Trade and Commerce, the Department of Fisheries, the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, and the Food Requirements Committee;

(3) with respect to other supplies, the Department of Trade and Commerce, the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, and such other department or agency as may be directly concerned;

(4) with respect to financial considerations and arrangements, the Department of Finance;

(5) with respect to external policy and methods of negotiation with other Governments, the Department of External Affairs.

9. The initial request for war supplies under the Mutual Aid Act on behalf of any United Nation shall be addressed by the Government or authority concerned to the Secretary of State for External Affairs.

10. The Board may authorize payment for war supplies to be procured and transferred under the authority of the Act and in accordance with these regulations, out of the funds appropriated by the Act and allotted from time to time by Treasury Board for disposition by the Board.

Part II—Methods and Conditions of Transfer

11. In making available war supplies to any of the United Nations other than Canada under the authority of the Act, the Board shall in general transfer war

supplies to the United Nation receiving them, without restriction or reserve unless otherwise expressly provided in an agreement with that United Nation, referred to in paragraph 14 below, and with the following exceptions:—

(*a*) Title to ships shall remain with the Canadian government or some agency thereof and the ships shall be chartered on a bare boat basis to the United Nation to which possession is being transferred for war purposes. The terms of such ship charter shall be approved by the Board.

(b) The Board may reserve the right to have aircraft returned to Canada in exchange for aircraft supplied under the Act, with an appropriate allowance for wastage to be agreed with the competent authority of the United Nation concerned.

(*c*) The Board may reserve the right to require that automotive equipment supplied to an United Nation under the Act shall when not required by the said United Nation for military operations be made available to another United Nation or to an International organization, for relief and rehabilitation purposes, provided that the amount to be made available for the other United Nation shall not be greater than the amount made available under the Act less an appropriate allowance for wastage to be agreed with the competent authority of the United Nation to which the equipment was originally supplied.

(*d*) The Board may reserve the right to request the transfer to Canadian forces serving abroad after the cessation of active hostilities of vessels, aircraft, ordnance or military equipment supplied under the Act to an United Nation with an appropriate allowance for wastage to be agreed with the competent authority of the United Nation concerned.

(*e*) Upon the cessation of hostilities in any major theatre of war, any war supplies which have already been transferred to a United Nation under the Act and which are still in Canada shall revert to Canadian ownership, except those supplies destined for a theatre of war in which hostilities have not ceased or supplies made available for relief purposes or such other supplies as the Board may specify. The Board shall also reserve the right to re-acquire supplies which are in ocean transit to a theatre of war in which hostilities have ceased.

12. War supplies transferred to a United Nation under the authority of the Act shall not be sold by the recipient government to another government or to persons in other countries except in special circumstances and with the consent of the Board.

13. An agreement shall, except in particular cases where the Board shall otherwise determine, be entered into with each United Nation to which war supplies are to be transferred under the authority of the Act, defining the terms and conditions under which such war supplies are to be supplied or made available. Such agreements shall be consistent with these regulations and shall contain such other stipulations as the Board shall consider necessary and desirable in each case.

14. In those cases where the Board finds it is practicable and desirable it shall arrange for Canada to receive reciprocal aid in the form of services or supplies from a country receiving war supplies under the Act. Such arrangements shall be subject to the approval of the Governor in Council.

15. The Canadian origin of war supplies transferred under the authority of the Act shall, wherever practicable, be indicated by suitable markings either on the supplies themselves or on the shipping containers in cases where it is not feasible to mark the goods themselves.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing for retention in present employment of Coal Delivery Men.

P.C. 6632

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 7th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that as a measure to provide for the retail delivery of needed coal supplies for the coming winter it is deemed necessary to retain in their present employment persons engaged or employed in the actual delivery of coal, and that for this purpose and additional to such other measures as may be taken to this end, it is considered necessary to provide for temporary postponement from military training of persons so engaged or employed, and to restrict the voluntary enlistment of such persons in the Armed Forces of Canada;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of the War Measures Act and the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, is pleased to make the following Order and it is hereby made and established accordingly:—

ORDER

1. (*a*) Unless the context otherwise requires, expressions contained in this Order shall have the same meaning as in the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations, and definitions contained in the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations shall apply in this Order.

(*b*) "Coal delivery-man" means a person who as his sole or principal occupation is engaged or employed in physically handling coal in any incorporated city in Canada having a population of 50,000 persons or over and has been continuously so engaged since June 1, 1943, but shall not include any person employed in a clerical or office capacity.

2. A Mobilization Board, upon the application of a coal delivery-man, or upon the application of the employer of any such person, shall grant to such coal delivery-man a postponement order until February 1, 1944, and no "Order-Military Training" to report before February 1, 1944, shall be sent to any such coal delivery-man unless a National Selective Service Officer has given his consent in writing to the sending of such notice.

3. If an "Order-Military Training" is sent contrary to this Order it shall be null and void if the person to whom it is sent delivers it to his employer, and the employer returns the notice to the Registrar by whom it was sent.

4. No coal delivery-man shall be accepted prior to February 1, 1944, for enlistment in any branch of the Armed Forces of Canada unless such person has first obtained a permit to enlist furnished by a National Selective Officer.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

(Corrected Version)

Order in Council amending National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations

P.C. 6990

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

TUESDAY, the 7th day of September. 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of The War Measures Act and The National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, is pleased to amend The National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations, P.C. 10924, dated December 1, 1942, and they are hereby further amended as follows:

1. Paragraph (*e*) of subsection two of section three is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(*e*) A member of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces on Active Service or a cadet or other student entered at one of His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Force Colleges in Canada except as otherwise provided in section six B".

2. (*a*) The following subsection is inserted immediately after subsection two of section six:—

"(2a) With the authority of the Minister, Registrars may, under subsection two of this section, select nationals of a country specified by the Minister when they have, immediately preceding their selection, been in Canada, except for temporary absences, throughout a period specified by the Minister which is less than a year".

(*b*) Subsection four of the said section six is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(4) The Registrar shall serve each man so selected, or cause him to be served, either personally or by registered post, with an order, in prescribed form, requiring him to submit himself for medical examination on the day, or within the time specified therein, to the examining physician specified therein, or one of the examining physicians specified therein, and any man upon whom an 'Order—Medical Examination' is served shall comply therewith and shall attend at such times and places as the examining physician to whom he submits himself pursuant thereto may require for the purpose of the medical examination."

"(4a) If an 'Order—Medical Examination' specifies more than one examining physician, the man upon whom it is served shall submit himself, or attempt to submit himself, for medical examination, from time to time, within the time specified in such order, until he has been medically examined by one of such examining physicians pursuant to these regulations."

"(4b) After a man has been medically examined pursuant to these regulations, if he is, in the opinion of the Registrar, fit for military training or can, by remedial treatment, be made fit for military training and no postponement order has been granted to him, the Registrar shall serve him or cause him to be served, either personally or by registered post, with an order, in prescribed form, requiring him to report at a military training centre or district depot, at a time and place indicated therein, to be dealt with in accordance with the orders and regulations of/or relating to the Department of National Defence, and any man to whom an 'Order—Military Training' is sent under this subsection shall comply therewith and shall submit to the medical examination for which provision is made in the Reserve Army (Special) Regulations, 1941".

3. The following section is inserted immediately after section six A thereof:

"6B. (1) When a Registrar receives a notice in prescribed form from a representative of the Department of National Defence that a designated man has ceased or will soon cease to be a member of His Majesty's Canadian Naval or Air Forces on Active Service and is considered fit for military training, the Registrar may, whether the man resides in the Registrar's division or not, serve him or cause him to be served, either personally or by registered post, with an order, in prescribed form, requiring him to report at a military training centre or district depot, at a time and place indicated therein, to be dealt with in accordance with the orders and regulations of/or relating to the Department of National Defence, and any man to whom an 'Order—Military Training' is sent under this subsection shall comply therewith and shall submit to the medical examination for which provision is made in the Reserve Army (Special) Regulations, 1941.

(2) Where an 'Order—Military Training' has been served pursuant to this section, the provisions of these regulations shall apply *mutatis mutandis* as if it had been served pursuant to section six".

4. (*a*) Subsection one of section seven is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(1) The Minister may appoint any qualified medical practitioner, who is in good standing in or outside Canada as an examining physician to examine men pursuant to these regulations."

(*b*) Subsections three, four, five, six and seven of section seven are revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(3) The Registrar may serve a man who has been selected under section six with an 'Order—Medical Examination' pursuant to section six notwithstanding that he has been previously served with one or more such orders."

"(4) Upon receipt of an 'Order—Medical Examination' the man shall immediately notify his employer of the receipt of such order."

"(5) No examining physician shall examine a man until he presents an 'Order—Medical Examination' issued by a Registrar."

"(6) Every man reporting for medical examination pursuant to these regulations shall leave his 'Order—Medical Examination' with the examining physician by whom he has been examined pursuant to these regulations who shall forward it to the Registrar attached to the original completed form prescribed by the Minister after having carried out the examination in accordance with the instructions contained in the Department of National Defence publication known as 'Physical Standards and Instructions for the Medical Examination of Recruits' and having placed the man in one of the categories mentioned in 'Physical Standards and Instructions for the Medical Examination of Recruits'."

"(7) If a man is not, in the opinion of the Registrar, fit for military service and cannot be made fit therefor by remedial treatment, the Registrar shall issue to him a certificate to the effect that he has been medically examined under these regulations and that, because of his physical condition, he is not, for the time being, required to report for military training; and the holder of any such certificate shall retain the same in his possession and shall deliver it to the Registrar for cancellation when the Registrar so requires by notice in writing."

"(8) Where a man is ordered to report to the nearest examining physician pursuant to an 'Order—Medical Examination' served under these regulations, he shall so report at his own cost."

"(9) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection eight of this section, where a man has reported pursuant to an 'Order—Medical Examination' served under these regulations and due to circumstances the man has incurred extraordinary travelling and/or transportation expenses, the Director of National Selective Service may approve for payment any account covering these expenses provided such expenses are supported by properly receipted vouchers, and such expenses, when approved as aforesaid, shall be charged to the War Appropriation."

"(10) Where a man, in the opinion of the Registrar, is unfit for military training, or cannot be made fit therefor by remedial treatment, notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations the Registrar may postpone the duty of complying on the part of the man with any or all of the requirements of these regulations pertaining in any way to men reporting for medical examination, where the Registrar is satisfied that the man,

(i) has been discharged from His Majesty's Naval, Military or Air Forces on active service; or

(ii) has been rejected upon application to enlist for service in the Canadian Army (Active); or

(iii) has established his medical category to the satisfaction of the Registrar by means of an Army Medical Board examination."

5. (*a*) Subsection one of section ten is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(1) A man upon whom an 'Order—Medical Examination' has been served under these regulations may apply to a Board for a postponement order by filing an application for such order in writing with the Registrar who issued the 'Order—Medical Examination' either within fourteen clear days from the date appearing on the order, or, with the consent of the Board, at some subsequent time."

(*b*) Subsection twelve of the said section ten is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(12) Any employer may support an application for a postponement order made by any of his employees on any ground set out in these regulations and a dependent of a man who applies for a postponement order on the ground that his reporting for military training will cause extreme hardship to such dependent, may support such application; and in any such case the employer or the dependent shall support the application by making representations to the Board in writing and filing such representations in the office of the Registrar within fourteen clear days from the date appearing upon the applicant's 'Order—Medical Examination' or, with the consent of the Board, at some subsequent time."

6. (*a*) Subsection one of section fifteen is repealed and the following substituted therefor:—

"(1) The Minister shall administer and enforce these regulations and may at pleasure remove and replace a member of a Board, a Registrar, an examining physician or other officer or employee, and may take or authorize to be taken any action whatsoever which a Registrar may take under these regulations, and any action so taken or authorized to be taken by the Minister shall be deemed to have been taken by the Registrar".

(*b*) Subsection three of the said section fifteen is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"(3) The Minister may

(*a*) establish such office or offices as are required for the administration and enforcement of these regulations and provide therefor the necessary accommodation, stationery, equipment, and telephones;

(*b*) appoint such officers, clerks and other employees as he may deem necessary for the administration and enforcement of these regulations and fix their remuneration;

(*c*) subject to staff control regulations, pay to members of Boards, Registrars, examining physicians and other officers, clerks and employees engaged in the administration and enforcement of these regulations such remuneration and travelling expenses as he may determine; and

(*d*) incur all expenses reasonably necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of these regulations."

7. Section thirty-four is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"34. Every person is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars and not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not less than six months and not exceeding five years or to both such fine and such imprisonment and in default of payment of such fine to imprisonment for a further term not exceeding six months who corruptly

(*a*) makes any offer, proposal, gift, loan or promise or gives or offers any compensation or consideration, directly or indirectly, to a member of any Board, an examining or other physician, or an officer or person concerned in the administration of these regulations or having any duties to perform thereunder in connection with any application for a postponement order made or to be made or any medical examination with a view to obtaining for himself or any other person a postponement order or being placed in a medical category other than that warranted by his physical condition or that of such other person or obtaining a certificate of physical or medical unfitness for himself or any other person, or

(*b*) being a member of any Board, an examining physician, or an officer or person concerned in the administration of these regulations or having any duties to perform thereunder, accepts or agrees to accept or allows to be accepted by any person under his control or for his benefit, directly or indirectly, any such offer, proposal, gift, loan, promise, compensation or consideration."

8. Section thirty-five is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"35. An examining physician or any other physician acting under these regulations who, in furnishing information under these regulations, knowingly makes any inaccurate statement or signs an inaccurate certificate is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months, with or without hard labour, or to a fine of not less than fifty dollars and not exceeding two hundred dollars or to both such imprisonment and such fine."

9. Subsection five of section forty-four is revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"5. For the purposes of the Reserve Army (Special) Regulations, 1941, a man upon whom an 'Order—Military Training' has been served pursuant to these regulations shall be deemed to have been called out and provisions of section eight of the Reserve Army (Special) Regulations, 1941, shall apply to every such man upon his reporting or being taken to a training centre or district depot pursuant to the 'Order—Military Training' whether or not he has been examined by an examining physician pursuant to these regulations."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council changing effective date of P.C. 4894, 15th June, 1943

P.C. 7078

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 9th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that Order in Council P.C. 4894, dated June 15, 1943, exempting imports of certain fresh fruit and vegetables from the war exchange tax and special excise tax, shall have effect on June 22, 1943 instead of on June 15, 1943 as specified therein.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing tariff treatment for Gasoline Anti-Oxidants

P.C. 7079

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 9th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that manufacturers of gasoline have been using acetone base anti-oxidants in the production of gasoline which have been imported from the United States at a rate of duty of 20 per cent ad valorem;

That manufacturers of anti-oxidants in the United States have been requested by the United States Government to discontinue the production of acetone base gasoline anti-oxidants and to increase their production of alcoholic base gasoline anti-oxidants;

That alcoholic base gasoline anti-oxidants are dutiable as chemical preparations containing more than two and one-half per centum of proof spirit at the rate of 60 per cent ad valorem regardless of the country of origin;

That gasoline anti-oxidants are not made in Canada; and

That the National interest would be best served in the present emergency if imports of alcoholic base gasoline anti-oxidants were accorded the same tariff treatment as imports of acetone base gasoline anti-oxidants.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that imports of alcoholic base gasoline anti-oxidants be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated, effective September 1, 1943:

Gasoline anti-oxidants when imported by manufacturers of gasoline for use exclusively in the production of gasoline in their own plants—

British Preferential Tariff	*Intermediate Tariff*	*General Tariff*
15 p.c.	20 p.c.	25 p.c.

(To be designated as Tariff Item 716.)

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing tariff treatment for Apple, Cherry and Plum Trees

P.C. 7080

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 9th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that apple trees are admitted duty free under the British Preferential Tariff but are subject to a customs duty of 6 cents each under the Intermediate Tariff and 7½ cents each under the General Tariff and that cherry trees and plum trees are admitted duty free under the British Preferential Tariff but subject to a customs duty of 8 cents each under the Intermediate Tariff and 9 cents each under the General Tariff, but if apple, cherry or plum trees are imported between September 15 and October 5, inclusive, the duty under the Intermediate or General Tariff is not to be more than 3 cents each; and

That representations have been made to the Department of Agriculture urging that the period for the provision of importation from the United States of apple, cherry and plum trees at the rate of 3 cents each be extended from October 5 to October 15 in order to meet the requirements of the nursery industry in western Canada.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that imports of apple, cherry and plum trees be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated during the period October 5 to October 15, 1943.

Apple, cherry and plum trees—

British Preferential Tariff	*Intermediate Tariff*	*General Tariff*
Free	3 cts. each	3 cts. each

(To be designated as Tariff Item 80a)

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942

P.C. 7083

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 7th day of September, 1943.

Present:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Acting Minister of National Revenue and under the powers conferred by the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, R.S.C. 1927, is pleased to amend the "Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942" (P.C. 11374, 16th December, 1942) and it is hereby further amended by inserting after the expression "nineteen hundred and forty-three" wherever the same is found in Sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 thereof, the following:—

> "or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war, unless otherwise ordered."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council prohibiting export of Pike, Wood Fuel and certain Milk Products, except under licence

P.C. 7116

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Thursday, the 9th day of September, 1943.

Present:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council of October 4, 1941, P.C. 7674, the exportation from Canada of certain articles is prohibited, except under permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce;

And whereas it is deemed desirable, in order to conserve supplies required for Canadian use, that the exportation of pike, wood fuel and certain milk products be similarly prohibited except under permit;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce and under and by virtue of the power conferred by Section 290 of the Customs Act (Section 10, Chapter 24 of the Statutes of 1937) and by the War Measures Act (Chapter 206 Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927) is pleased to order as follows:—

1. The exportation of the following commodities is hereby prohibited except under permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of Trade and Commerce:

Group 2—Animals and Animal Products.
Buttermilk, liquid.
Whey, liquid.
Pike, other than pickerel, fresh or frozen filleted or not.

Group 4—Wood, Wood Products and Paper.
Wood fuel in the form of cordwood or slabwood.

2. Schedule One of the said Order in Council (P.C. 7674 of October 4, 1941) is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the above commodities.

3. This Order shall come into force and have effect on and after the fifteenth day of September, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending P.C. 2709, 2nd April, 1943—subsidizing Milk Production

P.C. 7142

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Committee of the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor General on the 9th September, 1943, as amended by P.C. 7255, 16th September, 1943.

The Committee of the Privy Council have had before them a report dated September 2nd, 1943, from the Minister of Agriculture, representing,—

That Order in Council P.C. 2709, of the 2nd April, 1943, approved of the setting up of a program for the production of butter, fluid milk, and whole milk for concentration purposes for the production season commencing May 1, 1943, and gave authority to implement certain recommendations of the Agricultural Food Board, and concurred in by the Foods Administration of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, as follows:—

1. That minimum prices be established for First Grade Creamery Butter, in accordance with the schedule attached thereto;

2. That a Government subsidy of 8 cents per pound be paid to producers for butterfat used in the manufacture of creamery butter during the months May, 1943, to December, 1943, both inclusive, and a subsidy of 10 cents per pound butterfat for the months January, 1944, to April, 1944, both inclusive;

3. That the Dairy Products Board be authorized to support the butter market as may be necessary to maintain the minimum prices shown in the schedule, by purchasing butter on a basis of the minimum prices specified in the schedule for butter delivered Vancouver, Toronto, or Montreal, during the month purchased;

4. That a Government subsidy of 25 cents per hundred pounds be paid on such milk used for fluid milk consumption as the Agricultural Food Board may with the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board determine after consultation with Provincial Milk Boards or Commissions;

5. That a Government subsidy of 25 cents per hundred pounds of milk used for concentration purposes into whole milk products be paid during the period from October 1, 1943 to April 30, 1944.

That representations have been made by representatives of producer organizations and officers of the Provincial Milk Control Boards to the effect that, due on the one hand to increasing demand to meet military and civilian requirements in Canada and export commitments to the United Kingdom, and on the other hand to increased labour costs and to the necessity of larger purchases of feeds in Eastern Canada because of extremely poor grain yields, the supply of milk during the coming winter for use as fluid milk and for processing into cheese and concentrated milk products will be insufficient to meet requirements;

That the Agricultural Food Board have carefully examined the whole position respecting milk production prospects for the period of October 1, 1943, to April 30, 1944, and report that the consumption of fluid milk is at present much larger than in pre-war years and is consistently increasing; that the production of cheese this year has not attained the desired level and shipments to the United Kingdom may be short of the present contract by as much as twenty-five million pounds, and it is expected that cheese production will largely cease at the end of the pasture season unless a production subsidy is provided; and that there has been a great expansion in the consumption of concentrated milk products, particularly for use in camps and training centres of the Armed Forces;

That, in view of advancing costs of farm labour and the increasing difficulty of securing such labour, and in view of the special conditions which obtain in Eastern Canada, where much more than usual quantities of feed grains will have to be purchased, thus requiring cash outlays for feed on an unprecedented scale, the Agricultural Food Board deem it desirable and expedient to provide added incentives, during the period mentioned above, for those engaged in the production of those dairy products likely to be in short supply and which are urgently needed, and to make provision for some form of direction in the utilization of milk among the various dairy products.

The Minister, therefore, on the advice of the Agricultural Food Board, recommends that Order in Council P.C. 2709 of 2nd April, 1943, be amended as follows:

1. By replacing Clause 4 of P.C. 2709 with the following: "That a Government subsidy of 55 cents per hundred pounds be paid, during the period from October 1, 1943, to April 30, 1944, on such milk sold by producer distributors and on such milk purchased by distributors for fluid milk consumption, as the Agricultural Food Board may direct, provided that in areas where the subsidy of 25 cents per hundred pounds authorized by P.C. 2709 is considered by the Agricultural Food Board to be adequate, the subsidy should be limited to that amount."

2. By replacing Clause 5 of P.C. 2709 with the following: "That a Government subsidy of 30 cents per hundred pounds be paid, during the period October 1, 1943, to April 30, 1944, on such milk used for concentration purposes as the Agricultural Food Board may direct."

3. By adding to P.C. 2709 the following: "That a Government subsidy of 30 cents per hundred pounds be paid, during the period October 1, 1943 to April 30, 1944, on milk used in the manufacture of cheddar cheese."

4. And by further adding to P.C. 2709 the following: "That the utilization of milk within the dairy industry be stabilized by requiring distributors or manufacturers to obtain permission from the Agricultural Food Board before purchasing milk or cream from producers other than those producers selling to said distributors or manufacturers on the 9th day of September, 1943."

The Minister further recommends that the expenditure of Fifteen Million Dollars for these purposes, be authorized; chargeable to moneys allotted to the Agricultural Food Board from the War Appropriation.

The Committee concur in the foregoing recommendations and submit the same for approval.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council revoking appointment of Mr. J. L. Cohen as a Member of the National War Labour Board.

P.C. 7143

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 9th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas at the time the National War Labour Board was reconstituted (Order in Council P.C. 1141, 11th February, 1943) it was announced in Parliament that the Board was intended to be in the nature of an industrial court;

And whereas the announced conception of the nature of the Board clearly envisaged an independent and judical attitude on the part of its members;

And whereas the Chairman of the National War Labour Board in a letter to the Prime Minister has represented that the attitude of Mr. J. L. Cohen, K.C., one of the members of the Board, is completely inconsistent with the principles upon which the National War Labour Board was reconstituted and that he cannot accept responsibility for conducting the work of the Board, on the principles agreed upon, in continued association with Mr. Cohen;

And whereas Mr. Cohen's public statements, before the reports of the public enquiry conducted by the National War Labour Board had been submitted to the government and on a subsequent occasion, indicate an attitude incompatible with the proper exercise of the functions to be performed by the members of the Board;

Now therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, is pleased to revoke and doth hereby revoke that portion of Order in Council P.C. 1141, 11th February, 1943, appointing Mr. J. L. Cohen, K.C., a member of the National War Labour Board, thereby terminating his membership of the said Board.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

DESIGNATION

Under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by Order-in-Council P.C. 6625, dated the first day of September, 1943, I do hereby fix and designate the 20th day of September, 1943, as the day on which the provisions of Section 202A of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order-in-Council P.C. 246, as amended by Order-in-Council P.C. 6625) shall come into force and effect.

Dated at Ottawa, this 16th day of September, 1943.

A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 19

Supplement No. 43

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 7th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Trading With the Enemy
List of Specified Persons, Revision No. 43

Herewith is furnished for your information and guidance a Proclamation, effective on the date of publication, amending, as stated therein, the List of Specified Persons published with Memorandum WM No. 19.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.

Series D No. 47

T. C. 133

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 7th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

Effective 1st July, 1943, it is ordered that the undermentioned goods be accorded the Tariff treatment hereunder indicated:—

Paper, in single sheets, containing not less than 144 square inches, not exceeding ·012 and not less than ·003 of an inch in thickness, specially processed and printed, for use on duplicating machines. . . .

British Preferential Tariff	Free
Intermediate Tariff	7½ p.c.
General Tariff	35 p.c.

(To be designated as Tariff Item 181b.)

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 6868, 1/9/43; Authority War Measures Act.)

Series D No. 47

T. C. 134

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 7th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

Effective 1st May, 1943, it is ordered that materials ordinarily covered by tariff items 208, 208t, 210, 211, 211a, 217, 217a, and 711 when imported for use exclusively in the manufacture of synthetic rubber, be exempt from the war exchange tax and be accorded the Tariff treatment hereunder indicated:—

British Preferential Tariff	Free
Intermediate Tariff	Free
General Tariff	Free

(To be designated as Tariff Item 851.)

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 6872, 1/9/43; Authority War Measures Act.)

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

Board Order

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 312

Removing Restrictions on Sales of Preserves that are Rationed Foods

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated 1st November, 1941, and amendments

The Board hereby orders as follows:

Purpose and effective date.

1. This Order comes into force at midnight of Sunday, August 29, 1943, and revokes or amends certain Board and Administrators' Orders, as hereunder named, which would otherwise interfere with the operation of the general system of rationing in respect of Preserves which on September 2, 1943, become subject to consumer rationing under Board Order No. 308 (Rationed Foods).

Order No. 301 amended as to sales of canned fruits to consumers.

2. (1) Section 3 and Subsection 2 of Section 5 of Board Order No. 301 (Sale and Distribution of Canned Fruits and Vegetables) shall not from and after midnight of Wednesday, September 1, 1943, apply to nor shall they in any way prevent or affect sales to consumers of canned fruits other than canned fruit juices.

And as to sales to retailers.

(2) Section 4 of said Board Order No. 301 shall not from and after midnight of Sunday, August 29, 1943, apply to nor shall it in any way prevent or affect sales to retailers of canned fruits other than canned fruit juices.

Order No. 301 not otherwise affected.

(3) Nothing in this Section shall apply to or be deemed to apply to canned fruit juices or canned vegetables or affect or amend said Order No. 301 in relation to canned fruit juices or canned vegetables. Nothing in this Section shall apply to or be deemed to apply to any provision of said Order No. 301, except Section 3, Section 4 and Subsection 2 of Section 5 thereof.

Board Order No. 250 amended as to industrial use of maple products.

3. Subsections 1 and 2 of Section 7 of Board Order No. 250 (Maple Products) are revoked as of midnight Wednesday, September 1, 1943, and subsection 3 of that Section is renumbered as Section 7 of the said Order.

Board Order No. 162 revoked as to industrial use of honey.

4. Board Order No. 162 (Industrial Use of Honey) is revoked as of midnight of Wednesday, September 1, 1943.

Administrator's Order No. A-570 revoked as to commercial use of corn syrup.

5. Administrator's Order No. A-570 (Commercial Use of Corn Syrup) is revoked as of midnight of Wednesday, September 1, 1943.

Made at Ottawa this 28th day of August, 1943.

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-878

Respecting the Manufacture of Paper

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Book and Writing Papers, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

Certain secondary finishes in the manufacture of paper were eliminated by Administrator's Order No. A-397.

This Order revokes and replaces Administrator's Order No. A-397 and applies not only to the manufacture of paper but to the use of paper which has received a secondary finish. The Administrator of Packages and Converted Paper Products and the Administrator of Publishing, Printing and Allied Industries concur in the present Order.

1. For the purposes of this Order,
(*a*) "paper" means and includes book papers (uncoated), litho papers (uncoated), offset papers (uncoated), writing papers, bond papers, stationery papers, bristol papers, blotting papers, text papers and sulphite converting papers;
(*b*) "secondary finish" means and includes a finish obtained by calendering, embossing or plating.

2. No person shall apply a secondary finish in the manufacture of paper, except
(*a*) a plater finish to papers having a rag content of 20% or more;
(*b*) an embossed finish to the base stock for sanitary papers;
(*c*) a supercalender finish.

3. No printer, lithographer or paper converter shall use any paper to which a secondary finish has been applied, except
(*a*) paper manufactured in accordance with clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of Section 2;
(*b*) paper to which a supercalender finish has been applied, and this supercalender paper may be used only for:—
  (i) letter-press printing or lithographing with half-tone plates of a screen of 110 lines or finer; or
  (ii) letter-press printing or lithographing with gloss inks, or to which varnish is to be subsequently applied; or
  (iii) lithographing posters; or
  (iv) rotogravure printing.

4. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the Administrator of Book and Writing Papers may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 11th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of September, 1943.

A. P. JEWETT,
Administrator of Book and Writing Papers.

Concurred:

C. V. HODDER,
Administrator of Packages and Converted Paper Products.

JOHN ATKINS,
Administrator of Publishing, Printing and Allied Industries.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-880

Respecting Floor Finishing and Maintenance Machines

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board, as follows:—

1. Section 4 of Administrator's Order No. A-737 is revoked and the following is substituted therefor:

"4. (1) Except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this Section no person shall, unless he first obtains a permit in writing from the said Administrator, sell, rent, hire, lend, supply or deliver to any other person any of the following types of floor machines:

(*a*) drum type floor sanding machine, making an 8-inch path, or wider;
(*b*) disc type floor sanding machine, making a 12-inch path, or wider;
(*c*) drum type floor finishing or floor maintenance machine, making an 8-inch path, or wider;
(*d*) disc type floor finishing or floor maintenance machine, making a 12-inch path, or wider.

(2) It shall not be necessary to obtain a permit from the said Administrator to rent, hire or lend a floor machine of a type mentioned in subsection 1 if the person who owns the said machine is a floor finishing contractor or customarily rents, hires or lends it.

(3) Nor shall it be necessary to obtain a permit from the said Administrator where one manufacturer or assembler sells, rents, hires, lends, supplies or delivers a floor machine of a type mentioned in subsection 1 to another manufacturer or assembler, to enable the latter to carry out a transaction for which he has a written permit."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 14th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 10th day of September, 1943.

HUGH CROMBIE,
Administrator of Plant, Steam Railway and Shipbuilding Machinery, Equipment and Supplies.

APPROVED:
D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-881

Respecting Maximum Consumers' Prices for Pulpwood Cut from the Stump in the Province of Quebec

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Timber Administrator it is hereby ordered, on behalf of such Board, as follows:—

1. Subsection 1 of Section 3 of Administrator's Order No. A-748, dated the 28th day of May 1943, is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the letters and words "f.a.s. vessel or delivered at an established piling ground in close proximity to dock or wharf at which the vessel will be loaded", and by substituting therefor the letters and word "f.o.b. vessel".

2. *Effective date.*—This Order shall be effective on and after the 17th day of September, 1943.

This Order shall be effective on and after the 17th day of September 1943.
Dated at Ottawa this 13th day of September, 1943.

A. H. WILLIAMSON,
Timber Administrator.

Approved:
D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-882

Respecting Electrical Generators (Small), Motors and Control Equipment

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Section 9 of Administrator's Order No. A-832 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

"9. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to apply to

(*a*) any device named herein for which a firm order had been received by the manufacturer prior to the effective date of this Order;

(*b*) any article or equipment for use in telephone, telegraph or radio communication systems;

(*c*) any generator, motor or control equipment used for incorporation in an aircraft or motor vehicle."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 17th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 14th day of September, 1943.

M. C. LOWE,
Administrator of Electrical Apparatus and
Machinery and Electrical Instruments.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board

(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

CIBA BUILDING, 1235 McGILL COLLEGE AVENUE, MONTREAL

Order No. C.C. 9B

(Coal Tar)

Dated September 1, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Interpretation.*

For the purposes of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

(*a*) "person" includes firm, corporation, company, any governmental body or department, and any aggregation of persons;

(*b*) "Coal Tar" means coal tar produced by the destructive distillation of coal.

2. *Order No. C.C. 9A Rescinded.*

Order No. C.C. 9A of the Controller of Chemicals, dated May, 19, 1943, is hereby rescinded.

3. *Disposal and Use of Coal Tar.*

(1) Except with a permit in writing from the Controller of Chemicals, no person shall:

(*a*) Dispose of any coal tar; or

(*b*) Use coal tar in quantities greater than 50 gallons monthly;

(2) No person shall use any coal tar:

(*a*) For fuel; or

(*b*) For the construction, maintenance or repair of public or private roads or highways or airport runways, except in British Columbia, where it may be used for this purpose under permit issued by the Controller.

4. *Effective Date.*

This Order shall be effective on and after the date hereof.

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

MOTOR VEHICLE CONTROLLER

Order No. M.V.C. 001A

(Order No. 001 Rescinded)

Dated March 31, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1121 of February 13, 1941, and by any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

It is hereby ordered as follows:

The Order of the Motor Vehicle Controller No. 001 dated March 21, 1941, is hereby rescinded.

J. H. BERRY,
Motor Vehicle Controller.

Approved:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

PART V

Export Permit Branch

(Trade and Commerce)

Export Permit Branch Order No. 78

OTTAWA, 10th September, 1943.

By virtue of the power conferred upon me by Order in Council P.C. 2448 of April 8, 1941, Paragraphs 2 and 4, the undersigned hereby orders:

1. That the following commodities be exempted from requiring an export permit when shipped from Canada to the United States:—

Group 6—Non-Ferrous Metals and Their Products

Cobalt—Cobalt ores and concentrates, residues, metal and alloys (including stellite), salts and compounds.

Group 7—Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products

Grindstones of natural abrasives.
Mica scrap and waste.
Porcelain insulators.
Pumice, calcareous tufa, pumice stone and lava.

2. That Regulation 43 of the Export Permit Regulations of September 1, 1943, be amended by the addition thereto of the following:—

> "If purchases by United States tourists are forwarded to the United States by freight or express, or by any mode of transportation other than with the departing tourist, the Export Entry Form B-13 should be endorsed "bona fide tourist purchase", and be accompanied by a United States Customs Declaration Form 6059 or Form 3349 properly endorsed, in order that the goods may be allowed to proceed without an export permit."

3. That this Order come into force and have effect on and after September 15, 1943.

JAS. A. MacKINNON,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

639

VOLUME III, No. 12 Sept. 27, 1943

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS
1943

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793
of 26th November, 1942

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1943

Price, 10 cents

SEP 30 1943

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

6797—Employment of soldiers on farms—P.C. 6434 amended (Labour)..... 643
7164—Thiamine Hydrochloride—import permit (Finance)..... 643
7165—S. R. Frost appointed a member of Mobilization Board, Division B (Labour)..... 644
7167—Radio-active substances, Yukon Territory, reserved to the Crown (Mines and Resources)..... 644
7168—Radio-active substances, Northwest Territories, reserved to the Crown (Mines and Resources)..... 645
7202—Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations amended (Munitions and Supply). 645
7220—Emile Collette appointed member of the Regional War Labour Board, Quebec (Labour)..... 646
7249—Citrus fruit rinds and certain pickled and preserved fruits deleted from Schedule One, War Exchange Conservation Act (Finance)..... 646
7254—Levy of a surcharge authorized on flour and wheat products sold to ships clearing from Canadian ports (Trade and Commerce)..... 647
7257—Vanilla beans, import permit (Finance)..... 648
7260—National Selective Service Civilian Regulations amended (Labour)..... 648
7261—Coal delivery man—definition in P.C. 6632, September 7, 1943 amended (Labour). 649
41/7263—Retail purchase tax—exemption *re* goods received as donations for sale (Finance). 650
102/7263—Civilian claims against the Crown involving Members of the Armed Forces; P.C. 6879, November 28, 1940, amended (National Defence)..... 650
7264—J. A. Bell appointed member, National War Labour Board (Labour)..... 651
7324—Acquisition of buildings in various cities for conversion into multiple housing units (Finance)..... 651

PART II

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

National Revenue—

W.M. No. 39 Sixth Revision Supplement No. 1 Export permits—Commodities listed... 653
W.M. No. 39 Sixth Revision Supplement No. 2 Export Permit—Regulations..... 654
W.M. No. 61 Second Revision—Iron and steel containers..... 654
W.M. No. 66 Supplement No. 3—Export of cattle..... 655
W.M. No. 83 Revision—Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order 1942 (amended)..... 655
Series D. No. 47 T.C. 126 revision—fresh fruit and vegetables..... 658
T.C. 135 gasoline anti-oxidants..... 659
T.C. 136 apple, cherry and plum trees..... 659

PART III

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

(Finance)

Government Notice R.S.—1

Repayment of subsidies..... 661
Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd.

Board Orders—

No. 308—Rationed Foods..... 663
No. 314—Maximum prices of potatoes..... 690
No. 318—Transportation of goods..... 690

Administrators' Orders—

A-843—New Construction Machinery and Equipment..... 691
A-845—Used Industrial and Construction equipment..... 697
A-860—Metal Containers and closures..... 702
A-874—Maximum prices of fresh peaches, pears and plums..... 713
A-879—Bread and bakery products..... 717
A-883—Conversion of certain real property in Toronto, Ont..... 717
A-884—Broom corn..... 718
A-885—Maximum prices for ice in the Ottawa-Hull district..... 719
A-886—Manufacture of Crown cork closures for soft drinks..... 720
A-888—Conversion of real property known as 130 South Drive, and 316 Bloor St., W., Toronto..... 720
A-889—Meal and animal products for feeding purposes..... 721

643

PART I

Orders in Council

Order in Council amending P.C. 6434 (employment of soldiers on farms)

P.C. 6797

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Wednesday, the 15th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 6434 of August 13, 1943, provision was made for the employment of soldiers detailed for farm service on terms therein prescribed:

And whereas it is deemed expedient to modify such terms of employment as hereinafter set out:

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to amend the said Order in Council and it is hereby amended by revoking subsection one of section seven thereof and substituting therefor the following:

> "7. (1) Except for such days or parts thereof as rain or inclement weather prevents such person from utilizing the soldier's services, any person to whom a soldier is assigned for farm service shall pay remuneration in respect of the services of the soldier for each week day during which the soldier is assigned to perform such services the following rates in accordance with the place where the soldier is assigned to perform such farm service, namely:
>
> > four dollars for each week day or part thereof, in any part of Canada west of the dividing line between Military Districts No. 2 and No. 10; three dollars and fifty cents for each week day or part thereof in the Province of Ontario east of the dividing line between Military Districts No. 2 and No. 10; three dollars for each week day or part thereof in the Provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island
>
> or at such revised rates for each week day or part thereof as the Minister may, after consultation with the Government of the Province in which the soldier is assigned and the Minister of National Defence, fix as the rate to be paid in that province or any part thereof."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council prohibiting importation of Thiamine Hydrochloride except under licence

P.C. 7164

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Wednesday, the 15th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas the Controller of Chemicals requests that the importation of Thiamine Hydrochloride (Vitamin B_1) be controlled by permit in order to facilitate the enforcement of regulations controlling its distribution in Canada;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order that the importation of Thiamine Hydrochloride (Vitamin B_1) into Canada be and it is hereby prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing S. R. Frost a member of Mobilization Board in Administrative Division B

P.C. 7165

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTWA

Wednesday, the 15th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas Sub-section 1 of Section 8 of the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations (P.C. 10924 of December 1st, 1942, as later amended) provides that "There shall be a board for each division which shall be known as the Mobilization Board for the Division, and shall consist of such members as the Governor in Council shall appoint";

And whereas the Minister of Labour reports that it is advisable to appoint a further member to the Mobilization Board in Division "B";

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint S. R. Frost, Esquire, of the City of Toronto, in the County of York, in the Province of Ontario, a further member of the Mobilization Board in Administrative Division "B".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council reserving to the Crown radio-active substances, Yukon Territory

P.C. 7167

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Wednesday, the 15th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas the Yukon Quartz Mining Act, Chapter 217, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, provides for the disposal of Quartz Mining Claims within the Yukon Territory by entry or lease;

And whereas the Minister of Mines and Resources reports that it is desirable to reserve to the Crown in right of Canada all radio-active substances which may occur in minerals found in, upon or under the lands included in any entry or lease granted under the said Act.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Mines and Resources, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased, notwithstanding anything contained in the Yukon Quartz Mining Act, Chapter 217, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and amendments thereto, to order that all radio-active substances which may occur in minerals found in, upon or under the lands included in any entry or lease shall henceforth be and they are hereby reserved to the Crown in right of Canada and the rights to the same shall be excepted from any entry or lease hereafter granted, such reservation to be effective immediately.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council reserving to the Crown radio-active substances, Northwest Territories

P.C. 7168

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Section 130 of the Regulations for the Disposal of Quartz Mining Claims on Dominion Lands in the Northwest Territories, approved by Order in Council P.C. 507, dated the 4th day of March, 1932, effective from the 2nd April, 1932, reads as follows:—

> "130. The Governor in Council reserves the right to make such additional regulations from time to time as may appear to be necessary or expedient in the public interest, governing the development and operation of any mineral claim or mine acquired under these regulations in which, in the opinion of the Minister, ores containing radio-active elements occur in sufficient quantity for extraction, also regulations governing the production and conservation of such ores and the elimination of waste;"

And whereas the Minister of Mines and Resources reports that it is desirable to reserve to the Crown in right of Canada all radio-active substances which may occur in minerals found in, upon or under the lands included in any entry or lease granted under the said regulations.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Mines and Resources, and under the authority of the Dominion Lands Act and the War Measures Act, is pleased, notwithstanding anything contained in the Regulations for the Disposal of Quartz Mining Claims on Dominion Lands in the Northwest Territories, to order that all radio-active substances which may occur in minerals found in, upon or under the lands included in any entry or lease shall henceforth be and they are hereby reserved to the Crown in right of Canada and the rights to the same shall be excepted from any entry or lease hereafter granted, such reservation to be effective immediately.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations

P.C. 7202

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas Order in Council P.C. 4660 of July 16, 1943 amended the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations established by Order in Council P.C. 6835 of August 29, 1941, by *inter alia,* adding Section 25 to the said Regulations;

And whereas the Minister of Munitions and Supply reports that a typographical error was made in the said Section in that the word "of" before the word "having" in the following phrase "or enter into any transaction or arrangement designed for the purpose of having the effect of evading any order or these Regulations" should have read "or"; and

That the said Section 25 should be amended accordingly;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and under the authority of the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, is pleased to amend Section 25 of the Wartime Industries Control Board Regulations established by Order in Council P.C. 6835 of August 29, 1941, as amended, and it is hereby further amended by deleting from the said section the word "of" where it appears before the word "having" in the phrase "or enter into any transaction or arrangement designed for the purpose of having the effect of evading any order or these Regulations" and by substituting therefor the word "or".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing E. Collette a member of the Regional War Labour Board for the Province of Quebec

P.C. 7220

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, is pleased to accept the resignation of Mr. Francois Faure, Vice-President, Consolidated Paper Corporation Limited, Montreal, P.Q., as a member of the Regional War Labour Board for the Province of Quebec.

His Excellency in Council, on the same recommendation, is further pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. Emile Collette, Vice-President and General Manager of Associated Textiles of Canada, Limited, Montreal, P.Q., to be a member of the said Board as representing employers, in place of the said Mr. Francois Faure.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council deleting citrus fruit rinds and certain pickled and preserved fruits from Schedule One of the War Exchange Conservation Act

P.C. 7249

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the citrus fruit rinds and pickled or preserved fruits specified hereunder, being enumerated in Part One of Schedule One to the War Exchange Conservation Act, 1940, are prohibited importation from countries outside the sterling area;

And whereas the Foods Administration of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board represents that imports of the said goods from countries outside the sterling area are required in order to relieve the shortage of marmalades, jams, and preserved fruits as much as possible;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Part One of Schedule One to the War Exchange Conservation Act, 1940, and it is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the following Items:—

Tariff Item Number	*Description*
105a	Lemon, orange, grapefruit and citron rinds, sulphured or in brine.
105b	Olives, and cherries, sulphured or in brine, not bottled.
105c	Fruits and nuts, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil or any other manner, n.o.p.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council authorizing levy of a surcharge on flour and wheat products sold to ships clearing from Canadian ports

P.C. 7254

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas The Canadian Wheat Board has been authorized to make payments to flour millers and manufacturers of wheat products according to the quantity of Western wheat estimated to have been used in the manufacture of such products sold in Canada and at a rate equal to the differences between the monthly average price estimated to have been paid by such manufacturers for No. 1 Northern Wheat in store Fort William/Port Arthur and at a price for the same grade of wheat in the same position determined as being appropriate to the maximum price for flour;

And Whereas no such payment is authorized to be made in respect to flour and wheat products exported from Canada;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that it appears that flour and wheat products sold to ships clearing from Canadian ports to any foreign port or for the high seas are in effect exported and it is necessary to recover a proportionate part of the said payment by the levy of a surcharge;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under the authority of The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to make and doth hereby make the following regulations, the said regulations to be effective notwithstanding any law or statute to the contrary.

REGULATIONS

1. *Interpretation.*—Words and expressions used in these Regulations shall be given the same meaning as is accorded to such words and expressions when used in Order No. 226 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board;

2. The Canadian Wheat Board is empowered to assess, levy and collect from each seller to whom Section 4 of the said Order is applicable, in respect to each such sale, a surcharge to be fixed by the Board;

3. These Regulations have been and shall be operative notwithstanding any statute or law to the contrary unless and so far as the same be excepted herein and shall be deemed to have been operative since the 1st day of May, 1943.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council prohibiting importation of Vanilla Beans except under licence

P.C. 7257

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Wartime Prices and Trade Board requests that the importation of vanilla beans be made subject to permit in order to complement arrangements for the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation to bulk purchase Canada's requirements from the United Kingdom Ministry of Food;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to order that the importation into Canada of vanilla beans be, and it is hereby prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by, or on behalf of, the Minister of National Revenue.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations

P.C. 7260

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that by reason of the war it is necessary for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada and for the efficient prosecution of the war, to amend the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206 Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and the National Resources Mobilization Act, 1940, is pleased to amend the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, (Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19, 1943) as amended, and they are hereby further amended as follows:

Sub-sections (2), (3), (4) and (5) of Section 210 are revoked and the following Sub-sections are substituted therefor immediately following Sub-section (1):

> "(2) A Selective Service Officer, may, in accordance with principles and directions set out in instructions given by the Minister, by Order in writing direct any male person, who, having been served with a notice or order under The National War Services Regulations, 1940 (Recruits), requiring him to submit himself for medical examination or an "Order-Medical Examination" under the National Selective Service Mobilization Regulations, and who, having been medically examined pursuant to such notice or order and who because of his physical condition is not, for the time being, required to report for military training nor for special duty in the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to accept and enter specified employment at the expiration of seven days after the date of such direction, or immediately, if the person is not employed at the date of such direction;

"(3) A Selective Service Officer may, in accordance with principles and directions set out in instructions given by the Minister, by order in writing direct any person, to whose employment an Order made by the Minister under Sub-section (1) or (2) of this Section applies, to apply forthwith for specified employment which in the opinion of the Selective Service Officer is suitable, to accept such employment if it is offered to him and to enter such employment forthwith upon the termination of his present employment; and Sub-sections (3), (5) and (6) of Section 209 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* as if enacted in this Section;

"(4) A Selective Service Officer shall not, under Sub-section (2) of this Section, direct any person to apply for employment which is available in consequence of a stoppage of work due to a labour dispute;

"(5) If any person refuses to comply with an order of a Selective Service Officer made under Sub-section (2) or (3) of this Section, the Selective Service Officer shall forward the name and address of such person to the Alternative Service Officer as defined in Section 250 of these Regulations, and such person shall be deemed to be a person to whom Part IIA of these Regulations applies and may be required to perform Alternative Service within the meaning of the said Part IIA in like manner as any other person for whom Alternative Service may be prescribed under the said Part IIA; provided, however, that the provisions of Section 252 shall not be applicable to such person.

"(6) For the purposes of this Section "Minister" includes any senior officer appointed under these Regulations and designated by the Minister to exercise the powers conferred on him by this Section."

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending definition of Coal-Delivery Man in P.C. 6632, September 7th, 1943

P.C. 7261

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Labour reports that it is expedient to amend the definition of "coal delivery-man" contained in Order in Council P.C. 6632 of September 7, 1943;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Labour, and under the authority of the War Measures Act and the National Resources Mobilization Act, is pleased to amend subsection (*b*) of section one of Order in Council P.C. 6632 of September 7, 1943, and it is hereby amended by adding the words "in the unloading, storing or distribution thereof" after the words "in physically handling coal".

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council providing for exemption from payment of retail purchase tax of goods received as donations for sale

P.C. 41/7263

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 17th September, 1943.

The Board recommend, under the provisions of Section 3 of the War Measures Act, that authority be granted, within the discretion of the Minister of National Revenue, for exemption from payment of the Retail Purchase Tax in respect of goods received as donations for sale solely to raise funds for war charities authorized under The War Charities Act.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending P.C. 6879, 28th November, 1940 (Civilian claims against the Crown involving the Armed Forces)

P.C. 102/7263

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 17th September, 1943.

The Board had under consideration the following memorandum from the Honourable the Associate Minister of National Defence:

"The undersigned has the honour to state that the Deputy Minister (Army) reports

(*a*) That Regulations governing civilian claims against the Crown in the Right of the Dominion of Canada involving the Canadian Active Service Force and the Royal Canadian Air Force, in Iceland, Newfoundland, and the West Indies, were authorized by Order-in-Council P.C. 6879, dated 28th November, 1940. Paragraph 7 thereof provides that

> 'In the event that a claimant is entitled to receive compensation from an insurance company for the damages he has suffered, any claim either by the claimant or by the insurance company will be rejected, save and except that if in the case of collision insurance, the insurance contract of the claimant provides for a sum to be payable by the claimant in respect of each claim, the claim for compensation may be considered up to but not exceeding the amount so payable by the claimant as provided in his policy';

(*b*) that several cases have occurred in this connection and dissatisfaction has arisen with the result that litigation is threatened, as it is considered that the Crown should not benefit by the insurance effected by the civilian and for which no consideration has been given by the Crown;

(*c*) that the General Officer Commanding Canadian Troops in Newfoundland advises that a considerable amount of ill will and bad feeling arises between the civilian claimants and the Dominion Government or alternatively the Canadian Army in Newfoundland in consequence thereof;

(*d*) that it is deemed advisable that the settlement of claims against the Crown in Iceland, Newfoundland and the West Indies should be effected in the same manner and on the same basis as claims against the Crown in Canada and the United Kingdom.

2. The Deputy Minister of National Defence (Army) therefore recommends that Order in Council P.C. 6879, dated 28th November, 1940, be amended by deleting paragraph 7 of the Regulations made by the said Order in Council.

3. The Minister of National Defence for Air, the Minister of National Defence for Naval Services and the undersigned concur in the foregoing recommendation of the Deputy Minister, and the undersigned submits the same for approval."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council appointing J. A. Bell a member, pro tempore, of the National War Labour Board

P.C. 7264

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 16th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas a vacancy exists in the membership of the National War Labour Board following the termination of the appointment of Mr. J. L. Cohen, K.C., pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 7143 of September 9, 1943;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, is pleased to appoint and doth hereby appoint Mr. J. A. Bell, of Toronto, Ontario, Chairman of the General Committee of Adjustment, Order of Railroad Telegraphers, C.P.R. (Eastern Lines) to be a member pro tempore of the National War Labour Board to fill the vacancy thus created therein, the said J. A. Bell to be paid fees at the rate of twenty-five dollars per diem while so employed together with his actual and necessary living and travelling expenses while absent from his place of residence at Toronto in the discharge of his duties as a member of the National War Labour Board.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council re acquisition of buildings in various cities for conversion into multiple housing units

P.C. 7324

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 20th day of SEPTEMBER, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports that as a result of the influx of population since the commencement of the present war into the cities of Windsor and Sarnia in the Province of Ontario; the City of Halifax in the Province of Nova Scotia; the Cities of Moncton and Saint John in the Province of New Brunswick; and the Cities of Edmonton and Calgary in the Province of Alberta; and districts contiguous to each of the said cities there exists an acute shortage of housing accommodation in the said cities;

That there are available in the said districts large dwelling houses capable of being subdivided into multiple dwellings thus creating additional housing units at a minimum cost; and

That it is expedient and necessary for the relief of the housing situation in the said districts and for the furtherance of the war effort that His Majesty the King in the right of Canada lease suitable buildings from their owners and convert the same into multiple housing units to be sublet to suitable tenants;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. The Minister of Finance (hereinafter called the Minister) on behalf of His Majesty the King, is hereby authorized to acquire by way of lease from the owners thereof suitable buildings (hereinafter referred to as the buildings) located in the Cities of Windsor, Sarnia, Halifax, Moncton, Saint John, Edmonton and Calgary, and municipalities contiguous thereto, for the purpose of converting the said buildings into multiple housing units.

2. The terms of the lease of each of the buildings shall be for a period of five years, with the privilege of the Minister renewing the said leases for a further period of three years, but subject to the proviso that the said Minister may at any time cancel the said lease upon thirty days' notice.

3. The total monthly rental payable by the Minister for any of the buildings so leased shall not exceed in each case one per centum of the appraised value of the property before conversion, plus one-twelfth of the increase in annual municipal real estate taxes occasioned by the conversion of the said property.

4. The Minister may enter into contracts for rebuilding, remodelling, reconditioning, rehabilitating, converting, changing or altering the buildings, provided that the average estimated cost of construction for units created in any one building shall not exceed the sum of $1,500 per unit, and provided further that the total amount of the liability of the Minister under all such contracts in the Cities of Windsor and Sarnia and contiguous municipalities, shall not together exceed the sum of $250,000, provided further that the total amount of the liability of the Minister under all such contracts in the Cities of Halifax, Moncton and Saint John and contiguous municipalities, shall not together exceed the sum of $250,000 and provided further that the total amount of the liability of the Minister under all such contracts in the Cities of Edmonton and Calgary and contiguous municipalities, shall not together exceed $250,000.

5. The said contracts shall be either for a stipulated sum or upon the cost plus a fixed fee basis.

6. The Minister may employ such appraisers, architects, builders and other assistants as are necessary to implement this Order and may purchase or rent all equipment and accommodation necessary to carry out the provisions of this Order.

7. The Minister may sublet to suitable tenants at reasonable rentals the housing units so created in the buildings, provided that the term of any sub-lease granted by the Minister shall not exceed a period of one year, and provided further that the sub-lease shall be subject to the right of cancellation by the Minister as is contained in the lease by which the Minister is seized of the building.

8. The rentals received by the Minister from the tenants of the housing units shall be deposited in the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

9. Upon the expiration or the cancellation of the leases the said buildings shall be returned by the Minister to the owners in their then existing condition.

10. All rents for the said buildings and all costs and expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this Order shall be paid out of moneys appropriated by Parliament to carry out measures deemed necessary in consequence of the existence of a state of war.

11. The Director of Housing may, on behalf of the Minister of Finance and in accordance with the foregoing provisions, sublet the housing units created pursuant to this Order and may execute on behalf of the said Minister all sub-leases to lessees of the said housing units.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 39

Sixth Revision

Supplement No. 1

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 14th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permits

Effective on and after September 15, 1943, P.C. 7116 (9/9/43), the following are added to the list of commodities requiring an export permit before being shipped from Canada to any destination:

Group 2.—*Animals and animal products*
- Buttermilk, liquid.
- Whey, liquid.
- Pike, other than pickerel, fresh or frozen, filleted or not.

Group 4.—*Wood, wood products and paper*
- Wood fuel in the form of cordwood or slabwood.

(Note.—With regard to the third item, Pike, that "Pickerel, fresh or frozen, filleted or not" already requires an export permit (see page 22, Sixth Revision, Export Permit Regulations, Fish and fishery products). The addition of the above item, "Pike, other than pickerel, fresh or frozen, filleted or not", completes export control over all varieties of Pike).

The following commodities are exempted from requiring an export permit when shipped to the United States:

Group 6.—*Non-ferrous metals and their products*
- Cobalt—Cobalt ores and concentrates, residues, metal and alloys (including stellite), salts and compounds.

Group 7.—*Non-metallic minerals and their products*
- Grindstones of natural abrasives.
- Mica scrap and waste.
- Porcelain insulators.
- Pumice, calcareous tufa, pumice stone and lava.

(Note.—The first item, "Grindstones of natural abrasives," is one of the items listed under the general heading "Abrasives", on Page 28, Sixth Revision, Export Permit Regulations.)

All the foregoing changes are effective on and after September 15, 1943.

Regulation 43 of the Export Permit Regulations of September 1, 1943, has been amended by the addition thereto of the following:—

> "If purchases by United States tourists are forwarded to the United States by freight or express, or by any mode of transportation other than with the departing tourist, the Export Entry Form B-13 should be endorsed "bona fide tourist pur-

chase", and be accompanied by a United States Customs Declaration Form 6059 or Form 3349 properly endorsed, in order that the goods may be allowed to proceed without an export permit."

WM 39, Fourth Revision, Supplement No. 2 is cancelled.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

WM No. 39

Sixth Revision

Supplement No. 2

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 16th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export Permit Regulations

With the publication of Memorandum WM 39, Sixth Revision, and the accompanying Sixth Revision of the Export Permit Regulations issued by the Department of Trade and Commerce, all previous memoranda, revisions and supplements bearing number WM 39 were cancelled.

All regulations of the Export Permit Branch of the Department of Trade and Commerce are now contained in WM 39, Sixth Revision, and its supplements.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

WM No. 61

Second Revision

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 16th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

In view of the general shortage of iron or steel containers for miscellaneous products due to war conditions, the Department has ruled that, until otherwise determined, such containers when imported filled or empty may be entered free of duty and taxes, provided a like quantity of similar containers in a usable condition has previously been exported from Canada, and the following conditions are complied with:—

1. They must be exported from Canada under Customs supervision, and must be covered by an export entry, showing the quantity, size and type of the different containers exported.

2. A quantity, not exceeding the number of each size and type of container exported, may be imported, provided they are invoiced to the Canadian exporter. A certificate shall be placed on the face of the import entry that no drawback or refund of duty paid on the exported containers or the materials used in their manufacture has been or will be claimed.

In order to facilitate the entry at Customs of any containers imported under the provisions of this Memorandum, they should be entered at the Customs port through which the export entry was made whenever possible. Otherwise, the matter should be referred to the Department with all particulars.

A satisfactory record must be kept by the Collector showing complete details of all containers exported and imported.

With respect to containers of goods exported from Canada as ships' stores, Form K.36A may be considered as constituting "an export entry" for the purpose of this Memorandum.

This ruling does not apply to containers referred to in Tariff Item 709 which may continue to be entered in accordance with the regulations in Memorandum Series D No. 49, TMR 1 (Revised).

Memorandum WM No. 61 (Revised) is hereby superseded.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

WM No. 66

Supplement No. 3

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS DIVISION)

OTTAWA, 15th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Export of Cattle

Referring to Memorandum WM No. 66 and Supplements Nos. 1 and 2 thereto, the Department is now advised that it is not now the policy of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to grant licences to individual exporters, and, consequently, you should inform prospective cattle shippers that it will not be possible to obtain an export licence from the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

The regulations in the memorandum and supplements referred to are still in effect, except that export permits are not now being issued.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

WM No. 83

(Revised)

MEMORANDUM

(CUSTOMS AND EXCISE)

OTTAWA, September 14, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise and others concerned:

Herewith is published for your information and guidance the "Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942" (as amended). This revision supersedes Memorandum WM No. 83 and Supplement 2 thereto; Supplement No. 1 is still in effect.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister.

(P.C. 11374, 16/12/42—Authority, War Measures Act) (Amended by P.C. 1458, 26/2/43; P.C. 97/5610, 15/7/43, and P.C. 7083, 7/9/43.)

ORDER

1. This order may be cited as the "Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order, 1942" (Amended).

2. In this order, unless the context otherwise requires:—

(*a*) "distiller" means any person licenced under or in pursuance of the Excise Act, 1934, to manufacture or produce spirits;

(*b*) "enter for consumption" has the same meaning as in the Customs Act;
(*c*) "Minister" means the Minister of National Revenue;
(*d*) "person" shall include His Majesty in right of any province in Canada or any governmental department, board, commission, or agency on his behalf;
(*e*) "spirits" means all potable distillate produced by a distiller, and includes alcoholic beverages commonly known as whisky, brandy, rum, gin, cocktails and liqueurs;
(*f*) the words "beer", "brewer" and "proof spirits" shall have the same meaning respectively as set forth in the Excise Act, 1934;
(*g*) "wine" means any alcoholic beverage, the product of the natural or induced fermentation of fruit agricultural products or any saccharine material fermented alone or in any combination without any process of distillation.

PART I

3. No person lawfully engaged in the purchase and resale of spirits in Canada shall accept delivery from Canadian distillers during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three, or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war, of spirits in excess of seventy per centum of the quantity in proof gallons of which such person took delivery from such distillers during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two, but nothing herein contained shall restrict any such person to accepting delivery from any one distiller of a quantity in proof gallons equal to seventy per centum of the quantity of which such person accepted delivery from such distiller during the period of twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

4. The quantity in gallons of imported proof spirits which any person enters for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three, or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war, shall not exceed seventy per centum of the quantity in proof gallons which such person entered for consumption during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

5. The quantity in gallons of wine which any manufacturer thereof in Canada sells, offers to sell, supplies or delivers for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three, or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war, shall not exceed eighty per centum of the quantity in gallons which such manufacturer sold, supplied and delivered for such consumption during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

6. The quantity in gallons of imported wine which any person enters for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three, or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war, shall not exceed eighty per centum of the quantity in gallons which such person entered for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

7. The quantity in gallons of beer which any brewer in Canada sells, offers to sell, supplies or delivers for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three, or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war, shall not exceed ninety per centum of the quantity in gallons which such brewer sold, supplied and delivered for such consumption during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

8. The quantity in gallons of imported beer which any person enters for consumption in Canada during the twelve months ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-three, or any year thereafter during the continuation of the present war, shall not exceed ninety per centum of the quantity in gallons which such person entered for consumption in Canada during the twelve months' period ending the thirty-first day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-two.

9. No person shall sell, offer to sell, supply or deliver any spirits of an alcoholic strength greater than seventy per centum proof spirits (thirty per centum under proof) except spirits which are out of bond or bottled prior to the 17th day of December, 1942.

10. No person in Canada shall distill spirits for use in fortifying wines.

11. Nothing in this Part shall be deemed to affect the importation of any goods, to which this Part is applicable under items 157, 157b, 703(b), 706 and 707 of the Customs Tariff, or by any distiller, licensed under the Excise Act, for blending purposes.

PART II

12. (1) No person shall, for the purpose of promoting the sale of spirits, wine or beer or of creating or establishing goodwill or other benefit or advantage,

(*a*) publish an advertisement of any spirits, wine or beer;

(*b*) publish an advertisement of himself as a distiller, manufacturer or brewer of spirits, wine or beer or as a person who sells spirits, wine or beer; or

(*c*) publish an advertisement of any person as a distiller, manufacturer or brewer of spirits, wine or beer or as a person who sells spirits, wine or beer:

Provided that every such advertisement (except an advertisement which, in the opinion of the Minister, is in the public interest or the legal, financial or other reasonable needs of the distiller, manufacturer, brewer or seller requires to be published) in respect of which expense is incurred by or on behalf of any such distiller, manufacturer, brewer or seller shall be deemed to have been published for the purpose of promoting the sale of spirits, wine or beer or of creating or establishing goodwill or other benefit or advantage.

(2) No person lawfully manufacturing spirits, wine or beer is, by reason of subsection one of this section, prohibited from publishing on the container of spirits, wine or beer manufactured by him information with regard thereto and with regard to himself as manufacturer thereof.

(3) No person lawfully selling spirits, wine or beer is, by reason of subsection one of this section, prohibited from publishing information regarding such spirits, wine or beer in the place where it may lawfully be sold.

(4) No person is, by reason of subsection one of this section, prohibited from selling or distributing in Canada, in the ordinary course of his business, books, newspapers or magazines lawfully imported into Canada.

PART III

13. (1) Any peron who contravenes any of the provisions of this Order shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction under Part XV of the Criminal Code, or, if the Attorney General of Canada so directs, upon indictment to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

(2) Any officer of any company or corporation, or of any department of government, board, commission or agency on behalf of His Majesty the King in right of any province of Canada who performs any act which contravenes the provisions of this Order, or who aids or abets any person in any such contravention, or any director of any company or corporation who assents to or acquiesces in any such contravention by such company or corporation shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) No prosecution of any offence under this Order shall be commenced except with written leave of the Attorney General of Canada.

(4) A prosecution under Part XV of the Criminal Code for any offence under this Order may be commenced at any time within twelve months from the time of its commission.

(5) Any spirits, wine or beer, produced, distilled, imported, purchased, sold, supplied or delivered in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order may (in addition to any other penalty which may be imposed on any person or to which any person may be subject with relation to such offence and whether or not any prosecu-

tion in relation thereto has been commenced), be seized and detained by such person or persons as the Minister may by writing authorize and shall be liable to forfeiture and may be forfeited at the instance of the Minister.

14. (1) The Minister may grant such exemption from any of the provisions of this Order as he may deem proper.

(2) Any exemption granted by the Minister under the provisions of subsection one shall be in writing signed by him and the same may be granted unconditionally or may be limited in its terms or be conditional in such manner and to such extent as he may, in his discretion, see fit.

(3) Whenever according to the terms of any exemption from any of the provisions of this Order granted by the Minister under this section spirits, wine or beer mentioned in such exemption is authorized to be sold and supplied, the sale and supply thereof in accordance with the terms of the permit shall not be deemed to constitute a breach of any of the provisions of this Order.

15. The Minister may prescribe such regulations as he considers necessary for the purpose of administering the provisions of this Order.

16. Part two of this Order shall come into force on the first day of February, 1943, and all other provisions of this Order shall come into force on the 17th day of December, 1942.

Series D No. 47

T. C. 126

Revised

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 14th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

Effective 22nd June, 1943, it is ordered that imports of the fresh fruit and vegetables described hereunder be exempt from the war exchange tax and the special excise tax:—

Tariff Item No.	*Goods*
83	Potatoes, as hereunder defined:—
	(*a*) in their natural state
84	Onions, in their natural state, including onions grown with tops, shallots, and onion sets
ex 87	Vegetables, fresh, in their natural state:
	(*b*) Beans, green
	(*d*) Cabbage
	(*e*) Carrots
	(*g*) Celery
	(*i*) Lettuce
	(*k*) Peas, green
	(*m*) Spinach
	(*n*) Tomatoes
97	Plantains, pineapples, pomegranates, guavas and mangoes
100	Grape fruit, when imported from the place of growth by ship, direct to a Canadian port
100a	Grape fruit, n.o.p.
101a	Lemons.

Memorandum Series D 47, T.C. 126 is hereby cancelled.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 7078, 9/9/43; Authority War Measures Act.)

Series D No. 47

T. C. 135

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 14th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

Effective September 1, 1943, it is ordered that the undermentioned products be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated:

Gasoline anti-oxidants when imported by manufacturers of gasoline for use exclusively in the production of gasoline in their own plants:

British Preferential Tariff	15 p.c.
Intermediate Tariff	20 p.c.
General Tariff	25 p.c.

(To be designated as Tariff Item 716.)

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 7079, 9/9/43; Authority, War Measures Act)

Series D No. 47

T. C. 136

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 14th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

Tariff Change by Order in Council

During the period of October 5 to October 15, 1943, it is ordered that imports of apple, cherry and plum trees be accorded the Tariff treatment hereunder indicated:

Apple, cherry and plum trees—

British Preferential Tariff	Free
Intermediate Tariff	3 cts. each
General Tariff	3 cts. each

(To be designated as Tariff Item 80a).

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue,
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 7080, 9/9/43; Authority War Measures Act.)

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE RS-1

Respecting Repayment of Subsidies

Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd.

September 1, 1943

Take notice that the classes and kinds of goods described hereunder have been and are hereby designated as "subsidized goods" for the purposes of Order in Council P.C. 5518 of July 16, 1943, respecting repayment of subsidies. Further take notice that the amounts of subsidy involved in such classes and kinds of goods have been and are hereby determined, declared and specified to be the amounts respectively described opposite such classes and kinds of goods as follows:—

CLASSES AND KIND OF GOODS	AMOUNT OF SUBSIDY REPAYMENT
1. Crude Oil and Petroleum Products	
(*a*) Fuel Oil and Asphalt	$2.73 per barrel
(*b*) Gasoline and other White Products	7.8c per gallon (Imperial)

	Per dozen cans					
2. Canned Vegetables	16oz.	20oz.	26oz.	28oz.	48oz.	105oz.
(a) Tomatoes—Fancy, Choice or Standard				13c		46c
(b) Tomato Juice—Fancy or Choice		3½c	4½c	4½c	7c	14c
(*c*) Peas—all sieves and ungraded Fancy, Choice or Standard	5c	5c				17c
(*d*) Corn—Fancy, Choice or Standard	5c	5c				19c
(*e*) Green and Wax Beans—Fancy, Choice or Standard	15c	15c				65c

	Per Dozen Metal or Glass Containers			
3. Canned Fruit	16 oz.	20 oz.	28 oz.	105 oz.
(*a*) Canned Peaches	50c	58c	85c	$3.20
(*b*) Canned Bartlett Pears	45c	50c	70c	$2.60
(*c*) Canned Clapp-Favorite and Flemish Pears	39c	43c	58c	$1.70
(*d*) Canned Kieffer Pears	33c	35c	48c	$1.30
(*e*) Canned Plums	31c	35c	50c	$1.28
(*f*) Canned Prune Plums	41c	45c	63c	$1.78

4. Jams, Jellies and Marmalade	
(*a*) Peach Jam	2c per pound (12 fluid oz.)
(*b*) Plum Jam	2c per pound (12 fluid oz.)
(*c*) All others	1c per pound (12 fluid oz.)
5. Leather Gloves, Mitts, Garments, Helmets, Caps and Moccasins	*On being exported*—the actual amount of subsidy paid on the leather content.
6. Cocoa Products	
(*a*) Cocoa Powder	1c per pound
(*b*) Chocolate and Chocolate confectionery products	½c per pound
(*c*) Cocoa Butter	2c per pound
(*d*) Expeller Cake	½c per pound

7. Dried Fruits	*On being exported—*
(*a*) Raisins and Currants	3c per pound
(*b*) Prunes	3c per pound
(*c*) Apricots	3c per pound
(*d*) Peaches	3c per pound
8. Canned Soup	10% of invoice value

	Per dozen cans		
	10 oz.	16 oz.	Other sizes
9. Canned Pork and Beans	10c	15c	1c per oz.

10. Rice	
(*a*) Broken	2c per pound
(*b*) Whole	3c per pound
11. Spices	
(*a*) Cinnamon	15% of invoice value
(*b*) Allspice (pimento)	" " "
(*c*) Ginger	" " "
(*d*) Nutmegs	" " "
(*e*) Mace	" " "
(*f*) Black Pepper	" " "
12. Maple Products	
(*a*) Maple Syrup	
(i) Bulk or in tin	1c per pound
(ii) Bottled	4c per pound
(*b*) Maple Sugar	1-4/10c per pound
13. Soap and Shortening	*On being exported—* actual subsidy paid on the constituent oils and fats. *On being sold for ships' stores—* 10% of invoice value
14. Rubber Goods	21c per pound of rubber content.
15. Molasses	
(*a*) Barbadoes	7c per gallon (Imperial)
(*b*) All other classes	2½c per gallon (Imperial)
16. Oranges	65c per case

COMMODITY PRICES STABILIZATION CORPORATION LTD.

per H. B. McKinnon, *President.*

Board Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 308

RATIONED FOODS

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated 1st November, 1941, and amendments,

THE BOARD HEREBY ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

PART I—INTRODUCTION

SECTION 1—*Effective Date and Purpose of Order*

Purpose of Order and effective date.

Rule 1. This Order comes into force on September 2. 1943, and as of that date revokes and replaces the following Board Orders and all amendments of same:

No. 242—Sugar Rationing.
No. 243—Tea and Coffee Rationing.
No. 244—Butter Rationing.
No. 276—Meat Rationing.

Foods Rationing System.

Rule 2. This Order establishes a general system for the rationing of all foods which are declared to be Rationed Foods and deals with their supply, sale, buying and use and consumption in Canada under the system of rationing. This Order does not apply to Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation, Ltd.

Arrangement of the Order.

Rule 3. For convenience the Order is divided into Parts, each one of which deals with a main branch of the system. Each Part is subdivided into Sections containing numbered Rules governing operation of the system in its details. The Schedules to the Order contain particulars of ration coupon values, dates when ration coupons may be used and when they expire and also particulars for suppliers as to replacements of stocks.

SECTION 2—*Present Declaration of Rationed Foods*

Rationed Foods.

Present list.

Rule 1. The following named foods are hereby declared to be Rationed Foods subject to the general system for rationing of foods established by this Order:

A—Sugar.
B—Tea and Coffee, including coffee concentrates and substitutes containing coffee.
C—Butter.
D—Meats—as specified in Meat Table A to the Schedules.
E—Preserves—as specified in Preserves Table C to the Schedules.

Future declarations.

Rule 2. Any food which is by a future Order of the Board declared to be Rationed Food shall, immediately the future Order becomes effective, be subject to the general system for rationing of foods established by this Order.

Application of rationing system to all rationed foods.

Rule 3. The general system for rationing established by this Order applies to and must be observed and followed by all persons with respect to all Rationed Foods and to the obtaining, buying, selling, use, serving and consumption of them.

General definitions.

SECTION 3—*Definitions Effective for all Purposes of this Order*

Consumer.

Rule 1. Consumer —a person by or for whom a Rationed Food is bought or to whom it is served for his personal consumption.

Household

Rule 2. Household —the consumers keeping house together in one place of residence, such as a house, apartment or flat, including a consumer temporarily in the residence as a guest, boarder or servant.

Ration Book.

Rule 3. Ration Book —the book issued by the Board containing sheets of ration coupons necessary to be used in buying Rationed Foods by or for the consumer to whom the book is issued.

Ration card.

Rule 4. Ration Card —the card issued by the Board to which are attached ration coupons necessary to be used in buying Rationed Foods by or for the consumer to whom the card is issued.

Ration coupon.

Rule 5. Ration Coupon —a coupon contained in and attached to a ration book when issued or attached to a ration card when issued. Ration coupon also includes a Canning Sugar Coupon referred to in the Schedules.

Supplier.

Rule 6. Supplier —a person, including a primary producer, importer, manufacturer, processor, wholesaler or retailer, who supplies and sells one or more Rationed Foods and who being a person other than a primary producer is licensed by the Board as provided in Board Order No. 202.

Purchase documents.

Rule 7. Purchase Documents—as defined in Section 2 of Part VI.

PART II—CONSUMER BUYING, USE AND CONSUMPTION

SECTION 1—*Possession of Ration Books, Cards and Coupons*

Property of the Crown.

Rule 1. All ration books, ration cards and ration coupons are and remain the property of His Majesty in right of Canada, no matter in whose possession any of them may be, and every person is accountable to the Board at all times both as to his possession and as to his use of the same.

Surrender may be required.

Rule 2. The Ration Administrator of the Board may require any person to surrender any ration book, ration card or ration coupon in his possession by immediate delivery to the Board.

Possession.

Rule 3. The only ration books or ration cards a consumer may have in his possession and use are his own and those of other consumers of the same household as himself.

Surrender of ration documents other than as permitted.

Rule 4. A consumer who comes into possession of a ration book or ration card other than as permitted by this Order must surrender it immediately to the Board.

Destruction of expired coupons and surrender of other loose coupons.

Rule 5. A consumer must detach from his ration book or ration card and destroy all ration coupons as soon as the same have expired and ceased to be good and valid for use and also if he comes into possession of loose ration coupons he must immediately destroy any which have expired and ceased to be good and valid for use and surrender all other loose ration coupons to the Board.

Duplicate ration documents to be surrendered.

Rule 6. A consumer who comes into possession of more than one ration book of the same issue or more than one ration card, and bearing his name or apparently meant for him, must surrender promptly to the Board all such ration books or ration cards other than the one first issued to him bearing his name. This Rule does not apply to a consumer in respect of a ration card issued to him in special cases as provided in Section 1 of Part VII.

Ration documents of deceased person to be surrendered.

Rule 7. A ration book or ration card issued to a consumer must not after his death be used by anyone in buying Rationed Foods, and the legal representative of the deceased consumer must see that his ration book or ration card is surrendered promptly to the Board.

Ration documents of non-resident to be surrendered.

Rule 8. A ration book or ration card issued to a consumer must not be used by anyone in buying Rationed Foods if he ceases to reside in Canada or if he departs therefrom expecting to remain out of Canada for a period of sixty consecutive days or more. In either case the ration card or ration book of that consumer must be surrendered to the Board and, if the consumer fails to surrender it, any person who comes into possession of the ration book or ration card must promptly surrender it to the Board.

Members of Armed Forces to surrender ration documents.

Rule 9. A Consumer upon becoming a member of the Armed Forces, other than of the Canadian Reserve Army, must immediately surrender his ration book to the Board.

SECTION 2—*Consumer Buying of Rationed Foods*

Buying from supplier only. Buying must be against ration documents.

Rule 1. All Rationed Foods must be obtained only by purchase from a Supplier and be bought only against a ration book or ration card which at the time of buying contains and has attached enough ration coupons then good and valid for use to cover the quantity of the particular Rationed Food bought. This Rule does not apply to or prevent the serving of Rationed Foods in the course of a meal or refreshments.

Times for buying and coupon values.

Rule 2. The times at and during which ration coupons are good and valid for use and at and during which Rationed Foods may be bought against a ration book or ration card and quantity of each Rationed Food which may be bought with each ration coupon must be as specified in the 1st Schedule and not otherwise.

Whose ration documents may be used in buying.

Rule 3. A consumer must buy only against his own ration book or ration card or those of other consumers of the same household as himself.

Surrender of coupons on buying.

Rule 4. At the time of ordering or, if delivery is taken later, at the time of delivery the consumer must from the ration book or ration card against which he is buying detach and surrender to the Supplier or let the Supplier detach and keep enough ration coupons then good and valid for use to cover the quantity bought.

Lodging of ration documents with Supplier.

Rule 5. (*a*) Instead of following Rule 4 of this Section, a consumer may, for safekeeping and convenience in buying, lodge his ration book or ration card or the whole of or the remaining part of a sheet (which includes the stub for the name of the consumer) of ration coupons from the ration book or ration card with any Supplier he chooses to deal with in buying Rationed Foods.

Supplier to detach coupons.

(*b*) When that is done, the Supplier each time he delivers a Rationed Food bought by or for that consumer against his ration book or ration card must detach and keep enough ration coupons to cover the quantity delivered.

Return of ration documents.

(*c*) The consumer may at any time require return of his ration book or ration card or the sheet of ration coupons lodged under this Rule, minus the ration coupons detached under this Rule, and the Supplier must return it on demand.

Use and consumption.

SECTION 3—*Use and Consumption and Serving, etc.*

Sharing among persons in same household.

Rule 1. Consumers of the same household may give or share among themselves and use and consume the Rationed Foods of any of them.

Mutual sharing of Rationed Foods during meals and prohibition of other transactions.

Rule 2. Consumers who are not of the same household may use and consume among them the Rationed Foods of any of them if the use and consumption takes place in the course of a meal or refreshments which they share and have together, but otherwise Rationed Foods may not be supplied or received, sold or bought, lent or borrowed, exchanged or transferred by or between consumers who are not of the same household.

Sending of Rationed Foods to persons in Armed Forces and Merchant Marine and to relatives abroad.

Rule 3. Any consumer may send Rationed Foods bought against his ration book or ration card to any person in the Armed Forces of His Majesty or His Allies serving out of Canada or to any person in the Merchant Marine serving out of Canada or to any relative out of Canada.

Prohibition as to use and consumption, etc.

Rule 4. Rationed Foods bought against a ration book or ration card must not be used and consumed or given, shared, served or sent by any person except as authorized by this Section.

Definitions.

SECTION 4—*Residents in Hotels and Quota Users' Establishments*

Hotel.

Rule 1. *Hotel*—For the purposes of this Section refers to the following establishments,

(*a*) any hotel, whether or not it is the establishment of a Quota User.

(*b*) one declared to be a hotel by the Ration Administrator by notice served personally or by registered mail on the owner, manager or superintendent or other person in charge of the establishment at the time of service.

Quota user.

Rule 2. *Quota User*—For definition see Section 1 of Part IV of this Order.

Resident to deliver ration documents to manager, etc.

Rule 3. A person who for a continuous period of two weeks or longer resides in a hotel or Quota User's establishment must not later than the end of the second week deliver his ration book or ration card to the owner, manager or superintendent of the hotel or establishment.

Detaching of ration coupons by manager, etc., from ration documents.

Rule 4. The owner, manager or superintendent of the hotel or Quota User's establishment in such case must at the end of the second and of each succeeding two weeks of that person's residence, detach from his ration book or ration cards the following ration coupons, good and valid for use at the time of detachment, for each full two weeks of residence,—

Sugar—one sugar ration coupon.

Tea or Coffee—one tea or coffee ration coupon.

Butter—two butter ration coupons.

Meat—four meat ration coupons.

Preserves—one preserves coupon.

Rule 5. Ration coupons detached under this Section must be surrendered monthly to the Board by the owner, manager or superintendent of the hotel or establishment who detached them, by delivery to the nearest branch office of the Ration Administration. The surrendered coupons must be attached to gummed sheets as directed by the Ration Administrator and accompanied by a return on the form provided by the Ration Administrator.

Surrender of detached coupons to Board.

Rule 6. Upon a consumer ceasing to reside in a hotel or Quota User's establishment, the owner, manager or superintendent must return his ration book or ration card to him, minus the ration coupons detached under this Section.

Return of ration book or card on residence ceasing.

Rule 7. If a consumer dies while a resident in a hotel or Quota User's establishment, the owner, manager or superintendent must see that the ration book or ration card of that consumer which he has in his possession is surrendered to the Board. The surrender must be accompanied by a statement showing the name of the deceased, place and date of death and the prefix and serial number of the ration book or ration card.

Surrender of ration book or card of deceased resident.

SECTION 5—*Household Use by Suppliers and Quota Users*

Rule 1. A Supplier in taking from his stocks of supplies any Rationed Foods for use and consumption by himself or other persons of the same household as himself must not in so doing exceed the quantity which he or they could at the time buy as consumers as provided in this Part, and for the quantity taken at any time he must detach from his own ration book or ration card and those of the other persons of the household enough ration coupons good and valid for use to cover the quantity taken. This Rule does not apply to special classes of consumers dealt with in Part III of this Order.

Household use of supplies taken from stock.

Rule 2. The supplies of Rationed Foods which a person obtains for his use as a Quota User as provided for in Part IV of this Order must not be used for personal consumption by himself or other persons of the same household as himself except in the course of meals or refreshments which he or they have and consume in the establishment for which he is registered as a Quota User.

Household use of supplies of Quota User.

Rule 3. The supplies of Rationed Foods which a person obtains for his use as an Industrial User as provided for in Part IV of this Order must not be used for personal consumption by himself or by other persons of the same household as himself.

Household use of supplies of Industrial User prohibited.

SECTION 6—*Prohibitions Affecting Consumers and Others*

Rule 1. Every consumer and every other person in any way concerned or affected is prohibited from doing any of the following:

(*a*) obtaining, using, retaining or having in his possession any ration book, ration card or ration coupon, except as expressly provided and authorized in this Order.

Ration documents, etc.

(*b*) applying to the Board for the issue to him, or to a person on whose behalf he is applying, of a ration book or ration card which if issued according to the application would result in his or that other person's possession of more ration books or ration cards than he is entitled to.

Duplicate applications for ration documents.

(*c*) obtaining or buying a Rationed Food in any manner except as expressly provided and authorized by this Order.

Rationed Foods.

(*d*) using and consuming, giving, sharing, serving or being served with a Rationed Food in any manner except as expressly provided and authorized by this Order.

Use and consumption, etc.

Impersonation.

(*e*) impersonating or falsely representing himself or any other person to be the consumer whose name appears on a ration book or ration card.

False statements, etc.

(*f*) making a false or misleading or deceptive statement with respect to any person or any ration book, ration card or ration coupon.

Altering documents, etc.

(*g*) altering, defacing, mutilating, obliterating or destroying a ration book or ration card or a ration coupon, except destroying a ration coupon as provided for in this Part.

Other breaches of Order.

(*h*) otherwise in any manner contravening or failing to observe or comply with any of the provisions or Rules of this Order or of its Schedules.

Loose coupons. (real or specious)

(*i*) without establishing his lawful authority, obtaining, transferring, using, retaining or having in his possession or control a document that is not attached to a ration book or ration card and that resembles a ration coupon that is attached to a ration book or ration card.

PART III—SPECIAL CLASSES OF CONSUMERS

SECTION 1—*Use and Consumption of Meat by Farmers*

Introduction.

Introduction.—Board Order No. 296 (Slaughtering of Livestock) provides that meat obtained by a farmer from livestock slaughtered by or for a farmer who does not hold a permit to slaughter may be used and consumed on his farm premises or on the farm premises of another farmer to whom he sells such meat. This Section provides for surrender of meat ration coupons for meat so used and consumed.

Farmers obtaining meat from their slaughtering must register.

Rule 1. A farmer who obtains meat as stated in the above Introduction, before allowing it to be used and consumed on his farm premises or selling it to another farmer must register with the Board by filing with the Local Ration Board of his district a written advice showing (*a*) his name and address, (*b*) the number of households on his farm premises and the number of persons ordinarily resident in each, and (*c*) whether he intends selling meat to other farmers.

A farmer who registered under Order No. 276 (Meat Rationing) need not re-register and he will be considered as having registered under this Order.

Meat quantity per coupon and number of coupons to be detached.

Rule 2. For the purpose of this Section in detaching and surrendering meat ration coupons,

(*a*) one meat ration coupon is enough for each two pounds of meat, gross weight, bone and fat included, and,

(*b*) for any month the total number of meat ration coupons to be detached and surrendered for the household on each farm premises need not be more than 50 per cent of all the meat ration coupons contained in and attached to the ration books and ration cards of all the persons of that household which became good and valid for use during that month.

Selling farmer to obtain meat ration coupons from buying farmer.

Rule 3. When meat obtained as stated in the Introduction is sold to another farmer, the selling farmer must at the time of sale, obtain from the farmer to whom he sells the proper number of meat ration coupons, calculated according to Rule 2, to cover the quantity of meat he sold to that other farmer.

Rule 4. When meat obtained as stated in the Introduction is used and consumed during any month on the farm premises of the farmer who so obtained it, he must from his own ration book or ration card and from those of all other persons of the households on his farm premises in which any of the meat is used and consumed, and not later than the last day of the month, detach the proper number of meat ration coupons, calculated according to Rule 2, to cover the quantity of meat so used and consumed during the month.

Farmer also to obtain meat ration coupons from persons on his farm.

Rule 5. The farmer who obtained the meat as stated in the Introduction, must on the last day of each month forward to the Local Ration Board of his district the meat ration coupons obtained by him during the month as provided in Rules 3 and 4, and accompany the return with a statement showing his name and address and the number of meat ration coupons forwarded. The manner and form in which the monthly return is to be made must be as the Ration Administrator directs.

Monthly surrender of meat coupons to Local Ration Board.

SECTION 2—*Household Use of Meat from Livestock Raised by Persons who are not Farmers*

Introduction.—Board Order No. 296 (Slaughtering of Livestock) provides that a person who is not a farmer and does not hold a permit to slaughter but raises on his own premises not more than two head of livestock per year may use and consume the meat obtained from the slaughter of such livestock on his own premises but not elsewhere. This Section provides for surrender of meat ration coupons for meat so used and consumed.

Introduction.

Rule 1. The Rules of Section 1 of this Part, other than those relating to the sale of meat, apply to a person who is not a farmer but uses and consumes on his own premises meat obtained as stated in the Introduction to this Section. He must comply with such Rules in the same way and to the same extent as a farmer obtaining meat from slaughter of livestock is required to do as to registration (except as to paragraph (*c*) of the statement to be filed) and as to detaching and monthly surrender of meat ration coupons.

Rules of Section 1 to apply except as to sales of meat.

Rule 2. This Section does not confer on a person who is not a farmer any right to sell meat to or buy meat from any person or to allow meat obtained by him from slaughter of livestock he has raised to be used and consumed elsewhere than on his own premises.

Right to sell or buy not conferred by this Section.

SECTION 3—*Household Use by Milk Producers of Whey Butter*

Rule 1. A person who regularly supplies fluid milk or cream to a cheese manufacturer may buy whey butter from such manufacturer for use and consumption by himself and other persons of the same household as himself in the same manner and at the same times as the whey butter could be bought from a supplier as provided in Part II of this Order, and for such purposes the cheese manufacturer shall be considered to be a supplier.

Whey Butter bought by Milk producer from cheese manufacturers.

Rule 2. The Rules of Part II of this Order applicable to buying butter from a supplier shall apply to purchases and sales made under above Rule 1, except that for such purchases and sales each butter ration coupon shall represent and be good and valid to buy one pound of whey butter.

Butter coupons to represent one pound each on such purchases.

SECTION 4—*Household Use by Primary Producers of Dairy Butter, Maple Syrup and Honey*

Rule 1. A primary producer of dairy butter or of maple syrup or of honey, all of which are Rationed Foods, out of his supply of that one of them which he produces may provide for use and consumption of the same by himself and other persons of the same household as himself, but in that case neither he nor the other persons of the household may at any

Household use by producers of dairy butter, maple syrup or honey.

Limitation of use of ration coupons.

time use ration coupons from his or their ration books or cards to buy that particular Rationed Food except to the extent that the quantity of it provided from the producer's supply is less than the quantity of it which as consumers he and they could buy at that time from a supplier as provided in Part II of this Order.

Surrender of unused butter or preserves coupons.

Rule 2. All ration coupons for butter or preserves, as the case may be, contained in and attached to the ration books and ration cards of a primary producer of the dairy butter or maple syrup or honey, as the case may be, and of the other persons of the household which became good and valid for use during any month and which as provided in Rule 1 must not be used shall on the last day of the month be detached by the primary producer and forwarded to the Local Ration Board of his district, accompanied by a statement showing his name and address and the kind and number of ration coupons surrendered.

SECTION 5—*Beekeepers—Sugar for Feeding of Bees*

Beekeepers' buying of sugar to feed bees.

Rule 1. A beekeeper who desires to obtain sugar for use in feeding his bees must register with the Board in the manner specified by the Sugar Administrator. A beekeeper already registered need not re-register and he will be considered as having registered under this Order.

Application to provincial Apiarist.

Rule 2. A registered beekeeper to obtain sugar for the above mentioned purpose must forward to the Provincial Apiarist of his province a statement showing,

(*a*) his name and complete address;

(*b*) the number of colonies of his bees;

(*c*) the period during which he expects to use sugar for feeding his bees;

(*d*) the minimum quantity of sugar required for the purpose.

Issue of Special Purchase Permit.

Rule 3. The Provincial Apiarist, if satisfied the sugar is essential for the purpose may issue in duplicate a Special Purchase Permit on the form specified by the Ration Administrator, setting forth the name and complete address of the beekeeper, the quantity of sugar to be supplied and the period during which the supply may be bought.

One copy to beekeeper and other copy to Sugar Administrator.

Rule 4. One copy of the Special Purchase Permit is to be forwarded to the beekeeper and the other copy to the Sugar Administrator.

Surrender of purchase permit to supplier.

Rule 5. A registered beekeeper may buy from a supplier the quantity of sugar stated in his Special Purchase Permit and must surrender the permit to his Supplier at the time of ordering or, if delivery is taken later, then, at the time of delivery.

Sugar to be used to feed bees only.

Rule 6. Sugar bought under the authority of this Section must be used by the beekeeper only for feeding his bees and for no other purpose. Any quantity remaining on hand and unused at the end of the feeding season must be reported promptly to the Sugar Administrator and be disposed of as he may direct.

SECTION 6—*Supplies of Rationed Foods for Ships' Stores*

Description of navigable waters referred to in this Section.

Rule 1. For the purposes of this Section, the waters referred to in Rules 2, 3, 4 and 5 are described as follows:

(*a*) the Great Lakes, including their bays and arms;

(*b*) the River and Gulf of St. Lawrence;

(*c*) any waters which are tributary to or connect the Great Lakes and the River and Gulf of St. Lawrence;

(*d*) any inland waters of Canada not mentioned in paragraphs (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*);

(*e*) territorial waters of Canada, or of Canada and the United States of America.

Rule 2. Every person resident in Canada before buying, in Canada, Rationed Foods for ships' stores for a vessel he operates for commercial purposes solely on the waters described in Rule 1, must apply to be registered as a Quota User in accordance with Part IV of this Order and, if registered, the provisions of that Part shall apply to him in obtaining Rationed Foods for ships' stores for that vessel.

Resident operators must apply to be registered as quota users.

Rule 3. A person who is not a resident of Canada who wishes to buy, in Canada, Rationed Foods for ships' stores for a vessel he operates for commercial purposes solely on the waters described in Rule 1 may, with the approval of the Ration Administrator, be registered as a Quota User under Part IV of this Order and when so registered the provisions of that Part shall apply to him in obtaining Rationed Foods for ships' stores for that vessel.

Non-resident operators may be registered as Quota Users.

Rule 4. A person who is not a resident of Canada, and is not a registered Quota User, who wishes to obtain, in Canada, Rationed Foods for ships' stores for a vessel he operates for commercial purposes solely on the waters described in Rule 1 must obtain from the Ration Administrator Special Purchase Permits to enable him to obtain Rationed Foods and the provisions of Part IV of this Order shall apply to him in obtaining Rationed Foods for ships' stores for that vessel by means of Special Purchase Permits.

Purchase by non-resident operator who is not a registered Quota User.

Rule 5. Where Rationed Foods are required to be bought in Canada for ships' stores for any vessel (not being a private pleasure craft) operated for commercial purposes elsewhere than solely on the waters described in Rule 1, the captain or purser of the vessel or other person in Canada having due authority to purchase ships' stores for the vessel must complete and sign a Requisition (in a form specified by the Ration Administrator) and have it approved by the Administrator of Ships' Stores or by a person authorized by that Administrator to issue the same which Requisition must set forth the Rationed Food, the quantity of same which may be bought for ships' stores for the vessel as set forth in Rule 6 of this Section and the times when or period during which it may be bought from a Supplier, to whom the Requisition so approved must be surrendered at the time of purchase.

Purchase for ocean vessels to be on requisition.

Rule 6. The Requisition referred to in Rule 5 must specify the quantity of each Rationed Food which may be bought therewith based on the number of ship's company, the duration of the anticipated voyage and the following quota per person per week:

Quota quantity per person for ocean voyages.

(*a*) Sugar—not exceeding 1¾ pounds.

(*b*) Tea—not exceeding 6 ounces.

(*c*) Coffee—not exceeding 4 ounces.

(*d*) Butter—not exceeding 1 pound.

(*e*) Meat—not exceeding the quantity fixed by the Administrator of Ships' Stores or his authorized representative.

(*f*) Preserves—not exceeding the quantity fixed by the Administrator of Ships' Stores or his authorized representative.

Rule 7. This Section does not apply to any vessel of His Majesty's Navies, Supplies of Rationed Foods for which are dealt with in Section 7 of this Part.

Naval Vessels excluded from this Section.

SECTION 7—*Supplies of Rationed Foods for Armed Forces*

Official purchases to be by requisition.

Rule 1. Every person who makes an official purchase of Rationed Foods for the Armed Forces must complete, sign and surrender to a Supplier at the time of purchase a Requisition, in a form specified by the Ration Administrator, for the quantity of Rationed Food being bought.

Official purchases defined.

Rule 2. For the purposes of this Section, an official purchase of Rationed Foods means and includes,

(*a*) purchases by the Department of National Defence, Naval Services, the Department of National Defence, Army, and the Department of National Defence, for Air;

(*b*) purchases by the Department of Munitions and Supply for Naval, Military or Air Services;

(*c*) purchases by the Department of Pensions and National Health for use in a military or other hospital or establishment caring for personnel of the Armed Forces, before or after their discharge;

(*d*) purchases by a person authorized to buy for use in a canteen or mess situate within the limits of a naval, military or air force camp, barracks, dockyard or similar establishment or designated by the Department of National War Services and approved by the Ration Administrator; and

(*e*) purchases by the Canadian Red Cross Society for export purposes only.

PART IV—QUOTA USERS AND INDUSTRIAL USERS

SECTION 1—*Definitions*

Definitions. Quota User.

Rule 1. Quota User—a person who requires Rationed Food for use in serving meals or refreshments to the transient or travelling public or to employees or as a public or private caterer or in an institution.

Industrial User.

Rule 2. Industrial User—a person who uses Rationed Foods in the manufacture or processing, for sale, of any Preserves which is a Rationed Foods or of any food products or other goods which are not Rationed Foods, but not including a person who only uses Rationed Foods in the preparation or serving of meals or refreshments.

Use of sweetened condensed milk constitutes user industrial user of sugar.

Rule 3. For the purpose of this Part the use of sweetened condensed milk by an industrial user in the manufacture of a food product or other goods must be considered as the use of sugar to the extent of 42 per cent of the weight of the sweetened condensed milk so used, and the user must be considered to be an Industrial User of Sugar.

SECTION 2—*Registration*

Application to register is compulsory.

Rule 1. Every quota user and industrial user must apply to the Board to be registered as a Quota User or Industrial User, as the case may be. Any of them registered under a previous Order of the Board, whose registration is still valid, need not re-register and he will be considered as having registered under this Order.

Form of Application.

Rule 2. Application for registration is to be made to the Ration Administrator on the form obtainable for that purpose at any Board Office.

An applicant may, if he desires, apply for registration of each of his separate administrative offices as a separate Quota User or Industrial User

Rule 3. The Ration Administrator may approve or reject any application except with respect to sugar in which case the approval or rejection shall rest with the Sugar Administrator. When an application is approved and registration is made notice will be given to the applicant and such notice will be evidence of registration.

Approval Rejection and Cancellation.

The Ration Administrator may at any time cancel the registration of any Quota User or Industrial User.

Rule 4. A Quota User or Industrial User must not obtain or use any Rationed Foods, in respect of his being a Quota User or Industrial User until he is registered. This Rule does not apply to use of supplies of Preserves in the possession of a Quota User or Industrial User on September 1, 1943.

Supplies not to be bought before registration.

SECTION 3—*Fixing of Quota and Issue of Purchase Documents*

Rule 1. The quantity of any Rationed Food which a Quota User or Industrial User may obtain may be fixed and varied from time to time as the Ration Administrator sees fit, except that for an Industrial User of sugar the quantity of Sugar and Preserves is to be fixed and may be varied from time to time as the Sugar Administrator sees fit.

Fixing of quota.

Rule 2. Each Quota User and Industrial User will be furnished with purchase documents, based on his quota, for use in obtaining Rationed Foods. The purchase documents may be in the form of Special Purchase Permits or Quota Authorizations or otherwise as may be authorized by the Ration Administrator.

Issue of purchase documents.

The quantity of each Rationed Food obtainable will be specified on the purchase documents, which, for an Industrial User of sugar, will as to Sugar and Preserves be issued by the Sugar Administrator, and, for a Quota User and for an Industrial User who does not use sugar, will be issued by the Ration Administrator.

Quantity specified.

Rule 3. For the purpose of obtaining Rationed Foods each Quota User and Industrial User must abide by the following rules:

Rules as to buying.

(*a*) he must not obtain the same, until he receives his purchase documents;

(*b*) he must obtain the same only by purchase from a Supplier, as provided for in this Order;

(*c*) he must in buying not exceed the total quantity of his quota as specified on his purchase documents;

(*d*) he must observe any special conditions printed or endorsed on his purchase documents relating to his rights to buy or use Rationed Foods.

SECTION 4—*Surrender of Purchase Documents on Buying*

Rule 1. Quota Users and Industrial Users who are required or authorized to open, operate and use coupon bank accounts as provided in Part VI of this Order must comply with the provisions of this Part and of Part VI in respect thereof.

Use of coupon bank account.

Rule 2. Every Quota User and Industrial User in obtaining his supplies of a Rationed Food must surrender to his supplier the following purchase documents to cover the quantity bought:

Surrender of Ration cheque or purchase documents to Supplier.

(*a*) if he is required to operate and use a coupon bank account as to that Rationed Food, a ration cheque drawn on the account in favour of the Supplier for enough ration coupons, as specified in this Order and its Schedules, to cover the quantity bought;

(b) if he is not required to operate and use a coupon bank account as to that Rationed Food, his Special Purchase Permit or other purchase document against which the supply is bought.

Time of surrender.

Rule 3. Surrender of the ration cheque or purchase document as required by above Rule 2 must be made

(a) on buying any meat which is a Rationed Food, at the time of payment or at a time not later than 14 days after delivery of the meat, whichever time first happens;

(b) on buying any other Rationed Foods, at the time of ordering, or, if delivery is taken later, then, at the time of delivery.

Special Sales by Industrial Users of sugar.

Rule 4. An Industrial User of sugar in obtaining sugar for use in the manufacture or processing of food products or other goods,

(a) for sale to any of the Departments of National Defence or to the Canadian Red Cross Society for its export purposes, or

(b) for delivery to canteens and messes situated within the limits of military, naval or air force camps, barracks, dockyards or such other similar establishments as may be approved by the Sugar Administrator, for which he obtains and keeps a receipt signed by the proper officer in authority to establish such delivery,

must not purchase sugar in excess of the quantity specified in his Special Purchase Permit or other purchase document, and he must surrender the Special Purchase Permit to his Supplier as provided in Rules 2 and 3 of this Section, which shall apply.

SECTION 5—*Use by Quota Users and Industrial Users*

Use of Supplies.

Rule 1. All supplies of Rationed Foods obtained by a Quota User or Industrial User must be used only for the purposes for which he is registered and for which his purchase documents are issued to him and not otherwise.

SECTION 6—*Suppliers only to Sell to Quota Users and Industrial Users*

Only Suppliers may sell to Quota Users and Industrial Users.

Rule 1. No person other than a Supplier may supply or sell Rationed Foods to a Quota User or Industrial User and no Supplier may supply or sell the same to a Quota User or Industrial User unless he obtains surrender of a ration cheque or purchase document to cover the quantity sold, as provided for in this Part.

Quota User buys meat as a supplier.

Rule 2. Every Quota User in buying his supplies of meat is to be considered to be buying as a Supplier.

SECTION 7—*Records and Information by Quota Users and Industrial Users*

Filing of information, etc.

Rule 1. Each Quota User and Industrial User must

(a) furnish upon request of the Ration Administrator or, in the case of an Industrial User of Sugar, of the Sugar Administrator such information and exhibit such books, records and documents as are necessary to give full disclosure of all supplies obtained and use made of any Rationed Food during the period stated in the request;

Keeping of accounts.

(b) prepare and keep available for inspection at all times by any authorized representative of the Board an exact account of all supplies obtained, held, controlled or used by him of each Rationed Food, and of the quantity of each kind, variety and grade, in such form and with such documentary evidence that the account may readily be audited.

Rule 2. (1) Each Industrial User of sugar must within 15 days after the end of each quarterly period of the year file with the Sugar Administrator a written statement showing for the preceding quarterly period the quantity of sugar and Preserves used by him in the manufacture or processing of food products or other goods,

Quarterly return by Industrial Users of Sugar.

(*a*) for consumption in Canada, stating the quantity separately
  (i) for sales or deliveries referred to in Rule 4 of Section 4 of this Part, and
  (ii) for sales to all other persons; and
(*b*) for export by him.

(2) The quarterly periods referred to in this Rule are the four quarters of each year ending respectively 31st March, 30th June, 30th September and 31st December. The statement to be filed must include as sugar 42 per cent of the weight of sweetened condensed milk used in manufacturing or processing of food products or other goods during a quarterly period.

SECTION 8—*Serving of Rationed Foods by Quota Users*

Rule 1. A Quota User who operates an establishment in which meals or refreshments are served chiefly to the transient or travelling public must observe and comply with the following regulations and prohibitions in serving a meal or refreshments to any person:

Regulations as to Rationed Foods.

Sugar—(*a*) he must not serve more than 3 lumps or 2 teaspoonfuls of sugar for any beverage, or more than 2 teaspoonfuls of sugar for any one food, to any person at or for any one sitting;

Sugar.

(*b*) he must not use or permit the use of perforated shakers for dispensing or serving granulated or fruit sugar;

(*c*) he must not leave or permit to be left on a table, counter, tray or other place available to consumers, any bowl, dish, plate or container of any kind containing sugar, loose or wrapped;

(*d*) he must not provide or serve or permit to be served any sugar to any person, unless that person first requests it.

Tea and Coffee—(*a*) he must not use or permit to be used more than one individual tea bag or an equivalent amount of loose tea per person for each serving of tea;

Tea and Coffee.

(*b*) he must not provide or serve or permit to be served any person with more than one serving of tea as a beverage at or for any one sitting;

(*c*) he must not provide or serve or permit to be served any person with more than one cupful of coffee as a beverage at or for any one sitting;

(*d*) he must not provide or serve or permit to be served both tea and coffee as beverages to any one person at or for any one sitting.

Butter—he must not provide or serve or permit to be served more than ⅓ of an ounce of butter to any person at or for any one sitting.

Butter.

PART V—PURCHASES AND SALES BY SUPPLIERS

SECTION 1—*Purchases by Suppliers*

Rule 1. Suppliers who are required or authorized to open, operate and use coupon bank accounts as provided in Part VI of this Order must comply with the provisions of this Part and of Part VI in respect thereof.

Use of Coupon Bank Account.

Rule 2. Every Supplier must obtain his supplies of Rationed Foods only by purchase from another Supplier.

All supplies to be obtained from suppliers.

Use of purchase documents in buying.

Rule 3. In buying, every Supplier must buy only against valid purchase documents as they are defined in Part VI of this Order.

Quantity which may be bought.

Rule 4. The quantity of a Rationed Food which may be bought at any time by a Supplier must not be more than the quantity for which he is able to surrender enough valid purchase documents to cover the quantity bought.

Surrender of purchase documents on buying.

Rule 5. On buying a Rationed Food a Supplier must surrender to the Supplier from whom he is buying enough valid purchase documents to cover the quantity bought and the surrender must be made

(*a*) for meat, either at the time of payment or at a time not later than 14 days after the time of delivery, whichever time shall first happen, or

(*b*) for any other Rationed Food, at the time of ordering or, if delivery is taken later, then at the time of delivery.

Tolerances allowed in buying.

Rule 6. In buying the undermentioned Rationed Foods, a Supplier is allowed the following tolerances:

(*a*) *Sugar*—in bulk only, the purchase documents need represent only 98 per cent of the quantity bought.

Tea.

(*b*) *Tea*—in bulk only, the purchase documents need represent only 98 per cent of the quantity bought.

Coffee (Green).

(*c*) *Coffee*—green coffee in bulk only, the purchase documents need represent only 82 per cent of the quantity bought.

Coffee (Roasted).

(*d*) *Coffee*—other than green coffee, in bulk only, the purchase documents need represent only 98 per cent of the quantity bought.

Butter.

(*e*) *Butter*—in solids only, the purchase documents need represent only 99 per cent of the quantity bought.

Preserves.

(*f*) *Preserves*—the purchase documents need represent only 49 ration coupons for every 50 ration coupons which otherwise would be required to represent the quantity bought.

Meat quantities.

Rule 7. In buying meat a Supplier in surrendering purchase documents must be governed by the Quantities stated in Meat Table B of the Schedules of this Order.

When Rules 2 to 7 apply to primary producers.

Rule 8. Rules 2 to 7 of this Section have no application to a primary producer of a particular Rationed Food in relation to his production of that Rationed Food, but they do apply to him in relation to his obtaining supplies of other Rationed Foods as a Supplier, Quota User or Industrial User.

Special transactions as to livestock exempted.

Rule 9. Transactions of purchase of slaughtered livestock by persons who hold permits to slaughter livestock issued under Board Order No. 296 from persons who do not hold such permits but slaughter livestock under authorizations of the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products issued under that Order are exempt from the provisions of this Order.

SECTION 2—*Sales by Suppliers*

Supplies must be furnished by sale only.

Rule 1. Rationed Foods must be supplied by a Supplier only by way of sale. This Rule does not prevent a supplier using his supplies for use and consumption by him or his household, as provided for in Section 5 of Part II of this Order.

Seller must obtain purchase documents on sale.

Rule 2. Every Supplier in selling a Rationed Food to any person must obtain surrender from the buyer of the requisite number of valid ration coupons or of the other valid purchase documents to cover the quantity bought. The provisions of the Schedules of this Order as to quantity values of ration coupons and as to the dates when ration coupons become good and valid for use and expire and cease to be good and valid for use shall govern on all sales and the time when surrender of valid purchase documents is to be made to the seller by the buyer as provided for in this Order shall also govern the seller.

Omission to surrender purchase documents by buyer to be reported.

Rule 3. Where in any case a Supplier on a sale has supplied or delivered the Rationed Food to any other Supplier or to a Quota User or Industrial User who fails or neglects to surrender to the Supplier the requisite valid purchase documents at or within the lawful time for such surrender, the selling Supplier must in writing report promptly such failure or neglect to the Ration Administrator and must not supply or deliver any more Rationed Foods to that buyer until advised in writing by the Ration Administrator that he may do so.

Primary producers to register.

Rule 4. Every Supplier who is a primary producer of a Rationed Food, unless already registered, must register with the Board. If he is required to operate and use a Coupon Bank Account, he must apply to be registered in the same manner as a Quota User and Part IV shall apply as to registration. If he does not operate and use a Coupon Bank Account, he must apply to be registered by forwarding to the Local Ration Board of his district a statement showing his name and address and the kind of Rationed Food he produces. A primary producer must not sell Rationed Food produced by him until he is registered.

Monthly reports by primary producers.

Rule 5. Every Supplier who is a primary Producer or importer of Rationed Foods other than sugar must not later than the 10th day of every month file with the Ration Administrator, a statement in the form prescribed by him showing the supplier's transactions in such Rationed Foods during the preceding month. In the case of a primary producer, other than a person who holds a permit to slaughter livestock, who does not operate and use a coupon bank account the statement must be filed with the Local Ration Board of his district.

Primary producers to surrender ration cheques to Ration Administrator.

Rule 6. Every Supplier who is a primary producer of a Rationed Food other than sugar and who operates and uses a coupon bank account must not later than the 10th day of every month and at such other times as the Ration Administrator may require surrender a ration cheque to and in favour of the Ration Administrator to cover the total quantity of ration coupons standing to the credit of his coupon bank account at the end of the preceding month for the Rationed Food he produced during that month.

Surrender of purchase documents to Ration Administrator.

Rule 7. Every Supplier who is a primary producer of a Rationed Food other than sugar and does not operate and use a coupon bank account must not later than the 10th day of every month, and at such other times as the Ration Administrator may require, surrender to the Ration Administrator enough valid purchase documents to cover the total quantity of that Rationed Food sold and supplied by him during the preceding month.

Special rule for primary producers of sugar.

Rule 8. Every Supplier who is a primary producer of Sugar shall also comply with above Rules 5, 6 and 7, except that the reports and surrender of ration cheques or purchase documents shall in respect of Sugar be made to the Sugar Administrator instead of to the Ration Administrator. For the purposes of this Rule a primary producer of sugar includes not only a Sugar Refiner but also any Selling organization, incorporated or unincorporated, through which a Sugar Refiner disposes of his sugar.

Sales Invoice on all sales. Particulars on sale of meat or preserves, etc.

Rule 9. Every Supplier on a sale of Rationed Food to any person other than a consumer must issue a sales invoice, in duplicate, to cover the sale, and if the Rationed Food sold is meat or preserves or any other food the ration coupon values for which vary according to kind, variety, quality, grade, cut, portion, size or otherwise, the invoice must show the quantity sold expressed in the appropriate and correct number of ration coupons. One copy of the sales invoice must be furnished to the buyer at or before the time of delivery of the Rationed Food sold and the other copy must be retained by the Selling Supplier available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within one year from the date of sale.

SECTION 3—*Returns and Accounts*

Filing of information, etc.

Rule 1. Each Supplier must

(*a*) furnish upon request of the Ration Administrator and in the case of sugar upon request of the Sugar Administrator, such information and exhibit such books, records and documents as are necessary to give full disclosure of all supplies of any Rationed Food obtained, bought, used or sold during the period stated in the request;

Keeping of accounts.

(*b*) prepare and keep available for inspection at all times by any authorized representative of the Board an exact account of all supplies obtained, held, controlled or used by him of each Rationed Food, and of the quantity of each kind, variety and grade, in such form and with such documentary evidence that the account may readily be audited.

SECTION 4—*Prohibitions Affecting Suppliers*

Prohibitions.

Rule 1. Every Supplier and every other person in any way concerned or affected is prohibited from doing any of the following:

Purchase documents.

(*a*) obtaining, using, retaining or having in his possession any purchase document except as expressly provided and authorized in this Order;

Rationed Foods.

(*b*) obtaining or buying a Rationed Food in any manner except as expressly provided and authorized in this Order;

Impersonation.

(*c*) impersonating or falsely representing himself or any other person to be the Supplier whose name appears on a purchase document;

False Statements.

(*d*) making a false or misleading or deceptive statement with respect to any person or any purchase document for any purpose in obtaining a purchase document or in obtaining or buying a Rationed Food;

Altering documents, etc.

(*e*) altering, defacing, mutilating, obliterating or destroying a purchase document;

Selling except on surrender of purchase documents.

(*f*) supplying or selling a Rationed Food without obtaining surrender of valid ration coupons in accordance with Part II of this Order on a sale to or for a consumer or without obtaining surrender of valid purchase documents in accordance with Part IV or of this Part on a sale to any other person, unless on a sale to such other person he complies with Rule 3 of Section 2 of this Part;

Other breaches of Order.

(*g*) otherwise in any manner contravening or failing to observe or comply with any of the provisions or Rules of this Order or of its Schedules;

Imitation purchase documents.

(*h*) without establishing his lawful authority, obtaining, transferring, using, retaining or having in his possession or control a document that is not a purchase document but which resembles a purchase document.

Unlicensed Suppliers prohibited from selling.

Rule 2. A person who is not a primary producer of a Rationed Food or who is not licensed by the Board as provided by Board Order No. 202 must not sell any Rationed Food to any other person.

PART VI—COUPON BANKING SYSTEM

SECTION 1—*Continuance of Present System*

Rule 1. The Coupon Banking System established by the Board in connection with the rationing of food commodities and the arrangements entered into with banks for the purposes of the system are adopted for the purposes of this Order and the system as so established or as it may be varied, amended or extended shall be operated and used as provided in this Order and the following Rules shall apply. Coupon banking system continued in operation.

Rule 2. Subject to the general direction of the Chairman of the Board, the Ration Administrator may from time to time, Powers of Ration Administrator.

(*a*) vary, amend and extend the coupon banking system and the scope of its operation and use;

(*b*) make arrangements with banks for the purposes of the system;

(*c*) issue regulations and instructions governing the operation and use of the system.

SECTION 2—*Definitions*

Rule 1. Bank—any of the chartered banks of Canada and any other bank or financial institution authorized by the Ration Administrator to keep coupon bank accounts. Bank.

Rule 2. Coupon Bank Account—an account, entries in which are expressed in terms of ration coupons, kept by a bank for use of a person in his transactions in obtaining or selling supplies of a particular Rationed Food. Coupon Bank Account.

Rule 3. Ration Coupon—a ration coupon as defined in Part I of this Order. Ration Coupon.

Rule 4. Ration Cheque—a cheque, expressed in terms of ration coupons, drawn on a coupon bank account. Ration Cheque.

Rule 5. Bank Transfer Voucher—a voucher, expressed in terms of ration coupons, issued by a bank in exchange for other purchase documents. Bank Transfer Voucher.

Rule 6. Special Purchase Permit—a permit, expressed in terms of ration coupons, issued by the Ration Administrator for use in buying Rationed Foods or issued by the Sugar Administrator for use in buying sugar. Special Purchase Permit.

Rule 7. Requisition—a requisition, expressed in terms of ration coupons, according to the form specified or supplied by the Ration Administrator for use in buying Rationed Foods for ships' stores or for the Armed Forces. Requisition.

Rule 8. Purchase Documents—includes a ration coupon, ration cheque, bank transfer voucher, special purchase permit, quota authorization, requisition and any other form of document issued or authorized by the Ration Administrator or as to sugar by the Sugar Administrator for use in obtaining supplies of Rationed Foods. Purchase documents.

SECTION 3—*Compulsory Use of Coupon Bank Account*

Rule 1. The following Suppliers, Quota Users and others must open, operate and use a separate coupon bank account for each Rationed Food in their transactions in obtaining or selling that Rationed Food: Compulsory use of coupon bank accounts.

(*a*) jobbers and brokers;

(*b*) persons operating creamery and cheese factories;

(*c*) importers of tea or coffee who are registered with the Ration Administrator;

(*d*) any other Supplier and any Quota User, Industrial User or other person required by the Ration Administrator to open, operate and use a coupon bank account.

Account must be used for all transactions.

Rule 2. Every person who operates a coupon bank account for a Rationed Food must use the same for all purposes of his transactions in obtaining and selling that Rationed Food and must deposit to the credit of his account only and not use otherwise, all purchase documents received by him on sales of that Rationed Food, and for all supplies thereof obtained by him he must issue and surrender only ration cheques drawn on his account and no other purchase document.

Issue and use of ration cheques.

Rule 3. A ration cheque drawn on a coupon bank account must be signed by the drawer. A ration cheque received by a supplier must be endorsed by him for deposit to the credit of his account if he operates and uses a coupon bank account or for use as a purchase document in obtaining supplies of a Rationed Food, if he does not operate and use a coupon bank account.

N.S.F. ration cheque must not be issued.

Rule 4. A person who operates a coupon bank account must not under any circumstances or at any time draw or issue a ration cheque on his account unless at the time he has in the account a credit expressed in the terms of ration coupons enough to cover the number of ration coupons expressed on the ration cheque, after making due allowance for all ration cheques drawn and issued by him against and which have not at that time been debited against the account.

Deposit of valid purchase documents only.

Rule 5. A person who operates a coupon bank account must not deposit to the credit thereof any purchase documents for which the time for deposit has expired.

Post-dated ration cheques prohibited.

Rule 6. A person who operates a coupon bank account must not issue a post-dated ration cheque or a ration cheque which is not dated.

Ration cheque not to be drawn by person who does not have coupon bank account.

Rule 7. A person who does not operate and use a coupon bank account must not draw a ration cheque on a coupon bank account or issue a ration cheque drawn in his name as the maker.

Accounts to be kept separate.

Rule 8. A person who operates and uses a coupon bank account for one Rationed Food must not use that account or draw a ration cheque on that account with respect to any transaction in connection with any other Rationed Food.

Coupon quantities and valid and expiry dates as per schedules.

Rule 9. The respective coupon values of ration coupons and the dates when they become good and valid for use and when they expire and cease to be good and valid for use by all persons whether or not they operate and use coupon bank accounts shall be as set forth in the Schedules of this Order, and all persons shall be governed accordingly in the issue, acceptance and use thereof.

PART VII—ADMINISTRATIVE

SECTION 1—*General Authority of Ration Administrator*

Administative jurisdiction vested in Ration Administrator.

Rule 1. The administration of the general system of rationing and all matters and things covered or affected by this Order is vested in the Board's Administrator of Consumer Rationing (in this Order referred to as the Ration Administrator) and in particular the Ration Administrator may,—

Particular powers of Ration Administrator.

(*a*) regulate the issue of ration books, ration cards and purchase documents and the kinds and forms to be issued and used;

(*b*) issue different kinds and forms of ration books, ration cards and purchase documents for different persons or classes of persons or for different Rationed Foods;

(*c*) require any person to furnish such information in such form and at such time or times as he may direct;

(*d*) take possession of any Rationed Food in the possession or control of any person contrary to the provisions of this Order or in excess of a quantity deemed by the Ration Administrator to be reasonably required by such person and dispose of Rationed Foods so seized in such manner as may appear to him to be expedient, except that the disposal of sugar shall be subject to approval of the Sugar Administrator;

(*e*) require any person who has in his possession or under his control any Rationed Foods to transfer and deliver the same to such other person as the Ration Administrator may direct;

(*f*) make arrangements for provision of special supplies of Rationed Foods at such time and during such periods and at or for such areas and places and for such persons as the Ration Administrator may deem necessary or proper.

Approval of Sugar Administrator.

Rule 2. The authority conferred on the Ration Administrator by Rule 1 shall not be exercised by him with respect to supplies of sugar or for Primary Producers or Industrial Users of sugar without the approval of the Sugar Administrator.

Powers of Sugar Administrator.

Rule 3. The Sugar Administrator may with respect to supplies, sales and use of sugar by Primary Producers and Industrial Users of Sugar exercise the same powers and authority as are conferred upon the Ration Administrator by paragraphs (*c*), (*d*) and (*e*) of Rule 1.

Sales of Salvaged Rationed Foods, etc.

Rule 4. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, the Ration Administrator may authorize the sale of salvaged or unclaimed Rationed Foods or any other sale of Rationed Foods that he deems proper and may issue such form of permit in any such cases as he may decide, except that in all such cases a sale of sugar shall not be authorized until the approval of the Sugar Administrator is obtained.

Special exemptions and issue of extra ration quantities.

Rule 5. The Ration Administrator may in special or exceptional cases or circumstances grant such exemption from any provision of this Order or of its Schedules as to any person or persons and in respect of any Rationed Food and as to such areas or places as he may deem necessary or proper, and in particular he may by special directions or permits authorize any consumer, special class of consumer, quota user, industrial user or supplier to obtain, buy, supply, sell, use or consume extra quantities of any Rationed Food at such times and for such periods as he may specify. With respect to Industrial Users of sugar the powers conferred by this Rule shall be exercised by the Sugar Administrator.

SECTION 2—*Ration Administrator's Orders*

Administrator's Orders to variations as in Rationed Foods and quantities.

Rule 1. The Ration Administrator, may by Administrator's Order, countersigned by the Chairman:—

Transfers.

(*a*) transfer from one classification, category, group or other distributive division into another of them any Rationed Food or any kind, variety, quality, cut, portion or quantity.

Additions.

(*b*) add to any classification, category, group or other distributive division established as to any Rationed Food, any kind, variety, quality, cut or portion of that food which previously had not been included therein as a Rationed Food, and thereby subject it to rationing under this Order.

Removals.

(*c*) remove from any classification, category, group or other distributive division established as to any Rationed Food, any kind, variety, quality, cut or portion which previously had been included therein as a Rationed Food, and thereby free it from being rationed.

Quantity variations.

(*d*) vary the quantities of Rationed Foods which persons may supply, sell, obtain, buy, have, use or consume at any time or during any period to accord with any transfer, addition or removal made under this Rule.

Times when ration coupons and purchase documents are good and valid for use and expire.

(*e*) regulate and fix the times when and periods during which ration coupons and purchase documents are to be good and valid for use and the times when they will expire and cease to be good and valid for use.

SECTION 3—*Local Ration Boards*

Local Ration Boards.

Rule 1. The Local Ration Boards heretofore established by or under authority of the Board shall function for the purposes of the general system for rationing established by this Order with such powers and duties as the Ration Administrator may from time to time direct and he may, with the approval of the Chairman of the Board, establish additional or substitute Local Ration Boards with like powers and duties, and as to all Local Ration Boards fix their composition and control and regulate appointment of their officers and employees.

SECTION 4—*Powers of Deputy Administrator and Officers*

Powers of administrative officers.

Rule 1. The Ration Administrator may from time to time appoint any of the officers of the Ration Administration of the Board to exercise and perform from time to time such administrative functions, powers and duties for the purposes of this Order as he may from time to time designate and specify.

Powers of deputy Ration Administrator.

Rule 2. The Board's Deputy Administrator of Consumer Rationing shall for all purposes of this Order have and may from time to time exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Ration Administrator, including authority to make, sign and issue Administrator's Orders.

Made at Ottawa this 17th day of August, 1943.

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman.

SCHEDULES OF BOARD ORDER No. 308

1st Schedule—Part I

SPECIFIED QUANTITY OF RATIONED FOODS OBTAINABLE FOR EACH RATION COUPON IN RATION BOOKS 2 AND 3 AND OF RATION CARDS

SUGAR

Red Coupons—One Pound Per Coupon.

BUTTER

Purple Coupons—½ pound Per Coupon.

TEA OR COFFEE

Green Coupons

TEA—2 Ounces Per Coupon

COFFEE—½ Pound Per Coupon

COFFEE CONCENTRATE OR SUBSTITUTE CONTAINING COFFEE

One Coupon Per Package Containing Enough to Make 25 Cups or More.

MEAT

Ration Book 2—Spare "A" Brown Coupons.

Ration Book 3—Brown Coupons—Stamped "Meat."

Varying quantity per coupon according to Meat Table A attached.

PRESERVES

Ration Book 3—Black on Yellow D Coupons.

Varying quantity per coupon according to Preserves Table C attached.

HOME CANNING SUGAR COUPONS

(Issued under Board Order No. 242)

5 Pounds Per Coupon

MEAT TABLE A

Distribution by Groups of the different cuts, portions and products of meat which are Rationed Foods. The quantity of meat which may be bought with one meat ration coupon varies according to Group distribution as specified below.

Note—Numbers shown opposite some of the cuts and portions of beef correspond with the numbers for the same cuts and portions in so far as they are named and numbered in the Board Order No. 307 relating to retail prices of beef.

Group A—½ *lb. per meat ration coupon*

Smoked Meats

Back Bacon, sliced and rindless.
Side Bacon, sliced and rindless.
Side Bacon, sliced and rind on.

Cooked Meats

Butt, boneless.
Ham, boneless.
Any uncooked Group B cuts when cooked.

Pork—Cured

Boneless Back, sliced, not smoked or cooked.

GROUP B—¾ *lb. per meat ration coupon*

Beef—Fresh or Cured

1. Shank, Hind Quarter, boneless.
2. Round Steak or Roast, bone-in.
2a. Round Steak or Roast, boneless.
2b. Minced Round Steak.
4. Sirloin Tip, boneless.
4a. Cubed Sirloin Tip, boneless.
5a. Sirloin Butt, boneless.
6. Flank Steak, boneless.
10a. Strip Loin, boneless.
11a. Rolled Rib—7 Rib boneless, rolled, whole.
11c. Prime Rib Roast—5 Rib, boneless and rolled.
11e. Rolled Rib Roast—6th and 7th Rib, inside roll, bone-in.
11f. Rolled Rib Roast—6th and 7th Rib, outside roll, boneless.
15. Rolled Shoulder, boneless.
18a. Chuck Roast, boneless.
19. Neck, boneless.

Miscellaneous
Minute Steak.
Rolled Rib Roast—7-rib, inner roll, boneless.
Stewing meat, boneless.
Tenderloin.

Veal—Fresh

Cutlets and Fillets, bone-in.
Front Roll, caul wrapped, boneless.
Leg Roll, caul wrapped, boneless.
Round, bone-in.
Stewing Meat, boneless.
Tenderloin.

Lamb or Mutton—Fresh

Front Quarter, boneless.

Pork—Fresh

Back, boneless.
Belly, boneless.
Butt, bone-in.
Ham, boneless.
Ham, Centre Cuts, bone-in.
Picnic, boneless.
Picnic, skinless, boneless.
Tenderloin.

Pork—Cured
Not Smoked or Cooked

Back, boneless.
Belly, boneless.
Cottage Roll, boneless.
Ham Butt Roll, boneless.
Ham Centre Slices, bone-in.
Pork Roll, boneless.
Shoulder Roll, boneless.

Pork—Smoked

Back Bacon, in the piece, boneless.
Cottage Roll, boneless.
Ham (except Shank End) bone-in.
Ham, skinless, boneless.
Picnic, boneless.
Pork Roll, boneless.
Side Bacon, in the piece.

Cooked Meats

Butt, boneless.
Ham, boneless.
Any uncooked Group C cuts when cooked.

GROUP C— *1 lb. per meat ration coupon*

Beef—Fresh or Cured

3. Rump Roast, round or square end, bone-in.
5. Sirloin Steak or Roast, bone-in.
7. Flank, trimmed.
8. Porterhouse Steak or Roast, bone-in.
9. T-Bone Steak or Roast, bone-in.
10. Wing Steak or Roast, bone-in.
11. Rib Roast—7-Rib, Whole, bone-in.
11b. Prime Rib Roast—5-Rib, bone-in.
11d. Rib Roast—6th and 7th Rib, bone-in.
13a. Plate Brisket, boneless and rolled.
14a. Brisket Point, boneless and rolled.
16. Short or Cross Rib Roast, bone-in.
20b. Shank, Front Quarter, Centre Cut, bone-in.
20c. Shank, Front Quarter, Shank meat, boneless.
Miscellaneous—Hamburger.

Veal—Fresh

Blade, bone-in, neck off and shoulder knuckle out.
Loin Chops, Centre Cut, bone-in.
Patties, made from shanks, necks, flanks, boneless.
Round Bone Shoulder, bone-in.
Rump, bone-in.
Sirloin Roast or Cutlet, bone-in.

Pork—Fresh

Belly Pork, bone-in.
Ham, Butt End, bone-in.
Ham, Shank End, bone-in.
Ham, Trimmed, bone-in.
Loin, Centre Cut Chop, bone-in.
Loin, Centre Cut, bone-in.
Loin, End Cuts, bone-in.
Loin, Whole, bone-in.
Picnic, hock on or hock off, bone-in.

GROUP C—*Continued*

Pork—Cured

Ham, Butt End, bone-in.
Ham, Shank End, bone-in.
Ham, Whole, bone-in.
Picnic, hock on or hock off, bone-in.

Pork—Smoked

Ham, Shank End, bone-in.
Ham, Whole, bone-in.
Picnic, hock on or hock off, bone-in.

Lamb or Mutton—Fresh

Centre Loin Chops, bone-in.
Loin, flank off, kidney and suet out, bone-in.
Patties, made from necks and flanks, boneless.

Cooked Meats

Any uncooked Group D cuts, when cooked.

GROUP D—*1¼ lbs. per meat ration coupon*

Beef—Fresh or Cured

12. Short Ribs, braising.
13. Plate Brisket, bone-in.
14. Brisket Point, bone-in.
15a. Round Bone Shoulder Roast, bone-in.
17. Blade Roast, bone-in.
18. Chuck Roast, bone-in.
20. Shank, Front Quarter, bone-in.
20a. Shank, Front Quarter, knuckle end, bone-in.
Miscellaneous—Sausage, fresh.

Veal—Fresh

Breast, bone-in.
Flank, bone-in.
Front Shank, bone-in.
Hind Shank, bone-in.
Leg, Shank Half, bone-in.
Leg, Whole, bone-in.
Loin, flank on, bone-in.
Neck, bone-in.
Rack, bone-in.
Rib Chops, bone-in.

Pork—Fresh

Hock, bone-in.
Lacone.
Sausage.

Pork—Cured

Hock, bone-in.
Mess, bone-in.
Short Cut Back, bone-in.

Pork—Smoked

Hock, bone-in.

Lamb or Mutton—Fresh

Flank, bone-in.
Front, bone-in.
Hind, bone-in.
Leg, bone-in.
Loin, flank on, bone-in.
Rack, bone-in.
Rib Chops, bone-in.

PRESERVES—TABLE C

LIST OF PRESERVES WHICH ARE RATIONED FOODS

1. Jams.
2. Jellies.
3. Marmalades.
4. Fountain Fruits.
5. Extracted Honey.
6. Apple Butter.
7. Honey Butter.
8. Maple Butter.
9. Canned Fruits.
10. Molasses (Excluding Blackstrap).
11. Maple Syrup.
12. Corn Syrup.
13. Cane Syrup.
14. Blended Table Syrup.
15. Comb Honey.
16. Maple Sugar.

"Canned Fruits" are those listed or described or referred to as fruits in the Fruits and Vegetables Regulations issued under the Meat and Canned Foods Act, including canned citrus fruits not so mentioned and any canned combinations or compounds of fruits and any canned fruits in sliced, pieces, pulp or sauce form, but not including canned fruit juices.

Quantity of Preserves Obtainable With Each Ration Coupon

(Use Ration Coupons D (Black on Yellow) in Ration Book 3
and of Ration Cards)

On a sale or purchase of Preserves IN BULK, the quantity per coupon must be the amount by measure or weight specified below. On a sale or purchase of preserves in a container the quantity (net contents) per coupon must not be more than the amount by measure or weight specified below and otherwise must be as near to the specified amount as possible.

Group A		Group B	Group C	Group D
6 Fluid ounces per Coupon		10 Fluid ounces per Coupon	12 Fluid ounces per Coupon	½ pound (net weight) per Coupon
1. Jams.	5. Extracted Honey.	9. Canned Fruit.	12. Corn Syrup.	15. Comb Honey.
2. Jellies.	6. Apple Butter.	10. Molasses (Excluding Blackstrap)	13. Cane Syrup.	16. Maple Sugar.
3. Marmalades.	7. Honey Butter.	11. Maple Syrup.	14. Blended Table Syrup.	
4. Fountain Fruits.	8. Maple Butter.			

Sugar Option—Instead of above listed items, a consumer may buy ½ pound of sugar with a Preserves D Coupon.

note.—Equivalent of fluid ounces by weight: 12 fluid ounces = 1 pound.

1st SCHEDULE—PART II

Dates When Ration Coupons are good and Valid for Use

Unused Coupons in Ration Book 2

Sugar Coupons (Red)—Nos. 1 to 13
Tea or Coffee Coupons (Green)—Nos. 1 to 13
Butter Coupons (Purple)—Nos. 24 and 25

Meat Coupons (Spare "A"—Brown)—Nos. 13 and 14 (In Pairs) are all good and valid for use at any time on and after September 2, 1943, and, except as to above mentioned Butter Coupons and Meat Coupons, remain good until further notice given by Administrator's Order. The Butter Coupons and Meat Coupons expire as listed in the expiry dates Table which appears in this Schedule below.

Unused Coupons of Ration Cards

All unused Coupons of a Ration Card are good and valid for use at any time and remain good and valid for use until further notice given by Administrator's Order.

Home Canning Sugar Coupons

These Coupons issued under Board Order No. 242 are good and valid for use at any time on and after September 2, 1943, and remain good and valid for use until further notice is given by Administrator's Order.

1st SCHEDULE—PART II—(Cont'd)

RATION BOOK 3 AND SPECIFIED COUPONS IN RATION BOOK 2

TEA OR COFFEE	SUGAR	PRESERVES	DATES COUPONS BECOME VALID	BUTTER	MEAT
		D Coupons			Book 2 Spare A
14 and 15	14	1	Thursday, September, 2, 1943	26 and 27	15
			“ “ 9, “	....	16
	15 and 16	2 and 3	“ “ 16, “	28 and 29	17
16 and 17	....	....	“ “ 23, “	....	18
			“ “ 30, “	30 and 31	19
			“ October, 7, “	....	20
18 and 19	17 and 18	4 and 5	“ “ 14, “	32 and 33	21
			“ “ 21, “	....	22
			“ “ 28, “	34 and 35	23
20 and 21	....	....	“ November, 4, “	....	24
	19 and 20	6 and 7	“ “ 11, “	36 and 37	25
			“ “ 18, “	....	26
					Book 3 Meat
22 and 23	....	....	“ “ 25, “	38 and 39	27
			“ December, 2, “	....	28
	21 and 22	8 and 9	“ “ 9, “	40 and 41	29
24 and 25	....	....	“ “ 16, “	....	30
			“ “ 23, “	42 and 43	31
			“ “ 30, “	....	32
26 and 27	23 and 24	10 and 11	“ January, 6, 1944	44 and 45	33
			“ “ 13, “	....	34
			“ “ 20, “	46 and 47	35
28 and 29	....	....	“ “ 27, “	....	36
Subsequent arrangements to be announced later by the Administrator.	25 and 26	12 and 13	“ February, 3, “	48 and 49	37
			“ “ 10, “	....	38
			“ “ 17, “	50 and 51	39
			“ “ 24, “	....	40
	27 and 28	14 and 15	“ March, 2, “	52 and 53	41
			“ “ 9, “	....	42
			“ “ 16, “	54 and 55	43
			“ “ 23, “	....	44
	29	16	“ “ 30, “	56 and 57	45
			“ April 6, “	....	46

EXPIRY DATES OF COUPONS

after which they cease to be good and valid for use
by Consumers

SUGAR COUPONS (Red)—Remain good until date to be announced by Administrator.

TEA OR COFFEE COUPONS (Green)—Remain good until date to be announced by Administrator.

PRESERVES COUPONS (D)—Remain good until date to be announced by Administrator.

HOME CANNING SUGAR COUPONS—Remain good until date to be announced by Administrator.

Butter Coupons and Meat Coupons

Expire as set forth in the Table Below.

Butter Coupons (Purple)	Expiry Dates (Consumers)	Meat Coupons (Brown) In Pairs
		Book 2—Spare "A"
Nos. 24, 25, 26, and 27	September 30, 1943	Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16.
Nos. 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33	October 31, 1943	Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21.
Nos. 34, 35, 36 and 37	November 30, 1943	Nos. 22, 23, 24 and 25.
Nos. 38, 39, 40 and 41	December 31, 1943	No. 26 and Book 3, Nos. 27, 28 and 29.
		Book 3
Nos. 42, 43, 44 and 45	January 31, 1944	Nos. 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34.
Nos. 46, 47, 48 and 49	February 29, 1944	Nos. 35, 36, 37 and 38.
Nos. 50, 51, 52 and 53	March 31, 1944	Nos. 39, 40, 41 and 42.
Nos. 54, 55, 56 and 57.	April 30, 1944	Nos. 43, 44, 45, and 46.

SCHEDULES OF BOARD ORDER No. 308

2nd Schedule—Suppliers

Expiry Dates for Use of Ration Coupons by Suppliers

Ration Coupons Which Remain Good and Valid For Use By Suppliers Until Dates to be Announced by the Administrator

Tea or Coffee Ration Coupons

Preserves Ration Coupons

Sugar Ration Coupons

Home Canning Sugar Coupons

Expiry Dates For Use by Suppliers of Butter Ration Coupons and Meat Ration Coupons

Butter Coupons	Expiry Dates	Meat Coupons (in pairs)
20, 21, 22 and 23	September 14, 1943	Book 2—Spare "A" 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.
24, 25, 26 and 27	October 14, 1943	13, 14, 15 and 16.
28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33	November 14, 1943	17, 18, 19, 20 and 21.
34, 35, 36 and 37	December 14, 1943	22, 23, 24 and 25.
38, 39, 40 and 41	January 14, 1944	26, and Book 3, 27, 28 and 29.
42, 43, 44 and 45	February 14, 1944	30, 31, 32, 33 and 34.
46, 47, 48 and 49	March 14, 1944	35, 36, 37 and 38.
50, 51, 52 and 53	April 14, 1944	39, 40, 41 and 42.
54, 55, 56 and 57	May 14, 1944	43, 44, 45 and 46.

Special Rule for Deposits and Bank Transfer Vouchers

All Ration Coupons remain good for a period of 7 days beyond their expiry dates for Suppliers for the following limited purposes only:

1. For deposit to the credit of his coupon bank account by the operator.
2. For use in obtaining a bank transfer voucher from a bank.

Meat Table B—Rationed Meat and Quantity Purchasable by Suppliers Quota Users, Industrial Users and Persons other than Consumers.

Quantities expressed in number of meat ration coupons representing each 100 lbs. of meat purchased or supplied. For a quantity less than 100 lbs. the requisite number of meat coupons to be in proportion.

1. Cuts, Portions and Products according to Groups of Meat Table A—
   - (i) Group A—190 coupons per 100 lbs.
   - (ii) Group B—127 coupons per 100 lbs.
   - (iii) Group C—95 coupons per 100 lbs.
   - (iv) Group D—76 coupons per 100 lbs.

2. Coupons per 100 lbs. Required for	Carcass or Side	Front Quarter	Hind Quarter
(i) Beef	84	77	91
(ii) Veal	84	83	85
(iii) Lamb or Mutton	73	73	
(iv) Pork (Head on)	71		
(v) Pork (Head off)	74		

3. Cuts—Bone in—Coupons per 100 lbs.:

Beef		*Beef*		*Veal*	
(i) Square Cut Chuck	75	(ix) Plate	73	(xvi) Loin Flank off	71
(ii) 7-Bone Rib	92	(x) Brisket Point	62	(xvii) Flank	72
(iii) Short Hip	97	(xi) Triangle	73	(xviii) Leg	75
(iv) Long Hip	94	(xii) Cross Cut Chuck	72		
(v) Steak Piece	84	(xiii) Rack	80		
(vi) Short Loin	89	(xiv) Flank	72		
(vii) Long Loin	86	(xv) Front Flank	72		
(viii) Shell Loin	92				

4. Boneless Cuts (other than Pork) Coupons per 100 lbs.....127

5. Fresh Sausage—Coupons per 100 lbs.................... 76

6. Pork—bone in—Coupons per 100 lbs.	Fresh	Cured	Smoked	Cooked
(i) Shoulder, New York, hock on	103			
(ii) Shoulder, New York, hock off	110			
(iii) Montreal Shoulder	110			
(iv) Butt	127			
(v) Lacone	127			
(vi) Picnic, hock on	92	92	92	
(vii) Picnic, hock off	95	95	95	
(viii) Loin	92			
(ix) Ham, trimmed	95	95	95	
(x) Hock	76	76		95
(xi) Picnic, Ready-to-serve				127
(xii) Ham, Ready-to-serve				127
(xiii) Mess Pork		76		
(xiv) Short Cut Back		76		
7. Pork, boneless—Coupons per 100 lbs.:				
(i) Back (in the piece)	127	165	165	
(ii) Belly (in the piece)	127	127	165	
(iii) Cottage Roll		127	127	
(iv) Regular Roll		127	127	
(v) Ham Butt Roll		127	127	
(vi) Ham			127	190
(vii) Bacon (sliced) Back			190	
(viii) Bacon (sliced) Side			190	
(ix) Cheek Meat	127			
(x) Head Meat	127			
(xi) Extra Lean Trimmings	127			
(xii) Regular Trimmings	127			
(xiii) Tenderloin	127			
(xiv) Butt				190

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 314

Respecting Maximum Prices of Potatoes

Under powers given to the Board by Order in Council P.C. 8528 dated November 1, 1941, and amendments,

The Board hereby orders as follows:—

1. Orders Nos. 236, 275 and 282 of the Board are hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after September 6, 1943.
Made at Ottawa this 31st day of August, 1943.

D. DEWAR,

Deputy Chairman.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 318

Respecting the Transportation of Goods

Made pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 8528, dated the 1st day of November, 1941.

The Board hereby Orders as follows:

1. Section 4 of Order No. 121 dated the 7th day of April, 1942 is hereby revoked and the following is substituted therefor:

"4. (1) No person shall, except in an emergency, use or operate or cause to be used or operated a vehicle, otherwise than by the most direct route to its destination, or for any wasteful or unnecessary purpose, having regard to the circumstances in which the operation took place.

(2) This section does not prevent the operation of a vehicle to or from a place of worship or for the purpose of attending a religious ceremony.

(3) Purposes which are considered wasteful or unnecessary include the operation of a vehicle for pleasure, or for carrying passengers (except in the cab while the vehicle is being operated for transporting goods), or to go to or return from a place of recreation or entertainment, a sporting event, a picnic or a social gathering.

(4) If any person is charged with a contravention of this section the burden of proving that the vehicle was being operated for a purpose which was neither wasteful nor unnecessary or that an emergency existed shall be upon him."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 23rd day of September, 1943.

Made at Ottawa this 20th day of September, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-843

Respecting New Construction Machinery and Equipment

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. For the purposes of this Order, "construction equipment" means new equipment or machinery of a kind or type listed in Schedule "A", "B", "C" or "D" hereto.

Sale and Delivery of Equipment

2. (1) Every person who requires any article of construction equipment shall, prior to placing an order for such article, file with the Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment, a written application for approval of the order for the said article of construction equipment. The application shall be in such form as the Administrator may from time to time determine, and shall disclose full particulars of the reasons in support of the application.

(2) No person shall sell, offer to sell or supply an article of construction equipment unless the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section have been complied with and the said Administrator has approved the application therein referred to.

3. Permits will not be granted by the said Administrator in respect of construction equipment listed in Schedule "C" hereto except to or for the order of

(*a*) Department of Munitions and Supply;
(*b*) Department of National Defence (Naval Services);
(*c*) Department of National Defence (Army);
(*d*) Department of National Defence for Air;
(*e*) Department of Transport;
(*f*) Department of Mines and Resources.

4. No person who manufactures, deals in or distributes parts for construction equipment shall sell, offer to sell or supply parts for the repair or maintenance of any such construction equipment unless the person who desires to acquire the same furnishes to such manufacturer, dealer or distributor a certificate in the form set out in Schedule "E" hereto.

5. Where by the terms of any of the foregoing sections of this Order the sale or supply of construction equipment or parts therefor is prohibited or restricted, no person shall purchase, receive or acquire such construction equipment or parts except in conformity with the restrictions and conditions applicable to the sale or supply thereof.

Manufacture of Construction Equipment

6. No person shall manufacture construction equipment of a class or kind listed in Schedule "D" hereto.

7. No person shall in any calendar quarter year, except with the written permission of the said Administrator, manufacture or assemble construction equipment unless

(*a*) he has filed with the said Administrator the quarterly return prescribed by Section 11 and containing such person's projected production schedule for the same quarter year; and (*b*) the said Administrator has approved the said schedule in writing as provided in Section 12.

8. No person who has filed with the Administrator the quarterly return required by Section 11 shall manufacture or assemble construction equipment

(*a*) in any greater quantity of any class or kind of construction equipment than the quantity shown in the said return approved by the said Administrator as such person's intended production of the said class or kind of construction equipment for the calendar quarter year covered in such return; or

(*b*) of any class or kind not shown in such return approved by the said Administrator as intended to be manufactured by him during the calendar quarter year covered in such return.

9. No person shall in the manufacture of construction equipment or a part therefor use alloy steel, stainless steel, aluminum, magnesium, copper, brass, bronze, zinc, nickel, tin, cadmium or a fabricated rubber product if other metal or material suitable for the purpose may be used in substitution. In case of doubt specifications must be submitted to the Administrator for his decision.

Returns

10. Every person who deals in or distributes construction equipment of Canadian origin, shall on or before each February 1, May 1, August 1 and November 1 file with each Canadian manufacturer from whom he bought such equipment or from whom he received the same on consignment, a statement for the current calendar quarter year setting out in respect to the products of such manufacturer the following:

(*a*) the stock of machines which the dealer or distributor has on hand and which are not covered by authorized releases;

(*b*) the number of machines which the dealer expects to receive during the remainder of the calendar quarter year;

(*c*) the stock of machines which the dealer expects to have on hand at the end of the calendar quarter year and which are not covered by authorized releases.

11. Every Canadian manufacturer shall file with the said Administrator on or before each February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 a projected quarterly return for the current calendar quarter year in triplicate in the form prescribed from time to time by the said Administrator. Such return shall show

(*a*) the total of the stocks of machines in hands of dealers and distributors reported to the manufacturer under Section 10 (*a*);

(*b*) the number of machines which the manufacturer expects to have on hand on the last day of the current calendar quarter year;

(*c*) a detailed statement of the manufacturer's proposed production of construction equipment during the calendar quarter year next following the date of the return;

(*d*) such further information as the said Administrator may from time to time require.

12. The Administrator may approve in whole or in part, proposed schedule of production set out in the quarterly return filed by each manufacturer or assembler or may direct that such production schedule shall be altered or varied.

13. Every person affected by any provision of this Order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning his production, sales, purchases, acquisitions and inventories of new equipment and parts therefor and the same shall at all times be available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

14. This Order shall be effective on and after the 23rd day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of August, 1943.

H. H. BLOOM,
Administrator of Farm and Construction
Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

Notes:

1. All forms required to be completed pursuant to the terms of this Order may be obtained from any regional office of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board or from H. H. Bloom, Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment, Room 500, 255 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario. Upon completion all forms are to be returned to Mr. H. H. Bloom, Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment, Room 500, 255 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario.

2. Section 9 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations reads as follows:

> "9. Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any regulation or Order shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction under Part XV of the Criminal Code or, if the Attorney General of Canada or any Province so directs, upon indictment, to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and such imprisonment; and any director or officer of any company or corporation who assents to or acquiesces in any such offence by such company or corporation shall be guilty of such offence personally and cumulatively with the said company or corporation."

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-843

Angledozers and modifications thereof
Buggies and carts, concrete, hand operated
Bulldozers and modifications thereof
Conveyors, construction material, portable belt type and for portable plants
Cranes, crawler mounted power
Cranes, tractor mounted power
Cranes, rubber tired mounted power, except freight handling lift trucks
Crushers, gyratory and cone portable type
Crushers, jaw (sizes 9″ x 14″ to 30″ x 44″ openings, inclusive) used for construction work only
Crushers, roll, construction aggregates, portable type
Crushing plants, portable type
Derricks, guy, contractors and material handling, stationary type
Derricks, stiff leg, contractors and material handling, stationary type
Distributors, bituminous
Ditchers, ladder
Ditchers, wheel
Draglines, (*see* cranes)
Draglines, slack line
Draglines, walking

Drilling machines, blast hole drills, churn drill type
Drilling machines, rock portable mounted, used for construction work only
Dryers, construction aggregate
Excavators (*see* power shovels)
Finishers, concrete
Finishers, bituminous paving
Graders, blade or pull type, earth moving
Grapples
Hammers, pile
Heaters, and circulators, tank car, when used in construction operations only
Jacks, mud
Loaders, portable bucket (other than coal)
Loaders, portable snow
Logging arches, tractor drawn
Maintainers, road
Mixers, aggregate pulverizer
Mixers, agitator concrete truck type
Mixers, concrete truck mounted with elevating towers
Mixers, concrete construction, above 6 cubic feet
Pavers, concrete
Plants, stabilizing
Plants, asphalt, including travel mix type
Plants, bituminous patch, hot or cold mixer type (more than 10 ton per hour capacity)
Plows, snow (V and blade types)—truck, tractor, grader or railroad mounted, including wings
Plows, snow (rotary and blower types)
Power control units for tractor (both cable and hydraulic)
Pumps, concrete, except for well cementing
Pumps, portable engine or electric-motor-driven pumping units mounted on skids, with or without handles, or trailer mounted larger than 90,000 gallons per hour, self-priming centrifugal pumps, horizontal or vertical triplex piston road pumps, ordinarily used for contractor's purposes or by contractors for dewatering and supply.
Rippers, road
Scrapers, carrying and hauling, both drawn and self-propelled, except sizes listed in Schedule "D"
Shovels, crawler mounted power
Shovels, rubber tired mounted power
Shovels, tractor mounted power
Sprayers, (Maintenance units) bituminous materials (over 300 gallons capacity)
Spreaders, concrete
Wagons, contractors crawler
Winches, tractor and truck mounted

SCHEDULE "B"

To Administrator's Order No. A-843

Backfill tampers
Breakers, paving
Buckets, clamshell
Buckets, concrete
Buckets, dragline
Buckets, orange peel
Buckets, scraper (bottomless) for dragline operation
Clay diggers
Derricks, small stiff leg, guy, pole, tripod, and setter types with hand power hoists or winches of not over 4 ton maximum capacity
Drills, jack hammer
Drills, rock, except portable mounted, used for construction work only
Form tamping, and pulling machines

Heaters, asphalt surface
Heaters, concrete mixer
Hoists, contractors and material handling, hand type and power driven having specifications not exceeding 6,000 pounds line pull at 200 FPM line speed or not exceeding 1,300,000 foot pounds effort based on second wrap of cable
Joint and crack filling machines
Kettles, bituminous heating
Mixers, concrete construction, 7 cubic feet and smaller
Mixers, plaster and mortar
Paving breakers
Plants, bituminous-patch, hot or cold mixer type (10 ton per hour capacity and under)
Pumps, portable engine or electric motor driven pumping units, mounted on skids, with or without handles, or trailer mounted 90,000 gallons per hour and smaller self-priming centrifugal pumps, plunger pumps, or diaphragm pumps ordinarily used for contractors' purposes or by contractors for dewatering and supply, excluding farm type, industrial type and underwriters approved fire fighting pumps
Screen, rotary, vibratory and gravity types, other than coal, mining, industrial or those for screening mud on well drilling, used as a component part of or replacement for a portable crushing, screening or mashing plant
Sprayers, (maintenance units) bituminous material (300 gallon capacity and smaller)
Spreaders, aggregate
Vibrators, concrete
Winches, contractor (*see* hoists)

SCHEDULE "C"

To Administrator's Order No. A-843

Batchers, construction material
Batching plants, construction type
Bins, construction material, portable
Bins, construction material, stationary
Broom, contractors rotary
Buggies and carts, concrete power propelled
Chutes, concrete handling
Concrete surfacing machines
Discs, road, harrow type for construction work
Discs, road, wheel mounted type
Distributors, water (street sprinklers)
Ditchers, blade
Dredges and dredge equipment, except mining
Drilling machines, portable water well, churn-drill type
Earth boring machines, vertical sugar type
Finegraders and subgraders, self-propelled type
Finishers and rodding machines for wet concrete
Forms, concrete road
Graders, elevating earth moving
Graders, self-propelled earth moving
Hoists, contractor and material handling exceeding 6,000 pounds line pull at 250 FPM line speed or exceeding 1,300,000 foot pounds effort based on second wrap of cable
Hoppers, portable concrete
Maintainers, shoulder
Plows, cable laying
Rollers, road portable
Rollers, road pneumatic tired
Rollers, road tandem
Rollers, road three wheeled
Rollers, tamping and sheepsfoot
Scarifiers—complete machines not attachments

Screening plants, portable type
Sweepers, street
Sweepers, street motor pick-up
Towers, concrete placing
Towers, material elevating
Washing and screening plants, portable type

SCHEDULE "D"

To Administrator's Order No. A-843

Finegraders and subgraders, drawn type
Graders, under truck type
Joint levellers
Scrapers, carrying and hauling, over 15 cu. yd. struck capacity

SCHEDULE "E"

To Administrator's Order No. A-843

Certification for Repair Parts

This Order covers Repair Parts needed for actual or impending breakdown or maintenance of ....

....

which has been registered under Administrator's Order No. A-246 or No. A-845
Model Number ....Serial Number ....
Rating ....Project Identification*..................
....
....
....
....
in accordance with Administrator's Order No. A-843 with the terms of which I am familiar.

Date................................

Purchaser ....
....

By ....

* *Note:*

Project identification must be established by writing down in the space provided above:—

(i) The prime contract number of the project, if the repair parts are required for an undertaking on behalf of one or more of the following departments of the Dominion Government:
  (*a*) Department of Munitions and Supply
  (*b*) Department of National Defence (Naval Services)
  (*c*) Department of National Defence (Army)
  (*d*) Department of National Defence for Air
  (*e*) Department of Transport
  (*f*) Department of Mines and Resources; or

(ii) a description of the type of work for which the parts are intended, e.g., mining, highway construction, logging, Wartime Housing, etc., if the undertaking does not come within the meaning of item (i) above.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-845

Respecting Used Industrial and Construction Equipment

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

Administrator's Order No. A-246 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

1. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "equipment" means rebuilt equipment and used equipment;

(*b*) "essential work" means a project or undertaking authorized or approved by the Government of Canada or one of its Departments for or as ancillary to the defence of Canada in the war or for or as ancillary to the prosecution of the war by His Majesty or any of His Majesty's Allies;

(*c*) "rebuilt equipment" means used equipment of which, where required, all worn, broken and missing parts have been reworked, repaired and replaced and it is thereby restored to a condition for performance substantially equivalent to that of which it was capable when new;

(*d*) "used equipment" means used industrial or construction machinery or equipment of a kind or type listed in Schedule "A" or "B" hereto which has been put to use for one month or more since it was first put to use when new.

2. (1) Without in any way restricting the generality of the application of this Order, it is hereby declared that it shall apply to every person engaged in the business of buying, selling, leasing or renting equipment and to provincial governments and emanations thereof, municipal and other local government corporations, boards and commissions, public utility corporations and commissions, construction and building contractors, mining, lumbering, pulp and paper corporations and manufacturing and other industrial corporations.

(2) This Order shall not apply to a farmer in respect of the use by him of equipment for any purpose of his farm operations or to equipment owned by him or leased or rented to him for such a purpose.

3. (1) Except as provided in subsection 2 of this Section, every person who owns equipment of a kind or type listed in Schedule "A" hereto shall within thirty days from the effective date of this Order report in writing to the Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment, according to the form prescribed by him, each item and unit of equipment which he owned on the date of this Order.

(2) Subsection 1 of this Section shall not be deemed to require a person to make a report to the said Administrator with respect to equipment referred to in the said subsection

(*a*) ownership of which he reported pursuant to Administrator's Order No. A-246;

(*b*) marked with the figure "1" in the said Schedule "A", which is permanently built-in as part of a complete stationary operating plant, such as a mine, quarry or sand and gravel plant, and cannot be removed as a separate unit without destroying the operating continuity of the plant; or

(*c*) marked with the figure "2" in the said Schedule "A", which is a bucket forming part of a single purpose crane unit operating only as a dragline, clamshell or concrete handling plant if the buckets are reported as part of such unit.

(3) Every person who owns equipment of a kind or type listed in Schedule "B" hereto shall within thirty days from the effective date of this Order report in writing to the said Administrator, according to the form prescribed by him, each item and unit of equipment which he owned on the date of this Order, notwithstanding that he reported ownership thereof pursuant to said Administrator's Order No. A-246.

4. Every person who owns equipment of a kind or type listed in said Schedule "A" shall report in writing, to the said Administrator, according to the form prescribed by him, within seven days from the time when the same,

(*a*) having been idle, is put to use on a project or undertaking;

(*b*) becomes idle after completion of the use to which it has been put on a project or undertaking;

(*c*) is moved from the site of a project or undertaking where it has been put to use;

(*d*) is so damaged, worn or in a state of non-repair that it cannot be put to use in that condition or cannot be restored to a serviceable condition;

(*e*) is sold or rented.

5. Every person who owns equipment of a kind or type listed in said Schedule "B" shall report in writing and in duplicate to the said Administrator, according to the form prescribed by him, any sale, lease or rental or use on a project or undertaking which he proposes to make of the equipment and until he has received the approval of the said Administrator thereto, evidenced by his endorsement thereof on one of the said duplicate reports, the equipment shall not be sold, leased, rented or used; provided that in case of emergency application for approval and the approval of a sale, lease, rental or use of the equipment may be made by telegraphic communications between the owner and the said Administrator.

6. (1) Where equipment of a kind or type listed in Schedule "A" or "B" is required for use for the purposes of an essential work, the said Administrator may by direction in writing addressed to a person who owns the required equipment order him to sell or rent the same to the person who requires its use for the said purpose, and the owner so directed within forty-eight hours after receipt of the direction shall by telegraphic communication or otherwise to the said Administrator report the place where the required equipment is located and whether he elects to sell or to rent the same and if he elects to sell, the price at which he offers to sell, not in any event exceeding the maximum price at which it may be sold as established by this Order.

(2) Upon receipt by the said Administrator of the telegraphic or other communication from the owner if he elects to sell the required equipment, the said Administrator shall ascertain from the person who requires its use whether he proposes to buy the equipment at the price offered and in the event of his refusal to do so, the said direction requiring use of the equipment shall be deemed to be withdrawn and the owner shall be notified accordingly.

(3) In the event that the owner elects to rent the required equipment or where he elects to sell in the event that his offer to sell is accepted by the person requiring use of the equipment, the said Administrator shall make such further directions in writing, if any, as may be necessary for completion of the transaction so that the required equipment is without undue delay, available to be put to use for the purposes of the essential work for such period of time as the said Administrator may specify.

(4) Every person to whom any direction in writing is issued by the said Administrator shall comply with the provisions thereof.

7. Every agreement to rent the use of equipment of a kind or type listed in the said Schedule "A" or "B" shall be in writing and signed by the owner and the hirer and each agreement shall include terms respecting the rental according to the provisions of Section 8.

8. (1) Every agreement to rent the use of equipment of a kind or type listed in said Schedule "A" or "B" shall be on a monthly basis or for a portion only of a month.

(2) The maximum rental at which the owner of equipment referred to in subsection 1 of this Section may rent or offer to rent the same on a monthly basis for use on a project or undertaking or on essential work shall be

(*a*) where the equipment was originally purchased new during or since the basic period, September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive,—for the first 240 hours or less of actual use in a month, a sum equal to eight percentum (8%) of the prevailing price (in Canadian funds) at which the same or the most closely comparable type or model, new is concurrently selling, which sum is hereinafter referred to as the basic monthly rent; or

(*b*) where the equipment was originally purchased new prior to the said basic period,—for the first 240 hours or less of actual use in a month, a sum equal to eight per centum (8%) of the maximum price at which the equipment may be sold as provided by this Order, which sum is hereinafter referred to as the basic monthly rent; and

(*c*) for each hour of actual use in a month in excess of his first 240 hours of actual use in that month, the sum per hour of one-four hundred and eightieth (1/480) of the basic monthly rent according to clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of this subsection, whichever of them is applicable.

(3) Where by agreement equipment referred to in subsection 1 of this Section is rented for a portion only of a month involving actual use for less than 240 hours, the maximum rental at which the owner may rent or offer to rent the same for use on a project or undertaking or on essential work shall be the sum per hour of actual use of one-two hundred and fortieth (1/240) of the basic monthly rental; provided that if the actual use in any month by the same person is or exceeds 240 hours, the provisions of subsection 2 of this Section shall become applicable, notwithstanding that the agreement is with respect to a portion only of a month.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 or 3 of this Section, whenever the owner of equipment referred to in this Section has by way of rentals thereof received from a person who rented the same, a sum equal to the maximum price at which the equipment may be sold as provided by this Order, the maximum rental on a monthly basis or for a portion only of a month at which he may thereafter rent or offer to rent the equipment to that person pursuant to any rental agreement shall be at the rate of one-eighth (⅛) of the maximum rental at which it may be rented under said subsection 2 or 3, as the case may be.

(5) In every agreement to rent the use of equipment referred to in this Section it shall be implied that the cost of transportation thereof both ways between the owner's shipping point and the hirer's receiving point shall be paid by the hirer and unless the context of the agreement otherwise provides or requires the further implied conditions that

(*a*) all fuel and lubricants for the equipment shall be supplied by the hirer at his own expense;

(*b*) the operator of the equipment shall be engaged and paid by the hirer at his own expense;

(*c*) premiums, or a proportionate part thereof, of insurance on or in respect of the equipment for the period of the renting shall be payable by the hirer; and

(*d*) the equipment shall be maintained, kept and returned in good repair and operating condition by the hirer at his own expense, ordinary wear and tear only excepted.

(6) The said Administrator may at any time by notice in writing to the parties to an agreement of rental require that any of its terms or any of the implied conditions set forth in subsection 5 of this Section be amended or varied as the said notice may direct.

9. (1) The maximum price at which rebuilt equipment or used equipment not rebuilt which is in a condition for performance equivalent to that of which it was capable when new may be sold or offered for sale by the owner shall be eighty-five per centum (85%) of the price (in Canadian funds) at which the same or the most closely comparable type or model, new, is currently selling.

(2) The maximum price at which used equipment other than rebuilt equipment or used equipment referred to in subsection 1 of this Section, may be sold or offered for sale by the owner shall be just and reasonable having regard to the comparability of its condition and usefulness with those of rebuilt equipment of the same or most closely comparable kind or type, but in any event the price shall not exceed the maximum price at which it could be sold if it were rebuilt.

10. Equipment imported into Canada after the effective date of this Order must not be sold, leased or used without the approval of the said Administrator having been first obtained. Section 4 of this Order shall not apply to the first sale or lease or use of such equipment but only to subsequent transactions of this kind and this Section shall not apply in the case of such subsequent transactions.

11. This Order shall be effective on and after the 23rd day of August, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 7th day of August, 1943.

H. H. BLOOM,
Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

NOTES:

1. All forms required to be completed pursuant to the terms of this Order may be obtained from any regional office of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board or from H. H. Bloom, Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment, Room 500, 255 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario. Upon completion all such forms are to be returned to H. H. Bloom, Administrator of Farm and Construction Machinery and Municipal Service Equipment, Room 500, 255 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario.

2. Section 9 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board regulations reads as follows: "9. Any person who contravenes or fails to observe any regulation or order shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction under Part XV of the Criminal Code, if the Attorney General of Canada or of any Province so directs, upon indictment, to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and such imprisonment; and any director or officer of any company or corporation who assents to or acquiesces in any such offence by such company or corporation shall be guilty of such offence personally and cumulatively with the said company or corporation."

SCHEDULE "A"

to Administrator's Order No. A–845

Angledozers, and modifications thereof
Batchers,[1] construction material
Batching plants,[1] construction type, portable
Batching plants, construction type, stationary as one unit
Bins,[1] construction materials, portable
Bins, construction material, stationary
Brooms, contractors rotary
Buckets,[2] clamshell
Buckets,[2] concrete
Buckets,[2] dragline
Buckets,[2] orange peel
Buckets,[2] scraper (Bottomless) for dragline operation
Bulldozers, and modifications thereof
Center line markers, power driven
Compressors, portable air, 120 cu. ft. and over
Concrete surfacing machines
Conveyors,[1] construction material, except when part of a portable crushing plant
Cranes, rubber tired mounted power
Cranes, tractor mounted power
Crushers,[1] construction material, cone and gyratory, portable type
Crushers,[1] jaw and roll, portable type
Crushing plants, stationary and portable type
Derricks,[1] guy
Derricks,[1] stiff leg

Distributors, bituminous
Draglines, see cranes
Draglines,[1] slack line
Draglines, walking
Dredges,[1] and dredge equipment
Drills, rock, except portable mounted
Drilling machines, blast hole drills
Drilling machines, core drills
Drilling machines, rock, portable mounted
Drilling machines, portable well
Dryers,[1] construction aggregate
Earth boring machines
Finegraders and subgraders, self-propelled
Finishers, bituminous paving
Finishers, concrete
Forms, concrete road
Form tamping machines
Generating sets for flood lighting, gas or diesel
Graders, earth moving, blade and pull type
Graders, earth moving, elevating
Graders, earth moving, under truck type
Hammers, pile, other than air operated
Heaters and circulators, tank car
Heaters, asphalt surface
Hoes, trench
Hoists,[1] contractors
Hoppers, portable concrete
Jacks, mud
Kettles, bituminous heating
Loaders, portable bucket (other than coal)
Loaders, portable snow
Logging arches
Logging, yarders
Maintainers, road and shoulder
Mixers, agitator, concrete truck type
Mixers,[1] bituminous, cold and hot mix type, 10 ton per hour capacity or more
Mixers,[1] concrete construction—10S and larger
Pavers, bituminous or asphalt, self-propelled
Pavers, concrete
Plants, asphalt, portable and stationary
Plants, concrete
Plows, cable laying
Plows, snow, V or blade type, truck, tractor or grader mounted
Plows, snow, rotary type
Power control units for tractors, both cable and hydraulic
Power units, 40 HP to 200 HP, gas or diesel
Pumps, concrete
Pumps, dewatering and supply, larger than 90 thousand gallons
Rippers, road
Rollers, road, pneumatic tired
Rollers, road, tandem
Rollers, road, portable
Rollers, road, three wheeled
Rollers, tamping and sheepsfoot
Scrapers, carrying or hauling, both drawn and self-propelled
Screens,[1] rotary, vibrator and gravity types, other than coal and industrial
Screening plants, portable type
Screening plants, stationary
Shovels, power, rubber mounted
Shovels, power, tractor mounted
Sprayers, bituminous material
Spreaders, bituminous
Spreaders, concrete
Spreaders, material

Sweepers, street and road
Towers, concrete placing
Towers, material elevating
Tractors, industrial wheel type
Washing and screening plants, portable type
Wagons, contractors, crawler
Wagons, self-propelled, pneumatic tired
Winches, contractors
Winches, tractor mounted

SCHEDULE "B"

to Administrator's Order No. A-845

Cranes, crawler mounted power
Ditchers, blade
Ditchers, ladder
Ditchers, wheel
Graders, earth moving, self-propelled
Shovels, crawler mounted power
Tractors, crawler (specify all attachments)

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-860

Respecting Metal Containers and Closures

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Metal Containers, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

INTRODUCTION

A-425 and A-473 revoked. Effective Date.

1. Administrator's Orders Numbers A-425 and A-473 are revoked as of September 1, 1943, and on and after that date this Order shall govern in all matters hereinafter set forth.

Special cases may be exempted.

2. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Metal Containers, upon application to him, may grant in individual cases of undue hardship or special circumstances.

INTERPRETATION

Blackplate.

3. For the purpose of this Order,

(*a*) "blackplate" means any unplated low carbon steel sheet metal. It includes chemically treated blackplate and rejects arising out of the manufacture of blackplate. It does not include scrap or waste material (called "waste") arising out of the manufacture of containers;

Terneplate.

(*b*) "terneplate" means blackplate coated on one or both sides with lead-tin alloy. It includes "primes", "seconds" and "waste-waste". It does not include waste;

Tinplate.

(*c*) "tinplate" means blackplate coated on one or both sides with tin. It includes "primes", "seconds" and "waste-waste". It does not include waste;

Metal container.

(*d*) "metal container" means any unused container the top, bottom, or body of which is metal and which is intended for packing products of any kind for sale, storage or shipment. It includes railroad shipping, hand delivery and factory type milk or cream cans whether used or unused. It also includes the covers, caps or closures for such metal containers. But the expression does not include drums, high or low pressure gas steel cylinders, or collapsible metal tubes.

RULES FOR MANUFACTURERS OF METAL CONTAINERS

Deliveries only for uses named in schedule.

4. No manufacturer of metal containers (hereinafter called "manufacturer") shall deliver any metal containers to any person unless and until the person files with him a signed statement showing the quantities by sizes of the metal containers he requires and that he requires them for use in packing a commodity named in the Schedule hereto. This rule applies even if an agreement or contract requires the manufacturer to deliver metal containers for other uses.

Specifications.

5. No manufacturer shall deliver metal containers for use in packing a commodity named in the Schedule, unless the containers are made in a size stated and of a metal named in the Schedule opposite the name of the commodity. However if tinplate is named, terneplate or blackplate may also be used, in whole or in part, in the manufacture of the containers. And further, if terneplate is named, blackplate may also be used, in whole or in part, in such manufacture.

Ears, bails and handles prohibited.

6. No person shall attach or supply ears, bails, openers or handles to or with any metal container of a size under four gallons. However, this rule does not apply to railroad shipping, factory or hand-delivery milk or cream cans named in items 4 and 5 in Commodity Group "E" of the Schedule. Nor does it apply to twenty-five pound grease pails or thirty pound jam pails or to metal containers for paint or varnish materials.

RULES FOR PACKERS

Certain uses prohibited.

7. No person shall use a metal container for any purpose other than to pack a commodity named in the Schedule hereto. He must not use a metal container to pack any fruit or vegetables imported into Canada. However, he may use such a container to pack marmalade made from imported citrus fruits.

8. When a person uses metal containers to pack a commodity named in the Schedule hereto, he shall comply with the following rules:—

Kind of metal container permitted.

(*a*) Only metal containers which are made of the metal named in the Schedule opposite the name of the commodity, or made of the substitute metals permitted by Section 5 may be used.

Sizes of containers.

(*b*) Only metal containers of the size or sizes stated in the Schedule opposite the name of the commodity may be used to pack the commodity. A twenty ounces metal container of the size 303 x 504 shall not be used after December 31, 1943, to pack any commodity named in commodity Groups "A" and "B" of the Schedule.

No limit for certain commodities.

(*c*) There are no restrictions in the number of metal containers that a person may use to pack a commodity named in the Schedule if the words "no limit" appear opposite the commodity named.

Where limits do apply.

(*d*) Wherever in the said Schedule a percentage of a stated year's pack (being a calendar year) is set forth opposite the name of a commodity then in every such case the greatest number of containers of any authorized size that a person may use in any quota period (being a twelve-months period ending March 31) to pack each such commodity shall be the number calculated by applying the percentage set forth opposite the commodity and size of container to the number of metal containers of the same size he used to pack the same commodity in the calendar year stated after the percentage.

Wherever in the Schedule the words "by total weight" follow a stated percentage of the 1941 pack (as shown, for example, in item 2 of Commodity Group "B") the percentage in such case shall apply to the quantity of the commodity which may be packed instead of the number of metal containers that may be used. And in such cases the 1941 pack shall be the total quantity of the commodity packed regardless of the size of containers used for the purpose in calendar year 1941.

In Order No. A-425 the quota year was declared to be a twelve month period ending September 30. The change in the quota year as provided in this Order will result in an overlapping of the said two quota periods in respect of the six months ending September 30, 1943. To avoid any possible hardship that might occur through the change of the quota period a packer shall be deemed to comply with this rule (*d*) if during the eighteen months period October 1, 1942, to March 31, 1944, his use of containers or the quantity of the commodity he packs does not exceed one and one-half times (150% of) the number of containers he is permitted to use or the quantity of the commodity he is permitted to pack, as the case may be, in a quota period ending March 31.

Removing fruit, etc. from one container to another.

9. No person shall remove any fruit, fruit juice, vegetables, vegetable juice or soup from a metal container in which it has been packed, to a metal container unless the first mentioned metal container has a capacity of four gallons or more and it can be used again to pack the same or a similar kind of commodity.

Limit to stocks of stamped, etc. containers.

10. The largest number of metal containers having a brand or trade name embossed, stamped or lithographed thereon that any person who packs commodities for sale may have on hand and on order at any time shall be the number thereof he would normally use to pack commodities for sale in a six months period immediately following such time.

Statement as to use of containers.

11. Before a person acquires any metal containers for use he must file with his supplier a signed statement showing, for the information of his supplier and of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, the quantities by sizes of the metal containers he requires. In the said statement he must also undertake to use the metal containers according to the rules provided in this Order or according to the terms of a permit issued by the said Administrator.

Reports.

12. Every person who manufactures or uses metal containers shall make such reports to the said Administrator as the said Administrator may from time to time require.

Dated at Ottawa, this 23rd day of August, 1943.

L. F. BURROWS,
Administrator of Metal Containers.

APPROVED:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

CONCURRED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-860

COMMODITY GROUP "A"—FRUITS—SYRUP OR SOLID PACK

Item No.	(Column 1) Commodity	(Column 2) Metal Permitted	(Column 3) Limitations as to use during period April 1, 1943 to Mar. 31, 1944 and each twelve month period thereafter	(Column 4) Specifications of container
1	Apricots, whole apricots not to be packed.	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit......	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
2	Berries..........................	Tinplate......	No limit......	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
3	Cherries..........................	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
4	Crabapples......................	Tinplate......	No limit......	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
5	Peaches, whole peaches not to be packed.	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
6	Pears, whole pears over 2″ in diameter not to be packed.	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
7	Plums and fresh prunes...........	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
8	Rhubarb..........................	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700

*N.B.—Can size 303 x 504 shall not be used after December 31, 1943.

COMMODITY GROUP "B"—VEGETABLES

Item No.	Commodity	Metal Permitted	Limitations	Specifications of container
1	Asparagus.........................	Tinplate......	100% of 1942 pack........	20-oz. 307 x 409
			100% of 1942 pack........	28-oz. 401 x 411
			100% of 1942 pack........	105-oz. 603 x 700
2	Baby Foods, strained, of permitted formulae only—	Tinplate......	125% of 1941 pack by total weight.	5-oz. 202 x 214
3	Beans, green, wax or green lima..	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
4	Corn, cream style or whole kernel.	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
5	Corn, whole kernel, vacuum pack.	Tinplate... ..	No limit.....	14-oz. 307 x 306

Commodity Group "B"—Vegetables—*Continued*

Item No.	(Column 1) Commodity	(Column 2) Metal Permitted	(Column 3) Limitations as to use during period April 1, 1943 to Mar. 31, 1944 and each twelve month period thereafter	(Column 4) Specifications of container
6	Mixed Vegetables, (Macedoine) Consisting of beans (green or wax), peas (fresh green), corn (cut or whole kernel), cabbage (fresh green), carrots (diced or cubed), turnip (table fresh green), celery, onions, parsley, pimento, peppers; Provided that not more than 35% of carrots and 5% of turnips may be included or 40% of carrots if no turnip is included or not more than 10% cabbage, 5% onions, 5% celery, all basis drained weight.	Tinplate......	100% of 1941 pack........	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			100% of 1941 pack.......	20-oz. 307 x 409
			100% of 1941 pack........	28-oz. 401 x 411
			100% of 1941 pack........	105-oz. 603 x 700
7	Peas, fresh green..................	Tinplate......	No limit......	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
8	Peas and Carrots—60% peas, 40% carrots (peas fresh green and fresh green, quick frozen).	Tinplate......	100% of 1941 pack........	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			100% of 1941 pack........	20-oz. 307 x 409
			100% of 1941 pack........	28-oz. 401 x 411
			100% of 1941 pack........	105-oz. 603 x 700
9	Pumpkin and Squash............	Tinplate......	No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
10	Spinach and Greens..............	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
11	Soups, condensed, of permitted formulae only—			
	(*a*) Asparagus, Mushroom, Fresh Green Pea, Spinach, Tomato, Vegetable.	Tinplate.	No limit.....	10-oz. 211 x 400
	(*b*) Beef, Celery, Chicken, Consomme, Corn, Mock Turtle, Onion, Oxtail, Pepperpot, Scotch Broth and Vegetable Beef.	Tinplate......	100% of 1941 pack........	10-oz. 211 x 400
12	Tomatoes...........................	Tinplate......	No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
13	Tomato Catsup..................	Tinplate......	No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-ox. 603 x 700
14	Tomato Juice......................	Tinplate......	No limit.....	20-oz. 303 x 504*
			No limit.....	20-oz. 307 x 409
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	48-oz. 404 x 700
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
15	Tomato Paste.....................	Tinplate......	No limit......	14-oz. 300 x 400
			No limit.....	28-oz. 401 x 411
			No limit.....	105-oz. 603 x 700
16	Tomato Pulp and Puree; not less than 1·05 s.g.	Tinplate......	No limit......	105-oz. 603 x 700
			No limit......	126-oz. 603 x 812 and larger.

*N.B.—Can size 303 x 504 shall not be used after December 31, 1943.

Commodity Group "C"—Fish and Shellfish

Item No.	(Column 1) Commodity	(Column 2) Metal Permitted	(Column 3) Limitations as to use during period April 1, 1943 to Mar. 31, 1944 and each twelve month period thereafter	(Column 4) Specifications of container
1	Herring, Pacific	Tinplate	No limit	1-lb. oval, 608 x 406 x 108
			No limit	1-lb. tall, 301 x 411
			No limit	½-lb. oval, 513 x 302 x 103
2	Herring, Atlantic	Tinplate	No limit	1-lb. 404 x 206
			No limit	1-lb. 300 x 409
			No limit	13-oz. 608 x 408 x 106
			No limit	9-oz. 211 x 400
			No limit	7-oz. 512 x 306 x 102
			No limit	3½-oz. 404 x 300 x 014
			No limit	3½-oz. 307 x 100
			No limit	4-oz. 400 x 100
3	Kipper Snacks	Tinplate	No limit	3½-oz. 604 x 114 x 014
4	*(a)* Salmon	Tinplate	No limit	1-lb. tall, 301 x 411
			No limit	1-lb. flat, 404 x 206
	(b) Salmon, Sockeye, Cohoe and Red Spring only.	Tinplate	No limit	½-lb. flat, 307 x 201·2
5	Pilchards	Tinplate	No limit	1-lb. tall, 301 x 411
6	Mackerel	Tinplate	No limit	1-lb. tall, 301 x 411
			No limit	1-lb. 300 x 409
			No limit	14-oz. flat, 404 x 206
7	Tuna	Tinplate	No limit	6/7-oz. flat— 307 x 200 307 x 201·25 307 x 203
8	Clams, Pacific	Tinplate	No limit	1-lb. tall, 301 x 411
9	Clams, Atlantic	Tinplate	No limit	5-oz. net meat, 211 x 400
			No limit	16-oz. net meat, 300 x 409
10	Haddies, including Cod, Pollock, Hake and Cusk.	Tinplate	No limit	14-oz. flat, 404 x 206
11	Crabs, Pacific	Tinplate	No limit	8-oz. 307 x 201·25
12	Lobsters	Tinplate	No limit	12-oz. flat, 404 x 206
			No limit	6-oz. 307 x 200
13	Lobster Tamale	Tinplate	No limit	6-oz. 307 x 200
14	Oysters, Shucked	Tinplate	No limit	1-gal. (Returnable)
15	Quahaugs	Tinplate	No limit	1-lb. 300 x 409
16	Fish Paste	Tinplate	50% of 1941 pack by total weight.	7-oz.— 307 x 203 307 x 201·25 307 x 200 300 x 203·5

Commodity Group "D"—Meats

1	Roast Beef	Tinplate	75% of 1941 pack by total weight.	16-oz. 404 x 206 16-oz. 401 x 207 16-oz. 401 x 211·5
2	Beefsteak with Mushrooms, Kidneys or Onions, with not less than 75% fresh meat by weight.	Tinplate	75% of 1941 pack by total weight	16-oz. 404 x 206 16-oz. 401 x 207 16-oz. 401 x 211·5
3	Meat Balls	Tinplate	75% of 1941 pack by total weight.	16-oz. 401 x 207 16-oz. 401 x 211·5

COMMODITY GROUP "D"—MEATS—*Continued*

Item No.	(Column 1) Commodity	(Column 2) Metal Permitted	(Column 3) Limitations as to use during period April 1, 1943 to Mar. 31, 1944 and each twelve month period thereafter	(Column 4) Specifications of container
4	Spiced Ham, Spiced Pork, Ham Loaf, Pork Loaf, Luncheon Meat and Meat Loaf.	Tinplate......	100% of 1941 pack by total weight.	12-oz. 115 x 312 x 308 12-oz. 300 x 309 12-oz. 301 x 307 16-oz. 300 x 409 16-oz. 301 x 409 16-oz. 401 x 207 16-oz. 401 x 211·5 6-lb. 402 x 310 x 1204
5	Pork Lunch Tongues sterilized only.	Tinplate......	No limit......	12-oz. 404 x 114
			No limit.....	6-lb. 402 x 310 x 1204
6	Ox Tongues......................	Tinplate......	75% of 1941 pack........	32-oz. 507 x 213
7	Stews, Boiled Dinners and Hashes.	Tinplate......	50% of 1941 pack.......	15-oz. 300 x 407
			50% of 1941 pack........	16-oz. 401 x 207
			50% of 1941 pack........	16-oz. 401 x 211·5
8	Meat Sandwich Spreads and Potted Meats.	Tinplate......	50% of 1941 pack by total weight.	7-oz. 300 x 203·5 8-oz. 307 x 201·25 8-oz. 301 x 202·5
9	Boneless Chicken................	Tinplate......	100% of 1941 pack by total weight.	16-oz. 300 x 407 16-oz. 300 x 409

COMMODITY GROUP "E"—MILK AND CREAM PRODUCTS

1	Milk, Sweetened Condensed......	Tinplate......	For Domestic 100% of 1941 pack........	15-oz. 300 x 307
			For Export only, No limit.	14-oz. 215 x 300 14-oz. 300 x 304
2	Milk, Evaporated................	Tinplate......	125% of 1941 pack........	16-oz. 215 x 404
			125% of 1941 pack........	16-oz. 215 x 403
			125% of 1941 pack........	16-oz. 301 x 411
			No limit.....	8-lb. 515 x 805
		Tinplate......	For export only, No limit.......	14½-oz. 215 x 313·5
3	Whole Milk Powders or Baby Foods, meaning foods processed for infants in powdered form containing not less than 70% milk solids by weight.	Tinplate......	100% of 1941 pack........	16-oz. 404 x 400
			100% of 1941 pack........	2½- lb. ———
			100% of 1941 pack.......	5-lb. ———
			No limit......	50-lb. ———

COMMODITY GROUP "E"—MILK AND CREAM—*Continued*

Item No.	(Column 1) Commodity	(Column 2) Metal Permitted	(Column 3) Limitations as to use during period April 1, 1943 to Mar. 31, 1944 and each twelve month period thereafter	(Column 4) Specifications of container
4	Milk	Tinplate	140% of the number of each type can actually sold by him during the year 1940.	*Railroad Shipping Can* 5- gal. type 1 mod. only. 8-gal. type 1 mod. only. 10-gal. type 1 mod. only. Shotgun type 1 mod. only.
		Tinplate	140% of the number of each type can actually sold by him during the year 1940.	*Factory Can* 20-gal. type 1 mod. only. 30-gal. type 1 mod. only. 40-gal. type 1 mod. only.
		Tinplate	140% of the number of each type can actually sold by him during the year 1940.	*Hand Delivery Can* 2-gal. type 1 mod. only. 3-gal. type 1 mod. only. 5-gal. type 1 mod. only.
5	Cream	Tinplate	140% of the number of each type can actually sold by him during the year 1940.	*Cream Can* 2-gal. type 1 mod. only. 3-gal. type 1 mod. only. 5-gal. type 1 mod. only. 8-gal. type 1 mod. only.

COMMODITY GROUP "F"

1	Honey	Tinplate	No limit	70-lb. can.
			No limit	60-lb. can.
2	Jam, Jelly, Marmalade	Tinplate	No limit	30-lb pail.
3	Non-Laxative Foods consisting of sugars and dextrins with or without other ingredients and containing less than Five (5) per cent moisture, put up in sterile form for the special feeding of infants under one year of age.	Tinplate Tinplate	No limit No limit	1-lb. 5-lb.

COMMODITY GROUP "G"—PAINT AND VARNISH MATERIALS

Item No.	(Column 1) Commodity	(Column 2) Metal Permitted	(Column 3) Limitations as to use during period April 1, 1943 to Mar. 31, 1944 and each twelve month period thereafter	(Column 4) Specifications of container
1	Lacquers, Lacquer Thinners and Lacquer Stains, Varnish and Varnish Removers.	Terneplate	No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can.
			No limit	and larger.
2	Shellac	Terneplate throughout with lead-tin alloy coating not to exceed 15 lbs. per double base box.	No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal can.
			No limit	and larger.
3	Copper bottom and anti-fouling paints.	Tinplate throughout.	No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can.
			No limit	and larger.
4	Paints, Pigmented oil or Oleoresinous, ready mixed, semi-paste or paste, including white lead in oil, colours in oil resin emulsion, paste, casein paste, and vegetable protein paste paints, also including shingle stains or oils, bituminous emulsion paints and tar or asphalt base coatings (Shall not include dry or powdered paints).	Terneplate	No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can.
			No limit	and larger.
5	Drying Oils, including but not limited to linseed oil and turpentine.	Terneplate	No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can
			No limit	and larger.
6	Lead and Putty including roofing putty.	Blackplate	No limit	25-lb.
			No limit	100-lb.
7	Tar and Asphalt base, Roofing Materials or Mastics and Tar or Asphalt base Plastics	Scrap or waste plate.	No limit	Open top 300 x 409
			No limit	Open top 301 x 411
		Blackplate	No limit	1-gal. can.
		Blackplate	No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5 gal. can
			No limit	and larger.

COMMODITY GROUP "H"—PRINTING INKS, OILS, GLUES

1	Printing Ink, Duplicating and Lithographing Ink Paste type only.	Blackplate	No limit	1-lb. (Ink) 301 x 210
			No limit	1-lb. (Ink) 311 x 211
			No limit	1-lb. (Color) 301 x 301
			No limit	5-lb. 603 x 413
			No limit	10-lb. 710 x 604
			No limit	25-lb. 900 x 1008
			No limit	50-lb. 1207 x 1106
2	Reducing Varnish	Terneplate	100% of 1941	1-pt. 301 x 408
				1-lb. 305 x 400
3	Liquid Glues and Adhesives	Terneplate	No limit	1-gal.
			No limit	4-gal.
			No limit	5-gal.
			No limit	and larger.
4	Fish Livers and Fish Liver Oils	Tinplate	No limit	4-gal.
			No limit	5-gal.
			No limit	and larger.
5	Essential Oils, distilled and cold pressed.	Tinplate	No limit	1-qt.
			No limit	1-gal.
			No limit	4-gal.
			No limit	5-gal.
			No limit	and larger.

COMMODITY GROUP "I"—PESTICIDES

Item No.	(Column 1) Commodity	(Column 2) Metal Permitted	(Column 3) Limitations as to use during period April 1, 1943 to Mar. 31, 1944 and each twelve month period thereafter	(Column 4) Specifications of container
1	Sprays, Dusts and Insecticides with pyrethrum or rotenone base.	Tinplate	No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can.
			No limit	and larger.
2	Sprays, Dusts, Disinfectants and insecticides including but not limited to cynogas.	Terneplate	No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can.
			No limit	and larger.
3	Nicotine Sulphate	Tinplate	No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can
			No limit	and larger.

COMMODITY GROUP "J"—SPECIAL PRODUCTS

1	Abrasives and grinding and buffing compounds not to be packed dry.	Blackplate	No limit	Any size.
2	Benzol, Naphtha, Toluene and Xylene. For industrial uses only other than dry cleaning.	Terneplate	100% of 1941	1-gal. can.
			100% of 1941	4-gal. can.
			100% of 1941	5-gal. can
			100% of 1941	and larger.
3	Blood Plasma	Tinplate	No limit	Any size.
4	Carbon Bisulphide	Terneplate body, Blackplate ends.	No limit	1-lb. can.
5	Cements and Dressings, limited to Belting, Furnace, Linoleum, Pipe Joint and Radiator (not to be packed dry).	Terneplate	No limit	1-qt. can.
			No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can
			No limit	and larger.
6	Cements, Rubber, solvent and latex.	Terneplate	No limit	1-qt. can.
			No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can
			No limit	and larger.
7	Chloroform and Ether	Tinplate	No limit	Any size.
8	Fire Extinguisher Fluid, limited to chlorinated-hydrocarbon type.	Terneplate	No limit	1-qt. can.
			No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can
			No limit	and larger.
9	Gasket assembling compounds	Terneplate	No limit	1-qt. can.
			No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can
			No limit	and larger.
10	Graphite with Liquid content	Terneplate	No limit	1-qt. can.
			No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can
			No limit	and larger.
11	Greases, lubricating	Blackplate	No limit	5-lb. can.
			No limit	25-lb. can
			No limit	and larger.

COMMODITY GROUP "J"—SPECIAL PRODUCTS—*Continued.*

Item No.	(Column 1) Commodity	(Column 2) Metal Permitted	(Column 3) Limitations as to use during period April 1, 1943 to Mar. 31, 1944 and each twelve month period thereafter	(Column 4) Specifications of container
12	Dry Solvents including but not limited to Toilet Bowl and Drain Pipe Cleaners containing not less than 70% bisulphate of soda.	Bottoms and Bodies blackplate, top tinplate, frozen and rejects.	100% of 1941..	Nearest existing size to 10-oz. 20-oz. and larger.
13	Lye	Bottoms and Bodies blackplate, top tinplate, frozen and rejects.	No limit	10-oz. can and larger.
14	Oils, Transformer and Refrigerator.	Tinplate	No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	2-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can.
15	Oleic Acid	Terneplate	No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can.
			No limit	and larger.
16	Leather Dressings— Paste type only.	Blackplate frozen and rejects.	100% of the area of plate used in 1941.	
	(a) Shoe Polish			No. 3 can
				No. 4 can
	(b) Dubbin			No. 3 can
	(c) Saddle Soap			8-oz. can
				1-lb. can
17	Soap, Paste, limited to mechanic's hand soap.	Blackplate frozen and rejects.	100% of 1941..	3-lb. can and larger.
18	Soldering Pastes and Boiler Sealing compounds.	Blackplate	No limit	Any size.
19	Sodium Chlorate	Terneplate	No limit	1-gal. can.
			No limit	4-gal. can.
			No limit	5-gal. can
			No limit	and larger.
20	Dangerous chemicals requiring a metal container by regulations of Canadian Transport Commission.	Terneplate	No limit	Any size.
21	Ointments and Salves—			
	(a) Prescription type	Frozen tinplate.	No limit	½-oz.
			No limit	1-oz.
			No limit	2-oz.
			No limit	1-lb.
			No limit	5-lb.
			No limit	10-lb.
	(b) Proprietary type	Frozen tinplate.	No limit	Existing sizes.
22	Phenols and Creosols when used for other than disinfectants	Terneplate	No limit	1-gal.
			No limit	4-gal.
			No limit	5-gal.
				and larger.
23	Poultices, Paste type including but not limited to Thermofuge, Antiphlogistine and Plasmalin.	Tinplate	No limit	Existing sizes.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-874

Respecting Maximum Prices of Fresh Peaches, Pears and Plums

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-850 is amended as follows:—

(*a*) by deleting from Section 3 the word and figures "Section 24" and replacing them with the word and figures "Section 23";

(*b*) by deleting from Section 5 the word and figures "Section 23" and replacing them with the word and figures "Section 22".

2. Sections 6 and 7 of said Order No. A-850 are hereby revoked and are replaced by the following:

SALES BY GROWERS, LICENSED SHIPPERS, WHOLESALERS' AGENTS AND TRUCKERS

Definitions

6. For the purposes of this Order,

(*a*) "licensed shipper" means any person licensed under the provisions of the Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act to buy and sell fruit who takes delivery from a grower at his farm or other country shipping point in or near the area where the peaches, pears and plums are grown; and the expression "wholesaler's agent" shall have a corresponding meaning;

(*b*) "trucker" means any person who buys peaches, pears or plums from a grower, taking delivery at the grower's farm or shipping point and who sells and distributes them from his truck;

(*c*) "wholesale distributor" means any person other than a grower, licensed shipper, wholesaler's agent or trucker, who sells peaches, pears or plums at wholesale, and a "sale at wholesale" is any sale other than a sale at retail or to a consumer.

Sales by growers

7. (1) The maximum price at which a grower may sell peaches, pears or plums of a grade and variety set forth in Schedule "A" shall, according to the class of customer and the size and type of container in which the fruit is packed be the price for the same set forth in Schedule "A".

Sales by Licensed Shippers, Wholesalers' Agents and Truckers

(2) The maximum price at which a licensed shipper, wholesaler's agent or trucker may sell peaches, pears or plums of a grade and variety set forth in Schedule "A" shall be the sum total of the maximum price at which that fruit may be sold to him by a grower under the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section PLUS

(*a*) a markup not exceeding 10 per cent of his selling price if the buyer is a licensed shipper, wholesaler's agent, trucker or a wholesale distributor or is a retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery at such warehouse;

(*b*) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price if the buyer is a retailer other than a retailer referred to in clause (*a*) of this subsection; or

(*c*) a markup not exceediing 25 per cent of his selling price if the buyer is a consumer.

Transportation charges that may be added by growers, licensed shippers, wholesalers' agents and truckers

(3) All maximum prices fixed by this Section are f.o.b. the seller's farm or country shipping point and the seller may add to his price an amount to cover transportation not exceeding the less than carload freight rate from his farm or country shipping point to the city, town or village in which delivery is made to the buyer. However, where a sale is made to a buyer, in a city, town or village, the nearest limit of which is not more than fifteen road miles from the seller's farm or country shipping point no charge may be made for transportation."

3. Section 8 of said Order No. A-850 is amended as follows:

(*a*) by revoking subsection (1) thereof;

(*b*) by deleting the words "a country shipper" from Clause (*a*) of subsection 2 and replacing them with the words "his supplier";

(*c*) by deleting the words "if the shipping point of the country shipper" from Clause (*b*) of subsection (2) and replacing them with the words "if the farm or country shipping point of his supplier".

4. Section 9 of said Order No. A-850 is amended by deleting therefrom the word and figures "Section 20" and replacing them with the word and figures "Section 19".

5. Section 11 of said Order No. A-850 is amended as follows:

(*a*) by deleting the words "country shipper" where they appear in Clause (*b*) of subsection (1) and in subsection (2) thereof and replacing them with the words "grower, licensed shipper or wholesaler's agent";

(*b*) by deleting the words and figures "27½ per cent" from subsection (2) and replaciing them with the words and figures "30 per cent".

6. Section 12 of said Order No. A-850 is amended by deleting therefrom the word and figures "Section 21" and replacing them with the word and figures "Section 20".

7. Section 13 of said Order No. A-850 is revoked and replaced by the following:

"13. Where a licensed shipper receives peaches, pears or plums for sale on consignment he must not sell that fruit at a price exceeding the maximum price fixed by this Order for sales by a licensed shipper of that fruit; and if any person other than a licensed shipper receives peaches, pears or plums for sale on consignment such person must not sell that shipment of fruit at a price exceeding the maximum price at which a wholesale distributor could sell it."

8. Section 14 of said Order No. A-850 is hereby amended by striking out the words "in any zone" and "in that zone" wherever they appear in said Section 14.

9. Sections 17 and 18 of said Order No. A-850 are hereby revoked and replaced by the following numbered as Section 17:

"17. The maximum price set forth in Schedule "A" for peaches, pears or plums in a listed container is on the basis of the container being well and properly filled according to the provisions of The Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act. If the container is not well and properly filled the fruit shall be deemed to be sold in an unlisted container and the maximum price shall be governed by Section 18".

10. Sections 19, 20 and 21, of said Order No. A-850 are re-numbered as Sections 18, 19 and 20 respectively.

11. (1) Section 22 of said Order No. A-850 is re-numbered as Section 21, and subsection (1) thereof is revoked and replaced by the following:

"(1) Except as provided in Section 19 the maximum price at which any person may sell at wholesale any imported peaches, pears or plums at any point shall be the sum of the following:

(*a*) his actual delivered cost of the fruit including transportation but not in any event exceeding

(i) the maximum price f.o.b. his farm or country shipping point at which a licensed shipper may sell to him that variety of Canadian grown fruit packed in a standard box or standard lug; and

(ii) an amount equal to the cost of transporting that fruit at the carload lot rate to his place of business from Grimsby, Ontario, if his place of business is in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia or Prince Edward Island or, from Kelowna, British Columbia, if his place of business is in any other province of Canada; and

(*b*) a markup not exceeding 12½ per cent of his selling price".

(2) Section 22 of said Order No. A-850 as re-numbered Section 21 is further amended by deleting the word and figures "Section 21" from subsection (2) thereof and replacing them with the word and figures "Section 20".

12. (1) Sections 23 and 24 of said Order No. A-850 are re-numbered as Sections 22 and 23 respectively.

(2) Sections 25 and 26 of said Order No. A-850 are revoked and replaced by the following which are numbered as Sections 24 and 25 respectively:

"24. The provisions of Sections 25, 26 and 27 relating to records and invoices, shall apply to both Canadian grown and imported peaches, pears and plums.

"25. (1) Every person who sells any peaches, pears or plums at wholesale shall on every sale at wholesale and at the time of delivery to the buyer furnish him with an invoice showing the name and complete address of the seller and the buyer, the date of sale, and the grade and variety and price charged for that fruit;

(2) Every seller shall retain a duplicate copy of each invoice furnished by him as required by this Section."

13. Sections 27, 28 and 29 of said Order No. A-850 are re-numbered as Sections 26, 27 and 28 respectively.

14. Administrator's Order No. A-850 is further amended by inserting as Section 29 thereof the following:

"29. Where the markup that any seller may include in his price is by this Order expressed as a percentage of his selling price, the seller's markup must not in any event exceed the markup (percentage of cost) customarily obtained by him on sales of the same kind and variety of fruit to the same class of customer during the basic period from September 15 to October 11, 1941, both inclusive".

15. Schedule "A" to said Order No. A-850 is hereby revoked and the Schedule attached hereto is substituted therefor.

16. This Order shall be effective on and after September 6, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 3rd day of September, 1943.

E. J. CHAMBERS
Administrator of
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

APPROVED:

D. DEWAR, *Deputy Chairman,*
Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE "A" TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-850

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES OF PEACHES, PEARS AND PLUMS BY GROWERS

(1) To licensed shippers, wholesalers' agents, wholesale distributors, truckers and to any retailer who operates a central warehouse separate from his retail outlet or outlets and takes delivery at such warehouse are listed in Column 1;
(2) To retailers other than those referred to in (1) above are listed in Column 2; and
(3) To consumers are listed in Column 3.

ALL PRICES ARE F.O.B. SELLER'S FARM OR COUNTRY SHIPPING POINT

Peaches (all varieties)—

Package	Grade	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
6 qt. leno basket	No. 1 and Select	0 75	0 86	1 15
6 qt. leno "	No. 2	0 65	0 74	0 99
6 qt. open "		0 65	0 74	0 99
11 qt. flat "	No. 1 and Select	1 10	1 26	1 68
Standard box	No. 1 and Select	1 37	1 56	2 08
Standard box	No. 2	1 13	1 29	1 72

Pears in Baskets (all varieties except Kieffers)—

Package	Grade	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
6 qt. leno basket	No. 1	0 65	0 74	0 99
6 qt. leno "	Domestic or No. 2	0 50	0 57	0 76
6 qt. open "		0 50	0 57	0 76
11 qt. flat "	No. 1	0 95	1 08	1 44
11 qt. flat "	Domestic or No. 2	0 70	0 80	1 07

Pears in Baskets (Kieffers)—

Package	Grade	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
6 qt. leno basket	No. 1	0 45	0 51	0 68
6 qt. leno "	Domestic or No. 2	0 35	0 40	0 53
6 qt. open "		0 35	0 40	0 53
11 qt. flat "	No. 1	0 60	0 68	0 91
11 qt. flat "	Domestic or No. 2	0 45	0 51	0 68

Pears in Standard Boxes—

	Grade	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
GROUP 1. Bartlett, Anjou, Bosc, Winter Nelis:				
Wrapped (Anjou only)	Extra fancy	2 95	3 37	4 49
Wrapped	Fancy	2 55	2 92	3 89
Wrapped	"C" grade	2 14	2 44	3 25
GROUP 2. Flemish Beauty and all other varieties not in Group 1:				
Wrapped	Fancy	2 14	2 44	3 25
Wrapped	"C" grade	1 84	2 10	2 80
Unwrapped	"C" grade	1 71	1 95	2 60

Plums and Fresh Prunes (all varieties)—

Package	Grade	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
		$ cts.	$ cts.	$ cts.
6 qt. leno basket	No. 1 or lower grade	0 60	0 68	0 91
6 qt. flat "	No. 1 or lower grade	0 53	0 60	0 80
6 qt. open "		0 50	0 57	0 76
11 qt. flat "	No. 1 or lower grade	0 90	1 03	1 37
Standard lug	No. 1 or lower grade	0 97	1 11	1 48

N.B.—1. The maximum prices in this Schedule include cost of containers.
2. For prices of fruit in containers not listed in this Schedule, see Section 18.

THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-879

Respecting Bread and Bakery Products

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Flour and Cereal Products, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

1. Section 7 of Administrator's Order No. A-863 is hereby revoked and the following is substituted therefor,—

> "7. Section 2 of this Order shall be effective on and after the thirteenth day of September, 1943, and the other Sections of this Order shall be effective on and after the eleventh day of October, 1943."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 13th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 7th day of September, 1943.

J. J. PAGE,
Administrator of Flour and Cereal Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON, *Chairman,*
Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-883

Respecting the Conversion of Real Property Known as 99 Lawrence Avenue East, and 202 Rusholme Road, both in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario.

Whereas in the City of Toronto there is, due to existing wartime conditions, insufficient housing accommodation available by ordinary means for the shelter of all who are in need of such accommodation and it is desirable, in the public interest to encourage and, where necessary, to authorize the maximum and best possible use of available real property by the conversion of existing dwelling houses into multiple dwelling houses, notwithstanding the provisions of by-laws, building restrictions or covenants in leases and conveyances which prohibit or limit such conversions;

And whereas application has been made by the respective owners of real property in the City of Toronto known in 1943 as Nos. 99 Lawrence Avenue East and 202 Rusholme Road for permission to convert same into a two-family dwelling house and a three-family dwelling house respectively;

And whereas the Special Committee on Residence Conversions appointed by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto at its meeting held on June 30th, 1943, has approved such conversion of the aforesaid real property subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now therefore, pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board, as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding the terms or provisions of any law, by-law, conveyance, deed or agreement which in any way prohibits or restricts the conversion of real property known in the year 1943 as 99 Lawrence Avenue East, and 202 Rusholme Road, both in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, into and the use thereof as multiple family dwelling houses, the owner of the single family dwelling house known in the year 1943 as 99 Lawrence Avenue East, Toronto, is hereby permitted to convert such house into and use same as a two-family dwelling house and the owner of the single-family dwelling house known in the year 1943 as 202 Rusholme Road, Toronto, is hereby permitted to convert such house into and use same as a three-family dwelling house, subject to the following conditions:—

(*a*) no dwelling unit therein shall have a floor area less than 500 square feet;

(*b*) all exterior alterations to the said dwelling houses shall be subject to approval by the Commissioner of Buildings for the Corporation of the City of Toronto;

(*c*) the said dwelling houses shall not be enlarged except as may be required or permitted by the said Commissioner of Buildings under the provisions of Building By-law No. 9868 of the Corporation of the City of Toronto.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 20th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 15th day of September, 1943.

R. S. SMART,
Real Property Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-884

Respecting Broom Corn

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Furniture and Brushes, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

Restriction on Use in Manufacture

1. No person shall in the twelve month period ending July 31st, 1944, or in any subsequent twelve month period ending July 31st, in any year, use in the manufacture of brooms or whisks a greater quantity, by weight, of broom corn than 80 per cent of the quantity, by weight, used by him in the manufacture of brooms or whisks in the calendar year 1942.

Invoices

2. (1) On and at the time of every sale of broom corn, the seller shall issue a sales invoice, in triplicate whereon there shall be accurately set forth his name and address, the name and address of the buyer, the quantity, by weight, and a detailed description of the broom corn sold, the selling price per pound and the total selling price.

(2) One copy of the invoice shall be furnished to the buyer, one copy shall be retained by the seller and made available for inspection by any authorized repre-

sentative of the Board at any time within 12 months from the date of the sale, and the remaining copy shall be forwarded to the Administrator of Furniture and Brushes not later than 30 days after the date of the sale.

Administrator may grant Exemptions

3. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Furniture and Brushes may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

Effective Date

4. This Order shall be effective on and after the 20th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 15th day of September, 1943.

JAS. E. FERGUSON,
Administrator of Furniture and Brushes.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-885

Respecting Maximum Prices for Ice in the Ottawa-Hull District

Under power given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Co-ordinator, Foods Administration, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:

1. Section 4 of Administrator's Order No. A-793 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

"4. (1) The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell ice in the Ottawa-Hull district to any person for his household use shall be,

(i) $2.50 per month for four 25 pound pieces per week;
(ii) $3.25 per month for six 25 pound pieces per week;
(iii) 15 cents per 25 pound piece for less than four pieces per week;
(iv) 45 cents per cwt. on sales in a piece or pieces weighing 100 pounds or more delivered at one time;

and such prices include delivery to a ground floor entrance of the buyer's residence, or, in cases in which the Board's Prices and Supply Representative at Ottawa so orders in writing, delivery shall be made to the buyer's refrigerator.

(2) The maximum price at which a person may sell or offer to sell ice in the Ottawa-Hull district to any person for his household use, delivered to the buyer at the seller's warehouse or plant, shall be 12 cents per 25 pounds."

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 20th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 16th day of September, 1943.

K. W. TAYLOR,
Co-ordinator, Foods Administration.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-886

Respecting the Manufacture of Crown Cork Closures for Soft Drinks

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. For the purpose of this Order,

(*a*) "closure" means a sealing or covering device (commonly known as a Crown Closure) made wholly or partly of metal and intended as a closure for a bottle to contain soft drinks;

(*b*) "soft drink" means a beverage consisting only of unfermented fruit juice in true or synthetic or imitative form or a carbonated, lithiated or mineral water, ginger ale, ginger beer or a beverage having as a basis an extract of kola nuts, or consisting of a compound of two or more such beverages of one or more such fruit juices and of one or more of such waters;

(*c*) "blackplate" means any unplated low carbon steel sheet metal. It includes chemically treated blackplate and rejects arising out of the manufacture of blackplate. It does not include scrap or waste material (called "waste"), arising out of the manufacture of containers or closures.

2. In the year 1943 and in each succeeding year the number of closures that a manufacturer thereof may manufacture for sale in Canada shall not exceed one hundred percentum (100%) of the number he manufactured in the year 1942 for sale in Canada.

3. No manufacturer shall use for the manufacture of closures any metal other than blackplate.

4. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemptions as the Administrator of Metal Containers, upon application to him, may grant in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

5. This Order shall be effective on and after the 21st day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 17th day of September, 1943.

L. F. BURROWS,
Administrator of Metal Containers.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-888

Respecting the Conversion of Real Property Known as 130 South Drive, and 316 Bloor Street West, Both in the City of Toronto in the Province of Ontario

Whereas in the City of Toronto there is, due to existing wartime conditions, insufficient housing accommodation available by ordinary means for the shelter of all who are in need of such accommodation and it is desirable, in the public interest to encourage and, where necessary, to authorize the maximum and best possible use of available real property by the conversion of existing dwelling houses into multiple dwelling houses, notwithstanding the provisions of by-laws, building restrictions or covenants in leases and conveyances which prohibit or limit such conversions;

And whereas application has been made by the respective owners of real property in the City of Toronto known in 1943 as Nos. 130 South Drive and 316 Bloor St. West for permission to convert same into three-family dwelling houses.

And whereas the Special Committee on Residence Conversions appointed by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto at its meeting held on September 2nd, 1943, has approved such conversion of the aforesaid real property subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth;

Now therefore, pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board, as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding the terms or provisions of any law, by-law, conveyance, deed or agreement which in any way prohibits or restricts the conversion of real property known in the year 1943 as 130 South Drive, and 316 Bloor St. West, both in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, into and the use thereof as multiple family dwelling houses, the respective owners of such single family dwelling houses are hereby permitted to convert into and use same as three-family dwelling houses, subject to the following conditions:—

(*a*) no dwelling unit therein shall have a floor area less than 500 square feet;

(*b*) all exterior alterations to the said dwelling houses shall be subject to approval by the Commissioner of Buildings for the Corporation of the City of Toronto;

(*c*) the said dwelling houses shall not be enlarged except as may be required or permitted by the said Commissioner of Buildings under the provisions of Building By-Law No. 9868 of the Corporation of the City of Toronto.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 27th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 20th day of September, 1943.

R. S. SMART,
Real Property Administrator.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-889

Respecting Meal and Animal Products for Feeding Purposes.

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

1. Section 14 of Administrator's Order No. A-680 is hereby amended by adding thereto the following:

> "provided however, that where meat scrap or tankage or other product mentioned in subsection (1) of Section 6 or linseed oilcake meal as mentioned in Section 9 is shipped from the Province of Manitoba to the Province of Alberta or to any of the Provinces east of Manitoba, no transportation charges in excess of $3.00 per ton of such product shall be included in establishing the cost price of the mixed feeds".

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 24th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 21st day of September, 1943.

F. W. PRESANT,
Feeds Administrator.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

723

VOLUME III, No. 13 OCT. 4, 1943

CANADIAN WAR ORDERS AND REGULATIONS 1943

STATUTORY ORDERS AND REGULATIONS DIVISION
PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE

Published under authority of Order in Council P.C. 10793 of 26th November, 1942.

OTTAWA
EDMOND CLOUTIER
PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
1943

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

PAGE

7301 Sunflower and rapeseed, grades established (Trade and Commerce) 727
7318 Impregnated hair pads, tariff treatment (Finance) 729
7323 Payments to millers, etc., *re* Western wheat used—amending P.C. 6602, August 19, 1943 (Finance) 730
7325 Flaxseed regulations established (Trade and Commerce) 730
7407 Premium rates on war risk insurance reduced (Finance) 733
7408 Premiums, War Risk Insurance on grain, reduced (Finance) 733
7410 Guarantee repayment of loans made by banks—flaxseed regulations (Finance) 734
41/7430 Insurance on vessels under construction (Munitions and Supply) 735
95/7430 Teas supplied as ships' stores, etc.—payment of specific rate of drawback (National Revenue) 737
7436 "Materials" defined in connection with classification of the Department of Pensions and National Health as a "war" department (Pensions and National Health) 738

PART II

MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

Agriculture:
Meat Board—

Order No. 2—beef—freezing and storing 739

Labour:
National Selective Service—

Special Order No. 10—provisions of Section 202A, National Selective Service Civilian Regulations do not apply to female persons 739
Special Order No. 11—provisions of Section 202A, National Selective Service Civilian Regulations do not apply to construction works 739

National Defence for Naval Services,

Merchant Seaman Order 1941—Committees of Investigation 740

National Revenue—

WM No. 19 Supplement No. 44—Trading with the Enemy 740
WM No. 35 (Revised) Supplement No. 8—fruit rinds, fruits and nuts, pickled 741
WM No. 82 Supplement No. 4—Thiamine Hydrochloride 741
WM No. 84 Supplement No. 1—Vanilla beans 742
WM No. 98 Supplement No. 2—Brattice cloth 742

PART III

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

(Finance)

Notice—Rentals Administration—

Shared Accommodation, Edmonton, Alta 743

Board Order—

No. 316—Maximum rentals for hotel accommodation 745

Administrators' Orders—

A-854—Manufacture of book, writing and specialty papers 751
A-887—Maximum prices for eggs 781
A-891—Real property, Victoria, B.C 788
A-894—Men's, youths', boys' and ladies' outer wool clothing 788
A-896—Sale by manufacturers, wholesalers, jobbers, of parts or pieces of cloth for suit lengths 790
A-897—Unwashed wiping rags 790
A-898—Maximum prices of pilchards and of frozen salmon, soles, brills and witches caught in Pacific Coast waters 792
A-900—Natural varnish resins 792

Errata:
Schedule to Administrator's Order No. A-860, Page 705. The last item in column 4 of Commodity Group "A" should read
105—oz. 603 x 700.

Fuelwood Order—

Fuelwood Order No. 76—Maximum prices for fuelwood in Eastern Ontario and a portion of Quebec 795

PART IV

WARTIME INDUSTRIES CONTROL BOARD

(Munitions and Supply)

Controller of Chemicals—

Order No. C.C. 2 B-1—Order No. C.C. 2-B amended (glycerine) 796

Coal Controller—

Order No. Coal 5A—Order No. Coal 5 amended 797

Rubber Controller—

Order No. Rubber 4B—Order No. Rubber 4 amended 798

Controller of Supplies—

Order No. C.S. 2A —Order No. C.S. 2 rescinded 799
Order No. C.S. 20A—Order No. C.S. 20 rescinded 800

Part I

Orders in Council

Order in Council establishing grades for sunflower and rapeseed.

P.C. 7301

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 20th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 2894, dated April 9, 1943, the Canadian Wheat Board has been authorized to buy sunflower seed and rapeseed.

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that in order that the price of such sunflower seed and rapeseed may be adjusted according to the quality thereof, it is necessary that official standards be established for the grading of sunflower seed and rapeseed.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Canada Grain Act, 1930, or in any other law or statute, is pleased to order that official grades be and they are hereby established for sunflower seed and rapeseed as specified in the Schedules "A" and "B" attached hereto.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SUNFLOWER SEED

SCHEDULE "A"

Grade Name	Standard of Quality				Standard of Cleanness
	Minimum Weight per Measured Bushel in Pounds	Minimum Percentage Variety or Type	Degree of Soundness	Maximum Percentage of Cracked and Hulled Seed	
No. 1 Canada Western...............	24	85%	Well matured—Sound—Sweet and Uniform in Size........	2%	Commercially clean seed.
No. 2 Canada Western...............	21	60%	Reasonably well matured—Sweet—May contain frosted and weather-damaged seed.	5%	Commercially clean seed.
No. 3 Canada Western...............	21	60%	May be slightly rancid and/or slightly musty............	10%	Commercially clean seed.
No. 1 Mixed Canada Western........	24	Mixed Varieties or Types	Well matured—Sound—Sweet............................	2%	Commercially clean seed.
No. 2 Mixed Canada Western........	21	Mixed Varieties or Types	Reasonably well matured—Sweet—May contain frosted and weather-damaged seed.	5%	Commercially clean seed.
No. 3 Mixed Canada Western........	21	Mixed Varieties or Types	May be slightly rancid and/or slightly musty..............	10%	Commercially clean seed.
Sample Canada Western..............	....	Any Variety, Mixture of Varieties or Types	Any Sunflower Seed which does not meet the requirements for any of the other established grades.	....	

NOTE.—The name of the variety, Mennonite, Sunrise or other variety, shall be added to and form part of the grade name for the first three grades above specified

RAPESEED

SCHEDULE "B"

Grade Name	Standard of Quality	Standard of Cleanness
Canada Rapeseed..............	Sound, cool and sweet...........	Commercially clean.
Sample Canada Rapeseed......	Any rapeseed that is definitely unsound, heated or musty.	Commercially clean.

Order in Council fixing tariff treatment, impregnated hair pads.

P.C. 7318

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

MONDAY, the 20th day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas the Minister of Finance reports:

That due to the shortage of steel springs, furniture manufacturers are now using impregnated pads of hair compressed into the shape of a cushion;

That these hair pads, which are of a class or kind not made in Canada, are imported from the United States;

That when The Wartime Prices and Trade Board recently approved new prices for furniture upholstered with imported hair pads costs were computed on the basis of these pads being dutiable at the rate of 17½ per cent ad valorem;

That upon further examination it was established that impregnated hair pads are properly dutiable at the rate of 40 per cent ad valorem and 32½ cents per pound when imported from the United States or any other country the products of which are entitled to Intermediate Tariff treatment; and

That it would be in the best interests of the Canadian furniture industry if the Intermediate Tariff rate on imported impregnated hair pads were reduced to 17½ per cent ad valorem.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under the authority of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to Order and it is hereby ordered that imports of impregnated hair pads for use only in the manufacture of upholstered furniture be accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated; effective July 1, 1943.

Batts or pads of curled hair impregnated for use only in the manufacture of unholstered furniture ......

British Preferential Tariff	Intermediate Tariff	General Tariff
12½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	20 p.c.

(To be designated as Tariff Item 549f.)

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council amending P.C. 6602, 19th August, 1943, payments to millers, etc., re Western Wheat used.

P.C. 7323

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Monday, the 20th day of September, 1943.

Present:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 6602 dated 19th August, 1943, provision was made for payments by the Canadian Wheat Board during the year August 1, 1943, to July 31, 1944, to flour millers in respect of western wheat used in the manufacture of flour or other human foods containing wheat at a rate equal to the difference between the monthly average price of Number One Northern Wheat or Number One CW Amber Durum Wheat, in store Fort William-Port Arthur, and 77-$\frac{3}{8}$ cents;

And whereas the said Order in Council also provided that no flour miller should be entitled to payments thereunder unless and until he had completed an undertaking that if in respect of any fiscal year of the flour miller his net taxable income. inclusive of all sums received by him at any time from the Canadian Wheat Board by way of payment hereunder in respect of deliveries of flour or other human foods during such fiscal year, exceeded 116-$\frac{2}{3}$ per cent of his standard profits, he would, as soon as possible after the end of such fiscal year, and not later than the date on which the recipient is required under the Income War Tax Act to file an income tax return in respect of such fiscal year, refund to the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation for account of the Canadian Wheat Board the amount of such excess;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that because some flour millers are engaged in other businesses in addition to flour milling, or have fiscal years not coinciding with the year August 1, 1943, to July 31, 1944, or have corporate income derived from investments, or for other reasons, the strict application of the provisions of the said Order relating to refunds of payments would be inequitable and it is desirable to give the Minister of Finance authority to approve variations in the method of calculation in such cases;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to amend Order in Council P.C. 6602, dated August 19, 1943, and it is hereby amended by adding to Sub-section (*b*) of section 2 thereof the following:

> Provided however that in any case or class of cases where in the opinion of Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd., application of the above principles of calculation of refund of payments would be inequitable, Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation Ltd. may require an undertaking providing for calculation of refund of payments on such other basis or by such other method as the Minister of Finance may approve.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council establishing regulations re flaxseed

P.C. 7325

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 21st day of September, 1943

present:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1800 of March 9th, 1942, The Canadian Wheat Board was empowered to appropriate and control all flaxseed in store in Canadian elevators and all flaxseed thereafter delivered by producers;

And whereas the Minister of Trade and Commerce reports that the Canadian Wheat Board has appropriated and obtained control of all flaxseed in store or delivered as aforesaid, and that by reason of war conditions it is necessary that The Canadian Wheat Board do continue to control all flaxseed in store in Canadian elevators and all flaxseed to be delivered by producers hereafter;

And whereas the regulations made and established by the said Order in Council P.C. 1800 continue in effect up to and including the 31st day of July, A.D. 1943, and it is considered that the following regulations recommended by the said Board are measures required for the security, defence, peace, order and welfare of Canada.

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, and under and by virtue of the powers vested in the Governor General in Council, by the War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is pleased to make and doth hereby make the following regulations and order that such regulations shall be operative notwithstanding anything in any law or statute to the contrary:

Regulations

1. *Interpretation*

Unless the context otherwise requires—

(*a*) Words and expressions used in these regulations shall have the meaning which would be accorded them if used in The Canadian Wheat Board Act;

(*b*) "Flaxseed" in these regulations means flaxseed produced in Canada.

2. The Canadian Wheat Board is empowered to buy flaxseed at $2.50 per bushel for the grade Number One Canada Western Flaxseed, basis in store at Fort William/Port Arthur or Vancouver, and the grade Number One Canada Eastern Flaxseed basis in store Montreal, and at prices for each other grade of flaxseed as in the opinion of the Board brings such grade into proper price relationship with Number One Canada Western Flaxseed.

3. No facilities for trading in flaxseed futures and/or cash flaxseed shall be provided on any grain exchange or elsewhere during the time these regulations are in force, except by permission in writing of the Board.

4. (*a*) The Board shall have power to enter into ordinary commercial banking arrangements on its own credit and to borrow money on the security of flaxseed expropriated by it or delivered to it, and the Governor in Council may authorize the Minister of Finance to guarantee advances made to the Board hereunder or to make loans or advances to the Board on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon;

(*b*) The Board may pay out such moneys for the purchase of such flaxseed as aforesaid and also for expenses of the Board in connection with administration of these regulations.

(*c*) Any net losses to the Board arising from these operations shall be paid from moneys to be provided by a vote from the Consolidated Revenue Fund and any surplus revenue shall accrue to the same Fund.

5. The Board shall have all powers necessary or incidental to the handling and marketing of flaxseed purchased as above and without limitation upon such powers the following:

(*a*) To buy and take delivery of flaxseed;

(*b*) To sell or otherwise dispose of flaxseed: Provided that in sales for domestic processing, the sales price to domestic crushers, feed, breakfast or cereal food manufacturers and manufacturers of pharmaceutical products shall be on the basis of $1.64 per bushel for Number One Canada Western Flaxseed, basis in store at Fort William/Port Arthur, and for Number One Canada Eastern Flaxseed, basis in store Montreal;

(*c*) To store and transport flaxseed;

(*d*) To regulate, control and prohibit the export out of Canada or the importation into Canada of any flaxseed otherwise than in accordance with the regulations or orders of the Board;

(*e*) To employ such officers, clerks and employees as may be necessary for the carrying out of these regulations;

(*f*) To pay elevator or other agents of the Board commission, storage and other charges, remuneration or compensation as may be agreed upon, subject to the provisions relating thereto of The Canada Grain Act or any other statute or law;

(*g*) Subject to the foregoing subsection, to enter into contracts or agreements of any kind or with any person whatsoever, with respect to the purchase, sale, handling, storage, transportation and/or insurance of flaxseed;

(*h*) To control by license or otherwise the buying and selling of flaxseed in Canada and to issue licenses in such form as the Board may decide and to cancel at any time any license by the Board;

(*i*) To require each applicant for a license to give a bond in such form and in such amount as may be satisfactory to the Board;

(*j*) To provide that no person, firm or corporation other than the Board, shall buy flaxseed, operate any elevator or warehouse where flaxseed is received or handle flaxseed on commission or otherwise unless licensed by the Board;

(*k*) To require that any flaxseed sold or purchased in Canada shall be delivered to the Board or to its order in accordance with such regulations as the Board may from time to time make;

(*l*) The Board shall have power to exempt from any provision of these regulations flaxseed graded as "seed" as defined in The Seeds Act, and fibre flaxseed;

(*m*) Generally to do all such other acts and things as may be necessary or convenient for the purpose of giving effect to the intent and meaning of these regulations.

6. It shall be the duty of the Board:

(*a*) To buy all flaxseed offered for sale by producers at the prices established in accordance with Section 2 of these regulations;

(*b*) To sell and dispose of, from time to time, all flaxseed which the Board may acquire for such prices as it may consider reasonable: Provided that in the case of sales made for domestic processing, the sales price to domestic crushers, feed, breakfast or cereal food manufacturers and manufacturers of pharmaceutical products shall be on the basis of $1.64 per bushel for Number One Canada Western Flaxseed, basis in store at Fort William/Port Arthur, and for Number One Canada Eastern Flaxseed, basis in store Montreal; and provided further that the Board shall endeavour to fill domestic demands before selling for export;

(*c*) To keep proper books of account, giving such particulars therein as may be requisite for proper accounting in accordance with established practice;

(*d*) To report in writing, monthly, to the Minister, its purchases and sales of flaxseed during such period, the flaxseed on hand, the cost of the same to the Board and the financial result of the Board's operations, which report shall be certified by the auditors of the Board;

(*e*) To make such other reports and furnish such further information as the Minister may from time to time require;

(*f*) To appoint a responsible firm of Chartered Accountants for the purpose of auditing accounts and records and certifying the reports of the Board as the Governor in Council may require;

(*g*) To give effect to any Order in Council that may be passed with respect to its operations.

7. Every person who commits a breach of this Order or does anything in contravention thereof shall be guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and such imprisonment.

8. These regulations shall be deemed to have come into effect on and to have been in force since August first, 1943 and shall expire on July thirty-first, 1944 subject to the provisions of Section nineteen of the Interpretation Act which is hereby made applicable hereto as if the said regulations were revoked on said latter date.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council reducing premium rates on war risk insurance

P.C. 7407

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 21st day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas under the War Risk Insurance Act, 1942, provision is made *inter alia* for the laying down of regulations by the Governor in Council to determine the rate or rates of premiums to be charged for insurance under the said Act;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 8344 dated September 14, 1942, regulations were made providing for the rates of premiums to be charged on various types of policies to be issued under the said Act;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 11038 dated December 3, 1942, provision was made whereby the aforesaid rates were altered by providing for a refund of a portion of the net premium contribution by the persons insured under the said Act, in the event of there being a net surplus in the said Act at the end of the war;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that in view of the position of the allied nations in the war in recent months and the desirability of encouraging the public to continue to purchase or renew policies of war risk insurance during the coming year, it is considered expedient and desirable to effect a further reduction in the premium rates effective on and after the seventeenth day of August, 1943.

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the provisions of the War Risk Insurance Act 1942, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:—

1. The rates of premiums of policies other than trip transit policies, as laid down by Order in Council P.C. 8344 dated September 14, 1942, and as amended by Order in Council P.C. 11038 dated December 3, 1942, are hereby reduced by 20 per cent, such reduction to be effective on and to apply to all policies or renewals of policies issued on and after the seventeenth day of August, 1943.

2. The rate of premium on trip transit policies sold under the War Risk Insurance Act 1942 is hereby reduced from three cents to two and one-half cents per $100.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council reducing premiums War Risk Insurance on grain

P.C. 7408

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Tuesday, the 21st day of September, 1943.

Present:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas under the War Risk Insurance Act, 1942, provision is made *inter alia* for the laying down of regulations by the Governor in Council to determine the rate or rates of premiums to be charged for insurance under the said Act;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 10229 dated November 19, 1942, a special insurance scheme to cover all grain in elevators licensed under the Canada Grain Act, in flour mills, in plants for the manufacture of grain products and in transit in Canada was instituted and provision was made for the collection of a premium by means of a levy both upon the stocks of grain in certain positions in store at the close of business on November 30, 1942 and upon the movement of grain into certain licensed elevators thereafter, the said levy being as more particularly set out in the said Order in Council;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that in view of the position of the allied nations in the war in recent months and the desirability of continuing the blanket coverage of all grain in licensed premises in Canada in flour mills and plants as aforesaid, it is expedient and desirable to reduce the rate of premium levied under the said Order in Council by twenty per cent effective on and after the first day of September, 1943;

Therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance, and under and by virtue of the provisions of the War Risk Insurance Act 1942 and the War Measures Act, is pleased to reduce the rate of premium for war risk insurance under the said Act as provided for in Order in Council P.C. 10229 dated November 19, 1942, and it is hereby reduced by twenty per cent effective on and after the first day of September, 1943.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* guarantee, repayment of loans made by banks in pursuance of the regulations *re* flaxseed

P.C. 7410

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

THURSDAY, the 23rd day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

Whereas by Order in Council P.C. 1800, dated March 9, 1942, certain Regulations (hereinafter called the "Flaxseed Regulations") were made empowering the Canadian Wheat Board (hereinafter called "the Board") to appropriate and control at some early date all the flaxseed in store in Canadian elevators and all flaxseed to be delivered by producers after such date;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 2166, dated March 19, 1942, provided that the Flaxseed Regulations in their entirety should be effective on March 19, 1942;

And whereas Order in Council P.C. 2447, dated March 27, 1942, made pursuant to the Flaxseed Regulations, authorized the Minister of Finance on behalf of the Government of Canada to guarantee advances made to the said Board by the following banks, namely,

Bank of Montreal,
The Royal Bank of Canada,
The Canadian Bank of Commerce,
The Bank of Nova Scotia,
The Bank of Toronto,
Imperial Bank of Canada,
The Dominion Bank,
Banque Canadienne Nationale,

and interest on such advances at such rate or rates and upon such terms of payment thereof as may be agreed upon from time to time between the Board and the said banks with the approval of the Minister of Finance, the said guarantee to be in the form annexed to the said Order in Council or one to like effect, and pursuant thereto the Minister of Finance executed such a guarantee in favour of the said banks on April 8, 1942;

And whereas paragraph 11 of the Flaxseed Regulations provides that the Flaxseed Regulations shall expire on August 1, 1943, as if the said Regulations were revoked on the said date, subject to the provisions of section 19 of The Interpretation Act which was thereby made applicable thereto;

And whereas by Order in Council P.C. 6091, dated July 31, 1943, the date of expiration of the Flaxseed Regulations was extended to September 1, 1943, and the guarantees given by the Minister of Finance were made applicable to advances made by any of the said banks on and after August 1, 1943, until and including August 31, 1943, but not thereafter;

And whereas the Minister of Finance reports that the Board had flaxseed stocks in country elevators on August 31, 1943, which would have to be paid for thereafter as they attain a deliverable position, and the Board were under the necessity on and after September 1, 1943, of borrowing money on the security of flaxseed appropriated by it or delivered to it in order to enable it to pay for flaxseed to be so appropriated or delivered after September 1, 1943, and it is, therefore, expedient that the date of expiration of the Flaxseed Regulations be extended to April 1, 1944, and that the guarantees given by the Minister of Finance be made applicable to advances made by any of the said banks on and after September 1, 1943, until and including March 31, 1944, but not thereafter;

Therefore His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and under and by virtue of the powers conferred by The War Measures Act, Chapter 206, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, and otherwise, is pleased to order and doth hereby order as follows:

(1) The Flaxseed Regulations are hereby further amended by deleting the words and figures "September 1, 1943" from paragraph 11 thereof and substituting therefor the words and figures "April 1, 1944", and thereafter the said paragraph shall be deemed always to have read as so amended;

(2) The guarantees, dated April 8, 1942, given by the Minister of Finance, pursuant to Order in Council P.C. 2447, shall be applicable to any advances made by any of the said banks from time to time under the authority of the Flaxseed Regulations as amended by Order in Council P.C. 6091, dated July 31, 1943, and as further amended by this Order in Council until and including March 31, 1944, but not thereafter;

(3) This Order shall be deemed to have come into force on August 31, 1943.

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council *re* insurance on vessels under construction

P.C. 41/7430

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 22nd September, 1943.

The Board had under consideration a memorandum from the Honourable the Minister of Munitions and Supply reporting:—

"That the Department has recently had under consideration and review its policy in respect of insurance of and incidental to vessels being built under contract with His Majesty the King, represented by the undersigned;

That it has been the general policy of the Department to carry or cause its contractors to carry insurance in respect of such vessels while under construction and up to the time of delivery and final acceptance under the contract;

That the cost of such insurance has been borne by His Majesty as part of the cost or price of the vessel being built and such cost from the beginning of the war to the present time has been greatly in excess of the losses which have occurred and for which claims have been made against the insurance companies with which such insurance has been carried;

That as a result of the aforementioned consideration and review, and in view of the large shipbuilding program and the widespread nature of the risk, the undersigned is of the opinion that it is desirable and in the public interest that changes should be made in the policy of the Department as regards such insurance and that the general policy therefor should be as set out in general terms in the memorandum attached hereto as Schedule A;

That the general policy set out in said Schedule A is in conformity with the policy recommended in the third report of sub-Committee No. 1 of the Special Committee on War Expenditures set up by the House of Commons in the 1942 Session;

The undersigned, therefore, upon the advice of the Deputy Minister, has the honour to recommend that, under and by virtue of the powers conferred by the War Measures Act and the Department of Munitions and Supply Act, Your Excellency in Council be pleased to order as follows:

1. That the policy with regard to insurance as set out in general terms in the memorandum attached hereto as Schedule A be approved, and that authority be granted to the undersigned to effect and carry out such policy with power to vary such policy in any case or cases in which the undersigned shall deem it advisable.

2. That without limiting the generality of the foregoing the undersigned be authorized to assume on behalf of His Majesty any risk of loss of, damage to and liability in respect of the vessels under construction as he may deem advisable, and to indemnify the contractor or a sub-contractor against any action, claim or demand instituted or made in respect of which in the opinion of the undersigned the contractor or sub-contractor may be entitled to be indemnified by reason of the assumption of such risk by His Majesty, and to settle or defend any such action, claim or demand.

3. That the undersigned be further authorized to do all such things as appear to him to be incidental to or necessary or expedient for the carrying out of the policy with regard to insurance as set out in the said memorandum and for the exercise of any of the powers herein conferred, including the execution of amendments to any existing contracts which have been entered into on behalf of His Majesty.

4. That the powers herein conferred shall be deemed to have had effect on and from the 1st day of July, 1943.

5. That nothing in this Order shall affect anything contained in Order in Council P.C. 2/8917 of September 30th, 1942, approving a recommendation of the Treasury Board that all property of His Majesty in Right of the Dominion of Canada, with the exceptions set out in the said Order in Council, be insured against war damage under the War Risk Insurance Act, 1942."

The Board concur in the above report and recommendation, and submit the same for favourable consideration.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

SCHEDULE A

SHIPBUILDING:

Contracts (whether or not price is fixed):

(i) *Builders' Risk:* No Builders' Risk Insurance is to be effected on the vessel, parts or materials therefor or free issue either before or after keel laying. The Crown is to assume any losses that would have been recoverable under Builders' Risk Insurance had this been in force.
(Note: Contract is to define what would be covered by Builders' Risk Insurance.)

(ii) *Protection and Indemnity and Collision Liabilities:* The Crown is to assume the Risks usually covered by Protection and Indemnity and Collision Liabilities Insurance and no such Insurance is to be carried.
(Note: The contract is to define these risks.)

(iii) *War Risk*: No War Risk Insurance is to be effected by the Contractor on the vessel, parts or materials therefor or free issue either before or after launching. The risk is covered prior to launching under the blanket policy of the Department in accordance with the provisions of The War Risk Insurance Act, 1942, and after launching Crown is to assume risk.

(iv) *Plant and Equipment:* Plant and equipment belonging to His Majesty is not to be insured.

Order in Council authorizing payment of specific rate of drawback on teas supplied as ships' stores, etc.

P.C. 95/7430

Certified to be a true copy of a Minute of a Meeting of the Treasury Board, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 22nd September, 1943.

The Board recommend that, under the powers granted by Section 286 of the Customs Act, Section 94 of the Special War Revenue Act and Section 3 of the War Measures Act, authority be granted for the payment of a specific rate of six and one-half (6½) cents per pound, in lieu of drawback of duties and/or taxes, on teas (*a*) exported; (*b*) supplied as ships' stores to ocean-going vessels; and, (*c*) acquired by the Governments of the United Kingdom, the United States of America and countries allied with them, or by units of their armed forces, provided the goods are to become and remain the property of the aforementioned governments and that the funds expended therefore are the funds of the respective governments and that the expenditures are for war projects in Canada; the same to be effective covering exports and deliveries on and after October 1, 1943, and until further ordered; provided that in connection with the specific rate hereby recommended and the specific rate of 6 cents per pound (coffee) authorized under Order in Council P. C. 77/84 of January 6, 1943, the Department of National Revenue shall establish and maintain suitable records as to duty and tax content normally claimable under the standard drawback procedures, and in the event of any significent change shall take such steps as may be necessary in the interest of the revenue, for authorization of lower specific rates of drawback.

REGULATIONS

(1) The whole of the drawback shall be paid to the exporter or supplier of such goods;

(2) The quantities of such goods exported or delivered shall be ascertained;

(3) Claims submitted on and after October 1, 1943, shall be filed with the Collector of Customs and Excise and complete documentary evidence attached, according to the respective requirements of Orders in Council (*a*) P.C. 29/185 of January 28, 1937, (*b*) P.C. 32/185 of January 28, 1937, and (*c*) P.C. 87/10460 of November 18, 1942, except that no documentary proof of payment of duties and/or taxes shall be required to be filed with the claim;

(4) Claims shall be made under Oath before a Collector, Justice of the Peace or Commissioner, in form as approved by the Minister of National Revenue, on relative Customs Drawback Forms, (*a*) K. 32, (*b*) K. 36 and (*c*) K. 38 (modified where necessary), and shall before payment be verified to the satisfaction of the Minister, who may require, in any case the production of such further evidence, in addition to the usual averments, as he deems necessary to establish the bona fides of the claim.

INSTRUCTIONS

Claim Forms K.32, K.36 and K.38 (Claimant's Oaths and statements of claim) may be obtained in quantity required from the nearest Collector.

Detailed information may be obtained at District Drawback Offices located at Halifax, N.S., Saint John, N.B., Montreal, P.Q., Ottawa, Oshawa, Toronto, Hamilton, London and Windsor, Ont., Winnipeg, Man., and Vancouver, B.C.

A. D. P. HEENEY,
Clerk of the Privy Council.

Order in Council defining "materials" in connection with classification of the Department of Pensions and National Health as a "war" department

P.C. 7436

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

Thursday, the 23rd day of September, 1943.

PRESENT:

His Excellency
The Governor General in Council:

Whereas by Order in Council of the 14th January, 1943, (P.C. 9214) it was ordered that the Department of Pensions and National Health be classified as a War Department for priority *inter alia* in the purchase of materials for the efficient functioning of the war services of the Department and that the Department shall enjoy for such purposes priority equal to that afforded to the Department of National Defence and the Department of Munitions and Supply;

And whereas it is deemed expedient to clarify the meaning of the word "materials" aforesaid;

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Pensions and National Health, is pleased to amend the said Order in Council of the 14th January, 1943 (P.C. 9214) and it is hereby amended by the addition of the following words to the sixth paragraph thereof,—

> "the said materials to include any materials necessary for the efficient functioning of the war services of the Department and, for greater certainty but not so as to restrict the generality of the foregoing, commissariat supplies and coal."

H. W. LOTHROP,
Associate Clerk of the Privy Council.

PART II

Miscellaneous Administrative Orders

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Meat Board No. 2

Dated September 22nd, 1943

Order in Council P.C. 4187, dated June 3rd, 1943, authorized the Meat Board to regulate the storage of meat, and to that end require any packer or other person to store, and at the direction of the Board, to deliver meat in accordance with export requirements and other needs at the direction of the Agricultural Food Board:

Therefore, the Meat Board orders that no packer or other person shall freeze beef, or store beef which has been frozen on or after September 25th 1943 being carcasses or portions thereof, bearing the Canadian Government Inspection Legend, and of the qualities "Special", "Commercial", or "Cow", as specified in Meat Board Requirement No. 86, dated September 21st, 1943, or any subsequent Requirement, without first securing authorization from the Secretary-Manager of the Meat Board.

This Order shall become effective on the 27th day of September, 1943.

J. G. TAGGART,
Chairman, Meat Board.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

National Selective Service

ORDER

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 505 (*g*) of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order-in-Council P.C. 246, dated January 19th, 1943) the Minister of Labour hereby makes the following Order:

SPECIAL ORDER No. 10

The provisions of Section 202A of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations shall not apply to female persons.

Dated at Ottawa this 10th day of September, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE

ORDER

Under and by virtue of the authority of Section 505 (*g*) of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations (Order in Council P.C. 246, dated January 19, 1943), as amended, the Minister of Labour hereby makes the following Order:

Special Order No. 11

The provisions of Section 202A of the National Selective Service Civilian Regulations, as amended, shall not apply to any employee employed on building construction work unless the employer is advised in writing by a Regional Superintendent of the Unemployment Insurance Commission that the said section is applicable to the employment of the employee engaged by a particular establishment or on a particular project.

Dated at Ottawa, this 21st day of September, 1943.

The foregoing Order is hereby recommended.

A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service.

The foregoing Order is hereby made.

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE FOR NAVAL SERVICES

September 8th, 1943.

THE MERCHANT SEAMEN ORDER, 1941

Committees of Investigation, Nomination and Confirmation of Nomination

I, the undersigned Minister of Justice, pursuant to Section 3 (1) of the Merchant Seamen Order, 1941, as made and established by P.C. 11397, dated 19th December, 1942, do hereby name:

Lt. I. J. Ogilvie, R.C.N.V.R.
S/Lt. H. W. Cooper, R.C.N.V.R.
S/Lt. (S.B.) G. A. Hansen, R.C.N.V.R.
S/Lt. G. L. Hayes, R.C.N.V.R.

all of the City of Halifax, in the province of Nova Scotia, representatives of the Department of National Defence for Naval Services to Committees of Investigation for the purposes of the said Order.

Dated at Ottawa, this 17th day of September, 1943.

LOUIS S. ST. LAURENT,
Minister of Justice.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

WM No. 19

Supplement No. 44

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 21st September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY

List of Specified Persons, Revision No. 44

Herewith is furnished for your information and guidance a Proclamation, effective on the date of publication, amending, as stated therein, the List of Specified Persons published with Memorandum WM No. 19.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.

WM No. 35 (Revised)

Supplement No. 8

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 21st September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

WAR EXCHANGE CONSERVATION ACT, 1940

The items enumerated hereunder have been deleted from Part One of Schedule One to the War Exchange Conservation Act, 1940:—

Tariff Item Number	Description
105a	Lemon, orange, grapefruit and citron rinds, sulphured or in brine.
105b	Olives and cherries, sulphured or in brine, not bottled.
105c	Fruits and nuts, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil, or any other manner, n.o.p.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 7249, 16/9/43,—Authority, War Measures Act)

WM No. 82

Supplement No. 4

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 18th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

PROHIBITED IMPORTS

Thiamine Hydrochloride (Vitamin B1) is prohibited importation except under permit issued by the Minister of National Revenue.

In order that requests for permits for the importation of Thiamine Hydrochloride (Vitamin B1) may be dealt with as expeditiously as possible, applications, IN DUPLICATE, must be made on the prescribed form, which, together with all the correspondence relating thereto, should be sent direct to Mr. E. T. Sterne, Controller of Chemicals, 1235 McGill College Ave., Montreal, P.Q. The form to be used is the "Application for Permit to Import War Materials and Other Goods", obtainable from Collectors of Customs and Excise or from the Department.

It should be stated on the application whether the quantity for which permit is requested will be imported in one or more than one shipment.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 7164, 15/9/43,—Authority, War Measures Act.)

WM No. 84

Supplement No. 1

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 21st September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

PROHIBITED IMPORTS

The importation into Canada of VANILLA BEANS is prohibited except under permit issued by the Minister of National Revenue.

Applications for permits to import Vanilla Beans are to be submitted, IN DUPLICATE, on Department of National Revenue form "Application for Permit to Import War Materials and Other Goods". The foregoing does not apply to goods in transit to Canada on or before the 21st September, 1943.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.

(P.C. 7257, 16/9/43,—Authority, War Measures Act.)

WM No. 98

Supplement No. 2

MEMORANDUM

(Customs Division)

Ottawa, 17th September, 1943.

To Collectors of Customs and Excise, and others concerned:

PROHIBITED IMPORTS

Brattice Cloth

The Minister of National Revenue has authorized the issuance of General Permit No. G-2397 for the importation from the United Kingdom of Brattice Cloth specified in tariff item 541c, prohibited importation by Order in Council P.C. 5899 (Memorandum WM No. 98).

This General Permit has been issued in a single copy and is retained in the Department, the number of which is to be endorsed on all relative import documents.

D. SIM,
Deputy Minister of National Revenue
Customs and Excise.

PART III

Wartime Prices and Trade Board

(Finance)

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Rentals Administration

NOTICE

Respecting Shared Accommodation in the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta and in the Area within a Distance of Three Miles from the Limits of Such City

Under authority conferred by Order No. 294 of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, notice is hereby given that the landlord of any shared accommodation situated in the City of Edmonton or in the area within three miles from the limits of such City, all in the Province of Alberta, is required to complete and file with the Rentals Appraiser, Wartime Prices and Trade Board at the said City of Edmonton, not later than the 18th day of October 1943, a form provided by the Board giving particulars of the accommodation and the rate or rates that were in effect on July 1, 1943, for occupancy of the accommodation and such further information as is required by the form.

Dated at Ottawa, this 1st day of October, 1943.

C. R. DeMARA,
A Rentals Administrator.

Board Order

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Order No. 316

Respecting Maximum Rentals for Hotel Accommodation

Made pursuant to authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9029, dated the 21st day of November, 1941, and amendments thereto, this Board orders as follows:—

1. For the purpose of this Order unless the context otherwise requires, Definitions.

(*a*) "Board" means the Wartime Prices and Trade Board;

(*b*) "checking-out hour" means the time at which the hotel day ends and by which time a guest must vacate the hotel accommodation to avoid charges for further occupancy;

(*c*) "double occupancy" means occupancy of the same hotel accommodation by two persons;

(*d*) "hotel" means a public house, the operator of which for remuneration

(i) in one or more buildings, furnishes sleeping and living accommodation, with or without meals, to the travelling public; and

(ii) receives and lodges all persons seeking shelter, unless there is reasonable ground for refusal; and

(iii) has customarily kept a register in which the guests, on arrival, record their names and addresses; and

(iv) assumes responsibility for the goods and chattels of its guests in accordance with the law of the province in which the hotel is situated;

(*e*) "hotel accommodation" means any room or suite of rooms in a hotel;

(*f*) "Hotel Rates Committee" means any person or persons appointed as such for any area or areas by the Board or by a Rentals Administrator;

(*g*) "maximum rate card" means the maximum rate card provided by the Board;

(*h*) "other occupancy" means

(i) occupancy of the same hotel accommodation by more than two persons, or

(ii) occupancy of hotel accommodation for other than living and sleeping purposes;

(*i*) "plan of operation" means

(i) "American plan" under which the guest is entitled to occupancy of hotel accommodation and three meals per day for an inclusive rate; or

(ii) "Continental plan" under which the guest is entitled to occupancy of hotel accommodation and breakfast for an inclusive rate; or

(iii) "European plan" under which the guest is entitled to occupancy of hotel accommodation for a rate which does not include any meals;

(*j*) "province" includes the North West Territories and Yukon Territory;

(*k*) "rate" or "rental" means any payment or consideration including any bonus or gratuity to or for the benefit of the operator of a hotel, for the occupancy of any hotel accommodation by the day, week, month or other period of time;

(*l*) "Rentals Administrator" means a person duly appointed as such by the Board and any person similarly appointed as a Deputy Rentals Administrator;

(*m*) "seasonal hotel" means a hotel which operates only for a season or seasons or for a part of a season in any year;

(*n*) "single occupancy" means occupancy of hotel accommodation by one person only;

(*o*) "year-round hotel" means a hotel which customarily operates continuously throughout the year.

Fixed maximum rates.

2. Maximum rates that have been fixed by or under the authority of the Board for hotel accommodation before October 1, 1943, or under this Order shall not be varied except in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

Weekly and monthly rates.

3. (1) In any case in which the schedule in effect for any year-round hotel on July 1, 1943, included a weekly rate as well as a daily rate for any hotel accommodation in the hotel and the operator, by agreement with a guest, lets that accommodation by the week, the maximum rate that may be charged, demanded, received, collected or paid for that accommodation shall be that weekly rate; and such weekly rate shall be shown on the rate-schedule filed under Section 4.

(2) In any case in which the schedule in effect for any year-round hotel on July 1, 1943, included a monthly rate as well as a daily rate for any hotel accommodation in the hotel, and the operator, by agreement with a guest, lets that accommodation by the month, the maximum rate that may be charged, demanded, received, collected or paid for that accommodation shall be that monthly rate; and such monthly rate shall be shown on the rate-schedule filed under Section 4.

Filling of rate-schedule.

4. (1) Every operator of a year-round hotel which was operated on October 11, 1941, shall, not later than November 30, 1943, file with the Rentals Administration, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Ottawa, the rate-schedule on a form provided by the Board, showing the rates in effect on October 11, 1941, for single, double or other occupancy, or the rates now in effect if they have been varied under the authority of the Board, for all hotel accommodation in the hotel, and shall give all information required by such form.

(2) Every operator of a year-round hotel not operated on October 11, 1941, but operated at some time between that date and October 1, 1943, shall, not later than November 30, 1943, file with the Rentals Administra-

tion, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Ottawa, the rate-schedule on a form provided by the Board, showing the rates now in effect for single, double, or other occupancy of all hotel accommodation in the hotel and shall give all information required by such form.

(3) Every operator of a seasonal hotel operated on or before October 11, 1941, shall, not later than November 30, 1943, file with the Rentals Administration, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Ottawa, the rate-schedule on a form provided by the Board, showing the rates in effect for single, double or other occupancy, by the day, week and month in the last corresponding season before October 11, 1941, or the rates now in effect if they have been varied under the authority of the Board, for all hotel accommodation in the hotel and shall give all information required by such form.

(4) Every operator of a seasonal hotel not operated on or before October 11, 1941, but operated at some time between October 11, 1941, and October 1, 1943, shall, not later than November 30, 1943, file with the Rentals Administration, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Ottawa, the rate-schedule on a form provided by the Board, showing the rates now in effect for single, double or other occupancy by the day, week, and month, for all hotel accommodation in the hotel and shall give all information required by such form.

(5) The rates for any hotel accommodation shown on the rate-schedule filed in accordance with this Section shall be the lawful maximum rates that may be charged, demanded, received, collected or paid for such accommodation unless and until varied under the provisions of this Order.

Posting maximum rate card.

5. (1) Every operator of a hotel shall keep posted in a conspicuous place in each hotel accommodation in the hotel a maximum rate card, on a form provided by the Board, showing the maximum rates therefor for single, double or other occupancy in accordance with the rate-schedule filed under Section 4 and showing such further information as may be required by such card, and no hotel accommodation shall be let unless such rate card is posted.

(2) No person shall alter, deface, destroy, or remove any maximum rate card posted in accordance with this Order.

Lessening accommodation or services, etc.

6. (1) Hotel accommodation for which there is any fixed maximum rate shall include all appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services, meals and facilities that were supplied for such maximum rate.

(2) If the operator of any hotel lessens any hotel accommodation or any appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services, meals or facilities which were supplied for a fixed maximum rate for the accommodation, he shall, either before or forthwith after the date of such lessening, make an application under Section 8 for a variation of the fixed maximum rate.

Increasing accommodation or services, etc.

7. If the operator of any hotel increases the amount of any hotel accommodation or supplies any appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, services, meals or facilities that were not supplied for a fixed maximum rate for the accommodation, he shall not collect or receive any rate in excess of the fixed maximum rate unless and until it is varied under Section 8.

Variation of fixed maximum rates.

8. (1) An application may be made by the operator of any hotel to the Hotel Rates Committee for a variation of any fixed maximum rate for any hotel accommodation by reason of any of the following special circumstances affecting the accommodation since the date on which the maximum rate was last fixed:

(*a*) a substantial increase in operating costs due to new or additional services or facilities supplied for the convenience or comfort of the guests occupying the accommodation; in which case, the Hotel Rates Committee may increase the maximum rate by an amount which is commensurate with the increased rental value of the accommodation, but in no event shall the maximum rate be increased to an amount that is higher than the rate generally prevailing on October 11, 1941, for similar accommodation in comparable hotels;

(*b*) an alteration resulting in improved or increased accommodation or the supplying of any appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, equipment, fixtures, meals or facilities that were not supplied for the maximum rate; in which case, the Hotel Rates Committee may increase the maximum rate by an amount which is commensurate with the increased rental value of the accommodation, but in no event shall the maximum rate be increased to an amount that is higher than the rate generally prevailing on October 11, 1941, for similar accommodation in comparable hotels;

(*c*) a lessening of the accommodation or of the appurtenances, furniture, furnishings, fixtures, equipment, services, meals or facilities that were supplied for the maximum rate; in which case, the Hotel Rates Committee may decrease the maximum rate by an amount which is commensurate with the decreased rental value of the accommodation.

(2) No application by an operator for a variation of any fixed maximum rate for any hotel accommodation shall be considered by the Hotel Rates Committee unless it is by reason of one or more of the special circumstances set forth in this Section.

(3) Any variation of the maximum rate for any hotel accommodation under this Order shall be deemed to be the fixation of the maximum rate for the accommodation.

Fixation of maximum rate not previously fixed.

9. (1) The operator of any hotel in which there is hotel accommodation described in subsection (2) following shall, before letting such accommodation, make an application to the Hotel Rates Committee to fix the maximum rates therefor, and shall attach to the application a rate-schedule, on a form provided by the Board, showing the proposed rates for all such accommodation.

(2) Hotel accommodation to which this Section applies shall be:

(*a*) hotel accommodation for which there was no maximum rate in effect on October 1, 1943;

(*b*) hotel accommodation in a seasonal hotel operated before October 1, 1943, for a season or seasons only, if the hotel is subsequently operated for any period not in such season or seasons.

Procedure for application for variation or fixation of maximum rate.

10. (1) An application to the Hotel Rates Committee for the variation or fixation of a fixed maximum rate shall be made in the following manner:

(*a*) a form of application provided by the Board shall be completed by the applicant and all information required by such form shall be given;

(*b*) the application form duly completed shall be forwarded to the Hotel Rates Committee, Rentals Administration, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Ottawa.

(2) The Hotel Rates Committee shall have the powers of a commissioner appointed under the Inquiries Act (R.S.C. 1927, Chapter 99) and may require such additional information as it may direct and may adopt such procedure as it deems proper.

(3) The Hotel Rates Committee may require the evidence to be given under oath or affirmation and may administer such oath or affirmation, and may inspect the accommodation; but no expense shall be incurred without the written authorization of a Rentals Administrator.

(4) The Hotel Rates Committee may fix or vary the maximum rate for the accommodation described in the application or may dismiss the application.

(5) A Hotel Rates Committee, of its own motion, may vary the maximum rate for any hotel accommodation by reason of the existence of any circumstance referred to in Section 8, or fix the maximum rate for any hotel accommodation referred to in Section 9.

(6) Any decision by the Hotel Rates Committee shall be on a form provided by the Board and shall be conclusive.

Posting new maximum rate cards after variation of rate.

11. Whenever a maximum rate for any hotel accommodation has been varied under this Order, the operator of the hotel in which the accommodation is situated shall thereafter keep posted in a conspicuous place in such accommodation a maximum rate card showing the varied maximum rate for single, double and other occupancy thereof and such further information as may be required by such card.

Change in plan of operation.

12. If the operator of any hotel changes or discontinues a plan of operation, he shall, either before or forthwith after the date of such change or discontinuance, send a notice in writing to the Hotel Rates Committee setting forth the reason therefor.

Checking-out hour.

13. (1) Every operator of a hotel shall keep posted in a conspicuous place in the hotel a notice setting forth the checking-out hour.

(2) For the maximum daily rate the guest of any hotel accommodation shall be entitled to occupy it until the checking-out hour following his occupancy thereof for a night or part of a night.

Powers of Rentals Administrator.

14. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, a Rentals Administrator may

(*a*) require or authorize another to require any person to furnish any information in any specified form and manner;

(*b*) enter or authorize another to enter any hotel or hotel accommodation to inspect it or to examine books, records and documents relating thereto;

(*c*) require or authorize another to require any person to produce any or all books, records and documents relating to any hotel or hotel accommodation at any place before the Rentals Administrator or before any designated person and may take or authorize any person to take possession of any or all such books, records and documents;

(*d*) fix or vary the maximum rate for any hotel accommodation;

(*e*) refer to any Hotel Rates Committee the fixation or variation of the maximum rate for any hotel accommodation;

(*f*) revoke or vary any decision of any Hotel Rates Committee;

(*g*) authorize the re-opening of any decision fixing or varying a maximum rate for hotel accommodation and the re-consideration of the matter as if the decision had not been made;

(*h*) appoint any person or persons as a Hotel Rates Committee for any area or areas;

(*i*) determine whether any particular real property is or is not hotel accommodation to which the provisions of this Order shall apply.

(2) A Rentals Administrator shall have the powers of a Commissioner appointed under the Inquiries Act (R.S.C. 1927, Chapter 99).

(3) The method and procedure of exercising his powers shall be such as a Rentals Administrator may adopt.

(4) The decision of a Rentals Administrator shall be final and conclusive.

Effective date and previous Orders.

15. (1) This Order comes into force on October 1, 1943, and subject as provided in Section 16 of this Order revokes and replaces Board Order No. 146.

(2) Administrator's Order No. A-211 is revoked as of November 1, 1943.

16. Notwithstanding the revocation of Board Order No. 146, the operator of any year-round hotel in any area described in Schedule A or B of said Order No. 146 may at any time before November 1, 1943 apply under the provisions of clause *(a)* or clause *(b)* as the case may be, of subsection (1) of Section 4 thereof for an increase of the maximum rental for any hotel accommodation in his hotel as if the said Order was not revoked, and any such application shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 10 of this Order and all the provisions of this Order shall apply as if the application had been made under this Order.

Made at Ottawa, the 7th day of September, 1943.

D. GORDON,
Chairman.

Administrators' Orders

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-854

Respecting the Manufacture of Book, Writing, and Specialty Papers

Pursuant to authority conferred by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered on behalf of such Board as follows:—

Effective Date and Introduction

1. This Order comes into force on September 1, 1943, and as of that date Administrator's Orders Nos. A-50, A-238, A-243, A-275 and A-331 are revoked and replaced by this Order.

2. This Order sets out the restrictions on the manufacture and production of the kinds of fine and specialty papers listed in the Schedule.

Restrictions

3. On and after September 1, 1943, such kinds of fine and specialty papers shall be manufactured or produced only according to the specifications set out in the Schedule for each kind.

4. (1) In the Schedule there are two sets of specifications for each kind of paper. The "Standard Specifications" must be used where the quantity of paper being made is less than the minimum set out in the Special Making Order Specifications for the same kind and grade of paper.

(2) The "Special Making Order Specifications" may be used only where the quantity of paper being made is not less than the minimum appearing in such specifications for that kind and grade of paper and the purchaser certifies to the manufacturer or wholesaler that the entire order is for use by him or for resale without further processing to one consumer.

General Provisions

5. It is permissible, as an added service and distinct from the term "manufacture" as used in this Order, for a manufacturer to cut paper to sizes of which the size specified is a multiple, or for a wholesaler to cut paper to smaller sizes than those specified.

6. Supercalendered and English (Machine) Finish Book and Litho Papers, Groundwood Halftone and Catalogue Book, Rotogravure and Offset Papers, conforming to all applicable specifications set forth in the Schedule hereto, may be manufactured with special fillers or specially hard sized in minimum quantity of 10 tons only.

7. This Order shall not apply to paper which is manufactured for export in sheets or rolls without further processing.

8. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such written exemption as the Administrator of Book and Writing Papers may grant, upon application to him, in individual cases of undue hardship or other special circumstances.

Dated at Ottawa, this 14th day of August, 1943.

A. P. JEWETT,
Administrator of Book and Writing Papers

Approved:

M. W. MACKENZIE,
Deputy Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

To Administrator's Order No. A-854

Standard Specifications and Special Making Order Specifications for the Manufacture of Fine and Specialty Papers

ITEM 1—RAG CONTENT BOND PAPERS

1. **Standard Specifications:**

Standard substance weights:

White: 26, 32, 40 and 48 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
Colours: 32, 40 and 48 lbs. of 1000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sizes: In substance weights only as indicated below:

No. 1 Grade

—	Size	Sub. 26M	Sub. 32M	Sub. 40M	Sub. 48M
White	17 x 22	26M	32M	40M	48M
	17 x 28	33M	41M	51M	61M
	19 x 24	...	39M	49M	...
	22 x 34	52M	64M	80M	96M
Azure	17 x 22	...	...	40M	48M
	17 x 28	...	...	...	61M
	22 x 34	...	...	80M	96M
Buff	17 x 22	...	...	...	48M
	22 x 34	...	...	...	96M

No. 2 Grade

—	Size	Sub. 26M	Sub. 32M	Sub. 40M	Sub. 48M
White	17 x 22	26M	32M	40M	48M
	17 x 28	33M	41M	51M	61M
	19 x 24	...	39M	49M	59M
	22 x 34	52M	64M	80M	96M
	28 x 34	...	82M	102M	...
Azure	17 x 22	...	...	40M	48M
	17 x 28	...	...	51M	61M
	19 x 24	...	...	49M	...
	22 x 34	...	...	80M	96M
Colours, (Blue, Buff, Green, Pink, Primrose)	17 x 22	...	32M	40M	...
	17 x 28	...	41M	51M	...
	22 x 34	...	64M	80M	...

No. 3 Grade

—	Size	Sub. 26M	Sub. 32M	Sub. 40M	Sub. 48M
White	17 x 22	...	32M	40M	48M
	17 x 28	...	41M	51M	61M
	22 x 34	...	64M	80M	96M

No. 4 GRADE

——	Size	Sub. 26M	Sub. 32M	Sub. 40M	Sub. 48M
WHITE	17 x 22	....	32M	40M	48M
	17 x 28	....	41M	51M	61M
	19 x 24	....	39M	49M	59M
	22 x 34	....	64M	80M	96M
	28 x 34	....	82M	102M	122M
COLOURS					
BLUE PINK	17 x 22	....	32M	40M	....
	17 x 28	....	41M	51M	....
	22 x 34	....	64M	80M	....
BUFF	17 x 22	....	32M	40M	....
	17 x 28	....	41M	51M	....
	19 x 24	....	39M	49M	....
	22 x 34	....	64M	80M	....
GOLDEN ROD	17 x 22	....	32M	....	....
	17 x 28	....	41M	....	....
	22 x 34	....	64M	....	....
LIGHT BLUE LIGHT BROWN LIGHT GREY	17 x 22	....	....	....	48M
	22 x 34	....	....	....	96M

Standard colours:

No. 1 Grade: One shade of White, Azure, Buff.
No. 2 Grade: One shade of White, Azure, Blue, Buff, Green, Pink, Primrose.
No. 3 Grade: One shade of White.
No. 4 Grade: One shade of White, Blue, Buff, Goldenrod, Pink, Light Blue Light Grey, and Light Brown.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Standard substance weights only.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1000 lbs. of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1000 lbs. of a grade, standard weight and colour in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 1500 lbs. of a colour, grade, size and standard weight.

ITEM 2—RAG CONTENT LEDGER PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weights:

No. 1 Grade: 56, 64, 72 lb. to 1000 sheets size 17 x 22.
No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4 Grades: 56 lbs. to 1000 sheets size 17 x 22.
Machine Posting Ledger Grade: 72 and 80 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sizes: In the substance weights only as indicated below:

No. 1 Grade

—	Size	Sub. 56M	Sub. 64M	Sub. 72M
White	17 x 28	71M		
	20 x 28			108M
	21 x 32		115M	
	16 x 21		57M	
	23 x 31			137M
	23 x 36		142M	
	18 x 23		71M	
	24 x 38			176M
	19 x 24			88M
Azure	17 x 28	71M		
	20 x 28			108M
	21 x 32		115M	
	16 x 21		57M	
	23 x 31			137M
	23 x 36		142M	
	18 x 23		71M	
	24 x 38			176M
	19 x 24			88M
	19 x 48			176M
Buff	17 x 28	71M		
	20 x 28			108M
	23 x 36		142M	
	18 x 23		71M	
	24 x 38			176M
	19 x 24			88M

No. 1 Grade Loose Leaf Ledger

Size	Sub. 56M	Sub. 56M	Sub. 72M	Sub. 72M
	Buff	Azure	Buff	Azure
17¼ x 28½	74M	74M		
22¼ x 22¼	75M	75M		96M
22¼ x 28¼	94M	94M	124M	124M

No. 2 Grade

Size	Sub. 56M	Sub. 56M	Sub. 56M
	White	Buff	Azure
16 x 21	50M	50M	50M
17 x 28	71M	71M	71M
18 x 23	62M	62M	62M
18 x 46	124M		
19 x 24	68M	68M	68M
19 x 48			137M
20 x 28	84M		84M
21 x 32	101M	101M	101M
22½ x 34	115M	115M	115M
23 x 36	124M	124M	124M
24 x 38	137M	137M	137M
28½ x 34½	147M	147M	147M

NO. 2 GRADE LOOSE LEAF LEDGER

Size	Sub. 56M	Sub. 56M
	BUFF	PALE AZURE
17¼ x 28½	74M	74M
22¼ x 28¼	94M	94M

NO. 3 GRADE

No Standard Sizes: Supplied in Special Making Order Quantities Only.

NO. 4 GRADE

Size	Sub. 56M	Sub. 56M	Sub. 56M
	WHITE	AZURE	BUFF
17 x 28	71M	71M	....
19 x 48	....	137M	....
21 x 32	101M	101M	....
22½ x 34	115M	....	115M
23 x 36	124M	124M	....
24 x 38	137M	137M	....
24½ x 36½	134M	....	....
28 x 34	142M	....	....
28½ x 34½	147M	....	....

MACHINE POSTING LEDGER

(WHITE AND BUFF)

Size	Sub. 72M	Sub. 80M
22¼ x 22¼	96M	106M
24½ x 36½	172M	192M

Standard colours:

No. 1 Grade: One shade of White, Azure, Buff.
No. 2 Grade: One shade of White, Buff, Azure and Light Azure.
No. 3 and No. 4 Grade: One shade of White, Azure, Buff.
Machine Posting Ledger: One shade of White and Buff.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Standard substance weights only.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1000 lb. of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1000 lb. of a grade, standard weight and colour, in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 1500 lbs. of a colour, grade, size and standard weight.

ITEM 3—RAG CONTENT MANIFOLD, AIRMAIL BOND AND AIRMAIL ENVELOPE PAPERS

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard substance weights: 13, 18/20, 20 and 26 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sizes: In substance weights only as indicated below:

—	Size	Sub. 13M	Sub. 18/20M	Sub. 20M	Sub. 26M
No. 1 GRADE MANIFOLD WOVE	17 x 22		18/20M		
	17 x 28		23/25M		
No. 2 GRADE MANIFOLD WOVE	17 x 22			20M	
	17 x 28			25M	
No. 1 GRADE AIRMAIL BOND	17 x 22	13M			
No. 2 GRADE AIRMAIL					
(i) Bond	17 x 22			20M	26M
	17 x 28			25M	33M
	22 x 34			40M	52M
(ii) Envelope	30 x 40				84M
No. 4 GRADE AIRMAIL					
(i) Bond	17 x 22			20M	26M
	17 x 28			25M	33M
	22 x 34			40M	52M
(ii) Envelope	30 x 40				84M

Standard colours:

No. 1 Grade Manifold Wove: One shade of White and of Blue, Canary, Green, Pink.
No. 2 Grade Manifold Wove: One shade of White.
No. 1 Grade Airmail: One shade of White and Blue.
No. 2 Grade Airmail: One shade of Light Blue.
No. 4 Grade Airmail: One shade of Opacity Blue.

Standard finishes:

No. 1 and 2 Manifold Wove: Glazed and Unglazed.
No. 1, 2 and 4 Airmail: Bond finish.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Standard substance weights only.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1000 lb. of a size, grade and standard weight, colour and finish.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 1500 lb. of a colour, grade, size and standard weight and finish.

Special finish: Standard finishes only.

ITEM 4—RAG CONTENT STATIONERY, WEDDING AND PAPETERIE PAPERS

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard substance weights:

No. 1 Grade: 40, 48, 56, 64, 72 and 80 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
No. 2 Grade: 48, 56, 64, and 72 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
No. 3 Grade: 40, 48 and 56 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sizes: 11 x 34, 16½ x 21, 17 x 22, 21 x 33, 22 x 34.

Standard colour: White and Ivory.

Standard finishes: Vellum, Kid and Ripple.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Standard substance weights only.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1,000 lb. of a size, grade, finish, standard weight and colour.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a colour and grade and not less than 1 ton of a size, weight and finish; provided that not less than 1,000 lbs. of a special making order for 2 tons or more may be manufactured in the form of Rag Content Stationery Bristol in accordance with the specifications set for Item 46 of this Schedule.

Special finish: Standard finishes only.

ITEM 5—SULPHITE BOND PAPERS

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weights:

(i) For White: 20, 26, 32 and 40 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22 (Substance 40M shall be the maximum weight).

(ii) For Colours: 20, 26 and 32 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22. (Substance 32M shall be the maximum weight.)

Standard sizes: In substance weights only as indicated below:

(i) White (in grades No. 5, No. 6 and No. 7):

Size	Sub. 20M	Sub. 26M	Sub. 32M	Sub. 40M
17 x 22	*20M	26M	32M	40M
17 x 28	*25M	33M	41M	51M
19 x 24			39M	49M
22 x 34	*40M	52M	64M	80M
22¼ x 28¼			*54M	
24 x 38			78M	98M
28 x 34			82M	102M
34 x 44			*128M	160M

* Standard in No. 7 Grade only.

(ii) Colours (in Grades No. 5 and No. 7 only)

Size	Sub. 20M	Sub. 26M	Sub. 32M
17 x 22	*20M	26M	32M
17 x 28	*25M	33M	41M
19 x 24			39M
22 x 34	*40M	52M	64M
22¼ x 28¼			*54M
24 x 38			78M
28 x 34			82M

* Standard in No. 7 Grade only.

Standard colours:

No. 5 and No. 7 Grades: One shade of White and of Blue, Buff, Canary, Goldenrod, Green, Pink.

No. 6 Grade: One shade of White only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: (not heavier than substance 40M in White or substance 32M in colours): Minimum quantity of 18 tons of a weight, grade, colour and sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, standard colour and weight.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard colour and weight in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Light green shade only in minimum quantity of 3 tons of a shade, grade and standard weight (maximum substance 32M), and not less than two tons of a special size nor less than 1 ton of a standard size.

ITEM 6—SULPHITE LEDGER PAPERS

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard substance weights:

(i) No. 5 Grade—56 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
(ii) Cellate grade—56, 72 and 80 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sheet sizes:

16 x 21
17 x 28
19 x 24
21 x 32
22½ x 34
23 x 36
24 x 38
24½ x 36½
28½ x 34½

Standard colours: One shade of White and Buff.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Standard substance weights only.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, standard colour and weight.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of one ton of a grade, standard colour and weight, in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Light green shade only in minimum quantity of 3 tons of a shade, grade and standard substance weight, and not less than 2 tons of a special size nor less than 1 ton of a standard size.

ITEM 7—SULPHITE WOVE WRITING

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard substance weights: 32 and 40 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22 (Sub. 40M shall be the maximum substance weight).

Standard sheet sizes:
17 x 22
22 x 34
17 x 28
19 x 24

Standard colour: One shade of White.

Standard finish: Machine finish.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Standard substance weights only.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade and standard weight.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight, and in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Standard colour only.

Special finish: Standard finish only.

ITEM 8—MANILLA WRITING

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weights: 32 and 40 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22 (Sub. 40M shall be the maximum substance weight).

Standard sizes: In substance weights only as indicated below:

Size:	Sub. 32M	Sub. 40M
8½ x 11	8M	—
8½ x 14	10½M	—
17 x 22	32M	40M
17 x 28	41M	51M
19 x 24	39M	—
22 x 34	64M	80M
28 x 34	82M	—

Standard colour: One shade of Yellow.

Standard finish: Machine finish.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: (not exceeding Sub. 32M): Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a weight, grade and sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a size, grade and weight.
(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade and standard substance weight in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Standard colour only.

Special finish: Standard finish only.

ITEM 9—TELEGRAPH (OR No. 2 GRADE) MANILLA WRITING

I. Standard Specifications:

No standard specifications; special making orders only to be supplied.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Not exceeding 32 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
Special colour: One shade of Yellow.
Special finish: Machine finish.
Special size: Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a grade, weight and sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

ITEM 10—GELATIN PROCESS DUPLICATING COPY PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weights: 32 and 40 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
Standard sizes: 17 x 22 and 17 x 28.
Standard colour: One shade of White.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Standard substance weights only.
Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.
(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight and colour, in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Blue, Buff, Green and Pink only; minimum quantity of 2 tons of a colour, grade and standard weight, and not less than 1 ton of a standard sheet size or 2 tons of a special sheet size, or in roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

ITEM 11—SPIRIT PROCESS DUPLICATING COPY PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weight: 36 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sheet sizes:

8½ x 11	17 x 22
8½ x 14	17 x 28

Standard colours: One shade of White and of Blue, Buff, Green, Pink.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 3 tons of substance 32M only, in white only, and not less than 2 tons of a special size or not less than 1 ton of a standard size.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, standard colour and weight.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

ITEM 12—SULPHITE MIMEOGRAPH PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weight: 36 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sheet sizes:

8½ x 11	17 x 22
8½ x 14	17 x 28

Standard colours: One shade of White and of Blue, Buff, Green, Pink.

Standard finish: Wove.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 3 tons of substance 32M only, in white only, and not less than 2 tons of a special size or not less than 1 ton of a standard size.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, standard colour and weight.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard colour and weight, in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

Special finish: Standard finish only.

ITEM 13—GROUNDWOOD MIMEOGRAPH PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weights: 36 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sizes:

22 x 34	28 x 34
8½ x 11	8½ x 14

Standard colours: One shade White and of Green, Pink, Yellow.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Standard substance weight only.

Special sizes:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity 2 tons of a size, grade, standard colour and weight.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard colour and weight, in widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

ITEM 14—SULPHITE REGISTER PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

No standard items; special making orders only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weights: 20 lb., 24 lb. and 28 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Special colours: One shade of White and of Blue, Buff, Canary, Green, Pink, Goldenrod.

Special sizes: Rolls only, minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, weight and colour, in widths acceptable to manufacturer.

ITEM 15—SULPHITE ONIONSKIN PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weight: 16 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sizes:

17 x 22	22 x 34
17 x 28	24 x 38
19 x 24	28 x 34

Standard colours: One shade of White and of Blue, Buff, Canary, Green, Pink.

Standard finishes: Unglazed and glazed in White; Unglazed only in colours.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Standard substance weight only.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, finish, standard colour and weight.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

Special finish: Colours in glazed finish, in minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, size, standard colour and weight.

ITEM 16—SULPHITE M.G. MANIFOLD TISSUE

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weight: 18 lb. to 480 sheets of size 24 x 36.

Standard sheet sizes:

8½ x 11	17 x 22
24 x 36	22 x 34

Standard colour: One shade of White and Blue, Canary, Green and Pink.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Standard basis weight only.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, standard colour and weight.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

ITEM 17—SULPHITE MANIFOLD, TITANIUM FILLED

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard substance weight: 18 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Standard sizes:

17 x 22	22 x 34
17 x 28	28 x 34
19 x 24	24 x 38

Standard colours: One shade of White, Blue, Buff, Canary, Green and Pink.

Standard finish: Machine finish.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weights: Standard substance weight only.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size and standard weight, colour and finish.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

Special finish: Standard finish only.

ITEM 18—SULPHITE PAPETERIE AND STATIONERY PAPERS

I. No Standard Specifications; Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special substance weights: 32, 40, 48 and 56 lbs. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Special colours:

(i) White and Ivory: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, weight and colour.

(ii) Other Colours: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a colour and grade and not less than 1 ton of a size and weight.

Special size:

(i) Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a width, grade, weight and colour.

Special finish: Kid.

ITEM 19—SULPHITE TABLET AND EXERCISE BOOK PAPER

I. No Standard Specifications; Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special substance weights:

For White: 26 lb., 32 lb., 40 lb. and 48 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
For Other Colours: 32 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Special colours and sizes:

(i) White: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, weight, shade and finish.

(ii) Light Green: Minimum quantity of 3 tons of a shade, grade and finish, in substance 32M only and not less than 1 ton of a size.

(iii) Other Colours: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, grade and finish, in substance 32M only, and not less than 2½ tons of a size.

Special finishes: English finish and Machine finish.

ITEM 20—SULPHITE WOVE ENVELOPE PAPER

I. No Standard Specifications; Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special substance weights: 40 lb. and 48 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Special colours and sizes:

(i) White: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, weight, shade and finish.

(ii) Other Colours: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a shade, grade and finish and not less than 2½ tons of a size and weight.

Special finishes: Machine finish and low Machine finish.

ITEM 21—DUPLEX ENVELOPE PAPER

I. No Standard Specifications; Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special substance weight: 48 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Special colour: White paper with analine colour on one side.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, finish and colour combination, in substance 48M only.

Special finish: Machine finish.

ITEM 22—SULPHITE CARTRIDGE ENVELOPE AND DRAWING PAPER

I. No Standard Specifications; Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special substance weights: 40 lb., 48 lb. and 56 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 17 x 22.

Special colours: White and Cream.

Special sizes: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, weight, grade, colour and finish.

Special finish: Antique.

ITEM 23—GROUNDWOOD (BOGUS) DRAWING PAPER

I. No Standard Specifications; Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special finish: Antique.

Special colour: One shade of White.

Special size and weight: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size and weight, grade, finish and colour.

ITEM 24—SODA STRAW WAXING SULPHITE PAPERS

I. No Standard Specifications; Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weights: 28 lb. and 30 lb. to 500 sheets of size 24 x 36.

Special colour: Amber only.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade and weight, in Amber only, and in roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

ITEM 25—SULPHITE CONVERTING PAPERS AND TISSUES (INCLUDING PAPERS FOR BAG-MAKING AND WAXING)

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weight: 20 lb. for 480 sheets of size 24 x 36.

Standard colour: One shade of White.

Standard sizes: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 22 x 34, 28 x 34, 8½ x 11, 8½ x 14.

Standard finish: Machine finish.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weights: 10/11 lb., 12½ lb., 15 lb., 17½ lb., 23 lb., 25 lb., 28 lb., 30 lb., 40 lb., 45 lb., 50 lb., 60 lb., 70 lb. and 80 lb. to 480 sheets of size 24 x 36.

Special colours: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, weight, grade and finish and not less than 1 ton of a size of sheet or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special sizes: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a weight, grade and finish in one sheet size or in roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special finish: Machine glaze.

ITEM 26—SULPHITE WRAPPING TISSUE PAPERS

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard grade: All Sulphite Pulp.

Standard basis weight: 10/11 lb. to 480 sheets of size 24 x 36.

Standard sizes: 18 x 28, 20 x 30 and 24 x 36.

Standard colours: One shade of White, Black, Blue, Green, Red.

Standard finishes: Machine finish and Machine Glazed.

Standard folds:

White—12, 15 and 24 sheet folds.
Black—Flat reams only, no folds.
Colours—Other than White and Black—8, 12 and 24 sheet folds.

Standard wrapping and packing:

Flat or folded reams (480 sheets) to be fully banded but not end wrapped; packed with a minimum of 10 reams to bundle.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special grade: Standard grade only.
Special weight: Standard basis weights only.
Special size: Standard sizes only.
Special colour: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, grade, finish and standard weight.
Special folds: Standard folds only.
Special wrapping and packing: Standard wrapping and packing only.

ITEM 27—GROUNDWOOD PACKING TISSUE PAPERS

1. Standard Specifications:

Standard grade: Not less than 25% Groundwood Pulp and balance Unbleached Sulphite Pulp.
Standard basis weights: 10/11 and 12½ lb. to 480 sheets of size 24 x 36.
Standard sizes: 18 x 28, 20 x 30 and 24 x 36 and such smaller sizes which will cut evenly without waste out of the three sizes as specified.
Standard colours: One shade of either Unbleached White or Manilla as selected by the manufacturer.
Standard finishes: Machine finish and Machine Glazed.
Standard folds: 24 sheet quires.
Standard wrapping and packing:
Flat or folded reams (480 sheets) to be loose with ream dividers or banded with bands not over 4″ wide; packed with a minimum of 10 reams to bundle.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special grade: Standard grade only.
Special weight: Standard basis weights only.
Special size: Standard sizes only.
Special colour: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, size, grade, finish and standard weight.
Special fold: Standard fold only.
Special wrapping and packing: Standard wrapping and packing only.

ITEM 28—COATED TWO SIDE BOOK PAPERS

1. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:
For White: 120, 140, 160 and 200 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25 x 38.
For India: 160 and 200 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 25 x 38.
For Other Colours: 160 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 25 x 38

Standard sizes:
For White: 25 x 38, 38 x 50, 28 x 42, 35 x 45.
For India: 25 x 38.
For Other Colours: 25 x 38.

Standard colours: One shade of White, of India, and of not more than 8 other colours as selected by each manufacturer.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weights: not to exceed 200 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

(i) Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a weight, grade and colour, in one sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer, in the basis weights and standard colours as follows:—

White: 90M, 100M and 110M.
India: 90M, 100M, 110M, 120M, 140M.
Other Standard Colours: 90M, 100M, 110M, 120M, 140M, 200M.

(ii) Special basis weights other than as specified in (i), and not exceeding 200M: minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight, grade and colour and not less than 2½ tons of a sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special sizes:

(i) In white: minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight and shade in one sheet size or roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

(ii) In Standard colours: minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a grade, standard weight and colour, in one sheet size or roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colours: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a shade, weight, and grade and not less than 2½ tons of a sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

ITEM 29—COATED ONE SIDE LITHO PAPERS

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weights: 120, 140 and 160 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

Standard sizes:

25 x 38	28 x 42
38 x 50	35 x 45

Standard colour: One shade of White.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special basis weights:

(i) Basis weights 90, 100, 110 lb. Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a weight, grade, colour and sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

(ii) Other basis weights, *not exceeding 180M;* Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight, grade and colour and not less than 2½ tons of a sheet size or roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a standard weight, grade and colour and sheet size or roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Not less than 2½ tons of a shade, grade, weight and sheet size or roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

ITEM 30—DULL (SUEDE FINISH) COATED BOOK

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weights: 160 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

Standard size: 25 x 38.

Standard colours: One shade of White and India.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special basis weights:

(i) Basis weights: 90M, 100M, 110M, and 120M, 140M and 200M. Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a grade, weight, colour and sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

(ii) Other weights, *not exceeding 200M;* Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 2½ tons of a sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special sizes: Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a weight, grade, colour and sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colours: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, weight and grade and not less than 2½ tons of a sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

ITEM 31—COATED EMBOSSING COVER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weight: 120 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 20 x 26.

Standard sizes: 20 x 26 and 22½ x 28½.

Standard colours: One shade of White and India.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: 160 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 20 x 26 only; minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a grade and standard colour in one sheet size or roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a grade, standard weight and colour in one sheet size or roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, grade, and weight and not less than 2½ tons of a sheet size or roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

ITEM 32—RAG CONTENT AND SULPHITE TEXT PAPERS

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:

#1 Grade: 140, 180 and 240 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

#2 Grade: 140, 180, 240 and 280 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

#3 Grade: 120, 140, 160 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38 and 130 and 260 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 20½ x 26.

Standard sizes: In basis weights only as indicated.

——	Basis: 25 x 38	140M	180M	240M	
No. 1 Grade	25 x 38	140M	180M	240M	
	Basis: 25 x 38	140M	180M	240M	280M
No. 2 Grade	25 x 38 26 x 40 11 x 34	140M 153M 56M	180M 197M	240M	.... 306M ....
	Basis: 25 x 38	120M	140M	160M	
No. 3 Grade	22 x 34 25 x 38	.... 120M	110M 140M	.... 160M	
	Basis: 20½ x 26	130M	260M		
	20½ x 26 26 x 40	130M 260M	260M		

Standard colours:

#1 and #2 Grades: One shade of White and India.

#3 Grade: One shade of White and India and patterned surface in Blue, Maroon, Grey and Tan.

Standard finishes: Antique, Wove and Laid.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weights: Standard basis weights only.

Special colours: Standard colours only.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, weight, colour, finish and sheet size or roll widths.

Special finish: Standard finishes only.

ITEM 33—SUPERCALENDERED BOOK AND LITHO PAPERS

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 140 and 160 lbs. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38 (160M shall be the maximum basis weight).

Standard colours: One shade of White and India.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weights: Not heavier than basis 160M; minimum quantity of 18 tons of a weight, grade, colour and in one sheet size or assorted roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a shade, grade and not less than 2½ tons of a standard weight and sheet size or roll widths acceptable to the manufacturer.

ITEM 34—ENGLISH (MACHINE) FINISH BOOK AND LITHO PAPERS

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:

(i) *For White and India:* 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120 and 140 lbs. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38 (140M shall be the maximum basis weight).

(ii) *For colours other than White and India:* 120 lbs. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

Standard colours: One shade of White and India and not more than six other colours as selected by the manufacturer.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weights: Not to exceed 140M

(i) Standard colours other than White and India in basis weights 60M, 70M, 80M, 90M, 100M, 110M, 140M. Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour and grade and not less than 2½ tons of a weight and size.

(ii) White and standard colours in basis weights lighter than 60M; minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a weight, grade, size and standard colour.

(iii) White and colours in weights heavier than 60M and not exceeding basis 140M; minimum quantity of 18 tons of a weight, grade and colour and not less than 2½ tons of a size.

Special colours: Not less than 10 tons of a colour and grade and not less than 2½ tons of a size and standard weight as set for White and India.

ITEM 35—OFFSET PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: Not to exceed 200M.

(i) *For White:* 120, 160 and 200 lbs. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

(ii) *For colours other than White:* 160 lbs. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of not more than 5 other colours as selected by the manufacturer.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weights: Not to exceed 200M.

(i) 120M and 200M in standard colours other than White; minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour and grade and not less than 2½ tons of a size and weight.

(ii) All other special weights, not exceeding 200M; minimum quantity of 18 tons of a weight, grade, colour and size.

Special colours: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour and grade and not less than 2½ tons of a size and standard weight as set for White.

ITEM 36—EGGSHELL (ANTIQUE) BOOK

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: Not to exceed 140M

60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 120, and 140 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25 x 38.

Standard colours: One shade of White, Ivory and India.

Standard finishes: Wove and Laid.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weights: Not to exceed 140M.
Not less than 18 tons of a weight, grade, finish, colour and size.
Special colours: Not less than 10 tons of a colour and grade and not less than 2½ tons of a size and standard weight and finish.
Special finishes: Standard finishes only.

ITEM 37—BULKING FEATHERWEIGHT BOOK

I. No Standard Specifications: Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Not to exceed 160 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 25 x 38.
Special colours:
(i) White, India and Ivory: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a colour, grade, weight, size, and finish.
(ii) Other colours than above specified. Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, grade, weight, finish and not less than 2½ tons of a size.
Special finishes: Antique and smooth.

ITEM 38—TARIFF PAPER

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 91, 125, and 200 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 33 x 45. (200M shall be the maximum basis weight).
Standard colours: One shade of White and Yellow.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Not heavier than 33 x 45—200M Minimum quantity of 18 tons of a weight, grade, size and colour.
Special colour: Standard colours only.

ITEM 39—GROUNDWOOD HALFTONE BOOK

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 70 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 24 x 36.
Standard sizes: 24 x 36 and 28 x 42.
Standard colour: One shade of White.
Standard finish: Machine finish.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a weight, grade, size and finish.
Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, standard weight and finish.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

Special finish: (Super-calendering or Bulking Novel): Minimum quantity 2½ tons of a finish, grade, weight and size.

ITEM 40—GROUNDWOOD CATALOGUE BOOK

I. No Standard Specifications: Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Basis weights:
(i) 40, 44, 50, 56, and 60 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 24 x 36: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a weight, grade and size, in one shade of White only.
(ii) Other weights: Minimum quantity of 18 tons of a weight, grade, size and colour.
Colour:
(i) White: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, weight and grade.
(ii) Colours other than White: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a shade, weight and grade and not less than 2½ tons of a size.
Finish: Machine finish only.

ITEM 41—GROUNDWOOD POSTER PAPERS

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weight: 64 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 24 x 36.

Standard size: 24 x 36.

Standard colours: One shade of Blue, Green, Orange, Yellow, Mandarin (Salmon) and Pink (Rose).

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade and colour and not less than 2½ tons of a size.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: (*a*) In sizes of which one dimension is 24 inches or 36 inches: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.
(*b*) In other special sizes: Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a width, grade, standard weight and colour.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

ITEM 42—GROUNDWOOD ROTOGRAVURE PAPER

I. NO STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: MAKING ORDERS ONLY.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

(*a*) *In one shade of White only,* in basis weights 60, 70, 78, 80, 84, 90, 100, 120, 140 and 160 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 25 x 38. Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a weight, grade and sheet size or roll width.

(*b*) *In weights other than specified in* (*a*) not exceeding basis 160M: Minimum quantity of 18 tons of a weight, grade, colour and sheet size or roll width.

(*c*) *In colours other than White, in weights as specified in* (*a*): Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, grade and weight and not less than 2½ tons of a sheet size or roll width.

ITEM 43—SULPHITE COVER PAPERS

No. 1 GRADE

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weight: 180 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 20 x 26.

Standard size:

(i) Sheets: 20 x 26 and 22½ x 28½.

(ii) Rolls: 21 and 23-inch width, with tolerance of ½ inch.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of not more than nine colours as selected by the manufacturer.

Standard finishes: Antique and secondary finishes as selected by the manufacturer.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight:

(i) Single Thick: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 1 ton of a size.

(ii) Double Thick: Minimum quantity of 600 lb. of one grade, size, weight and colour, composed of two standard items of single thick, of not less than 300 lb. each, pasted together.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, grain direction, standard weight and colour; provided the minimum quantity shall be 300 lb. of any size acceptable to the manufacturer which can be cut out of a 21- or 23-inch width roll of a standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight and colour, and roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a colour and grade and not less than 1 ton of a size, grain direction and standard weight.

No. 2 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:

(i) Single Thick: 100 and 130 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 20 x 26.
(ii) Double Thick: 260 lb. to 1,000 sheets of size 20 x 26.

Standard sizes:

(i) Sheets: In basis weights only as indicated below:

	Basis	Basis	Basis
Size:	100M	130M	260M
20 x 26	100M	130M	260M
22½ x 28½	.....	160M	.....
23 x 35	.....	201M	.....

(ii) Rolls: 20¾ and 23¾ inch widths, with tolerance of ½ inch.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of not more than nine colours as selected by the manufacturer.

Standard finishes: Antique and secondary finishes as selected by the manufacturer.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight:

(i) Single Thick: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 1 ton of a size.
(ii) Double Thick: Minimum quantity of 600 lbs. of a grade, size, weight, and colour, composed of two standard items of single thick, of not less than 300 lb. each pasted together.

Special sizes:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, grain direction, standard weight and colour; provided the minimum quantity shall be 300 lb. of any size acceptable to the manufacturer which can be cut out of a 20¾ or 23¾ inch roll of a standard weight and colour.
(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight and colour, and width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a colour, and grade, and not less than 1 ton of a size, grain direction and standard weight.

Special finishes: Standard finishes only.

ITEM 44—GROUNDWOOD CONTENT COVER PAPERS

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 80 and 100 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 20 x 26 (Double Thick prohibited).

Standard sizes:

(i) Sheets: 20 x 26 and 22½ x 28½.
(ii) Rolls: None.

Standard colours: Not more than one shade of nine colours as selected by the manufacturer. (White prohibited).

Standard finish: Antique only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight:

(i) Single Thick: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 1 ton of a size.
(ii) Double Thick: Prohibited.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, grain direction, standard weight and colour.
(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight, colour, and width.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 2½ tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 1 ton of a size, grain direction and standard weight, provided White shall not be included as a colour in this grade.

Special finish: Standard finish only.

ITEM 45—COATED COVER PAPERS

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 150, 200, 220, 260, and 300 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 20 x 26.

Standard size: 20 x 26.

Standard colours: Not more than one shade of 6 colours as selected by the manufacturer.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 1½ tons of a weight, grade, colour and size.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, standard weight and colour; provided the minimum quantity shall be 300 lb. of any size acceptable to the manufacturer which can be cut out of a 21 inch width roll of a standard weight and colour.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

ITEM 46—RAG CONTENT STATIONERY BRISTOLS

Grades No. 1 and No. 2

I. No Standard Specifications; Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Weights: Any combination made by pasting together of two or more sheets of Rag Content Stationery, Wedding and Papeterie Papers of standard substance weight provided in Item 4 of this Schedule.

Size: Minimum quantity of 1000 lbs. of a size, colour, grade, weight, finish and grain direction.

Finish: Vellum, Kid and Ripple.

Colour:

(i) White and Ivory, Minimum quantity of 1000 lbs. of a size, grade, weight, finish and grain direction.

(ii) Other colours, if part of a special making order of Item 4 of this Schedule; minimum quantity of 1000 lbs. of a size, grade, weight, colour, finish and grain direction.

(iii) Other colours, not part of a special making order of Item 4 of this Schedule; minimum quantity of 2 tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 1000 lbs. of a size, weight, finish and grain direction.

No. 3 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 208 and 312 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 21 x 33.

Standard size: 21 x 33.

Standard colour: White.

Standard finishes: Suede and Cold Press.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weights: (not heavier than basis 312M); Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 1000 lb. of a size, finish and grain direction.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1000 lbs. of a size, grade, standard weight, colour, finish and grain direction.

Special colour: (1) If part of a special making order of Item 4 in this Schedule: Minimum quantity of 1000 lb. of colour, grade, weight, size, finish and grain direction.

(ii) If not part of a special making order of Item 4 in this Schedule: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a colour, grade, weight, size, finish and grain direction.

Special finish: Standard finishes only.

No. 4 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 200, 240, 280, 320, 360 and 400 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 22½ x 28½.
Standard size: 22½ x 28½.
Standard colour: One shade of White.
Standard finish: Kid.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weight (not heavier than basis 400M): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 1000 lb. of a size, finish and grain direction.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1000 lb. of a size, grade, standard weight and colour, finish and grain direction.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 1000 lb. of a standard weight, size, finish and grain direction.

Special finish: Minimum quantity of 1000 lb. of a finish, grade, size, colour, weight and grain direction.

ITEM 47—RAG CONTENT INDEX BRISTOLS

No. 1 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:

(i) White: 220, 280, and 340 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½.
(ii) Green: 280 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½.
(iii) Colours other than White or Green: 220 and 280 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½.

Standard size: 25½ x 30½.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of not more than 4 colours as selected by the manufacturer.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weight: (Not heavier than basis 340M): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade and colour and not less than 1000 lb. of a size, finish and grain direction.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1000 lb. of a size, grade, standard weight and colour, finish and grain direction.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a colour and grade and not less than 1000 lb. of a size, standard weight, finish and grain direction.

No. 2 Grade

I. No Standard Specifications: Special Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Basis weights: 213 and 280 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½.

Colour: One shade of White and of Buff.

Minimum quantity: 2 tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 1 ton of a size, weight, finish and grain direction.

No. 3 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 220, 280, 340 and 440 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½
Standard size: 25½ x 30½.
Standard colours: One shade of White and of Buff.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weight (not heavier than 440M): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 1000 lb. of a size, finish and grain direction.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 1000 lb. of a size, grade, standard weight and colour, finish and grain direction.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 1000 lb. of a size, standard weight, finish and grain direction.

No. 4 Grade

I. No Standard Specifications: Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Basis weights: 220, 280 and 340 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½.
Colours: One shade of White and of Buff.
Minimum quantity: 2 tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 1 ton of a size, weight, finish and grain direction.

ITEM 48—SULPHITE STATIONERY BRISTOL

I. No Standard Specifications: Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Minimum quantity

(*a*) if part of a special making order for Sulphite Stationery Paper made in accordance with the specifications set for Item 20 of this Schedule; Minimum quantity of 1000 lbs. of a size, weight, grade, colour and grain direction.

(*b*) if not part of a special making order for such Sulphite Stationery Paper: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, weight, grade, and grain direction for White and Ivory and not less than 2 tons of a size, weight and grain direction for colours other than White and Ivory.

Colours, weights, and finish: Any item which is made by pasting together two or more thicknesses of any Sulphite Stationery Paper made in accordance with the specifications set for Item 18 of this Schedule.

ITEM 49—SULPHITE INDEX BRISTOLS

No. 1 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 220, 280, and 340 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½
Standard size: 25½ x 30½
Standard colours: One shade of White and not more than 6 colours (not to include Light Green) as selected by the manufacturer.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of one weight, grade and colour, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size and grain direction or 1 ton of a roll width.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of one size, grade, grain direction, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight and colour, in a width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour:

(i) Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 2 tons of a standard weight, grain direction and sheet size or 1 ton of a roll width.

(ii) *For Light Green shade only,* Minimum quantity of 3 tons of a shade and grade and not less than 1 ton of a size, grain direction and standard weight.

No. 2 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:

(i) White and Buff: 180, 220, 280, and 340 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½.

(ii) Colours other than White and Buff: 220, 280, and 340 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 25½ x 30½.

Standard size: 25½ x 30½.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of not more than 6 colours (not to include Light Green) as selected by the manufacturer.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weights: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of one weight, grade and colour, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size and grain direction or 1 ton of a roll width.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, grain direction, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight, colour in a width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour:

(i) Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour, grade and not less than 2 tons of a standard weight, grain direction and sheet size or 1 ton of a roll width.

(ii) *For Light Green shade only,* Minimum quantity of 3 tons of a shade and grade and not less than 1 ton of a size, grain direction and standard weight as set for colours other than White and Buff.

ITEM 50—SULPHITE PRINTING (MILL) BRISTOL

No. 1 GRADE

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weights: 200, 240, and 280 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 22½ x 28½.
Standard size: 22½ x 28½.
Standard colour: White only.
Standard finishes: Smooth and Antique.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of one weight, grade and colour, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size, grain direction and finish, or not less than 1 ton of a roll width.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, grain direction, finish, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, finish, standard weight, colour, in a roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size, grain direction, finish and standard weight, or not less than 1 ton of a roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special finish: Standard finish only.

No. 2 GRADE

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weights:

(i) White: 180, 240 and 280 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 22½ x 28½.
(ii) Colours: 180 and 240 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 22½ x 28½.
(iii) Post Card: 200 and 240 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 22½ x 28½.

Standard size: 22½ x 28½.

Standard colours: Natural for Post Card and one shade of White and of not more than 6 colours as selected by the manufacturer.

Standard finishes: Smooth and Antique.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size, grain direction and finish, or not less than 1 ton of a roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, grain direction, finish, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, finish, standard weight and colour in a width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a colour and grade, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size, grain direction, finish and standard weight, or 1 ton of a roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special finish: Standard finishes only.

ITEM 51—GROUNDWOOD CONTENT PRINTING (MILL) BRISTOLS (INCLUDING TICKET BOARD)

No. 1 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:

(i) White: 180, 240 and 280 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 22½ x 28½.

(ii) Colours: 180 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 22½ x 28½.

Standard size: 22½ x 28½.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of not more than 5 colours as selected by the manufacturer.

Standard finish: Antique.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight, grade and colour, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size and grain direction, or not less than 1 ton of a roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, grain direction, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight, colour and roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special finish: Standard finish only.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

No. 2 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 180 and 200 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 22½ x 28½.

Standard size: 22½ x 28½.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of not more than 10 colours as selected by the manufacturer.

Standard finish: Antique.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of a weight and grade and colour, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size, and grain direction or not less than 1 ton of a roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special size:

(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, grain direction, standard weight and colour.

(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, standard weight, colour and width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special colour: Minimum quantity of 10 tons of one colour and grade, and not less than 2 tons of a sheet size, grain direction and standard weight, or not less than 1 ton of a roll width acceptable to the manufacturer.

Special finish: Standard finish only.

ITEM 52—PLAIN (UNCOATED) BLANKS, RAILROAD BOARD AND STREETCAR BOARD

Plain Blanks

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard weights: 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 ply thickness.
Standard size: 22 x 28.
Standard colour: One shade of White.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight (thickness): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade and not less than 2 tons of a size.
Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade and standard weight.
Special colour: Standard colour only.

Railroad Board (Uncoated)

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard weights: 4 and 6 ply thickness.
Standard size: 22 x 28.
Standard colours: Not more than one shade of 9 colours as selected by the manufacturer.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight (thickness): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade, colour and not less than 2 tons of a size.
Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.
Special colour: Standard colours only.

Streetcar Board (Uncoated)

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard weight: 5 ply thickness.
Standard size: 23 x 43.
Standard colours: White one side on Manilla back.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight (thickness): Standard weight only.
Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.
Special colour: Standard colour only.

ITEM 53—COATED BLANKS, RAILROAD BOARDS, STREETCAR BOARDS AND BRISTOLS

Coated Blanks

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard weights: 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 ply thickness.
Standard sizes: 22 x 28 and 28 x 44.
Standard colour: One shade of White.
Standard finishes: Coated 1 side and coated 2 sides.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight (thickness): Standard weights only.
Special size: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a grade, size and standard weight.
Special colour: Standard colours only.
Special finish: Standard finishes only.

COATED RAILROAD BOARD

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard weights: 4, 6 and 8 ply thickness.

Standard size: 22 x 28.

Standard colours: Not more than one shade of 6 colours as selected by the manufacturer.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight (thickness): Minimum quantity 5 tons of a weight, grade, colour and size.

Special size: Minimum quantity 1 ton of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.

Special colour: Minimum quantity 5 tons of a colour, grade and weight and not less than 1 ton of a size.

COATED STREETCAR BOARD

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard weight: 5 ply thickness.

Standard sizes: 23 x 43.

Standard colour: One shade of White.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS: STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS ONLY.

COATED TRANSLUCENT BRISTOL

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard weights: 3 and 4 ply thickness.
Standard size: 22½ x 28½
Standard colours: One shade of White and India.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:
Special weight: Standard basis weights only.
Special size: Minimum quantity 1 ton of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.
Special colour: Standard colours only.

ITEM 54—BLOTTING PAPERS

NO. 1 GRADE

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weights:
(i) White: 120, 160 and 200 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.
(ii) Moss Green: 160 and 200 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.
(iii) Hazel and Brown: 200 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.

Standard size: 19 x 24.

Standard Colours: One shade of White and of Moss Green, Hazel and Brown.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight (not heavier than basis 160M for colours nor sub. 200M for white): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade, standard colour and not less than 2 tons of a size.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, standard weight and colour.

Special colours: Standard colours only.

No. 2 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:

(i) White: 120, 160 and 200 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.
(ii) Colours: 120 and 160 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.

Standard size: 19 x 24.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of Granite, Buff, Pink.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight (not heavier than sub. 160M for colours nor sub. 200M for White): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade, colour and not less than 2 tons of a size.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, colour and standard weight.

Special colours: India only; minimum quantity of 2 tons of a grade, size and standard weight.

No. 3 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights:

(i) White: 120, 160 and 200 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.
(ii) Moss Green and Brown: 160 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.
(iii) Colours other than Moss Green and Brown: 120 and 160 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.

Standard size: 19 x 24.

Standard colours: One shade of White and of Blue, Brown, Buff, Canary, Granite, Moss Green, Pink.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight (not heavier than basis 160M for colours nor sub. 200M for White): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade, colour and not less than 2 tons of a size.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, colour and standard weight.

Special colour: Standard colours only.

Tablet Grade

I. No Standard Specifications: Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: Not to exceed 120 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24; minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, weight and standard colour.

Special size: Minimum quantity of 2 tons of a size, grade, weight and standard colour.

Special colour: One shade of White, Buff and Granite only.

ITEM 55—ALKALI PROOF GRADE BLOTTING PAPER

I. No Standard Specifications: Making Orders Only.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weights:

(i) 72, 80, 110, 150 and 190 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24; minimum quantity of 1 ton of a weight, grade, colour and size.
(ii) All other weights; minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, grade and colour and not less than 1 ton of a sheet size or roll width.

Special colour: White, Blue and Pink only.

ITEM 56—COATED (ENAMELLED) BLOTTING PAPER

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weights: 200, 240 and 280 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 19 x 24.
Standard size: 19 x 24.
Standard colour combinations:
(*a*) White coating on White, Pink, and Blue Blotting.
(*b*) Gold, Platinum, Buff, Primrose, Pink and Green Coating on White Blotting.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weight: Standard weights only.
Special size: Minimum quantity of 1½ tons of a size, grade, standard weight and colour combination.
Special colour combination: Standard colour combinations only.

ITEM 57—MANILLA ENVELOPE PAPER

NO. 1 GRADE

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard substance weights: 40, 48 and 56 lbs. to 1000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
Standard colour: Natural Manilla only.
Standard finish: Machine finish only.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weights: Not less than 1 ton of a size, weight, grade, and standard colour and finish.
Special colour: Standard colour only.
Special finish: Standard finish only.

NO. 2 GRADE

I. NO STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: SPECIAL MAKING ORDERS ONLY.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special weights: 40, 48 and 56 lb. only to 1000 sheets of size 17 x 22.
Special colour: Natural Manilla only.
Special finish: Machine finish only.
Minimum quantity: Not less than 1 ton of a size, weight, grade, colour and finish.

ITEM 58—SULPHITE BOX COVER PAPERS

NO. 1 GRADE

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weight: 90 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 24 x 36.
Standard size: Rolls 24″ width.
Standard colour: Not more than 13 colours as selected by the manufacturer.
Standard finishes: Antique and secondary finishes as selected by the manufacturer.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:

Special basis weight: Standard basis weights only.
Special size:
Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade, standard weight and colour; provided the minimum quantity shall be 100 lb. of any size acceptable to the manufacturer that can be cut out of a 24″ width roll.
Rolls: Minimum quantity 1 ton of a width, grade, standard weight and colour.
Special colour: Standard colours only.
Special finishes: Standard finishes only.

No. 2 Grade

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 62 lb. and 72 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 26 x 30.
Standard size:
Sheets: 26 x 40½ Rolls: 26″ and 30″ width.
Standard colour: Not more than 6 colours as selected by the manufacturer.
Standard finish: Machine finish.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special basis weight: Minimum quantity 1 ton of a weight, grade, size and standard colour.

Special size: Minimum quantity 1 ton of a size, grade, weight, and standard colour.
Special colour: Standard colours only.
Special finish: Standard finishes only.

ITEM 59—TAG BOARDS

Manilla Tag Board

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 200, 250, 300 and 350 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 24 x 37.
Standard sizes: In the basis weights only as indicated below:—

Size:	Basis 200M	Basis 250M	Basis 300M	Basis 350M
22½ x 28½	—	180M	216M	252M
24 x 37	200M	250M	300M	350M
28 x 34	—	268M	321M	—
30 x 40	—	—	405M	—

Standard colour: Natural.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight: (not heavier than basis 400M): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight, and grade and not less than 1 ton of a sheet size or roll width.
Special size:
(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade and standard weight.
(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a roll width, grade and standard weight.
Special colour: Standard colour only.

Sulphite Tag Board

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weights: 200, 250, 300 and 350 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 24 x 37.
Standard size: 24 x 37.
Standard colour: Natural.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight (not heavier than 400M)- Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight and grade and not less than 1 ton of a sheet size or roll width.
Special size:
(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade and standard weight.
(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a roll width, grade and standard weight.
Special colour: Standard colour only.

Cellate Tag Board

I. Standard Specifications:

Standard basis weight: 200, 250, 300, 350 and 400 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 24 x 37.
Standard sheet size: 24 x 37.
Standard colour: Amber.

II. Special Making Order Specifications:

Special weight (not heavier than basis 400M): Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight and grade and not less than 1 ton of a sheet size or roll width.

Special size:
(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade and standard weight.
(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a roll width, grade and standard weight.
Special colour: Standard colour only.

ROPE TAG BOARD

I. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

Standard basis weights: 300, 350 and 400 lb. to 1000 sheets of size 24 x 37.
Standard size: 24 x 37.
Standard colour: Amber.

II. SPECIAL MAKING ORDER SPECIFICATIONS:
Special weight (not heavier than basis 400M) Minimum quantity of 5 tons of a weight and grade and not less than 1 ton of a sheet size or roll width.
Special size:
(i) Sheets: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a size, grade and standard weight.
(ii) Rolls: Minimum quantity of 1 ton of a roll width, grade and standard weight.
Special colour: Standard colour only.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-SS7

Maximum Prices of Eggs

Under powers given by the Board to the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:—

Purpose of Order and effective date.

1. This Order comes into force on September 27, 1943. It replaces Board Order No. 299 which has been revoked and fixes the highest selling prices of domestic hen's eggs in the shell (herein referred to as eggs) for primary producers, wholesalers and retailers. This Order corrects clerical errors which occurred in Order No. 299, widens the definition of a city so as to include surrounding territory, amends the provisions as to cartoning charges and as to packaging of premium quality eggs and alters some of the Areas. Otherwise the Order is the same as Order No. 299.

Standard grading of eggs.

2. (1) Grades of eggs referred to in this Order are the grades for Canadian Egg Standards as specified in Part I of the Regulations for grading, packing and marking of eggs made under the Live Stock and Live Stock Products Act (Canada) 1939.

Definitions.

(2) The words and expressions stated below are for the purposes of this Order given the following defined meanings:

City.

(*a*) CITY—the city itself and all territory within a distance of 20 miles measured from the city hall of that city and the whole of any city, town, or village which or any part of which is within the said distance, but in the case of the city of Montreal the distance is to be 25 miles measured from its city hall.

Sell.

(*b*) SELL—covers also an offer to sell.

Sale at wholesale.

(*c*) SELL AT WHOLESALE—refers to any sale which is not a sale at retail.

Incubator eggs not covered by Order.

(3) This Order does not affect or relate to eggs intended and sold for incubation.

Highest selling prices only are quoted.

3. (1) All wholesale and retail prices quoted in this Order and its Schedule are the highest (maximum) selling prices and must not be exceeded. Prices vary according to grade of eggs.

Packing and delivery.

(2) Wholesale prices include packaging and delivery to the buyer's place of business except in the following cases

(*a*) if delivery by railway, it is to be made at the railway station nearest the buyer's place of business;

(*b*) if delivery is by railway express at the buyer's request the wholesaler may add to his selling price the difference between railway freight and express charges, if he shows the difference as a separate item on his sales invoice.

Addition of cartoning charge to selling price.

(3) A person who packs eggs for sale in cartons in lots of one dozen or one half dozen eggs may add to his selling price a cartoning charge of not more than 2 cents per dozen or 1 cent per half dozen eggs. If a wholesaler or retailer buys eggs so cartoned, he may on reselling the same, cartoned as he received them, add to his selling price the cartoning charge, not more than the charge above stated, actually paid by him when he bought.

Prices of Grade B eggs.

(4) Prices of grade B eggs are for grade B large and grade B medium only. Prices of grade B pullet eggs must not be more than the prices for grade C eggs.

Premium quality eggs.

(5) Sections 4, 5 and 6 do not relate to premium quality eggs and their prices. They are dealt with and priced by Section 7.

Special charge on eggs shipped to remote areas.

(6) Where for the purpose of shipping eggs to a remote area of Canada special methods of processing or packing the same are essential to ensure their fitness for use in such remote area, the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products may, with the approval of the Chairman of the Board, fix a special charge which the seller may add to his selling price of the eggs, if the same be shown as a separate item on the seller's sales invoice.

Highest wholesale prices.

4. The highest price at which a person may sell at wholesale eggs of a grade specified in the Schedule is fixed as follows:—

Scheduled prices.

(*a*) Schedule prices—to a buyer whose place of business is in a city or area named in the Schedule—the price stated in the Schedule for that city or area according to the grade of the eggs sold;

Non-scheduled prices.

(*b*) Non-Schedule prices—to a buyer whose place of business is not in a city or area named in the Schedule—the price shall be the sum total of the following two items:

(i) the Schedule price (according to grade of the eggs sold) for the city or area named in the Schedule from which the eggs are shipped to the buyer at his place of business. If transhipped en route the city or area where transhipment takes place is to govern in pricing the eggs; and

(ii) the actual cost of transportation of the eggs from the city or area from which they were shipped or transhipped to the buyer's place of business.

Highest retail prices. Price fixed.

5. (1) The highest cost at which a person may buy eggs for resale at retail must not be more than the highest price at which his supplier is allowed to sell the same as fixed by Section 4 and for premium quality eggs by Section 7 PLUS the cost of transportation of the eggs from the railway station nearest to the retailer's place of business, if delivery to him was by railway and PLUS any amount which by Section 3 is authorized to be added to the selling price.

(2) The highest price at which a person who is not the primary producer may sell at retail eggs of a grade specified in the Schedule is fixed at the sum total of the following two items:—

(*a*) his actual delivered buying cost of the eggs, but in any case not more than his highest buying cost as fixed by subsection 1 of this Section.

(*b*) a markup, based on percentage of cost, not more than the markup, based also on percentage of cost, he customarily obtained during the basic period (September 15 to October 11, 1941) on sales by him at retail of eggs of the same grade, but the markup must not in any case be more than 6 cents per dozen eggs.

6. The highest price at which a person who is the primary producer may either on the public market or elsewhere sell at retail eggs of a grade specified in the Schedule is fixed at the sum total of the following two items:— Primary producers' highest price.

(*a*) the highest price at which eggs of the same grade may be sold at wholesale to a buyer in the same place as the consumer, as fixed by Section 4; and

(*b*) a markup not more than 6 cents per dozen.

7. (1) Premium quality eggs mean and are limited to grade A-1 eggs or eggs which if not actually graded A-1 are equal to grade A-1 eggs. Eggs not actually graded A-1 but which are equal to grade A-1 eggs may be sold as premium quality eggs only by a person who sold them during the basic period (September 15 to October 11, 1941) and they must be cartoned as follows: Standards for premium quality eggs. Packaging.

(*a*) in a sealed carton bearing the name of the packer and having plainly printed on the outside "Premium Large Eggs" or "Premium Medium Eggs" or "Premium Pullet Eggs", according to size; or

(*b*) in such container, sealed or otherwise, as may be approved by such officers of the Board as the Administrator of Meat and Meat Products may designate.

(2) The highest price at which a person, including a primary producer, may sell at wholesale premium quality eggs shall be the sum total of the following two items: Highest selling price of premium quality eggs at wholesale.

(*a*) the actual price at which he is at that particular time selling at wholesale the corresponding size of grade A eggs. If he is not at that time selling such eggs then the actual price at which his closest competitor nearest in point of distance is at that particular time selling at wholesale the corresponding size of grade A eggs. In either case the actual price must not be more than the highest price at wholesale at which the corresponding size of grade A eggs could be sold to the same buyer as fixed by Section 4; and

(*b*) an amount not more than the difference between his selling prices at wholesale during the basic period of the corresponding size of grade A-1 and grade A eggs or not more than 4 cents per dozen eggs, whichever of the two is the lesser. If during the basic period he did not sell both of those grades, the amount must not be more than 4 cents per dozen eggs.

(3) The highest price at which a person may sell at retail, or a primary producer on the public market or elsewhere may sell direct to the consumer, premium quality eggs shall be the sum total of the following two items: At retail and direct to consumer.

(*a*) the actual price at which he is at that particular time selling at retail or direct to the consumer the corresponding size of grade A eggs. If he is not at that time selling such eggs, then the actual price at which his closest competitor nearest in point of distance is at that particular time selling at retail or direct to the consumer the corresponding size of grade A eggs. In the case of a retailer the actual price must not be more than the highest price at retail at which the corresponding size of grade A eggs could be sold by him to the same buyer as fixed by Section 5. In the case of a primary producer the actual price must not be more than the highest price at which the corresponding size of grade A eggs could be sold by him to the same consumer as fixed by Section 6; and

(*b*) an amount not exceeding the difference between his selling price at retail or direct to the consumer during the basic period of the corresponding size of grade A-1 and grade A eggs or not more than 4 cents per dozen eggs, whichever of the two is the lesser. If during the basic period he did not sell both of those grades, the amount must not be more than 4 cents per dozen eggs.

Extra payments are part of buying or selling price.

8. Any commission, reward, premium or other payment or consideration of any kind in money or money's worth claimed, stipulated for, taken or made, directly or indirectly, by or to any person in connection with or arising out of a sale, purchase or transaction in eggs shall be and form part of the price at which the eggs are bought or sold.

Order applies to all sales of eggs by primary producers.

9. (1) This order applies to sales of eggs by primary producers thereof to any manufacturer, processor, wholesaler, retailer or other dealer, and the exemption thereof stated in Order No. 189 of the Board no longer applies.

Price on sales by primary producer to others than consumers.

(2) On a sale of eggs by a primary producer to any person other than a consumer he must not sell at a higher price than the highest price at which the same grade of eggs may be sold by any person at wholesale as fixed by this Order.

Sales invoice to accompany all sales.

10. (1) Every person including a primary producer who sells eggs at wholesale shall on each sale issue in duplicate a sales invoice showing the name and complete address of both the seller and the buyer, the date of sale and the grade and price of the eggs sold. If the eggs are sold in cartons the size of the cartons must be shown on the sales invoice.

Buyer to be given copy of sales invoice. Seller to retain copy of sales invoice.

(2) One copy of the sales invoice shall be given to the buyer at the time of sale or delivery and the seller shall keep the other copy available for inspection as hereunder stated. If he keeps the copy as above stated he need not keep any other record of the particulars of sale shown on the invoice. Otherwise he must keep the record.

Retailer to give sales slip to buyer if it is requested.

(3) Every person including a primary producer who sells eggs at retail or direct to the consumer if asked by the buyer must give him an invoice or sales slip showing the date of sale, the seller's name and address, the grade and price of the eggs sold and if sold in a carton, the size of the carton.

Records of purchases of eggs.

(4) Every wholesaler and retailer immediately he receives any eggs he has bought shall keep a written record showing separately for each place of business he operates, the date of purchase, name and complete address of his supplier, the grade, quality and price of eggs bought and the cartoning charge if any made by the supplier as permitted by Section 3.

Inspection of records and invoices.

(5) Every invoice and record which a seller of eggs is required by this Section to keep shall be kept available for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board at any time within twelve months after the date of the transaction to which it relates.

Offences.

11. No person shall contravene or in any way fail to observe and comply with the provisions of this Order.

NOTE.—It is an offence, punishable under The Wartime Prices and Trade Regulations for any person to contravene or fail to observe and comply with this Order.

Dated at Ottawa, this 17th day of September, 1943.

F. S. GRISDALE,
Administrator of Meat and Meat Products.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-887

Highest Wholesale Selling Prices of Eggs for Cities and Areas Named in this Schedule

Note—(1) An area named below does not include any of the cities which are named in this Schedule.
(2) All prices shown are in cents per dozen eggs according to grade.
(3) A city is defined by this Order to include the suburbs within 20 miles of the city hall. If part of a suburban city, town or village lies within that distance the whole of it is included in the definition.

Province	Cities (including suburban territory)	Areas (Excluding Cities Named)	Prices by Grades				
			Grade A Large	Grade A Medium	Grade A Pullet	Grade B	Grade C
			cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.
Prince Edward Island		The Whole Province	50¼	48¼	45¼	45¼	43¼
Nova Scotia		The Whole Province	51¼	49¼	46¼	46¼	44¼
New Brunswick		The Whole Province	51¼	49¼	46¼	46¼	44¼
Quebec	Montreal Sherbrooke St. Hyacinthe Three Rivers Quebec		50½	48½	45½	45½	43½
	Hull		50	48	45	45	43
		(A) South of St. Lawrence River and east of a line drawn parallel to and always distant 10 miles west of the Temiscouata Railway from Riviere du Loup to the boundary of New Brunswick	51¼	49¼	46¼	46¼	44¼
		(B) South of St. Lawrence River and West of Area A	50	48	45	45	43
		(C) Counties of Lac St. Jean and Chicoutimi except the southerly part of Chicoutimi included in Area D	51¼	49¼	46¼	46¼	44¼
		(D) The strip of territory 30 miles widé bounded on the south by the north shore of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Rivers and extending from the Saguenay River on the east to the west boundary of the County of Argenteuil on the West	50	48	45	45	43

SCHEDULE TO ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER No. A-887 (*Continued*)

PROVINCE	CITIES (including suburban territory)	AREAS (Excluding Cities Named)	PRICES BY GRADES				
			Grade A Large	Grade A Medium	Grade A Pullet	Grade B	Grade C
		(E) Counties of Vaudreuil and Soulanges....................	cts. 50	cts. 48	cts. 45	cts. 45	cts. 43
		(F) The strip of territory 30 miles wide bounded on the south by the north shore of the Ottawa River and extending from the west boundary of the County of Argenteuil on the east to the west boundary of the County of Pontiac on the west..	49½	47½	44½	44½	42½
		(G) That part of the county of Abitibi south of a line drawn parallel to and always at a distance of 10 miles north of the most northerly route of the Canadian National Railway and to the west of but including Senneterre and the whole of the county of Temiscamingue.................	52	50	47	47	45
ONTARIO......................	Toronto................. Ottawa.................. Hamilton............... Windsor................ St. Catharines.......... Kingston................ Niagara Falls........... Port Arthur............. Fort William............	....	50	48	45	45	43
		(A) The County of Haliburton and the Districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Manitoulin, Nipissing, Sudbury and Algoma	51	49	46	46	44
		(B) That part of the District of Cochrane south of a line drawn parallel to and always distant 10 miles north of the most northerly transcontinental route of the Canadian National Railway and the whole of the district of Timiskaming..	52	50	47	47	45
		(C) That part of the Districts of Thunder Bay, Rainy River and Kenora south of a line drawn parallel to and always at a distance of 10 miles north of the most northerly transcontinental route of the Canadian National Railway.	50½	48½	45½	45½	43½
		(D) All that part of Ontario lying to the south and east of Areas A, B, and C..................................	49½	47½	44½	44½	42½

MANITOBA	Winnipeg Portage la Prairie Brandon		48½	46½	43½	43½	41½
		(A) All that part of Manitoba lying south of the 53rd parallel of latitude	48	46	43	43	41
SASKATCHEWAN	Regina Saskatoon Moose Jaw		47½	45½	42½	42½	40½
		(A) All that part of Saskatchewan lying south of the 54th parallel of latitude	47	45	42	42	40
ALBERTA	Edmonton Calgary Lethbridge Medicine Hat		47½	45½	42½	42½	40½
		(A) The strip of territory lying within ten miles of the Canadian National Railway west of and including Edson and Lovett.	48½	46½	43½	43½	41½
		(B) The strip of territory lying within ten miles of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway west of and including Banff.					
		(C) The strip of territory lying within ten miles of the Crow's Nest line of the Canadian Pacific Railway west of and including Blairmore.					
		(D) The remaining part of the province of Alberta lying south of the 55th parallel of latitude	47	45	42	42	40
BRITISH COLUMBIA		(A) All that part of Vancouver Island south of a line from Port Alberni to Parksville and any part of the remainder of the Island which lies within ten miles of any railway line on the Island	50½	48½	45½	45½	43½
		(B) All those parts of the province of British Columbia as follows:—*FIRST*—that part lying south of a line drawn along the 50th parallel of latitude from the coast to a point twenty miles west of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway where it crosses the 50th parallel thence along a course paralleling the said railway main line and always twenty miles westerly and northerly thereof to the Eastern boundary of British Columbia at or near Lake Louise, and *SECOND*—that part composed of the territory lying within twenty miles, north or east and south or west, of the most northerly line of the Canadian National Railway from the Eastern boundary of British Columbia to but not including Prince Rupert	49½	47½	44½	44½	42½

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-891

Respecting Real Property known as James Bay Hotel and 356 Simcoe Street, both in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia

Whereas in the City of Victoria there is, due to existing wartime conditions, insufficient living accommodation available by ordinary means for the temporary shelter of all who are in need of such accommodation until such time as they can be placed in other living accommodation in the community and it is desirable and in the public interest that real property known as the James Bay Hotel and 356 Simcoe Street, both in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, be acquired under lease by His Majesty in Right of Canada, as represented by the Honourable the Minister of Finance, for this purpose.

Now therefore, under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Real Property Administrator it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. The owner of real property being firstly, all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia and being composed of lots numbers three (3), four (4), and five (5) of Section twelve (12) as shown in Beckley Farm Victoria City Plan number 887, (except the most easterly six feet (6′ 0″) of each of said lots taken for road purposes), and being known as James Bay Hotel, and secondly, all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being, in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, and being composed of lot number 1840 Victoria City and known as 356 Simcoe Street, Victoria, is hereby required to forthwith let and deliver vacant possession of the said real property to His Majesty in Right of Canada, as represented by the Honourable the Minister of Finance, during His Majesty's pleasure, at a rental not in excess of the maximum rental in effect therefor or in the absence of such maximum rental, at the maximum rental that shall be fixed under the authority of the Board.
2. This Order shall come into force on the 27th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa this 23rd day of September, 1943.

R. S. SMART,
Real Property Administrator.

APPROVED:
D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-894

Respecting Men's, Youths', Boys' and Ladies' Outer Wool Clothing

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fine Clothing, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

1. Sections 3, 4 and 5 of Administrator's Order No. A-207 are hereby revoked.

2. Sections 6, 7 and 8 of Administrator's Order No. A-207 are renumbered as Sections 3, 4 and 5, respectively.

3. Part I of Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended

(*a*) by deleting items (*a*) and (*b*) under the heading "Restrictions" in Section 3 of the said Part I;

(*b*) by deleting item (*b*) under the heading "Eliminations" in Section 3 of the said Part I.

4. Part II of Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended

(*a*) by deleting item (*b*) in Section 1 of the said Part II;

(*b*) by deleting the words "excepting that cuffs are allowed to be made" in Section 4 of the said Part II, and

(*c*) by deleting item (*a*) under the heading "Restrictions" in Section 4 of the said Part II.

5. Part III of Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended

(*a*) by deleting item (*b*) and (*c*) in Section 1 of the said Part III;

(*b*) by deleting Section 3 of the said Part III;

(*c*) by deleting item (*a*) under the heading "Restrictions" in that paragraph of Section 4 of said Part III bearing the caption "A—LONGS";

(*d*) by deleting the words "CUFFS ALLOWED (Maximum turn-up 1½ inches)" under the heading "Eliminations" in that paragraph of Section 4 of said Part III bearing the caption "A—LONGS".

(*e*) by deleting item (*a*) under the heading "Restrictions" in that paragraph of Section 4 of said Part III bearing the caption "C—SHORTS".

6. Part IV of Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended

(*a*) by deleting item (*b*) under the heading "Restrictions" and item (*a*) under the heading "Eliminations" in Section 1 of the said Part IV;

(*b*) by deleting Section 3 of the said Part IV;

(*c*) by deleting item (*a*) under the heading "Restrictions" in that paragraph of Section 4 of the said Part IV bearing the caption "A—LONGS";

(*d*) by deleting the words "CUFFS ARE ALLOWED (Maximum turn-up 1½ inches)" under the heading "Restrictions" in that paragraph of Section 4 of said Part IV bearing the caption "A—LONGS".

7. Part V of Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended

(*a*) by deleting item (*b*) under the heading "Restrictions" and item (*a*) under the heading "Eliminations" in Section 1 of the said Part V;

(*b*) by deleting Section 3 of the said Part V;

(*c*) by deleting items (*a*) and (*e*) under the heading "Restrictions" in that paragraph of Section 4 of said Part V bearing the caption "A—LONGS".

8. Part VII of Schedule "A" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended by deleting from Section 2 of the said Part VII the following:

"Trousers must have inside leg finished with plain bottoms, to the specific leg length of the individual."

9. Part I of Schedule "B" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended

(*a*) by deleting items (*a*) and (*f*) under the heading "Restrictions" in Section 1 of the said Part;

(*b*) by deleting item (*a*) under the heading "Eliminations" in Section 1 of the said Part;

(*c*) by deleting items (*a*) and (*b*) under the heading "Restrictions" in Section 6 of the said Part I;

(*d*) by deleting item (*c*) under the heading "Restrictions" in Section 8 of the said Part I.

10. Part II of Schedule "B" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended

(*a*) by deleting item (a) under the heading "Restrictions" in Section 1 of the said Part II;

(*b*) by deleting item (*a*) under the heading "Restrictions" in Section 2 of the said Part II;

(*c*) by deleting item (*a*) under the heading "Eliminations" in Section 2 of the said Part II.

11. Part III of Schedule "B" to Administrator's Order No. A-207 is hereby amended by deleting from Section 1 of the said Part the following:

"Trousers must have inside leg finished with plain bottoms, to the specific leg length of the individual."

12. This Order shall be effective on and after the 27th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 25th day of September, 1943.

H. R. COHEN,
Administrator of Fine Clothing.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-896

Respecting the Sale by Manufacturers, Wholesalers, Jobbers of Parts or Pieces of Cloth for Suit Lengths

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Co-ordinator of Textile and Clothing, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

1. Administrator's Order No. A-316 is hereby revoked.

2. This Order shall be effective on and after the 27th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 25th day of September, 1943.

F. B. WALLS,
Co-ordinator of Textile and Clothing.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

ADMINISTRATOR'S ORDER NO. A-897

Unwashed Wiping Rags

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Used Goods,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD AS FOLLOWS:

Purpose and effective date.

1. This Order comes into force on September 29, 1943 and fixes the prices at which unwashed wiping rags may be sold and governs sales by dealers and regraders.

2. For the purposes of this Order the words and descriptive terms stated below are given defined meanings as follows:

Wiping rag.

(*a*) *Wiping Rag*—refers to an unwashed textile rag having a width of not less than 18 inches and a length of not less than 18 inches and graded No. 1 or No. 2 or ungraded as follows:

No. 1.—Composed of white or light coloured and light weight cotton material such as sheeting, muslin, nainsook, calico, gingham, percale, shirting or light and heavy underwear, and free of oily and greasy material.

No. 2.—Composed of cotton material of heavier weight than No. 1 (above) such as kimonas, bath robes or work shirts, of light weight cotton sweaters, or of dark coloured light weight cotton, but not heavy or lustrous cotton, and free of oily and greasy material. *Ungraded*—Any kind or grade of wiping rag other than a No. 1 or a No. 2 wiping rag.

Dealer.

(*b*) *Dealer*—a person engaged in the business of collecting, buying and selling wiping rags, including any salvage organization engaged in that business whether or not for the purpose of gain or profit.

Appointment of regraders.

3. The Administrator of Used Goods may authorize in writing any person to be a regrader for the purposes of this Order with the right to buy wiping rags, graded and ungraded, from dealers and to sell the same. Application for authority to become a regrader must be made in writing to the said Administrator who may approve or reject any application.

Highest price fixed.

4. The highest price at which a dealer or regrader may sell or offer to sell wiping rags, f.o.b. his premises is fixed as follows:

(*a*) No. 1 wiping rags—9 cents per pound, gross weight.

(*b*) No. 2 wiping rags—5 cents per pound, gross weight.

Tare allowance.

5. The gross weight of wiping rags may include tare of not more than 5 per cent of such gross weight.

Price of ungraded wiping rags to be fixed.

6. The highest price at which a dealer or regrader may sell or offer to sell ungraded wiping rags shall be the price for the same fixed by the Administrator upon application to him in writing by the dealer or regrader who has the same for sale, and he must not sell the same unless and until his highest selling price is so fixed.

Service charge for regrading.

7. On a sale by a regrader of wiping rags he may add to his lawful selling price of the same a service charge of not more than one-half cent (½ cent) per pound.

Issue of sales invoice, etc.

8. On every sale of wiping rags by a dealer or regrader he must at the time of sale issue in duplicate a sales invoice, sales slip or receipt showing correctly his name and complete address, the name and complete address of the buyer, the kind, grade and quantity (by weight) of wiping rags sold and the price charged for the same.

Disposition of copies.

9. One copy of the sales invoice, sales slip or receipt shall be furnished to the buyer at or before the time of delivery of the wiping rags sold and the other copy shall be kept by the seller at his place of business for at least 12 months after the date of delivery and be available at any time within that period for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board.

Special exemptions, etc.

10. The provisions of this Order shall be subject to such exemptions as the said Administrator, upon application to him, may grant in writing in individual cases of undue hardship, or other special circumstances.

Dated at Ottawa, this 24th day of September, 1943.

S. GODFREY,
Administrator of Used Goods.

APPROVED:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-898

Respecting maximum prices of Pilchards and of Frozen Salmon, Soles, Brills and Witches caught in Pacific Coast Waters

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Fish and Fish Products,

It is Hereby Ordered on Behalf of the Board as follows:

1. The title to Administrator's Order No. A-381 is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the words "packed from 1942 catch".

2. Sections 2, 3 and 4 of said Administrator's Order No. A-381 are each hereby amended by deleting the words "from the 1942 catch" where they appear in the said Sections.

3. Subsections (1) and (2) of Section 2 of Administrator's Order No. A-382 as amended by Administrator's Order No. A-516 are each hereby further amended by deleting the words "caught during the fishing season of 1942" where they appear in the said subsections.

4. This Order shall be effective on and after the 27th day of September, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 24th day of September, 1943.

A. N. McLEAN,
Administrator of Fish and Fish Products.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Administrator's Order No. A-900

Respecting Natural Varnish Resins

Under powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Administrator of Oils and Fats, it is hereby ordered on behalf of the Board as follows:

Administrator's Order No. A-332 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:

1. Every person who, as a manufacturer, importer or otherwise, had on hand or in his possession or under his control on April 20, 1942, any of the natural varnish resins listed in the Schedule to this Order, shall store, keep and maintain on hand a quantity of such resins equal to 50 per cent of the quantity thereof which he had on hand or in his possession or control on the said date.

2. The natural varnish resins retained under Section 1 may, with the written permission of the Administrator of Oils and Fats, be sold or otherwise dealt with or processed for material manufactured for, sold to, bought or acquired for use by any department of the Government of Canada or an agency of any such department for the purpose of producing war materials.

3. This Order shall be effective on and after the 1st day of October, 1943.

Dated at Ottawa, this 28th day of September, 1943.

PHYLLIS J. TURNER,
Administrator of Oils and Fats.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

SCHEDULE

to Administrator's Order No. A-900

Batavia Damar
Batu Damar
Black East India Damar
Boea Copal
East India Macassar Damar
East India Singapore Damar
Manila Loba Copal
Manila (Macassar)
Manila (Philippine) Spirit Soluble
Pontianak
Singapore Damar
Singapore Manila

Fuelwood Order

WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

Fuelwood Order No. 76

Respecting Maximum Prices for Fuelwood in the Eastern Part of Ontario and a Portion of the Province of Quebec adjacent thereto

Under the powers given by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board to the Wood Fuel Administrator,

It is Hereby Ordered on Behalf of the Board as follows:

1. This Order comes into force on the 27th day of September, 1943.

2. Schedule "D" of Fuelwood Order No. 59 as substituted by Fuelwood Order No. 69 is amended by adding thereto the following:—

"	Col. 1	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4	Col. 5	Col. 6	Col. 7
	4′ Length	24″ Length			12″ or 16″ Length		
Kinds	1 Cord	1 Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord	1 Cord	½ Cord	¼ Cord
Hardwood Slabs	$11.00	$12.00	$ 6.25	$ 3.25	$14.00	$ 7.25	$ 3.75
Softwood Slabs	8.00	9.00	4.75	2.50	10.00	5.25	2.75 "

3. Section 8 of said Fuelwood Order No. 59 is amended by renumbering said Section as subsection (1) thereof and by adding thereto the following subsection:—

> "(2) Subsection (1) of this Section shall not apply to the sale of hardwood slabs and softwood slabs in the Ottawa area or the City of Hull in the Province of Quebec."

Dated at Ottawa, this 23rd day of September, 1943.

J. S. WHALLEY,
Wood Fuel Administrator.

Approved:

D. GORDON,
Chairman, Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

PART IV

Wartime Industries Control Board
(Munitions and Supply)

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF CHEMICALS

Ciba Building, 1235 McGill College Avenue,
Montreal

Order No. C.C. 2-B-1

(Order No. C.C. 2-B (Glycerine) Amended)

Dated August 31, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 4996 of July 10, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Minister of Munitions and Supply and the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Section 4 (a) of Order No. C.C. 2-B Amended*

Section 4 (*a*) of the Order of the Controller of Chemicals No. C.C. 2-B, dated January 16, 1942, is amended to read as follows:—

> "4 (*a*) Unless with a permit in writing from the Controller, no person shall in any year commencing September 1, 1943, consume or deal in more refined glycerine than seventy per cent (70%) of the amount of refined glycerine respectively consumed or dealt in by such person during the year 1940 except that
>
> (i) this restriction shall not apply to consumption of or dealing in refined glycerine for the making of explosives; and
>
> (ii) this restriction shall not apply to consumption of or dealing in refined glycerine by any person to the extent of 1 gallon per month; provided that no person shall sell or supply refined glycerine pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph (ii) unless he receives from the buyer a signed statement in writing that the buyer has not acquired refined glycerine from any other source during the same month; and provided further that no person shall use or consume any refined glycerine acquired pursuant to this paragraph for any purpose prohibited by this Order No. C.C. 2-B. Every person supplying refined glycerine pursuant to this paragraph shall report in writing to the Controller the total quantity of glycerine so supplied during the preceding month."

E. T. STERNE,
Controller of Chemicals.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,

Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

C. D. HOWE,
Minister of Munitions and Supply.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

COAL CONTROLLER

Order No. Coal 5 A

(Order No. Coal 5 Amended)

Dated September 16, 1943.

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 1752 of March 5, 1943, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *Paragraph (d) of Section 2 Amended*

Paragraph (d) of Section 2 of the Coal Controller's Order No. Coal 5 dated July 5, 1943 is amended to read as follows:

"(*d*) "Class A fuel" means anthracite (hard) coal (larger than buckwheat), low volatile bituminous coal (excluding mine run and any sizes of low volatile bituminous coal smaller than nut), briquettes and coke (excluding any coke which will pass through a ¾" round hole or square mesh screen."

2. *Paragraph (e) added to Section 2*

The following paragraph is added to Section 2 of the said Order

"(*e*)"Class B fuel" means any coal or coke which is not Class A fuel."

3. *Section 6 Amended*

(1) The proviso to subsection (2) of Section 6 of the said Order is amended to read as follows:

"Provided that if a buyer agrees in writing on the prescribed form to take delivery within thirty days of 25 per cent of his coal fuel requirements for the premises for the year ending June 1, 1944 in Class B fuel, and also represents in writing on the prescribed form for the information of the Controller that he has the bin capacity on the premises for such coal, Class A fuel may be delivered for the remainder of such requirements."

(2) The following subsection is added to Section 6 of the said Order:

"(3) No person who has agreed to take 25 per cent of his coal fuel requirements for the premises for the year ending June 1, 1944 in high volatile bituminous coal, and no person who agrees to take delivery within thirty days of 25 per cent of his coal fuel requirements for the premises for the year ending June 1, 1944 in Class B fuel, shall refuse to take delivery of such coal."

4. *Section 8 Amended*

Paragraph (*a*) of Section 8 of the said Order is repealed and paragraphs (*b*), (*c*) and (*d*) of the said Section are respectively relettered (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*).

5. *Section 10 Added*

The following Section is added to the said Order

"*10 Priority to be given to Consumers with Less than 25 per cent of Coal on Hand*

In filling orders for coal or coke heretofore or hereafter placed with him by consumers whose annual consumption is less than 50 tons, every coal dealer shall, consistent with available supplies and the full use of available labour and trucking facilities, give priority, up to the extent of one quarter of the annual consumption of coal fuel in the premises, to the orders of such consumers for premises for which the quantity of coal fuel on hand is less than the said one quarter."

E. J. BRUNNING,
Coal Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

RUBBER CONTROLLER

ORDER No. RUBBER 4-B

(Order No. Rubber 4 Amended)

Dated September 17, 1943

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Order in Council P.C. 9995, dated November 3, 1942, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

1. *Section 1 Amended*

(1) Paragraph (*b*) of Section 1 of the Rubber Controller's Order No. Rubber 4, dated June 30, 1943, is amended to read as follows:

"(*b*) 'camelback' shall mean the uncured rubber compound applied to the worn tire to make the new tread in the process of retreading, and shall consist of two classes, namely:
- (i) camelback designated by the manufacturer thereof as 'truck type camelback', and
- (ii) camelback designated by the manufacturer thereof as 'passenger type camelback'."

(2) Paragraph (*p*) of Section 1 of the said Order is amended to read as follows:

"(*p*) 'retreading services' shall mean the retreading for another person of a tire supplied by such other person for retreading, but, except when used in subsections (1), (2) and (3) and in paragraph (*b*) of Section 17 of this Order, and in Schedule "A" to this Order, shall not include the retreading of a tire by the use of passenger type camelback."

2. *Section 3 Amended*

(1) Subsection (5) of Section 3 of the said Order is rescinded;

(2) Subsection (6) of Section 3 of the said Order is amended

(*a*) by inserting in the said subsection the words "or retreaded tire" immediately after the words "or used tube" wherever they occur in the said subsection; and

(*b*) by inserting in the said subsection the words "or retreaded tires" immediately after the words "or used tubes";

(3) The note immediately following paragraph (*b*) of subsection (7) of Section 3 of the said Order is amended to read as follows:

"(Note.—For example a purchase of a retreaded tire for a vehicle in Class B cannot be made if the purchaser will have more than sufficient serviceable tires to equip his Class B and Class A vehicles. The tires from Class C vehicles or vehicles not in an eligible class must first be used leaving any Class C vehicle to obtain used tires or retreaded tires. So also the purchase of a new tire or tube for a vehicle in Class A cannot be made while it already has tires suitable for that vehicle but in use in a lower Class or outside the eligible Classes.)"

(4) Subsection (10) of Section 3 of the said Order is amended:

(*a*) by deleting from the said subsection the words "retreaded tire" and by substituting therefor the words "any retreaded tire retreaded with truck type camelback"; and

(*b*) by inserting in the said subsection the words "truck type" immediately before the word "camelback".

(5) Subsection (13) of Section 3 of the said Order is amended:

(*a*) by deleting from the said subsection the words "retreaded tire" and by substituting therefor the words "any retreaded tire retreaded with truck type camelback" and

(*b*) by inserting in the said subsection the words "truck type" immediately before the word "camelback" wherever the word "camelback" appears in the said subsection.

3. *Section 4 Amended*

(1) Subsection (2) of Section 4 of the said Order is amended by inserting the words "retreaded with truck type camelback" immediately after the words "retreaded tires" wherever they occur in the said subsection.

(2) Subsection (3) of Section 4 of the said Order is amended by inserting the words "retreaded tires retreaded with passenger type camelback or" immediately before the words "used tires" wherever they occur in the said subsection.

4. *Section 7 Amended*

Section 7 of the said Order and the heading to the said section are amended by deleting the words "retreading services" and by substituting therefor the words "retreaded tires".

5. *Section 14 Amended*

Subsection (1) of Section 14 of the said Order is amended by deleting from the said subsection the words "any camelback designated by the manufacturer thereof as suitable for retreading a tire intended for use on a truck" and by substituting therefor the words "any truck type camelback".

6. *New Section 16-A Added*

The said Order is amended by inserting immediately after Section 16 of the said Order a new Section to be known as Section 16-A and to read as follows:

> "*16-A Possession of Tires with Defaced Serial Number*
>
> No person shall have in his possession a usable tire from which the serial number imprinted by the manufacturer has been removed, defaced or obliterated except by ordinary wear and tear or necessary repair."

J. A. MARTIN,
Deputy Rubber Controller.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES

Order No. C.S. 2A

(Rescinding Order No. C.S. 2 dated Sept. 2, 1941)

Dated April 1, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6391 of August 19, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *Order No. C.S. 2 Rescinded*

Order No. C.S. 2, of the Controller of Supplies, dated September 2, 1941, is hereby rescinded.

G. P. KAYE,
Deputy-Controller of Supplies.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES

ORDER No. C.S. 20A

(Rescinding Order No. C.S. 20, dated October 21, 1941)

Dated April 1, 1943

Pursuant to the powers conferred by Order in Council P.C. 6391 of August 19, 1941, as amended, and any other enabling Order in Council or Statute, and with the approval of the Chairman of the Wartime Industries Control Board and the concurrence of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. *Order No. C.S. 20 Rescinded*

Order No. C.S. 20, of the Controller of Supplies, dated October 21, 1941, is hereby rescinded.

G. P. KAYE,
Deputy-Controller of Supplies.

APPROVED:

HENRY BORDEN,
Chairman, Wartime Industries Control Board.

CONCURRED IN BY THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD:

D. GORDON, *Chairman.*

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